

Charity registration number SC013925 (Scotland)

**DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL
CHURCH**

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

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DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

TRUSTEES' REPORT

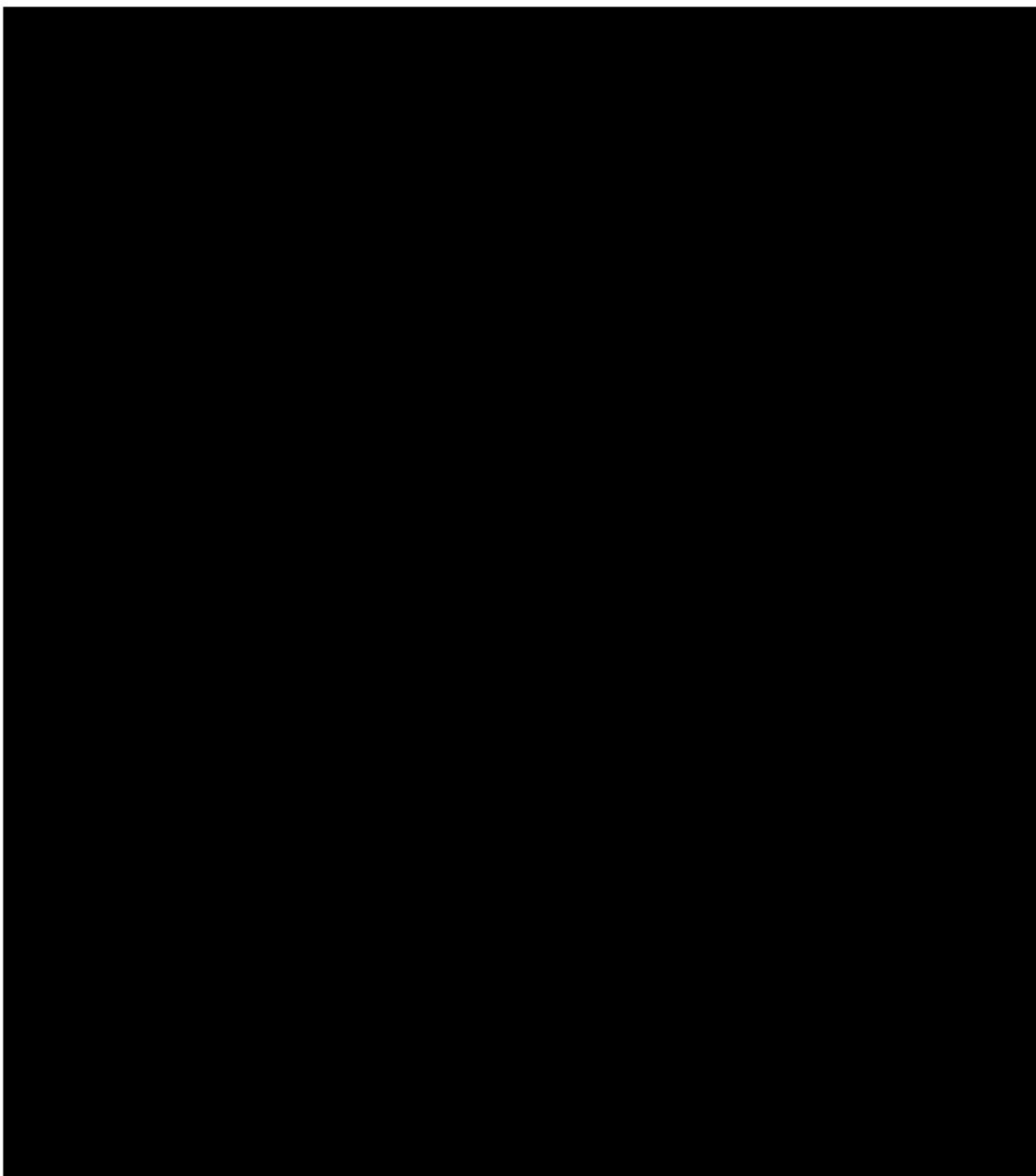
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

The trustees present their report and accounts for the year ended 30 November 2024.

