

CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 275697

**ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE  
BATTERSEA**

**Financial Statements**

**31 March 2025**

**SALEEMI ASSOCIATES**

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor  
792 Wickham Road  
Croydon CR0 8EA

# **ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA**

## **Financial Statements**

**Year ended 31 March 2025**

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# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Trustees' Annual Report

### Year ended 31 March 2025

The trustees present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### Reference and administrative details

**Registered charity name** ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

**Charity registration number** 275697

**Principal office** 73-75 Falcon Road  
Battersea  
London  
SW11 2PF

**The trustees** Mr M A Choudry - Chairman  
Mr M Arshad- General Secretary  
Dr M Akhteruzzaman - Treasurer  
Mr A K Barkatullah  
Mr N A Hashimi  
Mr M D Hossain

**Auditor** Saleemi Associates  
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor  
792 Wickham Road  
Croydon CR0 8EA

**Bankers** National Westminster Bank Plc  
St John Road  
Battersea  
London  
SW11

# **ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA**

## **Trustees' Annual Report** *(continued)*

**Year ended 31 March 2025**

### **The Trustees**

The trustees who served the charity during the period were as follows:

Mr M A. Choudry  
Dr M Akhteruzzaman  
Mr M Arshad  
Mr A K Barkatullah  
Mr N A Hashimi  
Mr D Hossain

### **BUILDING OUR FUTURE PROJECT**

This year, no further request for return of Qard-e-Hassanah was received from any donor. Accordingly, the Qard-e-Hassanah balance for which 'The Centre' is still indebted remains at £2,000, which is shown in the accounts under the heading creditors—bank loans and overdrafts.

### **STATUS**

The organisation is a registered charity established by the Declaration of Trust, made on March 15, 1978. The charity is governed by the Declaration of Trust and controlled by the trustees.

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW**

The principal activity of the charity during the year was the development of the Islamic faith and charity work in the London Borough of Wandsworth, with particular emphasis on promoting facilities for the young people and the elderly members of the community.

The results for the year are shown in the accounts and report. The progress made during the year and the position at year-end are considered satisfactory. Details of the activities are as follows:

### **FUNERAL FUND**

At the start of the Financial Year, the Funeral Fund had a credit balance of £490. During the year, donations totalling £5,370 were received for the Funeral Fund, out of which £5,645 was spent on a sister's funeral, leaving a credit balance of £215. This is illustrated in the accounts under the headings "Statement of Financial Activities" (page 10) and "Statement of Financial Position" (page 11), as well as in Note 15, "Analysis of net assets between funds" (page 20).

### **FOOD BANK INITIATIVE**

The Food Bank Initiative has continued to be provided this year. Currently, an average of 11+ families use the service every week.

### **SOCIAL, PERSONAL AND EDUCATIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

The open-door "Drop-In" sessions have had to be curtailed due to certain indoor projects taking place during that time. The Friday Youth Circle for over 16 boys has stopped due to low attendance. However, Youth Circle for sisters has started attracting on average 10-12 sisters. The regular football

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Trustees' Annual Report *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

project continues to attract many young people to attend. Before and after the sessions, brief discussions are held to look at and tackle individual issues and problems encountered by members. This is followed by one-to-one sessions and helping them to deal with the issue at hand. The football sessions are structured training sessions which work towards developing young people's skills in playing football and nurturing them as good young people. During this project, monthly workshops are held, with young people exploring issues that are affecting them in their daily lives.

We are providing very varied club programs that meet the needs of Young People. The youth workers have developed very good relationships with those young people who have found it difficult to adjust in education or relate to their parents/careers. Our youth work team has used its skills to gain the trust of the young people in concern and worked hard with families, school and the young people to bring about a beneficial change for all. This was accomplished through intensive one-to-one sessions with individuals. IYG managed to provide advice, guidance and support to young people who were not in employment, or education and those who were in the fold of anti-social behaviour, drugs and gang culture by way of engaging them to take part in the football project and to attend monthly crime workshops.

### SPORTS & RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES

Islamic Youth Group provided various activities for young people. The on-site activities were as follows: Box – fit / Kickboxing, Judo, Table Tennis, Pool, Silat (a form of martial arts), Multi gym, Weight Training, IT and issue-based workshops. Off-site activities include football training for all age groups. The programs are advertised and delivered through its Monthly Program of activities. The operational days and the end-of-the-year attendance/uptake figures for these activities were as follows:

- Football boys. Sunday 7-14 years old. 30 attending
- Judo boys & girls Saturday 4-9 years old. 14 attending
- BoxFit / kickboxing boys. Friday 5-15 years old. 5 attending
- BoxFit / kickboxing girls. Friday 5-15 years old. 6 attending
- Open Door Indoor Activities, Pool, Gym and table tennis for boys.Saturday – attendance varies
- martial arts boys. Saturday under 14s on average 5 attending.

