

MABEL COOPER CHARITY

England & Wales · Charity number 264621

Details

Status Registered

Legal form Trust

Registered 1972-11-16

Register [View on the Charity Commission register](#)

Contact

Address Middle Manor
Lascot Hill
Wedmore
BS28 4AF

Phone 01934712102

Activities

Objects: TO OT TOWARDS OR FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OR IN FURTHERANCE OF SUCH CHARITABLE PURPOSES OR CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS AND IN SUCH MANNER AND IN SUCH PROPORTIONS AS THE TRUSTEES MAY FROM TIME TO TIME IN THE TRUSTEES ABSOLUTE DISCRETION DETERMINE.

Activities: Support of charitable projects approved by the Trustees in accordance with the Trust deed.

Classification

- **How:** Makes Grants To Organisations
- **What:** General Charitable Purposes
- **Who:** The General Public/mankind

Geography

- Throughout England And Wales

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2025-06-30	£314,387	£300,995	-	-
2024-06-30	£257,525	£153,954	-	-
2023-06-30	£184,528	£154,630	-	-
2022-06-30	£287,253	£147,982	-	-
2021-06-30	£127,363	£125,087	-	-
2020-06-30	£395,727	£110,062	-	-

Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
ALISON BARRETT		2011-09-02
DAVID JOHN HARBOTTLE		
IAN HARBOTTLE		

MABEL COOPER CHARITY

England & Wales - Charity number 264621

Accounts

Charity registration number: 264621

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

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Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Mr I A Harbottle Mrs P A Barrett Mr D J Harbottle
Charity Registration Number	264621
Principal Office	Middle Manor Lascot Hill Wedmore Somerset
Auditor	Fuller & Roper Limited Chartered Accounts and Statutory Auditors 12 Old Mills Industrial Estate Paulton Bristol BS39 7SU
Investment manager	Quilter Cheviot Three Temple Quay Temple Way Bristol BS1 6DZ
Bankers	Bank Of Scotland Plc Po Box 17235 Edinburgh EH11 1YH

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

The trustees present the annual report together with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 30 June 2025. The trustees have adopted the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" in preparing the annual report and financial statements of the charity.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in notes to the accounts and comply with the charity's trust deed, the Charities Act 2011 and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published in October 2019.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The object of the charity is to support charitable projects that are approved by the Trustees in accordance with the Trust Deed. It is the Trustees general policy to distribute all of the income of the fund in each year, where possible.

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not carry out fundraising activities, instead it relies on income generated from its investments to fund its activities.

Public benefit

The main activity of the charity is that of giving grants to other charitable entities. The giving of these grants helps to further the charity's purposes for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Grant making policies

The Trustees have ultimate collective responsibility for all grant making decisions in line with the charity's charitable purposes. Grants are normally only considered on receipt of a formal application via an appropriate institution. Grants are awarded entirely at the discretion of the Trustees and their decision is final.

Achievements and performance

The charity has generated income from its investments during the year, from which it has awarded grants totalling £271,000 (2024 - £126,000) to other charitable institutions.

During the year the charity generated £314,387 (2024 - £257,525) of investment income. This figure is made up of dividends received of £115,953 (2024 - £106,409), realised gains on disposal of investments of £195,866 (2024 - £146,396) and deposit interest received of £2,568 (2024 - £4,270).

Financial review

Policy on reserves

At the year end date the charity had unrestricted funds of £6,757,625 (2024 - £6,617,600). The level of funds in reserve is monitored and reviewed by the trustees annually and at present are considered adequate for the requirements of the charity.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report (continued)

Investment policy and objectives

The trustees have a policy to generate a sustainable return to fund annual grant making whilst maintaining the capital value of the charity's assets. During the year the charity realised gains of £195,866 (2024 - £146,396) to support the charity's grant making activities.

The charity's investment objective is to produce the best financial return possible within an acceptable level of risk. As of the year end date, the charity's investment performance was in line with this objectives.

Plans for future periods

The trustees intend to continue the charity's grant-making activity.

Trustees and officers

The trustees and officers serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

Trustees:	Mr I A Harbottle
	Mrs P A Barrett
	Mr D J Harbottle

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity was established by a trust deed dated 27 June 1972. The charity's registration number is 264621.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The power to appoint and remove Trustees rests with the existing Trustees. On agreeing to become a Trustee of the charity, the Trustees are thoroughly briefed by the existing Trustees on the constitution of the charity, the day-to-day management, responsibilities of the Trustees, the current objectives and future plans.

Organisational structure

The charity is controlled by the Trustees who take all decisions in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Major risks and management of those risks

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and believe that effective systems and controls have been established to mitigate those risks.

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

The law applicable to charities requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report (continued)

- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, and the provisions of the constitution. The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on and signed on its behalf by:

28-4-2026



Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2025, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2025 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Report) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 3 and 4), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (continued)

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures to respond to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis to our opinion.

We have identified and assess the potential risks related to irregularities, including fraud, by:

- Making enquiries of the trustees regarding the compliance with laws and regulations, the detection of and response to the risk of fraud and any knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We also discussed the controls in place to mitigate fraud risks or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework in which the company operates. The key laws and regulations are considered to be the Charities Act 2011 and UKGAAP, specifically the Charities SORP.

We have responded to risks identified by performing procedures including the following:

- Making enquiries of the trustees concerning compliance with the relevant laws and regulations discussed above;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships which may indicate risks of misstatement due to fraud; and
- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation;

We have also considered the risk of fraud through management override of controls by:

- Testing a sample of journal entries for appropriateness; and
- Assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the trustees those matters we are required to state to trustees in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

**Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust
(continued)**

Simon Roper

.....

Simon Roper (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Fuller & Roper Limited, Statutory Auditor

12 Old Mills Industrial Estate
Paulton
Bristol
BS39 7SU

28 Apr 2026
Date:.....

Fuller & Roper Limited is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2025 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	314,387	314,387
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(25,036)	(25,036)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(275,959)</u>	<u>(275,959)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(300,995)</u>	<u>(300,995)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>128,330</u>	<u>128,330</u>
Net income		141,722	141,722
Other recognised gains and losses			
Other gains/losses		<u>(1,697)</u>	<u>(1,697)</u>
Net movement in funds		140,025	140,025
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>6,617,600</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>
Total funds carried forward	15	<u><u>6,757,625</u></u>	<u><u>6,757,625</u></u>
	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2024 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	257,525	257,525
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(23,226)	(23,226)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(130,728)</u>	<u>(130,728)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(153,954)</u>	<u>(153,954)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>630,040</u>	<u>630,040</u>
Net income		733,611	733,611
Other recognised gains and losses			
Other gains/losses		<u>(1,286)</u>	<u>(1,286)</u>
Net movement in funds		732,325	732,325
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>
Total funds carried forward	15	<u><u>6,617,600</u></u>	<u><u>6,617,600</u></u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The funds breakdown for 2024 is shown in note 15.

