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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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## **CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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<b>Trustees</b>	The charity has been granted dispensation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales not to name its trustees. This dispensation has been granted so as to preserve the safety of all those involved with the charity.
<b>Charity registered number</b>	1163790
<b>Principal office</b>	PO Box 7393 London W1A 5XQ
<b>Independent auditors</b>	BKL Audit LLP 35 Ballards Lane London N3 1XW
<b>Bankers</b>	Lloyds Bank 33 Old Street London EC2N 3AH

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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The trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the charity for the year January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

#### **Objectives and activities**

##### **a. Policies and objectives**

Campaign Against Antisemitism (CAA) is a volunteer-led charity dedicated to exposing and countering antisemitism through education and a zero-tolerance enforcement of the law. It is the UK's leading organisation fighting antisemitism. The charity's objectives are to promote racial harmony for the public benefit between Jewish people wherever in the world and other members of society by the elimination of antisemitism, including raising awareness of the occurrence of antisemitism and providing advocacy, assistance, care and relief in relation to those affected by antisemitism; and to advance education as regards the history, causes, effects and prevention of antisemitism for the public benefit.

The charity's overall objective is reflected in our motto: "Justice, justice you shall pursue", which is drawn from a well-known verse from Deuteronomy (16:20). The repetition of the word justice in the verse can be understood simply as a means of emphasis; however, some believe that it denotes two types of justice: justice for ourselves and justice for others. Others propose that it means that we must seek justice by just means alone. Together, these interpretations capture the ethos of the charity. In adopting "Justice, justice you shall pursue" as our motto, we unify all that we do under the universal value of the pursuit and realisation of justice.

We envision a society in which antisemitism is universally understood and abhorred. Our mission is to secure justice against antisemites and strive for a more unified and harmonious society.

The trustees have had regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

##### **b. Strategies for achieving objectives**

We expect the authorities, professions and political parties to take firm action to address manifestations of antisemitism, and we work closely with them. However, when they do not defend the rights of British Jews, we take action ourselves in courts and tribunals, and through the media.

In the aftermath of the horrific attack on 7th October 2023 by Hamas there was an increase in antisemitic incidents of 1,350% according to the Metropolitan Police Service. This has led to a consistent sense of isolation and hostility for the Jewish community, carrying into, and lasting the duration of, 2024, with institutions largely failing to assuage these sentiments.

We are at the forefront of the battle to deter antisemitic crime and pursue justice for victims and the Jewish community. To this end, we deploy innovative legal strategies against those who express or propagate antisemitism, and our litigation continues to set landmark legal precedents.

We have engaged public pressure to bring attention to the plight of Britain's Jews.

Our small team of staff works with the thousands of volunteers who have signed up to contribute their considerable talents to the fight against antisemitism.

In the long history of the fight against the world's oldest hatred, every accomplishment of note started with a small, plucky, single-minded group using every ounce of their determination and ingenuity to achieve an objective that everyone else said was too ambitious.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Objectives and activities (continued)

##### c. Activities undertaken to achieve objectives

During the period, the charity's activities have included:

- Campaigning against antisemitism wherever it arises, including on the streets and online, as well as in media, public life, the professions, and civil society, by highlighting the problem and demanding action. We regularly appear on the UK's main television and radio stations, and work closely with every mainstream newspaper.
- Enforcing zero tolerance of antisemitism by working with the authorities to investigate and prosecute hate crimes toward Jews. When the authorities failed to act, we successfully launched litigation. Over the years, this has included private prosecutions using our own lawyers and bringing judicial review proceedings against the Crown to force the state to prosecute offenders. These techniques have resulted in criminal convictions and even custodial sentences in cases when the Crown Prosecution Service initially refused to prosecute.
- Working closely with legislators to ensure that regulations, laws and penalties are suitably tough, that the right laws are in place to deter antisemitic hate, and that those laws are enforced.
- Holding educational events for school pupils, university students and adults, both within the Jewish community and beyond, as well as through the provision of training to professional regulators and other organisations in the private and public sectors, to promote the knowledge, recognition and deterrence of antisemitism.
- Raising awareness of antisemitism through the provision of resources and the publication of research, ranging from historical resources and in-depth investigations of contemporary manifestations of antisemitism to national polls, and statistics-gathering. These research projects inform our work and also equip the authorities, the media and the general public with vital information that contributes to their understanding of antisemitism and how to counter it. We also publicise antisemitic incidents on our website and social media platforms, which attract a substantial and growing domestic and international readership.
- Promoting the widespread adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism. In 2016, the UK was the first country in the world to adopt the definition, something for which the charity worked hard over many meetings with officials at Downing Street. Since then, we have promoted the adoption of the definition by public bodies, criminal and judicial bodies, local authorities, universities and others.

##### d. Social investment policies

The charity did not engage in social investment or grant-making, nor did it hold funds as custodian trustee on behalf of others

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Achievements and performance

##### a. Main achievements of the charity

Over the course of the 2024, the charity's achievements and performance have included the following:

