

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

England & Wales · Charity number 247234

Details

Status Registered

Legal form Charitable company

Company number [00021135](#)

Registered 1966-07-14

Register [View on the Charity Commission register](#)

Contact

Address Newcastle Diocesan Society
Church House
St. Johns Terrace
North Shields
NE29 6HS

Phone 01912704100

Activities

Objects: FOR CHARITABLE OBJECTS AND PURPOSES ONLY, PARTICULARLY TO HOLD AND MANAGE MONEYS FUNDS AND ESTATES BOTH REAL AND PERSONAL ON BEHALF OF CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS ETC. IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND IN THE DIOCESE OF NEWCASTLE.

Activities: The Charity acts as trustee and custodian trustee responsible for trust funds and properties held upon trust for the Diocese of Newcastle and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) within the Diocese.

Classification

- **How:** Makes Grants To Individuals, Makes Grants To Organisations, Acts As An Umbrella Or Resource Body
- **What:** Religious Activities, Other Charitable Purposes
- **Who:** Other Charities Or Voluntary Bodies, Other Defined Groups

Geography

- **Area of benefit:** DIOCESE OF NEWCASTLE.
- Newcastle Upon Tyne City
- North Tyneside
- Northumberland

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2024-12-31	£599,097	£339,213	£14,901,578	0
2023-12-31	£448,204	£119,970	-	-
2022-12-31	£4,765,007	£153,183	£13,264,845	0
2021-12-31	£226,810	£262,917	-	-
2020-12-31	£238,866	£341,718	-	-

Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
Isabella McDonald-Booth		2019-03-19
JOHN CHRISTOPHER APPLEBY		2013-08-05
Right Revd Helen-Ann Hartley		2023-02-03
Simon Robert Harper		
Venerable Catherine Sourbut-Groves		2020-11-14
Venerable Rachel Wood		2021-09-03

Linked charities

- STANLEY WALTON-BROWN CLERGY SPOUSES FUND (247234-1)

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

England & Wales - Charity number 247234

Accounts

Newcastle Diocesan Society

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report & Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2024

Company number 00021135
Registered charity number 247234

A large print version is available on request from

Church House
St John's Terrace
North Shields NE29 6HS

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Telephone: 0191 270 4100

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

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NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The directors, who are trustees as the company is a charity, present their annual report together with the audited financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Legal Objects

Newcastle Diocesan Society ("the Society") is a registered charity (Charity number 247234) acting as trustee and custodian trustee responsible for trust funds and properties held upon trust for the Diocese of Newcastle and Parochial Church Councils ("PCCs").

The Society meets at least twice a year to agree and confirm actions and/or decisions taken with regards to access to, payments from and management of trust funds, and the allocation of grants from trusts in its care. These actions and decisions are underpinned by the diocesan outward facing values of **seeking, sharing and sending**.

The Society acts as custodian trustee in relation to St Hilda's Trust, a separately registered charity, and also in relation to PCC properties and certain diocesan properties.

The directors are aware of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit in *The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit* and have had regard to it in their administration of the Society. The directors believe that, by promoting the work of the Church of England in the Diocese of Newcastle, the Society helps to promote the whole mission of the Church (including pastoral, social and ecumenical) more effectively, both in the Diocese of Newcastle as a whole and in its individual parishes, and that in doing so it provides a benefit to the public.

Aims and objectives

The Society aims to promote, facilitate and assist with the work and purposes of the Church of England for the advancement of the Christian faith in the Diocese of Newcastle and elsewhere.

The specific aims and objectives for the Society are as follows:

- To manage the funds in accordance with its duties and responsibilities exercising appropriate stewardship for and on behalf of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance ("NDBF") and PCCs.
- To monitor the performance of the investment managers acting on behalf of the Society and provide appropriate advice and direction as required.
- To monitor the administration costs of the Society's unrestricted funds.
- To maintain adequate reserves.

The Society meets administration costs from its own funds and therefore no charges are made to individual trust funds.

Grant-making (beneficiary-selection) policy

This is carried out in accordance with the terms and objectives of each individual trust under the umbrella of the Society with the consent and approval of the directors.

Achievements in the year

Review of 2024

- Investment income of £452,474 (2023: £335,898) represents an increase of 34.7% on the previous year.
- £339,213 (2023: £328,234) was paid out of charitable activities during the year, a 3.34% increase from the previous year. Parishes used the funds for a number of reasons including:
 - (i) church repairs;
 - (ii) assisting with support costs for curates; and
 - (iii) the payment of parish share.

Operational performance

The directors continue to seek advice and guidance from their professional advisers in relation to the investments. The Society holds one portfolio with RBC Brewin Dolphin received as part of a legacy from the late Bishop Alec Graham. The Society invests the capital of all other funds in the Central Board of Finance's Investment Fund or the Central Board of Finance's Deposit Fund. All funds conform to the guidance given by the Church's Ethical Investment Advisory Group.

Investment performance

The total value of investments (excluding short-term cash deposits) at 31 December 2024 was £10,881,411 (2023: £10,571,655) and the total return on investment was 2.94% (2023: 10.52%). The gain in the value of investments during the year amounted to £391,998 an increase of 3.6% on the equity portfolio.

Future Plans

The directors intend to continue to administer the funds in trust and meet the day to day running costs from the general fund. The specific objectives for 2024 remained as they were in previous years. Please refer to aims and objectives on page 1.

Financial Review

Overall financial position

Income before revaluation adjustments totalled £599,097 (2023: £448,204). This comprised £146,623 donation income, and £452,474 investment income. Expenditure amounted to £339,213 (2023: £328,234).

The Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) for the year shows net income of £259,884 (2023: £119,970) before gains on the investment assets.

After accounting for £394,998 profit for the year on the investment assets, the net movement in funds amounted to a surplus of £651,882 (2023: £984,851). During the year, total fund balances increased from £14,249,696 to £14,901,578.

Principal Funding Sources

100% of the income of the Society is from investments or funds used to acquire investments.

Going concern

After making enquiries the directors are satisfied that the Society has adequate resources to continue to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future and have prepared the financial statements on that basis.

Investment policies

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the charity permit wide powers of investment. The Society investment strategy is based on two key policies:

- *Ethical investment* - This includes ensuring that investments are held in companies which have high standards of corporate governance and act in a responsible way towards stakeholders.
- *Long-term responsibilities* - the directors are aware of their long-term responsibilities in respect of endowed funds and as a result follow a correspondingly prudent approach to investment decisions.

Investment policy for long-term funds is aimed primarily at generating a sustainable income with due regard to the need for the preservation of capital value and the possible need to realise investments to meet operational needs.

Reserves policy

The directors need to keep a certain level of reserves as protection against unexpected fluctuations in income and to assist at certain times of the year with cash flow. The target level for unrestricted reserves set by the directors is £250k and the majority of these reserves are held in investment funds to generate income for the Society which can be applied to charitable purposes in the future. At 31 December 2024 the amount available in the Society's general fund was £284,494 (2023: £284,013). The directors confirm that the unrestricted funds are adequate and readily available to fulfil the obligations of administering the Society in the future.

Structure and Governance

Company status

The Society is a company incorporated in England and limited by guarantee (Company registration number 00021135) by its Memorandum and Articles of Association dated 1885. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission (Charity registration number 247234).

Decision-making structure

The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the company to the Company Secretary, which involves the maintenance of the accounts, dealing with general enquiries from directors and following through the decisions made by directors. The directors meet at least twice a year. The chairman does have authority to make decisions on behalf of the directors between meetings if it is thought that the matter is urgent. Any such decision is confirmed by the directors at their next meeting. All decisions taken at the meetings are recorded in the minutes.

Appointment of Directors

The directors who served the charity during the period are listed on page 5.

The directors are appointed by the Society after nomination by a written notice as required by the charity's Articles of Association. The articles also stipulate that not more than twenty persons may be so nominated as members of the Society during one year. Directors are given induction training when first appointed and receive on-going training, as appropriate. Where there is an identified training need this is provided in house, or if necessary external training will be arranged.

Directors' and Trustees' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the net incoming or outgoing resources of the company for that year.

In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- Select the most suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principals in the Charities SORP;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Follow applicable accounting standards and the SORP, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the corporate and trust assets of the company and ensuring their proper application under charity law and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors as a Board confirm that to the best of their knowledge there is no information relevant to the audit of which the auditors are unaware, and that they have each taken all necessary steps to ensure that they themselves are aware of all relevant audit information and that this information has been communicated to the auditors.

Funds held as custodian trustee for others

The Society is custodian trustee for trust investment assets with a market value of £3,036,322 at 31 December 2024 (2023: £2,817,180). The Society also holds property on behalf of the Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF) and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by the Society at the year end. Due to the nature of the assets concerned it is not possible to place a valuation on the land and buildings. As these are custodian assets any valuation would be for disclosure purposes only. As the NDBF and each PCC is a separate charity these assets are held separately from those of the Society.

Connected charities

The Society has a close relationship with the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance Limited (NDBF) which has trust funds held by the Society.

Risk management

The directors have examined the major business, strategic and operational risks that the Society faces and confirm that systems have been established to enable regular reports to be produced so that the necessary steps can be taken to lessen these risks. These risks are mitigated by using Investment management company CCLA to manage the funds. One fund is also managed by Brewin Dolphin.

Appointment of Auditors

The auditor is deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006 until otherwise resolved at a general meeting of the company.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Administrative Details

Directors

The Bishop of Newcastle, the Right Reverend Helen-Ann Hartley
The Archdeacon of Lindisfarne, the Venerable Dr Catherine Sourbut Groves
The Archdeacon of Northumberland, the Venerable Rachel A Wood
Canon Simon R Harper (Chair)
Dr John C Appleby
Elizabeth A Kerry (resigned 1/10/2024)
Isabella McDonald-Booth

Secretary

Shane Waddle (to 01/08/2024)
Christopher Elder (from 01/10/2024)

Auditor

UNW LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Citygate, St. James' Boulevard
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 4JE

Solicitors

Sintons
The Cube, Barrack Road
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE4 6DB

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc
5 St Ann's Street, Quayside
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 2BH

Investment Managers

CCLA Investment Management Ltd
Senator House
85 Queen Victoria Street
London
EC4V 4ET

Brewin Dolphin
12 Smithfield Street
London
EC1A 9LA

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Registered office

Church House
St John's Terrace, North Shields
Tyne and Wear, NE29 6HS
Telephone: 0191 270 4100

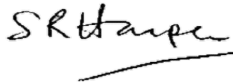
Company registration number

00021135

Registered charity number

247234

By order of the board

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'SR Harper', with a horizontal line underneath.

Canon Simon R Harper
Director
Date:

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newcastle Diocesan Society for the year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2022.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ('ISAs (UK)') and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the, Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements, section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' and trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- The directors' and trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remunerations specified by law not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors and trustees' report.

Responsibilities of directors' and trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the directors (who are also the trustees of the charitable company) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We identified areas of law and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general and sector experience and through discussions with the trustees and other management (as required by auditing standards) and from inspection of the charitable company's legal correspondence, and we discussed with the trustees and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Firstly, the charitable company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies and charities legislation) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly the charitable company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect; data protection and certain aspects of company legislation, recognising the nature of the charitable company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Through these procedures, we became aware of actual or suspected non-compliance and considered the effect as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in any further disclosure within our report or the financial statements.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Anne Hallowell BSc DChA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of UNW LLP, Statutory Auditor
Newcastle upon Tyne

Date:

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Total Funds 2023 £
Income and endowments from:						
Donations	2	2,000	144,623	-	146,623	112,306
Investments	3	7,767	444,707	-	452,474	335,898
		<u>9,767</u>	<u>589,330</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>599,097</u>	<u>448,204</u>
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities	4/5	(22,462)	(316,751)	-	(339,213)	(328,234)
		<u>(22,462)</u>	<u>(316,751)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(339,213)</u>	<u>(328,234)</u>
Net income before investment gains		(12,695)	272,579	-	259,884	119,970
Net gain on investments		13,176	272,338	106,484	391,998	864,881
Net income		481	544,917	106,484	651,882	984,851
Transfers between funds						
Total funds brought forward	6	284,013	9,040,484	4,925,199	14,249,696	13,264,845
Total funds carried forward	6	284,494	9,585,401	5,031,683	14,901,578	14,249,696

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	2024	2023
	£	£
Income	599,097	448,204
Expenditure	(339,213)	(328,234)
Operating profit for the year	259,884	119,970
Net gain on investments	285,514	430,878
Net income for the year	545,398	550,848
Total comprehensive income	545,398	550,848

The income and expenditure account is derived from the Statement of Financial Activities with movements in endowment funds excluded to comply with company law.

