

Registered Charity Number: 1173809

The Bransford Trust

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

The Bransford Trust

CONTENTS

	Page
Report of the Trustees	2 - 7
Report of the Independent Auditors	8 - 11
Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities	12
Consolidated and Charity Balance Sheets	13
Consolidated Cashflow Statement	14
Consolidated Notes to the Cashflow Statement	15
Notes to the Financial Statements	16 - 26

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

The trustees present their report and audited consolidated financial statements of the “charity” The Bransford Trust (CIO charity number 1173809) and its subsidiary for the year ended 5 April 2025.

The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

The charity is controlled by its governing document, a constitution, and constitutes a Charitable Incorporated Organisation (CIO).

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

New trustees are invited by existing trustees based on personal recommendations.

All new trustees on appointment receive training and an induction to the role of a charity trustee. They are subject to the usual credit and DBS checks if deemed necessary. Decisions are made by majority vote at trustees meetings.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Charity number

1173809

Principal address

C/O Royal Porcelain Works
Severn Street
Worcester
Worcestershire, WR1 2NE

Trustees

Mr C A Kinnear OBE
Mr D Sutcliffe
Mrs L Freeman
Mr A Freeman
Mr A Kinnear
Mrs C Kinnear

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025 (Continued)

Auditors

Richards Sandy Audit Services Limited
Thorneloe House
25 Barbourne Road
Worcester, WR1 1RU

Listed Investment Managers

Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management
41 Lothbury
London, EC2R 7AE

Investment Property Managers (commercial property)

GJS Dillon
7 Roman Way Business Centre
Berry Hill Industrial Estate
Droitwich
Worcestershire, WR9 9AJ

Investment Property Managers (residential property)

Morgan Aps
The Estate Office
Upper Court, Lulsley
Worcestershire, WR6 5QW

Bankers

Handelsbanken
2nd floor Brook Court
Whittington Hall
Worcester, WR5 2RX

Solicitors

Harrison Clark Rickerbys
5 Deansway
Worcester, WR1 2JG

Trethowans LLP
1 London Road
Salisbury
Wiltshire, SP1 3HP

Accountants

PSG Bowdens LLP
Unit 14 Craycombe Farm
Evesham Road
Fladbury
Worcestershire, WR10 2QS

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025 (Continued)

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives and aims

The charitable objects of The Bransford Trust include relief of poverty, relief of sickness, advancement of education, promotion of the arts, culture and heritage, advancement in the lives of young people and other charitable purposes for the public benefit.

The main activities undertaken to achieve these purposes are providing support for charitable initiatives through grants and the use of facilities at Royal Porcelain Works, which is owned by the charity.

Public benefit

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the duty in section 17(5) of the 2011 Charities Act to have due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission on public benefit when deciding on the charity's activities.

Organisation

Royal Porcelain Works Limited (company registration number 08629931) is a wholly owned trading subsidiary of The Bransford Trust.

Fundraising activities

The Bransford Trust does not engage in any fundraising activities (as defined by section 162A of Charities Act 2011).

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Grants totalling £440,175 (2024 - £484,650) were awarded in the year and a further £nil (2024 - £23,000) was paid from previous year's awards. A full schedule of grants is given in note 7 on page 21.

The Trustees continue to build closer relationships with beneficiaries to get a better understanding of their needs and activities, this has enabled us to initiate collaboration between beneficiaries for their mutual interest. The change in management of the Henry Sandon Hall has seen additional use by beneficiaries and other groups in the local community.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The results for the year and financial position of the charity are as shown in the annexed financial statements. The trustees consider the state of affairs of the Trust to be satisfactory.

Investment income is £791,327 (2024 - £719,616) and the costs of raising funds, including management of listed investments, are £146,849 (2024 - £162,808). Net income for the year amounted to £1,562,199 (2024 – net income of £84,440), with donations and investment income being spent on charitable activities and investment management. Donations of £1,656,250 (2024 – £322,500) have been received into the Trust this year, with the donors significantly increasing their contributions this year to support the charity's purchase of an additional investment property. Expenditure on charitable activities is £755,301 (2024 - £839,042).

Net revaluation losses on investments were £97,487 (2024 – net gains of £110,808).

