

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

CONTENTS

	Page
Reference and administrative details of the Charity, its Trustees and advisers	1
Trustees' report	2 - 10
Independent auditors' report on the financial statements	11 - 14
Statement of financial activities	15
Balance sheet	16
Notes to the financial statements	17 - 27

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Trustees Morris Peacock
Kimberley Grazyna (appointed 29 April 2025)
Graham Tuttle
Patrick Harris

Charity registered number 266842

Principal office Howes Percival
Flint Buildings
1 Bedding Lane
Norwich
NR3 1RG

Independent auditors Larking Gowen LLP
Chartered Accountants
1st Floor, Prospect House
Rouen Road
Norwich
NR1 1RE

Bankers Barclays Private Bank
1 Stanhope
Mayfair
London
W1K 1AF

Solicitors Howes Percival LLP
Flint Buildings
1 Bedding Lane
Norwich
NR3 1RG

Investment advisor Barratt & Cooke Limited
5 Opie Street
Norwich
NR1 3DW

Investment advisor Barclays Wealth
1 Churchill Place
Canary Wharf
London
E14 5HP

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

The Trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Charity for the 6 April 2024 to 5 April 2025.

Objectives and activities

a. Objectives and activities

The Trust has wide charitable objects. The Trustees have unlimited discretion as to the application (for charitable purposes) of the capital and income of the Trust Fund. The Trustees' policy in regard to the application of the Trust Fund is:

1. Preference is given to Norfolk charities and charitable causes and consideration is given to all applications of whatever nature provided that they are legally charitable and fulfil the public benefit requirement.
2. Donations will not be made direct to individuals or unregistered organisations so as to ensure that all donations are used solely for charitable purposes.
3. To the extent that any of the Trust's annual income remains undistributed within 1 above, applications would be considered from charities with national or international coverage for expenditure on those charities' projects within Norfolk.

The aim of the Trust continues to be to provide a charitable fund to which applications can be made by charities and charitable causes of any kind based in Norfolk or with projects benefiting Norfolk. The Trustees have received many acknowledgments from donors which record the benefit to the community of donations made together with progress updates and details of completed projects.

Membership of the Norwich & District Funders' Forum provides insight and updates in relation to funding and other difficulties of the charitable sector as well as early notice of any forthcoming projects.

The Trustees aims in 2024/25 financial year will follow those of the previous year. The Trustees will seek to identify those projects where the greatest and widest benefit can be attained. The Trustees only consider written applications and, where necessary, make further enquiries.

In setting objectives and planning for activities, the Trustees have given due consideration to general guidance published by the Charity Commission relating to public benefit, including the guidance 'Public benefit: running a charity (PB2)'.

b. Vulnerable persons

The Trust is a grant funding charity and does not work with vulnerable adults or children. Accordingly, the Trust does not have a vulnerable persons policy in place but would create such a policy in the event that the aims and structure of the Trust are changed.

c. Grant-making policies

The Trustees have considered and acted on the Charity Commission guidance on the public benefit requirement under the Charities Act 2011. The Trustees make donations solely to bodies who are themselves registered charities or are charitable bodies exempt from registration but are conscious of the need to ensure that a donation will be legally charitable. Each application is considered on its merits and the Trustees also consider the purposes for which the application has been made to confirm that the public benefit requirement has been fulfilled.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Objectives and activities (continued)

d. Volunteers

The Trustees give their time to the charity freely, there are no other volunteers.

Achievements and performance

The major donations in year ended 05 April 2025 were:

RNAA	£25,000
SOS Spaniels	£5,000
Dereham Debt Centre	£5,000
Eating Matters	£5,000
The Feed	£5,000
The Matthew Project	£5,000
Hope for Tomorrow	£5,000
Big C	£5,000

The Trustees have considered and acted on the Charity Commission guidance on the public benefit requirement under the Charities Act 2011. The Trustees make donations solely to bodies who are themselves registered charities or are charitable bodies exempt from registration but are conscious of the need to ensure that a donation will be legally charitable. Each application is considered on its merits and the Trustees also consider the purposes for which the application has been made to confirm that the public benefit requirement has been fulfilled.

