



Annual Report and Accounts

Year ended 31 March 2025



Oxford Hospitals Charity.
Registered charity no. 1175809. Company no. 11052176.

Contents

Reference and administrative details	1
About Oxford Hospitals Charity	2
Structure, governance and management	3
Achievements and performance	5
Financial review	8
Other policies	10
Fundraising review	11
Risk management	12
Plans for future periods	14
Statement of Trustees' responsibilities	15
Independent auditor's report	16
Statement of financial activities	21
Balance sheet	22
Statement of cash flows	23
Notes to the accounts	24

Oxford Hospitals Charity

Reference and administrative details

A charity registered in England and Wales - charity number 1175809
A company limited by guarantee – company number 11052176

Address	Oxford Hospitals Charity Wood Centre for Innovation, Quarry Road, Oxford, OX3 8SB	
Contact us	www.hospitalcharity.co.uk charity@ouh.nhs.uk 01865 743444	
Directors/ Trustees	Lady Baldry Mrs Rebecca Kashti Professor David Matthews (chair) Dr Aparna Pal Dr Brian Shine Mr Keith Stacey Mr Graham Steinsberg Mrs Anne Tutt	
CEO	Dr Douglas Graham	
Bankers/ Investments	Lloyds Bank 1 st Floor, 33 Old Broad St London EC2N 1HZ	Rothschild & Co St Julian's Court St Peter Port Guernsey GYI 3BP
Auditor	Moore Kingston Smith LLP 6 th Floor 9 Appold Street London EC2A 2AP	

About Oxford Hospitals Charity

Objectives and activities

Oxford Hospitals Charity supports the strategic priorities of Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (OUH) in providing the best possible healthcare for its catchment area of around two million people from across the region and beyond.

The Charity helps transform our hospitals - funding the very latest medical equipment, innovative technology and research, and specialist training for clinical staff.

Fundraising, donations and gifts in Wills all help to improve the hospital environment for patients and the staff that care for them, making wards, waiting rooms, staff areas and hospital spaces more welcoming and comfortable.

The Charity also supports the wellbeing of hospital staff – improving rest areas, and providing wellbeing packs and other simple enhancements. Some funding is also used to provide specialist support for dedicated clinical staff.

Our Charity works across the John Radcliffe, Churchill, Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre, Horton General and Oxford Children's Hospital, with every ward and department across some 40 sites able to benefit from the positive impact of charitable support.

This is all thanks to thoughtful and generous groups and individuals who donate to make a difference in their local community.

From the smaller things, like providing music on wards, to larger projects, such as funding state-of-the-art medical equipment, Oxford Hospitals Charity is here to make a positive difference for hospital patients and staff.

We work very closely with the OUH Trust Executive and clinical colleagues across the hospitals, under the guidance of our dedicated Trustees, to ensure donations are well spent and have the maximum impact for patients and staff.

Our values

The needs of patients and hospital staff are at the heart of all we do.

We are a local charity with a big impact, inspired by our patients, supporters and hospital staff.

We are loyal to and proud of our NHS hospitals and the staff who serve in them.

Our values steer our work and we seek to demonstrate them in all our activities.

- Respect
- Ambition
- Collaboration
- Openness

Public benefit

The Trustees confirm that they have paid due regard to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and are mindful of ensuring that funds are used to best effect in the interests of the Trust's patients and staff.

Structure, governance & management

Statutory background

Oxford Hospitals Charity (charity number 1175809) was formed as an independent charity on 1 January 2018 taking on the activities and assets of our predecessor charity, Oxford Radcliffe Hospitals (ORH) Charitable Funds (charity no 1057295).

The Charity is made up of a large number of funds which may be used to benefit a particular area of the hospital or medical service, to support a research project or to fund certain training, equipment, support or development services for OUH staff.

Money received by the Charity for a particular area/service is placed in these individual funds to be used, as far as possible, in line with the wishes of our donors. There are also a number of general funds which are used for areas of greatest need in our hospitals.

Each fund has at least one Fund Advisor (usually a member of Trust staff with specialist knowledge in the relevant area) who is responsible for signing off fund expenditure up to a certain level. Fund Advisors operate under the delegated authority of the Trustees to ensure that the money is spent appropriately, in accordance with charity law and in line with the wishes of the donor and for public benefit.

The Fund Advisors liaise with the Charity team and receive financial statements, guidance information and ongoing support and advice.

The Charity is governed by its governing document; the memorandum and articles of association dated 7 November 2017.

Group structure

The Charity has a wholly owned trading subsidiary, OHC Developments Limited (ODL), with paid-up share capital of £100. ODL was incorporated in England and Wales on 25 March 2019. The company develops staff accommodation.

ODL has an investment in Oxford Headington Holdings, a joint venture with Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust.

A summary of ODL's trading results and net assets can be seen in note 2. These results are included in the group consolidation.

Our Trustees

The Trustees of the charitable company (the Charity) are its directors for the purpose of company law.

The Trustees meet at least quarterly to make policy recommendations and funding decisions.

Structure, governance & management

When new Trustees are appointed, they receive a comprehensive induction and training programme, which includes spending time with the Charity staff who administer the Charity and manage fundraising activity.

Our Trustees are appointed for a period of four years. By agreement of the Trustees this period may be extended for an additional period (normally not to exceed 12 years in total).

The Trustees who served during the year ended 31 March 2025 and since the year end are below.

Lady Baldry
Mrs Rebecca Kashti
Professor David Matthews (chair)
Dr Aparna Pal
Dr Brian Shine
Mr Keith Stacey
Mr Graham Steinsberg
Mrs Anne Tutt

Day to day management of the Charity is delegated to CEO, Dr Douglas Graham.

Achievements and performance

How we measure success

The Charity sets an annual budget, balancing ambition and reality for both our income and expenditure. Trustees and senior management then monitor this through the year and in comparison to previous years – taking into account income vs. budget, the balances of the different funds, and the range of applications for funding that arrive during the year. A formal review of actual vs. budget takes place at the September meeting of the Board of Trustees.

The Charity continually aims to increase the benefit it brings to patients and staff across the Trust. We ensure that fundraising and other income generating activities are well planned to provide a good return on investment and also growth for the future. We also always seek to maximise, in an appropriate way, the returns from the Charity's investments.

We take care to ensure that we spend our funds in a way that has the maximum impact, focusing on priority areas decided in conjunction with the OUH Trust executive and clinical staff.

We actively seek information from the areas we have supported on the impact our funding has had on patients and staff, to ensure that funds are achieving the appropriate results. This allows us to report back to our supporters and donors in person and via letters, our website, magazines, reports, mass email and social media.

Through our Programme team we proactively engage across the hospitals and at all levels. This is to ensure we understand the clinical needs and can prioritise applications for funding with most impact. We deliver hands-

on support where appropriate.

Income to the whole charity sector was first impacted by COVID and then by the Cost of Living crisis and ongoing economic uncertainties. To combat this, in 2024/25 we began planning a programme of investment in fundraising.

This was part of an overall strategy to ensure financial sustainability and growth of income and charitable expenditure over the medium to longer term. Further details are provided in the sections below.

For any charity the primary reason for raising funds is to then spend them on its charitable objectives. And this year we were able to fund over £4m worth of medical equipment, clinical projects, staff wellbeing projects, and specialist training across the four hospitals.

Achievements and performance

Significant charitable activities

Our community of supporters, donors and fundraisers continued to go the extra mile for their hospitals throughout the year.

Once again legacy donations through gifts in Wills were an extremely important income stream – with £3.1 million donated in this special way. This includes a significant legacy left to our haematology research fund, as well as many other legacies to areas across our hospitals.

Gifts like these really power the work of the Charity, allowing us to transform our hospitals. Recognising both the importance and specialist nature of this form of donating, the Charity has brought in its first Legacy and In Memory Officer. This role will focus on growing awareness of gifts in Wills and providing an excellent service to those who wish to leave a legacy, solicitors and family members. The strategy aims to maximise the potential of legacy giving in both the short and long term.

Our Major Gifts and Trust and Foundation fundraising also performed very well, with a number of significant donations and grants. The team provides a bespoke service matching donor interests to clinical needs, working closely to ensure that the positive impact of donations and grants are fully maximised.

Funding from one of their donors was used to equip the Radiography team at the Churchill Hospital to perform a UK-first procedure to help guide radiotherapy treatment for brain tumour patients with ‘pinpoint accuracy’.

This advance, which received widespread press interest, would not have been possible without the generosity of this donor and the

work of our Major Donor and Programme teams to find them the right project. Rhona Watson, Consultant Therapeutic Radiographer, talked of her gratitude for the support of Oxford Hospitals Charity and her excitement for this pioneering work.

Community supporters participated in various events throughout the year, including rowing the Atlantic, ‘Tough Mudders’, marathons, mountain climbing, skydiving, and our very own OX5 RUN. We even saw one couple ask for donations to Oxford Hospitals Charity instead of wedding gifts.

