

**The Family Trust**

**Annual Report and Financial Statements**

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

**The Family Trust**

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# **The Family Trust**

## **Trustees' report**

### *For the year ended 31 December 2023*

#### **Introduction**

This is the 2023 annual report of the trustees of The Family Trust (TFT). It is presented together with a trustees' responsibilities statement on page 5, the independent auditor's report on pages 6 to 8 and the TFT financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 on pages 9 to 16.

The TFT financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's trust deed, the Charities Act 2011 and the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities (SORP) 2016, and applicable UK accounting standards FRS 102.

The trustees' annual report complies with the requirements of 2016 Charities' SORP, and in addition the Charity Commission's Public Benefit Reporting Requirements and the Charities Act 2011.

The Board of Trustees are satisfied with the performance of TFT during the year and the position at 31 December 2023. The Board consider that TFT is in a strong position to continue its activities during the coming year, and that the charity's assets are adequate to fulfil its obligations.

#### **Who we are**

##### **Name of organisation**

Full name: The Family Trust

Acronym: TFT

##### **Charity number**

1180132

#### **Structure, Governance and Management**

TFT was established as a Charitable Incorporated Organisation (CIO) registered with the Charity Commission on the 28th September 2018.

##### **Objectives**

TFT objectives are such charitable purposes as are exclusively charitable according to the laws of England and Wales as the trustees may from time to time determine.

##### **Mission**

TFT's vision is to invest into assets creating a long term income for the Trust to enable it to continue in perpetuity. This will allow it to assist the underprivileged to improve their lives, in turn, can assist their families and communities and live a healthy and dignified way of life.

##### **Values**

Our principal objective is to provide assistance and support to underprivileged people and communities. In doing so, TFT will:

- communicate respectfully and diligently with institutions and individuals;
- abide by the laws and customs of the communities with which we are working;
- show compassion and due consideration for the difficulties that people may be facing;
- place special emphasis on locations which are difficult to reach and overlooked by most service providers;
- act with sincerity, truthfulness and openness;
- work to ensure that the highest moral and social values are achieved; and
- be independent when taking decisions in the best interests of the people we aim to support and work with.

# **The Family Trust**

## **Trustees' report**

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

### **Structure, Governance and Management (continued)**

#### ***Decision making***

In 2023, all substantive decisions were made by the trustees. The trustees do not consider there to be any key management personnel.

#### **Public benefit statement**

TFT provides donations to support under-privileged individuals and communities. When setting its objectives and planning its donations, TFT gives due careful consideration to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit. The Trustees also ensure that the programmes we undertake are in line with our charitable objects and aims.

#### ***Trustees in the reporting period and at the time of report sign-off***

Mr Afzal Majid Alimahomed

Dr Ahmed Jamal Nasir Awan MBE DL

Mr Mohammed Abdul Malik

Dr Yusuf Patel

#### ***Staffing***

In 2023, the trustees received support from, and much work was done by, the following:

Mrs Leela Jackson

Mr Ikram Ahmed

#### ***Source of income***

TFT is under an obligation as per the requirement of Section 162A Charities Act 2011 to give information about fundraising standards. TFT does not undertake any fundraising activity or solicit donations. In light of this, it is not registered with the Fundraising Regulator and does not subscribe to any codes of practise relating to fundraising. In any event it has not failed to comply with any fundraising standards or received any complaints relating to its funds. TFT does not make any approaches to vulnerable people in respect of any fundraising matters. TFT does not use professional fundraisers or involve commercial participators. TFT is a donation-based Trust that does not currently hold fixed investments. During the relevant period, TFT reserves did not generate significant investment income.

### **Registered office and professional advisers**

#### **Registered office**

20 Brickfield Road  
Birmingham  
B25 8HE

#### **Solicitors**

The Wilkes Partnership  
41 Church Street  
Birmingham  
B3 2RT

#### **Bankers**

HSBC Bank PLC  
PO Box 360  
100 King Street  
Manchester  
M60 2HD

#### **Auditor**

Sumer Auditco Limited  
The Beehive Building  
Beehive Ring Road  
Crawley, Gatwick  
RH6 0PA

# The Family Trust

## Trustees' report

### *For the year ended 31 December 2023*

## What we do, how we do it and how we will strengthen it

TFT's activities is primarily investment into assets; whereby returns will be used for grant making to fulfil its objectives, as well as reinvestment to grow the endowment.

### 1. TFT's grants

TFT does not undertake direct project implementation. TFT makes grants in the form of charities who carry out projects which meet TFT objectives and grant making policy.