Prominent examples of public benefit arising from donations made are:

Royal Norfolk Agricultural Association (RNAA)

The Trustees made a donation to the RNAA in the sum of £25,000. The application was for funding towards the implementation of the Norfolk Food Hall at the Showground, Norwich. Its aim was to act as a showcase for Norfolk's agrifood sector, playing a part in bringing together farmers, scientists and researchers with the public to promote the availability of local produce.

Norfolk and Norwich Festival Trust

The Trustees made a donation to the Norfolk and Norwich Festival Trust in the sum of £7,500. The application was for funding towards the Free Outdoor Programme which addresses the barriers to engaging with arts and culture for those living in poverty in Norwich.

Norfolk Community Law Service (NCLS)

The Trustees made a donation to NCLS in the sum of £5,000. NCLS supports some of the most disadvantaged and vulnerable members of Norfolk, offering free, independent and confidential services on a broad range of social welfare law. The funding contributed towards their outreach work.

Big C

The Trustees made a donation to Big C in the sum of £5,000. Big C is a charity that provides support to those affected by cancer. The funding supported their initiatives such as their rehabilitation sessions, monthly 'Art for Wellbeing' activities, and their Teen and Young Adult support group. Further initiatives also included the implementation of digital charity tins for donations and collaboration with Norfolk and Norwich University Hospitals to allow newly diagnosed lung cancer patients to attend their first appointment with Big C.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Achievements and performance (continued)

Little Lifts

The Trustees made a donation to Little Lifts in the sum of £4,000. The application was for funding towards 'Little Lifts' boxes for ninety breast cancer radiotherapy patients. The 'Little Lifts' boxes are provided to breast cancer patients in the UK receiving surgery, radiotherapy or chemotherapy treatment.

The Benjamin Foundation

The Trustees made a donation to The Benjamin Foundation in the sum of £3,000. The application was for funding towards the BOOM! Young Carers programme which aims to alleviate many of the life pressures faced by young carers and their families. The programme focusses on providing carers a break from their duties at home, access to support for their emotional well-being and opportunities to meet peers.

MensCraft

The Trustees made a donation to MensCraft in the sum of £3,000. The application was for funding towards MensCraft Pit Stop Activities, which are regular and free drop-in social activities for men in Norwich experiencing loneliness and social isolation. The Pit Stop Activities offer a wide range of opportunities for connection and activities and include a 'check-in' inviting men to share their feelings and experiences. Activities include health walks, mindfulness, yoga, kung fu, photography and more.

Hebron Housing

The Trustees made a donation to Hebron Housing in the sum of £3,000. The application was for funding towards a Tranquillity Suite within Hebron House, which will create a welcome space for the women Hebron Housing support. The women Hebron Housing support have experienced trauma and allowing the women to have a space of peace and quiet can help them to feel safe in the day to day.

The investment portfolios had a combined value of £13,787,188 (including a cash element of £143,584) at 05 April 2025, compared to £14,092,678 (including a cash element of £50,671) at 05 April 2024. This represents a 2% decrease in the value of the Trust's portfolio over the year.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Achievements and performance (continued)

The Barratt & Cooke portfolio is managed on a medium risk, balanced total return and income yield mandate, with quarterly distributions. The emphasis has been on a natural income at least meeting the £200k annual distribution level, and the current portfolio comfortably does this with the annualised income. The one off exceptional distribution over and above the distribution level has been partially funded by capital.

The fund held with Barclays, is a balanced strategy and both total return and income yield are important. The aim is to produce a sustainable level of income that is growing, but the Fund also seeks capital growth. The strategy has an investment horizon of at least 10 years.

Having regard to the prudent approach adopted by the Trustees on the basis of investment advice, our view is that the performance of the main portfolio remains sound. There continues to be volatility in the markets, demonstrated by the poor performance of the two more equity based indices. We consider that there remain risks in the equity markets and do not therefore believe it to be prudent for us to adopt anything other than a reasonably defensive strategy while retaining the ability to achieve some growth through keeping a reasonable proportion in good quality equities and maintain yield.

a. Fundraising activities and income generation

The Trust is not involved in seeking donations or other fund-raising.