A particular highlight was the number of children supporting us, including several local schools. Six-year-old Sylvie became the face of our Christmas appeal following her fundraising in thanks for her care in the Oxford Children’s Hospital. Her heartfelt message about how hospital staff made her ‘feel like she was a superhero’, was the focus of our appeal.

Providing the extras that make young patients like Sylvie feel happy and comfortable in hospital is part of our regular programme of support – with activities, toys, games, computers and artwork funded wherever children are treated. And this support has become even more hands on since the official opening of our Charity Hub in July 2024, at the entrance to the Children’s Hospital.

Our Hospital Engagement team ensures a friendly and supportive welcome and provides a wrap around service of kindness and support for families when they need it most.

The hub, which is fully branded with a digital screen and tap to donate machine, has become a little oasis for families, as well as somewhere they can learn about the work of the Charity, donate or sign up to events.

The team engages with hospital staff, from the pink and teal hub, helping to steer support to areas that need it most.

The Charity colours are doing their work out and about in the local community after our charity won the Oxford Bus Company's 'Brand the Bus' Competition. This was against stiff competition from 60 other charities, so we were very proud to win this valuable prize and are thrilled to see 'our bus' on a daily basis as it navigates the city.

Growing awareness of the Charity like this is key – and an ongoing programme of visibility work across our hospitals continues.

And all this work, support and generosity has one key goal; our mission to enhance the hospitals and make a real and lasting difference for our patients and staff.

Our Programme team, working closely with Finance, Fundraising and Comms has overseen countless projects, innovations, and advances throughout the year. This includes the opening of a new Staff Accommodation block on the John Radcliffe site - bringing better quality and more affordable key worker accommodation to the heart of our hospitals.

Funding state-of-the-art equipment remains at the forefront of our work, with recent examples including: a specialist rehabilitation treadmill at the Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre for patients recovering from strokes; the latest ultrasound technology to monitor patients following complex heart surgery and 'game-changing' equipment for spinal and brain surgery in children.

The role of art and music in our hospitals to

calm, distract and engage patients, young and old, also continues to be important – with numerous projects enhancing our hospitals.

Providing support for NHS staff, whether by improving staff rooms and changing spaces, funding their programmes of research or supporting specialist training and learning - is also a fundamental role of our charity.

All these projects and improvements make the experience of hospital so much better for patients and staff, and we remain committed to ensuring this vital work can continue for the long term.

But, as recent years have taught us, the charity landscape can move quickly, and our senior management team recognises the importance of diversifying so that we have a range of tools and techniques to raise income. We therefore spent time researching and scoping potential new income streams and at the end of the year committed to running a lottery pilot within our hospitals, to raise more unrestricted income.

This pilot will, we hope, develop into an important foundation of support for the Charity, to underpin the improvements and advances which are so vital in our hospitals.

From the most high-tech innovations through to smaller, but none the less impactful, interventions for patients at their time of need, Oxford Hospitals Charity works closely with our NHS colleagues to ensure donations, fundraising and gifts in Wills from our community of supporters, work as hard as possible to make a positive difference in our hospitals.

We remain hugely grateful to all those who help us in our mission to enhance the hospitals and make a real and lasting difference for our patients and staff.

Financial review

Income

The Charity's total income 2024/25 was £6.5m. The majority of this was thanks to the generosity of individuals, companies, and grant-awarding trusts who made donations, raised funds, left gifts in their Wills, and awarded grants. The major categories of income for the year were:

Legacies

Income from legacies always has an important impact. They enable a variety of projects - often of a larger scale - to take place and more expensive pieces of medical equipment to be purchased. By their very nature the level of legacy income can vary significantly year to year, however this continues to be a vital source of our funding.

Donations from individuals and major donors

As a Charity we continue to be grateful to the thousands of individuals who raise money and donate, enabling the Charity to continue our charitable expenditure across all the hospitals we support.

Fundraising by groups and organisations

Alongside individual fundraising, we have also seen a number of groups and organisations continue to fundraise and donate to us as part of their support of their community.

Group trading activities

The Charity's trading subsidiary entered into an agreement with Housing Association A2Dominion to redevelop staff accommodation on the Charity's investment land in 2019/20. Spencer Court on the Churchill site was opened in 2022, and this year phase 1 of the Ivy Lane redevelopment on the John Radcliffe site was completed and opened.

Other income

Grants from external organisations totalling £1.4m were received in the period. This includes a further £1.0m from the County Air Ambulance Trust towards the creation of a new helipad at the John Radcliffe Hospital.

We acknowledge and thank all individuals, groups and organisations for helping us in our activities supporting patients and staff across our hospitals.

Investment policy

The Trustees continue to seek investment returns which can be used to offset the running costs of the Charity and to provide additional funding for charitable projects.

The Charity's investment policy was reviewed by the Investment Committee in November 2024. The investment objective for the main portfolio of financial investments is to preserve the real value of capital and maximise the total investment return over the longer term without taking undue risks, providing income to support current operations.

The Charity has a policy of not investing directly in tobacco or armaments and where investments are made in funds the Charity regularly monitors the underlying exposure of the fund to those sectors. The Charity does not hold short positions (sell stocks it does not own).

The Charity investments are held in a diversified portfolio and managed by specialist investment managers in line with our investment policy.

Financial review

The Charity also holds part of its investment assets in cash. Apart from balances required to cover day to day cash flow, cash investments are held in term deposits, timed to mature when required for planned charitable expenditure.

The Charity's primary concern in investing cash is security. Accordingly, its policy is to hold its cash with UK banks, with a minimum rating of B+ and spread between several institutions to limit exposure.

As explained above, the Charity has invested in two properties with a view to providing long-term quality staff accommodation for Trust employees and to provide a fixed investment return.

Other policies

Reserves policy

Reserves are defined by the Charity Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) as “that part of a charity’s unrestricted funds that is freely available to be spent on any of the charity’s purposes”.

Maintaining a sufficient, but not excessive, level of reserves is important to support the activities of the Charity, by allowing us to meet our running costs and ensure continuity in our level of support for our hospitals in the event of a significant downturn in income or change in our financial circumstances.

The Charity holds a number of general funds and hospital level funds related to our broader charitable purposes. Where the balances on these funds exceed our target reserves, they are used to fund our expenditure on charitable activities, in line with the Charity’s budget and strategy.

In common with other hospital charities, a significant proportion of our income is donated with a wish to support a specific ward or clinical specialism within our hospitals. Our policy is to transfer these donations into designated funds, to ensure that they are used as far as possible in accordance with the donor’s wishes.

In line with Charity Commission guidance, no reserves policy is established for these designated funds, but we work proactively with our Fund Advisors to ensure that donations are spent in a reasonable timeframe.

We do this by setting an overall charity budget taking account of fund balances and regularly reviewing the use of dormant/slow moving funds.

The Trustees set a target range for reserves. Currently the minimum level for the target range is set as the aggregate of:

- 12 months budgeted overhead costs; and
- 12 months charitable expenditure from the general funds (based on historic average)

The maximum level for the target range is set as twice the minimum level.

At 31 March 2025 the Charity held £4.7m in general funds. These are used to cover operational costs, to invest in fundraising to grow future income, and also to fund charitable expenditure. This figure is towards the top end of the target range of £2.4 - £4.8m calculated under the current policy. This was partly due to a large legacy received within the year, and partly the result of a decision taken in the 2024/25 budget preparation to take more of our charitable expenditure from designated funds whilst we regrow the balance of our general and hospital level funds. In 2025/26 we will be revising our reserves policy, including moving to a more useful risk-based approach for calculating the required level of reserves.

Staff remuneration

Staff remuneration is determined under the Charity’s pay and rewards policy overseen by the Remuneration Committee.

New staff are recruited externally with reference to prevailing market rates.

Fundraising review

The Charity has a team of professional fundraising staff. Activities include hospital-based fundraising, community-based fundraising, direct marketing with existing supporters, and the development of long-term relationships with individuals, companies, fundraising groups and grant-making bodies.

In our interactions and communications with supporters, we seek to update them about the impact their donations have made as well as letting people know about upcoming fundraising activities. We keep in touch with our donors through a range of channels, from traditional methods like mail and telephone to digital platforms such as email, social media, and our website. We also share updates and stories through our twice-yearly charity magazine, regular impact reports and online at www.hospitalcharity.co.uk.

This past year, the team has embraced new technologies to improve the way we communicate with our donors. Digital platforms such as Dataro and DotDigital have helped streamline how our donors experience our charity messages, moving towards much more personalised interactions.

We want every supporter to know how their kindness is making a difference to their local hospitals, and these new platforms will help us stay connected, share impact more meaningfully, and build even stronger relationships moving forward.

Many of our donors and supporters have firsthand experience of care within our hospitals. Thanks to their generosity, we can channel these donations into inspiring

projects, driving numerous innovations and improvements in the areas that make a real and lasting difference to the communities they call home.

