

ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITIES

England & Wales · Charity number 230795

Details

Other names THE STEPHENSON TRUST

Status Registered

Legal form Other

Registered 1965-06-17

Register [View on the Charity Commission register](#)

Contact

Address GSC Grays
Unit 9
Underley Business Centre
Kearswick
Kirkby Lonsdale
Cumbria

Phone 01539 722592

Activities

Objects: SEE INDIVIDUAL CONSTITUENTS

Activities: To provide for the maintenance of priests, support of the poor and education of children within the area specified in the Trust Deed.

Classification

- **How:** Makes Grants To Individuals, Makes Grants To Organisations, Provides Buildings/facilities/open Space
- **What:** General Charitable Purposes, The Prevention Or Relief Of Poverty, Religious Activities
- **Who:** Children/young People, Elderly/old People, People With Disabilities

Geography

- **Area of benefit:** SOUTH WESTMORLAND R.D. (PART)
- Cumbria

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2025-04-05	£143,625	£229,246	-	-
2024-04-05	£154,328	£164,847	-	-
2023-04-05	£164,130	£136,150	-	-
2022-04-05	£125,866	£138,650	-	-
2021-04-05	£107,495	£110,989	-	-

Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
Simon Francis Riddell	Chair	
Belinda Elizabeth Hornyold-Strickland		2018-01-12
Rev Pollock Hugh		2017-07-31

Linked charities

- ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITY NO 1 (230795-1)
- ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITY NO 2 (230795-2)
- ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITY NO 3 (230795-3)
- ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITY NO 4 (230795-4)
- ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITY NO 5 (230795-5)
- ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITY NO 6 (230795-6)

Accounts

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES
ANNUAL REPORT & ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

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THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

TRUSTEE AND ADVISORS AS AT 5 APRIL 2025

Address

The registered address of the Trust is:

c/o GSC Grays
Unit 9 Underley Business Centre
Kearstwick
Kirkby Lonsdale
Cumbria
LA6 2DY

Trustees

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

Secretary to the trustees

Reverend Hugh Pollock

Accountants and independent examiners

CWR
Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
Lancashire
LA1 3SW

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Governing instrument

The charity is governed by Declarations of Trust dated 27 September 1721. The registered charity number is 230795.

Aims and Objective

The particular aims of the R Stephenson Trust are to promote the Catholic faith, to alleviate poverty and hardship, and the education of children within the areas specified in the Trust Deed.

Due consideration has been given to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit by all trustees.

The R Stephenson Trust

Robert Stephenson, a Catholic landowner, set up various charities in the early 18th Century which have been amalgamated into the R Stephenson Trust. The purpose of the charities was to promote and support the facilitation of the Catholic faith by assisting the local Catholic clergy, to help and alleviate poverty and hardship, and for the education of both Catholic and Protestant children within the area specified in the Trust Deed. The area specified in the Trust Deed is centred around Dodding Green and includes Grayrigg, Kendal, Kirkby Kendal, Kirkland, Selside, Whitwell and adjacent parts of North Yorkshire. The Trust remains active and true to the original objectives of the Founder.

- The Trust continues to maintain a Chapel at Dodding Green and expects to shortly reach agreement with The Well for their use of the rest of Dodding Green as a women's refuge.
- The Trust continues to rent the Stephenson Centre to Manna House and to support their work in assisting those left homeless or destitute.
- The Trust continues to rent the former Highgate Hotel in Kendal to The Well to provide accommodation for former prisoners on their release and to support former prisoners recovering from drug and alcohol abuse.
- The Trust also continues to provide support to the Catholic parish of Kendal and to other charities operating within the area specified in the Trust Deed.

Going forward the Trust will continue to deliver against the objectives of the original Robert Stephenson charities in the specified area. All applications for support are considered against these objectives and the specified area.

Main Achievements and performance

The Charity has made charitable donations of £81,454 (2024 - £88,000) during the year ended 5th April 2025. The Charity intends to continue to make similar charitable donations in future years.

The net result, before movement on investments, is a loss for the year of £85,621 compared to a loss of £10,519 in the previous year. During the course of the year the Trust incurred considerable costs in obtaining planning permissions for Burton House Farm and for the subsequent sale of the property; the sale of the property allowed the trustees to significantly increase the value of investments held by the Trust.

Reserves

The trustees' target for the level of reserves not invested in tangible fixed assets is to be a minimum of 6 months expenditure, excluding charitable donations, which has been achieved during the period with unrestricted reserves totalling £2,072,414.

The trustees are committed to maintaining at minimum the target level of reserves.

This policy is considered sufficient to provide adequate working capital for day to day operations, to fund charitable activities and to build up reserves.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025 (CONTINUED)

Trustees

The trustees who served during the year were;

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

No transactions have occurred with the trustees during the year.

Trustees' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

In preparing these financial statements the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and where not give explanations.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

In accordance with charity legislation the trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the charity.

The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and taking reasonable steps to prevent fraud or loss.

Appointment of trustees

The methods for the appointment of trustees are set out in the Trust Deed.

Signed on behalf of the trustees on the 17th June 2025

Reverend H Pollock

B Hornyold-Strickland

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

I report to the trustees on my examination of the accounts of The R Stephenson Charities for the year ended 5 April 2025, which are set out on pages 5 to 12.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity trustees of the Trust you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011('the Act').

I report in respect of my examination of the Trustee's accounts carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act and in carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no material matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- (1) accounting records were not kept in respect of the Trust as required by section 130 of the Act; or
- (2) the accounts do not accord with those records; or
- (3) the accounts do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair view' which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

Mr Robert Mitchell FCA
For and on behalf of
CWR Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
LA1 3SW

Date: 1st July 2025

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

	Note	2025 £ Unrestricted	2024 £ Unrestricted
INCOME FROM:			
Investment	3	<u>143,625</u>	<u>154,328</u>
TOTAL		<u>143,625</u>	<u>154,328</u>
 EXPENDITURE ON:			
Raising funds	5	145,812	75,017
Charitable activities	6	81,454	88,000
Other	7	<u>1,980</u>	<u>1,830</u>
TOTAL		<u>229,246</u>	<u>164,847</u>
 NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) BEFORE OTHER RECOGNISED GAINS		(85,621)	(10,519)
 Profit on sale of fixed assets	4	27,000	-
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of investment assets		<u>28,670</u>	<u>64,276</u>
 NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		<u>(29,951)</u>	<u>53,757</u>
 RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward	12	6,494,162	6,440,405
Net movement in funds		<u>(29,951)</u>	<u>53,757</u>
Total funds carried forward	12	<u>6,464,211</u>	<u>6,494,162</u>

All activities of the charity are regarded as continuing.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 5 APRIL 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment properties	8	4,391,797	4,981,797
Investments	9	2,000,276	1,378,671
		<u>6,392,073</u>	<u>6,360,468</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		66,260	116,528
Debtors	10	19,034	18,936
		<u>85,294</u>	<u>135,464</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors	11	(13,156)	(1,770)
		<u>(13,156)</u>	<u>(1,770)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		72,138	133,694
NET ASSETS		<u>6,464,211</u>	<u>6,494,162</u>
FUNDS			
Fixed asset fund		4,391,797	4,981,797
Unrestricted funds		2,072,414	1,512,365
Total funds	2 & 12	<u>6,464,211</u>	<u>6,494,162</u>

Approved by the trustees on 17th June 2025 and signed on their behalf by:

Reverend H Pollock
Trustee

B Hornyold-Strickland
Trustee

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

The R Stephenson Charities are a registered charity in the United Kingdom. The address of the charity, the nature of its operations and its principal activities are all detailed in the Trustees' report and Trustees and advisors pages of these financial statements.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity. The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income and expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis

The trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern basis is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements. The period of assessment is one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties that cast doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion, based on available financial data, that there will be sufficient incoming resources and assets to meet future liabilities when they fall due and they do not expect significant changes in future income resources or resources used or expended during the period of assessment.

Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

The charity has no assets which are classified as other financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the charity transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

The charity has no liabilities which are classified as other financial liabilities.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Judgement and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In the opinion of the trustees there have been no significant estimate or judgements made in the process of applying the charity's accounting policies that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Income recognition

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Income is included in the period in which the charity becomes entitlement to the income, it is probable that it will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably. Specific policies apply to the categories of income noted below.

Legacies are accounted for on entitlement which is considered to be the earlier of notification from the executor that probate has been granted and confirmed that there are sufficient assets to make a distribution or when a distribution is received.

Donations are accounted for on a cash received basis as such voluntary donations can only be measured with certainty upon receipt.

Revenue grant income is accounted for when received.

Capital grants are recognised as restricted income when received or receipt can be measured reliably and associated costs are charged against these restricted funds.

Investment income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Income from charitable activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Income from fund raising activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Rental income from functional properties is accounted for on an accruals basis under the terms of the lease or hire agreement and when it is probable that it will be received and the amount can be reliably measured.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to the expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount can be reliably measured. All expenditure is included in the financial statements on an accruals basis inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Investment properties

Investments are initially recognised at their transaction value then subsequently included in the balance sheet at their fair value using the closing quoted market price. Any realised and unrealised gains and losses on revaluation or disposals throughout the year are included in the statement of financial activities.

Investments

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their market value. All movements in value arising from investment changes or revaluation are shown in the statement of financial activities. Provision is made for any permanent diminution in value.

Debtors and creditors within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in expenditure.

Cash and cash equivalents

Liquid resources comprise amounts held on deposit with recognised banks and building societies and cash on hand.

Provisions

These are recognised when there is a commitment made to the incurring of expenditure.

Pension costs

The charity does not have any employees and therefore does not operate a pension scheme.

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Fund accounting

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

The charity accounts for the funds for which it is responsible by type of fund and makes separate disclosures within the financial statements as required. See note 2.

Taxation

The R Stephenson Charities are a charity within the meaning of section 1119 Corporation Taxes Act (CTA) 2010. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by sections 478 - 489 of the CTA 2010 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 2010, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

2 Funds

The unrestricted funds represent funds which are available at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of the objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes. The charity does not have any designated, restricted or endowed funds.

3 Income from investments	2025	2024
	£	£
Bank interest	683	829
Dividend income	51,997	57,510
Rental & grazing income & wayleaves	90,945	95,989
	<u>143,625</u>	<u>154,328</u>

4 Sale of fixed assets	2025	2024
	£	£
Profit on sale of fixed assets	27,000	-

5 Expenditure on raising funds	2025	2024
	£	£
Repairs & maintenance of properties	60,912	7,991
Heating & lighting	10,457	5,505
Insurance	10,246	8,263
Council tax	4,059	5,249
Agents & investment fees	21,653	19,574
Legal & professional fees	38,443	28,435
Bank charges	42	-
	<u>145,812</u>	<u>75,017</u>

6 Expenditure on charitable activities	2025	2024
	£	£
Donations made	81,454	88,000

7 Other expenditure	2025	2024
	£	£
Independent examination fee	1,980	1,830
	<u>1,980</u>	<u>1,830</u>

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

8 Investment properties

The properties are held primarily for investment purposes and are valued accordingly. A small part of the property at Dodding Green, the chapel within that property, is used for charitable purposes. In accordance with the SORP, this property is classed as an investment asset.

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort have been measured at fair value at the reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The investment properties were valued using a RICS open market valuation. The valuation was conducted by Carter Jonas LLP on the 30th January 2018. The trustees deem the fair value of investment properties valued at this date and still held at the balance sheet date not to be materially different from their open market value at 30th January 2018. Burton House Farm, Skelsmergh was sold during the course of the year.

9 Investments

	2025	2024
	£	£
Value brought forward (excluding cash)	1,343,501	1,292,800
Additions	1,046,561	328,588
Disposals	(420,334)	(342,162)
Change in market value	28,670	64,275
Total value of equities and fixed interest securities	1,998,398	1,343,501
Cash held as part of investment portfolio	1,878	35,170
Value carried forward	2,000,276	1,378,671

10 Debtors

	2025	2024
	£	£
Rent & wayleaves	13,031	13,175
Prepayments	6,003	5,761
Other debtors	-	-
	19,034	18,936

11 Creditors

	2025	2024
	£	£
Creditors	11,266	-
Accruals and deferred income	1,890	1,770
	13,156	1,770

12 Unrestricted funds

	2025	2024
	£	£
Brought forward	6,494,162	6,440,405
Net movement in funds during the year	(29,951)	53,757
Carried forward	6,464,211	6,494,162

13 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

In the opinion of the trustees there were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments in existence at 5 April 2025 or 5 April 2024.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

14 Related party transactions

The investments described in note 9 are solely held with Investec Wealth and Investment. The investments are held for the exclusive benefit of the R Stephenson Charities.

There have been no transactions with related parties during the year.

15 Controlling party

The charity is controlled by its trustees.

16 Trustees, employees and key management personnel

The trustees consider the board of trustees as the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling the charity and running and operating the charity on a day to day basis. All trustees give their time freely and no trustee received any remuneration or any expenses payments during the current or previous years. The trustees are identified in the list of trustees on page 1 "Trustees and advisors".

The charity did not have any employees during the current or previous year.

Accounts

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES
ANNUAL REPORT & ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

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THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

TRUSTEE AND ADVISORS AS AT 5 APRIL 2024

Address

The registered address of the Trust is:

c/o Carter Jonas
52 Kirkland
Kendal
Cumbria
LA9 5AP

Trustees

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

Secretary to the trustees

Reverend Hugh Pollock

Accountants and independent examiners

CWR
Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
Lancashire
LA1 3SW

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

Governing instrument

The charity is governed by Declarations of Trust dated 27 September 1721. The registered charity number is 230795.

Aims and Objective

The particular aims of the R Stephenson Trust are to promote the Catholic faith, to alleviate poverty and hardship, and for the education of children in the local area.

Due consideration has been given to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit by all trustees.

The R Stephenson Trust

Robert Stephenson, a Catholic landowner, set up various charities in the early 18th Century which have been amalgamated into the R Stephenson Trust. The purpose of the charities was to promote the Catholic faith, to alleviate poverty and hardship, and for the education of children within the area specified in the Trust Deed. The area specified in the Trust Deed is centered around Dodding Green and includes Grayrigg, Kendal, Kirkby Kendal, Kirkland, Selside, Whitwell and adjacent parts of North Yorkshire. The Trust remains active and true to the intentions of the Founder.

- The Trust continues to maintain a Chapel at Dodding Green and supports the planning application by The Well to use the rest of Dodding Green to accommodate former prisoners.
- The Trust continues to rent the Stephenson Centre to Manna House and to support their work in assisting those left homeless or destitute.
- The Trust continues to rent the former Highgate Hotel to The Well to provide accommodation for former prisoners on their release and to support former prisoners recovering from drug and alcohol abuse.
- The Trust also continues to provide support to the Catholic parish of Kendal and to other charities operating within the area specified in the Trust Deed.

