

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR

THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

Charity Registration Numbers: 228494; SCO38304

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

CHARITY NUMBERS: Charity Commission for England and Wales: 228494
Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator: SC038304

V.A.T. REGISTRATION NUMBER: 213908672

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (from 1 April 2024)

Prof. P. R. Schofield	President
Prof. A. C. Tunçer	Honorary Treasurer
Prof. J. Z. Stephenson	Honorary Secretary
Prof. T. Roy	Managing Editor
Dr T. Moore	Chair of Conference Committee
Prof. N. Zahedieh	Chair of Publications Committee
Dr C. P. Read	Chair of Public Engagement Committee
Mr. D. Gagie	Chair of Schools and Colleges Committee (from 6 April 2024)
Dr E. Buchnea	Chair of Women's Committee
Prof. N. P. Palma	Council representative (until 25 April 2024)
Prof. N. Cummins	Council representative
Dr P. Fliers	Council representative (from 22 May 2024)

HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENTS

Prof. B. E. Supple, Prof. P. K. O'Brien, Prof. P. Hudson, Prof. N. F. R. Crafts (until 6 October 2023) Prof. R. M. Smith, Prof. K. J. Humphries, Prof. Sir R. H. Trainor, Prof. S. N. Broadberry, and Prof. C. R. Schenk.

ECONOMIC HISTORY REVIEW EDITORS

Prof. G. Federico (until 6 April 2024)
Prof. L. Prados de la Escosura (from 6 April 2024)
Prof. T. Roy
Prof. C. R. Schenk

REVIEWS EDITOR

Dr M. Aldous (from August 2023)
Dr L. A. Gardner (until August 2023)

COUNCIL MEMBERS (from 1 April 2024)

Dr C. Briggs, Mr. S. Canlibel, Dr J. Chapman, Prof. N. Cummins, Dr P. Fliers, Dr K. Gary, Dr S. Henderson, Prof. N. P. Palma (until 25 April 2024), Dr A. Raman, Dr M. Roodhouse, Dr A. Sapoznik, Prof. P. H. Wallis, and Mr. M. Zampa.

The Society's President, Honorary Vice-Presidents, Honorary Treasurer, and Honorary Secretary are *ex officio* members of the Council.

TRUSTEES

The trustees of the Society are the members of the Council.

GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE

Prof. J. Z. Stephenson
Honorary Secretary
c/o Economic History Society
Department of Economic and Social History
University of Glasgow
Room 613(b), Gilbert Scott Building
Glasgow G12 8QQ
Scotland, UK
E-mail: ehsocsec@arts.gla.ac.uk
Website: <https://ehs.org.uk>

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION (Cont.)

FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENCE

Prof. A. C. Tunçer
Honorary Treasurer
Economic History Society
c/o Department of Economic and Social History
University of Glasgow
Room 613(b), Gilbert Scott Building
Glasgow G12 8QQ

AUDITORS

F. P. Leach & Co.
Northumbria House
62-64 Northumbria Drive
Henleaze
Bristol BS9 4HW

BANKERS

Santander UK plc
PO Box 2073
Glasgow G32 2BF

INVESTMENT ADVISERS

Brown Shipley Co. Ltd
One King Street
Manchester
M2 6AW

Council members during the period from 1 July 2023 to 6 April 2024 were as follows:

Prof. B. E. Supple, Prof. P. K. O'Brien, Prof. P. Hudson, Prof. N. F. R. Crafts (until 6 October 2023), Prof. R. M. Smith, Prof. K. J. Humphries, Prof. Sir R. H. Trainor, Prof. S. N. Broadberry, Prof. C. R. Schenk, Prof. P. R. Schofield, Dr C. Briggs, Mr. S. Canlibel, Dr J. Chapman, Prof. N. Cummins, Prof. R. P. Esteves, Dr K. Gary, Dr S. Henderson, Prof. N. P. Palma, Prof. R. G. Rodger, Dr M. Roodhouse, Dr E. Smith, Prof. J. Z. Stephenson, Prof. A. C. Tunçer, Dr B. D. Varian, and Mr. M. Zampa

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

The Council members, acting as trustees of the Economic History Society, present their report and accounts for the year ended 30th June 2024. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the accounts and, in particular, under the accounting conventions set out in note 1a.

Structure, Governance, and Management

Governing document

The Economic History Society is governed by a constitution adopted on its formation in 1926 and subsequently amended. The Society's current constitution, revised at the Annual General Meetings in April 2000, March 2014, and April 2022, and approved by the Charities Commission, is available on the Society's website.

Recruitment, appointment, and re-election of trustees

Trustees are recruited by seeking nominations from the Society's membership. Where the number of nominations exceeds the available places, an election is held by balloting members attending the Society's Annual Conference. All new trustees receive copies of the Society's constitution, standing orders, and minutes of the previous year's Council meetings. Trustees are referred to the relevant websites for the Charity Commission of England and Wales guidance on responsibilities of trustees, and similar guidance from the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator. Trustees are appointed for three years with the possibility of re-election for up to a further three years. The Society's officers are appointed under the provisions of its standing orders. The President serves for a fixed term of three years and then becomes an Honorary Vice-President. The Honorary Secretary and Honorary Treasurer serve for three years, renewable for up to a further three years.

Details of any outside party able to appoint trustees

No outside parties are eligible to appoint trustees.