We also understand that some of these individuals may be vulnerable, going through difficult and emotional times or in some cases are recently bereaved. We work closely and carefully with our charity supporters to ensure we get the balance right – encouraging and thanking them for their donations and fundraising without being intrusive or exerting any pressure on them.

We have not undertaken any cold-calling or door-to-door fundraising.

The Charity is registered with the Fundraising Regulator and follows its Code of Fundraising Practice. This is in addition to our wider governance responsibilities, including those around data protection under the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

We encourage feedback from our supporters, sharing any learnings amongst the Charity team and, where appropriate, Trustees. We responded quickly, honestly and respectfully to any negative feedback received. We did not receive any complaints during the year.

The continuing support of our donors is invaluable to us.

Risk management

We maintain a risk register which sets out the principal risks that could affect the Charity and the fulfilment of its objectives.

Risks are assessed regularly by the Charity's Senior Management Team for severity and likelihood, with mitigating actions identified to minimise their likelihood and impact. These risks and progress on these actions are reviewed regularly by the Trustees at each Audit Committee and at every other full Board meetings.

As a result of these regular reviews, the Trustees are confident that the control systems identified in this exercise are embedded in the management and culture of the Charity, and that managers and staff are aware of their responsibility for internal control.

As for most charities, the Trustees' risk assessment identifies a number of areas where there could be significant risk (based on the likelihood of the risk occurring and/or the magnitude of its potential effect). However, for the majority of these risks there are sufficient controls in place to ensure the residual risk is minimised.

During the 2024/25 financial year the Charity's risk register identified the following as areas with highest overall risk, after taking account of the control measures and mitigation currently in place.

Ensuring long-term financial sustainability

Like many other charities our income has been impacted by the continuing economic uncertainties which have affected fundraising and other income streams. However, due to careful planning and close monitoring of

income and expenditure, we are not at the point of having to implement any severe cost-cutting measures.

The Charity's senior management team monitors income and expenditure on an ongoing basis, and conducts a rigorous half year financial review, including the estimated end of year position. This is presented to Trustees and allows us to understand if any changes to expenditure – up or down – are required in the final quarter of the financial year.

Through the year our risk register reflected both the actual and potential impact of the economic environment in relation to fundraising and investment income, and the resulting risk to our ability to provide widespread support across the hospitals.

In addition to the national economic circumstances, this year there has been a delay to some expected income, including a £3m legacy which is now subject to a legal challenge.

As a result, the need to ensure long-term financial sustainability (and specifically the need to cover operational costs) was added to the risk register.

Over the shorter term, we retain a suitable level of reserves and are a financially well managed and efficient charity, so this is seen as a risk, but a manageable one.

In mitigation, we have the normal fundraising plans and targets as part of the annual budget for 2025/26. This included a post dedicated to legacy marketing – a very important source of income over the medium to longer term.

During 2024/25 we also began planning and implementing specific activities to address the issue of financial sustainability. This included:

- Developing a long-term programme to invest in fundraising.
- The adoption of a three-year rolling budget to give a longer term view of finances and cashflow.
- Charitable expenditure plans which focussed more on spending from designated and restricted funds than from our general and hospital funds.

The Investment Committee continues to regularly review our investment strategy to ensure it is appropriate for the circumstances.

Risk of a failed appeal

During the year we continued discussions with the OUH Trust on developing a possible large capital fundraising and funding campaign. While these large projects bring significant benefit to our hospitals and patients, they carry inherently greater risk:

- A charity of our size being able to raise a very large sum over a limited period of time.
- Being able to continue broad charitable expenditure at a significant level vs raising these specific funds.
- The cost of scaling up the fundraising team by the required amount and being able to recruit sufficient staff.

Due to the Trust's need to focus on the initial

construction phase, the development of this campaign has been on hold during the year.

Mitigation measures, prior to committing to a fundraising campaign, will include conducting a feasibility study to a full project plan; working closely with the key staff at the clinical and executive level to develop an inspiring case for support; seeking a signed agreement with the Trust covering the main areas of risk; and not launching a fundraising campaign until a business case has been approved by the OUH board.

Changing requirements of the Trust

With the more rigorous financial constraints within the NHS the requirements and priorities of the Trust can change quickly. As a £1.5 billion pa organisation they also have a higher level of materiality compared to the Charity when considering risk. This means a change of focus can have a serious impact on the Charity, especially when we are considering committing to long-term projects.

For larger projects the Charity/Trust Liaison Committee continues to prove useful for coordination and planning of priority areas for Charity funding. The Charity also attends a number of Trust committees and working groups.

For large projects the Charity has adopted an approach of only committing to fundraising and funding once an outline business case has been agreed by the Trust Board.

Plans for the future

As the official Charity supporting the Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, it is important that the Charity continues to align with the Trust's strategic priorities wherever possible.

We take a proactive approach to this, liaising and engaging at all levels of the Trust – with the executive management, divisional and directorate management, and across different clinical services and wards. This is allied to a grant process which seeks to attract and assist applicants, whilst remaining robust in their evaluation.

We make things happen that can't be achieved with NHS funding alone. Our USP is that we are here to support every type of clinical and support service at all levels across the hospitals. In doing so we are directly responsible for elevating the level of patient care across the Trust.

Our six strategic objectives are:

- To increase income for deliverable needs and inspire lasting donor support for Oxford Hospitals Charity.
- To be a Charity with a strong, visible presence in each hospital.
- To ensure we have motivated and value adding staff with a 'one team' approach across the Charity.
- To build on the partnerships with our NHS Trust and key stakeholders to plan and deliver support effectively in our hospitals.
- To ensure we are financially resilient in uncertain economic times.
- To spend and do more to significantly increase the level of support we provide to patients and staff across our hospitals.

Each strategic objective has a number of goals to be achieved over the following five years, and during 2024/25 a comprehensive review of these goals was undertaken by the leadership team to ensure progress and continued relevance.

The following goals are highlighted:

- The development of an in-hospital lottery which was launched in April 2025 and is on course to generate significant levels of unrestricted income over the coming years.
- The development and delivery of a long-term programme of significant investment in fundraising. This will be included in the 2026/27 budget.
- A programme to consolidate the large number of designated funds into a smaller, more manageable number that will make spending easier and more flexible; support our fundraising activities; and ultimately allow us to spend down our fund balance on charitable activities.
- Continue to increase the visibility of our Charity within the four hospitals - ensuring all funded projects include the Charity brand, the introduction of a new 'Recognition Wall' to celebrate donors, and further branded vinyl installations.
- We will expand our hospital-based team and activity to the Churchill hospital, further raising the visibility of our organisation and increasing our ability to provide practical hands-on support for patients and staff.
- We will also increase the visibility and recognition of the support we receive from our donors and legators across the hospitals.

Statement of Trustees' responsibilities

The Trustees (who are also the directors for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial period that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- comply with applicable accounting standards, including FRS 102, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- state whether a Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applies and has been followed, subject to any material departures which are explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Trustees have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Trustees on 29 September 2025 and signed on behalf of the Trustees by:



Professor David Matthews
Chair of Trustees

Independent auditor's report to the members and Trustees of Oxford Hospitals Charity

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Oxford Hospitals Charity (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Group Statement of Financial Activities, the Group and Parent Charitable Company Balance Sheets, the Group Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the trustees' annual report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the trustees' annual report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and parent charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' annual report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the parent charitable company has not kept adequate and sufficient accounting records, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent charitable company's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or

Independent auditor's report (continued)

- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and from preparing a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 14, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group and parent charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or parent charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under the Companies Act 2006 and section 151 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with those Acts.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK) we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the group and parent charitable company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the group and parent charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group or parent charitable company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit report.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

The objectives of our audit in respect of fraud, are; to identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud; to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the assessed risks of material misstatement due to fraud, through designing and implementing appropriate responses to those assessed risks; and to respond appropriately to instances of fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit. However, the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with both management and those charged with governance of the charitable company.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Our approach was as follows:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to the charitable company and considered that the most significant are the Companies Act 2006, the Charities Act 2011, the Charity SORP, and UK financial reporting standards as issued by the Financial Reporting Council.
- We obtained an understanding of how the charitable company complies with these requirements by discussions with management and those charged with governance.
- We assessed the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, including the risk of material misstatement due to fraud and how it might occur, by holding discussions with management and those charged with governance.
- We inquired of management and those charged with governance as to any known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- Based on this understanding, we designed specific appropriate audit procedures to identify instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. This included making enquiries of management and those charged with governance and obtaining additional corroborative evidence as required.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to a fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting in error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment, for example forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and, in respect of the consolidated financial statements, to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 8 of the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members and trustees those matters which we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to any party other than the charitable company, the charitable company's members, as a body, and the charity's trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Adam Fullerton (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Moore Kingston Smith LLP, Statutory Auditor

6th Floor
9 Appold Street
London
EC2A 2AP

Date:

Moore Kingston Smith LLP is eligible to act as auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Financial Statements 2024/25

Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities (including consolidated income and expenditure statement) for the year ended 31 March 2025