Financial review

a. Performance review

The total incoming resources were £425,398 in 2024/25 and £401,704 in 2023/24. Charitable donations were £428,012 in 2024/25 and £706,716 in 2023/24.

b. Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies.

c. Reserves policy

The Trustees have no policy of retaining significant reserves, other than to ensure, whenever possible, that sufficient funds are held at any one time to cover the likely donations of the next quarterly meeting although this is not essential since the Trustees have power to use both the Unrestricted Income Fund and the Expendable Endowment Fund should the need arise. As at 05 April 2025 the Trust had total funds of £13,937,370 (2024: £14,558,464), of which £10,000 (2024: £10,000) was unrestricted. Trustees continue to identify charities and charitable causes in Norfolk where the greatest benefit is attained by a major donation.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

d. Material investments policy

The Trustees' policy has historically been to invest for a balanced total return and income yield within the portfolio. The capital preservation and growth objective necessitates exposure to equity markets. The Trustees' policy in this regard is to minimise and, wherever possible, avoid sectors of high risk.

The Trust's investment portfolios are managed on a full discretionary basis by the respective fund managers. The Trustees receive full half-yearly valuations and reports, which are monitored against appropriate published indices. The Trustees receive additional interim updates and reports in advance of meetings.

e. Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risk arises from the volatility of stock markets as a result of global events. The Trustees' investment policies are designed to manage and mitigate this risk.

f. Principal funding

All funding arises from income and gains from the charity's listed investment portfolio.

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

The Paul Bassham Charitable Trust is a registered charity, number 266842, and is constituted under a Trust deed.

b. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

The Trust was created by a Deed dated 12 December 1973 and is administered by Trustees. New Trustees are appointed by the existing Trustees by virtue of the Trustee Act 1925 powers. From its inception, the Trust was administered by two professional Trustees appointed by the settler.

The Trust now has four Trustees and the Trustees' view is that the current number provides assured continuity, reduces conflict of interest issues and reduces the risks inherent in the administration of a charity.

There have been no changes to the basic terms of the Trust Deed or to the Trustees' objectives during the year.

The Trustees continue to meet at least four times in each year to discuss policy and administrative matters and to consider general applications. Additional meetings or discussions are held where major projects are the subject of an application or where there is some degree of urgency including communication by email.

The day-to-day administration of the Trust is dealt with by Howes Percival LLP.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Structure, governance and management (continued)

c. Policies adopted for the induction and training of Trustees

The Trust has not adopted a policy relating to the induction and training of trustees. Morris Peacock is a partner at Howes Percival LLP and the trustees are advised by Howes Percival LLP on an ongoing basis in relation to their responsibilities under trust and charity law and of any relevant legal and practical developments in this area. Patrick Harris is an accountant with many years professional experience dealing with charities and the public sector and was a registered auditor of charities. The Trustees keep the question of training under review. If new and less experienced trustees are appointed, appropriate training and mentoring will be arranged.

d. Pay policy for key management personnel

The Trustees are the only key management personnel. The Trustees are not paid.

e. Related party relationships

In the event that any of the Trustees has any connection whatsoever with an individual or organisation making an application to the Trust for funding support, it is the Trustees' policy that a declaration of the connection or relationship is made and, if the connection is considered to create a potential conflict of interest, the conflicted Trustee takes no further part in discussions or decisions in relation to the relevant application.

The day to day administration of the charity is dealt with by Howes Percival. Trustee Morris Peacock is a partner of Howes Percival.

f. Conflict of interest policy statement

The Trustees are fully aware of the need for transparency and the need to avoid conflicts of interest and have considered the Charity Commission guidance on these issues. It is considered appropriate to provide specific comment on two areas of potential conflict of interest as follows.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Structure, governance and management (continued)

Morris Peacock is a partner in Howes Percival LLP and the firm is therefore a related party of the Trustees. In all matters relating to the engagement of Howes Percival LLP to provide services to the Trust and relating to the payment of their costs, Morris Peacock absents himself from the decision making process, which is undertaken solely by the other Trustees. Howes Percival provides very detailed narrative in support of their invoices which are considered by the other three Trustees. All invoices are approved by the other three Trustees before they are authorised for payment. Morris Peacock takes no part in Trustees' discussions concerning the continued engagement of Howes Percival LLP as the Trust administrators and legal advisers and does not charge the Trust for the time he spends dealing with the Trust's affairs. The fees charged therefore solely relate to the administration of the Trust.

Note 14 to the financial statements gives full detail of related party transactions in the year ended 05 April 2025.

g. Risk policy statement

The day-to-day administration of the Trust is dealt with by Howes Percival LLP a firm of solicitors, and is therefore subject to scrutiny by the Solicitors Regulation Authority.