Organisational structure

As of 30 June 2024 there were 1,570 individual members, an increase of 67 compared to the same date last year; this is a continuing trend mainly driven by registrations for the annual conference, and the membership requirement for grant applications and proposals to publish in the Society's journal, the *Economic History Review*. The membership of the Society is invited to attend an Annual General Meeting and elect a Council and officers. The Council, whose members take responsibility as the Society's trustees, normally meets twice each year to conduct the business of the Society and to approve reports from the officers. During the course of the year under report, the Council members consisted of those so listed at the head of this report. The officers listed above, two elected representatives of Council, and the chairs of the Society's five standing committees form an Executive Committee. They are assisted by two administrators, Mrs. Maureen Galbraith and Dr Alice Whiteoak, who support the work of the Executive Committee and Council in a variety of ways. The Society's auditors, F. P. Leach & Co, assist in the production of the accounts of the Society.

Related parties

Related parties comprise the trustees of the Economic History Society. All transactions with trustees are made in the normal course of its operations and are disclosed in the notes to the accounts.

Risk management

The Society faces risks of a financial nature relating to its income and expenditure. The trustees have been concerned to identify and minimise potential risks associated with publication of the *Economic History Review*, especially relating to copyright and the impact of changing electronic forms of publication on the dissemination of the *Review* and its various income streams, which are the main source of revenue. These issues continue to be addressed through discussions with the publishers of the *Review*. As previously reported, the UK academic funding agencies' support for Open Access for academic publishing will have important implications for the future revenue from subscriptions to the *Review* in the medium to long term. As a result, revenue generated from the *Review* has experienced a gradual decrease since 2022. This downward trend is anticipated to persist in future periods. Reserves are a protection against short-term fluctuations of income and expenditure, particularly in a volatile global financial environment. The Society's committee structure, reporting mechanisms, and procedures for the appointment of its officers are designed to guard against over-spending. The trustees and officers keep these mechanisms under review. The trustees are provided with a summary of financial flows at bi-annual meetings, and with a summary of projected expenditures at their spring meeting. The Society has earmarked funds for the annual Tawney Lecture and for the Power, Postan and

Tawney Fellowship Awards. Out of unrestricted funds, the trustees establish annual budgets for a range of charitable activities. Trustee indemnity insurance is held as a means to protect against certain risks, and additional cover is taken out in relation to the annual conference. The Society retains legal advisers to assess risks to the Society from its proposed activities where appropriate. The Risk Assessment policy, adopted in 2005, was updated in 2021.

General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

The Society is GDPR compliant, and a privacy statement has been posted to the website.

Objectives and Activities

Summary of objectives, and strategy for achieving them

Aims and Activities

The objects of the Society, as stated in its constitution, are:

- a) to promote the study of economic and social history;
- b) to establish closer relations between students and teachers of economic and social history;
- c) to issue the *Economic History Review*;
- d) to publish and sponsor other publications in the fields of economic and social history;
- e) to hold an annual conference, and to hold or participate in any other conference or meetings as may be deemed expedient in accordance with a) and b) above;
- f) to co-operate with other organisations having kindred purposes.

Details of significant activities

During the year under review the Society has fulfilled its objectives in a number of different ways and the trustees have, in making decisions about these, paid due regard to the public benefit guidance provided by the Charity Commission, in accordance with section 17(5) of the Charities Act 2011.

The annual conference took place, in person, 5 – 7 April 2024 at Northumbria University. A total of 285 delegates participated. At the conference, the annual Tawney Lecture was delivered by Professor Bas van Bavel (Utrecht) on ‘Back to the future. How economic history can gain more relevance by abandoning modernization thinking’.

In line with objects a) and b) this lecture, and previous Tawney Lectures, were posted on the Society’s website as podcasts available for the general public, students, and teachers of economic and social history. Also posted on the website was the Friday Plenary Lecture, delivered by Professor Brian Ward (Northumbria) on the topic of “‘Heathen Money’: The Beatles, God, and Cold War Economics in the US South”. To promote the study of economic and social history, three prizes for the best New Researchers’ papers were awarded to: Louise Cormack (Lund) for her paper on, ‘Life-long effects from cash transfers in childhood: The 1938 child allowance reform in Sweden; to Héctor Paredes (Paris School of Economics) for his paper on, ‘Land without masters: Local political competition since the Peruvian Land Reform, 1969-80’; and to Iris Wohnsiedler (Trinity College Dublin) for her paper on, ‘Breaking boundaries: Women, labour unions and political activism in early 20th-century Germany’. A prize for the best New Researcher Poster was awarded to Kirsty Peacock (Oxford) for her poster, ‘Men must fight, and women must work – and weep: New opportunities for women clerks in wartime City of London Banks? 1914-1918’. Short podcasts, to support the teaching and learning of economic and social history, continue to be available on the Society’s website.

In line with objective f), the Society supported EH.net, which facilitates contacts among economic historians relating to research and teaching; and supported links to the International Economic History Association, the pinnacle global association of the discipline. Along with other organisations, the Society continues to contribute to a research funding scheme to support Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) history in the UK.