	Note	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31 Mar 2025 Total funds £'000	31 Mar 2024 Total funds £'000
Income From:					
Donations and Legacies					
Donations		1,295	110	1,405	1,704
Legacies	17	3,139	34	3,174	1,332
Grants	3.2	300	1,105	1,405	2,910
Charitable Activities	4	68	-	68	175
Other trading activities	5	6	-	6	-
Investments	10.4	447	-	447	369
Total Income		5,255	1,249	6,505	6,490
Expenditure on:					
Raising Funds					
Costs of raising funds	6	(625)	-	(625)	(740)
Sub total: expenditure on raising funds		(625)	-	(625)	(740)
Charitable activities					
Medical equipment		(905)	(219)	(1,124)	(1,725)
Patient welfare		(1,468)	(551)	(2,019)	(498)
Staff welfare		(457)	(66)	(523)	(753)
Research		(788)	(238)	(1,006)	(1,204)
Education		(337)	(4)	(341)	(345)
Sub total: expenditure on charitable expenditure	7, 8	(3,935)	(1,078)	(5,013)	(4,525)
		(4,560)	(1,078)	(5,638)	(5,265)
Net income/(expenditure) before gains / (losses) & transfers		695	171	867	1,225
Gain / (losses) on revaluation and disposal of investment assets		262	-	262	1,314
Gross transfers between funds	9	(1)	1	-	-
Net income / (expenditure) and net movements in funds for the per		956	172	1,129	2,539
Reconciliation of Funds					
Fund balances brought forward at 1 April		14,338	6,532	20,870	18,331
Fund balances carried forward at 31 March		15,294	6,704	21,999	20,870

Comparative figures for each class of funds are provided in notes 24 and 25 to the accounts.

All income and expenditure relate to continuing operations.

Notes 1 to 25 form part of these accounts.

Financial Statements 2024/25

Consolidated and Charity Balance Sheet at 31 March 2025

		GROUP	GROUP	CHARITY	CHARITY
	Notes	At 31 Mar 2025	At 31 Mar 2024	At 31 Mar 2025	At 31 Mar 2024
		Total Funds £000	Total Funds £000	Total Funds £000	Total Funds £000
Fixed Assets					
Investments	10	14,554	13,797	13,209	12,452
Investment in Joint Venture	10.5	1,000	1,000	-	-
Tangible Fixed assets	11	39	38	39	38
Total Fixed Assets		15,593	14,835	13,248	12,490
Current Assets					
Debtors	12	4,720	4,048	7,000	5,826
Cash at bank and in hand		5,232	6,089	5,231	6,089
Total Current Assets		9,952	10,137	12,231	11,915
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	(3,546)	(4,102)	(3,535)	(3,632)
Net Current Assets		6,406	6,035	8,696	8,283
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		21,999	20,870	21,944	20,773
Creditors: amounts falling due at more than one year	13.1	-	-	-	-
Total Net Assets		21,999	20,870	21,944	20,773
Funds of the Charity					
Restricted Funds	14.1	6,704	6,532	6,704	6,532
Unrestricted Funds:					
Designated funds	14.2	10,592	10,629	10,537	10,532
General funds	14.3	4,703	3,709	4,703	3,709
Total Funds		21,999	20,870	21,944	20,773

As permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the parent charity's gross income and results have not been included in the financial statements.

The net income / (expenditure) of the parent charity for the period was £1,171k (2024: £3,314k).

Comparative figures for each class of funds are provided in notes 24 and 25 to the accounts.

Notes 1 to 25 form part of these accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were by approved by the Trustees on 29 September 2025 and signed on behalf of the Trustees by:



Professor David Matthews (Chair of the Board of Trustees)

Company Number: 11052176

Financial Statements 2024/25

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	Group Year ended 31 Mar 2025	Group Year ended 31 Mar 2024
Cash flows for operating activities			
Net Cash generated from operating activities and Charitable Activities	20	<u>(791)</u>	<u>2,830</u>
Cash Flows from investing Activities			
Investment income		447	369
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(25)	(6)
Purchase of Investments		(4,630)	(2,220)
Proceeds from Sale of investments		<u>4,142</u>	<u>2,069</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities		<u>(66)</u>	<u>212</u>
Increase / (decrease) in cash	21	<u>(857)</u>	<u>3,042</u>
Opening Cash balance		6,089	3,047
Closing Cash balance		<u>5,232</u>	<u>6,089</u>
Increase / (decrease) in cash		<u>(857)</u>	<u>3,042</u>

The charity has no net debt and accordingly no net debt note is presented.

Notes 1 to 25 form part of these accounts

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. They have been applied consistently during the current and preceding periods.

1.1 Basis of Preparation of the Accounts

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments being measured at fair value through income and expenditure within the Statement of Financial Activities.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102). The Charity is a public benefit entity for the purposes of FRS 102 and therefore the Charity also prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (The FRS 102 Charities SORP), the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity.

Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest one thousand pounds throughout. The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below.

Going concern

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis which assumes the charitable group will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Trustees have assessed whether the use of the going concern basis is appropriate and have considered possible events or conditions that might cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The Trustees have considered a range of income scenarios to satisfy themselves that the Charity remains a going concern.

The Trustees have made this assessment for a period of at least one year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In particular the Trustees have considered the charity's forecasts and projections and have taken account of pressures on donation and investment income.

After making enquiries the Trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties and that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

1.2 Income

Donations

Income is included in full in the Statement of Financial Activities as soon as the following three factors can be met:

- (i) **entitlement** - arises when a particular resource is receivable or the charity's right becomes legally enforceable;
- (ii) **probable** - when it is more likely than not that the economic benefits associated with the transaction or gift will flow to the charity; and
- (iii) **measurement** - when the monetary value of the incoming resources can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Donations in Kind

Donated goods are recognised at fair value in the period in which they are received, where the value to the Charity can be reliably measured. All goods received are distributed during the relevant financial year.

Legacies

Legacies are accounted for as income once the receipt of the legacy becomes probable, and the amount receivable can be estimated with sufficient accuracy. This will be once there has been grant of probate, the representatives of the estate have established that payment of the legacy will be made or property transferred and once all conditions attached to the legacy have been fulfilled and the amount receivable can be estimated with sufficient accuracy.

Grants

Grants are recognised once there is evidence of entitlement if there are no conditions attached, receipt is probable, and the amount receivable can be measured reliably.

If the grant has conditions attached which must be fulfilled before the charity has control of the resources, the meeting of these conditions is within the Charity's control, and there is sufficient evidence that the conditions will be met, then the grant is recognised. However, where the meeting of the conditions is not probable or not within the control of the Charity, the grant would not be recognised until the conditions set have been met.

If a donor imposes a time period for spending the grant, and the expenditure is to take place in a future accounting period, it would be accounted for as deferred income and recognised as a liability until the accounting period in which the charity is allowed to spend the grant. If the donor has given the condition that they can recover any unspent part of a grant, the liability for any repayment would be recognised only when repayment becomes probable.

Lease Premiums

Income from lease premiums are recognised when leases are assigned as the risk/reward has been transferred to the developer, the Charity no longer has control over the management and development of the site, the amounts can be measured reliably and receipt is probable.

Allocation of income to funds

Income is always credited to a fund which will benefit the area where the donor has expressed a wish for their gift to be used and are classified as restricted or designated funds. If the donor has not expressed a wish for the area of use, it is credited to an Unrestricted General Fund and is used at the Trustees' discretion in accordance with the objects of the charity.

1.3 Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, and the resulting liabilities are recognised at their settlement value.

The Statement of Financial Activities provides an analysis of expenditure based on the nature of the activity undertaken.

The expenditure undertaken is divided between three main activities :

- (i) Costs of raising funds which includes the costs of generating voluntary income (fundraising costs),
- (ii) Charitable activities comprising all costs incurred in the pursuit of the charity's objectives, and in line with SORP 2015 (FRS 102) also includes the support and governance costs of the charity and
- (iii) other types of expenditure which do not fall into category (i) or (ii).

Grants payable are payments made to related or third party NHS bodies and non-NHS bodies primarily for charitable purposes relating to the general or any specific purposes of the Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust or to purposes relating to the Health Service. The

grants are accounted for on an accruals basis where the conditions for their payment have been met or where the recipient has a reasonable expectation that they will receive a grant. Provisions are made where approval has been given by the Trustees as such approval represents a firm intention which has been communicated to the intended recipient.

Cost of raising funds

The costs of raising funds are the costs associated with generating income for the charity. This includes the costs of generating voluntary income (fundraising costs) and the costs of holding fundraising events. Where appropriate direct costs of fundraising are apportioned directly against the individual funds generated, and other indirect fundraising costs are funded from general and unrestricted investment funds.

Charitable activities

Costs of charitable activities comprise all costs incurred in the pursuit of the charity's objectives, as opposed to the costs of raising the funds to finance these activities.

Expenditure on charitable activities will be for the benefit of patients, staff, research or education. The costs include the direct costs of the charitable activities together with the support costs incurred that enable these activities to be undertaken.