Reference and administrative details

Registered charity name	Diocese of Glasgow and Galloway Scottish Episcopal Church
Charity registration number	SC013925
Principal office	Diocesan Office 49 Cochrane Street Glasgow G1 1HL

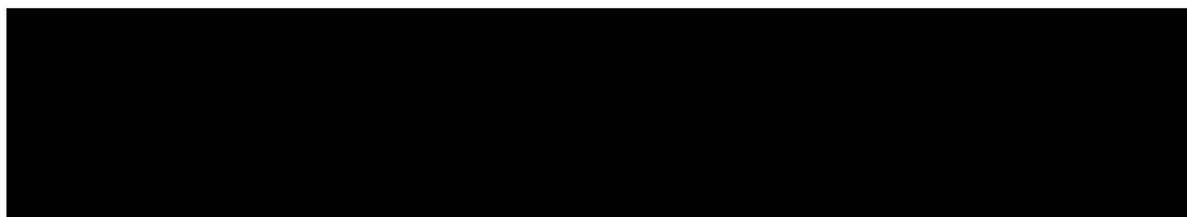
Diocesan Council



DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024



Bankers

The Royal Bank of Scotland
10 Gordon Street
Glasgow
G1 3PL

Diocesan Centre Staff

Ms Janet Chalmers
Mrs Christine Hughes
Petko Marinov
Mrs Kim Schmulian
Ms Iolanthe Stack

Auditor

SRG (Audit) LLP
Chartered accountant & statutory auditor
4th Floor
Turnberry House
175 West George Street
Glasgow
G2 2LB

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the accounts and comply with the Diocesan Constitution, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

We have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Regulator's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing our aims and objectives and in planning our future activities.

The Diocese is responsible for the costs of the Bishopric and payment of Quota to the Province. The Diocese also provides support to some charges for the costs of local ministry, property grants and support for mission activity which includes education, training, outreach, and the promotion of ecumenical relations. While many volunteers are engaged in these activities, the main thrust for mission and ministry is through local congregations.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

Achievements and performance

During the year, the charity trustees:

- * implemented the outcome of a staff review and advertised, interviewed and recruited a Diocesan Administration to support the work of the Diocesan Centre & charges in April 2024
- * continued to have oversight of the Diocese's requirements under the Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2016 (Register of Persons Having a Controlled Interest in Land) Regulations 2021
- * approved loans and grants to various charges to enable them to meet their obligations and objectives
- * received regular reports from the Bishop and Dean on the filling of clerical duties
- * received regular reports from the Diocesan Treasurer on financial developments and on any variances from budget
- * maintained, considered and updated the Diocesan Risk Register
- * monitored GDPR policy, as per legislative requirements, across the Diocese
- * authorised and commenced a training programme in the Diocesan Centre to assist charges in meeting their governance obligations
- * commenced a staff training and development programme
- * continued to review digital engagement within the Diocese
- * received regular reports on the state, maintenance and proposals for church property including disabled access to, and facilities within, Church property.
- * approved, on the recommendation of the Diocesan Property Committee, the sale of residential properties within the Diocese
- * ensured that vacancies for Diocesan representatives on other bodies were filed as required
- * fulfilled duties at civic events as requested by Glasgow City Council
- * supported the Bishop's Lenten Appeal in aid of the Holy Land and raised £11,790
- * supported the Preparatory Committee to commence the search for, and election of, a new Bishop for the Diocese
- * arranged the annual Diocesan Synod, and for representation on, and reports to and from, the General Synod
- * formed a Diocesan Environmental Group to promote and consider the objectives of Provincial Net Zero strategy.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

Financial review

The financial review of the Diocese is detailed within the Statement of Financial Activities on page 11 and Balance Sheet on page 12.

Total funds as 30 November 2024 amounted to £8.973m (2023 £8.164m), an increase over the period under review of £809k (2023 £291k).

Total income saw a decrease on the previous year primarily as a result of funds received in the prior year following the closure of St Bartholomew's, Gourrock and the Drumchapel Mission, as well as the sale of the former rectory of St Oswald's, King's Park, these funds were designated by the Diocese for the benefit of Kings Park (note 23). In the current year funds were received from the disposal of Annan property. Cash invested with Epworth generated £16,808 of interest.

Expenditure on charitable activities decreased on the previous year from £931,304 (2023) to £873,529 (2024) a decrease of 6.2%, due in the main to additional costs re Support for ministry in the prior year.

A deficit in Unrestricted funds in the year of £139,059 (2023 surplus £88,083).

Restricted Funds at the year end were £1.5m (2023 £1.488m) and Endowment Funds £1.03m (2023 £889k).

Principal funding sources

The main source of revenue to the general fund is derived from quota paid by all Charges across the Diocese and the Diocesan Council is grateful to Congregational Vestries, all of whom strive to meet their quota assessments in full even when, in some cases, their own financial position may be fragile.

Income from investments is a further source of revenue to the general fund.

The Diocese is grateful for, the grant received from Benefact Trust.

The Diocese received two legacies during the last financial year. A letter of grateful thanks was sent to the estate of the deceased's by the Bishop.

Investment policy and performance

The Diocesan investment portfolio is held within over to SEC Unit Trust Pool (UTP). The investment objective of the UTP is to earn a return on the assets, over the long term, sufficient at least to maintain the real value of the distribution to unit holders.