Going forward the Trust will continue to deliver against the objectives of the original Robert Stephenson charities in the specified area. All applications for support are considered against these objectives and the specified area.

Main Achievements and performance

The Charity has made charitable donations of £88,000 (2023 - £76,500) during the year ended 5th April 2024.

The net result, before movement on investments, is a deficit for the year of £10,519 compared to a surplus of £27,980 in the previous year.

Reserves

The trustees' target for the level of reserves not invested in tangible fixed assets is to be a minimum of 6 months expenditure, excluding charitable donations, which has been achieved during the period with unrestricted reserves totalling £1,512,365.

The trustees are committed to maintaining at minimum the target level of reserves. Distributions are made in arrears following completion of the annual accounts.

This policy is considered sufficient to provide adequate working capital for day to day operations, to fund charitable activities and to build up reserves.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024 (CONTINUED)

Trustees

The trustees who served during the year were;

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

No transactions have occurred with the trustees during the year.

Trustees' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

In preparing these financial statements the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and where not give explanations.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

In accordance with charity legislation the trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the charity.

The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and taking reasonable steps to prevent fraud or loss.

Appointment of trustees

The methods for the appointment of trustees are set out in the Trust Deed.

Signed on behalf of the trustees on the 23rd July 2024

Reverend H Pollock

B Hornyold-Strickland

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

I report to the trustees on my examination of the accounts of The R Stephenson Charities for the year ended 5 April 2024, which are set out on pages 5 to 12.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity trustees of the Trust you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 ('the Act').

I report in respect of my examination of the Trustee's accounts carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act and in carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no material matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- (1) accounting records were not kept in respect of the Trust as required by section 130 of the Act; or
- (2) the accounts do not accord with those records; or
- (3) the accounts do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair view' which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

Mr Robert Mitchell FCA
For and on behalf of
CWR Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
LA1 3SW

Date: 26th July 2024

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

	Note	2024 £ Unrestricted	2023 £ Unrestricted
INCOME FROM:			
Investment	3	<u>154,328</u>	<u>164,130</u>
TOTAL		<u>154,328</u>	<u>164,130</u>
 EXPENDITURE ON:			
Raising funds	5	75,017	57,940
Loss on sale of fixed assets	4	-	-
Charitable activities	6	88,000	76,500
Other	7	<u>1,830</u>	<u>1,710</u>
TOTAL		<u>164,847</u>	<u>136,150</u>
 NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) BEFORE OTHER RECOGNISED GAINS		(10,519)	27,980
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of investment assets		64,276	(79,729)
NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		<u>53,757</u>	<u>(51,749)</u>
 RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward	12	6,440,405	6,492,154
Net movement in funds		<u>53,757</u>	<u>(51,749)</u>
Total funds carried forward	12	<u>6,494,162</u>	<u>6,440,405</u>

All activities of the charity are regarded as continuing.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 5 APRIL 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment properties	8	4,981,797	5,006,797
Investments	9	<u>1,378,671</u>	<u>1,324,124</u>
		<u>6,360,468</u>	<u>6,330,921</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		116,528	108,759
Debtors	10	<u>18,936</u>	<u>15,705</u>
		<u>135,464</u>	<u>124,464</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors	11	<u>(1,770)</u>	<u>(14,980)</u>
		<u>(1,770)</u>	<u>(14,980)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		133,694	109,484
NET ASSETS		<u>6,494,162</u>	<u>6,440,405</u>
FUNDS			
Fixed asset fund		4,981,797	5,006,797
Unrestricted funds		<u>1,512,365</u>	<u>1,433,608</u>
Total funds	2 & 12	<u>6,494,162</u>	<u>6,440,405</u>

Approved by the trustees on 23rd July 2024 and signed on their behalf by:

Reverend H Pollock
Trustee

B Hornyold-Strickland
Trustee

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The R Stephenson Charities are a registered charity in the United Kingdom. The address of the charity, the nature of its operations and its principal activities are all detailed in the Trustees' report and Trustees and advisors pages of these financial statements.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity. The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income and expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis

The trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern basis is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements. The period of assessment is one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties that cast doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion, based on available financial data, that there will be sufficient incoming resources and assets to meet future liabilities when they fall due and they do not expect significant changes in future income resources or resources used or expended during the period of assessment.

Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

The charity has no assets which are classified as other financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the charity transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

The charity has no liabilities which are classified as other financial liabilities.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Judgement and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In the opinion of the trustees there have been no significant estimate or judgements made in the process of applying the charity's accounting policies that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Income recognition

Income is included in the period in which the charity becomes entitled to the income, it is probable that it will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably. Specific policies apply to the categories of income noted below.

Legacies are accounted for on entitlement which is considered to be the earlier of notification from the executor that probate has been granted and confirmed that there are sufficient assets to make a distribution or when a distribution is received.

Donations are accounted for on a cash received basis as such voluntary donations can only be measured with certainty upon receipt.

Revenue grant income is accounted for when received.

Capital grants are recognised as restricted income when received or receipt can be measured reliably and associated costs are charged against these restricted funds.

Investment income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Income from charitable activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Income from fund raising activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Rental income from functional properties is accounted for on an accruals basis under the terms of the lease or hire agreement and when it is probable that it will be received and the amount can be reliably measured.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to the expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount can be reliably measured. All expenditure is included in the financial statements on an accruals basis inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Investment properties

Investments are initially recognised at their transaction value then subsequently included in the balance sheet at their fair value using the closing quoted market price. Any realised and unrealised gains and losses on revaluation or disposals throughout the year are included in the statement of financial activities.

Investments

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their market value. All movements in value arising from investment changes or revaluation are shown in the statement of financial activities. Provision is made for any permanent diminution in value.

Debtors and creditors within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in expenditure.

Cash and cash equivalents

Liquid resources comprise amounts held on deposit with recognised banks and building societies and cash on hand.

Provisions

These are recognised when there is a commitment made to the incurring of expenditure.

Pension costs

The charity does not have any employees and therefore does not operate a pension scheme.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Fund accounting

The charity accounts for the funds for which it is responsible by type of fund and makes separate disclosures within the financial statements as required. See note 2.

Taxation

The R Stephenson Charities are a charity within the meaning of section 1119 Corporation Taxes Act (CTA) 2010. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by sections 478 - 489 of the CTA 2010 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 2010, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

2 Funds

The unrestricted funds represent funds which are available at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of the objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes. The charity does not have any designated, restricted or endowed funds.

3 Income from investments	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank interest	829	444
Dividend income	57,510	58,475
Rental & grazing income & wayleaves	95,989	105,211
	<u>154,328</u>	<u>164,130</u>
 4 Sale of fixed assets	 2024	 2023
	£	£
Profit/loss on sale of fixed assets	-	-
 5 Expenditure on raising funds	 2024	 2023
	£	£
Repairs & maintenance of properties	7,991	4,297
Heating & lighting	5,505	79
Insurance	8,263	8,003
Council tax	5,249	2,701
Agents & investment fees	19,574	20,812
Legal & professional fees	28,435	22,048
Sundry	-	-
	<u>75,017</u>	<u>57,940</u>
 6 Expenditure on charitable activities	 2024	 2023
	£	£
Donations made	88,000	76,500
 7 Other expenditure	 2024	 2023
	£	£
Independent examination fee	1,830	1,710
	<u>1,830</u>	<u>1,710</u>

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

8 Investment properties

The properties are held primarily for investment purposes and are valued accordingly. A small part of the property at Dodding Green, the chapel within that property, is used for charitable purposes. In accordance with the SORP, this property is classed as an investment asset.

