Company registration number: 09973689
Charity registration number: 1170230

Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 30 June 2021

Westlake Clark Audit LLP
Statutory Auditor
7 Lynwood Court
Priestlands Place
Lymington
Hampshire
SO41 9GA

Signed copy

Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

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Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	S Staley M McComish S Hogan F Puddester E L Kim
Principal Office	99 Durlston Road London E5 8RP
	The charity is incorporated in England and Wales.
Company Registration Number	09973689
Charity Registration Number	1170230
Bankers	Barclays Bank
Auditor	Westlake Clark Audit LLP Statutory Auditor 7 Lynwood Court Priestlands Place Lymington Hampshire SO41 9GA

Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

Trustees' Report

The trustees, who are directors for the purposes of company law, present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The objects and aims of the charity are:
a) the advancement of learning and education in particular at Williams College and;
b) such other exclusively charitable purposes as the trustees may in their absolute discretion determine.

Objectives, strategies and activities

The charity aims to achieve its objectives by providing grants to Williams College. During the period the charity was able to provide grants totalling £51,676 through donations and gift aid also received during the period.

Public benefit

During the year under review grants to educational establishments of £51,756 were made in furtherance of the aims of the charity. The trustees believe that the grants ultimately result in benefitting the wider public through furthering education.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited was incorporated on 27 January 2016, registered as a charity on 17 November 2016 and commenced trading on that date.

The charity is incorporated and is constituted and governed by its memorandum and articles of association dated 27 January 2016.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The Trustees who are also directors of the company, elect new members as and when required.

Financial instruments

Objectives and policies

The charity's activities expose it to a number of financial risks including credit risk and cash flow risk. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the charity's policies approved by the board of trustees, which provide written principles on the use of financial derivatives to manage these risks. The charity does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Cash flow risk

The charity's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The charity uses foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge these exposures.

Credit risk

The charity's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash.
The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on 10/21/21 and signed on its behalf by:

.....
S Hogan
Trustee

Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees (who are also the directors of Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2015 (FRS 102);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Approved by the trustees of the charity on 10/21/21 and signed on its behalf by:

.....
S Hogan
Trustee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited (the 'charity') for the year ended 30 June 2021, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 30 June 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the charity's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited (continued)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006
In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Trustees' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception
In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

• the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 4), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the charity's internal control.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

This report is made solely to the charitable company's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

P J Clegg

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Peter Clegg BSc (Hons) FCA CTA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Westlake Clark Audit LLP, Statutory Auditor

7 Lynwood Court
Priestlands Place
Lymington
Hampshire
SO41 9GA

Date: 9 December 17th 2021

Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 30 June 2021
(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	Total 2021 £
Income and Endowments from:				
Donations and legacies	2	2,619	44,629	47,248
Other income	3	1	-	1
Total Income		2,620	44,629	47,249
Expenditure on:				
Charitable activities	4	(7,454)	(44,629)	(52,083)
Total Expenditure		(7,454)	(44,629)	(52,083)
Net expenditure		(4,834)	-	(4,834)
Net movement in funds		(4,834)	-	(4,834)
Reconciliation of funds				
Total funds brought forward		5,232	4,845	10,077
Total funds carried forward	13	398	4,845	5,243

	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	Total 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:				
Donations and legacies	2	637,603	19,691	657,294
Other income	3	4	-	4
Total Income		637,607	19,691	657,298
Expenditure on:				
Charitable activities	4	(637,711)	(14,846)	(652,557)
Total Expenditure		(637,711)	(14,846)	(652,557)
Net (expenditure)/income		(104)	4,845	4,741
Net movement in funds		(104)	4,845	4,741
Reconciliation of funds				
Total funds brought forward		5,336	-	5,336
Total funds carried forward	13	5,232	4,845	10,077

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.
The funds breakdowns for 2021 and 2020 are shown in note 13.

Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited

(Registration number: 09973689)
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Current assets			
Debtors	9	376	1,007
Cash at bank and in hand	10	5,049	26,238
		5,425	27,245
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	11	(181)	(17,167)
Net assets		5,244	10,078
Funds of the charity:			
Restricted funds		4,845	4,845
Unrestricted income funds			
Called up share capital	12	1	1
Unrestricted funds	13	398	5,232
Total unrestricted funds		399	5,233
Total funds		5,244	10,078

The financial statements on pages 8 to 17 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on

10/21/21 and signed on their behalf by:

.....

S Hogan
Trustee

1 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates
The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance
The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102). They also comply with the Companies Act 2006 and Charities Act 2011.

General information and basis of preparation
Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited is a charitable company limited by share capital, incorporated in England. The registered office address is:
99 Durlston Road
London
England
E5 8RP

The principal activities and operations of the charity are shown on page 2 of these financial statements.

The charity meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

The accounts are presented in sterling to the nearest £1.