The notes on pages 11 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

(Registration number: 264621)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	11	6,594,818	6,505,966
Current assets			
Debtors	12	9,902	9,579
Cash at bank and in hand	13	<u>157,867</u>	<u>106,783</u>
		167,769	116,362
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	14	<u>(4,962)</u>	<u>(4,728)</u>
Net current assets		<u>162,807</u>	<u>111,634</u>
Net assets		<u>6,757,625</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		<u>6,757,625</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>
Total funds	15	<u>6,757,625</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>

The financial statements on pages 9 to 18 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on ~~29.06.2026~~ and signed on their behalf by:



Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of investments which are included at market value, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity and rounded to the nearest £1.

Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Income and endowments

Investment income

Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Grant provisions

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are included at market value at the balance sheet date. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their market value at the start of the year, or their subsequent cost, and are charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period of disposal.

Unrealised gains and losses represent the movement in market values during the year and are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Activities based on the market value at the year end.

Debtors

Accrued income is calculated as the sum of dividend income earned on investments, but not received by the charity, at the balance sheet date.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Creditors are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors are recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

2 Investment income

	Unrestricted	Total	Total
	General	2025	2024
	£	£	£
Income from listed investments;			
Dividends and interest receivable from other listed investments	115,953	115,953	106,409
Interest receivable and similar income;			
Interest receivable on cash deposits	2,568	2,568	4,720
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	195,866	195,866	146,396
	314,387	314,387	257,525

3 Expenditure on raising funds

a) Investment management costs

	Unrestricted	Total	Total
	funds	2025	2024
	General	£	£
	£	£	£
Other investment management costs;			
Portfolio management costs	25,036	25,036	23,226
	25,036	25,036	23,226

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

		Unrestricted	Total	Total
		General	2025	2024
		£	£	£
Grant funding of activities	6	271,000	271,000	126,000
Governance costs	5	4,959	4,959	4,728
		275,959	275,959	130,728

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

5 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2025 £	Total 2024 £
Audit fees			
Audit of the financial statements	4,959	4,959	4,728

6 Grant-making

Analysis of grants

	Grants to institutions	
	2025 £	2024 £
Analysis		
Health and wellbeing	214,500	86,000
Homelessness	25,000	27,500
Animal welfare	5,000	7,500
Environmental	-	2,500
Offender support	22,500	2,500
Community transport	4,000	-
	<u>271,000</u>	<u>126,000</u>

The support costs associated with grant-making are £Nil (30 June 2024 - £Nil).

Included within the grants to institutions is a single grant made to Oxford Hospitals Charity of £122,000. Also included with the grants to institutions are individual grants of £10,000 each made to two offender support charities, four health and wellbeing charities and one homelessness charity.

One institution was awarded two grants during the year, and all other institutions were awarded one grant by the charity during the year. The only grant to institutions considered material to either total grants made, or total charity expenditure, in isolation, was the grant to Oxford Hospitals Charity.

7 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

8 Staff costs

The charity had no employees during the current or previous period.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

9 Auditors' remuneration

	2025 £	2024 £
Audit of the financial statements	4,959	4,728

10 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

11 Fixed asset investments

	2025 £	2024 £
Other investments	6,594,818	6,505,966

Other investments

	Listed investments £	Total £
Cost or Valuation		
At 1 July 2024	6,505,966	6,505,966
Additions	1,221,159	1,221,159
Disposals	(1,260,637)	(1,260,637)
Revaluation	128,330	128,330
At 30 June 2025	6,594,818	6,594,818
Net book value		
At 30 June 2025	6,594,818	6,594,818
At 30 June 2024	6,505,966	6,505,966

The charity's investments comprise of funds managed by LGT Wealth Management, M&G and a portfolio managed by Quilter Cheviot. All investments are shown at market value at the year end date.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

12 Debtors

	2025 £	2024 £
Accrued dividend income	<u>9,902</u>	<u>9,579</u>

13 Cash and cash equivalents

	2025 £	2024 £
Cash at bank	<u>157,867</u>	<u>106,783</u>

14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Accruals	<u>4,962</u>	<u>4,728</u>

15 Funds

	Balance at 1 July 2024 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2025 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>6,617,600</u>	<u>314,387</u>	<u>(300,995)</u>	<u>126,633</u>	<u>6,757,625</u>

	Balance at 1 July 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2024 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>257,525</u>	<u>(153,954)</u>	<u>628,754</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2025 (continued)

16 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2025 £
Fixed asset investments	6,594,818	6,594,818
Current assets	167,769	167,769
Current liabilities	(4,962)	(4,962)
Total net assets	<u>6,757,625</u>	<u>6,757,625</u>

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2024 £
Fixed asset investments	6,505,966	6,505,966
Current assets	116,362	116,362
Current liabilities	(4,728)	(4,728)
Total net assets	<u>6,617,600</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>

17 Related party transactions

No related party transactions were undertaken in the current or previous years.

MABEL COOPER CHARITY

England & Wales - Charity number 264621

Accounts

Charity registration number: 264621

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2024

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

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Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Mr I A Harbottle Mrs P A Barrett Mr D J Harbottle
Charity Registration Number	264621
Principal Office	Middle Manor Lascot Hill Wedmore Somerset
Auditor	Fuller & Roper Limited Chartered Accounts and Statutory Auditors 12 Old Mills Industrial Estate Paulton Bristol BS39 7SU
Investment manager	Quilter Cheviot Three Temple Quay Temple Way Bristol BS1 6DZ
Bankers	Bank Of Scotland Plc Po Box 17235 Edinburgh EH11 1YH

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

The trustees present the annual report together with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 30 June 2024. The trustees have adopted the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" in preparing the annual report and financial statements of the charity.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in notes to the accounts and comply with the charity's trust deed, the Charities Act 2011 and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published in October 2019.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The object of the charity is to support charitable projects that are approved by the Trustees in accordance with the Trust Deed. It is the Trustees general policy to distribute all of the income of the fund in each year, where possible.

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not carry out fundraising activities, instead it relies on income generated from its investments to fund its activities.

Public benefit

The main activity of the charity is that of giving grants to other charitable entities. The giving of these grants helps to further the charity's purposes for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Grant making policies

The Trustees have ultimate collective responsibility for all grant making decisions in line with the charity's charitable purposes. Grants are normally only considered on receipt of a formal application via an appropriate institution. Grants are awarded entirely at the discretion of the Trustees and their decision is final.

Achievements and performance

The charity has generated income from its investments during the year, from which it has awarded grants totalling £126,000 (2023 - £127,500) to other charitable institutions.

During the year the charity generated £257,525 (2023 - £184,528) of investment income. This figure is made up of dividends received of £106,409 (2023 - £95,242), realised gains on disposal of investments of £146,396 (2023 - £89,286) and deposit interest received of £4,270 (2023 - £nil).