### TRIPS TO PLACES OF INTEREST, RESIDENTIALS AND WORKSHOPS

During the Summer Holidays, Trips were organised for young people to undertake. This included Girls Ice Skating at Streatham Ice Rink, Kew garden bionic exhibition for (Kids plus Parents) and Laser Tagging for boys at Greenwich.

During the October half term holiday, a boys Inter Mosque football tournament was organised in the Local Falcon Park.

### ISLAMIC FESTIVALS AND OPEN DAYS

Special programs were held to celebrate important Islamic Festivals including Ramadan, Eid-ul-Fitr and Eid-ul-Adha. Open events and discussions were held for the entire local community for both Muslims and non-Muslims throughout the year on various topics.

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Trustees' Annual Report *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

### RELIGIOUS TEACHING

The Madrasah's curriculum delivers basic teaching about Islam including Qur'an, Hifz, Tajweed, Hadith, Fiqh, Akhlāq-wal-Adaab, Aqaaid and Islamic History.

Sessions were held for the youth, where they were encouraged to discuss, share, question ideas and gather thoughts on any topical issues that may have affected their day-to-day life.

Weekly attendance figures for the weekend madrassa were 150 young people.

Weekly attendance figures for the weekday madrassa were 60 young people.

### RISK REVIEW

The trustees have conducted their review of the major risks to which the charity is exposed and systems are in place to mitigate those risks. The systems, controls and procedures are periodically reviewed to ensure that they meet the needs of the charity.

### RESERVE POLICY

The trustees aim to maintain free reserves in unrestricted funds at a level which equates to approximately three months of unrestricted charitable expenditure, equivalent to £50,000. The trustees consider that this level will provide sufficient funds to ensure that support costs and emergency building works are covered.

The balance held as unrestricted funds at 31 March 2025 is £2,250,011 of which , £255,928 are regarded as free reserves, after allowing for funds tied up in tangible fixed assets. The trustees are in the process of drafting a reserve policy for next year.

### TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, of the charity for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.


# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA


## Trustees' Annual Report *(continued)*

### Year ended 31 March 2025

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the applicable Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations, and the provisions of the Trust Deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees' annual report was approved on 26/1/2026 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

  
M A Choudry  
Chairman: (Trustee)

  
Dr. M Akhteruzzaman  
Treasurer (Trustee)

Date 30/1/2026



# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA *(continued)*

**Year ended 31 March 2025**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Islamic Culture and Education Centre Battersea (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the statement of financial activities, statement of financial position, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2025, and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.



# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA *(continued)*

**Year ended 31 March 2025**

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the trustees' report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### **Responsibilities of trustees**

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Charities Act 2011 with the Charities SORP (FRS 102), UK tax legislation, pensions legislation, Anti Money Laundering regulation, General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), Anti-fraud, bribery and corruption legislation, Taxation legislation, Employment legislation and health and safety regulation. We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the charity to operate or

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA *(continued)*

### Year ended 31 March 2025

to avoid a material penalty. We evaluated the trustees' and management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls) and determined that the principle risks were related to manual journal entries to manipulate financial performance, management bias through judgments and assumptions is significant accounting estimates, in particular in relation to the use of restricted funds, and significant one-off or unusual transactions.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to an enquiry of the Trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the timing of recognition of grant, donation and collection, recognition of grant expenditure and the override of controls by management.

Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management, including senior management and internal accountants about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals, reviewing accounting estimates for biases, reviewing regulatory correspondence with the Charity Commission, detailed reviews of a sample of funding agreements for income and grant expenditure and reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA *(continued)*

### Year ended 31 March 2025

up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

  
Saleemi Associates  
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor  
792 Wickham Road  
Croydon CR0 8EA

Date: 30th Jan 2026

Saleemi Associates is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Statement of Financial Activities