All income and expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

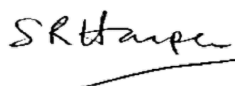
NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	<u>10,881,411</u>	<u>10,571,655</u>
		10,881,411	10,571,655
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	287,871	593,899
Cash at bank and in hand		3,737,174	3,088,885
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(4,878)	(4,743)
Net current assets		<u>4,020,167</u>	<u>3,678,041</u>
Net assets		<u>14,901,578</u>	<u>14,249,696</u>
Funds			
Endowment funds	6	5,031,683	4,925,199
Restricted income funds	6	9,585,401	9,040,484
Unrestricted income funds	6	284,494	284,013
Total funds		<u>14,901,578</u>	<u>14,249,696</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form part of these financial statements. The accounts were approved by the members of Newcastle Diocesan Society on the 20th May 2025 and are signed on their behalf by:



Canon Simon R Harper
Director

Company number 00021135

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of fixed asset investments which are included at their market value at the balance sheet date. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Charities (SORP 2019), the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards (FRS102).

The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of preparation

The Board prepares its annual financial statements on the basis of historical cost and the carrying of investment assets (including investment properties) at market value. The financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The Society meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS102.

The Society acts as a trustee responsible for 87 Trust Funds held on behalf of the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils. Income received and expenditure on behalf of and distributions for the specified purposes of the funds in trust are included in the Statement of Financial Activities and are allocated to the capital or income funds as appropriate and in accordance with the terms of the trust deeds of the individual funds.

Fund balances are split between unrestricted, restricted and endowment funds.

- **Unrestricted** funds represent funds which are expendable at the discretion of the directors in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity. Such funds may be held in order to finance both administration and operational costs.
- **Restricted** funds represent grants, donations, legacies and assets which are allocated by the donor for specific purposes. These are expendable at the discretion of the Society acting as trustee in furtherance of the objects of the individual trust. Restricted funds may be restricted income funds and/or capital funds, where the assets are required to be invested or retained for actual use rather than expended.
- **Endowment** funds represent grants, donations and legacies received where the donor has stipulated that the income may be used for general purposes, but the capital must be retained.

“Special trusts” (as defined by the Charities Act 2022) and any other trusts where the company acts as trustee and controls the management and use of the funds, are included in the company’s own financial statements as charity branches, subject to the Charity Commission’s determination of their accounting status.

Trusts where the Board acts merely as custodian trustee with no control over the management of the funds are not included in the financial statements but are disclosed in the Directors’ and Trustees’ Annual Report.

Going concern

The Society holds sufficient cash reserves to allow it to be able to meet its obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

Income

All income is included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the Board is legally entitled to it as income or capital respectively, ultimate receipt is probable and the amount to be recognised can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Where a claim for repayment of income tax has or will be made, such income is grossed up for the tax recoverable.

The following accounting policies are applied to income.

- Investment income is accounted for when receivable and includes the related tax recoverable.
- Legacies and donations are accounted for when conditions for their receipt have been met and the amount can be reliably estimated. Legacies received in the form of property or investments are accounted for at the lower of probate or market value.
- Monies from endowment funds are allocated to restricted income funds in accordance with trust terms.

Expenditure

Expenditure is included on the accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the SOFA category. The Society's operating costs include professional fees and other related costs representing management and administration expenditure.

Distributions to beneficiaries are accounted for when expenditure has been incurred in respect of the various trust funds. Disbursements from trust funds are made strictly in accordance with the terms of the trust for the individual funds. Where the terms of a specific fund require the consent of the Society, this is recorded in the minutes of the Society meeting at which it was discussed.

Support costs represent expenditure incurred in the management of the trust funds, organisational administration, and compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements. These costs are charged to the General Fund not the individual trust funds.

Investments

Listed investments, which have been classified as fixed asset investments, are measured initially and subsequently at fair value. The statement of financial activities includes the net gains and losses arising on revaluations and disposals throughout the year. Investments held by the Society as custodian trustee are not included in these accounts.

Taxation

The activities of the Society are exempt from taxation under Section 505 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at Bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks

specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of basic debt financial assets and liabilities like trade other accounts receivable and payable, cash and bank balances and loans to or from related parties. All such instruments are due within one year and are measured, initially and subsequently at the transaction price.

At the end of each reporting period debt financial assets are assessed for impairment, and their carrying value reduced if necessary. Any impairment charge is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Key areas subject to estimation are as follows:

Legacy income

Legacy income is calculated using the best estimate available, taking into account market value of properties unsold within the legacy estate. Any amounts unpaid are accounted for as accrued income and recognised within creditors.

In preparing these financial statements the trustees do not consider there were any significant areas of judgment or estimates that were required in applying the company's policies as set out above.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2 Donations

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Total Funds 2023 £
Donations	2,000	144,623	-	146,623	112,306

3 Investment income

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Total Funds 2023 £
Dividends receivable	7,690	274,595	-	282,285	262,206
Interest receivable	77	170,112	-	170,189	73,692
	7,767	444,707	-	452,474	335,898

4 Costs of charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Total Funds 2023 £
Grant funding activities	-	316,751	-	316,751	310,982
Support costs	22,462	-	-	22,462	17,252
	22,462	316,751	-	339,213	328,234

5 Analysis of support costs

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £	Total Funds 2023 £
Governance:					
External Audit	8,535	-	-	8,535	5,100
Legal	35	-	-	35	78
Grant to NDBF	11,100	-	-	11,100	11,100
Accounts package	2,792	-	-	2,792	974
	22,462	-	-	22,462	17,252

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

6. Summary of fund movements

Summary of fund movements

	Balance at 1 Jan 2024 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2024 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	284,013	9,767	(22,462)	13,176	284,494
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	9,040,484	589,330	(316,751)	272,338	9,585,401
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,925,199	-	-	106,484	5,031,683
	14,249,696	599,097	(339,213)	391,998	14,901,578

Summary of fund movements – prior year

	Balance at 1 Jan 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2023 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	278,770	7,868	(27,252)	24,627	284,013
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	8,494,879	440,336	(300,982)	406,251	9,040,484
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,491,196	-	-	434,003	4,925,199
	13,264,845	448,204	(328,234)	864,881	14,249,696

Funds transferred from endowment to restricted funds represent the unspent income on endowed funds available for use by the beneficiaries, which are held as cash deposits and not investment funds.

7. Directors' remuneration and expenses

No remuneration has been paid to any director in their capacity as a director (2023: £nil).

8. Employee details

The Society does not have any employees. All administrative functions are carried out by NDBF staff and the Society makes a grant to the NDBF in recognition of this assistance. The grant for 2024 was £11,100 (2023: £11,100).

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

9. Investments

	Listed investments
	£
Within the United Kingdom	
At 1 January 2024	10,571,655
Additions	552,139
Disposals	(597,878)
Revaluation	355,495
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2024	10,881,411
	<hr/>
Historical cost at 31 December 2024	7,038,658
	<hr/>

10. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Accrued income	287,871	593,899
	<hr/>	<hr/>

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Other creditors	288	153
Accruals	4,590	4,590
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	4,878	4,743
	<hr/>	<hr/>

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

12. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	5,579,049	4,006,352	9,585,401
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	5,031,683		5,031,683
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	270,679	13,815	284,494
Total Funds	10,881,411	4,020,167	14,901,578

Analysis of net assets between funds 2023

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	5,361,235	3,679,249	9,040,484
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,925,199	-	4,925,199
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	285,221	(1,208)	284,013
Total Funds	10,571,655	3,678,041	14,249,696

At 31 December 2024 the Society managed 87 trust funds (2023: 90 trust funds). These funds were held to cover a variety of purposes including: the upkeep and maintenance of church buildings; church halls or churchyards; the upkeep of church organs or music groups; the charitable purposes of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF); ecclesiastical/charitable purposes; to be used at the discretion of the Bishop of Newcastle, the Society or designated clergy; and to provide funds for the NDBF to help to offset the cost of stipends.

In addition, the Society is custodian trustee for trust in investment assets with a market value of £3,036,322 at 31 December 2024 (2023: £2,817,180). The Society also holds property on behalf of the NDBF and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by the Society at the year end.

13. Related party transactions

Seven of the Society's directors who served during the year were also directors of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF). During 2024 the Society paid out £32,812 (2023: £181,016) to the NDBF from its various funds, some of which are restricted and required to assist in the payment of stipends, and the remainder unrestricted and covering certain administration costs.

The Society acts as custodian trustee over the assets of St Hilda's Trust. The Bishop of Newcastle was a trustee for both the Society and St Hilda's Trust. The two charities had no other trustees in common.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

England & Wales - Charity number 247234

Accounts

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

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NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The directors, who are trustees as the company is a charity, present their annual report together with the audited financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Legal Objects

Newcastle Diocesan Society (the Society) is a registered charity (Charity number 247234) acting as trustee and custodian trustee responsible for trust funds and properties held upon trust for the Diocese of Newcastle and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs).

The Society meets at least twice a year to agree and confirm actions and/or decisions taken with regards to access to, payments from and management of trust funds, and the allocation of grants from trusts in its care. These actions and decisions are underpinned by the diocesan outward facing values of **seeking, sharing and sending**.

The Society acts as custodian trustee in relation to St Hilda's Trust, a separately registered charity, and also in relation to PCC properties and certain diocesan properties.

The directors are aware of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit in *The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit* and have had regard to it in their administration of the Society. The directors believe that, by promoting the work of the Church of England in the Diocese of Newcastle, the Society helps to promote the whole mission of the Church (including pastoral, social and ecumenical) more effectively, both in the Diocese of Newcastle as a whole and in its individual parishes, and that in doing so it provides a benefit to the public.

Aims and objectives

The Society aims to promote, facilitate and assist with the work and purposes of the Church of England for the advancement of the Christian faith in the Diocese of Newcastle and elsewhere.

The specific aims and objectives for the Society are as follows:

- To manage the funds in accordance with its duties and responsibilities exercising appropriate stewardship for and on behalf of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF) and PCCs.
- To monitor the performance of the investment managers acting on behalf of the Society and provide appropriate advice and direction as required.
- To monitor the administration costs of the Society's unrestricted funds.
- To maintain adequate reserves.

The Society meets administration costs from its own funds and therefore no charges are made to individual trust funds.

Grant-making (beneficiary-selection) policy

This is carried out in accordance with the terms and objectives of each individual trust under the umbrella of the Society with the consent and approval of the directors.

Achievements in the year

Review of 2023

- Investment income of £335,898 (2022: £255,665) represents an increase of 31.4% on the previous year.
- £328,234 (2022: £153,183) was paid out of charitable activities during the year, a 114% increase from the previous year. Parishes used the funds for a number of reasons including:
 - (i) church repairs;
 - (ii) assisting with support costs for curates; and
 - (iii) the payment of parish share.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

- 2023 also included a grant from the Grice Hutchinson Fund to the Board of Finance of £150,000 to support the Board's contribution to the diocesan resource church project.

Operational performance

The directors continue to seek advice and guidance from their professional advisers in relation to the investments. The Society holds one portfolio with RBC Brewin Dolphin received as part of a legacy from the late Bishop Alec Graham. The Society invests the capital of all other funds in the Central Board of Finances Investment Fund or the Central Board of Finances Deposit Fund. All funds conform to the guidance given by the Church's Ethical Investment Advisory Group.

Investment performance

The total value of investments (excluding short-term cash deposits) at 31 December 2023 was £10,581,655 (2022: £9,704,658) and the total return on investment was 10.52% (2022: -8.44%). The unrealised gain in the value of investments during the year amounted to £864,881 an increase of 8.9% on the equity portfolio.

Future Plans

The directors intend to continue to administer the funds in trust and meet the day to day running costs from the general fund. The specific objectives for 2023 remained as they were in previous years. Please refer to aims and objectives on page 1.

Financial Review

Overall financial position

Income before revaluation adjustments totalled £448,204 (2022: £4,765,007). This comprised £112,306 donation income, and £335,898 investment income. Expenditure amounted to £328,234 (2022: £153,183).

The Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) for the year shows net income of £119,970 (2022: £4,611,824) before profits on the investment assets.

After accounting for £864,881 profit for the year on the investment assets, the net movement in funds amounted to a surplus of £984,851 (2022: £3,620,750). During the year, total fund balances increased from £13,264,845 to £14,249,696.