Financial review

Policy on reserves

At the year end date the charity had unrestricted funds of £6,617,600 (2023 - £5,885,275). The level of funds in reserve is monitored and reviewed by the trustees annually and at present are considered adequate for the requirements of the charity.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report (continued)

Investment policy and objectives

The trustees have a policy to generate a sustainable return to fund annual grant making whilst maintaining the capital value of the charity's assets. During the year the charity realised gains of £146,396 (2023 - £89,286) to support the charity's grant making activities.

The charity's investment objective is to produce the best financial return possible within an acceptable level of risk. As of the year end date, the charity's investment performance was in line with this objectives.

Plans for future periods

The trustees intend to continue the charity's grant-making activity.

Trustees and officers

The trustees and officers serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

Trustees:	Mr I A Harbottle
	Mrs P A Barrett
	Mr D J Harbottle

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity was established by a trust deed dated 27 June 1972. The charity's registration number is 264621.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The power to appoint and remove Trustees rests with the existing Trustees. On agreeing to become a Trustee of the charity, the Trustees are thoroughly briefed by the existing Trustees on the constitution of the charity, the day-to-day management, responsibilities of the Trustees, the current objectives and future plans.

Organisational structure

The charity is controlled by the Trustees who take all decisions in accordance with the Trust Deed.

Major risks and management of those risks

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and believe that effective systems and controls have been established to mitigate those risks.

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

The law applicable to charities requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report (continued)

- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, and the provisions of the constitution. The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on and signed on its behalf by:

30-4-25



Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2024, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Report) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 3 and 4), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (continued)

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures to respond to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis to our opinion.

We have identified and assess the potential risks related to irregularities, including fraud, by:

- Making enquiries of the trustees regarding the compliance with laws and regulations, the detection of and response to the risk of fraud and any knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We also discussed the controls in place to mitigate fraud risks or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework in which the company operates. The key laws and regulations are considered to be the Charities Act 2011 and UKGAAP, specifically the Charities SORP.

We have responded to risks identified by performing procedures including the following:

- Making enquiries of the trustees concerning compliance with the relevant laws and regulations discussed above;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships which may indicate risks of misstatement due to fraud; and
- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation;

We have also considered the risk of fraud through management override of controls by:

- Testing a sample of journal entries for appropriateness; and
- Assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

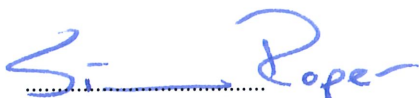
A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the trustees those matters we are required to state to trustees in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

**Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust
(continued)**



.....
Simon Roper (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Fuller & Roper Limited, Statutory Auditor

12 Old Mills Industrial Estate
Paulton
Bristol
BS39 7SU

Date: 30/4/25.....

Fuller & Roper Limited is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2024 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	257,525	257,525
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(23,226)	(23,226)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(130,728)</u>	<u>(130,728)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(153,954)</u>	<u>(153,954)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>630,040</u>	<u>630,040</u>
Net income		733,611	733,611
Other recognised gains and losses			
Other gains/losses		<u>(1,286)</u>	<u>(1,286)</u>
Net movement in funds		732,325	732,325
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>
Total funds carried forward	15	<u><u>6,617,600</u></u>	<u><u>6,617,600</u></u>
	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	184,528	184,528
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(22,570)	(22,570)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(132,060)</u>	<u>(132,060)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(154,630)</u>	<u>(154,630)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>19,912</u>	<u>19,912</u>
Net movement in funds		49,810	49,810
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>
Total funds carried forward	15	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The funds breakdown for 2023 is shown in note 15.


The notes on pages 11 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

(Registration number: 264621)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	11	6,505,966	5,638,651
Current assets			
Debtors	12	9,579	8,381
Cash at bank and in hand	13	<u>106,783</u>	<u>242,743</u>
		116,362	251,124
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	14	<u>(4,728)</u>	<u>(4,500)</u>
Net current assets		<u>111,634</u>	<u>246,624</u>
Net assets		<u>6,617,600</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		<u>6,617,600</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>
Total funds	15	<u>6,617,600</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>

The financial statements on pages 9 to 18 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on ~~30-4-25~~ and signed on their behalf by:


.....
Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of investments which are included at market value, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity and rounded to the nearest £1.

Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Income and endowments

Investment income

Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Grant provisions

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are included at market value at the balance sheet date. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their market value at the start of the year, or their subsequent cost, and are charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period of disposal.

Unrealised gains and losses represent the movement in market values during the year and are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Activities based on the market value at the year end.

Debtors

Accrued income is calculated as the sum of dividend income earned on investments, but not received by the charity, at the balance sheet date.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Creditors

Creditors are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors are recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

2 Investment income

	Unrestricted General £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Income from listed investments;			
Dividends and interest receivable from other listed investments	106,409	106,409	95,242
Interest receivable and similar income;			
Interest receivable on cash deposits	4,720	4,720	-
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	146,396	146,396	89,286
	257,525	257,525	184,528

3 Expenditure on raising funds

a) Investment management costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Other investment management costs;			
Portfolio management costs	23,226	23,226	22,570
	23,226	23,226	22,570

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

		Unrestricted General £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Grant funding of activities	6	126,000	126,000	127,500
Governance costs	5	4,728	4,728	4,560
		130,728	130,728	132,060

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

5 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Audit fees			
Audit of the financial statements	4,728	4,728	4,560

6 Grant-making

Analysis of grants

	Grants to institutions	
	2024 £	2023 £
Analysis		
Health and wellbeing	86,000	76,000
Homelessness	27,500	36,500
Animal welfare	7,500	4,500
Environmental	2,500	3,000
Offender support	2,500	7,500
	126,000	127,500

The support costs associated with grant-making are £Nil (30 June 2023 - £Nil).

Included within the grants to institutions are individual amounts granted to two homelessness charities of £10,000 each and one grant of £7,500 another homelessness charity. A health and wellbeing charity was awarded one grant of £10,000, and two other health and wellbeing charities were awarded individual grants of £7,500 each.

No institutions were awarded more than one grant by the charity during the year. None of the individual grants to institutions were considered material to either total grants made, or total charity expenditure, in isolation.