In continuing fulfillment of objects a) and b), the Society continues to develop its website as a means of disseminating information on the Society’s activities. In continuing fulfillment of object c) the Society published four issues of the *Economic History Review*, established in 1927, and the premier journal in its field. Further developments in electronic publishing continue to have an impact on institutional subscriptions, with more libraries receiving the *Review* exclusively electronically, including through JSTOR. The Society and its publishers, Wiley, continued to develop the electronic management of the editorial process. The increase in the length of each issue of the *Review* was maintained to accommodate the larger number of high-quality submissions and to ensure timely publication. The Society continued its activities in pursuit of object d) through the work of its Publications Committee, including continued support for the book series entitled ‘People, Markets, Goods: Economies and Societies in History’ published by Boydell & Brewer, and publication, in association with Routledge, of the third edition of the textbook ‘20th Century Britain: Economic, Cultural and Social Change’, which was launched at the 2023 annual conference. In fulfillment of objects d) and f), and in order to promote high-quality scholarship in economic and social history, the Society continued its financial support for the Royal Historical Society’s publication, ‘New Historical

Perspectives' (an open access book series for early career scholars). In line with objects a) and b) the Society continued to award a range of prizes designed to promote the teaching and study of economic and social history, including: the Thirsk-Feinstein Dissertation Prize and the T. S. Ashton Prize. The Dissertation Prize was awarded, jointly, to Sam Geens (Antwerp), 'A Golden Age for labour? Income and wealth before and after the Black Death in the Southern Low Countries and the Republic of Florence, 1275-1550', and Robert Yee (Princeton), 'The rise of expert opinion: The Bank of England and interwar economic governance, 1914-1940'. The T. S. Ashton Prize was awarded to Mattia C. Bertazzini (Nottingham), 'The effect of settler farming on indigenous agriculture: Evidence from Italian Libya'. The First Monograph Prize was awarded, jointly, to Ghassan Moazzin (Hong Kong): 'Foreign Banks and Global Finance in Modern China: Banking on the Chinese Frontier, 1870-1919', and to Maanik Nath (Utrecht), 'Capital Shortage: Credit and Indian Economic Development, 1920-1960'.

Policies for grant-making

The Society's Council has criteria relating to grants, awards, and fellowships; any new criteria require approval by Council. An Awards Committee, chaired by the Society's Honorary Secretary, is responsible for decisions about awards and initiatives. A Fellowship Committee is responsible for decisions about the Power, Postan, and Tawney fellowships; its membership includes the President, a representative from the London School of Economics (LSE) (which contributes income from separate trusts towards the Power and Postan awards) and the Director of the Institute of Historical Research, who chairs the interview panel for the Fellowships. A PhD Bursary Committee, chaired by the Society's President, considers applications to that scheme.

Role and contribution of volunteers

The Society's work relies on voluntary contributions from its members in the conduct of committee work and activities relating to conferences, publications, and the promotion of economic and social history.

Achievements and Performance

Summary of main achievements during the year

Support for post-doctoral research is a key element in the Society's activities to promote the study of economic and social history. During the year under review, the Society funded the award of three Fellowships – Power, Postan, and Tawney – to scholars in the early stages of their careers. Assistance for two of the awards was received from the Power and Postan Memorial Funds, which are administered by the LSE.

The Power Fellowship was awarded to Juan José Rivas Moreno (UCL) for his work on 'The capital market of Manila and the organisation of early-modern long-distance trade beyond the corporation, 1750-1828'. Grace Owen (Exeter) received the Postan Fellowship for her work on 'Manorial officers as mediators and managers: a lens for examining change and the lord-peasant relationship in medieval England, 1250-1450'. The Tawney Fellowship was awarded to Li Jiang (Exeter) for her work on 'Rural wage workers in early-modern England'.

In accordance with the policy of ensuring effective support for scholars to develop their research, the Society funded all three Fellowships at a cost of £68,000 and provided support for travel costs to fellows to visit the Institute of Historical Research, which hosts the Fellowships, and an additional budget for research and conference attendance.

The grant schemes established previously – a PhD Bursary Scheme and the Carnevali Small Research Grants Scheme – continued this year. The PhD Bursary Scheme made 10 awards, and the Carnevali Small Research Grants Scheme made 8 awards during the year under review.

The Awards Committee made 5 awards (compared to 6 in 2022/23) to support specialist conferences and initiatives. Net expenditure on the Initiatives and Conferences Fund Account was £11,253 (2023: £19,915). The Society has also promoted research by graduate students of economic and social history by providing 14 grants for research and travel (compared to 12 in 2022/23).

The Society continued to support its media awareness initiative, based on conference papers, articles published in the *Review*, the EHS blog 'The Long run', and various other activities undertaken by members..

As previously reported, the Society's website was overhauled and new systems put in place to manage membership, applications to the Society's schemes, and the annual conference. The website and membership management system continue to work well. An Equality and Diversity Statement, and a Code of Conduct for members are available on the website.

A residential training course for postgraduate students in economic and/or social history, fully funded by the Society in the absence of ESRC funding, was held at the University of Warwick, in November/December 2023. The course was over-subscribed, and 12 students and 5 academic colleagues participated. Student feedback was overwhelmingly

positive.

Financial Review

Reserves policy

The Society's policy is to try to spend the income it receives each year in pursuit of its charitable objectives. This cannot be achieved with precision given the planning involved in new initiatives and uncertainties in income generation, which depends to a very large extent on revenues from the *Economic History Review*. The Society has inherited accumulated funds from past activities, which are retained as reserves. The Society's reserves policy seeks to maximise prudent expenditure in support of its objectives while ensuring that there are sufficient funds to guard against adverse circumstances. In 2015, a review of the Society's finances was undertaken with the aim of achieving a balanced cash budget, with adequate cash reserves, while maintaining investments close to the current level. Our investment advisors (Brown Shipley) are instructed to invest to maximise the total return on funds within the constraints of a medium to low-risk investment portfolio. The value of the investment portfolio at 30th June 2024 was in excess of £1.6 million, which the trustees consider an adequate safeguard against uncertainties, which continue to escalate as the Open Access agenda develops.