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025 (Continued)

The portfolio had a positive year as increased income generation offset the dip in the capital value. Whilst stock prices in the technology sector continued to rise through 2024, they began to slow towards the end of the year as investors sought better value in the wider market. The start of 2025 saw rallies across the majority of non-technology related sectors, helping to boost asset values. However, following Donald Trump's imposition of global trading tariffs, markets have fallen significantly due to ongoing uncertainty. We expect this to be a temporary phenomenon as tariff negotiations remain ongoing. Although this has subdued the portfolio's capital valuation, income generation remains sustainable.

The principal funding source is income from the charity's investments, along with the trading activities of Royal Porcelain Works Limited and some periodic donations.

The net assets at 5 April 2025 were £21,291,962 (2024 - £19,827,250).

RESERVES POLICY

The charity holds investments totalling £16,046,705 (2024 - £14,658,364) for the purpose of generating investment income used to fund the activities of the charity. Because of the volatility in the value of investments the charity has not set formal limits on the amounts to be held in such investments. In addition, the charity holds freehold property and related assets totalling £3,944,248 (2024 - £4,034,826) which the charity rents to both local charities and other organisations undertaking activities in line with the aims of the charity.

Free reserves excluding amounts held in fixed assets was £1,301,009 (2024 - £1,134,060). The charity holds free reserves in order to manage the day to day cash flow. Due to the charity's primary source of income being investment income, which can potentially fluctuate significantly from year to year, the charity has not set any formal policy in regard to the level of free reserves the charity aims to hold at any given time.

The trustees consider the reserves of the charity to be satisfactory.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The trustees regularly review the strategy and aims of the grant procedures and will continue making grants to causes with particular emphasis on education, music, the arts and the welfare and benefit of sick and young people.

INVESTMENT POLICY

The Bransford Trust has no restricted funds and a total return approach is used for the management of its investment portfolio.

The trustees are required to use income before they use capital and have appointed Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management as investment managers. They are tasked with preserving the Trust's capital investments and producing an annual distributable income of at least 2% above inflation derived from investment income and gains excluding directly held property. They manage a mixed portfolio of equities, fixed interest and corporate bonds and cash.

Canaccord Genuity Wealth Management provide quarterly updates and an annual report for the trustees and attend the full trustees' meetings to present details of the investment performance, including an overview of the general economic climate. The appointment as investment managers to the Trust is reconfirmed by the trustees annually.

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025 (Continued)

The trustees engage local property experts Morgan Aps and GJS Dillon to manage the residential property portfolio and the commercial property portfolio on their behalf.

All income is generated from assets which are unrestricted. Sufficient assets are held in quickly realisable investments to cover any unexpected drop in income or cash requirement. The investment policy has been achieved in the year.

GRANT MAKING POLICY

The trustees meet twice a year to review the financial performance of the Trust and consider requests for grants. Additional "fast track" awards and grants up to £2,000 each may be approved by each trustee between trustee meetings. These awards must be ratified at a subsequent full trustee meeting. These awards and grants are limited so that no trustee may approve more than £6,000 per annum in aggregate by means of this "fast track" process.

The trustees regularly review the strategy and aims of the grant procedures and will continue making grants to causes with particular emphasis on education, music, the arts and the welfare and benefit of sick and young people.

RISK ASSESSMENT

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure.

The biggest risk to the charity is the risk of unfavourable movements in the market price of their holdings of listed investments which may cause a significant fall in the value of listed investments as well as a reduction in the level of income generated by these investments. The trustees mitigate this risk by relying on advice from their investment managers in managing their holdings of listed investments.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England & Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

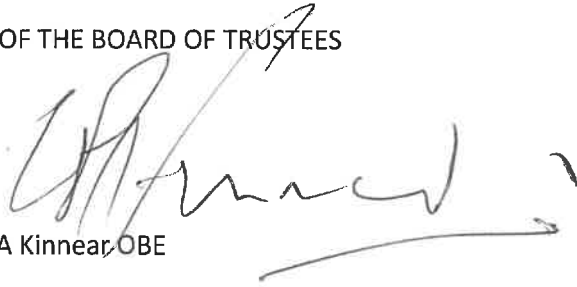
The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025 (Continued)

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

So far as the trustees are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware, and they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as trustees in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'C A Kinnear', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Trustee – C A Kinnear, OBE

