

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 1 DECEMBER 2021 TO 31 JANUARY 2023
FOR
CHASDEI DOV TRUST

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
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CHASDEI DOV TRUST

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for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

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CHASDEI DOV TRUST

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES **for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023**

The trustees present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives and aims

The objects of the charity include:

- The provision of facilities for recreation or other leisure time occupation of individuals who have need of such facilities with the object of improving their conditions of life
- The relief of financial hardship, either generally or individually, by making grants of money for providing or paying for items services or facilities
- The advancement of the education of the public by providing and assisting in the provision of facilities
- The advancement of the Jewish religion for the benefit of the public

Public benefit

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and 'The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit' in particular, when reviewing the aim and objectives and in planning the charity's future activities. The aims of the charitable company for the public benefit are detailed in the 'Objectives and Activities' section of this report and the main activities undertaken in order to carry out the charitable company's aims for the public benefit are outlined under 'Achievements and Performance' below.

Grantmaking

As a charity with close links to the local community and communities abroad, the trustees are approached to assist individuals going through economic hardship as well as charitable institutions that rely on grants to provide their much needed charitable services. The trustees were able to respond to the applications made to them and provided much needed assistance. The trustees assess each of the applications made to them and consider their response based on the individual circumstances, the funds available, and the impact the grant will make in achieving the charity's goals. Where grants are made to charities and other organisations, consideration is given to the operational efficiency and reputation of the recipient charity and the ability of the donation to 'make a difference'.

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Charitable activities

Funds are raised by way of charitable donations received from corporate donors, individuals and other registered charities. The trustees are grateful to the many members of the public who have generously supported the charity and who have enabled them to be able to assist and bring relief to so many.

The trustees, who as a result of their connections with communities in the UK and abroad, are aware of the difficult financial situations facing many of the most needy in society, were able to respond to the increased level of applications made to them, and provide much needed assistance. Whilst the trustees prioritised applications from individuals, grants were also provided to institutions where it was felt that their facilities could bring positive change to a larger number of people.

Fundraising activities

The charity has a good reputation within the local community and has a large pool of regular donors who wish to have a part in the charitable activities of the charity. Existing donors often recommend and encourage other philanthropists to pledge their support to the success of the charity. As such, the trustees do not engage professional fundraisers nor do they undertake public collections or cold calls.

The charity is committed to the principals set out by the Fundraising Regulator in its Code of Fundraising Practice. When donors are approached, this is done with sensitivity and respect and with regard to their circumstances.

The trustees are pleased to report that no complaints were received in the past fourteen months in relation to its fundraising activities.

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES **for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023**

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Financial position

The financial results of the charity's activities for the period ended 31 January 2023 are fully reflected in the attached financial statements together with the notes thereon.

Total income increased to £1,628,343 compared to £1,374,647 in the prior year and total expenditure increased to £1,634,154 from £1,409,426 in the previous year.

There was a net decrease in funds of £5,811 with total negative reserves carried forward being £28,067.

Reserves policy

Chasdei Dov Trust is principally operated as a grant giving charity, and the trustees' policy is to seek to distribute the bulk of the income arising in each financial year as it becomes available. Accordingly, the trustees have not established a strict level of reserves (that is those funds that are freely available) that the charity ought to have. Reserves are needed to bridge the funding gaps between spending on activities and receiving resources through voluntary donations and grants. The trustees consider that the ideal level of reserves as at 31 January 2023 would be 12 months of support costs.

The actual reserves at 31 January 2023 were negative £28,067 which is below of the target figure. The trustees are considering ways in which further unrestricted funds may be raised.

FUTURE PLANS

The charity is planning to generate more income for the much needed grants that it makes.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

The charity is controlled by its governing document, a deed of trust and constitutes an unincorporated charity.

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

Additional trustees may be appointed by the existing trustees at any time, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing trustees. Any trustees so appointed will hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and will then be eligible for re-election. No trustee had any beneficial interest in any contract with the charity during the year.

The charity strives to ensure equal opportunities and diversity in both the employment of staff and trustee appointments. Selection criteria and procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities.

Potential trustees are invited to informally attend trustee meetings prior to appointment and a comprehensive induction programme is available. Additionally individual trustees may undertake external training in a particular area of their role on the Governing Body.

Induction and training of new trustees

New trustees are appointed due to their interest in the work of the charity and their recognised experience in specific fields which will further support the work of the charity. New trustees are given a full induction by the trustees. Trustees can retire when they wish as they do not serve under a fixed term of tenure.

Organisational structure

The board of trustees administers the charity and meets regularly.

Wider network

At present Chasdei Dov Trust does not consider itself part of a wider network.

Risk management

The trustees have a duty to identify and review the risks to which the charity is exposed and to ensure appropriate controls are in place to provide reasonable assurance against fraud and error. The trustees have assessed the risks facing the charity are implementing systems and checks, which are reviewed annually.