Income from holding the SEC UTP was £108,892 (2023 £94,295) an increase of 15.5% in the year.

Ethical investment

As per the ethical statement of practice issued by the General Synod of the Scottish Episcopal Church the SEC UTP does not invest in securities deemed to be within the defence and armament, gambling, tobacco, and pornography sectors of the stock market.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

Reserves policy

The largest part of Diocesan funds is committed to specific purposes and the Diocesan Council is of the view that the financial position is sound and that the reserves held are adequate. In forming this view the Diocesan Council has had regard to the future anticipated expenditure requirements of the Diocese while being mindful of some of the unanticipated expenditure requirements that have arisen in the past and that accordingly may arise in the future.

The Diocesan Council considers it necessary to maintain sums in the General Fund sufficient to cover day to day expenditure, and seeks to maintain a minimum of 6 months' average annual expenditure in unrestricted reserves.

At the 30 Nov 2024 the minimum requirement of 6 months general fund expenditure amounted to £436,760 (2023 £465,650).

Risk management

The Diocesan Council reviews, on an ongoing basis at its quarterly meetings, the Risk Register and considers the major risks facing the Diocese and the systems and procedures in place to mitigate those risks.

The principal risks are:

- * Dependency on Income from Charges, rising costs placing additional burden upon charges, this is managed through monitoring of receipts, review of the Charges' annual accounts; and regular pastoral contact with Charges.
- * Reliance on Investment Performance, all funds are held with the SEC UTP, a balanced product, focused on maintaining distributions. The performance and Risk profile are kept under review.
- * Managing and continual review of expenditure.

Property

The care of Diocesan, church and ancillary buildings is supervised by a Property Committee convened by the Dean, or in his/her absence, the Synod Clerk and advised by the Diocesan Architect and Diocesan Surveyor.

Plans for future years

The Diocese will continue to support the ministry of its clergy and congregations.

The Diocese will become increasingly engaged in the climate change initiatives encouraged by the Scottish Episcopal Church, which aim to achieve a position of Net Zero Carbon emissions by 2030. This will be a considerable challenge given the age and history of many of the church buildings in the Diocese.

Under the leadership of the New Bishop the Council will hold an away day to prioritise acting on all the challenges the Diocese currently faces, including a full financial review.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

Structure, governance and management

The Diocese of Glasgow and Galloway of the Scottish Episcopal Church was founded in 1837.

The Diocese is an unincorporated association, subject to the Code of Canons of the Scottish Episcopal Church and to a revised Constitution adopted in 2021. The Diocese is governed by a Synod meeting annually, who appoint Diocesan Officials, and a Diocesan Council to execute its decisions and manage the Diocese according to the Code of Canons. For the purposes of charities law, the ex officio and voting members of the Diocesan Council together are the Charity Trustees of the Church. The charitable objective of the Diocese is "the advancement of religion", and to this end it offers resources, funding, support, and expertise to charges to enable them to carry out their mission effectively, and monitors attendance, mission activity, and vulnerable protection compliance.

The Code of Canons require the Diocesan Synod to supervise all church properties, capital funds, payment of charges stipends, salaries and insurance premiums, and maintenance of and adherence to church constitutions. The Synod consists of (a) all clergy meeting certain criteria, and (b) a lay member elected by each charge in the Diocese.

The Diocesan Council is made up of the following ex-officio members - The Bishop, who is elected by an Electoral Synod, broadly congruent with the Diocesan Synod, the Dean, and the Provost, both appointed by the Bishop, and the Synod Clerk, who is elected by the House of Clergy. Of the ten elected members, four will be from the House of Clergy and six from the House of Laity. The Diocesan Secretary and Diocesan Treasurer are appointed annually by the Synod while the Chancellor and the Canon Missioner are appointed by the Bishop

The members of Diocesan Council receive sufficient information provided through Vestry Resources on the Provincial website to enable them to perform their duties effectively, and can call upon specialised legal, financial, and canonical advice when they require it. Certain responsibilities are delegated to the Officials, who give an account of their decisions to the Diocesan Council.