Date: 29th September 2025

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRANSFORD TRUST

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Bransford Trust and its subsidiary for the year ended 5 April 2025 which comprise the consolidated Statement of Financial Activities, the consolidated and charity Balance Sheets, the consolidated Statement of Cashflows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent charity's affairs as at 5 April 2025, and of the group's incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group and parent charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRANSFORD TRUST (Continued)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Report of the Trustees, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the Report of the Trustees.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we required for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement (set out on page 6), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRANSFORD TRUST (Continued)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- obtained an understanding of the nature of the industry and sector, including the legal and regulatory framework that the charity operates in and how the charity is complying with the legal and regulatory framework;
- inquired of management, and those charged with governance, about their own identification and assessment of the risks and irregularities, including known actual, suspected or alleged instances of fraud; and
- discussed matters about non-compliance with laws and regulations and how fraud might occur including assessment of how and where the financial statements may be susceptible to fraud.

As a result of these procedures we consider the most significant laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements are the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', the Companies Act 2006 (and related legislation), the Charities Act 2011 (and related legislation), laws and regulation regarding VAT, including partial VAT exemptions and regulations relating to the employment and payment of staff including, but not limited to, the Employment Rights Act 1996, the National Minimum Wage Act 1998 and the Pensions Act 2008.

We performed audit procedures to detect non-compliances which may have a material impact on the financial statements, which included reviewing the financial statement disclosures, reviewing the calculations of VAT returns (including ensuring that only input VAT on qualifying expenditure has been claimed) and sample testing of monthly payroll records for the calculation of gross wages, payroll taxes and pension costs.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

The Bransford Trust

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRANSFORD TRUST (Continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Melissa Jean Godwin ACA ACCA

Richards Sandy Audit Services Limited (Statutory Auditor)

Thorneloe House

25 Barbourne Road

Worcester

WR1 1RU

Date: 18.10.25.

The Bransford Trust

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

	Notes	2025 Total unrestricted funds £	2024 Total unrestricted funds £
INCOME FROM:			
Donations	2	1,656,250	322,500
Other trading activities	3	16,772	44,174
Investments	4	791,327	719,616
Total		2,464,349	1,086,290
EXPENDITURE ON:			
Raising funds	5	146,849	162,808
Charitable activities	6	755,301	839,042
Total		902,150	1,001,850
NET INCOME		1,562,199	84,440
Net gains/(losses) on investment assets			
Listed investments	12	(82,612)	(40,942)
Investment property	12	(14,875)	151,750
Net movement in funds		1,464,712	195,248
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		19,827,250	19,632,002
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		21,291,962	19,827,250

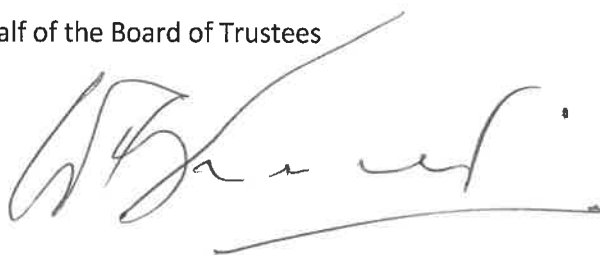
The Bransford Trust

BALANCE SHEETS AS AT 5 APRIL 2025

	Notes	The Group		The Charity	
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	11	3,944,248	4,034,826	3,944,248	4,034,826
Investments	12	16,046,705	14,658,364	16,109,706	14,721,365
		19,990,953	18,693,190	20,053,954	18,756,191
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stock	15	55,978	55,978	-	-
Debtors	16	369,092	63,675	444,880	172,267
Investments	17	-	500,000	-	500,000
Cash at bank and in hand		1,208,257	599,910	1,196,683	532,329
		1,633,327	1,219,563	1,641,563	1,204,596
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	18	(332,318)	(85,503)	(331,508)	(85,548)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		1,301,009	1,134,060	1,310,055	1,119,048
NET ASSETS		21,291,962	19,827,250	21,364,009	19,875,239
FUNDS					
Unrestricted income funds		21,291,962	19,827,250	21,364,009	19,875,239
TOTAL FUNDS		21,291,962	19,827,250	21,364,009	19,875,239