7 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

8 Staff costs

The charity had no employees during the current or previous period.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

9 Auditors' remuneration

	2024 £	2023 £
Audit of the financial statements	<u>4,728</u>	<u>4,560</u>

10 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

11 Fixed asset investments

	2024 £	2023 £
Other investments	<u>6,505,966</u>	<u>5,638,651</u>

Other investments

	Listed investments £	Total £
Cost or Valuation		
At 1 July 2023	5,638,651	5,638,651
Additions	1,203,293	1,203,293
Disposals	(966,018)	(966,018)
Revaluation	<u>630,040</u>	<u>630,040</u>
At 30 June 2024	<u>6,505,966</u>	<u>6,505,966</u>
Net book value		
At 30 June 2024	<u>6,505,966</u>	<u>6,505,966</u>
At 30 June 2023	<u>5,638,651</u>	<u>5,638,651</u>

The charity's investments comprise of funds managed by LGT Wealth Management, M&G and a portfolio managed by Quilter Cheviot. All investments are shown at market value at the year end date.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

12 Debtors

	2024 £	2023 £
Accrued dividend income	<u>9,579</u>	<u>8,381</u>

13 Cash and cash equivalents

	2024 £	2023 £
Cash at bank	<u>106,783</u>	<u>242,743</u>

14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024 £	2023 £
Accruals	<u>4,728</u>	<u>4,500</u>

15 Funds

	Balance at 1 July 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2024 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>257,525</u>	<u>(153,954)</u>	<u>628,754</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>
	Balance at 1 July 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2023 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>184,528</u>	<u>(154,630)</u>	<u>19,912</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

16 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2024 £
Fixed asset investments	6,505,966	6,505,966
Current assets	116,362	116,362
Current liabilities	<u>(4,728)</u>	<u>(4,728)</u>
Total net assets	<u>6,617,600</u>	<u>6,617,600</u>

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2023 £
Fixed asset investments	5,638,651	5,638,651
Current assets	251,124	251,124
Current liabilities	<u>(4,500)</u>	<u>(4,500)</u>
Total net assets	<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>

17 Related party transactions

No related party transactions were undertaken in the current or previous years.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities by fund for the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Total Unrestricted Funds 2024 £	Total Unrestricted Funds 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Investment income	<u>257,525</u>	<u>184,528</u>
Total income	<u>257,525</u>	<u>184,528</u>
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds	(23,226)	(22,570)
Charitable activities	<u>(130,728)</u>	<u>(132,060)</u>
Total expenditure	(153,954)	(154,630)
Gains/losses on investment assets	<u>630,040</u>	<u>19,912</u>
Net income	733,611	49,810
Other recognised gains and losses		
Other gains/losses	<u>(1,286)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net movement in funds	732,325	49,810
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>
Total funds carried forward	<u><u>6,617,600</u></u>	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Investment income (analysed below)	257,525	184,528
Total income	257,525	184,528
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds (analysed below)	(23,226)	(22,570)
Charitable activities (analysed below)	(130,728)	(132,060)
Total expenditure	(153,954)	(154,630)
Gains/losses on investment assets (analysed below)	630,040	19,912
Net income	733,611	49,810
Other recognised gains and losses		
Other gains/losses (analysed below)	(1,286)	-
Net movement in funds	732,325	49,810
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	5,885,275	5,835,465
Total funds carried forward	6,617,600	5,885,275

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2024 (continued)

	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
<i>Investment income</i>		
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	146,396	89,286
Income from listed investments	106,409	95,242
Interest on cash deposits	4,720	-
	257,525	184,528
<i>Raising funds</i>		
Portfolio management costs	(23,226)	(22,570)
	(23,226)	(22,570)
<i>Charitable activities</i>		
Grants made	(126,000)	(127,500)
The audit of the charity's annual accounts	(4,728)	(4,560)
	(130,728)	(132,060)
<i>Gains/losses on investment assets</i>		
Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments	630,040	19,912
Other gains/losses		
Funds - Foreign currency translation	(1,286)	-
	(1,286)	-

MABEL COOPER CHARITY

England & Wales - Charity number 264621

Accounts

Charity registration number: 264621

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

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Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Mr I A Harbottle Mrs P A Barrett Mr D J Harbottle
Charity Registration Number	264621
Principal Office	Middle Manor Lascot Hill Wedmore Somerset
Auditor	Fuller & Roper Limited Chartered Accounts and Statutory Auditors 12 Old Mills Industrial Estate Paulton Bristol BS39 7SU
Investment manager	Quilter Cheviot Three Temple Quay Temple Way Bristol BS1 6DZ
Bankers	Bank Of Scotland Plc Po Box 17235 Edinburgh EH11 1YH

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

The trustees present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charity for the year ended 30 June 2023. The trustees have adopted the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" in preparing the annual report and financial statements of the charity.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in notes to the accounts and comply with the charity's trust deed, the Charities Act 2011 and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published in October 2019.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The object of the charity is to support charitable projects that are approved by the Trustees in accordance with the Trust Deed. It is the Trustees general policy to distribute all of the income of the fund in each year, where possible.

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not carry out fundraising activities, instead it relies on income generated from its investments to fund its activities.

During the year the charity generated £184,528 (2022 - £287,253) of investment income. This figure is made up of dividends received of £95,242 (2022 - £81,812), realised gains on disposal of investments of £89,286 (2022 - £205,194) and bank interest received of £nil (2022 - £247).

Public benefit

The main activity of the charity is that of giving grants to other charitable entities. The giving of these grants helps to further the charity's purposes for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Achievements and performance

The trustees meet regularly to select appropriate charities to which to make grants to. The giving of those grants helps to achieve the objectives set out above.

The charity has made charitable grants of £127,500 (2022 - £119,700) during the year and has continued to support a wide range of charitable causes.

The trustees are currently satisfied with the investment performance of the assets held by the charity.

Financial review

At the year end, the market value of investments, excluding bank balances, held by the charity was £5,638,651 (2022 -£5,549,605).

Details of the charity's fixed asset investments are described in note 10 to the financial statements.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report (continued)

Policy on reserves

At the year end date the charity had unrestricted funds of £5,885,275 (2022 - £5,835,465). The level of funds in reserve is monitored and reviewed by the trustees annually and at present are considered adequate for the requirements of the charity.

Investment policy and objectives

The trustees have a policy to generate a sustainable return to fund annual grant making whilst maintaining the capital value of the charity's assets. During the year the charity realised gains of £95,242 (2022 - £205,194) to support the charity's grant making activities.

The charity's investment objective is to produce the best financial return possible within an acceptable level of risk. As of the year end date, the charity's investment performance was in line with this objectives.

Plans for future periods

Aims and key objectives for future periods

The charity plans to continue the activity outlined above in the forthcoming years, subject to satisfactory funding arrangements.

Trustees and officers

The trustees and officers serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

Trustees:	Mr I A Harbottle
	Mrs P A Barrett
	Mr D J Harbottle

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity was established by a trust deed dated 27 June 1972. The charity's registration number is 264621.

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

The law applicable to charities requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report (continued)

- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

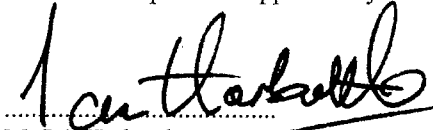
The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008, and the provisions of the constitution. The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on²⁵⁻⁴⁻²⁴ and signed on its behalf by:



.....
Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2023, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (continued)

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Report) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 3 and 4), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (continued)

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures to respond to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis to our opinion.