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort have been measured at fair value at the reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The investment properties were valued using a RICS open market valuation. The valuation was conducted by Carter Jonas LLP on the 30th January 2018. The trustees deem the fair value of investment properties valued at this date and still held at the balance sheet date not to be materially different from their open market value at 30th January 2018. Land at Stocks Mill Skelsmergh was sold for £25,000 during the course of the year.

9 Investments

	2024	2023
	£	£
Value brought forward (excluding cash)	1,292,800	1,343,321
Additions	328,588	217,878
Disposals	(342,162)	(188,670)
Change in market value	64,275	(79,729)
Total value of equities and fixed interest securities	1,343,501	1,292,800
Cash held as part of investment portfolio	35,170	31,324
Value carried forward	1,378,671	1,324,124

10 Debtors

	2024	2023
	£	£
Rent & wayleaves	13,175	13,175
Prepayments	5,761	2,531
Other debtors	-	-
	18,936	15,706

11 Creditors

	2024	2023
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	1,770	14,980

12 Unrestricted funds

	2024	2023
	£	£
Brought forward	6,440,405	6,492,154
Net movement in funds during the year	53,757	(51,749)
Carried forward	6,494,162	6,440,405

13 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

In the opinion of the trustees there were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments in existence at 5 April 2024 or 5 April 2023.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2024

14 Related party transactions

The investments described in note 9 are solely held with Investec Wealth and Investment. The investments are held for the exclusive benefit of the R Stephenson Charities.

There have been no transactions with related parties during the year.

15 Controlling party

The charity is controlled by its trustees.

16 Trustees, employees and key management personnel

The trustees consider the board of trustees as the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling the charity and running and operating the charity on a day to day basis. All trustees give their time freely and no trustee received any remuneration or any expenses payments during the current or previous years. The trustees are identified in the list of trustees on page 1 "Trustees and advisors".

The charity did not have any employees during the current or previous year.

Accounts

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES
ANNUAL REPORT & ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

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THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

TRUSTEE AND ADVISORS AS AT 5 APRIL 2023

Address

The registered address of the Trust is:

c/o Carter Jonas
52 Kirkland
Kendal
Cumbria
LA9 5AP

Trustees

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

Secretary to the trustees

Reverend Hugh Pollock

Accountants and independent examiners

CWR
Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
Lancashire
LA1 3SW

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

Governing instrument

The charity is governed by Declarations of Trust dated 27 September 1721. The registered charity number is 230795.

Aims and Objective

The particular aims of the R Stephenson Charities are to provide support to Catholic priests, to support the poor and those in hardship, and the education of children, within Kendal and the local area.

Due consideration has been given to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit by all trustees.

The R Stephenson Trust

The R Stephenson Trust was set up in the early 18th Century by Robert Stephenson, a Catholic landowner. The purpose of the Trust was to promote the Catholic faith by assisting the local Catholic clergy, to help to alleviate poverty and hardship, and for the education of both Catholic and Protestant children within the area specified in the Trust Deed.

The area specified in the Trust Deed is centered around Dodding Green and includes Grayrigg, Kendal, Kirkby Kendal, Kirkland, Selside, Whitwell and adjacent parts of North Yorkshire. Whilst over time people living within this area have seen substantial improvements to their overall standard of living, the Trust remains active and true to the original objectives of the Founder.

- The Trust continues to maintain a Chapel at Dodding Green; following the departure of Cenacolo, the Trustees are considering alternative uses for the property compatible with the charity's objectives.
- The Trust continues to rent the Stephenson Centre to Manna House and to support their work in assisting those left homeless or destitute.
- The Trust continues to rent the former Highgate Hotel in Kendal to The Well, a charity providing accommodation for former prisoners on their release and supporting former prisoners recovering from drug and alcohol addiction.
- The Trust also continues to provide support to the Kendal Catholic parish and to other charities operating within the Trust's area.

Going forward, the objectives of the Trust are to continue to deliver against the purposes of the original R Stephenson charities namely the promotion of the Catholic faith, the education of children and the relief of poverty and hardship in the specified area. All applications for support from the charity are considered against these objectives.

Main Achievements and performance

The Charity has made charitable donations of £76,500 (2022 - £91,000) during the year ended 5th April 2023.

The net result, before movement on investments, is a surplus for the year of £27,980 compared to a loss of £12,784 in the previous year.

Reserves

The trustees' target for the level of reserves not invested in tangible fixed assets is to be a minimum of 6 months expenditure, excluding charitable donations, which has been achieved during the period with unrestricted reserves totalling £1,433,608.

The trustees are committed to maintaining at minimum the target level of reserves. Distributions are made in arrears following completion of the annual accounts.

This policy is considered sufficient to provide adequate working capital for day to day operations, to fund charitable activities and to build up reserves.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023 (CONTINUED)

Trustees

The trustees who served during the year were;

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

No transactions have occurred with the trustees during the year.

Trustees' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

In preparing these financial statements the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and where not give explanations.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

In accordance with charity legislation the trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the charity.

The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and taking reasonable steps to prevent fraud or loss.

Appointment of trustees

The methods for the appointment of trustees are set out in the Trust Deed.

Signed on behalf of the trustees on 22 June 2023.

Reverend H Pollock

B Hornyold-Strickland

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

I report to the trustees on my examination of the accounts of The R Stephenson Charities for the year ended 5 April 2023, which are set out on pages 5 to 12.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity trustees of the Trust you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 ('the Act').

I report in respect of my examination of the Trustee's accounts carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act and in carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no material matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- (1) accounting records were not kept in respect of the Trust as required by section 130 of the Act; or
- (2) the accounts do not accord with those records; or
- (3) the accounts do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair view' which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

Mr Robert Mitchell FCA
For and on behalf of
CWR Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
LA1 3SW

Date: 22 June 2023

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
		Unrestricted	Unrestricted
INCOME FROM:			
Investment	3	<u>164,130</u>	<u>125,866</u>
TOTAL		<u>164,130</u>	<u>125,866</u>
 EXPENDITURE ON:			
Raising funds	5	57,940	46,060
Loss on sale of fixed assets	4	-	-
Charitable activities	6	76,500	91,000
Other	7	<u>1,710</u>	<u>1,590</u>
TOTAL		<u>136,150</u>	<u>138,650</u>
 NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) BEFORE OTHER RECOGNISED GAINS		27,980	(12,784)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of investment assets		(79,729)	16,267
 NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		<u>(51,749)</u>	<u>3,483</u>
 RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward	12	6,492,154	6,488,670
Net movement in funds		<u>(51,749)</u>	<u>3,483</u>
Total funds carried forward	12	<u>6,440,405</u>	<u>6,492,153</u>

All activities of the charity are regarded as continuing.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 5 APRIL 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment properties	8	5,006,797	4,970,917
Investments	9	<u>1,324,124</u>	<u>1,410,528</u>
		<u>6,330,921</u>	<u>6,381,445</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		108,759	99,849
Debtors	10	<u>15,705</u>	<u>16,836</u>
		<u>124,464</u>	<u>116,685</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors	11	<u>(14,980)</u>	<u>(5,977)</u>
		<u>(14,980)</u>	<u>(5,977)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		109,484	110,708
NET ASSETS		<u>6,440,405</u>	<u>6,492,153</u>
FUNDS			
Fixed asset fund		5,006,797	4,970,917
Unrestricted funds		<u>1,433,608</u>	<u>1,521,236</u>
Total funds	2 & 12	<u>6,440,405</u>	<u>6,492,153</u>

Approved by the trustees on 22 June 2023 and signed on their behalf by:

Reverend H Pollock
Trustee

B Hornyold-Strickland
Trustee

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The R Stephenson Charities are a registered charity in the United Kingdom. The address of the charity, the nature of its operations and its principal activities are all detailed in the Trustees' report and Trustees and advisors pages of these financial statements.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity. The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income and expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis

The trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern basis is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements. The period of assessment is one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties that cast doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion, based on available financial data, that there will be sufficient incoming resources and assets to meet future liabilities when they fall due and they do not expect significant changes in future income resources or resources used or expended during the period of assessment.

Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

The charity has no assets which are classified as other financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the charity transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

The charity has no liabilities which are classified as other financial liabilities.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Judgement and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In the opinion of the trustees there have been no significant estimate or judgements made in the process of applying the charity's accounting policies that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Income recognition

Income is included in the period in which the charity becomes entitled to the income, it is probable that it will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably. Specific policies apply to the categories of income noted below.

Legacies are accounted for on entitlement which is considered to be the earlier of notification from the executor that probate has been granted and confirmed that there are sufficient assets to make a distribution or when a distribution is received.

Donations are accounted for on a cash received basis as such voluntary donations can only be measured with certainty upon receipt.

Revenue grant income is accounted for when received.

Capital grants are recognised as restricted income when received or receipt can be measured reliably and associated costs are charged against these restricted funds.

Investment income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Income from charitable activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Income from fund raising activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Rental income from functional properties is accounted for on an accruals basis under the terms of the lease or hire agreement and when it is probable that it will be received and the amount can be reliably measured.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to the expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount can be reliably measured. All expenditure is included in the financial statements on an accruals basis inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Investment properties

Investments are initially recognised at their transaction value then subsequently included in the balance sheet at their fair value using the closing quoted market price. Any realised and unrealised gains and losses on revaluation or disposals throughout the year are included in the statement of financial activities.

Investments

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their market value. All movements in value arising from investment changes or revaluation are shown in the statement of financial activities. Provision is made for any permanent diminution in value.

Debtors and creditors within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in expenditure.

Cash and cash equivalents

Liquid resources comprise amounts held on deposit with recognised banks and building societies and cash on hand.

Provisions

These are recognised when there is a commitment made to the incurring of expenditure.

Pension costs

The charity does not have any employees and therefore does not operate a pension scheme.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Fund accounting

The charity accounts for the funds for which it is responsible by type of fund and makes separate disclosures within the financial statements as required. See note 2.

Taxation

The R Stephenson Charities are a charity within the meaning of section 1119 Corporation Taxes Act (CTA) 2010. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by sections 478 - 489 of the CTA 2010 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 2010, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

2 Funds

The unrestricted funds represent funds which are available at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of the objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes. The charity does not have any designated, restricted or endowed funds.

3 Income from investments	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank interest	444	9
Dividend income	58,475	42,394
Rental & grazing income & wayleaves	105,211	83,463
	<u>164,130</u>	<u>125,866</u>
 4 Sale of fixed assets	 2023	 2022
	£	£
Profit/loss on sale of fixed assets	-	-
 5 Expenditure on raising funds	 2023	 2022
	£	£
Repairs & maintenance of properties	4,297	4,505
Heating & lighting	79	1,119
Insurance	8,003	7,036
Council tax	2,701	1,808
Agents & investment fees	20,812	19,419
Legal & professional fees	22,048	12,173
Sundry	-	-
	<u>57,940</u>	<u>46,060</u>
 6 Expenditure on charitable activities	 2023	 2022
	£	£
Donations made	76,500	91,000
 7 Other expenditure	 2023	 2022
	£	£
Independent examination fee	1,710	1,590
	<u>1,710</u>	<u>1,590</u>

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

8 Investment properties

The properties are held primarily for investment purposes and are valued accordingly. A small part of the property at Dodding Green, the chapel within that property, is used for charitable purposes. In accordance with the SORP, this property is classed as an investment asset.

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort have been measured at fair value at the reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The investment properties were valued using a RICS open market valuation. The valuation was conducted by Carter Jonas LLP on the 30th January 2018. The trustees deem the fair value of investment properties valued at this date and still held at the balance sheet date not to be materially different from their open market value at 30th January 2018. A retaining wall was replaced costing £35,880 during the course of the year.

9 Investments

	2023	2022
	£	£
Value brought forward (excluding cash)	1,343,321	1,386,354
Additions	217,878	442,119
Disposals	(188,670)	(501,419)
Change in market value	(79,729)	16,267
Total value of equities and fixed interest securities	1,292,800	1,343,321
Cash held as part of investment portfolio	31,324	67,207
Value carried forward	1,324,124	1,410,528

10 Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Rent & wayleaves	13,175	14,593
Prepayments	2,530	2,243
Other debtors	-	-
	15,705	16,836

11 Creditors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	14,980	5,977

12 Unrestricted funds

	2023	2022
	£	£
Brought forward	6,492,154	6,488,670
Net movement in funds during the year	(51,749)	3,483
Carried forward	6,440,405	6,492,153

13 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

In the opinion of the trustees there were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments in existence at 5 April 2023 or 5 April 2022.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2023

14 Related party transactions

The investments described in note 9 are solely held with Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management. The investments are held for the exclusive benefit of the R Stephenson Charities.

There have been no transactions with related parties during the year.

15 Controlling party

The charity is controlled by its trustees.

16 Trustees, employees and key management personnel

The trustees consider the board of trustees as the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling the charity and running and operating the charity on a day to day basis. All trustees give their time freely and no trustee received any remuneration or any expenses payments during the current or previous years. The trustees are identified in the list of trustees on page 1 "Trustees and advisors".

The charity did not have any employees during the current or previous year.

ROBERT STEPHENSON'S CHARITIES

England & Wales - Charity number 230795

Accounts

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES
ANNUAL REPORT & ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

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THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

TRUSTEE AND ADVISORS AS AT 5 APRIL 2022

Address

The registered address of the Trust is:

c/o Carter Jonas
52 Kirkland
Kendal
Cumbria
LA9 5AP

Trustees

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

Secretary to the trustees

Reverend Hugh Pollock

Accountants and independent examiners

CWR
Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
Lancashire
LA1 3SW

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

Governing instrument

The charity is governed by Declarations of Trust dated 27 September 1721. The registered charity number is 230795.

Aims and Objective

The particular aims of the R Stephenson Charities are to provide maintenance of priests, support of the poor and education of children within the areas specified in the Trust Deed.

Due consideration has been given to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit by all trustees.

The R Stephenson Trust

The R Stephenson Trust was set up in the early 18th Century by Robert Stephenson, a Catholic landowner. Due to the religious persecution of his day, the purpose of the Trust was to promote and support the facilitation of the Catholic faith by assisting the local Catholic clergy, to help and alleviate poverty around Kendal and in Westmorland, and for the education of both Catholic and Protestant children.

The areas around Kendal and in Westmorland have centred around Dodding Green and have included Grayrigg, Kendal, Kirkby Kendal, Kirkland, Selside, Whitwell and adjacent parts of North Yorkshire.

Whilst over time people living within this area have seen substantial improvements to their overall standard of living, the Trust remains active and true to the original objectives of the Founder.

