

**Somerdale Pavilion Trust**  
**(A Company Limited by Guarantee)**

**Report of the Trustees and financial statements**

Company registration number 11730938

Registered charity number 1182426

**Year ended 31 December 2020**

## **Somerdale Pavilion Trust**

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## Somerdale Pavilion Trust

### Trustees and advisors

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<b>Trustees</b>	H L M Bothamley L A Freed P J Rilett T S Ross R T Wynn-Jones
<b>Company number</b>	11730938
<b>Registered charity number</b>	1182426
<b>Registered office</b>	C/O St Monica Trust Cote Lane Bristol BS9 3UN
<b>Business address</b>	Tiberius Road Keynsham Bristol BS31 2FF
<b>Auditor's</b>	KPMG LLP 66 Queen Square Bristol BS1 4BE
<b>Banker</b>	Natwest Bank 32 Corn Street Bristol BS99 7UG

## **Somerdale Pavilion Trust**

### **Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 December 2020**

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The Trustees present their report along with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Governing document**

Somerdale Pavilion Trust is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated on 17 December 2018 and registered as a charity on 17 December 2018. The charity was established under a Memorandum of Association which established the objects and powers of the charity and is governed under its Articles of Association. In the event of the charity being wound up each member promises to pay up to £1 towards the costs of dissolution and the liabilities incurred by the charity while the contributor was a member. The charity registration number, company number, principal office and registered office are noted on page 1.

#### **Directors and Trustees**

St Monica Trustee Company Limited (a company limited by guarantee registered number 9357207) is the sole member of Somerdale Pavilion Trust.

The Directors of the charity are its Trustees for the purpose of charity law and throughout this report are collectively referred to as the Trustees. The Trustees who served throughout the year are noted on page 1. The Trustees are appointed and serve in accordance with the Articles of Association. The Trustees meet four times per year or more if required. The Trustees receive no remuneration from the charity.

The Board is composed of no fewer than three Trustees and is not subject to any maximum, with up to five Trustees appointed by the member. The Trustees may appoint further persons to be Trustees.

The Trustees appoint a Chairperson amongst themselves prior to a Trustee meeting taking place. Sub-groups and advisory boards can also be appointed to provide other resources of expertise.

Each Trustee is appointed for a three-year term. At the end of each term a Trustee shall retire from office but may be reappointed to serve no more than three consecutive terms of office.

The charity's legal advisors have worked with the Trustees to compile a Trustees' Policies document, as well as a Governance Timetable. They also provide legal and regulatory updates as required, to ensure that the Trustees' knowledge remains current.

#### **Statement of Trustees' responsibilities in respect of the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements**

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they are required to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*.

Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the income and expenditure for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
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## **Somerdale Pavilion Trust**

### **Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 December 2020**

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- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enables them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the charitable company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

#### **Objects and activities of the charity**

The objects of the charity are, for the public benefit:

1. the provision and maintenance of a pavilion, playing fields and other facilities for the use of the inhabitants of Keynsham and the surrounding areas without distinction of political, religious or other opinions, including use for:

- (a) meetings, lectures, classes, sporting activities; and
- (b) other forms of recreation and leisure time occupation, with the object of improving the conditions of life for the inhabitants.

2. the relief of those individuals (and if appropriate their spouses) who are in need by reason of age, disability or ill-health by the provision of:

- (a) accommodation and associated facilities; and/or
- (b) other services or assistance.

#### **Risk management**

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, in particular those related to the operations and finances of the charity and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate their exposure to the major risks.

#### **Public benefit**

The Trustees are aware of the Charity Commission guidance on public benefit and have paid due regard to this guidance when deciding on what activities the charity should undertake.

## Somerdale Pavilion Trust

### Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 December 2020

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In 2020 the Trust was able to support 1,992 beneficiaries in the following categories:

- (a) 870 gym members
- (b) 223 social club members
- (c) 899 members of 21 sports and activities clubs

Membership of the sports and activities clubs is shown below:

<b><i>Membership of Clubs</i></b>	<b><i>Members</i></b>
Baseball	55
Cadbury Pensioners	73
Golf	39
Cycle cross	30
Joggers	23
Netball	15
Bowls	50
Somerdale Community Shed	15
Step out and Move On	40
Tennis	64
Nordic walking Group	15
Cricket	70
Fry Junior Football Club	120
Fry Football Club	90
Red Falcons Football Club	50
Cosmos Football Club	25
Fishponds Football Club	25
Table Tennis Group	30
Mencap	30
Somerdale Souls (social group)	20
Choir Jam	20
<b>Total users</b>	<b>899</b>

### Achievements and performance

Following the acquisition of the Somerdale Pavilion in 2019, the Trust has built a strong relationship with all existing sports and social clubs associated with the Pavilion with the objective of providing encouraging health and wellbeing of the local community through physical and social activities.