Grants payable to related or other NHS bodies represents contributions to the revenue and capital expenditure of Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust. Grants to third parties are payments in furtherance of the charity's objectives for purposes relating to the Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust or to the Health Service generally. This includes expenditure on medical equipment, research and amenities for patients and staff.

Expenditure on research projects and equipment is not applied for commercial activity, and the results of such expenditure are the property of the Trust.

Legacy funding for general research purposes is allocated for spending by the Oxfordshire Health Services Research Committee.

Governance costs

Governance costs include the costs of arrangements which relate to the general running of the charity, allowing it to operate and to generate the information required for public accountability. Included under this heading are direct costs such as audit fees, legal fees and costs associated with statutory requirements, such as the preparation of statutory accounts. Governance costs are accounted for on an accruals basis and after any direct allocation to individual funds where appropriate, the balance is allocated against charitable activities on the Statement of Financial Activities.

Support costs

In undertaking an activity there may be support costs incurred that whilst necessary to deliver an activity, do not themselves produce or constitute the output of the activity. Support costs are accounted for on an accruals basis. The costs are apportioned across each individual fund within the charity on an average balance basis, and allocated between governance and charitable activities on the Statement of Financial Activities.

Taxation

As a registered charity, donated income is exempt from income tax under part 10 of the Income Tax Act 2007 or Section 256 of the Taxation of the Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that surpluses are applied to its charitable purposes.

ODL has policy of gifting taxable profits to the charity each year to the fullest extent possible to maximise to the Charity.

Irrecoverable VAT is charged against the category of expenditure for which it was incurred.

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised at their settlement value.

1.4 Structure of funds

Where there is a legal restriction on the purpose to which a fund may be put, the fund is classified in the accounts as a restricted fund. Other funds are classified as unrestricted funds. Funds which are not legally restricted but which the Trustees have chosen to earmark for set purposes and in line with the donor's wishes are classified as designated funds.

1.5 Policy to determine each designated Fund

A designated fund will only be opened if the purpose of the proposed fund falls within the charity's objects, and there is no existing fund which would cover the same purpose and area. It must be established that all income is charitable, and the purpose for which it is given (e.g. any combination of research, education, patient or staff welfare).

A further stipulation for a new designated fund to be opened is that it is required to have an active life of at least 2 years. The major funds held within these categories are disclosed in note 14.

1.6 Transfers between funds

A Transfer between funds is permissible if authorised by the appropriate Fund Advisor, it is a proper use of the funds, and is within the objects of the funds involved. For example, funds could be transferred from an unrestricted general fund to a restricted fund to finance a deficit or provide additional funding, or between two unrestricted funds, or to merge one or more designated funds.

1.7 Fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets costing more than £200 are capitalised and under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures & Fittings - 20%

Office equipment - 33%

Hospital hubs- 20% New 2024/25

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted retrospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities.

Fixed asset investments

Investments comprise an investment portfolio with Rothschild & co, fixed term deposits with Akoni and Lloyds bank.

Investments are shown at market value as at the balance sheet date.

The Statement of Financial Activities includes the net gains (or losses) arising on revaluation and disposals throughout the period.

Investment properties

Two sites were purchased from Oxford University Hospital NHS Foundation Trust on 29th March 2019 at a cost of £3m. The sites were subsequently leased to a developer for the provision of staff accommodation.

Individual properties are carried at current year value at the balance sheet date. A full valuation is obtained from a qualified valuer for each property every three years and in any year where it is likely that there has been a material change in value.

Investment gains and losses

All gains and losses are taken to the Statement of Financial Activities as they arise.

Realised gains and losses on investments are calculated as the difference between sales proceeds and opening market value (or date of purchase if later).

Unrealised gains and losses are calculated as the difference between market value at the end of the accounting period and opening market value (or date of purchase if later).

Realised gains and losses on investment properties are calculated as the difference between the latest market valuation and the opening market valuation (or date of purchase if later).

Joint ventures

Entities in which the Group holds an interest and which are jointly controlled by the Group and one or more other entity are treated as joint ventures.

In the Group financial statements joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Joint ventures are recognised initially in the balance sheet at cost and subsequently adjusted to reflect the Group's share of total comprehensive income and equity of the joint venture, less any impairment. Losses in excess of the carrying amount of an investment in a joint venture are recorded as a provision only when the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or has made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

1.8 Pooling scheme

An official pooling scheme is not required as the charity can identify the ownership, down to individual funds, of all its assets.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which the expenditure was incurred.

The charity operates two pension provisions: In the first scheme, the charity pays pension contributions to staff members' own personal pension plans. No further obligation or liability arises on these payments. In addition the charity pays employer's contributions to the NHS pension fund on behalf of an employee who remains in the scheme.

As the scheme is a multi-employer scheme it is not possible to identify the charity's assets and liabilities in this scheme and so full disclosure is not possible. All pensions are therefore treated as defined contribution.

1.10 Operating Lease

The Charity holds a lease for its offices at Wood Centre for Innovation, Headington, Oxford. The lease is charged on a straight line basis to expenditure.

1.11 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the charity incorporate the financial statements of the Charitable Company Oxford Hospitals Charity (charity number 1175809) and its fully owned trading subsidiary, OHC Developments Limited (ODL).

Intercompany transactions and balances between charity companies are eliminated. Consistent accounting policies have been adopted across the group.

As permitted by section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 the parent charity's gross income and results have not been included in the financial statements.

1.12 Related Party Transactions

The Charity's purpose is to support the work of Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (the Trust). This is achieved primarily via grants awarded to the Trust, as detailed in note 7.

The Charity made revenue and capital payments totalling £91k (2023-24: £84k) to the Trust. The payments were made in support of patient and staff welfare, research, education, and capital building projects, and included costs of salaries, training, travel, buildings, equipment and services.

Trade creditors include £86k due to the Trust at 31.03.25 (31.03.24: £23k).

The Charity's subsidiary had no transactions with the Trust during the year.

The Charity charged no interest (2023-24: £48,124) on a loan to its trading subsidiary in the current year.

The balance due to the Charity from the trading subsidiary at 31.03.25 was £4.6m (31.03.24 : £4.1m).

The trading subsidiary did not distribute any profits during the year £ under gift aid to the Charity (2023-24 : £694,498).

No remuneration was paid to the Trustees from the Charity during the period. Travel and subsistence expenses totalling £156 have been claimed by 1 Trustee and paid during the year (2023-24 : £144 for 1 trustee).

A combined insurance policy is held by the charity which includes trustees' indemnity and officers liability insurance as well as public liability insurance, providing cover of up to £10

million. The cost of the policy in the year ended 31.03.25 was £5.1k (31.03.24: £4.3k).

1.13 Liquid Resources

The Cash Flow Statement includes the net cash flows from the management of liquid resources, which takes into account the cash movements relating to investment income, acquisitions and disposals, plus any movements in short term deposit account balances.

1.14 Estimation Techniques for Accruals

The charity accrues for items of expenditure which relate to the current period where invoices have not been processed or received before the year end. Estimates are made in some instances where invoices have not been received based on activity and/or expenditure for the year to date. Generally accruals are based on invoices or other appropriate documentation.

The Charity may also make estimates for legacy income accruals where although the receipt of a particular legacy is probable and the amount is known with reasonable certainty (see note 1.2), there may be a requirement to estimate the full and final amount receivable by the charity. This usually involved making a prudent assessment, with reference to draft estate accounts prepared by the administrator/ executor.

1.15 Key assumptions and judgements

The Charity applies judgement when estimating legacy accruals. Legacy gifts are assessed on a case by case basis as set out above. The Trustees consider that there are no judgements, apart from those involving estimations, made in the process of applying the Charity's accounting policies which have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the statements and which require disclosure. They also consider that there were no key assumptions concerning the future or key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying

amount of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

1.16 Financial Instruments

At year end, the Charity holds the following as part of its investment portfolio;
£-49k (31.03.24: £1,116k) in foreign exchange forward contracts, and £1,211k (31.03.24: £1,323k) in hedge funds.

The rest of the charity's financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic

financial instruments and are included in the balance sheet are as follows:

- (i) Investments are included in the balance sheet at market value
- (ii) Cash investments are included at cost plus accrued interest
- (iii) Trade and other debtors and creditors are recognised at their settlement value.

For the basis of valuation and any assumptions made, see note 1.7 for fixed asset investments, note 1.3 (expenditure) for creditors, and note 1.2 (income) for debtors.

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

2 Trading Subsidiary results

The charity has a wholly owned trading subsidiary, OHC Developments Limited (ODL), company number 11904217, with paid-up share capital of £1. ODL was incorporated on 25 March 2019 and is incorporated in the UK.

The company serves as a vehicle for non-charitable trading activity.

A summary of its trading results and net assets is shown below. These results are included in the group consolidation.