We have identified and assess the potential risks related to irregularities, including fraud, by:

- Making enquiries of the trustees regarding the compliance with laws and regulations, the detection of and response to the risk of fraud and any knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We also discussed the controls in place to mitigate fraud risks or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework in which the company operates. The key laws and regulations are considered to be the Charities Act 2011 and UKGAAP, specifically the Charities SORP.

We have responded to risks identified by performing procedures including the following:

- Making enquiries of the trustees concerning compliance with the relevant laws and regulations discussed above;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships which may indicate risks of misstatement due to fraud; and
- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation;

We have also considered the risk of fraud through management override of controls by:

- Testing a sample of journal entries for appropriateness; and
- Assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

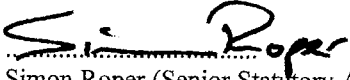
A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the trustees those matters we are required to state to trustees in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

**Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust
(continued)**



Simon Roper (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Fuller & Roper Limited, Statutory Auditor

12 Old Mills Industrial Estate

Paulton

Bristol

BS39 7SU

Date: 25/4/24

Fuller & Roper Limited is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	184,528	184,528
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(22,570)	(22,570)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(132,060)</u>	<u>(132,060)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(154,630)</u>	<u>(154,630)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>19,912</u>	<u>19,912</u>
Net movement in funds		49,810	49,810
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>
Total funds carried forward	15	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>

	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2022 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	287,253	287,253
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(23,992)	(23,992)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(123,990)</u>	<u>(123,990)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(147,982)</u>	<u>(147,982)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>(961,153)</u>	<u>(961,153)</u>
Net movement in funds		(821,882)	(821,882)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>
Total funds carried forward	15	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The funds breakdown for 2022 is shown in note 15.

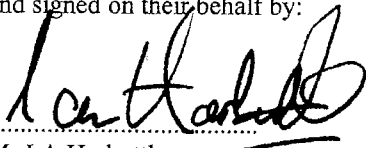
The notes on pages 11 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

**(Registration number: 264621)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2023**

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	11	5,638,651	5,549,605
Current assets			
Debtors	12	8,381	9,678
Cash at bank and in hand	13	<u>242,743</u>	<u>284,312</u>
		251,124	293,990
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	14	<u>(4,500)</u>	<u>(8,130)</u>
Net current assets		<u>246,624</u>	<u>285,860</u>
Net assets		<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>
Total funds	15	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>

The financial statements on pages 9 to 18 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 25-4-24 and signed on their behalf by:



 Mr I A Harbottle
 Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of investments which are included at market value, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity and rounded to the nearest £1.

Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Income and endowments

Investment income

Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

Grant provisions

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are included at market value at the balance sheet date. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their market value at the start of the year, or their subsequent cost, and are charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period of disposal.

Unrealised gains and losses represent the movement in market values during the year and are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Activities based on the market value at the year end.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

2 Investment income

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

	Unrestricted	Total	Total
	General	2023	2022
	£	£	£
Income from dividends;			
Dividends receivable from other listed investments	95,242	95,242	81,812
Interest receivable and similar income;			
Interest receivable on bank deposits	-	-	247
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	89,286	89,286	205,194
	184,528	184,528	287,253

3 Expenditure on raising funds

a) Investment management costs

	Note	Unrestricted	Total	Total
		funds	2023	2022
		General	£	£
		£		
Other investment management costs;				
Other portfolio management costs		22,570	22,570	23,992
		22,570	22,570	23,992

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Note	Unrestricted	Total	Total
		General	2023	2022
		£	£	£
Grant funding of activities	6	127,500	127,500	119,700
Governance costs	5	4,560	4,560	4,290
		132,060	132,060	123,990

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

5 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Audit fees			
Audit of the financial statements	4,560	4,560	4,290

6 Grant-making

Analysis of grants

	Grants to institutions	
	2023 £	2022 £
Analysis		
Health and wellbeing	76,000	77,500
Homelessness	36,500	34,700
Animal welfare	4,500	-
Environmental	3,000	-
Employment training	7,500	7,500
	<u>127,500</u>	<u>119,700</u>

The support costs associated with grant-making are £Nil (30 June 2022 - £Nil).

None of the individual grants to institutions were considered material in their own right.

7 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

8 Staff costs

The charity had no employees during the current or previous period.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

9 Auditors' remuneration

	2023 £	2022 £
Audit of the financial statements	<u>4,560</u>	<u>4,290</u>

10 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

11 Fixed asset investments

	2023 £	2022 £
Other investments	<u>5,638,651</u>	<u>5,549,605</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

Other investments

	Listed investments £	Total £
Cost or Valuation		
At 1 July 2022	5,589,428	5,589,428
Additions	810,163	810,163
Disposals	(741,029)	(741,029)
Revaluation	(19,911)	(19,911)
At 30 June 2023	5,638,651	5,638,651
Net book value		
At 30 June 2023	5,638,651	5,638,651
At 30 June 2022	5,589,428	5,589,428

The charity's investments comprise of funds managed by Abrdn and M&G and a portfolio managed by Quilter Cheviot. All investments are shown at market value at the year end date.

12 Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Accrued dividend income	8,381	9,678

13 Cash and cash equivalents

	2023 £	2022 £
Cash at bank	242,743	284,312

14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Accruals	4,500	8,130

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

15 Funds

	Balance at 1 July 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2023 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>184,528</u>	<u>(154,630)</u>	<u>19,912</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>
	Balance at 1 July 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2022 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>287,253</u>	<u>(147,982)</u>	<u>(961,153)</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>

16 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2023 £
Fixed asset investments	5,638,651	5,638,651
Current assets	251,124	251,124
Current liabilities	<u>(4,500)</u>	<u>(4,500)</u>
Total net assets	<u>5,885,275</u>	<u>5,885,275</u>
	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2022 £
Fixed asset investments	5,549,605	5,549,605
Current assets	293,990	293,990
Current liabilities	<u>(8,130)</u>	<u>(8,130)</u>
Total net assets	<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>

17 Related party transactions

No related party transactions were undertaken in the current or previous years.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities by fund for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

	Total Unrestricted Funds 2023 £	Total Unrestricted Funds 2022 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Investment income	<u>184,528</u>	<u>287,253</u>
Total income	<u>184,528</u>	<u>287,253</u>
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds	(22,570)	(23,992)
Charitable activities	<u>(132,060)</u>	<u>(123,990)</u>
Total expenditure	(154,630)	(147,982)
Gains/losses on investment assets	<u>19,912</u>	<u>(961,153)</u>
Net income/(expenditure)	<u>49,810</u>	<u>(821,882)</u>
Net movement in funds	49,810	(821,882)
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>
Total funds carried forward	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2023