Principal Funding Sources

100% of the income of the Society is from investments or funds used to acquire investments.

Going concern

After making enquiries the directors are satisfied that the Society has adequate resources to continue to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future and have prepared the financial statements on that basis.

Investment policies

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the charity permit wide powers of investment. The Society investment strategy is based on two key policies:

- *Ethical investment* - This includes ensuring that investments are held in companies which have high standards of corporate governance and act in a responsible way towards stakeholders.
- *Long-term responsibilities* - the directors are aware of their long-term responsibilities in respect of endowed funds and as a result follow a correspondingly prudent approach to investment decisions.

Investment policy for long-term funds is aimed primarily at generating a sustainable income with due regard to the need for the preservation of capital value and the possible need to realise investments to meet operational needs.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Reserves policy

The directors need to keep a certain level of reserves as protection against unexpected fluctuations in income and to assist at certain times of the year with cash flow. The target level for unrestricted reserves set by the directors is £250k and the majority of these reserves are held in investment funds to generate income for the Society which can be applied to charitable purposes in the future. At 31 December 2023 the amount available in the Society's general fund was £284,013 (2022: £278,770). The directors confirm that the unrestricted funds are adequate and readily available to fulfil the obligations of administering the Society in the future.

Structure and Governance

Company status

The Society is a company incorporated in England and limited by guarantee (Company registration number 00021135) by its Memorandum and Articles of Association dated 1885. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission (Charity registration number 247234).

Decision-making structure

The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the company to the Company Secretary, which involves the maintenance of the accounts, dealing with general enquiries from directors and following through the decisions made by directors. The directors meet at least twice a year. The chairman does have authority to make decisions on behalf of the directors between meetings if it is thought that the matter is urgent. Any such decision is confirmed by the directors at their next meeting. All decisions taken at the meetings are recorded in the minutes.

Appointment of Directors

The directors who served the charity during the period are listed on page 5.

The directors are appointed by the Society after nomination by a written notice as required by the charity's Articles of Association. The articles also stipulate that not more than twenty persons may be so nominated as members of the Society during one year. Directors are given induction training when first appointed and receive on-going training, as appropriate. Where there is an identified training need this is provided in house, or if necessary external training will be arranged.

Directors' and Trustees' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the net incoming or outgoing resources of the company for that year.

In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- Select the most suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principals in the Charities SORP;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Follow applicable accounting standards and the SORP, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the corporate and trust assets of the company and ensuring their proper application under charity law and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors as a Board confirm that to the best of their knowledge there is no information relevant to the audit of which the auditors are unaware, and that they have each taken all necessary steps to ensure that they themselves are aware of all relevant audit information and that this information has been communicated to the auditors.

Funds held as custodian trustee for others

The Society is custodian trustee for trust investment assets with a market value of £2,817,180 at 31 December 2023 (2022: £2,574,921). The Society also holds property on behalf of the Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF) and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by the Society at the year end. Due to the nature of the assets concerned it is not possible to place a valuation on the land and buildings. As these are custodian assets any valuation would be for disclosure purposes only. As the NDBF and each PCC is a separate charity these assets are held separately from those of the Society.

Connected charities

The Society has a close relationship with the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance Limited (NDBF) which has trust funds held by the Society.

Risk management

The directors have examined the major business, strategic and operational risks that the Society faces and confirm that systems have been established to enable regular reports to be produced so that the necessary steps can be taken to lessen these risks. These risks are mitigated by using Investment management company CCLA to manage the funds.

Appointment of Auditors

The auditor is deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006 until otherwise resolved at a general meeting of the company.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Administrative Details

Directors

The Bishop of Newcastle, the Right Reverend Helen-Ann Hartley (from 03/02/23)

The Acting Bishop of Newcastle, the Right Reverend Mark Wroe (to 02/02/23)

The Archdeacon of Lindisfarne, the Venerable Dr Catherine Sourbut Groves

The Archdeacon of Northumberland, the Venerable Rachel A Wood

Canon Simon R Harper (Chair)

Dr John C Appleby

Elizabeth A Kerry

Isabella McDonald-Booth

Secretary

Shane Waddle

Auditors

UNW LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

Citygate, St. James' Boulevard

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 4JE

Solicitors

Sintons

The Cube, Barrack Road

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE4 6DB

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc

5 St Ann's Street, Quayside

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 2BH

Investment Managers

CCLA Investment Management Ltd

Senator House

85 Queen Victoria Street

London

EC4V 4ET

Brewin Dolphin

12 Smithfield Street

London

EC1A 9LA

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Registered office

Church House
St John's Terrace, North Shields
Tyne and Wear, NE29 6HS
Telephone: 0191 270 4100

Company registration number

00021135

Registered charity number

247234

By order of the board



Canon Simon R Harper
Director
Date: 4th July 2024

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newcastle Diocesan Society for the year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ('ISAs (UK)') and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements, section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' and trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- The directors' and trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remunerations specified by law not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors and trustees' report.

Responsibilities of directors' and trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the directors (who are also the trustees of the charitable company) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We identified areas of law and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general and sector experience and through discussions with the trustees and other management (as required by auditing standards) and from inspection of the charitable company's legal correspondence, and we discussed with the trustees and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Firstly, the charitable company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies and charities legislation) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly the charitable company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect; data protection and certain aspects of company legislation, recognising the nature of the charitable company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Through these procedures, we became aware of actual or suspected non-compliance and considered the effect as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in any further disclosure within our report or the financial statements.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Anne Hallowell BSc DChA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of UNW LLP, Statutory Auditor
Newcastle upon Tyne

Date: 4th July 2024

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £	Total Funds 2022 £
Income and endowments from:						
Donations	2		112,306		112,306	4,509,342
Investments	3	7,868	328,030		335,898	255,665
		7,868	440,336		448,204	4,765,007
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities	4/5	(27,252)	(300,982)		(328,234)	(153,183)
		(27,252)	(300,982)		(328,234)	(153,183)
Net income before investment gains		(19,384)	139,354		119,970	4,611,824
Net gain/(loss) on investments		24,627	406,251	434,003	864,881	(991,074)
Net income		5,243	545,605	434,003	984,851	3,620,750
Transfers between funds						
Total funds brought forward	6	278,770	8,494,879	4,491,196	13,264,845	9,644,095
Total funds carried forward	6	284,013	9,040,484	4,925,199	14,249,696	13,264,845

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

	2023	2022
	£	£
Income	448,204	4,765,007
Expenditure	(328,234)	(153,183)
Operating profit for the year	119,970	4,611,825
Net gain/(loss) on investments	430,878	(375,712)
Net income for the year	550,848	4,236,112
Total comprehensive income	550,848	4,236,112

The income and expenditure account is derived from the Statement of Financial Activities with movements in endowment funds excluded to comply with company law.

All income and expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

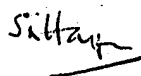
NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	10,571,655	9,704,658
		<u>10,571,655</u>	<u>9,704,658</u>
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	593,899	1,855,050
Cash at bank and in hand		3,088,885	1,710,045
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(4,743)	(4,908)
Net current assets		<u>3,678,041</u>	<u>3,560,187</u>
Net assets		<u>14,249,696</u>	<u>13,264,845</u>
Funds			
Endowment funds	6	4,925,199	4,491,196
Restricted income funds	6	9,040,484	8,494,879
Unrestricted income funds	6	284,013	278,770
Total funds		<u>14,249,696</u>	<u>13,264,845</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form part of these financial statements. The accounts were approved by the members of Newcastle Diocesan Society on the 4th July 2024 and are signed on their behalf by:



Canon Simon R Harper
Director

Company number 00021135

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of fixed asset investments which are included at their market value at the balance sheet date. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Charities (SORP 2019), the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards (FRS102).

The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of preparation

The Board prepares its annual financial statements on the basis of historical cost and the carrying of investment assets (including investment properties) at market value. The financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The Society meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS102.

The Society acts as a trustee responsible for 89 Trust Funds held on behalf of the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils. Income received and expenditure on behalf of and distributions for the specified purposes of the funds in trust are included in the Statement of Financial Activities and are allocated to the capital or income funds as appropriate and in accordance with the terms of the trust deeds of the individual funds.

Fund balances are split between unrestricted, restricted and endowment funds.

- **Unrestricted** funds represent funds which are expendable at the discretion of the directors in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity. Such funds may be held in order to finance both administration and operational costs.
- **Restricted** funds represent grants, donations, legacies and assets which are allocated by the donor for specific purposes. These are expendable at the discretion of the Society acting as trustee in furtherance of the objects of the individual trust. Restricted funds may be restricted income funds and/or capital funds, where the assets are required to be invested or retained for actual use rather than expended.
- **Endowment** funds represent grants, donations and legacies received where the donor has stipulated that the income may be used for general purposes, but the capital must be retained.

"Special trusts" (as defined by the Charities Act 2011) and any other trusts where the company acts as trustee and controls the management and use of the funds, are included in the company's own financial statements as charity branches, subject to the Charity Commission's determination of their accounting status.

Trusts where the Board acts merely as custodian trustee with no control over the management of the funds are not included in the financial statements but are disclosed in the Directors' and Trustees' Annual Report.

Going concern

The Society holds sufficient cash reserves to allow it to be able to meet its obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

Income

All income is included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the Board is legally entitled to it as income or capital respectively, ultimate receipt is probable and the amount to be recognised can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Where a claim for repayment of income tax has or will be made, such income is grossed up for the tax recoverable.

The following accounting policies are applied to income.

- Investment income is accounted for when receivable and includes the related tax recoverable.
- Legacies and donations are accounted for when conditions for their receipt have been met and the amount can be reliably estimated. Legacies received in the form of property or investments are accounted for at the lower of probate or market value.
- Monies from endowment funds are allocated to restricted income funds in accordance with trust terms.

Expenditure

Expenditure is included on the accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the SOFA category. The Society's operating costs include professional fees and other related costs representing management and administration expenditure.

Distributions to beneficiaries are accounted for when expenditure has been incurred in respect of the various trust funds. Disbursements from trust funds are made strictly in accordance with the terms of the trust for the individual funds. Where the terms of a specific fund require the consent of the Society, this is recorded in the minutes of the Society meeting at which it was discussed.

Support costs represent expenditure incurred in the management of the trust funds, organisational administration, and compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements. These costs are charged to the General Fund not the individual trust funds.

Investments

Listed investments, which have been classified as fixed asset investments, are measured initially and subsequently at fair value. The statement of financial activities includes the net gains and losses arising on revaluations and disposals throughout the year. Investments held by the Society as custodian trustee are not included in these accounts.

Taxation

The activities of the Society are exempt from taxation under Section 505 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at Bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of basic debt financial assets and liabilities like trade other accounts receivable and payable, cash and bank balances and loans to or from related parties. All such instruments are due within one year and are measured, initially and subsequently at the transaction price.

At the end of each reporting period debt financial assets are assessed for impairment, and their carrying value reduced if necessary. Any impairment charge is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In preparing these financial statements the trustees do not consider there were any significant areas of judgment or estimates that were required in applying the company's policies as set out above.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2 Donations

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £	Total Funds 2022 £
Donations		112,306		112,306	4,509,342

3 Investment income

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £	Total Funds 2022 £
Dividends receivable	7,796	254,410		262,206	238,344
Interest receivable	72	73,620		73,692	17,321
	7,868	328,030		335,898	255,665

4 Costs of charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £	Total Funds 2022 £
Grant funding activities	10,000	300,982		310,982	135,678
Support costs	17,252			17,252	17,505
	27,252	300,982		328,234	153,183

5 Analysis of support costs

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2023 £	Total Funds 2022 £
Governance:					
External Audit	5,100			5,100	4,590
Legal	78			78	335
Grant to NDBF	11,100			11,100	10,600
Accounts package	974			974	1,980
	17,252			17,252	17,505

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

6. Summary of fund movements

Summary of fund movements

	Balance at 1 Jan 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2023 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	278,770	7,868	(27,252)	24,627	284,013
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	8,494,879	440,336	(300,982)	406,251	9,040,484
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,491,196			434,003	4,925,199
	13,264,845	448,204	(328,234)	864,881	14,249,696

Summary of fund movements - prior year

	Balance at 1 Jan 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2022 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	325,399	8,358	(17,505)	(37,482)	278,770
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	4,212,138	4,756,649	(135,678)	(338,230)	8,494,879
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	5,106,558			(615,362)	4,491,196
	9,644,095	4,765,007	(153,183)	(991,074)	13,264,845

Funds transferred from endowment to restricted funds represent the unspent income on endowed funds available for use by the beneficiaries, which are held as cash deposits and not investment funds.