The correspondent Trustee, Morris Peacock, is supported by an experienced trust team at Howes Percival LLP, including members of The Society of Trust & Estate Practitioners. Morris is subject to the regulation by the Solicitors' Regulation Authority as a partner in Howes Percival LLP. Howes Percival LLP holds ISO 9001 Quality Management UKAS accredited certification.

Potential areas of risk have been identified and the Trustees' policy in regard to each is stated as follows:

1. Client accounts are internally controlled and are regulated in accordance with the Solicitors' Regulation Authority Accounts Rules. Under those Rules, Howes Percival LLP is obliged to restrict the use of the Trust's client account for holding funds for the Trust and has a policy of clearing such money unless there are specific reasons why it should be held.
2. All bank accounts are subject to the signatures of at least two Trustees. The accounts with Barclays include all of the present Trustees as account holders and all transactions must bear the signature of at least two Trustees. Under the Solicitors' Regulation Authority Accounts Rules, copies of bank statements for all accounts of Trusts of which a partner in a firm of solicitors is a Trustee must be held on the file and must be open to inspection.
3. The Trust holds two listed investment portfolios, one with Barratt & Cooke Limited and the other with Barclays Wealth. These are held in the nominee names of Barratt & Cooke Limited and Barclays Wealth respectively and are managed on a discretionary basis. The Trustees monitor the investment portfolio half yearly, review investment performance regularly and meet periodically with the stockbrokers for reports and discussions. The Barratt & Cooke investment policy is Low Medium Risk and the Trustees have agreed with Barratt & Cooke that the PIMFA Balanced Index provides the appropriate benchmark. Barratt & Cooke are aware that the terms of the Trust allow a total return approach. The Barclays Wealth investment policy is Moderate Risk and Barclays Wealth use a "blended benchmark" for comparative purposes, using weighted proportions of various investment funds to achieve a comparative return deemed to be appropriate given the Trustees' investment objectives.
4. The Trustees do not invest in unquoted equities or Loan Notes. During the economic downturn, the Trustees sought diversification from the exposure of their assets totally to the stock markets and engaged Barclays Wealth to recommend structured products with a view to a defensive strategy for part of the Trust Fund. The structured products provided some protection against market risk and were the subject of specific investment advice. No structured products are currently held but the Trustees may

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Structure, governance and management (continued)

take advice on further such products as part of their investment policy.

5. All distributions are made on the decision of the Trustees and are only made to other charities or through or under the auspices of bodies which are legally charitable. Graham Tuttle has represented the Trust at meetings of the Norwich & District Funders' Forum which has provided insight into and intelligence relating to various major projects which have been the subject of applications to the Trustees for funding.
6. Some Trustees are involved with other charities in Norfolk. In regard to applications by those charities where there is any potential conflict of interest (however small), the relevant Trustee takes no part in decisions relating to possible donations. This conforms with the Trustees' Conflicts of Interest Policy.

Plans for future periods

The Trust provides very substantial benefit to charitable bodies and through them public benefit to the wider community in the Trustees' geographical area. This can only be maintained if the Trust has solid capital foundations from which to earn income and future growth. The Trustees' policy will be to maintain the strength of the Trust as a grant making charity through sound investment management. The Trust does not raise funds from outside sources so growth can only be achieved by these means. In accordance with the governing document of the Trust, the Trustees can use capital as well as income for its purposes so capital growth is a reasonable investment aim for the Trustees.

The policy in regard to grant applications will continue as already stated. The Trustees will particularly encourage projects where funding from sources outside the Norfolk economy will be attracted as a result of local support. Examples of this are charities seeking matched funding to qualify for grants from bodies such as the Heritage Lottery Fund and other Government matched funding opportunities.

Through continued participation in the Norwich & District Grant Funders' Forum, the Trustees will be able to identify projects which have not applied to the Trust for support where the Trustees feel that they could provide financial assistance and will be able to identify projects which have applied but have limited prospects of being achieved. The Forum also enables the Trustees to identify projects which are not sufficiently well planned and which are unlikely to gain sufficient support to succeed.