As a constituent of the Scottish Episcopal Church, the Diocese has an obligation to contribute to the costs of the Province through payment of an annual 'quota'. This amount is approved by the General Synod. In turn, the Diocese obtains income by levying a quota on each charge, as approved by the Diocesan Synod, and by careful stewardship of its own funds.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in Scotland requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Diocese of Glasgow and Galloway Scottish Episcopal Church (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 November 2024 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 November 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE TRUSTEES OF DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- proper accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed on page 10.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE TRUSTEES OF DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework within which the Charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we have considered in this context were the Charities and Trustees Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 together with the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended). We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedure on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the Charity. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the Charity for fraud. The laws and regulations we considered in this context included General Data Protection Regulation and employment legislation.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the recognition of income, provisions and override of controls by management. Our audit procedures in response to these risks included gaining a detailed understanding of the Charity operations, including enquiries of management, identifying and assessing the risk of irregularities, testing the posting of journals, reviewing accounting estimates for bias and fixed assets for impairment. Consideration was given to transactions with related parties, as well as reviewing Charity correspondence including reading minutes of all Charity group meetings. We also undertook Analytical Review of the figures against budget in order to assess movements which may be caused by irregularities or fraud.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. We are not responsible for preventing non compliance and cannot be expected to detect non compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustees Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended). Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

SRG (Audit) LLP

SRG (Audit) LLP

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

10 February 2025

4th Floor
Turnberry House
175 West George Street
Glasgow
G2 2LB

SRG (Audit) LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

		Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Restricted funds 2024 £	Endowment funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
	Notes					
Income and endowments from:						
Donations and legacies	3	85,030	-	-	85,030	609,802
Charitable activities	4	404,073	-	-	404,073	385,039
Investments	5	154,114	26,328	26,382	206,824	197,099
Other income	6	128,561	-	-	128,561	201
Total income and endowments		771,778	26,328	26,382	824,488	1,192,141
Expenditure on:						
Expenditure on charitable activities	7	873,530	-	-	873,530	931,304
Other	14	37,308	70,241	1,733	109,282	211,185
Total resources expended		910,838	70,241	1,733	982,812	1,142,489
 Net gains/(losses) on investments	 15	 675,877	 151,458	 140,064	 967,399	 241,264
 Net incoming resources before transfers		 536,817	 107,545	 164,713	 809,075	 290,916
Gross transfers between funds		117,745	(95,549)	(22,196)	-	-
Net movement in funds		654,562	11,996	142,517	809,075	290,916
Fund balances at 1 December 2023		5,787,396	1,487,773	889,221	8,164,390	7,873,474
Fund balances at 30 November 2024		6,441,958	1,499,769	1,031,738	8,973,465	8,164,390

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

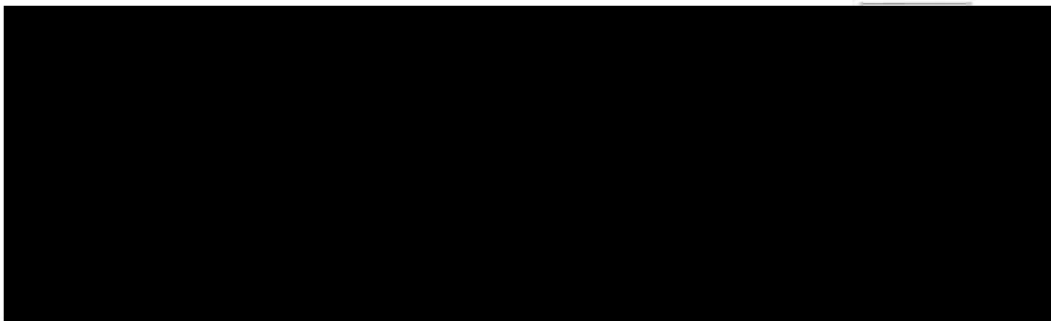
All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2024

	Notes	2024 £	£	2023 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	16	1,373,774		1,694,225	
Investment properties	18	975,000		630,000	
Investments	19	5,969,318		5,137,749	
			8,318,092		7,461,974
Current assets					
Debtors	17	165,751		88,725	
Cash at bank and in hand		544,136		705,729	
			709,887		794,454
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	21	(54,514)		(46,918)	
Net current assets			655,373		747,536
Total assets less current liabilities			8,973,465		8,209,510
Provisions for liabilities			-		(45,120)
Net assets			8,973,465		8,164,390
Capital funds					
Endowment funds - general	24	1,031,738		889,221	
Income funds					
Restricted funds	22	1,499,769		1,487,773	
<u>Unrestricted funds</u>					
Designated funds	23	327,113		313,323	
General unrestricted funds		6,114,845		5,474,073	
			6,441,958		5,787,396
			8,973,465		8,164,390



DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

	Notes	2024 £	£	2023 £	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash absorbed by operations	28		(605,339)		(37,846)
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(3,079)		(1,575)	
Proceeds from disposal of tangible fixed assets		240,000		-	
Purchase of investments		-		(251,897)	
Investment income received		206,824		197,099	
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities			443,745		(56,373)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents			(161,594)		(94,219)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			705,729		799,945
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			544,136		705,729

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the charity's Trust Deed, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Trustees have assessed the ability of the Diocese to continue as a going concern and have reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and for at least 12 months from the date of approving the accounts.