Details of funds materially in deficit and of steps taken to eliminate deficit

All of the Society's funds are in credit. None of the funds is a restricted fund; there are some earmarked funds, principally for fellowships.

Review of financial position

During the year under review, the Society's gross income declined from £403,692 to £377,551 (6%), and gross expenditure declined slightly from £416,457 to £398,527 (4%). Overall gross income from publishing activities decreased from £246,705 to £217,477 (12%). Income from the *Economic History Review* decreased from £224,148 to £195,470 (13%) while income from article downloads through JSTOR decreased slightly from £18,769 to £18,357 (2%).

Principal funding sources

The major component of the Society's income is received from the *Economic History Review*. Based on the renewed publishing contract with Wiley the Society's income as shown in the accounts, is now based on 60% of revenue rather than 90% of profit plus 20% of revenue as in previous years. Other publishing income is derived from the Cambridge University Press book and pamphlet series. Individual membership subscriptions account for about 7% of gross income.

Relationship between expenditure and charity's key objectives

The trustees agree broad patterns of expenditure annually; precise spending varies due to fluctuations in applications for grants and awards, and the timing of initiatives. As noted above, gross expenditure decreased from £416,457 to £398,527. As part of advancing its objects a) and b), the Society supports research activities, conferences, and workshops. Net grants in support of conferences, workshops and initiatives decreased from £19,915 to £11,253. Grants to students for research, conference expenses, and prizes to encourage participation in the study and teaching of economic and social history increased to £45,031 (2022/23: £44,115). In support of objectives c) and d) publishing expenses decreased from £100,104 to £93,619 (which includes £50,684 for the cost of Dr Whiteoak's employment). In support of the Society's objectives e) and f), as well as all other objectives, the Society continued to benefit from the highly efficient work in support of its activities provided by the Administrators, Mrs. Maureen Galbraith and Dr Alice Whiteoak. The combined cost of the Administrators increased from £74,472 to £79,093 (6%).

Investment policy and objectives, including details of relevant ethical policy

The Society aims to spend its current income on charitable initiatives, and to retain accumulated reserves along the lines of the policy described above. This policy reflects the risks inherent in academic publishing, which is the main source of income. The investment policy is aimed at long-term growth with medium risk using a balanced portfolio of liquid assets and collective equity investments. The total value of the Society's funds increased from £1,586,185 to £1,686,366 (6%).

Plans for Future Periods

Plans for the future, including aims, objectives and any activities planned to achieve them

The Society plans to maintain its general profile of activities and strategies in line with its objectives and will consider any new initiatives within the context of volatile financial markets that affect the value of reserves and uncertainty over funding for university library collections, which is the main source of publishing income. As previously advised, the Society renewed its publishing contract with Wiley, following an invitation to tender; no other publishers

submitted a tender, citing uncertainties around income stream due to Open Access. The trustees have again approved the proposal that the Society should fully fund a residential training course for postgraduates in economic and/or social history, to be held at the University of Warwick. Future annual conferences are planned for the University of Strathclyde (2025) and the London School of Economics (2026), which will be the Society's Centenary year. Plans are underway to celebrate the Centenary in a variety of ways. The Society will continue to develop its social media strategy. Efforts will continue to be made to engage more actively with the membership, in particular, via the new website. A panel session at the 2025 World Economic History Congress will seek to underscore the historical developments of the past 100 years in relation to the key issues currently confronting the Society. The annual review of patterns of expenditure will be undertaken to ensure that the Society is making the most effective use of its resources in pursuit of its objectives, especially for promoting the study of economic and social history. The trustees continue to develop the accessioning, storage, and preservation processes for the Society's archive with the LSE, and additional material was despatched to the archive in September 2023.

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The Council members of the Society, acting as trustees, are responsible for preparing a trustees' annual report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). The law applicable to charities both in England and Wales and in Scotland requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of its income, expenditure, and results for that period. In preparing those financial statements the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial accounts; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the charity and that enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charities and Trustee Investment Act (Scotland) Act 2005, the Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended) and the provisions of its constitution. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the charity and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approval

This report was approved by Council members on: **25 October 2024** and signed on their behalf.



Professor Philipp R Schofield (President)

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Economic History Society for the year ended 30th June 2024 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows, the fund accounts for separate funds, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including the Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS102") applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs at 30th June 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005, and Regulations 6 & 8 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006, as amended.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, in that, in common with other charities of this size, the Charity uses our firm to assist with the preparation of its financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions related to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, either individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date on which the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance or conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- proper accounting records have not been kept by the Charity; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities within the Trustees' Report, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and also for such internal controls as they deem necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the Charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditors under Section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and under section 44(1)(c) of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and report in accordance with those Acts and with relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions taken by users of these financial statements.

