

**Charity registration number 1188223 (England and Wales)**

**Company registration number 11819847**

**N AND R KARNANI TRUST**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

N AND R KARNANI TRUST

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

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Trustees	Mr N Karnani Mrs R Karnani Mrs R Mistry
Charity number	1188223
Company number	11819847
Registered office	Amba House 3rd Floor, 15 College Road Harrow HA1 1BA
Auditor	KLSA LLP Kalamu House 11 Coldbath Square London EC1R 5HL
Bankers	Coutts & Co 440 Strand London WC2R 0QS

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N AND R KARNANI TRUST

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# **N AND R KARNANI TRUST**

## **TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTOR'S REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

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The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's Memorandum and Articles of Association, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)".

### **Objectives and activities**

The core objectives of the charity remain the same and are as follows:

- for the public benefit to promote the education (including social and physical training) of children from disadvantaged backgrounds and those suffering from mental and/or physical disability in the United Kingdom and India in such ways as the charity trustees think fit, including, but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing by:
  - i) providing and assisting their education,
  - ii) to undertake travel in furtherance of that education,
  - iii) to prepare for entry to any occupation, trade or profession on leaving any educational establishment,
  - iv) providing and assisting in the provision of facilities for their education in the United Kingdom and India.
- for the public benefit, the prevention or relief of poverty in the United Kingdom and India by providing or assisting in the provision of education, training, healthcare and medical products and all the necessary support designed to enable individuals to generate a sustainable income, improved standard of living and to become self-sufficient and independent.

The trustees have given due consideration to the Charity Commission's published guidance on the Public Benefit requirement under the Charity Act 2011.

# **N AND R KARNANI TRUST**

## **TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTOR'S REPORT) (CONTINUED)** **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

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### **Achievements and performance**

During the year, the trustees continued to fund and support a range of initiatives aimed at improving education, livelihoods and community well-being.

#### **Education and Child Welfare**

- Schools for slum children in Mumbai: Continued support for schools providing education to children living in slum communities.
- Schools for migrant workers' children: Funded the construction and operation of 10 schools, enabling children with no prior educational experience to create a habit of regular school attendance.

#### **Livelihood and Community Development**

- Mangrove Plantation Programme: Continued funding for mangrove planting, which protects the coastline from erosion and flooding of homes while also providing rural income, as villagers are employed in the planting work.
- Sapling Distribution Programme: Provided fruit saplings to low-income rural households as a rural income programme, enabling families to generate future earnings from fruit production.
- Milk Collection Centres: Funded the construction of milk collection centres in rural villages, providing villagers with a stable livelihood close to home and reducing the need for migration.

#### **Water Security**

- Water Security in the Thar Desert: Supported the deepening of 50 water bodies to increase their capacity to store rainwater and strengthening long-term water availability in the region.
- Restoration of 10 Saline Ponds: Supported the removal of saline water from 10 ponds, followed by comprehensive cleaning and deepening to enable effective rainwater harvesting and provide communities with a usable, reliable water source.

#### **Health and Social Care**

- Therapeutic Support for young people: Continued support for therapeutic programmes for young people who have experienced significant trauma and adversity, helping them build resilience and emotional well-being.

### **Financial review**

During the year, the trust received general donations of £924,000 (2024: £732,449).

The trust donated a total of £400,763 (2024: £277,634) to various charitable activities during the year and in particular to community projects, schools and hospitals in India and UK.

The trustees wish to express their gratitude for the donations received.

Based on their assessment of the financial position, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the Trust will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

During the year, funding to support education and reduction in poverty trebled.

### **Volunteers and staff**

The Trust does not employ any paid staff. All activities are overseen and delivered by the trustees, who serve in a voluntary capacity. The Trust is grateful for the time and expertise provided by the trustees and volunteers, which enables it to achieve its charitable aims.

# **N AND R KARNANI TRUST**

## **TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTOR'S REPORT) (CONTINUED)** **FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

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### **Reserves policy**

It is the policy of the trustees at all times to maintain sufficient reserves in cash or cash funds to meet all future commitments in full. The trustees monitor the level of reserves at periodic intervals. Their target is to donate 80% of annual income and the balance to be kept as reserves. With the rate of increase in grants, the trustees expect to reach this during the financial year 2026/27. All funds held are unrestricted. The balance of reserves at 31 March 2025 in amount with £4,275,895 (2024: £3,421,504).

### **Risk management**

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

The key area of risk is on the reliance on other parties to take projects forward and ensure sound and financially viable outcomes. This risk is managed through a robust selection process for recipient of donations.

### **Future plans**

The Trust will continue to fund and support a range of initiatives aimed at strengthening the following areas:

- Education and Child Welfare
- Livelihood and Community Development
- Water Security
- Health and Social Care

### **Structure, governance and management**

The company was incorporated by guarantee on 11 February 2019. It has no share capital and is a registered charity. The guarantee of each member is limited to £1. The governing document is the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the company.