We continued to provide and support the Fry Pensioners, Somerdale Shed and Fry Bowls, Tennis and Golf sections. The table above highlights the full extent of the physical and social activities the Trust provided and supported.

The Trust continues to manage and operate the gyms and spa at the Somerdale Pavilion and the Chocolate Quarter, supporting around 875 members.

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## **Somerdale Pavilion Trust**

### **Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 December 2020**

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Unfortunately, due to the COVID-19 pandemic the Trust had to close the Pavilion and the Chocolate Quarter Gym and Spa on Monday 23<sup>rd</sup> March 2020. Following the UK Governments lockdown guidance, most staff were furloughed for the duration of the closure.

Due to the continuous effect of the pandemic, the Trust was forced to open and close several times during the year. Resulting in the closure of the operations for a total of twenty-five weeks.

The impact of COVID-19 resulted in the loss of memberships leading to a significant reduction of income. The damage has been limited with support from various Government grants and reduced costs from suppliers.

The Trust in common with much of the Leisure sector has experienced a challenging year. However, Somerdale Pavilion Trust achieved a positive financial result.

#### **Financial review**

The performance of the Trust during its first full year of operating the Pavilion and the resulting financial result to 31 December 2020 was consistent with the expectations and plans of the Trustees that were developed in response to the covid-19 pandemic. The financial surplus for the period to 31 December 2020 was £61k which was generated from total income of £651k and charitable expenditure of £590k. Separately, the Trust has retained a balance of £33k from a grant provided by the landlord to support the service.

#### **Future plans**

It is anticipated that due to the continued uncertainty around COVID-19, 2021 will be a challenging year. The Pavilion remained closed for the first quarter of 2021, with the aim to reopen the business by following the Government roadmap. The Trust continues to take a proactive approach to containing costs until such time as full activities can return at the Pavilion.

As restrictions are eased or lifted, the Pavilion will follow a phased re-opening of the bar and catering services, encourage gym members to return to a safe environment.

All of the Trusts' sport clubs including, baseball, bowls, cricket, golf, football, and tennis have all expressed their commitment to return to the Pavilion when it is safe to do so.

In the long term, the Trust remains committed to working with new and existing groups and individuals of all ages to encourage the community to make better use of the club and the facilities it has to offer.

#### **Reserves policy**

The Trusts' policy is to build up unrestricted reserves equivalent to one month's operating expenditure, which at this stage of the SPT's operation would be £75,000. As at 31 December 2020 the value of unrestricted reserves was £81k.

## **Somerdale Pavilion Trust**

### **Report of the Trustees For the year ended 31 December 2020**

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#### **Auditors**

The board of trustees appointed KPMG LLP as auditors at their meeting held on 1 October 2019.

This report has been prepared in accordance with current statutory requirements, the memorandum of association and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) – (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Trustees on .....15 July..... 2021 and signed on their behalf by:



Mr Peter Rilett  
Chair  
Somerdale Pavilion Trust

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Somerdale Pavilion Trust ("the charitable company") for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 1.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the charitable company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

### Going concern

The trustees have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the charitable company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the trustees' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the charitable company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the charitable company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the trustees' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the charitable company will continue in operation.

### Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect

*Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud*

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## Independent auditors' report to the Trustees of Somerdale Pavilion Trust

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To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors, the audit committee, as to the Charitable Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.
- Reading Board minutes.
- Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls and the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition, and the risk that the Charitable Company's management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries, and the risk of bias in accounting estimates and judgements such as the calculation of investment property and pension assumptions

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

### *Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations*

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Charitable Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation, and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Charitable Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified laws and regulations most likely to have such an effect, recognising the nature of the Charitable Company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

### *Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation*

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly

## **Independent auditors' report to the Trustees of Somerdale Pavilion Trust**

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planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

### **Other information**

The trustees are responsible for the other information, which comprises Report of the Trustee. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the other information;
- in our opinion the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report, which constitutes the directors' report for the financial year, is inconsistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the charitable company has not kept adequate accounting records or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

### **Trustees' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the trustees (who are also directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

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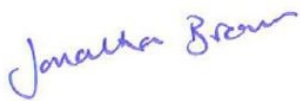
### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities).

### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



.....  
**Jonathan Brown**

**for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor**

*Chartered Accountants*

66 Queen Square

Bristol

BS1 4BE

Date: 2 August 2021

*KPMG LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.*

# Somerdale Pavilion Trust

## Statement of financial activities (including income and expenditure account) For the year ended 31 December 2020

	Notes	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total funds year ended 31 December 2020	Total funds period ended 31 December 2019
		£	£	£	£
<b>Income</b>					
Grant income		98,048	-	98,048	67,000
Charitable activities		289,994	-	289,994	189,430
Other trading activities		262,588	-	262,588	96,400
<b>Total income</b>		650,630	-	650,630	352,830
<b>Expenditure</b>					
Charitable activities	2	(572,104)	-	(572,104)	(310,319)
Other		(17,456)	-	(17,456)	(22,819)
<b>Total expenditure</b>		(589,560)	-	(589,560)	(333,138)
<b>Net income/(expenditure)</b>		61,070	-	61,070	19,692
<b>Net movement in funds</b>		61,070	-	61,070	19,692
Total funds brought forward		19,692	-	19,692	-
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		80,762	-	80,762	19,692

Incoming resources and resulting net movement in funds arise from continuing operations. The charity has no recognised gains or losses other than those shown above.

# Somerdale Pavilion Trust

## Balance sheet As at 31 December 2020

	Notes	2020	2019
<b>Fixed assets:</b>		<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Equipment	6	7,681	2,722
		<u>7,681</u>	<u>2,722</u>
<b>Current assets:</b>			
Stock	7	358	6,824
Debtors	8	59,163	16,589
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>175,228</u>	<u>265,394</u>
		<u>234,749</u>	<u>288,807</u>
<b>Creditors: due within one year</b>	9	<u>(161,668)</u>	<u>(271,837)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>73,081</u>	<u>16,970</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>80,762</u>	<u>19,692</u>
<b>Total restricted funds</b>		-	-
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>		80,762	19,692
<b>Total funds</b>	10, 11	<u>80,762</u>	<u>19,692</u>

These financial statements were approved by the Board on 15 July 2021  
and were signed on its behalf by:



Mr Peter Rilett  
Chair  
Somerdale Pavilion Trust

**Notes to the financial statements**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2020**

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**I Accounting policies**

**I.1 Company information**

Somerdale Pavilion Trust is a private charitable company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales, company number 11730938. The registered office is C/O St Monica Trust, Cote Lane, Bristol, BS9 3UN.

**I.2 Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014 and the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011 and UK Generally Accepted Practice as it applies from 1 January 2015.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined under FRS 102.

Under Section 7.1B of FRS 102, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds of its size.

These financial statements have been prepared under the under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The Trustees have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis which they consider is appropriate for the following reasons. The business model of the charity is such that its charitable activities are limited to those which it has sufficient funds to support from the excess of funding received over the costs of administering the charity. The charity therefore has no specific commitments and no committed costs beyond its fixed costs of operation which are detailed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities and notes 2 to 4.

The Trustees have reviewed cash flow forecasts for a period of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements which indicate that the charity will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for that period. The Trustees have also considered the implications of COVID-19 on those cash flow forecasts and consider that as a result of the charities operating model explained above, even if no further funding is received in the 6 months period, the charity has sufficient cash reserves to pay all committed costs. As a result, the Trustees consider it appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

There are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern.

**1.3 Incoming resources**

Donations are credited on a receivable basis unless related to a specific period, in which case they are deferred until that period.

All other income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the resources, it is probable the resources will be received and the monetary value of the incoming resources can be measured with sufficient reliability.

**1.4 Resources expended**

Liabilities are recognised as resources expended as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to the expenditure. All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis, including irrecoverable VAT and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category.

Governance costs include those incurred with constitutional and statutory requirements.

**1.5 Stocks**

Stocks consist of catering supplies and have been valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

**1.6 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, bank overdrafts or other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

**1.7 Financial instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which includes debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as 'creditors: amounts falling due within one year' if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as 'creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year'. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### **1.8 Funds structure**

Unrestricted funds comprise those funds which the Trustees are free to use for any purpose in furtherance of the charitable objects.

Restricted funds comprise those funds which the donor has specifically restricted the purpose for which they can be used.

### **1.9 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation.

Depreciation is provided on these assets at annual rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Office equipment	20% straight line per annum
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## Somerdale Pavilion Trust

### Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

#### 2 Analysis of total resources expended

	Charitable activities	Other costs	2020	Charitable activities	Other costs	2019
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Staff costs (note 4)	380,351	-	380,351	198,778	-	198,778
Food and drink purchases	-	17,445	17,445	-	21,552	21,552
Equipment	21,530	11	21,541	10,164	1,267	11,431
Repairs and maintenance	19,868	-	19,868	19,671	-	19,671
Premises costs	85,258	-	85,258	61,022	-	61,022
Office running costs	34,818	-	34,818	6,564	-	6,564
Service contracts	16,044	-	16,044	2,052	-	2,052
Professional and legal fees	1,264	-	1,264	6,790	-	6,790
Bank charges	6,218	-	6,218	2,732	-	2,732
Depreciation	753	-	753	46	-	46
Governance costs (note 3)	6,000	-	6,000	2,500	-	2,500
	<u>572,104</u>	<u>17,456</u>	<u>589,560</u>	<u>310,319</u>	<u>22,819</u>	<u>333,138</u>