- The Trust continues to maintain a Chapel at Dodding Green but sadly Cenacolo have chosen not to re-start their drug rehabilitation work post-Covid and to end their tenancy of the property. The Trustees are considering alternative uses for the property compatible with the charity's objectives.
- The Trust continue to rent the Stephenson Centre to Manna House and to support their work in assisting those left homeless or destitute.
- The Highgate Hotel in Kendal is now occupied by The Well, a charity supporting ex-prisoners recovering from drug and alcohol addiction, and is providing accommodation for former prisoners on their release.
- The Trust also continues to provide support to the Kendal Catholic parish and to other charities operating within the Trust's area.

Going forward, the long-term objectives of the Trust are to deliver against the purposes of the original R Stephenson charities namely the promotion of the Catholic faith, the education of children and the relief of poverty in the local area.

Main Achievements and performance

The Charity has made charitable donations of £91,000 (2021 - £70,000) during the year ended 5th April 2022.

The net result, before movement on investments, is a loss for the year of £12,784 compared to a loss of £3,494 in the previous year.

Reserves

The trustees' target for the level of reserves not invested in tangible fixed assets is to be a minimum of 6 months expenditure, excluding charitable donations, which has been achieved during the period with unrestricted reserves totalling £1,521,236.

The trustees are committed to maintaining at minimum the target level of reserves. Distributions are made in arrears following completion of the annual accounts.

This policy is considered sufficient to provide adequate working capital for day to day operations, to fund charitable activities and to build up reserves.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022 (CONTINUED)

Trustees

The trustees who served during the year were;

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

No transactions have occurred with the trustees during the year.

Trustees' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

In preparing these financial statements the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and where not give explanations.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

In accordance with charity legislation the trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the charity.

The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and taking reasonable steps to prevent fraud or loss.

Appointment of trustees

The methods for the appointment of trustees are set out in the Trust Deed.

Signed on behalf of the trustees on 21st July 2022

Reverend H Pollock

B Hornyold-Strickland

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

I report to the trustees on my examination of the accounts of The R Stephenson Charities for the year ended 5 April 2022, which are set out on pages 5 to 12.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity trustees of the Trust you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 ('the Act').

I report in respect of my examination of the Trustee's accounts carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act and in carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no material matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- (1) accounting records were not kept in respect of the Trust as required by section 130 of the Act; or
- (2) the accounts do not accord with those records; or
- (3) the accounts do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair view' which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

Mr Robert Mitchell FCA
For and on behalf of
CWR Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
LA1 3SW

Date: 29th July 2022

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

	Note	2022 £ Unrestricted	2021 £ Unrestricted
INCOME FROM:			
Investment	3	<u>125,866</u>	<u>107,495</u>
TOTAL		<u>125,866</u>	<u>107,495</u>
 EXPENDITURE ON:			
Raising funds	5	46,060	39,437
Loss on sale of fixed assets	4	-	-
Charitable activities	6	91,000	70,000
Other	7	<u>1,590</u>	<u>1,552</u>
TOTAL		<u>138,650</u>	<u>110,989</u>
 NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) BEFORE OTHER RECOGNISED GAINS		(12,784)	(3,494)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of investment assets		16,267	332,585
NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		<u>3,483</u>	<u>329,091</u>
 RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward	12	6,488,670	6,159,579
Net movement in funds		<u>3,483</u>	<u>329,091</u>
Total funds carried forward	12	<u>6,492,153</u>	<u>6,488,670</u>

All activities of the charity are regarded as continuing.

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 5 APRIL 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment properties	8	4,970,917	4,966,917
Investments	9	1,410,528	1,399,261
		<u>6,381,445</u>	<u>6,366,178</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		99,849	109,759
Debtors	10	16,836	17,446
		<u>116,685</u>	<u>127,205</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors	11	(5,977)	(4,713)
		<u>(5,977)</u>	<u>(4,713)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		110,708	122,492
NET ASSETS		<u>6,492,153</u>	<u>6,488,670</u>
FUNDS			
Fixed asset fund		4,970,917	4,966,917
Unrestricted funds		1,521,236	1,521,753
Total funds	2 & 12	<u>6,492,153</u>	<u>6,488,670</u>

Approved by the trustees on 21st July 2022 and signed on their behalf by:

Reverend H Pollock
Trustee

B Hornyold-Strickland
Trustee

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The R Stephenson Charities are a registered charity in the United Kingdom. The address of the charity, the nature of its operations and its principal activities are all detailed in the Trustees' report and Trustees and advisors pages of these financial statements.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity. The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income and expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis

The trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern basis is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements. The period of assessment is one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties that cast doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion, based on available financial data, that there will be sufficient incoming resources and assets to meet future liabilities when they fall due and they do not expect significant changes in future income resources or resources used or expended during the period of assessment.

Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

The charity has no assets which are classified as other financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the charity transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

The charity has no liabilities which are classified as other financial liabilities.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Judgement and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In the opinion of the trustees there have been no significant estimate or judgements made in the process of applying the charity's accounting policies that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Income recognition

Income is included in the period in which the charity becomes entitled to the income, it is probable that it will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably. Specific policies apply to the categories of income noted below.

Legacies are accounted for on entitlement which is considered to be the earlier of notification from the executor that probate has been granted and confirmed that there are sufficient assets to make a distribution or when a distribution is received.

Donations are accounted for on a cash received basis as such voluntary donations can only be measured with certainty upon receipt.

Revenue grant income is accounted for when received.

Capital grants are recognised as restricted income when received or receipt can be measured reliably and associated costs are charged against these restricted funds.

Investment income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Income from charitable activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Income from fund raising activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Rental income from functional properties is accounted for on an accruals basis under the terms of the lease or hire agreement and when it is probable that it will be received and the amount can be reliably measured.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to the expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount can be reliably measured. All expenditure is included in the financial statements on an accruals basis inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Investment properties

Investments are initially recognised at their transaction value then subsequently included in the balance sheet at their fair value using the closing quoted market price. Any realised and unrealised gains and losses on revaluation or disposals throughout the year are included in the statement of financial activities.

Investments

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their market value. All movements in value arising from investment changes or revaluation are shown in the statement of financial activities. Provision is made for any permanent diminution in value.

Debtors and creditors within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in expenditure.

Cash and cash equivalents

Liquid resources comprise amounts held on deposit with recognised banks and building societies and cash on hand.

Provisions

These are recognised when there is a commitment made to the incurring of expenditure.

Pension costs

The charity does not have any employees and therefore does not operate a pension scheme.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Fund accounting

The charity accounts for the funds for which it is responsible by type of fund and makes separate disclosures within the financial statements as required. See note 2.

Taxation

The R Stephenson Charities are a charity within the meaning of section 1119 Corporation Taxes Act (CTA) 2010. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by sections 478 - 489 of the CTA 2010 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 2010, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

2 Funds

The unrestricted funds represent funds which are available at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of the objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes. The charity does not have any designated, restricted or endowed funds.

