

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mr S Schwarcz Mr Israel Izak Mr I Simonovitz
Charity number	1184303
Registered office	38 Braydon Road London England N16 6QB
Independent examiner	Mr J Silver FCCA Precision Ltd 32 Castlewood Road London N16 6DW

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

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BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)".

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are;

- To advance the Orthodox Jewish Religion In London and elsewhere for the benefit of the public In particular but not exclusively through the provision of a place of worship, the holding of prayer meetings and lectures and the provision of Grants for Religious teaching and instruction.
- The prevention or relief of poverty in England and Wales, the USA, Israel and Europe by providing grants, items and services to individuals in need and/or charities, or other organisations working to prevent or relieve poverty.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities and setting grant making policy for the year.

Achievements and performance

The charity was involved in the running of a synagogue.

The charity received £56,062 in donations during the year and £54,161 was paid out for charitable activities and support costs.

Financial review

The charity's statement of financial activities shows a deficit of £10,171. Taking into account the difficulties in raising funds due to the current cost of living crisis the trustees are satisfied with the progress made towards reducing the charity's deficit, and have continued their fundraising efforts in the coming year to further reduce the deficit.

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level which will not impinge on its ability to continue its charitable activities.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation and is controlled by its governing document. It was registered as a charity on 8 July 2019.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr S Schwarcz
Mr Israel Izak
Mr I Simonovitz

The power to appoint new trustees is vested in the current board. It is not the intention of the trustees of the charity to appoint any trustees. Should the situation change in the future, the trustees will apply suitable induction and training procedures. The trustees administer the day to day running of the charity.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.



.....
Mr S Schwarcz

Trustee

Dated: ..Oct 31, 2025

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Breslov Shul Trust (the charity) for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

I understand that this has been done in order for financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.



Mr J Silver FCCA
Precision Ltd
32 Castlewood Road
London
N16 6DW

Oct 31, 2025
Dated:

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	Notes	2024	2023
		£	£
<u>Income from:</u>			
Donations and legacies	3	56,062	35,859
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<u>Expenditure on:</u>			
Raising funds	4	1,830	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Charitable activities	5	52,331	33,456
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total expenditure		54,161	33,456
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net income for the year/ Net movement in funds		1,901	2,403
Fund balances at 1 January 2024		(12,072)	(14,475)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Fund balances at 31 December 2024		(10,171)	(12,072)
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Notes	2024 £	£	2023 £	£
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		1,242		970	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	<u>(2,615)</u>		<u>(2,980)</u>	
Net current liabilities			(1,373)		(2,010)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(8,798)		(10,062)
Net liabilities			<u>(10,171)</u>		<u>(12,072)</u>
Income funds					
Unrestricted funds			(10,171)		(12,072)
			<u>(10,171)</u>		<u>(12,072)</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on Oct. 31, 2025



Mr S Schwarcz
Trustee

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Breslov Shul Trust is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)". The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities applying FRS 102 Update Bulletin 1 not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future notwithstanding the current deficit in the charity's funds, due to the continued support from the community. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

Expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements did not require management to make judgements, estimates or assumptions that affect the amounts reported.

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2024	2023
	£	£
Donations and gifts	56,062	35,859

4 Raising funds

	Unrestricted funds	Total
	2024	2023
	£	£
<u>Fundraising and publicity</u>		
Other fundraising costs	1,830	-
	1,830	-

5 Charitable activities

	Charitable Expenditure	Charitable Expenditure
	2024	2023
	£	£
Synagogue running costs	37,186	25,656
Grant funding of activities (see note 6)	11,960	3,249
Share of governance costs (see note 7)	3,185	4,551
	52,331	33,456

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

6 Grants payable

	Charitable Expenditure 2024 £	Charitable Expenditure 2023 £
Grants to institutions:		
Amud Hatztdokoh Trust	2,200	1,200
Chevrass Mo'oz Ladol	-	1,000
Keren Ohr	4,000	-
Friends of Yeshiva Daas Sholem Shotz	2,500	-
Other	3,260	1,049
	<u>11,960</u>	<u>3,249</u>

-

7 Support costs

	Support costs £	Governance costs £	2024 Support costs £	Governance costs £	2023 £
Accountancy	-	720	720	-	720
Legal and professional	-	2,178	2,178	-	3,463
Bank charges & similar fees	-	-	-	-	36
Loan Interest	-	287	287	-	332
	<u>-</u>	<u>3,185</u>	<u>3,185</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,551</u>
Analysed between Charitable activities	-	3,185	3,185	-	4,551

8 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

9 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

BRESLOV SHUL TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

9 Employees

(Continued)

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

10 Taxation

The charity is exempt from tax on income and gains falling within section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or section 252 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that these are applied to its charitable objects.

11 Loans and overdrafts

	2024 £	2023 £
Bank loans	10,573	12,322
Payable within one year	1,775	2,260
Payable after one year	8,798	10,062

The above long-term loan is guaranteed by the government under the Bounce back loan scheme.

The loan accrues interest at 2.5% p.a.

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Bank loans	11	1,775	2,260
Accruals and deferred income		840	720
		2,615	2,980

13 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Bank loans	11	8,798	10,062

14 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year.