7. Directors' remuneration and expenses

No remuneration has been paid to any director in their capacity as a director (2022: £nil).

8. Employee details

The Society does not have any employees. All administrative functions are carried out by NDBF staff and the Society makes a grant to the NDBF in recognition of this assistance. The grant for 2023 was £11,100 (2022: £10,600).

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

9. Investments

	Listed investments £
Within the United Kingdom	
At 1 January 2023	9,704,658
Additions	631,406
Disposals	(559,190)
Revaluation	794,781
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2023	10,571,655
	<hr/>
Historical cost at 31 December 2023	7,027,819

10. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Accrued income	593,899	1,855,050

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Other creditors	153	318
Accruals	4,590	4,590
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	4,743	4,908

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	5,361,235	3,679,249	9,040,484
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,925,199		4,925,199
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	285,221	(1,208)	284,013
Total Funds	10,571,655	3,678,041	14,249,696

Analysis of net assets between funds 2022

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	4,942,866	3,552,013	8,494,879
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,491,196		4,491,196
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	270,596	8,174	278,770
Total Funds	9,704,658	3,560,187	13,264,845

At 31 December 2023 the Society managed 90 trust funds (2022: 90 trust funds). These funds were held to cover a variety of purposes including: the upkeep and maintenance of church buildings; church halls or churchyards; the upkeep of church organs or music groups; the charitable purposes of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF); ecclesiastical/charitable purposes; to be used at the discretion of the Bishop of Newcastle, the Society or designated clergy; and to provide funds for the NDBF to help to offset the cost of stipends.

In addition, the Society is custodian trustee for trust in investment assets with a market value of £2,817,180 at 31 December 2023(2022: £2,574,921). The Society also holds property on behalf of the NDBF and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by the Society at the year end.

13. Related party transactions

Seven of the Society's directors who served during the year were also directors of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF). During 2023 the Society paid out £181,016 (2022: £42,796) to the NDBF from its various funds, some of which are restricted and required to assist in the payment of stipends, and the remainder unrestricted and covering certain administration costs.

The Society acts as custodian trustee over the assets of St Hilda's Trust. The Bishop of Newcastle was a trustee for both the Society and St Hilda's Trust. The two charities had no other trustees in common.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

England & Wales - Charity number 247234

Accounts



Newcastle Diocesan Society

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report & Financial Statements Year ended 31 December 2022

Company number 00021135

Registered charity number 247234

A large print version is available on request from

Church House
St John's Terrace
North Shields NE29 6HS

E-mail: info@newcastle.anglican.org

Telephone: 0191 270 4100

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

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NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors, who are trustees as the company is a charity, present their annual report together with the audited financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Legal Objects

Newcastle Diocesan Society (NDS) is a registered charity (Charity number 247234) acting as trustee and custodian trustee responsible for trust funds and properties held upon trust for the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs).

The Board meets at least twice a year to agree and confirm actions/decisions taken with regards to access to, payments from and management of trust funds, and the allocation of grants from trusts in its care. This is carried out under the Diocesan strategic vision for *Growing Church Bringing Hope* the spirit of which is underpinned by the Diocesan values of being '*Generous, Engaged and Open*'.

NDS acts as custodian trustee in relation to St Hilda's Trust, a separately registered charity, and also in relation to PCC properties and certain diocesan properties.

The directors are aware of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit in *The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit* and have had regard to it in their administration of NDS. The directors believe that, by promoting the work of the Church of England in the Diocese of Newcastle, NDS helps to promote the whole mission of the Church (including pastoral, social and ecumenical) more effectively, both in the Diocese as a whole and in its individual parishes, and that in doing so it provides a benefit to the public.

Aims and objectives

NDS aims to promote, facilitate and assist with the work and purposes of the Church of England for the advancement of the Christian faith in the Diocese of Newcastle and elsewhere.

The specific aims and objectives for NDS are as follows:

- To manage the funds in accordance with its duties and responsibilities exercising appropriate stewardship for and on behalf of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF) and PCCs.
- To monitor the performance of the investment managers acting on behalf of NDS and provide appropriate advice and direction as required.
- To monitor the administration costs of NDS's unrestricted funds.
- To maintain adequate reserves.

NDS meets administration costs from its own funds and therefore no charges are made to individual trust funds.

Grant-making (beneficiary-selection) policy

This is carried out in accordance with the terms and objectives of each individual trust under the umbrella of NDS with the consent and approval of the directors.

Achievements in the year

Review of 2022

- Investment income of £255,665 (2021: £218,810) represents an increase of 16.8% on the previous year.
- £153,183 (2021: £262,917) was paid out of charitable activities during the year, a 42% decrease from the previous year. Parishes used the funds for a number of reasons from extensive church repairs to assisting with costs for curates and payment of parish share.

Operational performance

The directors continue to seek advice and guidance from their professional advisers in relation to the investments. The directors invest the capital of all the funds in the Central Board of Finances Investment Fund or the Central Board of Finances Deposit Fund. The funds conform to the guidance given by the Church's Ethical Investment Advisory Group.

Investment performance

The total value of investments (excluding short-term cash deposits) at 31 December 2022 was £9,704,658 (2021: £8,709,115) and the total return on investment was -8.44% (2021: +12.5%). The unrealised loss in the value of investments during the year amounted to £994,602 a decrease of 11.42% on the equity portfolio.

Future Plans

The directors intend to continue to administer the funds in trust and meet the day to day running costs from the general fund. The specific objectives for 2023 remain as they were in previous years. Please refer to aims and objectives on page 1.

Financial Review

Overall financial position

Income before revaluation adjustments totalled £4,765,007 (2021: £226,810). This comprised £4,509,342 by way of additions to the investments held by NDS as custodian trustee, and £255,665 investment income. Expenditure amounted to £153,183 (2021: £262,917).

The Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) for the year shows net income of £4,611,824 (2021: net expenditure of £36,107) before losses on the investment assets.

After accounting for £991,074 losses for the year on the investment assets, the net movement in funds amounted to a surplus of £3,620,750 (2021: £1,054,781). During the year, total fund balances increased from £9,644,095 to £13,264,845.

Principal Funding Sources

100% of the income of NDS is from investments or funds used to acquire investments.

Going concern

After making enquiries the directors are satisfied that NDS has adequate resources to continue to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future and have prepared the financial statements on that basis.

Investment policies

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the charity permit wide powers of investment. The NDS investment strategy is based on two key policies:

Ethical investment - This includes ensuring that investments are held in companies which have high standards of corporate governance and act in a responsible way towards stakeholders.

Long-term responsibilities - the directors are aware of their long-term responsibilities in respect of endowed funds and as a result follow a correspondingly prudent approach to investment decisions.

Investment policy for long-term funds is aimed primarily at generating a sustainable income with due regard to the need for the preservation of capital value and the possible need to realise investments to meet operational needs.

Reserves policy

The directors need to keep a certain level of reserves as protection against unexpected fluctuations in income and to assist at certain times of the year with cash flow. The target level for unrestricted reserves set by the

directors is £250k and the majority of these reserves are held in investment funds to generate income for NDS which can be applied to charitable purposes in the future. At 31 December 2022 the amount available in the NDS's general fund was £278,770 (2021: £325,399). The directors confirm that the unrestricted funds are adequate and readily available to fulfil the obligations of administering NDS in the future.

Structure and Governance

Company status

NDS is a company incorporated in England and limited by guarantee (Company registration number 00021135) by its Memorandum and Articles of Association dated 1885. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission (Charity registration number 247234).

Decision-making structure

The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the company to the Company Secretary, which involves the maintenance of the accounts, dealing with general enquiries from directors and following through the decisions made by directors. The directors meet at least twice a year. The chairman does have authority to make decisions on behalf of the directors between meetings if it is thought that the matter is urgent. Any such decision is confirmed by the directors at their next meeting. All decisions taken at the meetings are recorded in the minutes.

Appointment of Directors

The directors who served the charity during the period are listed on page 5.

The directors are appointed by NDS after nomination by a written notice as required by the charity's Articles of Association. The articles also stipulate that not more than twenty persons may be so nominated as members of NDS during one year. Directors are given induction training when first appointed and receive on-going training, as appropriate. Where there is an identified training need this is provided in house, or if necessary external training will be arranged.

Directors' and Trustees' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the net incoming or outgoing resources of the company for that year.

In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- Select the most suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principals in the Charities SORP;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Follow applicable accounting standards and the SORP, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the corporate and trust assets of the company and ensuring their proper application under charity law and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors as a Board confirm that to the best of their knowledge there is no information relevant to the audit of which the auditors are unaware, and that they have each taken all necessary steps to ensure that they themselves are aware of all relevant audit information and that this information has been communicated to the auditors.

Funds held as custodian trustee for others

NDS is custodian trustee for trust investment assets with a market value of £2,574,921 at 31 December 2022 (2021: £2,918,474). NDS also holds property on behalf of Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by NDS at the year end. Due to the nature of the assets concerned it is not possible to place a valuation on the land and buildings. As these are custodian assets any valuation would be for disclosure purposes only. As each PCC is a separate charity these assets are held separately from those of NDS.

Connected charities

NDS has a close relationship with the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance Limited (NDBF) which has trust funds held by NDS.

Risk management

The directors have examined the major business, strategic and operational risks that NDS faces and confirm that systems have been established to enable regular reports to be produced so that the necessary steps can be taken to lessen these risks. These risks are mitigated by using Investment management company CCLA to manage the funds.

Appointment of Auditors

The auditor is deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006 until otherwise resolved at a general meeting of the company.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Administrative Details

Directors

The Bishop of Newcastle, the Right Reverend H-A Hartley (from 03/02/23)
The Acting Bishop of Newcastle, the Right Reverend M Wroe (to 02/02/23)
The Archdeacon of Lindisfarne - The Venerable C Sourbut Groves
The Archdeacon of Northumberland – The Venerable R A Wood
Canon S R Harper (Chair)
Dr J C Appleby
E A Kerry
I McDonald-Booth

Secretary

Canon S Waddle

Auditors

UNW LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Citygate, St. James' Boulevard
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 4JE

Solicitors

Sintons
The Cube, Barrack Road
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE4 6DB

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc
5 St Ann's Street, Quayside
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 2BH

Investment Managers

CCLA Investment Management Ltd
Senator House
85 Queen Victoria Street
London
EC4V 4ET

Brewin Dolphin
12 Smithfield Street
London
EC1A 9LA

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Registered office

Church House
St John's Terrace, North Shields
Tyne and Wear, NE29 6HS
Telephone: 0191 270 4100

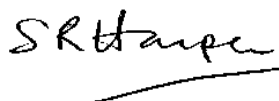
Company registration number

00021135

Registered charity number

247234

By order of the board

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'S Harper', with a horizontal line underneath.

Canon Simon Harper

Director

Date: 23rd March 2023

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newcastle Diocesan Society for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ('ISAs (UK)') and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the, Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements, section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' and trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- The directors' and trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remunerations specified by law not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors and trustees' report.

Responsibilities of directors' and trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the directors (who are also the trustees of the charitable company) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We identified areas of law and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general and sector experience and through discussions with the trustees and other management (as required by auditing standards) and from inspection of the charitable company's legal correspondence, and we discussed with the trustees and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Firstly, the charitable company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies and charities legislation) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly the charitable company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect; data protection and certain aspects of company legislation, recognising the nature of the charitable company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Through these procedures, we became aware of actual or suspected non-compliance and considered the effect as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in any further disclosure within our report or the financial statements.

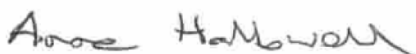
Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Anne Hallowell BSc DChA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of UNW LLP, Statutory Auditor
Newcastle upon Tyne

Date: 23rd March 2023

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2022 £	Total Funds 2021 £
Income and endowments from:						
Donations	2	-	4,509,342	-	4,509,342	8,000
Investments	3	8,358	247,307	-	255,665	218,810
		<u>8,358</u>	<u>4,756,649</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,765,007</u>	<u>226,810</u>
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities	4/5	(17,505)	(135,678)	-	(153,183)	(262,917)
		<u>(17,505)</u>	<u>(135,678)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(153,183)</u>	<u>(262,917)</u>
Net income/(expenditure) before investment gains		(9,147)	4,620,971	-	4,611,824	(36,107)
Net (loss)/gain on investments		(37,482)	(338,230)	(615,362)	(991,074)	1,090,888
Net income		(46,629)	4,282,741	(615,362)	3,620,750	1,054,781
Transfers between funds		-	-	-	-	-
Total funds brought forward	6	<u>325,399</u>	<u>4,212,138</u>	<u>5,106,558</u>	<u>9,644,095</u>	<u>8,589,314</u>
Total funds carried forward	6	278,770	8,494,879	4,491,196	13,264,845	9,644,095

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Income		4,765,007	218,810
Expenditure		(153,183)	(262,917)
Operating deficit for the year		4,611,824	(44,106)
Net (loss)/gain on investments		(375,712)	437,102
Net income for the year		4,236,112	392,996
Total comprehensive income		4,236,112	392,996

The income and expenditure account is derived from the Statement of Financial Activities with movements in endowment funds excluded to comply with company law.