3 Income from investments	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank interest	9	140
Dividend income	42,394	32,728
Rental & grazing income & wayleaves	83,463	74,627
Insurance claim	-	-
	<u>125,866</u>	<u>107,495</u>

4 Sale of fixed assets	2022	2021
	£	£
Profit/loss on sale of fixed assets	-	-

5 Expenditure on raising funds	2022	2021
	£	£
Repairs & maintenance of properties	4,505	1,034
Heating & lighting	1,119	1,101
Insurance	7,036	5,267
Council tax	1,808	828
Agents & investment fees	19,419	16,064
Legal & professional fees	12,173	15,139
Sundry	-	4
	<u>46,060</u>	<u>39,437</u>

6 Expenditure on charitable activities	2022	2021
	£	£
Donations made	<u>91,000</u>	<u>70,000</u>

7 Other expenditure	2022	2021
	£	£
Independent examination fee	<u>1,590</u>	<u>1,552</u>
	<u>1,590</u>	<u>1,552</u>

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

8 Investment properties

The properties are held primarily for investment purposes and are valued accordingly. A small part of the property at Dodding Green, the chapel within that property, is used for charitable purposes. In accordance with the SORP, this property is classed as an investment asset.

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort have been measured at fair value at the reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The investment properties were valued using a RICS open market valuation. The valuation was conducted by Carter Jonas LLP on the 30th January 2018. The trustees deem the fair value of investment properties valued at this date and still held at the balance sheet date not to be materially different from their open market value at 30th January 2018. Land costing £4,000 was purchased during the course of the year.

9 Investments

	2022	2021
	£	£
Value brought forward (excluding cash)	1,386,354	1,045,533
Additions	442,119	272,617
Disposals	(501,419)	(264,381)
Change in market value	16,267	332,585
Total value of equities and fixed interest securities	1,343,321	1,386,354
Cash held as part of investment portfolio	67,207	12,907
Value carried forward	1,410,528	1,399,261

10 Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Rent & wayleaves	14,593	15,121
Prepayments	2,243	1,951
Other debtors	-	374
	16,836	17,446

11 Creditors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Accruals	5,977	4,713

12 Unrestricted funds

	2022	2021
	£	£
Brought forward	6,488,670	6,159,579
Net movement in funds during the year	3,483	329,091
Carried forward	6,492,153	6,488,670

13 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

In the opinion of the trustees there were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments in existence at 5 April 2022 or 5 April 2021.

THE R STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2022

14 Related party transactions

The investments described in note 9 are solely held with Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management. The investments are held for the exclusive benefit of the R Stephenson Charities.

There have been no transactions with related parties during the year.

15 Controlling party

The charity is controlled by its trustees.

16 Trustees, employees and key management personnel

The trustees consider the board of trustees as the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling the charity and running and operating the charity on a day to day basis. All trustees give their time freely and no trustee received any remuneration or any expenses payments during the current or previous years. The trustees are identified in the list of trustees on page 1 "Trustees and advisors".

The charity did not have any employees during the current or previous year.

Accounts

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES
ANNUAL REPORT & ACCOUNTS
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THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

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THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

TRUSTEE AND ADVISORS AS AT 5 APRIL 2021

Address

The registered address of the Trust is:

c/o Carter Jonas
52 Kirkland
Kendal
Cumbria
LA9 5AP

Trustees

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

Secretary to the trustees

Reverend Hugh Pollock

Accountants and independent examiners

CWR
Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
Lancashire
LA1 3SW

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

Governing instrument

The charity is governed by Declarations of Trust dated 27 September 1721. The registered charity number is 230795.

Aims and Objective

The particular aims of the R J Stephenson Charities are to provide maintenance of priests, support of the poor and education of children within the areas specified in the Trust Deed.

Due consideration has been given to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit by all trustees.

The RJ Stephenson Trust

The RJ Stephenson Trust was set up in the early 18th Century by Robert Stephenson, a Catholic landowner. Due to the religious persecution of his day, the purpose of the Trust was to promote and support the facilitation of the Catholic faith by assisting the local Catholic clergy, to help and alleviate poverty around Kendal and in Westmorland, and for the education of both Catholic and Protestant children.

The areas around Kendal and in Westmorland have centred around Dodding Green and have included Grayrigg, Kendal, Kirkby Kendal, Kirkland, Selside, Whitwell and adjacent parts of North Yorkshire.

Whilst over time people living within this area have seen substantial improvements to their overall standard of living, the Trust remains active and true to the original objectives of the Founder.

- The Trust continues to maintain a Chapel at Dodding Green and to provide support to Cenacolo's drug rehabilitation work; unfortunately the property had to be closed during the year due to Covid restrictions but the Trustees are hopeful that it will re-open shortly.
- The Trust continue to rent the Stephenson Centre to Manna House and to support their work in assisting those left homeless or destitute.
- During the year the Trust purchased The Highgate Hotel in Kendal and received planning permission for the property to be used to provide accommodation for former prisoners on their release. The property is now let to The Well, a charity whose focus is on supporting ex-prisoners recovering from drug and alcohol addiction.
- The Trust also continues to provide support to the Kendal Catholic parish and to other charities operating within the Trust's area.

Going forward, the long-term objectives of the Trust are to deliver against the purposes of the original RJ Stephenson charities namely the promotion of the Catholic faith, the education of children and the relief of poverty in the local area.

Main Achievements and performance

The Charity has made charitable donations of £70,000 (2020 - £48,552) during the year ended 5th April 2021.

The net result, before movement on investments, is a loss for the year of £3,494 compared to a loss of £72,699 in the previous year.

Reserves

The trustees' target for the level of reserves not invested in tangible fixed assets is to be a minimum of 6 months expenditure, excluding charitable donations, which has been achieved during the period with unrestricted reserves totalling £1,521,753.

The trustees are committed to maintaining at minimum the target level of reserves. Distributions are made in arrears following completion of the annual accounts.

This policy is considered sufficient to provide adequate working capital for day to day operations, to fund charitable activities and to build up reserves.

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021 (CONTINUED)

Trustees

The trustees who served during the year were;

Simon Riddell
Reverend Hugh Pollock
Belinda Hornyold-Strickland

No transactions have occurred with the trustees during the year.

Trustees' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

In preparing these financial statements the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and where not give explanations.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

In accordance with charity legislation the trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the charity.

The trustees are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and taking reasonable steps to prevent fraud or loss.

Appointment of trustees

The methods for the appointment of trustees are set out in the Trust Deed.

Signed on behalf of the trustees on 16th July 2021



Reverend H Pollock



B Hornyold-Strickland

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

I report to the trustees on my examination of the accounts of The R J Stephenson Charities for the year ended 5 April 2021, which are set out on pages 5 to 12.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity trustees of the Trust you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 ('the Act').

I report in respect of my examination of the Trustee's accounts carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act and in carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no material matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- (1) accounting records were not kept in respect of the Trust as required by section 130 of the Act; or
- (2) the accounts do not accord with those records; or
- (3) the accounts do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a 'true and fair view' which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.



Mr Robert Mitchell FCA
For and on behalf of
CWR Chartered Accountants
20 Mannin Way
Lancaster Business Park
Caton Road
Lancaster
LA1 3SW

Date: 29/07/2021.....

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

	Note	2021 £ Unrestricted	2020 £ Unrestricted
INCOME FROM:			
Investment	3	<u>107,495</u>	<u>103,520</u>
TOTAL		<u>107,495</u>	<u>103,520</u>
 EXPENDITURE ON:			
Raising funds	5	39,437	66,245
Loss on sale of fixed assets	4	-	60,000
Charitable activities	6	70,000	48,552
Other	7	<u>1,552</u>	<u>1,422</u>
TOTAL		<u>110,989</u>	<u>176,219</u>
 NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) BEFORE OTHER RECOGNISED GAINS		(3,494)	(72,699)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation of investment assets		332,585	(233,129)
NET MOVEMENT IN FUNDS		<u>329,091</u>	<u>(305,828)</u>
 RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward	12	6,159,579	6,465,407
Net movement in funds		<u>329,091</u>	<u>(305,828)</u>
Total funds carried forward	12	<u>6,488,670</u>	<u>6,159,579</u>

All activities of the charity are regarded as continuing.