Profit and Loss account

	31.3.25 £'000	31.3.24 £'000
Turnover	-	-
Cost of Sales	-	-
Gross profit/(loss)	-	-
Administrative expenses	(11)	(9)
Operating profit/(loss)	(11)	(9)
Interest payable	(32)	(61)
Profit / (loss) on ordinary activities before tax	(43)	(70)
Diminution in value of investment properties	-	-
Taxation	-	(10)
Profit / (loss) for the financial period	(43)	(80)
Opening retained earnings	99	873
Profit Gift Aided to Oxford Hospitals Charity	-	(694)
Closing retained earnings	56	99

Balance Sheet

	31.3.25 £'000	31.3.24 £'000
Fixed Assets	2,345	2,345
Debtors	2,366	2,340
Cash	1	-
Creditors	(4,656)	(4,586)
Net Assets/ (liabilities)	56	99
Total Funds/ (deficit)	56	99

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

3 Income from Donations

3.1 Gifts in kind

The charity is extremely grateful to all the organisations who donate morale boosting gifts to hospital staff, patients and families. We have only recognised the value of items where the quantity and price could be estimated reliably. For 2024-25 we have not recognised any gifts in kind (2023-24: £nil).

3.2 Income from grants receivable

Description of the sources of any material grants

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.25 Total funds £'000	31.3.24 Total funds £'000
Charitable Trusts / Other charities	221	1,025	1,246	2,730
Companies	79	-	79	95
The Nuffield Oxford Hospitals Fund	-	80	80	85
	<u>300</u>	<u>1,105</u>	<u>1,405</u>	<u>2,910</u>

4 Income from Charitable Activities

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.25 Total funds £'000	31.3.24 Total funds £'000
Income from Courses	66	-	66	91
Income from Research	2	-	2	-
Income from Charitable trading	-	-	-	84
	<u>68</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>175</u>

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

5 Income from other trading activities

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.25 Total funds £'000	31.3.24 Total funds £'000
Sale of fundraising merchandise	6	-	6	-
	<u>6</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>-</u>

6 Costs of Raising Funds

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.25 Total funds £'000	31.3.24 Total funds £'000
Fundraising staff costs	422	-	422	543
Fundraising events direct costs	54	-	54	90
Other fundraising costs	149	-	149	107
	<u>625</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>625</u>	<u>740</u>

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

7 Analysis of charitable expenditure

7.1 Charitable Expenditure

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.25 Total funds £'000	31.3.24 Total funds £'000
Medical Equipment	905	219	1,124	1,725
Patients welfare and amenities	1,468	551	2,019	498
Staff welfare and amenities	457	66	523	753
Research	768	238	1,006	1,204
Education	337	4	341	345
	3,935	1,078	5,013	4,525

	Grant Funded Activities £'000	Activities Directly Undertaken £'000	Attributable Support and Governance Costs £'000	Total 31.03.25 Funds £'000	31.3.24 £'000
Medical Equipment	788	31	305	1,124	1,725
Patients welfare and amenities	1,292	179	548	2,019	498
Staff welfare and amenities	151	229	142	522	753
Research	678	55	274	1,007	1,204
Education	51	198	92	341	345
	2,960	692	1,361	5,013	4,525

Expenditure for this and prior periods includes £3.2m (31.03.24 :£3.0m) of commitments which have been accrued as grants at period end. Further information about expenditure undertaken by the Charity can be found in the Achievements and Performance section of this report.

7.2 Grants

Grant funded activity is awarded directly by the trustees of the Charity, by a Committee established by the trustees, or by fund-advisors (who are generally staff members of Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust) acting under delegated authority on behalf of the trustees.

All other grants in 2024-25 and 2023-24 were made to either Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust or the University of Oxford in furtherance of the objects of the charity.
Some grants are in practice paid directly to the supplier.

Activities undertaken directly include expenditure incurred by fund advisors. It also includes payments to members of staff, where they have incurred relevant costs personally (for example, travel costs to a charity - funded training course). All such payments must comply with the Charity's procedures which include authorisation by the relevant fund adviser and provision of appropriate documentary evidence of payment (for example, receipts).

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

8 Analysis of Governance & Support Costs

The Charity initially identifies the costs of its support functions. It then identifies those costs which relate to the governance function. Having identified its governance costs, the remaining support costs together with the governance costs not directly apportioned, are apportioned to expenditure on charitable activities based on ability to pay (average fund balance over the year). See note 8.2 on allocation of Support Costs.

8.1 Governance & Support Costs

Governance costs allocated to:			Support costs allocated to:			31.3.25	31.3.24	
	Unrestricted activities £'000	Restricted activities £'000	Total Governance costs £'000	Unrestricted activities £'000	Restricted activities £'000	Total Support costs £'000	Total Governance & Support Costs £'000	Total Governance & Support Costs £'000
Salaries	168	-	168	701	-	701	869	877
Audit	33	-	33	-	-	-	33	25
Other	12	-	12	447	-	447	459	433
	213	-	213	1,148	-	1,148	1,361	1,335

8.2 Allocation of support costs

	Medical equipment	Patient welfare	Staff welfare	Research	Education	31.3.25	31.3.24
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	Total funds	Total funds
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Salaries	195	350	90	175	59	869	878
Other Support costs	100	180	47	90	30	447	422
Other governance costs	10	18	5	9	3	45	35
	<u>305</u>	<u>548</u>	<u>142</u>	<u>274</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>1,361</u>	<u>1,335</u>

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

8.3 Staff Costs

The key management of a charity are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity.

The key management personnel of the parent charity and group comprise the Trustees and the Chief Executive

All trustees give of their time freely, and no employee benefits were paid in the period (2023-24: £nil). Details of Trustee expenses are disclosed in note 1.12.

The total employee benefits of key management personnel, including National Insurance and pensions costs, for 2024-25 was £132,071 (2023-24 : £125,721).

Salaries & wages does not include any termination payments in the current year (2024: £24,696)

	31.3.25 £'000	31.3.24 £'000
Salaries & wages	1,034	1,076
Social security costs	105	110
Pension costs	76	76
Other employee benefits	1	1
	<u>1,216</u>	<u>1,263</u>

	31.3.25 nr.	31.3.24 nr.
£90,000 - £100,000	1	2
£60,000 - £70,000	1	

Headcount

	31.3.25 nr.	31.3.24 nr.
Finance	5.0	5.5
Fundraising and marketing	15.5	15.0
Programme (grant making & hospital engagement)	5.0	4.0
Governance	<u>2.0</u>	<u>2.5</u>
	<u>27.5</u>	<u>27.0</u>

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

9 Details of material transfers between funds

From	To	Reason	£'000
Parents' Facilities - Robins Ward	Childrens Therapies (Restricted)	Being correction of donation coded to an incorrect fund in error	1
Other immaterial transfers			0
			1

10 Analysis of Fixed Asset Investments

10.1 Market Value at 31 March

Group	UK £000	Non-uk £000	Short-term deposits £000	Total 31.3.25 £000	Total 31.3.24 £000
Investment properties	1,345	-	-	1,345	1,345
Listed Investments	3,682	5,537	-	9,219	8,954
Cash held on deposit	-	-	3,000	3,000	2,500
Cash held as part of the investment portfolio	989	-	-	989	998
	<u>6,016</u>	<u>5,537</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>14,554</u>	<u>13,797</u>
Charity	UK £000	Non-uk £000	Short-term deposits £000	Total 31.3.25 £000	Total 31.3.24 £000
Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-
Listed Investments	3,682	5,537	-	9,220	8,954
Cash held on deposit	-	-	3,000	3,000	2,500
Cash held as part of the investment portfolio	989	-	-	989	998
	<u>4,672</u>	<u>5,537</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>13,209</u>	<u>12,452</u>

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

10.2 Fixed asset investments

Group	Total 31.3.25 £000	Total 31.3.24 £000
Investment Properties		
Market value at 1 April	1,345	1,345
Disposal	-	-
Market value at 31 March	<u>1,345</u>	<u>1,345</u>

The property was last valued at £1,345m by Carter Jonas LLP as at 31 March 2023. The valuation report was prepared in accordance with the appropriate sections of the current RICS Valuation Global Standards and the UK national supplement (the 'Red Book'). The directors are satisfied that this valuation remains materially accurate at 31 March 2024.

Group & Charity	Non-Cash Investments £000	Cash Investments £000	Short term Deposits £000	Total 31.3.25 £000	Total 31.3.24 £000
Listed Investments:					
Market value at 1 April	8,954	998	2,500	12,452	11,153
Less: Disposals at carrying value	(4,053)	-	-	(4,053)	(1,989)
Add: Acquisitions at cost	4,046	-	500	4,546	2,155
Fees incurred	(89)	-	-	(89)	(80)
Dividend income	84	-	-	84	65
Transfer to cash management portfolio					
Net gain/(loss) on revaluation	262	7	-	269	1,148
Market value at 31 March 2025	<u>9,204</u>	<u>1,005</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>13,209</u>	<u>12,452</u>
Historic cost at 31 March 2025	<u>7,875</u>	<u>989</u>	<u>3,000</u>	<u>11,864</u>	<u>10,885</u>

Additions and disposals of cash includes reinvestment in cash deposits as they mature and are reinvested

10.3 Investment in subsidiaries

	Total 31.3.25 £	Total 31.3.24 £
Investment in OHC Developments Limited	100	100
Total	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

The Charity holds 100 shares of £1 each in its wholly owned trading subsidiary company OHC Developments Ltd which is incorporated in the United Kingdom. These are the only shares allotted. The activities and results of this company are summarised in note 2.

