

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mrs S S Choudhury	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
	Mr N M M H Choudhury	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
	Mr Miftahuzzaman Ahmad Talukdar	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
	Mr Imran Ali	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
	Mr N M Choudhury	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
Charity number	1193354	
Registered office	329-331 Alexandra Park Road Muswell Hill London N22 7BP	
Independent examiner	Reddy Siddiqui LLP 183-189 The Vale Acton London United Kingdom W3 7RW	

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

CONTENTS

	Page
Trustees report	1 - 2
Accountants' report	3
Statement of financial activities	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 9

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

TRUSTEES REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the Charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The charitable object is to advance such charitable purposes (according to the law of England and Wales) as the trustees see fit from time to time without geographical limitation and in particular but not limited to:

- 1) The advancement of the Islamic Religion in accordance with the accepted view of AHL Al-Sunnah Wa Al-Jama'ah for the public benefit in particular but not exclusively by the provision or maintenance of places of religious worship, congregation, education or burial and the teaching and dissemination of religious material.
- 2) The promotion of religious harmony for the public benefit in particular but not exclusively by fostering and encouraging inter-faith dialogue
- 3) The prevention or relief of poverty for the public benefit by providing grants, items and services to individuals in need and/or charities, or other organisations working to prevent or relieve poverty.

The Trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the Charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

Financial review

It is the policy of the Charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The Trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the Charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

Structure, governance and management

The Trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mrs S S Choudhury	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
Mr N M M H Choudhury	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
Mr Miftahuzzaman Ahmad Talukdar	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
Mr Imran Ali	(Appointed 1 February 2021)
Mr N M Choudhury	(Appointed 1 February 2021)

None of the Trustees has any beneficial interest in the company. All of the Trustees are members of the company and guarantee to contribute £1 in the event of a winding up.

The company's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to follow the CBI's Prompt Payers Code (copies are available from the CBI, Centre Point, 103 New Oxford Street, London WC1A 1DU).

The company's current policy concerning the payment of trade creditors is to:

- settle the terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction;
- ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment by inclusion of the relevant terms in contracts; and
- pay in accordance with the company's contractual and other legal obligations.

Trade creditors of the company at the year end were equivalent to XX day's purchases, based on the average daily amount invoiced by suppliers during the year.

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Trustees report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Mr N M Choudhury
Trustee

17 March 2023

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Charities Act 2011, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Al-Nehar Foundation for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the statement of financial activities and the related notes from the charity's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <https://www.icaew.com/regulation>.

This report is made to the charity's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 8 February 2023. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Al-Nehar Foundation and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the charity's Trustees, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Al-Nehar Foundation and the charity's Trustees as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Al-Nehar Foundation has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and deficit of Al-Nehar Foundation. You consider that Al-Nehar Foundation is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year, and is not required to obtain an independent examiner's report.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Al-Nehar Foundation. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Reddy Siddiqui LLP

17 March 2023

Chartered Accountants

183-189 The Vale
Acton
London
W3 7RW
United Kingdom

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2022 £
<u>Income from:</u>		
Donations and legacies	3	100
<u>Expenditure on:</u>		
Charitable activities	4	324
Net expenditure for the year/ Net movement in funds		(224)
Fund balances at 1 February 2021		-
Fund balances at 31 March 2022		(224)

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	£
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		76	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(300)	
Net current liabilities			(224)
Income funds			
Unrestricted funds			(224)
			(224)

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 17 March 2023

Mr N M Choudhury
Trustee

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Al-Nehar Foundation is a INSERT CONSTITUTIONAL DETAIL.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The Charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The Charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the Charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the Trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the Charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the Charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the Charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the Charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the Charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the Charity's accounting policies, the Trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds
	2022 £
Donations and gifts	100

4 Charitable activities

	Charitable Expenditure Heading 1 2022 £
Share of support costs (see note 5)	24
Share of governance costs (see note 5)	300
	324

AL-NEHAR FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5 Support costs

	Support costs	Governance costs	2022
	£	£	£
Support costs heading 1	24	-	24
Accountancy	-	300	300
	<u>24</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>324</u>
Analysed between Charitable activities	<u>24</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>324</u>

Governance costs includes payments to the auditors of £** (- £**) for audit fees.

6 Trustees

None of the Trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the Charity during the year.

7 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2022 Number
Total	-

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

8 Taxation

The charity is exempt from tax on income and gains falling within section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or section 252 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that these are applied to its charitable objects.

9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £
Accruals and deferred income	<u>300</u>

10 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (- none).