### Selection of partners and projects

TFT's Trustees review incoming requests on a case-by-case basis, using their knowledge of the requesting organisations and TFT's objectives and values as the bases for assessment.

### Monitoring and evaluation

TFT provides grants on the condition that progress and end-of-project reports are submitted on a (generally pre-set) timely basis. In addition, TFT's Trustees may seek further verification and conduct verification visits to verify that the utilisation of funds and the impact of programmes has worked well.

### Support in 2023

During 2023, and given TFT is in its infancy, TFT did not undertake any large projects. One charitable project was funded in the UK.

### Long term perspective

The trustees are committed to building a firm foundation for TFT with the intention that it continues its work long into the future without the needs for additional donations. As such, the Trustees propose to devote the majority of its donations in the coming years to investment in rental properties (yielding 8-10%), either directly or partnering with joint ventures. These returns will later be used for charitable activities.

## Risks, uncertainties and risk management and mitigation

The TFT trustees periodically assess the organisation's risks. In 2023, the trustees identified the following continuing risks that will require ongoing attention:

Risk	Risk management and mitigation plan
TFT has and will receive substantial income to be invested and there will be a need to ensure that income is invested with a careful management of investment risk.	TFT Trustees will ensure that the investment policy is followed.
TFT needs to start establishing partnerships to ensure some funds are used for direct charitable purposes	TFT has already started to establish partnerships. In January 2023, a major partnership was established with a UK based NGO to provide support to impoverished families and children in India and other countries. Further partnerships will be established in due course.

## Financial review

For the year ended 31 December 2023, there was a surplus of £3,006,849 (2022: £2,534,219). As at 31 December 2023, total income was £3,465,280 (2022: £649,863). As at 31 December 2023, the total fund balance carried forward was £11,827,073 (2022: £8,820,224) of which £1,762,476 (2022: £2,066,527) can only be realised by disposing of investments properties and the remaining £10,064,597 (2022: £6,753,697) are unrestricted funds.

The principal funding sources were donations from various companies owned by the Alimahomed family, and it is intended that for the foreseeable future, subject to receipt of funds, TFT will continue its charitable activities along the lines of its current activities as detailed in this report.

There were no fund raising activities in the year.

## **The Family Trust**

### **Trustees' report**

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

#### **Reserves policies**

It is the policy of the charity to maximise unrestricted funds, which are the free reserves of the charity, to ensure sufficient funds are available to cover the following:

- donations payable and approved; and
- annual administrative costs.

The board of trustees are satisfied that the charity's assets are available and adequate to fulfil its obligations in respect of the total funds. In 2023 total funds carried forward at the year-end were £11,827,073 (2022: £8,820,224).

#### **Appointment of trustees**

A new trustee is appointed by a resolution of the trustees passed at a special meeting, which can be called at any time by any trustee. Details of the proposed trustee will be shared by the existing trustees, of the appointee in relation to their integrity and probity and proven record in their chosen professional career. The trustees will seek professional support on matters outside their expertise.

During the year, no trustees (2022: 1) have been appointed in accordance with the Governing Document. The trustee appointed in the prior year was based on long-standing knowledge, experience and integrity.

#### **Going concern**

After making enquiries, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt a going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in note 1 "Accounting Policies" in the financial statements.

Approved by the trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Signed by:



133CB28701D746F  
Dr Yusuf Patel

Trustee of The Family Trust

Date: 29/10/2024 | 12:48 PM GMT

## **The Family Trust**

### **Trustees' responsibilities statement**

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the charity and financial information included on the charity's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

# **The Family Trust**

## **Independent auditor's report to the trustees of The Family Trust**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Family Trust (the 'charity') For the year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102; The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

### **Basis for opinion**

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Other information**

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Trustees' Annual Report, set out on pages 1 to 4 other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# The Family Trust

## Independent auditor's report to the trustees of The Family Trust (continued)

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustees' Annual Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- the charity has not kept sufficient accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Responsibilities of trustees for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience, and through discussions with the directors (as required by auditing standards) and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations. We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit. The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation and taxation legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation or the loss of the company's license to operate. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: laws related to the regulation and operation of charities and data protection.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Through these procedures we did not become aware of any actual or suspected non-compliance.