All income and expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

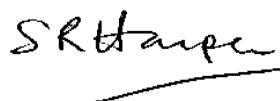
NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	<u>9,704,658</u>	<u>8,709,115</u>
		9,704,658	8,709,115
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	1,855,050	56,826
Cash at bank and in hand		1,710,045	883,211
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(4,908)	(5,057)
Net current assets		<u>3,560,187</u>	<u>934,980</u>
Net assets		<u>13,264,845</u>	<u>9,644,095</u>
Funds			
Endowment funds	6	4,491,196	5,106,558
(including investment revaluation reserve of £1,668,682 (2021 £2,275,098))			
Restricted income funds	6	8,494,879	4,212,138
(including investment revaluation reserve of £1,087,116 (2021 £1,463,050))			
Unrestricted income funds	6	278,770	325,399
(including investment revaluation reserve of £100,539 (2021 £141,978))			
Total funds		<u>13,264,845</u>	<u>9,644,095</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The notes on pages 13 to 20 form part of these financial statements. The accounts were approved by the members of Newcastle Diocesan Society on the 23rd March 2023 and are signed on their behalf by:



Canon Simon Harper
Director

Company number 00021135

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of fixed asset investments which are included at their market value at the balance sheet date. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Charities (SORP 2019), the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards (FRS102).

The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of preparation

The Board prepares its annual financial statements on the basis of historical cost and the carrying of investment assets (including investment properties) at market value. The financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. NDS meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS102.

NDS acts as a trustee responsible for 89 Trust Funds held on behalf of the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils. Income received and expenditure on behalf of and distributions for the specified purposes of the funds in trust are included in the Statement of Financial Activities and are allocated to the capital or income funds as appropriate and in accordance with the terms of the trust deeds of the individual funds.

Fund balances are split between unrestricted, restricted and endowment funds.

- **Unrestricted** funds represent funds which are expendable at the discretion of the directors in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity. Such funds may be held in order to finance both administration and operational costs.
- **Restricted** funds represent grants, donations, legacies and assets which are allocated by the donor for specific purposes. These are expendable at the discretion of NDS acting as trustee in furtherance of the objects of the individual trust. Restricted funds may be restricted income funds and/or capital funds, where the assets are required to be invested or retained for actual use rather than expended.
- **Endowment** funds represent grants, donations and legacies received where the donor has stipulated that the income may be used for general purposes, but the capital must be retained.

“Special trusts” (as defined by the Charities Act 2011) and any other trusts where the company acts as trustee and controls the management and use of the funds, are included in the company’s own financial statements as charity branches, subject to the Charity Commission’s determination of their accounting status.

Trusts where the Board acts merely as custodian trustee with no control over the management of the funds are not included in the financial statements but are disclosed in the Directors’ and Trustees’ Annual Report.

Going concern

The Society holds sufficient cash reserves to allow it to be able to meet its obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

Income

All income is included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the Board is legally entitled to it as income or capital respectively, ultimate receipt is probable and the amount to be recognised can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

Where a claim for repayment of income tax has or will be made, such income is grossed up for the tax recoverable.

The following accounting policies are applied to income.

- Investment income is accounted for when receivable and includes the related tax recoverable.
- Legacies and donations are accounted for when conditions for their receipt have been met and the amount can be reliably estimated. Legacies received in the form of property or investments are accounted for at the lower of probate or market value.
- Monies from endowment funds are allocated to restricted income funds in accordance with trust terms.

Expenditure

Expenditure is included on the accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the SOFA category. NDS's operating costs include professional fees and other related costs representing management and administration expenditure.

Distributions to beneficiaries are accounted for when expenditure has been incurred in respect of the various trust funds. Disbursements from trust funds are made strictly in accordance with the terms of the trust for the individual funds. Where the terms of a specific fund require the consent of NDS, this is recorded in the minutes of the NDS meeting at which it was discussed.

Support costs represent expenditure incurred in the management of the trust funds, organisational administration, and compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements. These costs are charged to the General Fund not the individual trust funds.

Investments

Listed investments, which have been classified as fixed asset investments, are measured initially and subsequently at fair value. The statement of financial activities includes the net gains and losses arising on revaluations and disposals throughout the year. Investments held by NDS as custodian trustee are not included in these accounts.

Taxation

The activities of NDS are exempt from taxation under Section 505 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at Bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of basic debt financial assets and liabilities like trade other accounts receivable and payable, cash and bank balances and loans to or from related parties. All such instruments are due within one year and are measured, initially and subsequently at the transaction price.

At the end of each reporting period debt financial assets are assessed for impairment, and their carrying value reduced if necessary. Any impairment charge is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In preparing these financial statements the trustees do not consider there were any significant areas of judgment or estimates that were required in applying the company's policies as set out above.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 Donations

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2022 £	Total Funds 2021 £
Donations	-	4,509,342	-	4,509,342	8,000

3 Investment income

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2022 £	Total Funds 2021 £
Dividends receivable	8,329	230,015	-	238,344	218,339
Interest receivable	29	17,292	-	17,321	471
	8,358	247,307	-	255,665	218,810

4 Costs of charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2022 £	Total Funds 2021 £
Grant funding activities	-	135,678	-	135,678	246,009
Support costs	17,505	-	-	17,505	16,908
	17,505	135,678	-	153,183	262,917

5 Analysis of support costs

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2022 £	Total Funds 2021 £
Governance:					
External Audit	4,590	-	-	4,590	4,590
Legal	335	-	-	335	35
Grant to NDBF	10,600	-	-	10,600	10,400
Accounts package	1,980	-	-	1,980	1,883
	17,505	-	-	17,505	16,908

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

6. Summary of fund movements

Summary of fund movements

	Balance at 1 Jan 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2022 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	325,399	8,358	(17,505)	(37,482)	278,770
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	4,212,138	4,756,649	(135,678)	(338,230)	8,494,879
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	5,106,558	-	-	(615,362)	4,491,196
	9,644,095	4,765,007	(153,183)	(991,074)	13,264,845

Summary of fund movements – prior year

	Balance at 1 Jan 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2021 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	292,688	8,362	(16,908)	41,257	325,399
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	3,851,853	210,449	(246,009)	395,846	4,212,138
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,444,773	8,000	-	653,785	5,106,558
	8,589,314	226,811	(262,917)	1,090,888	9,644,095

Funds transferred from endowment to restricted funds represent the unspent income on endowed funds available for use by the beneficiaries, which are held as cash deposits and not investment funds.

7. Directors' remuneration and expenses

No remuneration has been paid to any director in their capacity as a director (2021: £nil).

8. Employee details

NDS does not have any employees. All administrative functions are carried out by NDBF staff and NDS makes a grant to the NDBF in recognition of this assistance. The grant for 2022 was £10,600 (2021: £10,400).

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

9. Investments

	Listed investments
	£
Within the United Kingdom	
At 1 January 2022	8,709,115
Additions	2,531,567
Disposals	(541,422)
Revaluation	(994,602)
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2022	9,704,658
	<hr/>
Historical cost at 31 December 2022	6,848,321
	<hr/>

10. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Accrued income	1,855,050	56,826

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Other creditors	318	467
Accruals	4,590	4,590
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	4,908	5,057
	<hr/>	<hr/>

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

12. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	4,942,866	3,552,013	8,494,879
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,491,196	-	4,491,196
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	270,596	8,174	278,770
Total Funds	9,704,658	3,560,187	13,264,845

Analysis of net assets between funds 2021

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	3,283,880	928,258	4,212,138
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	5,106,558	-	5,106,558
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	318,677	6,722	325,399
Total Funds	8,709,115	934,980	9,644,095

At 31 December 2022 NDS managed 90 trust funds (2021: 89 trust funds). These funds were held to cover a variety of purposes such as the upkeep and maintenance of church buildings, church halls or churchyards; the upkeep of church organs or music groups; general use by NDS directors; ecclesiastical/charitable purposes; to be used at the discretion of the Bishop, NDS or local vicars, and to provide funds for NDBF to offset the cost of stipends.

In addition, NDS is custodian trustee for trust in investment assets with a market value of £2,574,921 at 31 December 2022(2021: £2,918,474). NDS also holds property on behalf of Parochial Church Council (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by NDS at the year end.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

13. Related party transactions

Seven of the NDS directors who served during the year were also directors of NDBF. During 2022 NDS paid out £42,796 (2021: £41,399) to the NDBF from its various funds, some of which are restricted and required to assist in the payment of stipends, and the remainder unrestricted and covering certain administration costs.

NDS acts as custodian trustee over the assets of St Hilda's Trust. The Bishop of Newcastle was a trustee for both NDS and St Hilda's Trust. The two charities had no other trustees in common.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

England & Wales - Charity number 247234

Accounts



Newcastle Diocesan Society
(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report & Financial Statements
Year ended 31 December 2021

Company number 00021135
Registered charity number 247234

A large print version is available on request from

Church House
St John's Terrace
North Shields NE29 6HS

E-mail: info@newcastle.anglican.org
Telephone: 0191 270 4100

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

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NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors, who are trustees as the company is a charity, present their annual report together with the audited financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Legal Objects

Newcastle Diocesan Society (NDS) is a registered charity (Charity number 247234) acting as trustee and custodian trustee responsible for trust funds and properties held upon trust for the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs).

The Board meets at least twice a year to agree and confirm actions/decisions taken with regards to access to, payments from and management of trust funds, and the allocation of grants from trusts in its care. This is carried out under the Diocesan strategic vision for *Growing Church Bringing Hope* the spirit of which is underpinned by the Diocesan values of being '*Generous, Engaged and Open*'.

NDS acts as custodian trustee in relation to St Hilda's Trust, a separately registered charity, and also in relation to PCC properties and certain diocesan properties.

The directors are aware of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit in *The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit* and have had regard to it in their administration of NDS. The directors believe that, by promoting the work of the Church of England in the Diocese of Newcastle, NDS helps to promote the whole mission of the Church (including pastoral, social and ecumenical) more effectively, both in the Diocese as a whole and in its individual parishes, and that in doing so it provides a benefit to the public.

Aims and objectives

NDS aims to promote, facilitate and assist with the work and purposes of the Church of England for the advancement of the Christian faith in the Diocese of Newcastle and elsewhere.

The specific aims and objectives for NDS are as follows:

- To manage the funds in accordance with its duties and responsibilities exercising appropriate stewardship for and on behalf of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF) and PCCs.
- To monitor the performance of the investment managers acting on behalf of NDS and provide appropriate advice and direction as required.
- To monitor the administration costs of NDS's unrestricted funds.
- To maintain adequate reserves.

NDS meets administration costs from its own funds and therefore no charges are made to individual trust funds.

Grant-making (beneficiary-selection) policy

This is carried out in accordance with the terms and objectives of each individual trust under the umbrella of NDS with the consent and approval of the directors.

Achievements in the year

Review of 2021

- Investment income of £218,810 (2020: £225,849) represents a slight decrease of 3.1% on the previous year.
- £262,917 (2020: £341,718) was paid out of charitable activities during the year, a 23% decrease from the previous year. Parishes used the funds for a number of reasons from extensive church repairs to assisting with costs for curates and payment of parish share.

Operational performance

The directors continue to seek advice and guidance from their professional advisers in relation to the investments. The directors invest the capital of all the funds in the Central Board of Finances Investment Fund or the Central Board of Finances Deposit Fund. The funds conform to the guidance given by the Church's Ethical Investment Advisory Group.

Investment performance

The total value of investments (excluding short-term cash deposits) at 31 December 2021 was £8,709,115 (2020: £7,623,129) and the total return on investment was 12.5% (2020:22.07%). The unrealised gain in the value of investments during the year amounted to £1,089,363 an increase of 14.3% on the equity portfolio.