Details of the extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations are set out below.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. The description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from irregularities, whether due to fraud or error, and discussed these between our audit team members. We then designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the Charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Charities Act 2011, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 together with the Charities SORP (FRS 102). We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the Charity's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the Charity for fraud. The laws and regulations we considered in this context included UK taxation legislation, employee legislation, health and safety legislation, and data protection regulations. We also considered the risks of non-compliance with regulations imposed by the Charity Commission and other regulators, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the Charity and determined that there were no significant risks in this respect.

Our tests included:

- agreeing that the financial statement disclosures complied with applicable legislation;
- testing a sample of Gift Aid claims and ensuring that they were made in accordance with the regulations;
- enquiring of third parties, including the Charity's investment managers, where information from those third parties has been used by the Charity in the preparation of its financial statements; and
- performing audit procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and Regulation 10 of the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended in 2010). Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Charity and the Charity's trustees as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



F.P. Leach & Co.

Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditors
Bristol

Date: 5/11/24

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024**

	<u>Unrestricted</u> <u>Funds</u> £	<u>Total</u> <u>Funds</u> £	<u>2023</u> <u>Unrestricted</u> <u>Funds</u> £	<u>2023</u> <u>Total</u> <u>Funds</u> £
<u>Income and Endowments from:</u>				
Donations and Legacies	2,353	2,353	1,845	1,845
Charitable Activities	333,644	333,644	374,233	374,233
Investments	41,554	41,554	27,614	27,614
<u>Total Income and Endowments</u>	377,551	377,551	403,692	403,692
<u>Expenditure on:</u>				
Raising Funds	8,937	8,937	8,644	8,644
Charitable Activities	389,590	389,590	407,813	407,813
<u>Total Expenditure</u>	398,527	398,527	416,457	416,457
Net Gains / (Losses) on Investments	121,157	121,157	45,576	45,576
<u>Net Income / (Expenditure)</u>	100,181	100,181	32,811	32,811
<u>Transfers between Funds</u>	-	-	-	-
<u>Net Movement in Funds</u>	100,181	100,181	32,811	32,811
Fund Balances brought forward at 1 st July 2023	1,586,185	1,586,185	1,553,374	1,553,374
Fund Balances carried forward at 30 th June 2024	1,686,366	1,686,366	1,586,185	1,586,185

There were no recognised gains or losses for 2024 or 2023 other than those included in the Statement of Financial Activities.

All income and expenditure derives from continuing activities.

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY**BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30th JUNE 2024**

	<u>Unrestricted</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Unrestricted</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Total</u> <u>Funds</u>
<u>Fixed Assets</u>				
Tangible Fixed Assets (Note 4)	926	926	1,392	1,392
Investments (Note 5)	1,634,947	1,634,947	1,511,588	1,511,588
	1,635,873	1,635,873	1,512,980	1,512,980
<u>Current Assets</u>				
Debtors & Prepayments (Note 6)	66,417	66,417	89,869	89,869
Cash at Bank and in Hand	294,120	294,120	310,573	310,573
	360,537	360,537	400,442	400,442
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Creditors falling due within one year				
Advance from Publishers	135,370	135,370	134,288	134,288
Other Creditors and Accruals (Note 7)	174,674	174,674	192,949	192,949
	310,044	310,044	327,237	327,237
<u>Net Current Assets/(Liabilities)</u>	50,493	50,493	73,205	73,205
<u>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</u>	1,686,366	1,686,366	1,586,185	1,586,185
Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year	-	-	-	-
<u>Net Assets</u>	1,686,366	1,686,366	1,586,185	1,586,185
<u>Charity Funds</u>				
General Income and Expenditure Account	1,489,712	1,489,712	1,389,781	1,389,781
Publishing Account	111,749	111,749	115,499	115,499
Life Members' Subscriptions	1,155	1,155	1,155	1,155
Tawney Memorial Fund	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
T. S. Ashton Prize Fund	750	750	750	750
Society Conferences Fund	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
Initiatives and Conferences Fund	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
General Fellowships Fund	72,000	72,000	68,000	68,000
	1,686,366	1,686,366	1,586,185	1,586,185

Approved by the Trustees and signed on their behalf:-

Professor Phillipp R Schofield (President) Date: 25 October 2024

Phillipp R Schofield

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>£</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>£</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>£</u>
<u>Cash flows from operating activities</u>					
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	A		(55,805)		(121,743)
<u>Cash flows from investing activities</u>					
Interest and dividends received		41,554		27,614	
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		-		(1,606)	
Sale of investments		185,057		534,001	
Purchase of investments		(187,259)		(533,346)	
Net cash flows from investing activities			39,352		26,663
<u>Cash flows from financing activities</u>					
Net cash flows from financing activities			-		-
<u>Change in cash and cash equivalents</u>			(16,453)		(95,080)
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward			310,573		405,653
<u>Cash and cash equivalents carried forward</u>			294,120		310,573

Note A:- Reconciliation of net income to net cash flow from operations

Net income / (expenditure) for the year	100,181	32,811
<i>As per the Statement of Financial Activities</i>		
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and profits / (losses) on sale of tangible fixed assets	466	745
Interest and dividends received shown in investing activities	(41,554)	(27,614)
Net (gains) / losses on investments	(121,157)	(45,576)
Decrease / (increase) in debtors	23,452	(62,179)
(Decrease) / increase in creditors	(17,193)	(19,930)
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	(55,805)	(121,743)