The Trustees will continue to work with the Norfolk Community Foundation on projects and funding where the Trustees believe that it is appropriate to do so and where the public benefit which will result from the use of the Trust's funds in this way is sufficiently identifiable.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England & Wales requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charity and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Charity will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the Trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Trustees at the time when this Trustees' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that Trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware, and
- that Trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Larking Gowen LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The designated Trustees will propose a motion reappointing the auditors at a meeting of the Trustees.

Approved by order of the members of the board of Trustees and signed on their behalf by:



Morris Peacock

(Trustee)

Date: 03 December 2025

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Paul Bassham Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 5 April 2025 which comprise the Statement of financial activities, the Balance sheet, the Statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the accounts to provide a true and fair view in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 5 April 2025 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. The Trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustees' report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' responsibilities statement, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Based on our understanding of the trust and sector in which it operates, we identified the principle risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to charitable trusts and the application of charitable funds. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Charities Act 2011. We evaluated managements incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements and determined the principal risks were related to management bias in accounting estimates.

In a response to these risks, audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Discussions with management of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud.
- Reviewing minutes of trustee meetings.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the further removed non compliance of laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement relating to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST (CONTINUED)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Larking Gowen LLP

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors

1st Floor, Prospect House

Rouen Road

Norwich

NR1 1RE

Date: 9 December 2025

Larking Gowen LLP are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025**

	Note	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Endowment funds 2025 £	Total funds 2025 £	Total funds 2024 £
Income and endowments from:					
Investments	3	425,398	-	425,398	401,704
Total income and endowments		425,398	-	425,398	401,704
Expenditure on:					
Investment manager fees		-	23,112	23,112	21,256
Charitable activities		507,169	-	507,169	786,751
Total expenditure		507,169	23,112	530,281	808,007
Net expenditure		(81,771)	(23,112)	(104,883)	(406,303)
Transfers between funds		81,771	(81,771)	-	-
Net movement in funds before other recognised gains/(losses)		-	(104,883)	(104,883)	(406,303)
Other recognised gains/(losses):					
(Losses)/gains on revaluation of fixed assets		-	(516,211)	(516,211)	602,074
Net movement in funds		-	(621,094)	(621,094)	195,771
Reconciliation of funds:					
Total funds brought forward		10,000	14,548,464	14,558,464	14,362,693
Net movement in funds		-	(621,094)	(621,094)	195,771
Total funds carried forward		10,000	13,927,370	13,937,370	14,558,464

The Statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.


The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 5 APRIL 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	8	13,787,187	14,092,678
Current assets			
Debtors	9	70,827	63,135
Cash at bank and in hand		110,636	434,055
		<u>181,463</u>	<u>497,190</u>
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(31,280)	(31,404)
		<u>150,183</u>	<u>465,786</u>
Net current assets			
		<u>13,937,370</u>	<u>14,558,464</u>
Total net assets			
		<u>13,937,370</u>	<u>14,558,464</u>
Charity funds			
Endowment funds		13,927,370	14,548,464
Unrestricted funds		10,000	10,000
		<u>13,937,370</u>	<u>14,558,464</u>
Total funds			
		<u>13,937,370</u>	<u>14,558,464</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees and signed on their behalf by:


Morris Peacock
(Trustee)


Patrick Harris
(Trustee)


Graham Tuttle
(Trustee)
Date: 03 December 2025


Kimberley Grazyna
(Trustee)

The notes on pages 17 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

1. General information

The Paul Bassham Charitable Trust is an unincorporated charity registered in England and Wales governed by a Trust Deed dated 12 December 1973, charity number 266842. The registered office is Howes Percival LLP, Flint Buildings, 1 Bedding Lane, Norwich, NR3 1RG.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared to give a 'true and fair' view and have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a 'true and fair' view. This departure has involved following the Charities SORP (FRS 102) published in October 2019 rather than the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice effective from 1 April 2005 which has since been withdrawn.

The Paul Bassham Charitable Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the Charity, and rounded to the nearest £.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The Trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern. With respect to the foreseeable future, the most significant uncertainty that affects the carrying value of assets held by the Trust are the level of investment return and the performance of investment markets (see the investment policy and performance and risk management sections of the Trustees' Annual Report for more information). The Trustees consider that the level of assets held by the Charity mean that it can absorb any reasonable fluctuations in performance without issue.