10.4 Analysis of income from Investments

	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31.3.25 Total £'000	31.3.24 Total £'000
Dividend Income	84	-	84	65
Cash held on Deposit	152	-	152	79
Bank Accounts	211	-	211	225
	<u>447</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>447</u>	<u>369</u>

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

10.5 Investment in joint venture.

The Group, via the subsidiary company OHC Developments Limited, has joint control in Oxford Headington Holdings LLP by virtue of its 50% voting rights. OHC Developments Limited made a capital contribution to the LLP of £1,000,000 in the year 2020-21.

	Total 31.3.25 £000	Total 31.3.24 £000
Investment in Oxford Headington Holdings LLP	1,000	1,000
Total	1,000	1,000
Carrying value before impairment	Total	Total
	31.3.25 £000	31.3.24 £000
At 1 April	1,000	1,000
Additions in year at cost	-	-
Share of profit	-	-
At 31 March	1,000	1,000
A summary of the accounts of the joint venture for the period:	Total	Total
	31.3.25 £000	31.3.24 £000
Turnover	-	-
Expenditure	(12)	(80)
Other gains	-	-
Profit/(loss) before and after tax	(12)	(80)
Investment properties	13,555	13,565
Current assets	445	447
Current liabilities	(147)	(147)
	13,853	13,865

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

11 Tangible Fixed Assets

Group & Charity	Office Equipment £'000	IT Equipment £'000	Hospital Hubs £'000	Total £'000
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2024	33	38	-	71
Additions in year at cost	5	2	18	25
At 31 March 2025	<u>38</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>96</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 April 2024	15	18	-	33
Charge for the year on owned assets	7	13	4	24
At 31 March 2025	<u>22</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>57</u>
Net book value				
At 31 March 2025	<u>16</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>39</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>18</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>38</u>

12 Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:

	Group Total 31.3.25 £000	Charity Total 31.3.25 £000	Group Total 31.3.24 £000	Charity Total 31.3.24 £000
Trade debtors	2,378	12	2,354	16
Intercompany loans	0	4,646	-	4,118
Other debtors	8	8	47	46
Prepayments	35	35	30	30
Accrued income	2,299	2,299	1,617	1,617
	<u>4,720</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>4,048</u>	<u>5,827</u>

Included in Group trade debtors is an amount of £1,116,800 (2024: £1,116,800) due in more than one year

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

13 Creditors

Amounts falling due within one year

	Group Total 31.3.25 £000	Charity Total 31.3.25 £000	Group Total 31.3.24 £000	Charity Total 31.3.24 £000
Trade creditors	281	281	556	556
Grants awarded	3,169	3,169	2,967	2,967
Accruals	54	43	96	71
Taxation and social security	33	33	30	30
Other creditors	9	9	7	7
Bank overdraft	-	-	446	-
	<u>3,546</u>	<u>3,535</u>	<u>4,102</u>	<u>3,631</u>

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

14 Analysis of Funds

14.1 Restricted Funds Material funds

	Balance 1 Apr 2024 €000	Income €000	Expenditure €000	Transfers €000	Balance 31 Mar 2025 €000
A 0590 JR Helipad	2,557	1,000	(541)	-	3,016
B 0588 Churchill Kidney Unit (legacies)	1,171	3	-	-	1,174
C 0157 Hematology Legacies	-	650	-	-	650
D 0444 OXFORD TRANSPLANT CENTRE DEVELOPMENT (RMC)	362	-	-	-	362
E 5520 LEGACIES - RESTRICTED	944	(648)	-	-	296
F 7000 CANCER RESEARCH	334	6	(100)	-	240
G 5650 COVID-19 Trust Support Fund	257	-	(50)	-	207
H 0700 Oxford Heart Centre - Oxfordshire Heartfelt Appeal	263	118	(194)	-	187
I 0164 Future Fertility Trust Fund	130	-	(28)	-	102
J 9700 NQC Arthritis Fund (Balmforth legacy)	97	-	-	-	97
Other funds (185 funds)	417	120	(165)	1	373
Total	6,532	1,249	(1,078)	1	6,704

Restricted Funds prior year Material funds

	Balance 1 Apr 2023 €000	Income €000	Expenditure €000	Transfers €000	Balance 31 Mar 2024 €000
A JR Helipad	-	2,500	-	57	2,557
B Renal units	1,081	90	-	-	1,171
C Legacies - Restricted	1,360	(319)	-	(97)	944
D Oxford Transplant Centre Development	361	-	-	-	361
E Cancer Research	290	64	-	(20)	334
F Heart Centre Campaign/Oxford Heartfelt Appeal	62	115	(2)	88	263
G Covid-19 Trust Support Fund	237	-	29	(9)	257
H Future Fertility Trust Fund	99	-	31	-	130
I NQC Arthritis Fund (Balmforth legacy)	-	-	-	97	97
J Mr Khan's Legacy	71	-	-	-	71
K Alzheimer Research (Humphris Legacy)	62	-	-	(38)	24
Other funds (158 funds)	375	90	(201)	59	323
Total	3,998	2,540	(143)	137	6,532

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

14 Restricted Funds (continued)

The material funds listed above will vary from year to year as only the most material funds in the current period are disclosed. Therefore a fund may not be shown individually each year.

Details of material restricted funds

Name of fund	Description of the nature and purpose of each fund
A JR Helipad	Grant towards cost of proposed helipad at John Radcliffe Hospital
B Renal units	For the benefit of Renal units in Oxford
C Legacies - Restricted	Temporary holding fund for bequests while expenditure plans are finalised
D Oxford Transplant Centre Development	To benefit the Oxford Transplant Centre
E Cancer Research	For the benefit of cancer research
F Heart Centre/ Heartfelt Appeal	For the benefit of patient and staff of the Oxford Heart Centre
G Covid-19 Trust Support Fund	For the benefit of patients and staff, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic
H Future Fertility Trust Fund	To preserve the fertility of young cancer patients
I NOC Arthritis Fund (Balmforth legacy)	For the benefit of arthritis research and treatment, set up on receipt of a legacy
L Horton Brodey Centre	To enhance the care of patients and carers using The Brodey Centre (Horton Hospital)
J Mr Khan's legacy	For the benefit of improving a range of kidney services, set up on receipt of a legacy
K Alzheimers Research	For the benefit of Alzheimers research, set up on receipt of a legacy
M OHSRC Research	Research for the benefit of NHS in Oxfordshire
N Cancer Research (Hawes Legacy)	For the benefit of Cancer research, set up on receipt of a legacy
O Rivermead Neurological Rehabilitation	To support the Neurological Rehabilitation Services

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

14.2 Unrestricted Designated Funds Material funds

	Balance 1 Apr 2024 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Transfers £000	Balance 31 Mar 2025 £000
A 7030: Medical Research (May legacy)	-	1,201	(76)	-	1,125
B 0555: Oxford Children's Hospital Charity	813	818	(557)	(111)	963
C 0394: PROSTATE CANCER RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	404	-	19	(24)	399
D 5190: OHC Developments Ltd - Loan	381	-	-	-	381
E 5510: LEGACIES - DESIGNATED	678	(326)	-	-	352
F 2119: HEADS UP HEAD & NECK CANCER RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT	351	-	-	(21)	330
G 2023: OCDEM DIABETES CHARITABLE FUND	312	4	(17)	(18)	281
H 0254: Renal Medical Ward	260	8	(6)	(16)	246
I 0009: Haematology Ward	265	22	(16)	(35)	236
J 0474: William Montague Jervis Memorial Fund	192	-	(1)	(11)	180
K 0155: Haematology Fund	296	23	(15)	(146)	158
L 2093: Oxford Eye Hospital	121	41	(5)	(12)	145
M 0013: Medical Oncology Cancer Research	143	-	-	(8)	135
N 0088: Kamran's Ward	85	76	(26)	(9)	126
O 0261: OXFORD TRANSPLANT CENTRE	129	4	-	(8)	125
Others (370 funds)	6,199	956	(1,568)	(177)	5,410
Total	10,629	2,827	(2,268)	(596)	10,592

Unrestricted Designated Funds prior year Material funds

	Balance 1 Apr 2023 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Transfers £000	Balance 31 Mar 2024 £000
A Oxford Childrens Hospital/ Fund For Children	661	752	(553)	(47)	813
B Legacies - Designated	-	723	-	(45)	678
C Prostate Cancer Research And Development	423	-	(19)	-	404
D OHC Developments Ltd - Loan	333	48	-	-	381
E Heads up	354	-	(3)	-	351
F Ocдем Diabetes Charitable Fund	399	10	(96)	(1)	312
G Haematology	565	-	(270)	1	296
H Haematology Ward (Previously Ward EE)	257	37	(29)	-	265
I Renal Medical Ward	257	8	(4)	(1)	260
J The Structural Cardiology Fund	105	154	(9)	(56)	194
K William Montague Jervis Memorial Fund	192	-	-	-	192
L Cancer Care Fund	1	8	(9)	187	187
M Adult Critical Care, ICU General Fund	147	4	10	-	161
N Gastroenterology Ward	140	7	(3)	-	144
O Medical Oncology Cancer Research	142	1	-	-	143
Others (313 funds)	6,799	217	(1,179)	11	5,848
Total	10,775	1,969	(2,164)	49	10,629

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

14.2 Unrestricted Funds (continued)

The material funds listed above will vary from year to year as only the most material funds in the current year are disclosed. Therefore a fund may not be shown individually each period.

