

Charity registration number 1202001

TRUDANA
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024



TRUDANA

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	P Popat	Appointed on 20 February 2023
	G Puri	Appointed on 20 February 2023
	S Harvey	Appointed on 18 March 2024
	N Patel	Appointed on 20 February 2023
	N Varsani	Appointed on 20 February 2023
Charity number	1202001	
Auditor	KLSA LLP	
	Kalamu House	
	11 Coldbath Square	
	London	
	EC1R 5HL	
Bankers	ICICI Bank	
	Unit 2	
	1-9 St Anns Rd	
	Harrow	
	HA1 1AS	

TRUDANA

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TRUDANA

TRUSTEES REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

The Trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2024.

Trudana is a charitable incorporated organisation overseen by its Trustees as stipulated in the organisational structure. Trudana was officially registered with the Charity Commission on 20 February 2023, in accordance with its governing document, The Foundation Model Constitution.

Trudana offers grants to individuals and charitable organisations in need by reason of youth, age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship or other disadvantages.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in the notes to the financial statements and comply with Trudana's governing document, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

Public benefit

The Trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities Trudana should undertake.

The Charity's objectives are as follows;

- To promote the advancement of the Hindu religion.
- To provide relief for individuals in need due to factors such as youth, age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship, or other disadvantages.
- To support any other charitable purposes that the trustees deem appropriate at their sole discretion.

Principal Aims and Activities

Trudana was established in 2023 to make grants to individuals and charitable organisations in need by reason of youth, age, ill-health, disability, financial hardship or other disadvantage.

In-Service Training

Training on risk management and safeguarding will be provided once the Charity begins its operations.

Achievements and performance

Significant activities and achievements against objectives

Trudana was established on 20 February 2023 and had no activities or accomplishments for the year ended 30 April 2024.

Financial review

Going concern

The Trustees are confident that Trudana will have sufficient funds to meet its obligations as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approving the financial statements. Consequently, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Reserves policy

It is the policy of Trudana that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The Trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue Trudana's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

TRUDANA

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

Major risks

Risk management and internal control

Risk management

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring effective risk management, and that internal controls are in place to appropriately manage the risk exposure of Trudana, in particular, the Trustees have considered:

- the major risks to which Trudana is exposed;
- the potential impact and probability associated with each risk;
- existing internal controls and accountability for them; and
- mitigating actions needed to reduce each risk to a level that the Trustees considers to be acceptable.

All significant activities undertaken are subject to risk review as part of the initial project assessment and implementation. The Trustees reviews the major risks that Trudana faces on a regular basis and controls are established as appropriate.

Internal control

The Trustees have overall responsibility for ensuring that Trudana has appropriate systems of internal controls in place .

The key internal controls used by Trudana include:

- Formal agendas and minutes of all Board and Annual General meetings
- Detailed budgetary presentation for approval by the Trustees
- Established organisational structure and lines of reporting; and
- Engagement of external professional advisors as and when necessary

Through the controls established for the running of Trudana, the Trustees are satisfied that the major risks identified are adequately mitigated where necessary. It is recognised that the controls established can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that major risks have been adequately managed.

Structure, governance and management

Trudana (Registered Charity No. 1202001) registered with the Charity Commission on 20 February 2023 as per Trudana's governing document. The registered address of Trudana is, 36 Railway Approach, Harrow, Middlesex HA3 5AA.

The Trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

P Popat	Appointed on 20 February 2023
G Puri	Appointed on 20 February 2023
S Harvey	Appointed on 18 March 2024
N Patel	Appointed on 20 February 2023
N Varsani	Appointed on 20 February 2023

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

When appointing new Trustees to Trudana, the Board of Trustees consider the skills, knowledge and experience of the individual in making the appointment.

Where possible, Trustees have been allocated an area of responsibility which is in accordance with their skills and experience.

The first nominated Trudana Trustees listed above were appointed as detailed in the Trudana governing document. None of the Trustees has any beneficial interest in Trudana. If Trudana is wound up, the members of Trudana have no liability to contribute to its assets and no personal responsibilities for settling its debts and liabilities.

TRUDANA

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

Organisational structure

The Trustees have delegated the day-to-day management, which includes legal, governance and compliance work of Trudana to Sandali Harvey. The Trustees take professional advice for:

- day-to-day financial advice from the Finance Manager, Gagan Puri
- day-to-day banking advice from Neera Varsani.

Other matters

Senior staff

The senior management team comprises of the key management personnel of Trudana in charge of directing, controlling, running and operating Trudana on a day-to-day basis.

Auditor

KLSA LLP were appointed as auditor to Trudana and a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a General Meeting.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the Trustees has confirmed that there is no information of which they are aware which is relevant to the audit, but of which the auditor is unaware. They have further confirmed that they have taken appropriate steps to identify such relevant information and to establish that the auditor is aware of such information.

The Trustees report was approved by the Board of Trustees.



Paavan Popat
Trustee

7 November 2024

TRUDANA

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the Charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

TRUDANA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF TRUDANA

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Trudana (the 'Charity') for the year ended 30 April 2024 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs as at 30 April 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustees report; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

TRUDANA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF TRUDANA

Responsibilities of Trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustees responsibilities, the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Other matters

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with current Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

TRUDANA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE TRUSTEES OF TRUDANA



Shilpa Chheda (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of KLSA LLP

7 November 2024

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

Kalamu House
11 Coldbath Square
London
EC1R 5HL

KLSA LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

TRUDANA

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
Income from:		
Donations	3	100
		<hr/>
Total income		100
		<hr/>
Net income and movement in funds		100
		<hr/>
Reconciliation of funds:		
Fund balances at 1 May 2023		"
		<hr/>
Fund balances at 30 April 2024		100
		<hr/> <hr/>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

TRUDANA

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 APRIL 2024

	Notes	2024 £	£
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		100	
Net current assets			100
The funds of the Charity			
Unrestricted funds	7		100
			100

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 7 November 2024


Paavan Popat
Trustee

TRUDANA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Trudana is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation registered with the Charity Commission. The registered office is 36 Railway Approach, Harrow, Middlesex, HA3 5AA

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The Charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the Trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the Charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the Charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the Charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

TRUDANA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the Charity's accounting policies, the Trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Unrestricted funds £
Donations		
Charitable income	100	-

TRUDANA

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2024

4 Trustees

None of the Trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the Charity during the year.

5 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2024 Number
Management	3

There were no employees remunerated in the current period

6 Taxation

The Charity is exempt from taxation on its activities because all its income is applied for charitable purposes.

7 Unrestricted funds

The unrestricted funds of the Charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

	At 1 May 2023 £	Incoming resources £	At 30 April 2024 £
General funds	-	100	100

8 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year.