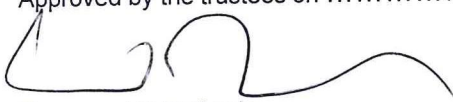
The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 5 APRIL 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Investment properties	8	4,966,917	4,505,917
Investments	9	<u>1,399,261</u>	<u>1,072,158</u>
		<u>6,366,178</u>	<u>5,578,075</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank and in hand		109,759	570,521
Debtors	10	<u>17,446</u>	<u>15,751</u>
		<u>127,205</u>	<u>586,272</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors	11	<u>(4,713)</u>	<u>(4,768)</u>
		<u>(4,713)</u>	<u>(4,768)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		122,492	581,504
NET ASSETS		<u>6,488,670</u>	<u>6,159,579</u>
FUNDS			
Fixed asset fund		4,966,917	4,505,917
Unrestricted funds		<u>1,521,753</u>	<u>1,653,662</u>
Total funds	2 & 12	<u>6,488,670</u>	<u>6,159,579</u>

Approved by the trustees on 26th July 2021 and signed on their behalf by:


Reverend H Pollock
Trustee


B Hornyold-Strickland
Trustee

The notes on pages 7 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The R J Stephenson Charities are a registered charity in the United Kingdom. The address of the charity, the nature of its operations and its principal activities are all detailed in the Trustees' report and Trustees and advisors pages of these financial statements.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity. The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income and expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Preparation of the accounts on a going concern basis

The trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern basis is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements. The period of assessment is one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties that cast doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion, based on available financial data, that there will be sufficient incoming resources and assets to meet future liabilities when they fall due and they do not expect significant changes in future income resources or resources used or expended during the period of assessment.

Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

The charity has no assets which are classified as other financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the charity transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

The charity has no liabilities which are classified as other financial liabilities.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Judgement and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In the opinion of the trustees there have been no significant estimate or judgements made in the process of applying the charity's accounting policies that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Income recognition

Income is included in the period in which the charity becomes entitled to the income, it is probable that it will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably. Specific policies apply to the categories of income noted below.

Legacies are accounted for on entitlement which is considered to be the earlier of notification from the executor that probate has been granted and confirmed that there are sufficient assets to make a distribution or when a distribution is received.

Donations are accounted for on a cash received basis as such voluntary donations can only be measured with certainty upon receipt.

Revenue grant income is accounted for when received.

Capital grants are recognised as restricted income when received or receipt can be measured reliably and associated costs are charged against these restricted funds.

Investment income is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Income from charitable activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Income from fund raising activities is accounted for on a cash received basis.

Rental income from functional properties is accounted for on an accruals basis under the terms of the lease or hire agreement and when it is probable that it will be received and the amount can be reliably measured.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to the expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount can be reliably measured. All expenditure is included in the financial statements on an accruals basis inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Investment properties

Investments are initially recognised at their transaction value then subsequently included in the balance sheet at their fair value using the closing quoted market price. Any realised and unrealised gains and losses on revaluation or disposals throughout the year are included in the statement of financial activities.

Investments

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their market value. All movements in value arising from investment changes or revaluation are shown in the statement of financial activities. Provision is made for any permanent diminution in value.

Debtors and creditors within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in expenditure.

Cash and cash equivalents

Liquid resources comprise amounts held on deposit with recognised banks and building societies and cash on hand.

Provisions

These are recognised when there is a commitment made to the incurring of expenditure.

Pension costs

The charity does not have any employees and therefore does not operate a pension scheme.

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

1 Principal accounting policies (continued)

Fund accounting

The charity accounts for the funds for which it is responsible by type of fund and makes separate disclosures within the financial statements as required. See note 2.

Taxation

The R J Stephenson Charities are a charity within the meaning of section 1119 Corporation Taxes Act (CTA) 2010. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by sections 478 - 489 of the CTA 2010 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 2010, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

2 Funds

The unrestricted funds represent funds which are available at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of the objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes. The charity does not have any designated, restricted or endowed funds.

3 Income from investments	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank interest	140	1,055
Dividend income	32,728	29,077
Rental & grazing income & wayleaves	74,627	72,158
Insurance claim	-	1,230
	<u>107,495</u>	<u>103,520</u>

4 Sale of fixed assets	2021	2020
	£	£
Loss on sale of fixed assets	-	60,000

5 Expenditure on raising funds	2021	2020
	£	£
Repairs & maintenance of properties	1,034	10,298
Heating & lighting	1,101	506
Insurance	5,267	4,518
Council tax	828	4,713
Agents & investment fees	10,102	15,345
Legal & professional fees	21,101	30,840
Sundry	4	25
	<u>39,437</u>	<u>66,245</u>

6 Expenditure on charitable activities	2021	2020
	£	£
Donations made	<u>70,000</u>	<u>48,552</u>

7 Other expenditure	2021	2020
	£	£
Independent examination fee	<u>1,552</u>	<u>1,422</u>
	<u>1,552</u>	<u>1,422</u>

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

8 Investment properties

The properties are held primarily for investment purposes and are valued accordingly. A small part of the property at Dodding Green, the chapel within that property, is used for charitable purposes. In accordance with the SORP, this property is classed as an investment asset.

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort have been measured at fair value at the reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The investment properties were valued using a RICS open market valuation. The valuation was conducted by Carter Jonas LLP on the 30th January 2018. The trustees deem the fair value of investment properties valued at this date and still held at the balance sheet date not to be materially different from their open market value at 30th January 2018. During the year an additional property was purchased at a cost of £461,000 which will be used for charitable purposes.

9 Investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Value brought forward (excluding cash)	1,045,533	1,087,800
Additions	272,617	416,234
Disposals	(264,381)	(225,372)
Change in market value	332,585	(233,129)
Total value of equities and fixed interest securities	1,386,354	1,045,533
Cash held as part of investment portfolio	12,907	26,625
Value carried forward	<u>1,399,261</u>	<u>1,072,158</u>

10 Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Rent & wayleaves	15,121	14,964
Prepayments	1,951	787
Other debtors	374	-
	<u>17,446</u>	<u>15,751</u>

11 Creditors

	2021 £	2020 £
Accruals	<u>4,713</u>	<u>4,768</u>

12 Unrestricted funds

	2021 £	2020 £
Brought forward	6,159,579	6,465,407
Net movement in funds during the year	329,091	(305,828)
Carried forward	<u>6,488,670</u>	<u>6,159,579</u>

13 Contingent liabilities and capital commitments

In the opinion of the trustees there were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments in existence at 5 April 2021 or 5 April 2020.

THE R J STEPHENSON CHARITIES

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2021

14 Related party transactions

The investments described in note 9 are now solely held with Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management. The investments are held for the exclusive benefit of the R J Stephenson Charities.

There have been no transactions with related parties during the year.

15 Controlling party

The charity is controlled by its trustees.

16 Trustees, employees and key management personnel

The trustees consider the board of trustees as the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling the charity and running and operating the charity on a day to day basis. All trustees give their time freely and no trustee received any remuneration or any expenses payments during the current or previous years. The trustees are identified in the list of trustees on page 1 "Trustees and advisors".

The charity did not have any employees during the current or previous year.