	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Investment income (analysed below)	<u>184,528</u>	<u>287,253</u>
Total income	<u>184,528</u>	<u>287,253</u>
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds (analysed below)	(22,570)	(23,992)
Charitable activities (analysed below)	<u>(132,060)</u>	<u>(123,990)</u>
Total expenditure	(154,630)	(147,982)
Gains/losses on investment assets (analysed below)	<u>19,912</u>	<u>(961,153)</u>
Net income/(expenditure)	<u>49,810</u>	<u>(821,882)</u>
Net movement in funds	49,810	(821,882)
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>
Total funds carried forward	<u><u>5,885,275</u></u>	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2023 (continued)

	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
<i>Investment income</i>		
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	89,286	205,194
Income from listed investments	95,242	81,812
Interest on cash deposits	-	247
	<u>184,528</u>	<u>287,253</u>
<i>Raising funds</i>		
Portfolio management costs	(22,570)	(23,992)
	<u>(22,570)</u>	<u>(23,992)</u>
<i>Charitable activities</i>		
Grants made	(127,500)	(119,700)
The audit of the charity's annual accounts	(4,560)	(4,290)
	<u>(132,060)</u>	<u>(123,990)</u>
<i>Gains/losses on investment assets</i>		
Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments	19,912	(961,153)

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements.

MABEL COOPER CHARITY

England & Wales - Charity number 264621

Accounts

Charity registration number: 264621

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

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Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Mr I A Harbottle Mrs P A Barrett Mr D J Harbottle
Principal Office	Middle Manor Lascot Hill Wedmore Somerset
Charity Registration Number	264621
Investment manager	Quilter Cheviot Three Temple Quay Temple Way Bristol BS1 6DZ
Bankers	Bank Of Scotland Plc Po Box 17235 Edinburgh EH11 1YH
Auditor	Fuller & Roper Limited Chartered Accounts and Statutory Auditors 12 Old Mills Industrial Estate Paulton Bristol BS39 7SU

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

The trustees present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charity for the year ended 30 June 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in the notes to the accounts and comply with the charity's trust deed, the Charities Act 2011, and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland published on 01 January 2019.

Trustees

Mr I A Harbottle

Mrs P A Barrett

Mr D J Harbottle

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The object of the charity is to support charitable projects that are approved by the Trustees in accordance with the Trust Deed. It is the Trustees general policy to distribute all of the income of the fund in each year, where possible.

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not carry out fundraising activities, instead it relies on income generated from its investments to fund its activities.

During the year the charity received £81,812 (2021 - £68,802) of investment income. The charity also realised £205,194 of profits on disposals of investments (2021 - £57,957).

Public benefit

The main activity of the charity is that of giving grants to other charitable entities. The giving of these grants helps to further the charity's purposes for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Achievements and performance

The Trustees meet regularly to select appropriate charities to which to make grants to. The giving of these grants helps to achieve the objectives set out above.

The charity has made charitable grants of £119,700 (2021 - £100,000) during the year and has continued to support a wide range of charitable causes.

The trustees are currently satisfied with the investment performance of the assets held by the charity.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

Financial review

At the year-end, the market value of investments, excluding bank balances, held by the charity was £5,549,605 (2021 - £5,943,042). The decrease follows general market trends experienced during the year.

Details of the charity's fixed asset investments are described in note 10 to the financial statements.

Policy on reserves

At the year end date the charity had unrestricted funds of £5,969,194 (2021 - £6,657,347). The level of funds in reserve is monitored and reviewed by the trustees annually and at present are considered adequate for the requirements of the charity.

Investment policy and objectives

The trustees have a policy to generate a sustainable return to fund annual grant making whilst maintaining the capital value of the charity's assets. During the year the charity realised gains of £205,194 (2021 - £57,957) to support the charity's grant making activities.

The charity's investment objective is to produce the best financial return possible within an acceptable level of risk. As of the year end date, the charity's investment performance was in line with this objectives.

Plans for future periods

Aims and key objectives for future periods

The charity plans to continue the activity outlined above in the forthcoming years, subject to satisfactory funding arrangements.

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity was established by a trust deed dated 27 June 1972. The charity's registration number is 264621.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

The law applicable to charities requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

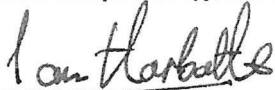
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the applicable Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations, and the provisions of the constitution. The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on ~~3-5-2025~~ and signed on its behalf by:



Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2022, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures to respond to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis to our opinion.

We have identified and assess the potential risks related to irregularities, including fraud, by:

- Making enquiries of the trustees regarding the compliance with laws and regulations, the detection of and response to the risk of fraud and any knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We also discussed the controls in place to mitigate fraud risks or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework in which the company operates. The key laws and regulations are considered to be the Companies Act 2006 and UKGAAP, specifically the Charities SORP.

We have responded to risks identified by performing procedures including the following:

- Making enquiries of the trustees concerning compliance with the relevant laws and regulations discussed above;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships which may indicate risks of misstatement due to fraud; and
- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation;

We have also considered the risk of fraud through management override of controls by:

- Testing a sample of journal entries for appropriateness; and
- Assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

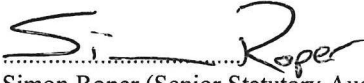
A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the trustees those matters we are required to state to trustees in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust



Simon Roper (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Fuller & Roper Limited, Statutory Auditor

12 Old Mills Industrial Estate
Paulton
Bristol
BS39 7SU

Date: 3 May 2023

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2022 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	287,253	287,253
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(23,992)	(23,992)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(123,990)</u>	<u>(123,990)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(147,982)</u>	<u>(147,982)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>(961,153)</u>	<u>(961,153)</u>
Net movement in funds		(821,882)	(821,882)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>
Total funds carried forward	14	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>	<u><u>5,835,465</u></u>
	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2021 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	127,363	127,363
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(21,185)	(21,185)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(103,902)</u>	<u>(103,902)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(125,087)</u>	<u>(125,087)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>996,227</u>	<u>996,227</u>
Net movement in funds		998,503	998,503
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>5,658,844</u>	<u>5,658,844</u>
Total funds carried forward	14	<u><u>6,657,347</u></u>	<u><u>6,657,347</u></u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The funds breakdown for 2021 is shown in note 14.

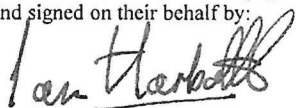
The notes on pages 11 to 18 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

**(Registration number: 264621)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2022**

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	10	5,549,605	5,948,058
Current assets			
Debtors	11	9,678	3,691
Cash at bank and in hand	12	<u>284,312</u>	<u>709,438</u>
		293,990	713,129
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(8,130)</u>	<u>(3,840)</u>
Net current assets		<u>285,860</u>	<u>709,289</u>
Net assets		<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>
Total funds	14	<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>

The financial statements on pages 9 to 18 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 3-5-2023 and signed on their behalf by:



Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of investments which are included at market value, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity and rounded to the nearest £1.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The charity opted to early adopt Bulletin 1 published on 2 February 2016 and have therefore not included a cash flow statement in these financial statements.

Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Income and endowments

Investment income

Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Grant provisions

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are included at market value at the balance sheet date. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their market value at the start of the year, or their subsequent cost, and are charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period of disposal.

Unrealised gains and losses represent the movement in market values during the year and are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Activities based on the market value at the year end.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees's discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

2 Investment income

	Unrestricted	Total	Total
	General	2022	2021
	£	£	£
Income from dividends;			
Dividends receivable from other listed investments	81,812	81,812	68,802
Interest receivable and similar income;			
Interest receivable on bank deposits	247	247	604
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	205,194	205,194	57,957
	<u>287,253</u>	<u>287,253</u>	<u>127,363</u>

3 Expenditure on raising funds

a) Investment management costs

	Note	Unrestricted	Total	Total
		funds	2022	2021
		General	£	£
		£		
Other investment management costs;				
Other portfolio management costs		23,992	23,992	21,185
		<u>23,992</u>	<u>23,992</u>	<u>21,185</u>

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Note	Unrestricted	Total	Total
		General	2022	2021
		£	£	£
Grant funding of activities		119,700	119,700	100,000
Governance costs	5	4,290	4,290	3,902
		<u>123,990</u>	<u>123,990</u>	<u>103,902</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

5 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Audit fees			
Audit of the financial statements	4,290	4,290	3,840
Other governance costs	-	-	62
	<u>4,290</u>	<u>4,290</u>	<u>3,902</u>

6 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year. No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

7 Staff costs

The charity had no employees during the current or previous period.

8 Auditors' remuneration

	2022 £	2021 £
Audit of the financial statements	<u>4,290</u>	<u>3,840</u>

9 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

10 Fixed asset investments

	2022 £	2021 £
Other investments	5,549,605	5,948,058

Other investments

	Listed investments £	Unlisted investments £	Total £
Cost or Valuation			
At 1 July 2021	5,943,042	5,016	5,948,058
Additions	1,335,839	-	1,335,839
Disposals	(768,124)	(5,016)	(773,140)
Revaluation	(961,152)	-	(961,152)
At 30 June 2022	5,549,605	-	5,549,605
Net book value			
At 30 June 2022	5,549,605	-	5,549,605
At 30 June 2021	5,943,042	5,016	5,948,058

The investment portfolio is managed by Quilter Cheviot and the investments are shown at market value.

11 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Accrued dividend income	9,678	3,691

12 Cash and cash equivalents

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash at bank	284,312	709,438

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Accruals	<u>8,130</u>	<u>3,840</u>

14 Funds

	Balance at 1 July 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2022 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>287,253</u>	<u>(147,982)</u>	<u>(961,153)</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>

	Balance at 1 July 2020 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2021 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>5,658,844</u>	<u>127,363</u>	<u>(125,087)</u>	<u>996,227</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>

15 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2022 £
Fixed asset investments	5,549,605	5,549,605
Current assets	293,990	293,990
Current liabilities	<u>(8,130)</u>	<u>(8,130)</u>
Total net assets	<u>5,835,465</u>	<u>5,835,465</u>
	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 30 June 2021 £
Fixed asset investments	5,948,058	5,948,058
Current assets	713,129	713,129
Current liabilities	<u>(3,840)</u>	<u>(3,840)</u>
Total net assets	<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2022

16 Related party transactions

No related party transactions were undertaken in the current or previous years.

MABEL COOPER CHARITY

England & Wales - Charity number 264621

Accounts

Charity registration number: 264621

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

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Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Mr I A Harbottle Mrs P A Barrett Mr D J Harbottle
Principal Office	Middle Manor Lascot Hill Wedmore Somerset
Charity Registration Number	264621
Auditor	Fuller & Roper Limited Chartered Accounts and Statutory Auditors 12 Old Mills Industrial Estate Paulton Bristol BS39 7SU

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

The trustees present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charity for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Trustees

Mr I A Harbottle

Mrs P A Barrett

Mr D J Harbottle

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The object of the charity is to support charitable projects that are approved by the Trustees in accordance with the Trust Deed. It is the Trustees general policy to distribute all of the income of the fund in each year, where possible.

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not carry out fundraising activities, instead it relies on income generated from its investments to fund its activities.

During the year the charity received £68,802 (2020 - £76,626) of investment income. The charity also realised £57,957 of profits on disposals of investments (2020 - £319,101).

Achievements and performance

During the year the charity distributed £100,000 to 22 charitable projects (2020 - £85,500 to 20 charitable projects).

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity was established by a trust deed dated 27 June 1972. The charity's registration number is 264621.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Trustees' Report

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

The law applicable to charities requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

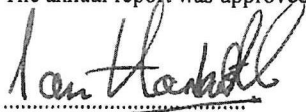
- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the applicable Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations, and the provisions of the constitution. The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on 20-5-22 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2021, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 3), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures to respond to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis to our opinion.

We have identified and assess the potential risks related to irregularities, including fraud, by:

- Making enquiries of the trustees regarding the compliance with laws and regulations, the detection of and response to the risk of fraud and any knowledge of actual, suspected or alleged fraud. We also discussed the controls in place to mitigate fraud risks or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Obtaining an understanding of the legal and regulatory framework in which the company operates. The key laws and regulations are considered to be the Companies Act 2006 and UKGAAP, specifically the Charities SORP.

We have responded to risks identified by performing procedures including the following:

- Making enquiries of the trustees concerning compliance with the relevant laws and regulations discussed above;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships which may indicate risks of misstatement due to fraud; and
- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation;

We have also considered the risk of fraud through management override of controls by:

- Testing a sample of journal entries for appropriateness; and
- Assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of potential bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the trustees those matters we are required to state to trustees in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Fuller & Roper Limited, Statutory Auditor

12 Old Mills Industrial Estate
Paulton
Bristol
BS39 7SU

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Date: 2015/22

Fuller & Roper Limited is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2021 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	127,363	127,363
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(21,185)	(21,185)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(103,902)</u>	<u>(103,902)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(125,087)</u>	<u>(125,087)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>996,227</u>	<u>996,227</u>
Net movement in funds		998,503	998,503
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>5,658,844</u>	<u>5,658,844</u>
Total funds carried forward	14	<u><u>6,657,347</u></u>	<u><u>6,657,347</u></u>

	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Investment income	2	395,727	395,727
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds		(20,848)	(20,848)
Charitable activities	4	<u>(89,214)</u>	<u>(89,214)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(110,062)</u>	<u>(110,062)</u>
Gains/losses on investment assets		<u>(383,230)</u>	<u>(383,230)</u>
Net movement in funds		(97,565)	(97,565)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>5,786,409</u>	<u>5,786,409</u>
Total funds carried forward	14	<u><u>5,688,844</u></u>	<u><u>5,688,844</u></u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

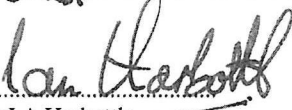
The funds breakdown for 2020 is shown in note 14.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

**(Registration number: 264621)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2021**

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	10	5,948,058	4,882,696
Current assets			
Debtors	11	3,691	4,741
Cash at bank and in hand	12	<u>709,438</u>	<u>805,061</u>
		713,129	809,802
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(3,840)</u>	<u>(3,654)</u>
Net current assets		<u>709,289</u>	<u>806,148</u>
Net assets		<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>5,688,844</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>5,688,844</u>
Total funds	14	<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>5,688,844</u>

The financial statements on pages 8 to 15 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 20-5-22, and signed on their behalf by:


.....
Mr I A Harbottle
Trustee

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

1 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of preparation

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity and rounded to the nearest £1.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The charity opted to early adopt Bulletin 1 published on 2 February 2016 and have therefore not included a cash flow statement in these financial statements.

Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Income and endowments

Investment income

Dividends are recognised once the dividend has been declared and notification has been received of the dividend due.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

Grant provisions

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are included at market value at the balance sheet date. Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and their market value at the start of the year, or their subsequent cost, and are charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period of disposal.

Unrealised gains and losses represent the movement in market values during the year and are credited or charged to the Statement of Financial Activities based on the market value at the year end.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees's discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measured at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

2 Investment income

	Unrestricted		
	General	Total	Total
	£	2021	2020
		£	£
Income from dividends;			
Dividends receivable from other listed investments	68,802	68,802	76,626
Interest receivable and similar income;			
Interest receivable on bank deposits	604	604	-
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	57,957	57,957	319,101
	<u>127,363</u>	<u>127,363</u>	<u>395,727</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

3 Expenditure on raising funds

a) Investment management costs

	Note	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Other investment management costs;				
Other portfolio management costs		21,185	21,185	20,848
		<u>21,185</u>	<u>21,185</u>	<u>20,848</u>

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Note	Unrestricted General £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Grant funding of activities		100,000	100,000	85,500
Governance costs	5	3,902	3,902	3,714
		<u>103,902</u>	<u>103,902</u>	<u>89,214</u>

5 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Audit fees			
Audit of the financial statements	3,840	3,840	3,654
Other governance costs	62	62	60
	<u>3,902</u>	<u>3,902</u>	<u>3,714</u>

6 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

7 Staff costs

The charity had no employees during the current or previous period.

8 Auditors' remuneration

	2021 £	2020 £
Audit of the financial statements	<u>3,840</u>	<u>3,654</u>

9 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

10 Fixed asset investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Other investments	<u>5,948,058</u>	<u>4,882,696</u>

Other investments

	Listed investments £	Unlisted investments £	Total £
Cost or Valuation			
At 1 July 2020	4,870,946	11,750	4,882,696
Additions	760,198	-	760,198
Disposals	(649,959)	(11,103)	(661,062)
Revaluation	961,857	4,369	966,226
At 30 June 2021	<u>5,943,042</u>	<u>5,016</u>	<u>5,948,058</u>
Net book value			
At 30 June 2021	<u>5,943,042</u>	<u>5,016</u>	<u>5,948,058</u>
At 30 June 2020	<u>4,870,946</u>	<u>11,750</u>	<u>4,882,696</u>

11 Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Accrued income	<u>3,691</u>	<u>4,741</u>

12 Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank	<u>709,438</u>	<u>805,061</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Accruals	<u>3,840</u>	<u>3,654</u>

14 Funds

	Balance at 1 July 2020 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2021 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>5,658,844</u>	<u>127,363</u>	<u>(125,087)</u>	<u>996,227</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>

	Balance at 1 July 2019 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Other recognised gains/(losses) £	Balance at 30 June 2020 £
Unrestricted funds					
General	<u>5,786,409</u>	<u>395,727</u>	<u>(110,062)</u>	<u>(383,230)</u>	<u>5,688,844</u>

15 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted General £	Total funds £
Fixed asset investments	5,948,058	5,948,058
Current assets	713,129	713,129
Current liabilities	<u>(3,840)</u>	<u>(3,840)</u>
Total net assets at 30 June 2019	<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>6,657,347</u>

	Unrestricted General £	Total funds £
Fixed asset investments	4,882,696	4,882,696
Current assets	809,802	809,802
Current liabilities	<u>(3,654)</u>	<u>(3,654)</u>
Total net assets at 30 June 2018	<u>5,688,844</u>	<u>5,688,844</u>

16 Related party transactions

No related party transactions were undertaken in the current or previous years.

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Statement of Financial Activities by fund for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Total Unrestricted Funds 2021 £	Total Unrestricted Funds 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Investment income	<u>127,363</u>	<u>395,727</u>
Total income	<u>127,363</u>	<u>395,727</u>
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds	(21,185)	(20,848)
Charitable activities	<u>(103,902)</u>	<u>(89,214)</u>
Total expenditure	(125,087)	(110,062)
Gains/losses on investment assets	<u>996,227</u>	<u>(383,230)</u>
Net income/(expenditure)	<u>998,503</u>	<u>(97,565)</u>
Net movement in funds	998,503	(97,565)
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	<u>5,658,844</u>	<u>5,786,409</u>
Total funds carried forward	<u>6,657,347</u>	<u>5,688,844</u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:		
Investment income (analysed below)	<u>127,363</u>	<u>395,727</u>
Total income	<u>127,363</u>	<u>395,727</u>
Expenditure on:		
Raising funds (analysed below)	(21,185)	(20,848)
Charitable activities (analysed below)	<u>(103,902)</u>	<u>(89,214)</u>
Total expenditure	(125,087)	(110,062)
Gains/losses on investment assets (analysed below)	<u>996,227</u>	<u>(383,230)</u>
Net income/(expenditure)	<u>998,503</u>	<u>(97,565)</u>
Net movement in funds	998,503	(97,565)
Reconciliation of funds		
Total funds brought forward	<u>5,658,844</u>	<u>5,786,409</u>
Total funds carried forward	<u><u>6,657,347</u></u>	<u><u>5,688,844</u></u>

Mabel Cooper Charitable Trust

Detailed Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
<i>Investment income</i>		
Profit/(loss) on disposal of investments	57,957	319,101
Income from listed investments	68,802	76,626
Interest on cash deposits	604	-
	<u>127,363</u>	<u>395,727</u>
<i>Raising funds</i>		
Portfolio management costs	<u>(21,185)</u>	<u>(20,848)</u>
	<u>(21,185)</u>	<u>(20,848)</u>
<i>Charitable activities</i>		
Grants made	(100,000)	(85,500)
The audit of the charity's annual accounts	(3,840)	(3,654)
Bank charges	<u>(62)</u>	<u>(60)</u>
	<u>(103,902)</u>	<u>(89,214)</u>
<i>Gains/losses on investment assets</i>		
Unrealised gains/(losses) on investments	<u>996,227</u>	<u>(383,230)</u>