## The Family Trust

### Independent auditor's report to the trustees of The Family Trust (continued)

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined below to detect material misstatement due to fraud:

- Matters are discussed amongst the audit engagement team regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud
- Identifying and assessing the design and effectiveness of controls that management have in place to prevent and detect fraud
- Detecting and responding to the risks of fraud following discussions with management and enquiring as to whether management have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Section 154 of the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

*Sumer Auditco Limited*

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**Sumer Auditco Limited**

Statutory Auditor

The Beehive Building, Beehive Ring Road, Crawley, Gatwick, RH6 0PA

Sumer Auditco Limited is eligible to act as an auditor by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as an auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

Date: 29/10/2024 | 12:50 PM GMT

## The Family Trust

### Statement of financial activities incorporating an income and expenditure account

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

	Note	All unrestricted and restricted funds 2023 £	All unrestricted and restricted funds 2022 £
<b>Income</b>			
Donations		3,173,770	500,000
Rental income		281,832	149,863
Investment income		9,678	-
<b>Total income</b>	3	3,465,280	649,863
<b>Expenditure</b>			
Charitable activities	4	(154,380)	(5,565)
<b>Total expenses</b>		(154,380)	(5,565)
Fair value gains and losses on investment properties	8	(304,051)	1,889,921
<b>Net income for the year</b>		3,006,849	2,534,219
<b>Reconciliation of funds</b>			
Total funds brought forward		8,820,224	6,286,005
Net movement in funds for the year		3,006,849	2,534,219
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		11,827,073	8,820,224

There were no other recognised gains or losses other than those listed above and the net income for the year. All income and expenditure derives from continuing activities and all funds are unrestricted in both current and prior years.

The Family Trust

Balance sheet  
At 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Non -Current assets</b>			
Investment properties	8	8,104,785	7,351,600
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	9	3,307,628	3,306,232
Cash at bank and in hand		3,569,909	1,291,852
		14,982,322	11,949,684
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(3,155,249)	(3,129,460)
<b>Net assets</b>		11,827,073	8,820,224
<b>Funds</b>			
Fair value reserve		1,762,476	2,066,527
Unrestricted funds		10,064,597	6,753,697
<b>Total funds</b>		11,827,073	8,820,224

These financial statements of The Family Trust registered number 1180132 were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue its behalf by:

Signed by:

Yusuf Patel

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Dr Yusuf Patel

Trustee

Date: 29/10/2024 | 12:48 PM GMT

## The Family Trust

### Cash flow statement

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Net cash flows from operating activities	13	3,335,293	608,482
<b>Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<u>3,335,293</u>	<u>608,482</u>
<b>Investing activities</b>			
Purchase of investment property	8	(1,057,236)	(56,705)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>		<u>(1,057,236)</u>	<u>(56,705)</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year</b>		1,291,852	740,075
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		<u>2,278,057</u>	<u>551,777</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>		<u><u>3,569,909</u></u>	<u><u>1,291,852</u></u>

Cash and cash equivalents are represented by cash at bank and in hand.

# The Family Trust

## Notes to the financial statements

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

### 1. Accounting policies

#### Charitable status

The Family Trust is a public benefit unincorporated entity which currently has three trustees. The charity is a registered charity, its registered office noted on page 2.

#### Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice “Accounting and Reporting by Charities (SORP 2015)” applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), effective 1 January 2015; and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### Preparation of financial statements - going concern basis

The charity’s activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Trustees’ Report, which also describes the financial position of the charity including its cash and reserves policy. The charity forecasts and projections, taking account of reasonably possible changes in donations and investment income and other uncertainties, show that the charity should be able to operate with its current level of reserves. The trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

#### Income

Income comprises donations and investment income and is recognised when the charity has entitlement to the funds, any performance conditions attached to the item of income have been met, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

#### Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in the income and expenditure account,

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the income and expenditure account,

#### Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure on charitable activities relates to donations made to individuals, organisations and institutions in line with the objectives of the charity.

Support costs relate to the charity’s charitable activity of providing donations and loans to individuals, organisations and institutions.

Governance costs comprise all costs involving the public accountability of the Charity and its compliance with regulation and good practice. These costs include costs related to statutory audit and legal fees.

#### Fund accounting

All funds are unrestricted.

# The Family Trust

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts with insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Taxation

The charity is regarded as a charity by HMRC and its income is not subject to taxation on its charitable activities.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value.

#### Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

### 2. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the charity's accounting policies which are described in note 1, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant; actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The trustees do not consider there are any critical judgements or sources of estimation uncertainty requiring disclosure beyond the accounting policies listed above.

### 3. Income

The charity received donations of £3,173,770 (2022: £500,000).

Rental and other related income of £281,832 (2022: £149,863) relates to the investment properties.