Future Plans

The directors intend to continue to administer the funds in trust and meet the day to day running costs from the general fund. The specific objectives for 2022 remain as they were in previous years. Please refer to aims and objectives on page 1.

Financial Review

Overall financial position

Income before revaluation adjustments totalled £226,810 (2020: £238,866) and expenditure amounted to £262,917 (2020: £341,718).

The Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) for the year shows net expenditure of £36,107 (2020: net expenditure of £102,852) before gains and losses on the investment assets.

After all gains and losses for the year, the net movement in funds amounted to a surplus of £1,054,781 (2020: £394,585). During the year, total fund balances increased from £8,589,314 to £9,644,095.

Principal Funding Sources

100% of the income of NDS is from investments or funds used to acquire investments.

Going concern

After making enquiries the directors are satisfied that NDS has adequate resources to continue to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future and have prepared the financial statements on that basis.

Investment policies

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the charity permit wide powers of investment. The NDS investment strategy is based on two key policies:

Ethical investment - This includes ensuring that investments are held in companies which have high standards of corporate governance and act in a responsible way towards stakeholders.

Long-term responsibilities - the directors are aware of their long-term responsibilities in respect of endowed funds and as a result follow a correspondingly prudent approach to investment decisions.

Investment policy for long-term funds is aimed primarily at generating a sustainable income with due regard to the need for the preservation of capital value and the possible need to realise investments to meet operational needs.

Reserves policy

The directors need to keep a certain level of reserves as protection against unexpected fluctuations in income and to assist at certain times of the year with cash flow. The target level for unrestricted reserves set by the directors is £250k and the majority of these reserves are held in investment funds to generate income for NDS

which can be applied to charitable purposes in the future. At 31 December 2021 the amount available in the NDS's general fund was £325,399 (2020: £292,686). The directors confirm that the unrestricted funds are adequate and readily available to fulfil the obligations of administering NDS in the future.

Structure and Governance

Company status

NDS is a company incorporated in England and limited by guarantee (Company registration number 00021135) by its Memorandum and Articles of Association dated 1885. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission (Charity registration number 247234).

Decision-making structure

The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the company to the Company Secretary, which involves the maintenance of the accounts, dealing with general enquiries from directors and following through the decisions made by directors. The directors meet at least twice a year. The chairman does have authority to make decisions on behalf of the directors between meetings if it is thought that the matter is urgent. Any such decision is confirmed by the directors at their next meeting. All decisions taken at the meetings are recorded in the minutes.

Appointment of Directors

The directors who served the charity during the period are listed on page 5.

The directors are appointed by NDS after nomination by a written notice as required by the charity's Articles of Association. The articles also stipulate that not more than twenty persons may be so nominated as members of NDS during one year. Directors are given induction training when first appointed and receive on-going training, as appropriate. Where there is an identified training need this is provided in house, or if necessary external training will be arranged.

Directors' and Trustees' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the net incoming or outgoing resources of the company for that year.

In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- Select the most suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principals in the Charities SORP;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Follow applicable accounting standards and the SORP, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the corporate and trust assets of the company and ensuring their proper application under charity law and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors as a Board confirm that to the best of their knowledge there is no information relevant to the audit of which the auditors are unaware, and that they have each taken all necessary steps to ensure that they themselves are aware of all relevant audit information and that this information has been communicated to the auditors.

Funds held as custodian trustee for others

NDS is custodian trustee for trust investment assets with a market value of £2,918,474 at 31 December 2021 (2020: £2,553,224). NDS also holds property on behalf of Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by NDS at the year end. Due to the nature of the assets concerned it is not possible to place a valuation on the land and buildings. As these are custodian assets any valuation would be for disclosure purposes only. As each PCC is a separate charity these assets are held separately from those of NDS.

Connected charities

NDS has a close relationship with the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance Limited (NDBF) which has trust funds held by NDS.

Risk management

The directors have examined the major business, strategic and operational risks that NDS faces and confirm that systems have been established to enable regular reports to be produced so that the necessary steps can be taken to lessen these risks. These risks are mitigated by using Investment management company CCLA to manage the funds.

Appointment of Auditors

The auditor is deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006 until otherwise resolved at a general meeting of the company.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Administrative Details

Directors

The Bishop of Newcastle – The Right Reverend C E Hardman (ends 30/11/2021)
Acting Bishop of Newcastle – The Right Reverend M Wroe (from 1/12/2021)
The Archdeacon of Lindisfarne- The Venerable Catherine Sourbut Groves
The Archdeacon of Northumberland – The Venerable M Wroe (ends 04/01/2021)
The Archdeacon of Northumberland – The Venerable R A Wood (from 06/09/2021)
Canon G J Baker-Cresswell (Chair) (ends 14/04/2021)
Canon S R Harper (Chair from 15/04/2021)
Dr J C Appleby
Mrs E A Kerry
Miss I McDonald-Booth

Secretary

Canon S Waddle

Auditors

UNW LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Citygate, St. James' Boulevard
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 4JE

Solicitors

Sintons
The Cube, Barrack Road
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE4 6DB

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc
5 St Ann's Street, Quayside
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 2BH

Investment Managers

CCLA Investment Management Ltd
Senator House
85 Queen Victoria Street
London
EC4V 4ET

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Registered office

Church House
St John's Terrace, North Shields
Tyne and Wear, NE29 6HS
(Telephone: 0191 2704100)
(Fax: 0191 2704101)

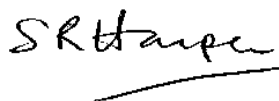
Company registration number

00021135

Registered charity number

247234

By order of the board

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'S Harper', with a horizontal line underneath.

Canon Simon Harper

Director

Date: 4th May 2022

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newcastle Diocesan Society for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' and trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- The directors' and trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remunerations specified by law not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors and trustees' report.

Responsibilities of directors' and trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the directors (who are also the trustees of the charitable company) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We identified areas of law and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general and sector experience and through discussions with the trustees and other management (as required by auditing standards) and from inspection of the charitable company's legal correspondence, and we discussed with the trustees and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

regulations. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

Firstly, the charitable company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies and charities legislation) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly the charitable company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect; data protection and certain aspects of company legislation, recognising the nature of the charitable company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Through these procedures, we became aware of actual or suspected non-compliance and considered the effect as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in any further disclosure within our report or the financial statements.

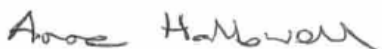
Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Anne Hallowell BSc DChA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of UNW LLP, Statutory Auditor
Newcastle upon Tyne

Date: 4th May 2022

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2020 £
Income and endowments from:						
Donations	2	-	-	8,000	8,000	13,017
Investments	3	8,362	210,448	-	218,810	225,849
		<u>8,362</u>	<u>210,448</u>	<u>8,000</u>	<u>226,810</u>	<u>238,866</u>
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities	4/5	(16,908)	(246,009)	-	(262,917)	(341,718)
		<u>(16,908)</u>	<u>(246,009)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(262,917)</u>	<u>(341,718)</u>
Net (expenditure)/income before investment gains		(8,546)	(35,561)	8,000	(36,107)	(102,852)
Net gains on investments		41,257	395,846	653,785	1,090,888	497,437
Net income		32,711 	360,285	661,785	1,054,781	394,585
Transfers between funds		-	-	-	-	-
Total funds brought forward	6	<u>292,688</u>	<u>3,851,853</u>	<u>4,444,773</u>	<u>8,589,314</u>	<u>8,194,729</u>
Total funds carried forward	6	325,399	4,212,138	5,106,558	9,644,095	8,589,314

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Income		218,811	238,865
Expenditure		(262,917)	(341,718)
Operating deficit for the year		(44,106)	(102,853)
Net gains on investments		437,102	213,428
Net income for the year		392,996	110,575
Total comprehensive income		392,996	110,575

The income and expenditure account is derived from the Statement of Financial Activities with movements in endowment funds excluded to comply with company law.

All income and expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

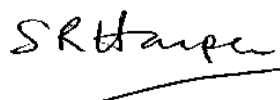
NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	<u>8,709,115</u>	<u>7,623,129</u>
		8,709,115	7,623,129
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	56,826	54,772
Cash at bank and in hand		883,211	917,950
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	<u>(5,057)</u>	<u>(6,537)</u>
Net current assets		<u>934,980</u>	<u>966,185</u>
Net assets		<u>9,644,095</u>	<u>8,589,314</u>
Funds			
Endowment funds	6	5,106,558	4,444,773
(including investment revaluation reserve of £2,275,098 (2020 £1,618,115))			
Restricted income funds	6	4,212,138	3,851,853
(including investment revaluation reserve of £1,463,050 (2020 £1,097,614))			
Unrestricted income funds	6	325,399	292,688
(including investment revaluation reserve of £141,978 (2020 £38,426))			
Total funds		<u>9,644,095</u>	<u>8,589,314</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The notes on pages 13 to 19 form part of these financial statements. The accounts were approved by the members of Newcastle Diocesan Society on the 4th May 2022 and are signed on their behalf by:



Canon Simon Harper
Director

Company number 00021135

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of fixed asset investments which are included at their market value at the balance sheet date. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Charities (SORP 2015), the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards (FRS102).

The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of preparation

The Board prepares its annual financial statements on the basis of historical cost and the carrying of investment assets (including investment properties) at market value. The financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. NDS meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS102.

NDS acts as a trustee responsible for 89 Trust Funds held on behalf of the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils. Income received and expenditure on behalf of and distributions for the specified purposes of the funds in trust are included in the Statement of Financial Activities and are allocated to the capital or income funds as appropriate and in accordance with the terms of the trust deeds of the individual funds.

Fund balances are split between unrestricted, restricted and endowment funds.

- **Unrestricted** funds represent funds which are expendable at the discretion of the directors in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity. Such funds may be held in order to finance both administration and operational costs.
- **Restricted** funds represent grants, donations, legacies and assets which are allocated by the donor for specific purposes. These are expendable at the discretion of NDS acting as trustee in furtherance of the objects of the individual trust. Restricted funds may be restricted income funds and/or capital funds, where the assets are required to be invested or retained for actual use rather than expended.
- **Endowment** funds represent grants, donations and legacies received where the donor has stipulated that the income may be used for general purposes, but the capital must be retained.

“Special trusts” (as defined by the Charities Act 2011) and any other trusts where the company acts as trustee and controls the management and use of the funds, are included in the company’s own financial statements as charity branches, subject to the Charity Commission’s determination of their accounting status.

Trusts where the Board acts merely as custodian trustee with no control over the management of the funds are not included in the financial statements but are disclosed in the Directors’ and Trustees’ Annual Report.

Going concern

The Society holds sufficient cash reserves to allow it to be able to meet its obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

Income

All income is included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the Board is legally entitled to it as income or capital respectively, ultimate receipt is probable and the amount to be recognised can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

Where a claim for repayment of income tax has or will be made, such income is grossed up for the tax recoverable.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The following accounting policies are applied to income.

- Investment income is accounted for when receivable and includes the related tax recoverable.
- Legacies and donations are accounted for when conditions for their receipt have been met. Legacies received in the form of property or investments are accounted for at the lower of probate or market value.
- Monies from endowment funds are allocated to restricted income funds in accordance with trust terms.

Expenditure

Expenditure is included on the accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the SOFA category. NDS's operating costs include professional fees and other related costs representing management and administration expenditure.

Distributions to beneficiaries are accounted for when expenditure has been incurred in respect of the various trust funds. Disbursements from trust funds are made strictly in accordance with the terms of the trust for the individual funds. Where the terms of a specific fund require the consent of NDS, this is recorded in the minutes of the NDS meeting at which it was discussed.

Support costs represent expenditure incurred in the management of the trust funds, organisational administration, and compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements. These costs are charged to the General Fund not the individual trust funds.

Investments

Listed investments, which have been classified as fixed asset investments, are measured initially and subsequently at fair value. The statement of financial activities includes the net gains and losses arising on revaluations and disposals throughout the year. Investments held by NDS as custodian trustee are not included in these accounts.

Taxation

The activities of NDS are exempt from taxation under Section 505 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at Bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of basic debt financial assets and liabilities like trade other accounts receivable and payable, cash and bank balances and loans to or from related parties. All such instruments are due within one year and are measured, initially and subsequently at the transaction price.

At the end of each reporting period debt financial assets are assessed for impairment, and their carrying value reduced if necessary. Any impairment charge is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In preparing these financial statements the trustees do not consider there were any significant areas of judgment or estimates that were required in applying the company's policies as set out above.