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Charity number

1181900

Principal address

12 Wargrave Avenue
London
N15 6UD

Trustees

Mr I Taub
Mr Y Arberman
Mr J Fligman

Auditors

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales, the Charities Act 2011, Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charity for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 29 July 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr J Fligman - Trustee

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE TRUSTEES OF
CHASDEI DOV TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Chasdei Dov Trust (the 'charity') for the period ended 31 January 2023 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 January 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions Relating to Going Concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE TRUSTEES OF
CHASDEI DOV TRUST

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE TRUSTEES OF
CHASDEI DOV TRUST

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditors under Section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the company through discussions with trustees and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the charity's sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the company, including the Charities Act 2011, taxation legislation and data protection, employment, health and safety legislation.
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence where necessary.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected transactions;
- tested the appropriateness of journal entries;
- tested authorisation of expenditure;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

To address the risk that revenue could be misstated due to fraud, we:

- obtained an understanding of the charity's revenue recognition policies and compared these to the accounting standard;
- performed a walkthrough to confirm our understanding of the processes and controls through which the business initiates, records, processes and reports revenue transactions;
- tested a sample of revenue transactions to supporting evidence; and
- tested, on a sample basis, revenue related balances in the balance sheet.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC and relevant regulators.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE TRUSTEES OF
CHASDEI DOV TRUST

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
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IG8 8HD

29 July 2024

Raffingers LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

		Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 Unrestricted fund £	Year Ended 30.11.21 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM	Notes		
Donations and legacies	2	1,628,343	1,374,647
EXPENDITURE ON			
Raising funds	3	53,500	32,871
Charitable activities	4		
Expenditure on charitable activities		1,554,373	1,359,774
Support costs		26,281	16,781
Total		1,634,154	1,409,426
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(5,811)	(34,779)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		(22,256)	12,523
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		(28,067)	(22,256)

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

All income and expenditure has arisen from continuing activities.

The notes form part of these financial statements

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

BALANCE SHEET
31 January 2023

	Notes	2023 Unrestricted fund £	2021 Total funds £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	9	1,400	1,400
Cash at bank		40,226	38,084
		<u>41,626</u>	<u>39,484</u>
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	10	(46,360)	(26,740)
		<u>(4,734)</u>	<u>12,744</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			
		(4,734)	12,744
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(4,734)	12,744
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(23,333)	(35,000)
		<u>(28,067)</u>	<u>(22,256)</u>
NET ASSETS			
		(28,067)	(22,256)
FUNDS	13		
Unrestricted funds		(28,067)	(22,256)
TOTAL FUNDS		<u>(28,067)</u>	<u>(22,256)</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 29 July 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr J Fligman - Trustee

The notes form part of these financial statements

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

	Notes	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	13,809	(21,079)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		13,809	(21,079)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Loan repayments in year		(11,667)	(5,000)
Net cash used in financing activities		(11,667)	(5,000)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		2,142	(26,079)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		38,084	64,163
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		40,226	38,084

The notes form part of these financial statements

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET EXPENDITURE TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(5,811)	(34,779)
Adjustments for:		
Decrease in debtors	-	28,750
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	19,620	(15,050)
	<u>13,809</u>	<u>(21,079)</u>
Net cash provided by/(used in) operations	<u>13,809</u>	<u>(21,079)</u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET (DEBT)/FUNDS

	At 1.12.21 £	Cash flow £	At 31.1.23 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	38,084	2,142	40,226
	<u>38,084</u>	<u>2,142</u>	<u>40,226</u>
Debt			
Debts falling due within 1 year	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Debts falling due after 1 year	(35,000)	11,667	(23,333)
	<u>(45,000)</u>	<u>11,667</u>	<u>(33,333)</u>
Total	<u>(6,916)</u>	<u>13,809</u>	<u>6,893</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Charities Act 2011. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Assessment of going concern

The trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in preparing these financial statements. They have made this assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion that the charity will have sufficient resources to meet the liabilities as they fall due.

Legal status of the Charity

The charity is constituted as an unincorporated charity and was formed on 21 November 2017. The charity is registered with the Charity Commission (Charity Registration Number 1181900) and is governed by its Declaration of Trust.

Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

Where income has related expenditure (as with fundraising or contract income), the income and related expenditure are reported gross in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Donations, grants and gifts are recognised when receivable. In the event that a donation is subject to fulfilling performance conditions before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period. Income from Gift Aid tax reclaims is recognised for any donations with relevant Gift Aid certificates recognised in income for the year. Any amounts of Gift Aid not received by the year-end are accounted for in income and accrued income in debtors.

For legacies, entitlement is taken on a case by case basis as the earlier of the date on which: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor(s) to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate.

Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. If the legacy is in the form of an asset other than cash or an asset listed on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the asset being able to be reliably measured and title to the asset has passed to the charity. Where legacies have been notified to the or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, and the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material.

Income received in advance for a future fundraising event or for a grant received relating to the following year are deferred until the criteria for income recognition are met.

Donated goods and services

Donated professional services and facilities are included in income at the estimated value of the gift to the charity when received, based on the amount that the charity would have been prepared to pay for these services or facilities had it been required to purchase them, with a corresponding entry in the appropriate expenditure heading for the same amount. Donated fixed assets are similarly taken to income at the value to the charity with the other entry being capitalised in fixed assets.

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued **for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Charitable activities

The cost of charitable activities comprises those incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

Governance costs comprise those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and strategic requirements of the charity and the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.

Taxation

The entity is considered to pass the tests set out in Sch. 6, para. 1 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the entity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Pt. 11, Ch. 3 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or s. 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverable.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of settlement can be estimated reliably.

Financial instruments

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued **for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value except for bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Charity makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

No judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have been made in the process of applying the above accounting policies.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Donations	1,628,343	1,374,647

3. RAISING FUNDS

Raising donations and legacies

	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Fund raising costs	53,500	32,871

4. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

	Grant funding of activities (see note 5) £	Support costs (see note 6) £	Totals £
Expenditure on charitable activities	1,554,373	-	1,554,373
Support costs	-	26,281	26,281
	1,554,373	26,281	1,580,654

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

5. GRANTS PAYABLE

	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Expenditure on charitable activities	1,554,373	1,359,774

The total grants paid to institutions during the period was as follows:

	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Aiming High London	-	10,844
Bonei Olam Limited	6,697	4,124
Viznitz Institutions Trust	-	50,000
Viznitz Ltd	17,199	143,450
Other small grants	44,405	7,703
	<u>68,301</u>	<u>216,121</u>

The total grants paid to individuals during the period was as follows:

	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Grants to individuals	1,486,072	1,143,653

All grants were paid from unrestricted funds to individuals, and charitable institutions whose objects are in line with the objects of the charity. The average grant per individual was between £2,500 and £5,000.

6. SUPPORT COSTS

	Management £	Finance £	Governance costs £	Totals £
Support costs	3,430	1,191	21,660	26,281

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

7. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	Period 1.12.21 to 31.1.23 £	Year Ended 30.11.21 £
Fees payable to the charity's auditors for the audit of the charity's financial statements	13,400	13,000

During the period to 31 January 2023 there were fees of £8,260 paid to Raffingers LLP for non audit services.

8. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the period ended 31 January 2023 nor for the year ended 30 November 2021.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the period ended 31 January 2023 nor for the year ended 30 November 2021.

9. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2023 £	2021 £
Other debtors	1,400	1,400

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2023 £	2021 £
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12)	10,000	10,000
Other creditors	36,360	16,740
	46,360	26,740

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2023	2021
	£	£
Bank loans (see note 12)	23,333	35,000
	<u>23,333</u>	<u>35,000</u>

12. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2023	2021
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year on demand:		
Bank loans	10,000	10,000
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
Amounts falling between one and two years:		
Bank loans	10,000	10,000
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
Amounts falling due between two and five years:		
Bank loans	13,333	25,000
	<u>13,333</u>	<u>25,000</u>

13. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.12.21 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.1.23 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	(22,256)	(5,811)	(28,067)
	<u>(22,256)</u>	<u>(5,811)</u>	<u>(28,067)</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>(22,256)</u>	<u>(5,811)</u>	<u>(28,067)</u>

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	1,628,343	(1,634,154)	(5,811)
	<u>1,628,343</u>	<u>(1,634,154)</u>	<u>(5,811)</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>1,628,343</u>	<u>(1,634,154)</u>	<u>(5,811)</u>

CHASDEI DOV TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the period 1 December 2021 to 31 January 2023

13. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.12.20 £	Net movement in funds £	At 30.11.21 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	12,523	(34,779)	(22,256)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>12,523</u>	<u>(34,779)</u>	<u>(22,256)</u>

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	1,374,647	(1,409,426)	(34,779)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>1,374,647</u>	<u>(1,409,426)</u>	<u>(34,779)</u>

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year the charity received donations aggregating £38,500 from companies of which Mr I Taub, a trustee of this charity, is a director.

15. AUDITOR LIABILITY LIMITATION AGREEMENT

The charity has entered into a liability limitation agreement with Raffingers, the statutory auditor, in respect of the statutory audit for the period ended 31 January 2023. The proportionate liability agreement follows the standard terms in Appendix B to the Financial Reporting Council's June 2008 Guidance on Auditor Liability Agreements and was approved by the trustees on 25 October 2023.