Investment income of £9,678 (2022: £Nil) relates to the bank interest received.

# The Family Trust

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

### 4. Charitable activities

Donations were made to institutions and individuals for the following charitable activities:

	Grants to institutions £	Support cost £	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Welfare including the provision of food, water, clothing and healthcare	150,000	4,380	154,380	5,565
	<u>150,000</u>	<u>4,380</u>	<u>154,380</u>	<u>5,565</u>

All grants approved in the year were paid before the year end and there were no grant creditors carried forward at the balance sheet date (2022: £Nil).

The charity meets its objectives by making donations to individuals and other charitable organisations whose aims match those of the charity. Donations have been made to various individuals, organisations and institutions worldwide.

The Charity makes grants to a number of different partner charities around the world after due consideration and careful assessment of a particular partner. The partner charities are used as to help further the objectives of the charity and carry out specific charitable programmes under our direction. All partner charities are subject to due diligence procedures and regular monitoring and reporting.

Support costs have been allocated to expenditure on charitable activities as follows:

	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Governance	4,200	2,400
General expenses	180	180
	<u>4,380</u>	<u>2,580</u>

Support costs are allocated across the charity's activities based on the proportion of total grant expenditure within each activity.

### 5. Auditor's remuneration

Support costs include auditor's remuneration of £4,200 (2022: £2,400). Amounts payable in respect of non-audit services were £Nil (2022: £Nil).

### 6. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

No remuneration or other benefits or expenses has been paid to the charity's trustees or people connected with them from the charity or any company connected with it in the current or prior year.

# The Family Trust

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

### 7. Employees

The charity had no employees in 2023. Back-office support is provided by staff of a related party as well as the support of a part time consultant. The trustees do not consider there to be any key management personnel other than the trustees. No employees were paid in excess of £60,000.

### 8. Investment properties

	2023 £
<b>Fair value</b>	
At 1 January 2023	7,351,600
Additions through external acquisition	1,057,236
Net gains or losses through fair value adjustments	(304,051)
	<hr/>
At 31 December 2023	8,104,785
	<hr/> <hr/>

Investment property comprises of multiple properties held for rental purposes.

The investment properties have been restated at their fair value as at 31st December 2023, based on valuations calculated by a registered member of the Royal Institution Chartered Surveyors, who is employed by a related company. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties, rental yields and subsequent sale values.

If investment properties were stated on an historical cost basis rather than a fair value basis, the amounts would have been included as follows:

	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Fair value</b>		
Cost	6,345,309	5,285,073
Accumulated depreciation	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	6,345,309	5,285,073
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

### 9. Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>		
Other debtors	67,638	66,241
Amounts due from related parties	3,239,990	3,239,990
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	3,307,628	3,306,231
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

# The Family Trust

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

*For the year ended 31 December 2023*

### 10. Creditors

	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>		
Trade creditors	-	2,400
Amounts due to related parties	3,019,474	2,992,790
Accruals and deferred income	15,516	20,899
Other creditors	120,259	113,372
	<u>3,155,249</u>	<u>3,129,461</u>

### 11. Related party transactions

During the year the charity received donations of £3,000,000 (2022: £500,000) from Euro Property Investments Limited a company controlled by one of the trustees.

Historically, properties were jointly purchased in conjunction with companies under the control of one the trustees. As a result of this there are balances owed to and from related party companies at the year end.

At the balance sheet date, a balance of £1,673,995 (2022: £1,673,995) is owed by Rotherhill Euro Limited and balance of £1,565,995 (2022: £1,565,995) is owed by Angle Euro Limited.

At the balance sheet date, a balance of £532,523 (2022: £574,492) is owed to Rotherhill Garnham Limited, a balance of £756,721 (2022: £761,585) is owed to Rotherhill Kirkby Limited, a balance of £1,643,518 (2022: £1,656,713) is owed to Angle Nether Heyford Limited and a balance of £86,712 (2022: £Nil) owed to Euro Property Investments Limited.

### 12. Commitments and contingencies

The charity has no commitments that required provision in the financial statements. The charity has not given any guarantees. The charity did not have any contingent liabilities.

### 13. Net cash flows from operating activities

	2023 £	2022 £
Net income	3,006,849	2,534,219
(Increase) in debtors	(1,396)	(27,317)
Increase/ (decrease) in creditors	25,789	(8,499)
Fair value loss/ (gain) on investment properties	304,051	(1,889,921)
<b>Net cash inflow from operating activities</b>	<u>3,335,293</u>	<u>608,482</u>