

**Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation
(A Charitable Company limited by
guarantee)**

Report and Financial Statements

Financial year ended

1 February 2025

Company Number 13776784

Charity Number 1198460

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Report and financial statements for the financial year ended 1 February 2025

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Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Report of the Trustees for the financial year ended 1 February 2025

The trustees are pleased to present their annual trustees' report together with the audited financial statements of the charitable company for the financial year ended 1 February 2025 which are also prepared to meet the requirements for a directors' report and accounts for Companies Act purposes.

The financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Companies Act 2006, the Memorandum and Articles of Association, and the charities Statement of Recommended Practice (applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; FRS102).

Incorporation

The charity was incorporated on 1 December 2021 and was active from this date onwards.

Our purposes and activities

The purpose of the charity is to provide equitable access to the creative industry to young people from under-represented backgrounds.

The strategies employed to achieve the charity's aims and objectives are to provide and assist in the provision of money, materials, or other help to further the mission to provide equitable access to the creative industry to young people from marginalised backgrounds.

Financial review

The charity received donations totalling £1,091k (2024: £737k) from Kurt Geiger Limited, its parent company. The charity distributed funds totalling £120k (2024: £184k) in the period to designated partners in line with the charity's objectives.

As part of the charity's mission to inspire and drive confidence in young people from under-represented backgrounds the charity launched a free learning programme, Business by Design Academy. The 7-month learning programme offers game-changing skills with unbeatable exposure to the creative industry from Design, Buying, Marketing, Digital, Sales, Finance, Merchandising and Social Media with masterclasses, paid work experience and mentoring from professionals.

Further information in respect of the Business by Design Academy and designated partners may be obtained at <https://www.kurtgeiger.com/kurt-geiger-kindness-foundation>.

Plans for future periods

The plan for future periods is to continue investment in the Business by Design Academy, to be able to increase the number of participants in the scheme within the physical academy in London, as well as providing all the available resources to young people digitally. This will be in addition to expanding our footprint by further supporting grassroot organisations and charities in the UK and beyond, via grants.

Reserves policy

Unrestricted funds are the 'free reserves' after allowing for all designated funds. Designated funds at the period-end totalling £431k (2024: £285k) are for the Business by Design Academy. Free reserves at the period-end are £nil (2024: £nil).

Reference and administrative details

Charity number

1198460

Company number

13776784

Registered office

24 Britton Street, London, EC1M 5UA

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Report of the Trustees for the financial year ended 1 February 2025 (continued)

Our advisers

Independent auditor	Grant Thornton 13-18 City Quay, Dublin, D02 ED70, Ireland
Bankers	Lloyds Bank PLC, PO Box 17328, 11-15 Monument Street, London, EC3V 9JA
Solicitors	Bates Wells and Braithwaite LLP, 10 Queen St Pl, London EC4R 1BE

Trustees

The directors of the charitable company (the charity) are its trustees for the purpose of charity law. The trustees and officers serving during the period and since the period end were as follows:

Directors

N C Clifford
D N Christilaw
R E A Farrar-Hockley
P Montaner
B Hagans
J O A Emmanuel
G Meyer (appointed 6 May 2025)

Structure, Governance and Management

Governing Document

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation is a company limited by guarantee governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association dated 1 December 2021. It is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission. Kurt Geiger Limited is the sole guarantor and has guaranteed to contribute £1 in the event of the charity winding up. The Trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the Charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities.

Appointment of trustees

As set out in the Memorandum of Association of the Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation, the chair of the trustees is nominated by Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation.

Subject to Article 24, any person who is willing to act as a Trustee, and who would not be disqualified from acting under the provisions of Article 26, may be appointed to be a Trustee by the Member (acting through an authorised representative) serving notice in Writing on the Charity. The Member may specify terms of office which shall apply to any such Trustee, but if no term is specified when a Trustee is appointed, he or she shall remain in office until he or she ceases to hold office in accordance with Articles 25.4 and 26.

The Charity shall notify the Member of any forthcoming vacancies in writing at least six months prior to the Annual Retirement Meeting at which the Trustee(s) in question are set to retire to allow sufficient time for the consideration of new appointments and reappointments.