The Diocesan Council are not aware of any material uncertainties which would impact on the assessment of going concern. They thus continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing these accounts.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives. The Trustees may choose to set aside part of the unrestricted funds as a designated fund for a particular future project or commitment.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors or grantors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Incoming resources

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid is recognised at the time of the donation.

Assets for distribution are recognised only when distributed. Assets given for use by the charity are recognised when receivable. Stocks of undistributed donated goods are not valued for balance sheet purposes.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Office Equipment	20% Straight line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Heritable assets

Heritable Property is valued at cost to the Diocese. The properties are not depreciated in the accounts as residual value is deemed sufficiently high that any depreciation would be immaterial.

1.9 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially measured at transaction price excluding transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting date. Changes in fair value are recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

1.10 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.12 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

In terms of Concessionary Loans these are initially measured at the amount paid and recognised in the balance sheet. The loan is subsequently reviewed for impairment.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.13 Taxation

The Diocese of Glasgow and Galloway Scottish Episcopal Church is a charity within the meaning of Section 467 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010. Accordingly the charity is exempt from taxation on the income and gains falling within Part II of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 insofar as such income and gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

1.14 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the charity has a legal or constructive present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the charity will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting end date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value. When a provision is measured at present value, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in net income/(expenditure) in the period in which it arises.

1.15 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.16 Retirement benefits

All employees are eligible to join the Scottish Episcopal Church Pension Fund which is a non contributory defined benefit scheme with benefits based on final pensionable salary. The majority of employees are members of the Fund and others employed by the Scottish Episcopal Church are also members. The Diocese is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the Fund on a consistent and reasonable basis therefore accounts for its contributions as if the scheme was a defined contribution scheme.

The last actuarial valuation of the fund was at 31 December 2023 and the estimated surplus at that stage was of the order of £4,600,000. The Pension Trustees agreed with the Province that with effect from 1 January 2025 the rate of contribution paid by the Church will be 22%, previously 32.2%, per annum of Pensionable Salary/Standard Stipend. Contributions paid by the Diocese in the year ended 30 November 2024 amounted to £55,354 (2023 - £45,728) and there were no contributions outstanding as at 30 November 2024 (2023 - £nil).

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	2024	2023
	£	£
Benefact Trust	13,730	14,895
Legacies receivable	70,074	-
Assets introduced	-	594,285
Other donations	1,226	622
	<u>85,030</u>	<u>609,802</u>

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

4

Charitable activities

Total Funds

	General fund	Restricted funds	2024	2023
	£	£	£	£
Quota receipts due from Charges	293,357	-	293,357	242,535
General Synod grant funding and other grants				
Provincial Stipend Support	55,716	-	55,716	51,704
Transitional Stipend Assistance Grant	24,000	-	24,000	63,600
	79,716	-	79,716	115,304
Dunderdale fund endowment for bishoprics				
Bishop's Stipend	16,200	-	16,200	14,260
Dunderdale fund endowment for Charges				
Dunderdale grant for needy churches	11,200	-	11,200	9,800
Dean's allowance				
Dean's expenses	3,600	-	3,600	3,140
Total income from charitable activities	404,073	-	404,073	385,039
	General Fund	Restricted Funds	Endowment Funds	Total
Fund totals 2023:				
Quota receipts due from Charges	242,535	-	-	242,535
General Synod grant funding	115,304	-	-	115,304
Dunderdale fund endowment for bishoprics	14,260	-	-	14,260
Dunderdale fund endowment for Charges	9,800	-	-	9,800
Dean's Allowance	3,140	-	-	3,140
	385,039	-	-	385,039

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

5	Income from investments	Unrestricted funds		Restricted Endowment funds		Total		Unrestricted funds		Restricted Endowment funds		Total	
		2024	£	2024	£	2024	£	2023	£	2023	£	2023	£
	Rental income	22,786		-		22,786		23,641		-		23,641	
	Income from unlisted investments	108,892		26,382		161,602		94,295		24,411		147,274	
	Interest receivable	22,436		-		22,436		26,184		-		26,184	
		154,114		26,382		206,824		144,120		28,568		197,099	

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

6 Other income

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Total
	2024	2024	2024	2023
	£	£	£	£
Net gain on disposal of heritable property	128,561	-	128,561	-
Bishop's Discretionary Fund	-	-	-	201
	<u>128,561</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>128,561</u>	<u>201</u>
For the year ended 30 November 2023	<u>-</u>	<u>201</u>		<u>201</u>