Year ended 31 March 2025

			2025		2024
	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	Total funds £	Total funds £
<b>Income and endowments</b>					
Donations and legacies	4	180,530	5,870	<b>186,400</b>	183,993
Other trading activities	5	45,191	—	<b>45,191</b>	33,713
<b>Total income</b>		<u>225,721</u>	<u>5,870</u>	<u><b>231,591</b></u>	<u>217,706</u>
<b>Expenditure</b>					
Expenditure on charitable activities	6,7	175,997	6,145	<b>182,142</b>	210,688
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<u>175,997</u>	<u>6,145</u>	<u><b>182,142</b></u>	<u>210,688</u>
<b>Net income and net movement in funds</b>		<u>49,724</u>	<u>(275)</u>	<u><b>49,449</b></u>	<u>7,018</u>
<b>Reconciliation of funds</b>					
Total funds brought forward		2,200,287	490	<b>2,200,777</b>	2,193,759
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		<u>2,250,011</u>	<u>215</u>	<u><b>2,250,226</b></u>	<u>2,200,777</u>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

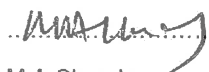
# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA


## Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible fixed assets	11	1,994,083	1,991,363
<b>Current assets</b>			
Cash at bank and in hand		258,494	211,765
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	12	2,351	2,351
<b>Net current assets</b>		256,143	209,414
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		2,250,226	2,200,777
<b>Net assets</b>		2,250,226	2,200,777
<b>Funds of the charity</b>			
Restricted funds		215	490
Unrestricted funds		2,250,011	2,200,287
<b>Total charity funds</b>	14	2,250,226	2,200,777

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 25/1/2026, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

  
M A Choudry  
Chairman (Trustee)

  
Dr M Akhteruzzaman  
Treasurer (Trustee)

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended 31 March 2025

	2025 £	2024 £
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net income	49,449	7,018
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	1,050	1,236
Government grant income	(500)	—
Accrued income	(1)	—
<i>Changes in:</i>		
Trade and other creditors	1	(42,001)
Cash generated from operations	49,999	(33,747)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	49,999	(33,747)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of tangible assets	(3,770)	(22,977)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,770)	(22,977)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Government grant income	500	—
Net cash from financing activities	500	—
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	46,729	(56,724)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year</b>	211,765	268,489
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>	258,494	211,765

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form part of these financial statements.



# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2025

### 1. General information

The charity is a public benefit entity and a registered charity in England and Wales and is unincorporated. The address of the principal office is 73-75 Falcon Road, Battersea, London, SW11 2PF.

### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Going concern

There are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue.

#### Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or commitment.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.



# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

### Year ended 31 March 2025

#### 3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

##### Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably.
- legacy income is recognised when receipt is probable and entitlement is established.
- income from donated goods is measured at the fair value of the goods unless this is impractical to measure reliably, in which case the value is derived from the cost to the donor or the estimated resale value. Donated facilities and services are recognised in the accounts when received if the value can be reliably measured. No amounts are included for the contribution of general volunteers.
- income from contracts for the supply of services is recognised with the delivery of the contracted service. This is classified as unrestricted funds unless there is a contractual requirement for it to be spent on a particular purpose and returned if unspent, in which case it may be regarded as restricted.

##### Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

##### Tangible assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

### 3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment	- 15% reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	- 15% reducing balance

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the charity will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the amount receivable or payable including any related transaction costs.

Current assets and current liabilities are subsequently measured at the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received and not discounted.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

### 3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

#### Financial instruments *(continued)*

Where investments in shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in income and expenditure. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in the statement of financial activities, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised under the appropriate heading in the statement of financial activities in which the initial gain was recognised.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

### 4. Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £
<b>Donations</b>			
Donation & collection	105,987	—	<b>105,987</b>
Donation & collection Special	3,243	—	<b>3,243</b>
Donation & collection-Funeral fund	—	5,370	<b>5,370</b>
<b>Grants</b>			
Government grant income- Youth activity	—	500	<b>500</b>
<b>Subscriptions</b>			
Contribution, fees & subscription - Mosque activity	42,780	—	<b>42,780</b>
Contribution, fees & subscription - Youth activity	28,520	—	<b>28,520</b>
	<u>180,530</u>	<u>5,870</u>	<u><b>186,400</b></u>

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2025

### 4. Donations and legacies (continued)

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
<b>Donations</b>			
Donation & collection	123,355	—	123,355
Donation & collection Special	5,053	—	5,053
Donation & collection-Funeral fund	—	3,060	3,060
<b>Grants</b>			
Government grant income- Youth activity	—	—	—
<b>Subscriptions</b>			
Contribution, fees & subscription - Mosque activity	31,515	—	31,515
Contribution, fees & subscription - Youth activity	21,010	—	21,010
	<u>180,933</u>	<u>3,060</u>	<u>183,993</u>