However, the trustees recognise the continuing uncertainty caused by the Covid 19 crisis.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2 Donations

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2020 £
Donations	-	-	8,000	8,000	13,017
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

3 Investment income

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2020 £
Dividends receivable	8,361	209,977	-	218,339	221,947
Interest receivable	1	471	-	472	3,901
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	8,362	210,448	-	218,810	225,848
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

4 Costs of charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2020 £
Grant funding activities	-	246,009	-	246,009	324,981
Support costs	16,908	-	-	16,908	16,737
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	16,908	246,009	-	262,917	341,718
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

5 Analysis of support costs

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2021 £	Total Funds 2020 £
Governance:					
External Audit	4,590	-	-	4,590	4,590
Legal	35	-	-	35	-
Grant to NDBF	10,400	-	-	10,400	10,200
Accounts package	1,883	-	-	1,883	1,947
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	16,908	-	-	16,908	16,737
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6. Summary of fund movements

Summary of fund movements

	Balance at 1 Jan 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2021 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	292,688	8,362	(16,908)	41,257	325,399
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	3,851,853	210,449	(246,009)	395,846	4,212,138
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,444,773	8,000	-	653,785	5,106,558
	<u>8,589,314</u>	<u>226,811</u>	<u>(262,917)</u>	<u>1,090,888</u>	<u>9,644,095</u>

Summary of fund movements – prior year

	Balance at 1 Jan 2020 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2020 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	371,255	12,977	(116,737)	25,193	292,688
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	3,662,709	225,889	(224,981)	188,236	3,851,853
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,160,765	-	-	284,008	4,444,773
	<u>8,194,729</u>	<u>238,866</u>	<u>(341,718)</u>	<u>497,437</u>	<u>8,589,314</u>

Funds transferred from endowment to restricted funds represent the unspent income on endowed funds available for use by the beneficiaries, which are held as cash deposits and not investment funds.

7. Directors' remuneration and expenses

No remuneration has been paid to any director in their capacity as a director (2020: £NIL).

8. Employee details

NDS does not have any employees. All administrative functions are carried out by NDBF staff and NDS makes a grant to the NDBF in recognition of this assistance. The grant for 2021 was £10,400 (2020: £10,200).

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

9. Investments

	Listed investments £
Within the United Kingdom	
At 1 January 2021	7,623,129
Additions	8,000
Disposals	(11,377)
Revaluation	1,089,363
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2021	8,709,115
	<hr/>
Historical cost at 31 December 2020	4,831,497
	<hr/>

10. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other debtors	56,826	54,772

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other creditors	467	1,947
Accruals	4,590	4,590
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	5,057	6,537
	<hr/>	<hr/>

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	3,283,880	928,258	4,212,138
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	5,106,558	-	5,106,558
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	318,677	6,722	325,399
Total Funds	8,709,115	934,980	9,644,095

Analysis of net assets between funds 2020

	Investments	Net current assets	Total
	£	£	£
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	2,890,532	961,321	3,851,853
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,444,773	-	4,444,773
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	287,824	4,864	292,688
Total Funds	7,623,129	966,185	8,589,314

At 31 December 2021 NDS managed 89 trust funds (2020: 88 trust funds). These funds were held to cover a variety of purposes such as the upkeep and maintenance of church buildings, church halls or churchyards; the upkeep of church organs or music groups; general use by NDS directors; ecclesiastical/charitable purposes; to be used at the discretion of the Bishop, NDS or local vicars, and to provide funds for NDBF to offset the cost of stipends.

13. Related party transactions

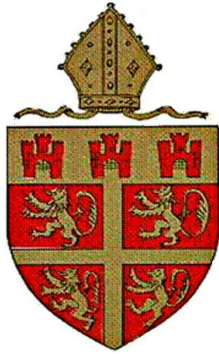
Five of the NDS directors who served during the year were also directors of NDBF. During 2021 NDS paid out £41,399 (2020: £140,143) to the NDBF from its various funds, some of which are restricted and required to assist in the payment of stipends, and the remainder unrestricted and covering certain administration costs.

NDS acts as custodian trustee over the assets of St Hilda's Trust. The Bishop of Newcastle was a trustee for both NDS and St Hilda's Trust. The two charities had no other trustees in common.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

England & Wales - Charity number 247234

Accounts



Newcastle Diocesan Society

Annual Report & Financial Statements
Year ended 31 December 2020

Company number – 00021135 (A company limited by guarantee)
Charity number – 247234

A large print version is available on request from

Church House
St John's Terrace
North Shields NE29 6HS

Or email: info@newcastle.anglican.org



NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

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DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The directors, who are trustees as the company is a charity, present their annual report together with the audited financial statements, for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Legal Objects

Newcastle Diocesan Society (NDS) is a registered charity (Charity number 247234) acting as trustee and custodian trustee responsible for trust funds and properties held upon trust for the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils (PCCs).

The Board meets at least twice a year to agree and confirm actions/decisions taken with regards to access to, payments from and management of trust funds, and the allocation of grants from trusts in its care. This is carried out under the Diocesan strategic vision for *Growing Church Bringing Hope* the spirit of which is underpinned by the Diocesan values of being '*Generous, Engaged and Open*'.

NDS acts as custodian trustee in relation to St Hilda's Trust, a separately registered charity, and also in relation to PCC properties and certain diocesan properties.

The directors are aware of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit in *The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit* and have had regard to it in their administration of NDS. The directors believe that, by promoting the work of the Church of England in the Diocese of Newcastle, NDS helps to promote the whole mission of the Church (including pastoral, social and ecumenical) more effectively, both in the Diocese as a whole and in its individual parishes, and that in doing so it provides a benefit to the public.

Aims and objectives

NDS aims to promote, facilitate and assist with the work and purposes of the Church of England for the advancement of the Christian faith in the Diocese of Newcastle and elsewhere.

The specific aims and objectives for NDS are as follows:

- To manage the funds in accordance with its duties and responsibilities exercising appropriate stewardship for and on behalf of the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance (NDBF) and PCCs.
- To monitor the performance of the investment managers acting on behalf of NDS and provide appropriate advice and direction as required.
- To monitor the administration costs of NDS's unrestricted funds.
- To maintain adequate reserves.

NDS meets administration costs from its own funds and therefore no charges are made to individual trust funds.

Grant-making (beneficiary-selection) policy

This is carried out in accordance with the terms and objectives of each individual trust under the umbrella of NDS with the consent and approval of the directors.

Achievements in the year

Review of 2020

- Investment income of £225,849 (2019: £217,407) represents an increase of 3.9% on the previous year.
- £341,718 (2019: £266,564) was paid out of charitable activities during the year, a 28.2% increase from the previous year. Parishes used the funds for a number of reasons from extensive church repairs to assisting with costs for curates and payment of parish share.

Operational performance

The directors continue to seek advice and guidance from their professional advisers in relation to the investments. The directors invest the capital of all the funds in the Central Board of Finances Investment Fund or the Central Board of Finances Deposit Fund. The fund conforms to the guidance given by the Church's Ethical Investment Advisory Group.

Investment performance

The total value of investments (excluding short-term cash deposits) at 31 December 2020 was £7,623,129 (2019: £7,251,748) and the total return on investment was 22.07% (2018: (22.07%)). The unrealised gain in the value of investments during the year amounted to £316,607 an increase of 4.7% on the equity portfolio.

Future Plans

The directors intend to continue to administer the funds in trust and meet the day to day running costs from the general fund. The specific objectives for 2021 remain as they were in previous years. Please refer to aims and objectives on page 1.

During the year, the Covid 19 crisis has had an impact on the underlying investment base of the Society. However, although income streams may be affected in the short to medium term, the crisis has not altered the future plans of the charity. Further details on investments are given in note 14.

Financial Review

Overall financial position

Income before revaluation adjustments totalled £238,866 (2019: £402,963) and expenditure amounted to £341,718 (2019: £266,563).

The Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) for the year shows net expenditure of £102,852 (2019: net incoming resources of £136,399) before gains and losses on the investment assets.

After all gains and losses for the year, the net movement in funds amounted to a surplus of £394,585 (2019: £1,272,097). During the year, total fund balances increased from £8,194,729 to £8,589,314.

Principal Funding Sources

100% of the income of NDS is from investments or funds used to acquire investments.

Going concern

The impact of covid19 has had an unprecedented effect on all aspects of life during 2020. However, the nature of the Society's operations and its strong asset base and cash position will allow it to navigate the current situation through utilising existing cash reserves. Consequently, after making enquiries the directors are satisfied that NDS has adequate resources to continue to operate as a going concern for the foreseeable future and have prepared the financial statements on that basis.

Investment policies

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the charity permit wide powers of investment. The NDS investment strategy is based on two key policies:

Ethical investment - This includes ensuring that investments are held in companies which have high standards of corporate governance and act in a responsible way towards stakeholders.

Long-term responsibilities - the directors are aware of their long-term responsibilities in respect of endowed funds and as a result follow a correspondingly prudent approach to investment decisions.

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Investment policy for long-term funds is aimed primarily at generating a sustainable income with due regard to the need for the preservation of capital value and the possible need to realise investments to meet operational needs.

Reserves policy

The directors need to keep a certain level of reserves as protection against unexpected fluctuations in income and to assist at certain times of the year with cash flow. The target level for unrestricted reserves set by the directors is £250k and the majority of these reserves are held in investment funds to generate income for NDS which can be applied to charitable purposes in the future. At 31 December 2020 the amount available in the NDS's general fund was £292,686 (2019: £371,255). The directors confirm that the unrestricted funds are adequate and readily available to fulfil the obligations of administering NDS in the future.

Structure and Governance

Company status

NDS is a company incorporated in England and limited by guarantee (Company registration number 00021135) by its Memorandum and Articles of Association dated 1885. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission (Charity registration number 247234).

Decision-making structure

The Board of Directors has delegated responsibility for the day-to-day management of the company to the Company Secretary, which involves the maintenance of the accounts, dealing with general enquiries from directors and following through the decisions made by directors. The directors meet at least twice a year. The chairman does have authority to make decisions on behalf of the directors between meetings if it is thought that the matter is urgent. Any such decision is confirmed by the directors at their next meeting. All decisions taken at the meetings are recorded in the minutes.

Appointment of Directors

The directors who served the charity during the period are listed on page 5.

The directors are appointed by NDS after nomination by a written notice as required by the charity's Articles of Association. The articles also stipulate that not more than twenty persons may be so nominated as members of NDS during one year. Directors are given induction training when first appointed and receive on-going training, as appropriate. Where there is an identified training need this is provided in house, or if necessary external training will be arranged.

Directors' and Trustees' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the net incoming or outgoing resources of the company for that year.

In preparing those financial statements the directors are required to:

- Select the most suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principals in the Charities SORP;
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Follow applicable accounting standards and the SORP, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements

comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the corporate and trust assets of the company and ensuring their proper application under charity law and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors as a Board confirm that to the best of their knowledge there is no information relevant to the audit of which the auditors are unaware, and that they have each taken all necessary steps to ensure that they themselves are aware of all relevant audit information and that this information has been communicated to the auditors.

Funds held as custodian trustee for others

NDS is custodian trustee for trust investment assets with a market value of £2,553,224 at 31 December 2020 (2019: £2,549,664). NDS also holds property on behalf of Parochial Church Councils (PCCs) as custodian trustee. There were 125 properties held by NDS at the year end. Due to the nature of the assets concerned it is not possible to place a valuation on the land and buildings. As these are custodian assets any valuation would be for disclosure purposes only. As each PCC is a separate charity these assets are held separately from those of NDS.

Connected charities

NDS has a close relationship with the Newcastle Diocesan Board of Finance Limited (NDBF) which has trust funds held by NDS.

Risk management

The directors have examined the major business, strategic and operational risks that NDS faces and confirm that systems have been established to enable regular reports to be produced so that the necessary steps can be taken to lessen these risks. These risks are mitigated by using Investment management company CCLA to manage the funds.