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees on 29th September 2025

Signed on behalf of the Board of Trustees



Trustee – C A Kinnear OBE

The Bransford Trust

CASHFLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

	Notes to the cash flow statement	2025 £	2024 £
Cashflows from operating activities:			
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	1	<u>973,202</u>	<u>(359,042)</u>
Cashflows from investing activities:			
Income from listed investments		566,903	549,128
Bank interest receivable		54,070	4,709
Proceeds from sales of listed investments		2,416,590	2,589,394
Purchase of listed investments		(2,403,074)	(2,445,260)
Purchase of investment property		(1,575,000)	-
Cash invested into current asset investments		-	(500,000)
Cash withdrawn from current asset investments		500,000	-
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		<u>(440,511)</u>	<u>197,971</u>
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		<u>532,691</u>	<u>(161,071)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2	803,896	964,967
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2	<u>1,336,587</u>	<u>803,896</u>

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE CASHFLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

1 RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2025	2024
	£	£
Net income/(expenditure) for the year <i>(as per the statement of financial activities)</i>	1,562,199	84,440
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charge	90,578	90,578
Listed investment income	(566,903)	(549,128)
Bank interest receivable	(54,070)	(4,709)
(Increase)/decrease in stock	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(305,417)	36,934
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	246,815	(17,157)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	973,202	(359,042)

2 ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2025	2024
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	1,208,257	599,910
Cash investments	128,330	203,986
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,336,587	803,896

3 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	As at 5 April 2024	Cash flows in year	As at 5 April 2025
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	599,910	608,347	1,208,257
Cash investments	203,986	(75,656)	128,330
	803,896	532,691	1,336,587
Current asset investments	500,000	(500,000)	-
	1,303,896	32,691	1,336,587

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The Bransford Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, except for listed investments and investment properties which are measured at fair value. The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the charity rounded to the nearest pound.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of The Bransford Trust and its sole subsidiary Royal Porcelain Works Limited. All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between the Bransford Trust and Royal Porcelain Works Limited have been eliminated on consolidation. Any unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the relating asset transferred. The accounting policies of Royal Porcelain Works Limited are not considered different from those of the consolidated financial statements. Royal Porcelain Works Limited has a financial year end of 31 March 2025 and the financial results of Royal Porcelain Works Limited are adjusted for the effects of any significant transactions or events that occur between 31 March 2025 and 5 April 2025.

Exemption from preparing individual charity cash flow statement

As permitted by the exemptions within FRS 102 and Charities SORP (FRS 102), a separate cash flow statement for the charity's individual results has not been prepared.

Income

Income, including grants receivable and donations, is recognised in the period in which the charity is entitled to receipt and the amount can be measured with reasonable certainty. Income is deferred only when the charity has to fulfil conditions before becoming entitled to it or where the donor has specified that the income is to be expended in a future period.

Rents receivable are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Interest income (including interest receivable on fixed interest listed investment bonds) is recognised for all interest-bearing instruments on the effective interest rate basis. Dividends are recognised in the income statement when they are declared.

Donated goods

If at receipt it is practical to assess the fair value of donated goods, then donated goods are recognised in income at fair value at time of receipt. Where it is impractical to assess the fair value of donated goods, they are not recognised in the financial statements until they are sold.

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Expenditure

Expenditure is included on an accruals basis. Liabilities are included in the accounts as soon as recognised.

The cost of raising funds includes investment management costs.

Charitable activities costs include grant funding and support costs which are all allocated to charitable activities as this is the predominant activity. Grants payable are charged in the year when the offer is conveyed to the recipient except in those cases where the offer is conditional, such grants being recognised as expenditure when the conditions attaching are fulfilled. Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end are noted as a commitment, but not accrued as expenditure.

Governance costs comprise the costs of internal and external audit, any legal advice for the trustees, and all the costs of complying with constitutional and statutory requirements, such as the costs of Board and Committee meetings and of preparing statutory accounts and satisfying public accountability.

Grants payable

Grants payable are recognised as a liability only when the criteria for a constructive obligation are met, payment is probable, it can be measured reliably, and there are no conditions attaching to its payment that limit its recognition.

Where a grant commitment is payable over a period of more than one year, a liability is recognised for the full amount of the constructive obligation unless conditions apply to payments falling due after the reporting date. Where payments for later years are subject to performance-related conditions, the donor charity may be able to legitimately withdraw from its commitment if a particular condition attaching to the grant is not met. Where a condition remains within the control of the charity, then the charity retains the discretion to avoid the expenditure and therefore a liability is recognised.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings	2% on cost
Freehold land	not depreciated
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	10% on cost

In the individual accounts of The Bransford Trust, freehold land and buildings rented to its subsidiary Royal Porcelain Works Limited, which Royal Porcelain Works Limited uses for trading purposes (rather than renting out to third parties under operating leases), are classified as tangible fixed assets.