Organisation

The board of trustees administers the charity. The board normally meets bi-monthly covering development, membership, finance, and grants. An Executive Director is appointed by the trustees to oversee foundation activities and a foundation officer is appointed to execute the day-to-day operations of the charity.

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Report of the Trustees for the financial year ended 1 February 2025 (continued)

Related parties and co-operation with other organisations

None of our trustees receive remuneration or other benefit from their work with the charity. Any connection between a trustee or senior manager of the charity with any fashion brand and models must be disclosed to the full board of trustees in the same way as any other contractual relationship with a related party.

The charitable company receives donations from Kurt Geiger Limited, its guarantor and parent company. All administrative costs are borne by Kurt Geiger Limited. Employees of Kurt Geiger Limited volunteered during the period, the trustees consider the employees as general volunteers and have not provided any assistance which is related to their trade or profession. The role of volunteering consisted primarily of assisting at designated partner events.

Our approach to fundraising activities

The charitable company does not actively fundraise from the public or run legacy campaigns or undertake similar fundraising activities in its own right or via a trading subsidiary or third party and the trustees have no plans to actively fundraise from the public in the foreseeable future.

The charitable company is reliant on donations from its parent company, which is funded through Kurt Geiger purchases.

Political donations

There were no political donations in the current year (2024: £nil).

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors


So far as each of the trustees at the date of approval of these financial statements are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken, as trustees, in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of the information.

Independent auditors

The auditors Grant Thornton were proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

By order of the Board of Trustees



D N Christilaw
Trustee

Date: 7 October 2025

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Trustees' responsibilities in respect of the report and the financial statements For the financial year ended 1 February 2025

The trustees (who are also directors of Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the trustees have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standard comprising FRS102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In preparing these financial statements the Trustees have taken advantage of the small companies' exemption provided in section 415a of the Companies Act 2006.

By order of the Board of Trustees



D N Christilaw
Trustee

Date: 7 October 2025

Independent auditor's report to the Trustees of Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation ("the Company"), which comprise the Statement of financial activities and Balance sheet for the period ended 1 February 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is applicable law and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company as at 1 February 2025 and Statement of financial activities for the period then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ('ISAs (UK)') and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and the ethical pronouncements established by Chartered Accountants Ireland, applied as determined to be appropriate in the circumstances for the entity. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other matters

The financial statements of Kurt Geiger Limited for the year ended 3 February 2024 were examined by Grant Thornton UK LLP on 23 October 2024, and the independent examiner did not draw attention to any matters.

Independent auditor's report to the Trustees of Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation (continued)

Other information

Other information comprises information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, including the Trustees' Report. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies in the financial statements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report, which includes the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report, included within the Trustees' Report, has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report included within the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate and proper accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; [or]
- in preparing these financial statements the Trustees have taken advantage of the small companies' exemption provided in section 415a of the Companies Act 2006.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Trustees' responsibilities statement, management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including FRS 102, and for such internal control as trustees determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent auditor's report to the Trustees of Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation (continued)

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the charity's financial reporting process.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

The objectives of an auditor are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes their opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of an auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that material misstatement in the financial statements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the ISAs (UK). The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the charity and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to compliance with Data Privacy and Employment laws and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and local tax legislation. The Audit Engagement Partner considered the experience and expertise of the engagement team to ensure that the team had appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with the laws and regulation. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries to manipulate financial performance and management bias through judgements and assumptions in significant accounting estimates, in particular in relation to significant one-off or unusual transactions. We apply professional scepticism through the audit to consider potential deliberate omission or concealment of significant transactions, or incomplete/inaccurate disclosures in the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the Trustees of Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation (continued)

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

In response to these principal risks, our audit procedures included but were not limited to:


- enquiries of management on the policies and procedures in place regarding compliance with laws and regulations, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- inspection of the charity's regulatory and legal correspondence and review of minutes of trustee meetings during the year to corroborate inquiries made;
- gaining an understanding of the entity's current activities, the scope of authorisation and the effectiveness of its control environment to mitigate risks related to fraud;
- discussion amongst the engagement team in relation to the identified laws and regulations and regarding the risk of fraud, and remaining alert to any indications of non-compliance or opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of financial statements throughout the audit;
- identifying and testing journal entries to address the risk of inappropriate journals and management override of controls;
- designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing or extent of our testing;
- challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates; and
- review of the financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation and inquiries of management.