The trustees, who are also the directors for the purpose of company law, and who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr N Karnani  
Mrs R Karnani  
Mrs R Mistry

Where it is desirous to appoint new directors any such appointment must be ratified by the existing directors at a duly constituted board meeting. Any such new directors are initially selected having regard to their personal and professional expertise in the activities of the charity. If required, training is given to new directors to ensure they are complaint and able to fulfil their roles.

None of the trustees has any beneficial interest in the company. All of the trustees are members of the company and guarantee to contribute £1 in the event of a winding up.

All decision making is undertaken by members of the Board. The charity has no staff and there is, therefore, no requirement to delegate decision making further.

### **Auditor**

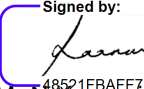
In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that KLSA LLP be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

## **N AND R KARNANI TRUST**

### **TRUSTEES' REPORT (INCLUDING DIRECTOR'S REPORT) (CONTINUED)** ***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025***

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The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

Signed by:  
  
48521EBAFF7F4AC...  
**Mr N Karnani**  
**Trustee**

10 December 2025

## **N AND R KARNANI TRUST**

### **STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### ***FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025***

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The trustees, who are also the directors of N and R Karnani Trust for the purpose of company law, are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### TO THE TRUSTEES OF N AND R KARNANI TRUST

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#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of N and R Karnani Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

## **N AND R KARNANI TRUST**

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF N AND R KARNANI TRUST**

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#### **Responsibilities of trustees**

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees, who are also the directors of the charity for the purpose of company law, are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Details of the extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations are set out below.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of trustees as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations

To address the risk of fraud through trustee's bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- Investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions

## N AND R KARNANI TRUST

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF N AND R KARNANI TRUST

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In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation; and
- enquiring of trustees as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

We obtained understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the charity.

Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with laws and Regulations. Our procedures involved: making enquiries of trustees, those responsible for legal and compliance procedures and reviewing other correspondence.

We communicated identified fraud risks and non-compliance with laws and regulations with those charged with governance, throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications throughout the audit.


There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Signed by:



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**Shilpa Chheda (Senior Statutory Auditor)**

For and on behalf of KLSA LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Kalamu House

11 Coldbath Square

London

EC1R 5HL

10 December 2025

KLSA LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
<b>Income from:</b>			
Donations and legacies	3	1,125,000	873,949
Investments	4	126,598	95,863
<b>Total income</b>		1,251,598	969,812
Charitable activities	5	409,715	279,660
<b>Net income</b>		841,883	690,152
<b>Other recognised gains and losses:</b>			
Other gains	11	12,508	84,177
<b>Net movement in funds</b>	7	854,391	774,329
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>			
Fund balances at 1 April 2024		3,421,504	2,647,175
<b>Fund balances at 31 March 2025</b>		4,275,895	3,421,504

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

**N AND R KARNANI TRUST****BALANCE SHEET****AS AT 31 MARCH 2025**

	Notes	2025 £	£	2024 £	£
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	13	213,117		354,951	
Investments	14	3,442,290		2,656,637	
Cash at bank and in hand		624,688		411,416	
		<u>4,280,095</u>		<u>3,423,004</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	15	(4,200)		(1,500)	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>4,275,895</u>		<u>3,421,504</u>
<b>The funds of the charity</b>					
Unrestricted funds	16		<u>4,275,895</u>		<u>3,421,504</u>
			<u>4,275,895</u>		<u>3,421,504</u>

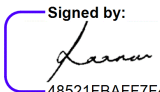
The company is entitled to the exemption from the audit requirement contained in section 477 of the Companies Act 2006, for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements under the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the trustees on 10 December 2025

Signed by:  
  
 48521FBAFF7F4AC...  
 Mr N Karnani  
**Trustee**

Company registration number 11819847 (England and Wales)

**N AND R KARNANI TRUST****STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS****FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025**

	Notes	2025 £	£	2024 £	£
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>					
Cash generated from operations	19		845,011		530,640
<b>Investing activities</b>					
Investments in money markets		(1,125,523)		(1,076,016)	
Money market investments maturity		1,111,284		850,000	
Purchase of investments		(1,386,279)		(522,523)	
Proceeds from disposal of investments		642,181		-	
Investment income received		126,598		95,863	
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>			(631,739)		(652,676)
<b>Net cash generated from financing activities</b>			-		-
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>			213,272		(122,036)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			411,416		533,452
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of year</b>			624,688		411,416

# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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#### 1 Accounting policies

##### Charity information

N and R Karnani Trust is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Amba House, 3rd Floor, 15 College Road, Harrow, HA1 1BA.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's Memorandum and Article of Association, the Companies Act 2006 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)". The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### 1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors or grantors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

#### 1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

All expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. Direct charitable expenditure includes general overhead cost.

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.



# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

#### 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
Donations and gifts	1,125,000	873,949
<b>Donations and gifts</b>		
Donations from trustees	804,000	641,000
Donations from companies related to the trustees	120,000	91,449
Gift Aid	201,000	141,500
	1,125,000	873,949

#### 4 Income from investments

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
Income from listed investments	23,611	3,040
Interest receivable	102,987	92,823
	126,598	95,863

# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

### 5 Charitable activities

	2025 £	2024 £
Donations - UK	57,094	23,000
Donations - Non UK	343,668	254,634
	<u>400,762</u>	<u>277,634</u>
Share of support costs (see note 6)	3,227	526
Share of governance costs (see note 6)	5,726	1,500
	<u>409,715</u>	<u>279,660</u>

### 6 Support costs allocated to activities

	2025 £	2024 £
Other expenses	2,582	-
Bank charges	645	526
Governance costs	5,726	1,500
	<u>8,953</u>	<u>2,026</u>

#### Analysed between:

Charitable activities	<u>8,953</u>	<u>2,026</u>
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	2025 £	2024 £
<b>Governance costs comprise:</b>		
Audit fees	5,350	1,500
Legal and professional	350	-
Other expenses	26	-
	<u>5,726</u>	<u>1,500</u>

### 7 Net movement in funds

	2025 £	2024 £
The net movement in funds is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Fees payable for the audit of the charity's financial statements	<u>5,350</u>	<u>1,500</u>

### 8 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

### 9 Employees

N and R Karnani Trust had no employees during the year (2024 - None).

### 10 Taxation

The charity is exempt from taxation on its activities because all its income is applied for charitable purposes.

### 11 Other gains and losses

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
(Gains)/losses upon:		
Realised (gain) / loss on investments	(27,316)	-
Unrealised (gain) / loss on investments	14,808	(84,177)
	<u>(12,508)</u>	<u>(84,177)</u>

### 12 Financial instruments

	2025 £	2024 £
<b>Carrying amount of financial assets</b>		
Instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	<u>3,442,290</u>	<u>2,656,637</u>

### 13 Debtors

	2025 £	2024 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>		
Other debtors	<u>213,117</u>	<u>354,951</u>

Other debtors include gift aid accrual of £201,000 (2024: £354,951).

### 14 Current asset investments

	Bonds £	Equities £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>			
As at 1 April 2024	984,242	542,938	1,527,179
Additions	833,567	552,713	1,386,280
Valuation changes	(3,506)	16,015	12,509
Disposals	(307,235)	(308,136)	(615,371)
As at 31 March 2025	<u>1,507,068</u>	<u>803,530</u>	<u>2,310,597</u>
As at 31 March 2024	<u>984,242</u>	<u>542,938</u>	<u>1,527,179</u>

# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

(Continued)

### 14 Current asset investments

Total purchases during the year were £1,386,280 (2024: 522,523).

The change in market value of the investments during the year comprises of all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sale on investments during the year.

#### Cash Balances

Money market investments:

	£
As at 1 April 2024	1,111,284
Investments	1,125,523
Deposits maturity	(1,111,284)
	<hr/>
As at 31 March 2025	1,125,523
	<hr/>
As at 31 March 2024	1,111,284
	<hr/>

Capital accounts:

	£
As at 1 April 2024	18,175
Purchases / debits	329,764
Proceeds / credits	(341,767)
	<hr/>
As at 31 March 2025	6,172
	<hr/>
As at 31 March 2024	18,175
	<hr/>

### 15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Other creditors	4,200	1,500
	<hr/>	<hr/>

### 16 Unrestricted funds

The unrestricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

	At 1 April 2024 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Gains and losses £	At 31 March 2025 £
General funds	3,421,504	1,251,598	(409,715)	12,508	4,275,895
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

# N AND R KARNANI TRUST

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

### 16 Unrestricted funds (Continued)

Previous year:	At 1 April 2023	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Gains and losses	At 31 March 2024
	£	£	£	£	£
General funds	2,647,175	969,812	(279,660)	84,177	3,421,504

### 17 Related party transactions

During the period, the charity received £804,000 (2024: £641,000) as donations from Mr N Karnani and Mrs R Karnani who are the trustees of the charity.

During the period, the charity received donations amounting to £120,000 (2024: £91,449) from NRK (London) Ltd, a company related to the trustees.

No Trustee or members of executive committee received any remuneration or had any expenses reimbursed during the year.

### 18 Analysis of changes in net funds

The charity had no material debt during the year.

19 Cash generated from operations	2025 £	2024 £
Surplus for the year	841,883	690,152
Adjustments for:		
Investment income recognised in statement of financial activities	(126,598)	(95,863)
Unrealised gain / (loss) on investment	(14,808)	84,177
Movements in working capital:		
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	141,834	(149,326)
Increase in creditors	2,700	1,500
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>845,011</b>	<b>530,640</b>