7 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Direct Costs	Grant Funding	Support Costs	Total Funds 2024	Total Funds 2023
		£	£	£	£
Quota paid to General Synod	138,281			138,281	132,786
Episcopal Ministry & Administration	57,377		37,527	94,904	115,369
Support for Clergy & Vestry	211,343		150,107	361,450	302,432
Mission	98,104		20,014	118,118	121,117
External Property Expenses	58,831		37,527	96,358	107,248
Grants to local congregations		49,726	5,004	54,730	49,334
General Contingency	9,690		-	9,690	103,018
	<u>573,626</u>	<u>49,726</u>	<u>250,178</u>	<u>873,530</u>	<u>931,304</u>
Analysis by Fund:					
General	573,626	49,726	250,178	873,530	931,304
Restricted	-			-	-
Endowment	-			-	-
	<u>573,626</u>	<u>49,726</u>	<u>250,178</u>	<u>873,530</u>	<u>931,304</u>

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

8	Net movement in funds	2024	2023
		£	£
	The net movement in funds is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Fees payable for the audit of the charity's financial statements	13,800	12,900
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	2,921	2,744
	Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(128,561)	-
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9 Trustees

The following Trustees were remunerated during the year: The Bishop £39,689 (2023: £45,517), Canon Missioner £43,823 (2023: £38,745), Diocesan Secretary £11,546 (2023: £10,115) and the Diocesan Treasurer £11,546 (2023: £10,115).

The following Trustees also received employer pension contributions: The Bishop £7,902 (2023: £9,771) the Canon Missioner £10,371 (2023: £9,971).

Remuneration paid to the Bishop and Canon Missioner conforms to the scales determined by the General Synod of the Scottish Episcopal Church.

The Dean, Synod Clerk and Diocesan Secretary were refunded expenses. The expenses refunded was £8,445 (2023: £12,792).

10 Grants payable

	2024	2023
	£	£
Grants	49,726	45,277
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

11 Support costs	Support costs	Governance costs	2024	2023
	£	£	£	£
Staff costs	141,915	25,167	167,082	123,397
Depreciation	2,921	-	2,921	2,744
Diocesan Centre	27,162	-	27,162	28,270
Audit fees	-	13,800	13,800	12,900
Legal and professional	-	11,011	11,011	8,713
Synods & meetings	-	5,564	5,564	5,343
Deans charge and expenses	-	22,638	22,638	21,422
	<u>171,998</u>	<u>78,180</u>	<u>250,178</u>	<u>202,789</u>
Analysed between				
Charitable activities (note 7)	<u>171,998</u>	<u>78,180</u>	<u>250,178</u>	<u>202,789</u>

Governance costs includes payments to the auditors of £13,800 (2023 - £12,900) for audit fees.

Support costs, which relate primarily to costs associated with the Diocesan Office and governance costs, are apportioned based on estimates of time spent by staff on the various activities.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

12 Employees

Number of employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Clergy	1	1
Mission and ministry	1	1
Administration and communications	7	6
	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>
Full time equivalent		
Clergy	0.75	1
Mission and ministry	1	1
Administration and communications	4.30	3.60
	<u>6.05</u>	<u>5.60</u>
Employment costs	2024 £	2023 £
Wages and salaries	218,381	190,126
Social security costs	14,514	11,527
Other pension costs	55,354	45,728
	<u></u>	<u></u>

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was £60,000 or more.

13 Taxation

The charity is exempt from taxation on its activities because all its income is applied for charitable purposes.

14 Other

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Endowment funds general	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Release of funds	-	70,241	1,733	71,974	91,611
Other expenditure	37,308		-	37,308	19,129
	<u>37,308</u>	<u>70,241</u>	<u>1,733</u>	<u>109,282</u>	<u>211,185</u>
For the year ended 30 November 2023	<u>119,574</u>	<u>89,743</u>	<u>1,868</u>		<u>211,185</u>

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

15 Gains and losses on investments

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted Endowment funds		Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted Endowment funds		Total
	2024	2024	2024		2023	2023	2023	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Gains/(losses) arising on:								
Revaluation of investments	540,047	149,726	140,064	829,837	125,398	41,646	34,220	201,264
Sale of investments	-	1,732	-	1,732	-	-	-	-
Revaluation of investment properties	135,830	-	-	135,830	40,000	-	-	40,000
	675,877	151,458	140,064	967,399	165,398	41,646	34,220	241,264

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

16 Tangible fixed assets

	Heritable Property £	Office Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 December 2023	1,685,275	15,315	1,700,590
Additions	-	3,079	3,079
Disposals	(111,439)	-	(111,439)
Transfer to investment property	(209,170)	-	(209,170)
At 30 November 2024	1,364,666	18,394	1,383,060
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 December 2023	-	6,365	6,365
Depreciation charged in the year	-	2,921	2,921
At 30 November 2024	-	9,286	9,286
Carrying amount			
At 30 November 2024	1,364,666	9,108	1,373,774
At 30 November 2023	1,685,275	8,951	1,694,225