#### 3 Governance costs

	2020 £	2019 £
Auditor's remuneration	6,000	2,500
	<u>6,000</u>	<u>2,500</u>

#### 4 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was: 27 (2019: 32).

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Wages and salaries	326,814	174,003
Social security costs	13,395	8,400
Pensions	3,839	4,402
Contractor costs	36,303	11,973
	<u>380,351</u>	<u>198,778</u>

## Somerdale Pavilion Trust

### Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

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During the current year and previous period, the Trustees were not paid any remuneration or reimbursed for expenses, and no Trustees made donations to the charity.

Key management remuneration in total for the year was £nil (2019: £nil).

There were no employees whose emoluments were in excess of £60,000 per annum in the current year or previous period.

#### 5 Taxation

None of the income received by the charity is subject to UK corporation tax. As such, there is no tax arising on the movement in funds during the year.

#### 6 Tangible fixed assets

	Equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>		
At 1 January 2020	2,768	2,768
Additions	5,712	5,712
At 31 December 2020	8,480	8,480
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 1 January 2020	46	46
Charge for the year	753	753
At 31 December 2020	799	799
<b>Net book value</b>		
As at 31 December 2020	7,681	7,681
As at 31 December 2019	2,722	2,722

#### 7 Stocks

	2020 £	2019 £
Catering supplies	-	6,824
Cleaning supplies	358	-
	358	6,824

**Somerdale Pavilion Trust**

**Notes to the financial statements  
For the year ended 31 December 2020**

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**8 Debtors**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Prepayments	374	6,597
Accrued income	-	9,811
Other debtors	58,789	181
	<u>59,163</u>	<u>16,589</u>

**9 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade creditors	-	8,779
Other creditors	128,929	158,761
Accruals	32,739	104,297
	<u>161,668</u>	<u>271,837</u>

**10 Analysis of charitable funds**

	<b>Incoming resources £</b>	<b>Resources expended £</b>	<b>Transfers between funds £</b>	<b>31 December 2020 £</b>
Unrestricted funds	650,630	(589,560)	-	61,070
Restricted funds	-	-	-	-
	<u>650,630</u>	<u>(589,560)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>61,070</u>

	<b>Incoming resources £</b>	<b>Resources expended £</b>	<b>Transfers between funds £</b>	<b>31 December 2019 £</b>
Unrestricted funds	352,830	(333,138)	-	19,692
Restricted funds	-	-	-	-
	<u>352,830</u>	<u>(333,138)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,692</u>

## Somerdale Pavilion Trust

### Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

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#### 11 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total funds 2020
	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	7,681	-	7,681
Stock	358	-	358
Debtors	59,163	-	59,163
Cash at bank and in hand	175,228	-	175,228
Creditors	(161,668)	-	(161,668)
	80,762	-	80,762

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total funds 2019
	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	2,722	-	2,722
Stock	6,824	-	6,824
Debtors	16,589	-	16,589
Cash at bank and in hand	265,394	-	265,394
Creditors	(271,837)	-	(271,837)
	19,692	-	19,692

#### 12 Financial commitments

At the year end, contractual commitments totalling £nil (2019: £nil) were in place in respect of future building improvements work to be undertaken.

#### 13 Related party transactions

Somerdale Pavilion Trust is related to St Monica Trustee Company Limited, which is the sole Trustee of St Monica Trust, by common directors.

During the year, St Monica Trust provided staff time and funds for operating expenses to the charity totalling £64,884 (2019: £152,654). The charity provided services to St Monica Trust in the form of parking and academy rent totalling £236,850 (2019: £39,476). The amount owed by St Monica Trust at the year-end was £58,789. In 2019 an amount of £113,178 was owed to St Monica Trust.

# Somerdale Pavilion Trust

## Notes to the financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2020

### 14 Comparative Statement of financial activities

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total funds period ended 31 December 2019
	£	£	£
<b>Income</b>			
Grant income	67,000	-	67,000
Charitable activities	189,430	-	189,430
Other trading activities	96,400	-	96,400
<b>Total income</b>	<b>352,830</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>352,830</b>
<b>Expenditure</b>			
Charitable activities	(310,319)	-	(310,319)
Other	(22,819)	-	(22,819)
<b>Total expenditure</b>	<b>(333,138)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(333,138)</b>
<b>Net income/(expenditure)</b>	<b>19,692</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19,692</b>
<b>Net movement in funds</b>	<b>19,692</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19,692</b>
Total funds brought forward	-	-	-
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>	<b>19,692</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19,692</b>