

**Company Registration No. 26673 (Northern Ireland)**

**STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT  
ASSOCIATION LTD**

**ANNUAL REPORT AND  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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<b>Directors</b>	Mr P Smith Mr W Armstrong Mr P Park Ms N McReynolds Mrs L Park
<b>Company number</b>	26673
<b>Charity number</b>	106293
<b>Registered office</b>	The Crieve Centre 4 Hillhead Stewartstown Co Tyrone BT71 5HY
<b>Auditor</b>	David Lyttle + Co Ltd Station House 46 Molesworth Street Cookstown Co Tyrone BT80 8PA
<b>Business address</b>	The Crieve Centre 4 Hillhead Stewartstown Co Tyrone BT71 5HY
<b>Bankers</b>	Ulster Bank 20 William Street Cookstown Co Tyrone BT80 8ND

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# **STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD**

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# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

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The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2024.

### Principal activities

The company is limited by guarantee and does not have a share capital.

The company is funded as a Local Development Association. The directors' aim is to continue to broaden the range of services offered to include those offered by other Local Development Associations. The company obtained charitable status on 15 February 2017. All income and expenses in the accounts is unrestricted.

### Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr P Smith  
Mr W Armstrong  
Mr P Park  
Ms N McReynolds  
Mrs L Park

### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

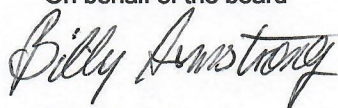
Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board



Mr W Armstrong  
Director



Mr P Park  
Director



# **STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD**

## **INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

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**Independent Examiners Report to the Trustees of Stewartstown Development Association Ltd**  
I report on the accounts of the charity for the year ended 30 June 2024, which are set out on pages 3 to 12.

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and examiner**

As the charity's Directors, you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the Charities Act (Northern Ireland) 2008.

It is my responsibility to:

- examine the accounts under section 65 of the Charities Act
- follow the procedures laid down in the general directions given by the Commission under section 65 (9) (b) of the Charities Act
- state whether particular matters have come to my attention.

### **Basis of independent examiner's report**

I have examined your charity accounts as required under section 65 of the Charities Act and my examination was carried out in accordance with the general directions given by the Charity Commission for Northern Ireland under section 65(9)(b) of the Charities Act.

My examination included a review of the accounting records kept by the charity and a comparison of the accounts presented with those records. It also included consideration of any unusual items or disclosures in the accounts, and seeking explanations from you as charity Trustees concerning any such matters.

My role is to state whether any material matters have come to my attention giving me cause to believe:

1. That accounting records were not kept in accordance with section 63 of the Charities Act.
2. That the accounts do not accord with those accounting records.
3. That the accounts do not comply with the accounting requirements of the Charities Act.
4. That there is further information needed for a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

### **Independent examiner's statement**

I have completed my examination and have no concerns in respect of the matters (1) to (4) listed above and, in connection with following the Directions of the Charity Commission for Northern Ireland, I have found no matters that require drawing to your attention.

**David Lyttle**  
for and on behalf of David Lyttle + Co Ltd

26 March 2025

**Chartered Accountants  
& Registered Auditors**

Station House  
46 Molesworth Street  
Cookstown  
Co Tyrone  
BT80 8PA

# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Turnover		18,582	18,948
Administrative expenses		(16,172)	(9,601)
Other operating income		2,000	6,000
Operating surplus/(deficit)		4,410	15,347
Interest receivable and similar income		523	211
Surplus/(deficit) on ordinary activities before taxation		4,933	15,558
Tax on surplus/(deficit) on ordinary activities		-	-
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		4,933	15,558



# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

	Notes	2024 £	£	2023 £	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	3		212		1,784
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	4	5,786		3,110	
Cash at bank and in hand		41,056		34,741	
		<u>46,842</u>		<u>37,851</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	<u>(5,304)</u>		<u>(2,818)</u>	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>41,538</u>		<u>35,033</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>41,750</u>		<u>36,817</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Own shares			1,200		1,200
Profit and loss reserves			<u>40,550</u>		<u>35,617</u>
<b>Total equity</b>			<u>41,750</u>		<u>36,817</u>

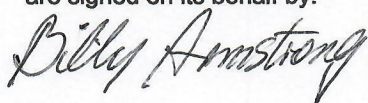
For the financial year ended 30 June 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:



Mr W Armstrong  
Director



Mr P Park  
Director

Company Registration No. 26673

# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	Share capital	Own shares	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 July 2022	-	1,200	20,059	21,259
Year ended 30 June 2023:				
Profit and total comprehensive income	-	-	15,558	15,558
Balance at 30 June 2023	-	1,200	35,617	36,817
Year ended 30 June 2024:				
Profit and total comprehensive income	-	-	4,933	4,933
Balance at 30 June 2024	-	1,200	40,550	41,750



# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Stewartstown Development Association Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Northern Ireland. The registered office is The Crieve Centre, 4 Hillhead, Stewartstown, Co Tyrone, BT71 5HY.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) effective 1 January 2015 - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Stewartstown Development Association Ltd meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost and transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy note(s). The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for rent and related services net of VAT and trade discounts.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings	2% straight line
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	20% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.



# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

##### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

##### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.



# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **1.7 Equity instruments**

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### **1.8 Derivatives**

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

#### **1.9 Employee benefits**

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### **1.10 Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.



# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

#### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Total	-	-

#### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024	353,476	34,754	388,230
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>			
At 1 July 2023	353,476	32,970	386,446
Depreciation charged in the year	-	1,572	1,572
At 30 June 2024	353,476	34,542	388,018
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
At 30 June 2024	-	212	212
At 30 June 2023	-	1,784	1,784

#### 4 Debtors

	2024 £	2023 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Trade debtors	5,702	3,110
Other debtors	84	-
	5,786	3,110

#### 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024 £	2023 £
Trade creditors	2,984	-
Other taxation and social security	1,171	1,255
Other creditors	1,149	1,563
	5,304	2,818

# **STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD**

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)**

***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024***

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### **6 Charitable Status**

The company was granted charitable status with effect from 15 February 2017

**STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD**  
**MANAGEMENT INFORMATION**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**



# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

		2024		2023
	£	£	£	£
<b>Turnover</b>				
Rent receivable		18,582		18,948
<b>Other operating income</b>				
Grants and other income		2,000		6,000
<b>Administrative expenses</b>		(16,172)		(9,601)
<b>Operating surplus/(deficit)</b>		4,410		15,347
<b>Other interest receivable and similar income</b>				
Bank interest	523		211	
		523		211
<b>Surplus/(deficit) before taxation</b>	26.55%	4,933	82.11%	15,558

# STEWARTSTOWN DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION LTD

## SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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	2024	2023
	£	£
<b>Administrative expenses</b>		
Management services	2,575	2,268
Light and heat	1,385	1,707
Property repairs and maintenance	4,618	325
Insurance	3,908	3,483
Accountancy	1,100	1,040
Bank charges	122	153
Bad and doubtful debts	12	60
Telephone	550	544
Sundry expenses	330	474
Capital grant amortisation	-	(3,542)
Depreciation	1,572	3,089
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	16,172	9,601
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