The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of irregularities including fraud rests with those charged with governance and management. As with any audit, there remains a risk of non-detection or irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or override of internal controls.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose.

To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Stephen Murray (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of

Grant Thornton

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

13 – 18 City Quay

Dublin 2

Date: 7 October 2025

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Statement of Financial Activities for the financial year ended 1 February 2025

	Note	Unrestricted Funds 1 February 2025 £'000	Unrestricted Funds 3 February 2024 £'000
Income:			
Donations	4	1,091	737
Total Income		<u>1,091</u>	<u>737</u>
Expenditure:			
Charitable activities	5	(730)	(397)
Other	6	(215)	(149)
Total expenditure		<u>(945)</u>	<u>(546)</u>
Net movement in funds for the period		<u>146</u>	<u>191</u>
Reconciliation of funds			
Total Funds brought forward		<u>285</u>	<u>94</u>
Total Funds carried forward	12	<u><u>431</u></u>	<u><u>285</u></u>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the period. Incoming resources and resources expended are measured under the historical cost convention. All amounts relate to continuing activities.

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Balance sheet As at 1 February 2025

	Note	1 February 2025 £'000	1 February 2025 £'000	3 February 2024 £'000	3 February 2024 £'000
Current assets					
Debtors	10	441		311	
Cash at bank		8		1	
		<u>449</u>		<u>312</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	<u>(18)</u>		<u>(27)</u>	
Total Net Assets			<u>431</u>		<u>285</u>
The funds of the charity:					
Unrestricted funds	12		<u>431</u>		<u>285</u>
Total charity funds			<u>431</u>		<u>285</u>

The trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees and authorised for issue on 7 October 2025.


D N Christilaw
Trustee

Company number 13776784

The notes on pages 11 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the financial year ended 1 February 2025

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) issued in October 2019 by the Charity Commission. The charitable company constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The trustees have reviewed the circumstances of the company and consider that adequate resources continue to be available to fund the activities of the company for the foreseeable future.

Basic financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade debtors and creditors. Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors.

Income

Income is recognised when the charity has entitlement to the funds, any performance conditions attached to the item(s) of income have been met, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

The value of any voluntary help received is not included in the accounts but is described in the trustees' report.

Expenditure and irrecoverable VAT

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified under the following activity headings:

- Expenditure on charitable activities includes the costs of performances, exhibitions and other educational activities undertaken to further the purposes of the charity and their associated support costs.
- Other expenditure represents those items not falling into any other heading.

Irrecoverable VAT is charged as a cost against the activity for which the expenditure was incurred.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the financial year ended 1 February 2025 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available to spend on activities that further any of the purposes of charity. Designated funds are unrestricted funds of the charity which the trustees have decided at their discretion to set aside to use for a specific purpose.

2 Critical accounting judgements and estimation uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees have made no accounting judgements or estimates.

3 Legal status of the charity

The Charitable Company is a private company limited by guarantee and has no share capital and is incorporated in England and Wales. In the event of the Charitable Company being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £1 per member of the charity.

The directors of the charitable company are the Trustees and are named on page 2. The registered company number is: 13776784 and the registered office is: 24 Britton Street, London, EC1M 5UA.

4 Income from donations

	1 February 2025 £'000	3 February 2024 £'000
Donations		
Donations	<u>1,091</u>	<u>737</u>
	<u>1,091</u>	<u>737</u>

The income from donations was £1,091,190 (2024: £736,670) provided as unrestricted funds from Kurt Geiger Limited, the charitable company's parent company.

5 Analysis of charitable expenditure

	1 February 2025 £'000	3 February 2024 £'000
Grants to charitable partners	120	184
Business by Design academy	610	213
	<u>730</u>	<u>397</u>

No support costs have been allocated to grant-making activities.