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

GENERAL INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

	£	£	2023 £	2023 £
<u>Income and Endowments from:</u>				
<u>Donations and Legacies</u>				
Donations Received	250	250	250	250
<u>Charitable Activities</u>				
Income from Publishing:				
<i>Economic History Review</i> Volume 76				
60% of Publisher's Revenue	195,470			
90% of Publishers' Profit	-		152,677	
20% of Publishers' Sales	-		71,471	
JSTOR Income	18,357	213,827	18,769	242,917
Membership Income:				
Subscription Income	27,414		26,572	
Other Subscription Income (Note 1)	-		69	
Gift Aid Tax recovered on Subscriptions	1,661	29,075	3,275	29,916
<u>Investments</u>				
Bank Interest Receivable	-		1	
Other Interest Received	15,536		7,244	
Other Income from Investments	26,018	41,554	20,369	27,614
<u>Total Income and Endowments</u>		284,706		300,697
<u>Expenditure on:</u>				
<u>Raising Funds</u>				
Investment Management Fees		8,937		8,644
<u>Charitable Activities</u>				
Grants and Donations:-				
Student Research and Conference Grants	4,442		5,005	
Student Conference Bursaries	11,328		12,510	
Prizes	3,600		1,600	
Small Research Grants Scheme	18,901		26,027	
PhD Bursaries	24,500		25,000	
Undergraduate Project Facility Grants	161		-	
BME Activities and Events Small Grants Scheme	1,000	63,932	-	70,142
<u>Publishing & Membership Expenses:-</u>				
Editorial Fees and Honoraria	31,598		30,853	
Editors' Secretariat Fees and Expenses	5,469		6,215	
Web Site Expenses	3,954		5,596	
Videos and Podcasts	-		8,063	
Membership Officer	50,684		47,945	
Media Awareness and Publicity Expenses	1,568		1,522	
Cataloguing the Society's Archives at the LSE	346	93,619	-	100,104
<u>Lecture Expenses:-</u>				
Plenary Lecture Costs	2,188	2,188	1,711	1,711

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

GENERAL INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024 (Cont.)

			<u>2023</u>	<u>2023</u>
	£	£	£	£
Other Expenses:-				
Secretariat Fees and Expenses	28,409		26,527	
Officers' & Trustees' Expenses	3,337		4,499	
Schools & Colleges Committee Expenses	-		-	
Fellowship Administration Expenses	1,304		1,794	
Fellows' Travel Support	1,446		73	
Public Engagement Committee Expenses	-		-	
Other Administrative Expenses	2,161		1,142	
Bank & Payment Processing Charges	1,346		1,082	
Exchange Rate Losses/(Gains)	9		-	
Subscriptions	2,939		2,946	
Audit and Accountancy Fees	19,998		18,840	
Legal, Professional & Insurance Expenses	895		4,225	
Loss on Disposal of Equipment	-		47	
Depreciation of Equipment	466	62,310	698	61,873
<u>Total Expenditure</u>		230,986		242,474
<u>Net Gains / (Losses) on Investments</u>				
Realised		4,131		12,406
Unrealised		117,026		33,170
		121,157		45,576
<u>Net Income / (Expenditure)</u>		174,877		103,799
<u>Transfers (to) / from Other Funds</u>				
Tawney Memorial Fund	(3,439)		(2,390)	
T. S. Ashton Prize Fund	(750)		(750)	
Society Conferences Fund	10,393		17,084	
Initiatives and Conferences Fund	(11,253)		(19,915)	
General Fellowships Fund	(69,897)	(74,946)	(66,405)	(72,376)
<u>Net Movement in Fund</u>		99,931		31,423
Fund Balance brought forward at 1 st July 2023		1,389,781		1,358,358
Fund Balance carried forward at 30 th June 2024		1,489,712		1,389,781

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY**PUBLISHING ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024**

	£	£	<u>2023</u> £	<u>2023</u> £
<u>Income and Endowments from:</u>				
<u>Charitable Activities</u>				
Income from Publishing:-				
Royalties on Atlas of Industrialising Britain	235		142	
Royalties on Pamphlet Series	2,131		2,461	
Royalties on 20 th Century Britain	-		-	
Industrial Revolution Series	-		-	
ReFresh Income	1,284		1,185	
		3,650		3,788
<u>Total Income and Endowments</u>		3,650		3,788
<u>Expenditure on:</u>				
<u>Charitable Activities</u>				
Publishing Expenses:-				
Royal Historical Society Publications	6,000		-	
Boydell & Brewer Series	1,400		2,400	
		7,400		2,400
<u>Total Expenditure</u>		7,400		2,400
<u>Net Income / (Expenditure)</u>		(3,750)		1,388
<u>Transfers from Other Funds</u>		-		-
<u>Net Movement in Fund</u>		(3,750)		1,388
Fund Balance brought forward at 1 st July 2023		115,499		114,111
Fund Balance carried forward at 30 th June 2024		111,749		115,499

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY**SOCIETY CONFERENCES FUND ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024**

	£	£	<u>2023</u> £	<u>2023</u> £
<u>Income and Endowments from:</u>				
<u>Charitable Activities</u>				
Conference Income:-				
Cambridge 2022 Conference	-		94,644	
Warwick 2023Conference	83,922		-	
		83,922		94,644
<u>Total Income and Endowments</u>		83,922		94,644
<u>Expenditure on:</u>				
<u>Charitable Activities</u>				
Conference Expenses:-				
Cambridge 2022 Conference	-		77,560	
Warwick 2023 Conference	73,529		-	
		73,529		77,560
<u>Total Expenditure</u>		73,529		77,560
<u>Net Income / (Expenditure)</u>		10,393		17,084
<u>Transfers (to) / from Other Funds</u>				
General Income & Expenditure Account		(10,393)		(17,084)
<u>Net Movement in Fund</u>		-		-
Fund Balance brought forward at 1 st July 2023		5,000		5,000
Fund Balance carried forward at 30 th June 2024		5,000		5,000