Investments

Quoted investments are stated at market value and investment property is revalued annually. Increases/(decreases) on revaluations are transferred to/(from) the Statement of Financial Activities.

Investment property is valued annually either by an independent professional valuer or by the trustees on an open market basis.

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Stock

Stock is measured at the lower of cost (or valuation for donated stock) and net realisable value.

Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Financial instruments are recognised when the charity becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are offset, with the net amounts presented in the accounts where there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of future receipts, discounted at a market rate of interest. Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of the operations from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction.

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised under the performance model. Grants that does not impose specified future performance-related conditions are recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Grants that imposes specified future performance-related conditions are recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions are met. Grants received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied are recognised as a liability.

Defined contribution pension schemes

The Bransford Trust operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to The Bransford Trust's pension scheme are charged in the period to which they relate.

Accumulated funds

Unrestricted general funds are funds which can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the trustees.

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

Significant judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The areas where accounting policies of The Bransford Trust cause significant estimates or judgements in their application are:

- the point of recognition of grants issued (see note 7);
- the trustees' valuation of the investment property (see note 12); and
- the depreciation policies applied to tangible fixed assets (see note 11).

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

2 DONATIONS INCOME

	2025	2024
	£	£
Donations from C A & B Kinnear	1,323,000	258,000
Donations from others	4,000	-
Gift Aid	329,250	64,500
	<u>1,656,250</u>	<u>322,500</u>

3 OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES INCOME

	2025	2024
	£	£
Hall and room hire	16,185	30,046
Other trading income	587	14,128
	<u>16,772</u>	<u>44,174</u>

4 INVESTMENT INCOME

	2025	2024
	£	£
Rent from investment properties	170,354	165,779
Income from listed investments	560,321	543,643
Investment cash interest received	6,582	5,485
Bank interest receivable	54,070	4,709
	<u>791,327</u>	<u>719,616</u>

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

5 RAISING FUNDS EXPENDITURE

	2025	2024
	£	£
Direct costs of trading subsidiary	32,359	41,784
Investment management costs	92,843	90,334
Property management costs	19,627	23,613
Property repairs	2,020	7,077
	<u>146,849</u>	<u>162,808</u>

6 CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES EXPENDITURE

	2025	2024
	£	£
<u>Royal Porcelain Works:</u>		
Professional fees	62,488	92,008
Wages and salaries	25,773	49,809
Marketing	-	34
Site management	93,774	76,478
Depreciation	90,578	90,578
	<u>272,613</u>	<u>308,907</u>
<u>Grants approved in year (note 7)</u>	440,175	484,650
<u>Support costs:</u>		
Legal & professional fees	17,428	22,609
Administration costs	16,774	14,254
Bank charges	386	1,132
<u>Governance costs:</u>		
Auditors' remuneration re external scrutiny	4,750	4,590
Accounts preparation	3,175	2,900
	<u>755,301</u>	<u>839,042</u>

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

7 GRANTS

	Commitments at 5/4/24	Approved in the year	Paid in the year	Commitments at 5/4/25
MayMessy CIC	-	40,000	(15,000)	25,000
The Elgar Festival	-	37,450	(22,000)	15,450
Kori	-	30,000	-	30,000
Youth Choral Worcestershire	-	30,000	(10,000)	20,000
Star Scheme	-	25,000	-	25,000
Worcester Theatres Charitable Trust Ltd	-	25,000	(25,000)	-
Worcester Mela	-	23,000	(8,000)	15,000
Malvern Youth & Community Trust (The Cube)	-	20,000	(10,000)	10,000
Museum of Royal Worcester	-	20,000	-	20,000
Clocktower Foundation	-	15,000	(5,000)	10,000
Worcester City Council	-	10,340	-	10,340
Severn Arts	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
Myriad Centre	-	10,000	-	10,000
Onside Independent Advocacy	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
St Pauls Hostel	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
Three Choirs Festival Ltd	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
Worcester Warriors Community Foundation	-	10,000	-	10,000
Worcestershire Community Foundation Ltd	-	10,000	(10,000)	-
The Monday Night Club	-	9,050	(1,350)	7,700
Worcester Paint Festival	-	9,000	(4,000)	5,000
Megan Baker House Ltd	-	8,000	(4,000)	4,000
All Sorts of Performing Arts CIC	-	7,055	(7,055)	-
Youth Community Media	-	6,000	(6,000)	-
Mercian Regiment Museum (Worcestershire) Trust	-	5,000	-	5,000
Headway Worcestershire	-	3,969	(2,469)	1,500
Worcestershire Chinese Association	-	3,791	(3,791)	-
Other grants under £3,000	-	42,520	(22,320)	20,200
	-	440,175	(195,985)	244,190