### 5. Other trading activities

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Calendar, books & food sales - Youth activity	1,763	1,763	564	564
Calendar, books & food sales - Mosque activity	4,114	4,114	1,315	1,315
Letting and licensing	39,314	39,314	31,834	31,834
	<u>45,191</u>	<u>45,191</u>	<u>33,713</u>	<u>33,713</u>

### 6. Expenditure on charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £
Mosque activities	97,807	5,645	103,452
Youth group activities	67,608	500	68,108
Support costs	10,582	—	10,582
	<u>175,997</u>	<u>6,145</u>	<u>182,142</u>

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Mosque activities	101,760	7,338	109,098
Youth group activities	91,956	1,500	93,456
Support costs	8,134	—	8,134
	<u>201,850</u>	<u>8,838</u>	<u>210,688</u>

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 March 2025

### 7. Expenditure on charitable activities by activity type

	Activities undertaken directly £	Support costs £	Total funds 2025 £	Total fund 2024 £
Mosque activities	103,452	6,496	109,948	113,881
Youth group activities	68,108	4,086	72,194	96,807
	<u>171,560</u>	<u>10,582</u>	<u>182,142</u>	<u>210,688</u>

### 8. Net income

Net income is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2025 £	2024 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	<u>1,050</u>	<u>1,236</u>

### 9. Staff costs

The total staff costs and employee benefits for the reporting period are analysed as follows:

	2025 £	2024 £
Wages and salaries	113,916	115,385
Social security costs	<u>1,895</u>	<u>3,966</u>
	<u>115,811</u>	<u>119,351</u>

The average head count of employees during the year was 40 (2024: 30).

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2024: Nil).

### 10. Trustee remuneration and expenses

None of the Trustees were remunerated or received any expenses during the year.

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2025

### 11. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 April 2024	1,984,363	55,137	30,126	<b>2,069,626</b>
Additions	3,770	—	—	<b>3,770</b>
<b>At 31 March 2025</b>	<b>1,988,133</b>	<b>55,137</b>	<b>30,126</b>	<b>2,073,396</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 April 2024	—	50,315	27,948	<b>78,263</b>
Charge for the year	—	723	327	<b>1,050</b>
<b>At 31 March 2025</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>51,038</b>	<b>28,275</b>	<b>79,313</b>
<b>Carrying amount</b>				
<b>At 31 March 2025</b>	<b>1,988,133</b>	<b>4,099</b>	<b>1,851</b>	<b>1,994,083</b>
At 31 March 2024	1,984,363	4,822	2,178	1,991,363

### 12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Accruals and deferred income	<b>351</b>	352
Qard-e-hassanah	<b>2,000</b>	1,999
	<b>2,351</b>	<b>2,351</b>

### 13. Government grants

The amounts recognised in the financial statements for government grants are as follows:

	2025 £	2024 £
Recognised in income from donations and legacies:		
Government grants income	<b>500</b>	—

### 14. Analysis of charitable funds

#### Unrestricted funds

	At 1 April 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	At 31 March 2025 £
General funds	2,200,287	225,721	(175,997)	<b>2,250,011</b>

	At 1 April 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	At 31 March 2024 £
General funds	2,187,491	214,646	(201,850)	2,200,287

# ISLAMIC CULTURE AND EDUCATION CENTRE BATTERSEA

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2025

### 14. Analysis of charitable funds (continued)

#### Restricted funds

	At 1 April 2024	Income	Expenditure	At 31 March 2025
	£	£	£	£
Restricted Fund	<u>490</u>	<u>5,870</u>	<u>(6,145)</u>	<u>215</u>

	At 1 April 2023	Income	Expenditure	At 31 March 2024
	£	£	£	£
Restricted Fund	<u>6,268</u>	<u>3,060</u>	<u>(8,838)</u>	<u>490</u>

### 15. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £
Tangible fixed assets	1,994,083	—	1,994,083
Current assets	258,279	215	258,494
Creditors less than 1 year	(2,352)	—	(2,352)
<b>Net assets</b>	<u>2,250,011</u>	<u>215</u>	<u>2,250,226</u>

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Tangible fixed assets	1,991,363	—	1,991,363
Current assets	211,275	490	211,765
Creditors less than 1 year	(2,352)	—	(2,352)
<b>Net assets</b>	<u>2,200,287</u>	<u>490</u>	<u>2,200,777</u>

### 16. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 Apr 2024	Cash flows	At 31 Mar 2025
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>211,765</u>	<u>46,729</u>	<u>258,494</u>