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY**INITIATIVES AND CONFERENCES FUND ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024**

		<u>2023</u>	<u>2023</u>
	£		£
<u>Income and Endowments from:</u>			
<u>Charitable Activities</u>			
Conference & Workshop Income:			
Women's Committee Workshop Income	-	-	
Residential Training Course Income	3,170	2,968	
	3,170		2,968
<u>Total Income and Endowments</u>	3,170		2,968
<u>Expenditure on:</u>			
<u>Charitable Activities</u>			
Conference & Workshop Grants & Expenses:			
Women's Committee Workshop Expenses	-	397	
Residential Training Course Expenses	11,941	11,741	
Grants made under the			
Initiatives & Conference Grants Scheme	2,482	10,745	
	14,423		22,883
<u>Total Expenditure</u>	14,423		22,883
<u>Net Income / (Expenditure)</u>	(11,253)		(19,915)
<u>Transfers (to) / from Other Funds</u>			
General Income & Expenditure Account	11,253		19,915
<u>Net Movement in Fund</u>	-		-
Fund Balance brought forward at 1 st July 2023	5,000		5,000
Fund Balance carried forward at 30 th June 2024	5,000		5,000

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

GENERAL FELLOWSHIP FUND ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

		<u>2023</u>
	£	£
<u>Income and Endowments from:</u>		
<u>Donations and Legacies</u>		
Income Receivable	2,103	1,595
<u>Total Income and Endowments</u>	2,103	1,595
<u>Expenditure on:</u>		
<u>Charitable Activities</u>		
Grants	68,000	68,000
<u>Total Expenditure</u>	68,000	68,000
<u>Net Income / (Expenditure)</u>	(65,897)	(66,405)
<u>Transfers (to) / from Other Funds</u>		
General Income & Expenditure Account	69,897	66,405
<u>Net Movement in Fund</u>	4,000	-
<u>Fund Balance brought forward at 1st July 2023</u>	68,000	68,000
<u>Fund Balance carried forward at 30th June 2024</u>	72,000	68,000

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

OTHER FUND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

	<u>Unrestricted</u> <u>Funds</u> £	<u>Total</u> <u>Funds</u> £	<u>2023</u> <u>Unrestricted</u> <u>Funds</u> £	<u>2023</u> <u>Total</u> <u>Funds</u> £
<u>Income and Endowments from:</u>				
<u>Donations and Legacies</u>				
Life Membership Fund	-	-	-	-
Tawney Memorial Fund	-	-	-	-
T. S. Ashton Prize Fund	-	-	-	-
<u>Total Income and Endowments</u>	-	-	-	-
<u>Expenditure on:</u>				
<u>Charitable Activities</u>				
Life Membership Fund	-	-	-	-
Tawney Memorial Fund				
Lecturer's Fees and Expenses	1,417	1,417	970	970
Other Lecture Expenses	2,022	2,022	1,420	1,420
T. S. Ashton Prize Fund				
Prizes	750	750	750	750
<u>Total Expenditure</u>	4,189	4,189	3,140	3,140
<u>Net Income / (Expenditure)</u>	(4,189)	(4,189)	(3,140)	(3,140)
<u>Transfers (to) / from Other Funds</u>				
From General Income & Expenditure Account				
to Tawney Memorial Fund	3,439	3,439	2,390	2,390
to T. S. Ashton Prize Fund	750	750	750	750
<u>Net Movement in Funds</u>	-	-	-	-
<u>Fund Balances brought forward at 1st July 2023</u>				
Life Membership Fund	1,155	1,155	1,155	1,155
Tawney Memorial Fund	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
T. S. Ashton Prize Fund	750	750	750	750
	2,905	2,905	2,905	2,905
<u>Fund Balances carried forward at 30th June 2024</u>				
Life Membership Fund	1,155	1,155	1,155	1,155
Tawney Memorial Fund	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
T. S. Ashton Prize Fund	750	750	750	750
	2,905	2,905	2,905	2,905

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024

1. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the inclusion of fixed asset investments at market value, and in accordance with the Charities Statement of Recommended Practice ("SORP") (FRS102) – "Accounting and Reporting by Charities (2019)", published in 2019, the Charities Act 2011, the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charities Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006 (as amended in 2010).

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

b. Income

Grants, donations and similar income are included in the Statement of Financial Activities ("SOFA") in the year in which they are receivable, which is when the Society becomes entitled to the funds. No permanent endowments have been received during the year.

Income arising from the publication of the issue of the "Economic History Review" ("EHR") for the calendar year ending during the Society's accounting year is included in the SOFA within "Income from Publishing". Receipts in respect of subsequent issues are treated as deferred income. All other income from publishing is included in the SOFA in the year in which it is receivable, which is when the Society becomes entitled to the funds.