17 Debtors

	2024 £	2023 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	286	294
Other debtors	162,032	80,628
Prepayments and accrued income	3,433	3,804
	165,751	84,726
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Other debtors	-	3,999
Total debtors	165,751	88,725

Other Debtors includes various concessionary loans, interest free, made to a number of charges during the year.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024**

18 Investment property

	2024
	£
Fair value	
At 1 December 2023	630,000
Transfers from heritable property	209,170
Net gains through fair value adjustments	135,830
	<u>975,000</u>
At 30 November 2024	<u>975,000</u>

In determining the fair value of the investment properties the trustees sought the view of the Professionally Qualified Diocesan Surveyor as to their values at 30 November 2024.

The Diocesan Surveyor has assessed the Fair Value of the investment properties based on the location and class of the investment properties being valued.

If investment properties were stated on an historical cost basis rather than a fair value basis, the amounts would have been included as follows:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Cost	613,310	404,140
Accumulated depreciation	-	-
	<u>613,310</u>	<u>404,140</u>
Carrying amount	<u>613,310</u>	<u>404,140</u>

19 Fixed asset investments

	Other investments
	£
Cost or valuation	
At 30 November 2023	5,137,749
Valuation changes	847,837
Disposals	(16,268)
	<u>5,969,318</u>
At 30 November 2024	<u>5,969,318</u>
Carrying amount	
At 30 November 2024	<u>5,969,318</u>
At 30 November 2023	<u>5,137,749</u>

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

20	Provisions for liabilities	2024 £	2023 £
	Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2016	-	45,120

The Trustees have recognised a provision regarding legal costs associated with complying with the Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2016, Register of Controlled Interests in Land. The timing of payments is expected to be prior to 31 March 2024, being the date on which compliance with the Act is required.

21	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2024 £	2023 £
	Other taxation and social security	5,299	4,138
	Trade creditors	1,611	835
	Other creditors	1,099	9,393
	Accruals, grants payable and deferred income	46,504	32,552
		<u>54,513</u>	<u>46,918</u>

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

22 Restricted funds

The restricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants held on trust subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used.

	Balance at 1 December 2023	Incoming resources	Movement in funds			Balance at 30 November 2024
	£	£	Resources expended	Transfers	Revaluation (losses)	£
Congregational Funds	398,660	-	(57,337)	(77,450)	-	263,873
The St George's Fund	861,218	18,099	185	(18,099)	125,139	986,542
The Bishop's Discretionary Fund (Stanton Bequest)	151,667	8,229	(1,089)	-	20,961	179,768
The West Bequest Fund	30,228	-	-	-	5,358	35,586
Portpatrick/Stranraer Fund	46,000	-	(12,000)	-	-	34,000
	<u>1,487,773</u>	<u>28,769</u>	<u>(70,241)</u>	<u>(95,549)</u>	<u>151,458</u>	<u>1,499,769</u>

Congregational funds represent monies held on behalf of individual congregations which may be accessed by approach to the Diocesan trustees.

The St George's Fund was set up in 2007 from the sale of St George's Church, Maryhill, Glasgow and includes monies held on behalf of East End Episcopal Churches from the sale of property. The Fund is split two thirds and one third respectively with the Diocesan share of the income (two thirds) being expended for ministry support. The St George's Fund generated a total income of £27,149 (2023 - £21,063) of which one third has been remitted to East End Episcopal Churches.

The Bishop's Discretionary Fund (Stanton Bequest) is used at the discretion of the Bishop for clerical exigencies.

Income from the West Bequest Fund may be applied only in providing for, or augmenting, the stipend of a priest, the expenses of a lay preacher, or for the provision of regular services at St Ninian's, Portpatrick. Income received is transmitted directly to the charge.

The Portpatrick/Stranraer Fund was set up in 2022 to hold monies from these congregations to be drawn upon for the stipend/pension cost of their priest-in-charge.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

23 Designated funds

The unrestricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

	Movement in funds			
	Balance at 1 December 2023	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Gains and losses
	£	£	£	£
Learning, Development & Pastoral Fund	11,118	10,000	(6,152)	-
Kings Park Fund	302,205	10,123	(22,075)	21,894
	<u>313,323</u>	<u>20,123</u>	<u>(28,227)</u>	<u>21,894</u>
				<u>327,113</u>

Learning, Development & Pastoral Fund is to provide financial support to clergy and lay readers in respect of learning, ministry development, and pastoral care.