2.3 Income

All income is recognised once the Charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the bank. Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due. This is normally upon notification by the investment advisor of the dividend yield of the investment portfolio.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses including support costs and governance cost are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure headings.

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in the furtherance of the charitable objects of the Trust. Grants are recognised as expenditure in the year in which they are approved by Trustees. Grants which are unpaid at the year-end are carried forward as creditors

Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure incurred by the Charity to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the Charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

2.5 Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the Charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the institution with whom the funds are deposited.

2.6 Investments

Quoted investments are stated at fair value (being their bid price).

Fixed asset investments are a form of financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction cost and subsequently measured at fair value at the Balance sheet date, unless the value cannot be measured reliably in which case it is measured at cost less impairment. Investment gains and losses, whether realised or unrealised, are combined and presented as 'Gains/(Losses) on investments' in the Statement of financial activities.

The Trust does not acquire put options, derivatives or other complex financial statements.

The main form of financial risk faced by the charity is that of volatility in equity markets and investment markets due to wider economic conditions, the attitude of investors to investment risk, and changes in sentiment concerning equities within a particular sector or sub-sector.

2.7 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

2.8 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the Charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of financial activities as a finance cost.

2.10 Financial instruments

The Charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

2.11 Fund accounting

The endowment of the charity is an expendable endowment, which is regularly reviewed and maintained by the Trustees. The Trust Deed allows this fund to be spent as income or retained as capital at the Trustees' discretion. The income arising from the expendable endowment is unrestricted.

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the Charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Investment income, gains and losses are allocated to the appropriate fund.

3. Investment income

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Total funds 2025 £
Income from listed investments	420,933	420,933
Interest on cash deposits	4,465	4,465
	<u>425,398</u>	<u>425,398</u>

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025**

3. Investment income (continued)

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2024 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2024 £</i>
Income from listed investments	398,286	398,286
Interest on cash deposits	3,418	3,418
	<u>401,704</u>	<u>401,704</u>

4. Analysis of grants

	Grants to Institutions 2025 £	Total funds 2025 £
Grants payable	<u>428,012</u>	<u>428,012</u>

	<i>Grants to Institutions 2024 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2024 £</i>
Grants payable	<u>706,716</u>	<u>706,716</u>

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025**

The Charity has made the following material grants to institutions during the year:

	2025 £	2024 £
Name of institution		
Age UK	-	3,000
Big C Cancer Charity	5,000	25,000
Dereham Baptist Church	5,000	-
Eating Matters	5,000	5,000
Fresh Start New Beginnings	-	5,000
Frozen Light	-	10,000
Future Projects	-	5,000
Hope for Tomorrow	5,000	-
The Matthew Project	5,000	25,000
Musical Keys	-	5,000
Nansa	-	10,000
Nelson's Journey	-	25,000
Norfolk and Norwich Festival	7,500	7,500
Norwich Door to Door	-	10,000
Norwich School, Norfolk Summer School	-	5,000
Norwich Men's Shed	-	10,000
Norfolk Community Law Service	5,000	-
RNAA/ Food & Farming Discovery Trust	25,000	-
Save Our Spaniels	5,000	5,000
Stepping Stones	-	5,000
Sunflower School Club	-	5,000
Sheringham Woodfields School	-	10,000
St Edmunds Society	-	5,000
The British Heart Foundation	-	1,000
The Feed	5,000	10,000
The Garage	-	2,000
The Hamlet Centre Trust	-	25,000
The Magdalene Group	-	5,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	72,500	223,500
Other grants to institutions (under £5,000)	355,512	304,216
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	428,012	527,716
	<hr/>	<hr/>

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025**

5. Analysis of expenditure by activities

	Grant funding of activities 2025 £	Support costs 2025 £	Total funds 2025 £
Grants payable	428,012	79,157	507,169

	<i>Grant funding of activities 2024 £</i>	<i>Support costs 2024 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2024 £</i>
Grants payable	706,716	80,035	786,751

Analysis of support costs

	Grants payable 2025 £	Total funds 2025 £
Management fees	66,510	66,510
Audit & accountancy	12,647	12,647
	<u>79,157</u>	<u>79,157</u>

	<i>Grants payable 2024 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2024 £</i>
Management fees	69,276	69,276
Audit & accountancy	10,759	10,759
	<u>80,035</u>	<u>80,035</u>

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

6. Auditors' remuneration

	2025 £	2024 £
Fees payable to the Charity's auditor for the audit of the Charity's annual accounts	11,340	9,978

7. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no Trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2024 - £NIL).