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Notes forming part of the financial statements
for the financial year ended 1 February 2025 (continued)

6 Other costs

	1 February 2025	1 February 2025	1 February 2025	3 February 2024	3 February 2024	3 February 2024
	Support	Governance	Total	Support	Governance	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Staff costs	33	-	33	42	-	42
Independent examination fees	-	-	-	-	7	7
Audit fees	-	10	10	-	-	-
Advisory fees	-	42	42	-	93	93
Group Recharge	130	-	130	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	7	-	7
	<u>163</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>215</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>149</u>

7 Trustees' remuneration and expenses

The charity trustees were not paid any remuneration. Trustees were reimbursed for expenses totalling £nil (2024: £nil) during the period.

8 Staff costs

The charitable company has five employees. The employees are employed by Kurt Geiger Limited and included in accordance with section 9.28 of the SORP. There is one employee who received employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) of more than £60,000 (2024: 0).

£60,000 - £70,000	1
£70,000 - £80,000	-
£80,000 - £90,000	-
£90,000 - £100,000	-

Employees of Kurt Geiger Limited volunteered for 1,134 (2024: 409) hours during the financial year. The trustees consider the employees as general volunteers and have not provided any assistance which is related to their trade or profession.

	1 February 2025 £'000	3 February 2024 £'000
Salaries and wages	187	73
Social security costs	16	8
Pension costs	11	3
	<u>214</u>	<u>84</u>

9 Related party transactions

Donations of £1,091k (2024: £737k) were received in the period from Kurt Geiger Limited, the charitable company's parent company. During the period Kurt Geiger Limited employees spent a total of 1,134 (2024: 409) hours volunteering on charitable projects. Governance and supports costs totalling £215k (2024: £149k) were recharged by Kurt Geiger Limited.

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Notes forming part of the financial statements
for the financial year ended 1 February 2025 (continued)

10 Debtors

	1 February 2025 £'000	3 February 2024 £'000
Amounts owed by group undertakings	441	311

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

11 Creditors: amounts falling due in one year

	1 February 2025 £'000	3 February 2024 £'000
Accruals and deferred income	18	27

12 Analysis of movements in funds

For the financial year ended 1 February 2025

	Balance 3 February 2024 £'000	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Transfers £'000	Funds 1 February 2025 £'000
Unrestricted Funds	-	1,091	(945)	(146)	-
Designated Funds	285	-	-	146	431
	<u>285</u>	<u>1,091</u>	<u>(945)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>431</u>

Designated funds of £431k (2024: £285k) relates to the Business by Design academy, to be utilised in the next financial year.

For the financial year ended 3 February 2024

	Income £'000	Expenditure £'000	Transfers £'000	Funds 3 February 2024 £'000
Unrestricted Funds	737	(546)	(191)	-
Designated Funds	-	-	191	285
	<u>737</u>	<u>(546)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>285</u>

Kurt Geiger Kindness Foundation

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the financial year ended 1 February 2025 (continued)

13 Controlling party

The charitable company is a subsidiary of Kurt Geiger Limited. Kurt Geiger Limited is incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 00968046. The company accounts are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House. Kurt Geiger Limited is a footwear, bag and accessories retailer. Kurt Geiger Limited is the sole guarantor and has the power to appoint or remove majority of trustees.

The ultimate controlling party is Mercury Acquisitions Topco Limited, a company incorporated in Jersey, registration number 120272. Mercury Acquisitions Topco Limited is considered ultimate controlling party by virtue of its majority ownership of Kurt Geiger Limited. The company's principal activity is a holding company. Mercury Acquisitions Topco Limited's majority shareholder is the Fifth Cinven Fund.

14 Post balance sheet events

On 12 February 2025, the shareholders of Kurt Geiger Limited ultimate controlling party, Mercury Acquisition TopCo Limited entered into a Sale and Purchase Deed with SML UK Holding Limited ("Steve Madden") (a UK incorporated company) and a subsidiary of Steve Madden Limited (a Delaware corporation based in New York, United States) under which Steve Madden would acquire 100% of the share capital of Mercury Acquisition TopCo Limited, "the Transaction". The Transaction was completed on 6 May 2025.