Appointment of Auditors

The auditor is deemed to be reappointed under section 487 (2) of the Companies Act 2006 until otherwise resolved at a general meeting of the company.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Administrative Details

Directors

The Bishop of Newcastle – The Right Reverend C E Hardman
The Archdeacon of Lindisfarne – The Venerable P J A Robinson (ends 4/07/2020)
The Archdeacon of Lindisfarne- The Venerable Catherine Sourbut Groves (from 14/11/2020)
The Archdeacon of Northumberland – The Venerable M Wroe (from 24/03/2019)
Canon G J Baker-Cresswell (Chair)
Canon S R Harper
Dr J C Appleby
Mrs E A Kerry
Miss I McDonald-Booth

Secretary

Canon S Waddle

Auditors

UNW LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Citygate, St. James' Boulevard
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 4JE

Solicitors

Sintons
The Cube, Barrack Road
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE4 6DB

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc
5 St Ann's Street, Quayside
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 2BH

Investment Managers

CCLA Investment Management Ltd
Senator House
85 Queen Victoria Street
London
EC4V 4ET

Registered office

Church House
St John's Terrace, North Shields
Tyne and Wear, NE29 6HS
(Telephone: 0191 2704100)
(Fax: 0191 2704101)

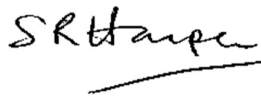
NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

**DIRECTORS' AND TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020**

Company registration number
00021135

Registered charity number
247234

By order of the board

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'S Harper', with a horizontal line underneath.

Canon Simon Harper
Director
Date: 18/03/2021

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Newcastle Diocesan Society for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the income and expenditure account, the balance sheet and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' and trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- The directors' and trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remunerations specified by law not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors and trustees' report.

Responsibilities of directors' and trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the directors (who are also the trustees of the charitable company) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We identified areas of law and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general and sector experience and through discussions with the trustees and other management (as required by auditing standards) and from inspection of the charitable company's legal correspondence, and we discussed with the trustees and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

regulations. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

Firstly, the charitable company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies and charities legislation) and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly the charitable company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect; data protection and certain aspects of company legislation, recognising the nature of the charitable company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Through these procedures, we became aware of actual or suspected non-compliance and considered the effect as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items. The identified actual or suspected non-compliance was not sufficiently significant to our audit to result in any further disclosure within our report or the financial statements.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Anne Hallowell BSc DChA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of UNW LLP, Statutory Auditor
Newcastle upon Tyne

Date:

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	Total Funds 2020 £	Total Funds 2019 £
Income and endowments from:						
Donations	2	-	13,017	-	13,017	185,556
Investments	3	12,977	212,872	-	225,849	217,407
		<u>12,977</u>	<u>225,889</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>238,866</u>	<u>402,963</u>
Expenditure on:						
Charitable activities	4/5	(116,737)	(224,981)	-	(341,718)	(266,564)
		<u>(116,737)</u>	<u>(224,981)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(341,718)</u>	<u>(266,564)</u>
Net (expenditure)/income before investment gains		(103,760)	908	-	(102,852)	136,399
Net gains on investments		25,193	188,236	284,008	497,437	1,135,698
Net income		(78,569)	189,144	284,008	394,585	1,272,097
Transfers between funds						
Total funds brought forward	6	371,255	3,662,709	4,160,765	8,194,729	6,922,632
Total funds carried forward	6	292,688	3,851,853	4,444,773	8,589,314	8,194,729

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Income		238,865	217,567
Expenditure		(341,718)	(266,564)
Operating deficit for the year		(102,854)	(48,997)
Net gains on investments		213,428	482,484
Net income for the year		110,575	593,327
Total comprehensive income		110,575	593,327

The income and expenditure account is derived from the Statement of Financial Activities with movements in endowment funds excluded to comply with company law.

All income and expenditure is derived from continuing activities.

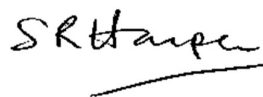
NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	<u>7,623,129</u>	<u>7,251,748</u>
		7,623,129	7,251,748
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	10	54,772	49,846
Cash at bank and in hand		917,950	961,540
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	<u>(6,537)</u>	<u>(68,405)</u>
Net current assets		<u>966,185</u>	<u>942,981</u>
Net assets		<u>8,589,314</u>	<u>8,194,729</u>
Funds			
Endowment funds	6	4,444,773	4,160,765
(including investment revaluation reserve of £1,618,115 (2019 £1,334,107))			
Restricted income funds	6	3,851,853	3,662,709
(including investment revaluation reserve of £1,077,614 (2019 £888,470))			
Unrestricted income funds	6	292,688	371,255
(including investment revaluation reserve of £38,426 (2019 £116,993))			
Total funds		<u>8,589,314</u>	<u>8,194,728</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The notes on pages 13 to 19 form part of these financial statements. The accounts were approved by the members of Newcastle Diocesan Society on the 18th March 2021 and are signed on their behalf by:



Canon Simon Harper
Director

Company number 00021135

1. Principal accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of fixed asset investments which are included at their market value at the balance sheet date. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for Charities (SORP 2015), the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards (FRS102).

The principal accounting policies adopted are as follows:

Basis of preparation

The Board prepares its annual financial statements on the basis of historical cost and the carrying of investment assets (including investment properties) at market value. The financial statements are drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. NDS meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS102.

NDS acts as a trustee responsible for 88 Trust Funds held on behalf of the Diocese and Parochial Church Councils. Income received and expenditure on behalf of and distributions for the specified purposes of the funds in trust are included in the Statement of Financial Activities and are allocated to the capital or income funds as appropriate and in accordance with the terms of the trust deeds of the individual funds.

Fund balances are split between unrestricted, restricted and endowment funds.

- **Unrestricted** funds represent funds which are expendable at the discretion of the directors in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity. Such funds may be held in order to finance both administration and operational costs.
- **Restricted** funds represent grants, donations, legacies and assets which are allocated by the donor for specific purposes. These are expendable at the discretion of NDS acting as trustee in furtherance of the objects of the individual trust. Restricted funds may be restricted income funds and/or capital funds, where the assets are required to be invested or retained for actual use rather than expended.
- **Endowment** funds represent grants, donations and legacies received where the donor has stipulated that the income may be used for general purposes, but the capital must be retained.

“Special trusts” (as defined by the Charities Act 2011) and any other trusts where the company acts as trustee and controls the management and use of the funds, are included in the company’s own financial statements as charity branches, subject to the Charity Commission’s determination of their accounting status.

Trusts where the Board acts merely as custodian trustee with no control over the management of the funds are not included in the financial statements but are disclosed in the Directors’ and Trustees’ Annual Report.

Going concern

The Trustees have considered the current Covid 19 situation and have concluded this does not impact on their assessment of going concern for the Newcastle Diocesan Society. Although the underlying assets held have fallen in value, and there is an expectation that income levels in 2021 will be affected, the Society holds sufficient cash reserves to allow it to be able to meet its obligations as they fall due for the foreseeable future.

Income

All income is included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the Board is legally entitled to it as income or capital respectively, ultimate receipt is probable and the amount to be recognised can be quantified with reasonable accuracy.

Where a claim for repayment of income tax has or will be made, such income is grossed up for the tax recoverable.

The following accounting policies are applied to income.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

- Investment income is accounted for when receivable and includes the related tax recoverable.
- Legacies and donations are accounted for when conditions for their receipt have been met. Legacies received in the form of property or investments are accounted for at the lower of probate or market value.
- Monies from endowment funds are allocated to restricted income funds in accordance with trust terms.

Expenditure

Expenditure is included on the accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the SOFA category. NDS's operating costs include professional fees and other related costs representing management and administration expenditure.

Distributions to beneficiaries are accounted for when expenditure has been incurred in respect of the various trust funds. Disbursements from trust funds are made strictly in accordance with the terms of the trust for the individual funds. Where the terms of a specific fund require the consent of NDS, this is recorded in the minutes of the NDS meeting at which it was discussed.

Support costs represent expenditure incurred in the management of the trust funds, organisational administration, and compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements. These costs are charged to the General Fund not the individual trust funds.

Investments

Listed investments, which have been classified as fixed asset investments, are measured initially and subsequently at fair value. The statement of financial activities includes the net gains and losses arising on revaluations and disposals throughout the year. Investments held by NDS as custodian trustee are not included in these accounts.

Taxation

The activities of NDS are exempt from taxation under Section 505 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at Bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of basic debt financial assets and liabilities like trade other accounts receivable and payable, cash and bank balances and loans to or from related parties. All such instruments are due within one year and are measured, initially and subsequently at the transaction price.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

At the end of each reporting period debt financial assets are assessed for impairment, and their carrying value reduced if necessary. Any impairment charge is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In preparing these financial statements the trustees do not consider there were any significant areas of judgment or estimates that were required in applying the company's policies as set out above.

However, the trustees recognise the continuing uncertainty caused by the Covid 19 crisis.

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 Donations

	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Endowment Funds	Total Funds 2020	Total Funds 2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Donations	-	13,017	-	13,017	185,556
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

3 Investment income

	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Endowment Funds	Total Funds 2020	Total Funds 2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Dividends receivable	12,925	209,022	-	221,947	210,883
Interest receivable	52	3,849	-	3,901	6,524
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	12,977	212,871	-	225,848	217,407
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

4 Costs of charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Endowment Funds	Total Funds 2020	Total Funds 2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Grant funding activities	100,000	224,981	-	324,981	250,560
Support costs	16,737	-	-	16,737	16,004
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	116,737	224,981	-	341,718	266,564
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

5 Analysis of support costs

	Unrestricted Funds	Restricted Funds	Endowment Funds	Total Funds 2020	Total Funds 2019
	£	£	£	£	£
Governance:					
External Audit	4,590	-	-	4,590	4,590
Legal	-	-	-	-	1,414
Grant to NDBF	10,200	-	-	10,200	10,000
Accounts package	1,947	-	-	1,947	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	16,737	-	-	16,737	16,004
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

6. Summary of fund movements

Summary of fund movements

	Balance at 1 Jan 2020 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2020 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	371,255	12,977	(116,737)	25,193	292,688
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	3,662,709	225,889	(224,981)	188,236	3,851,853
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,160,765	-	-	284,008	4,444,773
	8,194,729	238,866	(341,718)	497,437	8,589,314

Summary of fund movements – prior year

	Balance at 1 Jan 2019 £	Incoming resources £	Outgoing resources £	Gains, losses & transfers £	Balance at 31 Dec 2019 £
Unrestricted Income Funds:					
General Funds	321,953	8,164	(16,004)	57,142	371,255
Restricted Income Funds:					
Restricted Funds	3,118,684	369,243	(250,560)	425,342	3,662,709
Endowment Funds:					
Permanent Endowment Funds	3,481,995	25,556	-	653,214	4,160,765
	6,922,632	402,963	(266,564)	1,135,698	8,194,729

Funds transferred from endowment to restricted funds represent the unspent income on endowed funds available for use by the beneficiaries, which are held as cash deposits and not investment funds.

7. Directors' remuneration and expenses

No remuneration has been paid to any director in their capacity as a director (2019: £NIL).

8. Employee details

NDS does not have any employees. All administrative functions are carried out by NDBF staff and NDS makes a grant to the NDBF in recognition of this assistance. The grant for 2020 was £10,200 (2019: £10,000).

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9. Investments

	Listed investments £
Within the United Kingdom	
At 1 January 2020	7,251,748
Additions	13,017
Disposals	(131,847)
Revaluation	490,211
At 31 December 2020	7,623,129
Historical cost at 31 December 2020	4,831,497

10. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Other debtors	54,772	49,846

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Other creditors	1,947	63,815
Accruals	4,590	4,590
	6,537	68,405

12. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds

	Investments £	Net current assets £	Total £
Restricted Income Funds:			
Restricted Funds	2,890,532	961,321	3,851,853
Endowment Funds:			
Permanent Endowment Funds	4,444,773	-	4,444,773
Unrestricted Income Funds:			
General Funds	287,824	4,864	292,688
Total Funds	7,623,129	966,185	8,589,314

NEWCASTLE DIOCESAN SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

At 31 December 2020 NDS managed 88 trust funds (2019: 88 trust funds). These funds were held to cover a variety of purposes such as the upkeep and maintenance of church buildings, church halls or churchyards; the upkeep of church organs or music groups; general use by NDS directors; ecclesiastical/charitable purposes; to be used at the discretion of the Bishop, NDS or local vicars, and to provide funds for NDBF to offset the cost of stipends.

13. Related party transactions

Five of the NDS directors who served during the year were also directors of NDBF. During 2020 NDS paid out £140,143 (2019: £36,301) to the NDBF from its various funds, some of which are restricted and required to assist in the payment of stipends, and the remainder unrestricted and covering certain administration costs.

NDS acts as custodian trustee over the assets of St Hilda's Trust. The Bishop of Newcastle was a trustee for both NDS and St Hilda's Trust. The two charities had no other trustees in common.