During the year ended 5 April 2025, no Trustee expenses have been incurred (2024 - £NIL).

8. Fixed asset investments

	Listed investments £
Cost or valuation	
At 6 April 2024	14,042,009
Additions	1,910,681
Disposals	(1,792,876)
Revaluations	(516,211)
Cash held at brokers	143,584
At 5 April 2025	13,787,187
Net book value	
At 5 April 2025	13,787,187
At 5 April 2024	14,042,009

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

8. Fixed asset investments (continued)

The historic cost of the listed investments (excluding cash held at brokers) was £12,342,354 (2024: £12,029,542).

Investments in equities and fixed interest securities are all traded in quoted public markets, primarily the London Stock Exchange. Holdings in common investment funds, unit trusts and open-ended investment companies are at the bid price. The basis of fair value for quoted investments is equivalent to the market value, using the bid price. Asset sales and purchases are recognised at the date of trade at cost (that is their transaction value).

One holding was above 5% of the whole portfolio, being the Barclays Charity Fund - R, with a closing market value of £6,770,628 (2024: £6,672,177).

The portfolio was invested as follows:

	2025 %	2024 %
Gilts	9	7
Bonds	1	1
Unit trusts	51	49
Equities	38	43
Cash	1	-
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

9. Debtors

	2025 £	2024 £
Due within one year		
Prepayments and accrued income	70,827	63,135
	<u>70,827</u>	<u>63,135</u>

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025**

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	31,280	31,404

11. Financial instruments

	2025	2024
	£	£
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure	13,787,187	14,092,678

Financial assets measured at fair value through income and expenditure comprise listed investments.

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025**

12. Summary of funds

Summary of funds - current year

	Balance at 6 April 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers in/out £	Gains/ (Losses) £	Balance at 5 April 2025 £
General funds	10,000	425,398	(507,169)	81,771	-	10,000
Endowment funds	14,548,464	-	(23,112)	(81,771)	(516,211)	13,927,370
	<u>14,558,464</u>	<u>425,398</u>	<u>(530,281)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(516,211)</u>	<u>13,937,370</u>

The unrestricted income fund comprises those funds which the Trustees are free to use in accordance with the charitable objects.

The expendable endowment fund consists of funds provided by way of donation to the capital of the trust, principally comprising investments. The fund may be used in accordance with the charitable objects. Income arising on the expendable endowment fund can be used in accordance with the objects of the charity and is included in unrestricted income. Any capital gains or losses arising on the investments form part of the fund.

Summary of funds - prior year

	Balance at 1 April 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers in/out £	Gains/ (Losses) £	Balance at 5 April 2024 £
General funds	22,000	401,704	(786,751)	373,047	-	10,000
Endowment funds	14,340,693	-	(21,256)	(373,047)	602,074	14,548,464
	<u>14,362,693</u>	<u>401,704</u>	<u>(808,007)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>602,074</u>	<u>14,558,464</u>

13. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current year

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Endowment funds 2025 £	Total funds 2025 £
Fixed asset investments	-	13,787,187	13,787,187
Current assets	41,280	140,183	181,463
Creditors due within one year	(31,280)	-	(31,280)
Total	<u>10,000</u>	<u>13,927,370</u>	<u>13,937,370</u>

THE PAUL BASSHAM CHARITABLE TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

13. Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior year

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2024 £</i>	<i>Endowment funds 2024 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2024 £</i>
Fixed asset investments	-	14,092,678	14,092,678
Current assets	41,404	455,786	497,190
Creditors due within one year	(31,404)	-	(31,404)
Total	10,000	14,548,464	14,558,464

14. Related party transactions

Morris Peacock is a partner at Howes Percival LLP. The firm was paid £66,510 in respect of management charges for the Trust (2024 £69,276). As at 5 April 2025 £nil (2024: £nil) was due to Howes Percival LLP.

Graham Tuttle is a trustee of Red House Youth Trust. During the year, £nil (2024: £2,000) of grants were paid across to Red House Youth Trust in line with the conflict of interest policy described in the Trustees report he did not participate in the decision to award the grant. At 5 April 2025 £nil (2024: £2,000) was due to Red House Youth Trust.