Subscription income from individual members is wholly attributable to the Society and is shown as "Membership Income" in the SOFA. Until the year ended 30 June 2021, subscription income was largely received as part of EHR income distributions made by the publishers and was accounted for on the same timing basis as that used for the associated publishing income, as described above. During that year, the arrangements for the collection of individual membership income changed such that it is now collected by the Society itself, and subscription income is now accounted for on a simple receipts basis, with no provision made in the Balance Sheet for any deferred element, on the grounds that it is not the Society's practice to refund pro-rated subscriptions.

Following consultation with the Charities Commission, subscriptions paid in error by lapsed members to whom it has not been possible to make repayments are included as creditors for two years and then released as income to the General Income and Expenditure Account under "Other Subscription Income", whilst remaining repayable upon application.

Income and expenditure relating to the Society's annual conference is not included in the Society's accounts until the conference accounts have been finalised and the results are therefore deferred until the accounting year after the one in which the conference took place. As the annual conference is intended to break even, the net effect of this deferral on the overall results for the year is not material, and the balance on the Conference Fund Account, which is maintained at a predetermined level by means of transfers to or from the General Income and Expenditure Account, is intended to cover any future shortfall.

Income from all other conferences and workshops is included in the SOFA in the year in which it is receivable, which is when the Society becomes entitled to the funds.

Income from investments is included in the SOFA in the year in which it is receivable, which is when the Society becomes entitled to the funds.

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024 (Cont.)

- c. Expenditure and basis of allocation of costs
All expenditure other than that charged to the Society's annual conference account is included when incurred.
All costs have been directly attributed to one of the categories of expenditure in the SOFA.
- d. Capitalisation and depreciation of tangible fixed assets
Costs associated with the acquisition, cataloguing, and indexing of issues of the "Economic History Review" and other archive material are not capitalised. These historic assets are deemed to have little intrinsic value and are maintained for educational purposes in furtherance of the Society's objectives. Other tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation, which is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic lives on the following bases:
- | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Computer Equipment | 33.3% per annum | reducing balance |
|--------------------|-----------------|------------------|
- e. Investments
Investments are stated at fair value. The basis of fair value for quoted investments is equivalent to the market value, using the bid price. Under the provisions of the Charities SORP (FRS 102), realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments are treated as a component of net income. Realised gains and losses are those on investment disposals made during the year, being the difference between sale proceeds and either fair value at the last balance sheet date or cost if acquired during the year. Unrealised gains and losses represent those adjustments necessary to show all investments still owned by the Society at the year-end at fair value.
- f. Value Added Tax
The Society is registered for VAT, and all income and expenditure shown in the Statement of Financial Activities is shown net of any output VAT and reclaimable input VAT.
- g. Corporation Tax
The Charity is exempt from corporation tax on its income and gains to the extent that these are applied to its charitable objectives.
- h. Fund accounting
The General Income and Expenditure Account represents the unrestricted funds which the trustees are free to use in accordance with the charitable objects.
All other funds are also unrestricted funds, being earmarked by the trustees for particular purposes.

2. STAFF COSTS

The Society has no employees, but instead reimburses the University of Glasgow and the University of Hull for the salary costs of two part-time employees.

3. PAYMENTS TO TRUSTEES

Trustees received no remuneration (2023: £nil).

Travelling, subsistence and general expenses reimbursed to 8 trustees (2023: 14 trustees) totalled £2,301 (2023: £2,970).

Fees and honoraria paid to 1 trustee (2023: 1 trustee) in accordance with the Society's constitution totalled £7,471 (2023: £2,414).

No grants or bursaries were paid to any trustees during the year (2023: No trustees, total paid £nil).

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024 (Cont.)

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	<u>Computer Equipment</u>
<u>Cost</u>	
As at 1 st July 2023	3,236
Additions	-
(Disposals)	-
As at 30 th June 2024	3,236
<u>Accumulated Depreciation</u>	
As at 1 st July 2023	1,844
Charge for the year	466
(Disposals)	-
As at 30 th June 2024	2,310
<u>Net Book Value</u>	
As at 30 th June 2024	926
As at 30 th June 2023	1,392

5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	<u>2024</u> £	<u>2023</u> £
Charity Investment Funds:		
Market Value at 1 st July 2023	1,211,583	1,167,490
Additions (net of equalisation)	176,302	532,518
(Disposals)	(180,926)	(521,595)
Net Unrealised Investment Gains / (Losses)	117,026	33,170
Term Deposit Accounts	1,323,985	1,211,583
	310,962	300,005
Market Value as at 30 th June 2024	1,634,947	1,511,588

THE ECONOMIC HISTORY SOCIETY

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30th JUNE 2024 (Cont.)

5. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS (Cont.)

	<u>2024</u> £	<u>2023</u> £
Investments at fair value comprised:		
Bonds	130,686	108,009
Equities	528,875	518,076
Structured Products	193,706	158,278
Hedge Funds	-	12,024
Private Equity	41,371	31,604
Other Investments	8,767	10,550
	903,405	838,541
COIF Charities Ethical Investment Fund	420,580	373,042
	1,323,985	1,211,583
Term Deposit Accounts	310,962	300,005
	1,634,947	1,511,588

6. DEBTORS AND PREPAYMENTS

Prepayments and Accrued Income	57,898	79,623
Due from Investment Managers	8,519	8,966
Other Debtors	-	1,280
	66,417	89,869

7. OTHER CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

Amounts due within one year:		
Accruals and Deferred Income	168,547	190,422
VAT payable	184	323
Other Creditors	5,943	2,204
	174,674	192,949