Going concern
The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern nor any significant areas of uncertainty that affect the carrying value of assets held by the charity.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement
The charity opted to adopt Bulletin 1 published on 2 February 2016 and have therefore not included a cash flow statement in these financial statements.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Income and endowments

All income is recognised once the Charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of the income receivable can be measured reliably.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the Charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the Charity before the Charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fullymet, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the Charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the Charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Grant provisions

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Support costs

Support costs include central functions and have been allocated to activity cost categories on a basis consistent with the use of resources, for example, allocating property costs by floor areas, or per capita, staff costs by the time spent and other costs by their usage.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign exchange
Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date.

The results of overseas operations are translated at the average rates of exchange during the period and their balance sheets at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising on translation of the opening net assets and results of overseas operations are reported in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

Other exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities in the period in which they arise except for:

1) exchange differences on transactions entered into to hedge certain foreign currency risks (see above);

2) exchange differences arising on gains or losses on non-monetary items which are recognised in other comprehensive income; and

3) in the case of the consolidated financial statements, exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised in other comprehensive income and reported under equity.

Fund structure
Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustee's discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the Charity.

Restricted income funds are those donated for use in a particular area or for specific purposes, the use of which is restricted to that area or purpose.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.
Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

2 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds			
	General	Restricted funds	Total 2021	Total 2020
	£	£	£	£
Donations and legacies;				
Donations from individuals	2,095	38,548	40,643	525,837
Gift aid reclaimed	524	6,081	6,605	131,457
	2,619	44,629	47,248	657,294

3 Other income

	Unrestricted funds		
	General	Total 2021	Total 2020
	£	£	£
Bank loyalty bonus	1	1	4

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Note	Unrestricted funds General £	Restricted funds £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Grant funding of activities		7,127	44,629	51,756	652,403
Allocated support costs	5	327	-	327	154
		7,454	44,629	52,083	652,557

£7,454 (2020 - £637,711) of the above expenditure was attributable to unrestricted funds and £44,629 (2020 - £14,846) to restricted funds.

5 Analysis of support costs

Support costs allocated to charitable activities

	Basis of allocation	Finance costs £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Grant funding of activities	100%	327	327	154

6 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

Donations made by the trustees without any conditions attached totalled £Nil for the year (2020 - £1,225).

7 Auditors' remuneration

Auditors fees are paid for by Williams College (parent company) on behalf of the charity.

Fees payable in respect of the year to 30 June 2021 are £1,750 net of VAT (2020 - £1,700 net of VAT).

8 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

9 Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Other debtors	376	1,007

10 Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash on hand	1	1
Cash at bank	5,048	26,237
	5,049	26,238

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Other creditors	181	17,167

12 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2021		2020	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1

13 Funds

	Balance at 1 July 2020 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 30 June 2021 £
Unrestricted funds				
General				
Unrestricted income fund	5,232	2,620	(7,454)	398
Restricted funds				
Reunion fund	4,845	44,629	(44,629)	4,845
Total funds	10,077	47,249	(52,083)	5,243

	Balance at 1 July 2019 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 30 June 2020 £
Unrestricted funds				
General				
Unrestricted income fund	5,336	637,607	(637,711)	5,232
Restricted funds				
Reunion fund	-	19,691	(14,846)	4,845
Total funds	5,336	657,298	(652,557)	10,077

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

The Reunion Fund is for the purpose of the Class of '93 25th Reunion.

14 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds	
	General	Total funds at 30 June 2021
	£	£
Current assets	5,425	5,425
Current liabilities	(181)	(181)
Total net assets	5,244	5,244

	Unrestricted funds	
	General	Total funds at 30 June 2020
	£	£
Current assets	27,245	27,245
Current liabilities	(17,167)	(17,167)
Total net assets	10,078	10,078

15 Related party transactions

During the year the charity made the following related party transactions:

Williams College
(Parent)
During the financial period Williams College incurred costs of £8,113 (2020 - £8,053) on behalf of Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited for which it is not requesting reimbursement. At the balance sheet date the amount due to/from Williams College was £Nil (2020 - £Nil).

Eugene Kim
(Trustee)
During the year, Eugene Kim made a donation of £Nil (2020 - £1,225) to the charity. At the balance sheet date the amount due to/from Eugene Kim was £Nil (2020 - £Nil).

Thi Nhuoc Lan Tu
(Wife of Trustee Eugene Lee Kim)
During the year, Thi Nhuoc Lan Tu made a donation of £1,500 (2020 - £Nil) to the charity. At the balance sheet date the amount due to/from Thi Nhuoc Lan Tu was £Nil (2020 - £Nil).

16 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited is a subsidiary of Williams College. Williams College is a US not for profit organisation whose address is 880 Main St, Williamstown, MA 01267, USA. Williams College Foundation (UK) Limited is controlled by its own Trustees who are all directors of the company.