Details of material unrestricted designated funds

Name of fund	Description of the nature and purpose of each fund
A Oxford Childrens Hospital/ Fund For Children	To support children's services throughout the Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
B Legacies - Designated	Temporary holding fund for bequests while expenditure plans are finalised
C Prostate Cancer Research And Development	To support research into prostate cancer
D OHC Developments Ltd - Loan	Intercompany loan to OHC Developments Ltd
E Heads up	To support the development of Head and Neck Oncology Services
F Ocdem Diabetes Charitable Fund	To support specific diabetes & metabolic research projects
G Haematology	To support staff welfare, research and education in Haematology
H Haematology Ward (Previously Ward 5E)	To support staff welfare, research & education in Haematology
I Renal Medical Ward	To support patient and staff welfare for the ward
J The Structural Cardiology Fund	To support patient welfare, staff wellbeing, education, training and research in the field of Structural Cardiology
K William Montague Jervis Memorial Fund	To provide the Emergency Department with a CT scanner
L Cancer Care Fund	To support staff welfare, research and education in Cancer
M Adult Critical Care, ICU General Fund	To support staff welfare, research and education in Adult Critical Care
N Gastroenterology Ward	To support research and education in kidney diseases and kidney function
O Medical Oncology Cancer Research	To support translational cancer research
P Legacies - Unrestricted	Temporary holding fund for bequests while expenditure plans are finalised
Q Oxford Eye Hospital	To support all charitable purposes relating to the Eye Hospital
R Silver Star	To support staff and patients at the Womens Centre. Also to provide equipment for Maternity Unit and support relevant research
S Colorectal Surgery	To support staff welfare, research & education
T Gastroenterology Ward	To support patient and staff welfare for the ward
U Interventional Cardiology fund	To support research into Interventional Cardiology
V Alderman Bellamy	To benefit the staff of the Ophthalmology department

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

14.3 Unrestricted General Funds

	Balance 1 Apr 2024 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Transfers £000	Gains / (Losses) £000	Balance 31 Mar 2025 £000
John Radcliffe Hospital General Funds	56	82	(62)	(16)	-	60
Churchill Hospital General Funds	841	301	(154)	(167)	-	821
Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre General Funds	26	28	(20)	(4)	-	30
Horton General Funds	242	35	(63)	(26)	-	188
Legacy General Fund	2,000	1,000	-	(75)	-	2,925
Charity General Funds	544	979	(1,990)	884	262	679
Total	3,709	2,425	(2,289)	596	262	4,703

Unrestricted General Funds prior year

	Balance 1 Apr 2023 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Transfers £000	Gains £000	Balance 31 Mar 2024 £000
John Radcliffe Hospital General Funds	(339)	421	(105)	79	-	56
Churchill Hospital General Funds	688	483	(42)	(287)	-	842
Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre General Funds	23	101	(99)	-	-	25
Horton General Funds	232	113	(94)	(9)	-	242
CM Legacy General Fund	-	-	-	2,000	-	2,000
Charity General Funds	2,952	863	(2,617)	(1,968)	1,314	544
Total	3,556	1,981	(2,957)	(185)	1,314	3,709

15 Contingent assets and liabilities

There are no contingent assets or liabilities in the current or previous period.

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

16 Commitments

The charity had the following commitments under operating leases

	31.3.25	31.3.24
Total payable:	£	£
Less than 1 year	58,272	54,970
Between 1-5 years	-	-
	58,272	54,970

17 Income from legacies

Legacy income is accounted for upon receipt or where receipt of the legacy is probable and the amount can be estimated with sufficient accuracy. As at the 31 March 2025 the charity had 10 (31.03.24 : 32) on-going residual legacies. 4 of these are life interest legacies (31.03.24 : 5). These have not been included in the Statement of Financial Activities because the conditions for recognition had not been met at the year end.

18 Loans or guarantees

The Charity has no loans or guarantees secured against its assets in the current or previous period.

ODL had an overdraft facility in place during the year, until December 2024. This was secured by a debenture in favour of Barclays bank. The interest rate charged was 3.4% per annum above base rate.

19 Connected Organisations

The Charity has had no dealings with connected organisations other than those noted under note 1.12.

20 Notes to the cash flow statement

Reconciliation of net income/(expenditure) to net cash flow from operating activities

	31.3.25 £000	31.3.24 £000
Net (expenditure)/income for the reporting period (as per the SOFA):	1,129	2,539
(Gain)/Loss on sale of investment fixed assets	(269)	(1,148)
Investment Income	(447)	(369)
(Increase)/ decrease in investments		
Depreciation	24	18
(Increase)/ decrease in debtors	(672)	814
Increase / (decrease) in creditors	(556)	976
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	(791)	2,830

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

21 Analysis of changes in net debt

	Balance 1 Apr 2024 £000	Cash Flows £000	Balance 31 Mar 2025 £000
	6,089	(857)	5,232
Cash at bank and in hand	6,089	(857)	5,232

22 Post balance sheet events

There have been no post balance sheet events that would be classified as adjusting events requiring inclusion in the Statement of Financial Activities.

23 Members liability

The charitable company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital, and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the charitable company on winding up such amounts as might be required not exceeding £1.

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

24 Analysis of net assets

Group			31.3.25
	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total funds £'000
Fixed Assets	39		39
Investments	15,554		15,554
Net current assets	(299)	6,705	6,406
Non current liabilities			
Total net assets	15,294	6,705	21,999
			31.3.24
	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total funds £'000
Fixed Assets	38		38
Investments	14,797		14,797
Net current assets	(497)	6,532	6,035
Non current liabilities			
Total net assets	14,338	6,532	20,870
Charity			31.3.25
	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total funds £'000
Fixed Assets	39		39
Investments	13,209		13,209
Net current assets	1,991	6,705	8,696
Non current liabilities			
Total net assets	15,239	6,705	21,944
			31.3.24
	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	Total funds £'000
Fixed Assets	38		38
Investments	12,452		12,452
Net current assets	1,751	6,532	8,283
Non current liabilities			
Total net assets	14,241	6,532	20,773

Financial Statements 2024/25

Notes to the financial statements

25 Prior Year comparatives

Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities
(Including consolidated income and expenditure account)
for the year ended 31 March 2024

	Note	Unrestricted funds £'000	Restricted funds £'000	31 Mar 2024 Total funds £'000	31 Mar 2023 Total funds £'000
Income From:					
Donations and Legacies					
Donations		1,628	76	1,704	1,986
Legacies	17	1,469	137	1,332	6,042
Grants	3.2	309	2,601	2,910	347
Charitable Activities	4	175	-	175	91
Other trading activities	5	-	-	-	-
Investments	10.4	369	-	369	114
Other Income		-	-	-	-
Total Income		3,950	2,540	6,490	8,580
Expenditure on:					
Raising Funds		-	-	-	-
Comm trading operations		-	-	-	-
Costs of raising funds	6	(739)	(1)	(740)	(668)
Sub total: expenditure on raising funds		(739)	(1)	(740)	(668)
Charitable activities					
Medical equipment		(1,724)	(1)	(1,725)	(2,253)
Patient welfare		(498)	-	(498)	(183)
Staff welfare		(769)	16	(753)	(761)
Research		(1,051)	(153)	(1,204)	(505)
Education		(341)	(4)	(345)	(1,989)
Sub total: expenditure on charitable expenditure	7, 8	(4,383)	(142)	(4,525)	(5,691)
		(5,122)	(143)	(5,265)	(6,359)
Net income/(expenditure) before gains / (losses) & transfers		(1,172)	2,397	1,225	2,221
Gain / (losses) on revaluation and disposal of investment assets		1,314	-	1,314	2,196
Gross transfers between funds	9	(137)	137	-	-
Net income / (expenditure) and net movements in funds for the period		5	2,534	2,539	4,417
Reconciliation of Funds					
Fund balances brought forward at 1 April		14,333	3,998	18,331	13,914
Fund balances carried forward at 31 March		14,338	6,532	20,870	18,331