8 NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)

This is stated after charging/(crediting);

	2025 £	2024 £
Depreciation	90,578	90,578
Auditors remuneration	4,750	4,590

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

9 TRUSTEES REMUNERATION, BENEFITS AND EXPENSES

No trustees received any remuneration or other benefits or expenses for the year ended 5 April 2025 or the year ended 5 April 2024.

10 STAFF COSTS

	2025	2024
	£	£
Gross wages	24,333	48,000
Social security costs	-	369
Employer's pension costs (defined contribution schemes)	1,440	1,440
	<u>25,773</u>	<u>49,809</u>

The average number of employees for the year was 1 (2024 – 1).

No employee received remuneration of £60,000 or above for the year ended 5 April 2025 or the year ended 5 April 2024.

11 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

The group and the charity

	Freehold land & buildings	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost:			
At 6 April 2024	4,371,295	88,319	4,459,614
Additions	-	-	-
At 5 April 2025	<u>4,371,295</u>	<u>88,319</u>	<u>4,459,614</u>
Depreciation:			
At 6 April 2024	380,977	43,811	424,788
Charge	81,746	8,832	90,578
At 5 April 2025	<u>462,723</u>	<u>52,643</u>	<u>515,366</u>
Net book value			
At 5 April 2025	<u>3,908,572</u>	<u>35,676</u>	<u>3,944,248</u>
At 5 April 2024	<u>3,990,318</u>	<u>44,508</u>	<u>4,034,826</u>

Included in freehold land and buildings of the charity is property rented to Royal Porcelain Works Limited, the charity's subsidiary, with net book value of £3,008,572 (2024 - £3,071,568).

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

12 INVESTMENTS

The Group

	<u>Listed</u> <u>Investments</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>Freehold</u> <u>Property</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£	£	£	£
MARKET VALUE				
At 6 April 2024	11,530,128	203,986	2,924,250	14,658,364
Additions	2,403,074	(75,656)	1,575,000	3,902,418
Disposals	(2,416,590)	-	-	(2,416,590)
Revaluations	(82,612)	-	(14,875)	(97,487)
At 5 April 2025	11,434,000	128,330	4,484,375	16,046,705

	<u>Quoted</u> <u>Investments</u>	<u>Investment</u> <u>Property</u>	<u>2025 Total</u>	<u>2024 Total</u>
	£	£	£	£
The investments are held:				
Fixed Interest	5,506,285	-	5,506,285	4,805,329
Equities	4,787,845	-	4,787,845	5,252,498
Alternative Investments	1,139,870	-	1,139,870	1,472,301
Portfolio Cash	128,330	-	128,330	203,986
Investment Property	-	4,484,375	4,484,375	2,924,250
	11,562,330	4,484,375	16,046,705	14,658,364

The Charity

	<u>Listed</u> <u>Investments</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>Freehold</u> <u>Property</u>	<u>Subsidiary</u> <u>Undertakings</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£	£	£	£	£
MARKET VALUE					
At 6 April 2024	11,530,128	203,986	2,924,250	63,001	14,721,365
Additions	2,403,074	(75,656)	1,575,000	-	3,902,418
Disposals and transfers	(2,416,590)	-	-	-	(2,416,590)
Revaluations	(82,612)	-	(14,875)	-	(97,487)
At 5 April 2025	11,434,000	128,330	4,484,375	63,001	16,109,706