The King's Park Fund, set up in 2023, is used to provide housing costs as requested by the congregation of St Oswald's King's Park at the discretion of the Diocesan trustees. Income from the Fund is remitted to the congregation for its general use.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

24 Endowment funds

Endowment funds represent assets which must be held permanently by the charity. Income arising on the endowment funds can be used in accordance with the objects of the charity and is included as income. Any capital gains or losses arising on the assets form part of the fund.

	Movement in funds					
	Balance at 1 December 2023	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Transfers	Revaluation (losses)	Balance at 30 November 2024
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Permanent endowments						
The Bishop Goldie Memorial Fund	90,231	2,220	(1,088)	-	11,787	103,150
The Gordon Fund	736,273	22,197	-	(22,196)	117,843	854,117
The Drumchapel Legacy	62,717	1,965	(645)	-	10,434	74,471
	<u>889,221</u>	<u>26,382</u>	<u>(1,733)</u>	<u>(22,196)</u>	<u>140,064</u>	<u>1,031,738</u>

The Bishop Goldie Fund is used to support training of students for the ministry within the Diocese.

The Gordon Fund represents monies donated to the Diocese from St Ninian's Church, Castle Douglas which is invested in the name of the Diocesan Trustees. Income arising thereon is applied towards or to supplement the Stipends of any of the rectors and curates serving the Diocese.

The Drumchapel Legacy Fund represents monies to be used for the benefit of the Drumchapel Mission Of Holy Cross, Knightswood, Glasgow. The Mission was dissolved permanently in 2022, the income will continue to be used for missional purposes.

25 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Restricted funds 2024 £	Endowment funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £
At 30 November 2024:				
Tangible assets	1,373,774	-	-	1,373,774
Investment properties	975,000	-	-	975,000
Investments	3,827,244	1,167,297	974,777	5,969,318
Current assets/(liabilities)	265,940	332,472	56,961	655,373
	<u>6,441,958</u>	<u>1,499,769</u>	<u>1,031,738</u>	<u>8,973,465</u>

26 Analysis of changes in net funds

Accounting Standards require the Cash Flow Statement to be accompanied by an Analysis of Changes in Net Debt. The charity had no debt during the year. Accordingly, the changes in Net Debt is apparent from the Statement of Cash Flows above.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

27 Related party transactions

The nature of the Diocese requires that it has many financial transactions with the General Synod of the Scottish Episcopal Church and with Charges in the Diocese. As members of the Diocesan Council are connected with their respective local church congregations and certain members are also members of Boards and Committees of the General Synod, these bodies are related parties under FRS 102, and transactions with them are "related party transactions".

The governance procedures of the Diocese and of General Synod require that members of all Boards and Committees declare their interest in any grant or loan application prior to its discussion by the Board or Committee. Most of the Diocesan transactions are with related parties as would be expected.

The Diocese pays quota to and receives grants from General Synod, as detailed in the accounts. The Diocese also receives quota from and pays grants to individual congregations.

A number of properties are held by the Diocesan Heritable Trustees.

FRS 102 requires disclosure of material related party transactions and year end balances with related parties. In the case of the accounts of the Diocese, these are for the most part separately disclosed in the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet or in the notes to the accounts.

Remuneration of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel is found at note 9.

28 Cash generated from operations	2024	2023
	£	£
Surplus for the year	809,075	290,916
Adjustments for:		
Investment income recognised in statement of financial activities	(206,824)	(197,099)
(Gain) on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(128,561)	-
Net loss/(gain) on investments disposal	(1,732)	-
Fair value (gains) on investment properties	(135,830)	(40,000)
Fair value (gains) and losses on investments	(829,837)	(201,264)
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	2,921	2,744
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(77,026)	83,135
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	7,595	(21,398)
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	(45,120)	45,120
Cash absorbed by operations	(605,339)	(37,846)

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

29 Subsequent Events

A heritable property with a book value of £238,665 was sold after the reporting period. It was held within tangible fixed assets.

The missives were concluded on 4th Dec 2024, and the signing of the disposition and the settlement date was 9th Dec 2024.

DIOCESE OF GLASGOW AND GALLOWAY SCOTTISH EPISCOPAL CHURCH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024

Appendix 1

Diocesan properties

Heritable

Quadrant Road, Newlands, Glasgow - (disposed December 2024)

Erradale Street, Lambhill, Glasgow

Land at Girvan, Ayrshire

Westfield Drive, Cardonald, Glasgow

Cochrane Street, Glasgow

Investment

Blake Road, Cumbernauld

Brownside Road, Cambuslang, Glasgow

St Matthews Old Rectory/The Place, Balmore Street, Glasgow

Kelvin Crescent, East Kilbride, Glasgow