	<u>Quoted</u> <u>Investments</u>	<u>Investment</u> <u>Property</u>	<u>Subsidiary</u> <u>Undertakings</u>	<u>2025 Total</u>	<u>2024 Total</u>
	£	£	£	£	£
The investments are held:					
Fixed Interest	5,506,285	-	-	5,506,285	4,805,329
Equities	4,787,845	-	-	4,787,845	5,252,498
Alternative Investments	1,139,870	-	-	1,139,870	1,472,301
Portfolio Cash	128,330	-	-	128,330	203,986
Investment Property	-	4,484,375	-	4,484,375	2,924,250
Subsidiary undertakings	-	-	63,001	63,001	63,001
	11,562,330	4,484,375	63,001	16,109,706	14,721,365

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

INVESTMENT PROPERTY VALUATION

The trustees have undertaken the year end valuations of both the residential and commercial investment properties.

These valuations are based on an independent professional valuation of the residential investment properties carried out by Morgan Aps Sales & Lettings LLP in April 2025 and an independent professional valuation of the commercial investment properties carried out by GJS Dillion in April 2022.

13 SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING

The Bransford Trust has a wholly owned subsidiary, Royal Porcelain Works Limited. Available profits are gift aided to the charity. The summary financial performance of the subsidiary is:

	2025	2024
	£	£
Turnover	74,218	89,108
Cost of sales	(37,359)	(53,688)
Gross profit	36,859	35,420
Administrative expenses	(60,921)	(64,368)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(24,062)	(28,948)

The aggregate of the assets and liabilities was:

Assets	108,570	158,895
Liabilities	(117,617)	(143,880)
Net assets	(9,047)	15,015

14 PARENT CHARITY

The consolidated statement of financial activities includes the results of the charity's wholly owned subsidiary. The summary financial performance of the charity alone is:

	2025	2024
	£	£
Gross income	2,434,587	1,042,836
Expenditure	(848,330)	(929,445)
Net income/(expenditure)	1,586,257	113,391
Net gains/(losses) on investments	(97,487)	110,808
Total funds brought forward	19,875,239	19,651,040
Total funds carried forward	21,364,009	19,875,239

15 STOCK

	Group		Charity	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	£	£	£	£
Goods held for resale	55,978	55,978	-	-

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

16 DEBTORS

	Group		Charity	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	25,069	51,119	1,649	31,088
Other debtors	344,023	12,556	334,896	4,556
Amounts owed by Royal Porcelain Works Ltd	-	-	108,335	136,623
	369,092	63,675	444,880	172,267

17 CURRENT ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Group		Charity	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	£	£	£	£
Fixed term investment bonds	-	500,000	-	500,000
	-	500,000	-	500,000

18 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Charity	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	£	£	£	£
Trade creditors	6,665	14,075	6,644	18,568
Grants payable – see note 7	244,190	-	244,190	-
Other creditors	405	1,254	405	1,254
VAT	6,837	4,597	8,003	4,194
Accruals	32,346	32,596	30,391	30,896
Deferred income	41,875	32,981	41,875	30,636
	332,318	85,503	331,508	85,548

Deferred income

Deferred income relates to investment property rental income received that relates to the next financial year. All deferred income at the end of the prior year was released to the statement of financial activities in the current year.

The Bransford Trust

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 5 APRIL 2025

19 OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

At the year end The Bransford Trust had minimum lease income under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:

	Group		Charity	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	£	£	£	£
Within one year	102,413	76,550	44,413	37,800
Between one and five years	79,383	67,339	19,425	27,756
After five years	-	-	-	-
	181,796	143,889	63,838	65,556

20 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year The Bransford Trust purchased insurance under normal market conditions totalling £3,135 (2024 - £16,650) from Sutcliffe Insurance Brokers Limited, a company in which D Sutcliffe is a director and shareholder of its parent company.

During the year the charity received £5,000 (2024 - £12,090) from Bransford Court Farm LLP, a partnership that Mr C A Kinnear OBE is a designated partner of, in regard to recharged wage costs. At the year end Bransford Court Farm LLP owed the charity £nil (2024 - £3,600).

During the year Mr C A Kinnear OBE and Mrs B Kinnear donated £1,323,000 (2024 - £258,000) to the charity, on which gift aid of £328,250 (2024 - £64,500) has been claimed.

21 PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

Following a change in accounting policy to now classify short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less within cash as a cash equivalent, the comparatives have been restated to reclassify £250,000 from current asset investment to cash at bank.