##### Communications

- A comedian hounded Jewish and Israeli guests from his gig at a London theatre, yelling "Get out of my show. Get the f\*\*\* out of here..." while the audience shouted "Get out" and "Free Palestine." CAA met with and offered support to the victims, helping them get their story widespread coverage and providing them with legal support.
- CAA worked positively with the venue to procure an apology and the banning of the comedian from returning to the venue.
- Following this, the comedian was reportedly dropped from two other venues.
- The BBC dropped a controversial Apprentice contestant from its spin off show, following pressure from CAA. The contestant had posted antisemitic rhetoric, including "Have you ever met even a semi-average looking Zionist? Aren't they all odiously ogre-like?" and "This tiny European neo-colonial settler project has shamelessly weaponised the horror of the Holocaust to push another fascist ideology based on racial supremacy".
- We recorded a podcast episode with outgoing MP Mike Freer, who faced threats and challenges from antisemites for his support for the Jewish community.
- We highlighted the record of a parliamentary candidate for the Rochdale by-election. He had previously suggested Israel may have enabled the 7th October Hamas massacre. His political party withdrew its support for him following our condemnation of his comments across multiple outlets.
- We commissioned a survey into attitudes towards Jews, which revealed frighteningly high rates of antisemitism, especially among young people aged between 18 and 24.  
We researched thousands of candidates from all major political parties during the General Election to uncover what they really think about British Jews. Our research featured across the press, including the front page of The Times.
- We filmed a series of testimonial videos, giving victims of antisemitism the opportunity to publicly express how antisemitism is affecting them today.
- After Adonis announced on social media that "definitely no f\*\*\*ing Zionists" were welcome at its club nights, we wrote to the company that holds the licence for the venue, which announced that the event would no longer take place on its premises. Adonis eventually fully retracted its previous stance and apologised.

##### Litigation

- In late 2023, we undertook a private prosecution against an individual sharing antisemitic conspiracy theories online after police failed to identify him. In 2024, he was convicted and sentenced.
- We received permission from the Attorney General's Office to pursue a private prosecution against a prominent individual for incitement to racial hatred.
- We have also been granted an application for summons by the court in a case relating to horrendous activity on social media. We will ensure that posting online from the comfort of your home does not immunise trolls from the consequences of their actions.
- We are among the very first to bring a case under the new Online Safety Act 2023. Specifically, the offence in this case sends a message online conveying a threat of death or serious harm, with the intention that an individual encountering the threat would fear the threat would be carried out.
- An Iranian dissident living in London held a sign condemning Hamas as a terror organisation next to an anti-Israel demonstration in London. He was abused by protesters and allegedly assaulted. The police confiscated his sign and arrested him. He was injured and required hospital treatment for a wound. We

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Achievements and performance (continued)

- provided him with legal representation, and are pleased that the outrageous charges have been dropped and the case is now closed.
- A father received a copy of his six-month-old baby girl's birth certificate back from the Home Office with his place of birth scribbled out and the paper torn. His place of birth was Israel. The Home Secretary swiftly responded to our call for an investigation, confirming that he has directed the Home Office to investigate and apologising on behalf of the Department. Contractor, Sopra Steria, suspended a number of staff pending investigation.
  - Following outrageous comments regarding the October 7th massacre by Labour Parliamentary candidates Azhar Ali and Graham Jones, CAA successfully demanded their suspension.
  - A group of three protestors were convicted of terrorism offences for displaying images of a paraglider, a symbol that has come to be associated with the Hamas attack on Israel, but the judge decided that they should face no punishment. We then highlighted that the judge had engaged on social media in a manner that suggested possible bias. We shared this with the media and wrote to the Judicial Conduct Investigations Office, which upheld our complaint.
  - We assisted a Jewish nightclub owner after he received a threatening package containing a printed note calling him a "Zionist child killer" and children's clothes drenched in fake blood, graffiti denouncing him and calling for a boycott of his venue, and an apparent threat on social media to firebomb his home.
  - Based on evidence sourced and exposed by our Demonstration and Event Monitoring Unit, an arrest was made over a placard at an anti-Israel rally. The placard contained content that clearly violated the International Definition of Antisemitism.

#### Policy

- Following a campaign by CAA and others, the Home Office confirmed in January the full proscription of Hizb ut-Tahrir.
- MPs debated a proposal by Nickie Aiken MP relating to the contribution of British Jews to our country. Campaign Against Antisemitism provided a submission to all MPs in advance of the debate.
- The Honours Forfeiture Committee, acting on our recommendation, investigated the rapper Richard Kylea Cowie Jr (Wiley)'s conduct, and stripped him of the MBE that he had received in 2018.
- We wrote to Sir Mark Rowley, observing that he has the distinction of presiding over the worst surge in antisemitic criminality in our capital city since records began. His officers are being put at risk through his stance, and we called for much needed clarity, demanding that the conflicting publicly stated positions of the British Government and the Metropolitan Police are reconciled and that the law is enforced.
- We met with the then Home Secretary and Minister of State for Crime and Policing to propose concrete measures to tackle the policing of marches, ensuring the Met has nowhere to hide.
- During the General Election, we circulated a 'pledge' for prospective parliamentary candidates to commit to, asking them to adopt and abide by the International Definition of Antisemitism and to encourage and promote its widespread adoption and implementation. It was signed by hundreds of candidates.
- In the context of the surge in antisemitism following the October 7th atrocity, CAA hosted the first ever hustings focused on antisemitism, in the buildup to the July 2024 election.

#### Education

- Our latest school leadership course was delivered to hundreds of Jewish schoolchildren.
- CAA held positive discussions on antisemitism education at universities, schools and colleges with the Department for Education.
- We wrote to the University of Leeds after a series of antisemitic incidents, including a protest where open displays of support for the Houthis could be seen, and Jewish students and buildings were targeted.
- We held protests against the appearance of controversial UN rapporteur Francesca Albanese on UK

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Achievements and performance (continued)

university campuses. She has made innumerable comparisons between Israelis and the Nazis, in breach of the International (IHRA) Definition of Antisemitism, which has been adopted by the British Government. In 2022, she reportedly addressed a conference in Gaza in which she stated, "You have a right to resist this occupation." Hamas reportedly organised the conference and numerous spokespeople from both Hamas and Palestinian Islamic Jihad (PIJ) were present. Both Hamas and the PIJ are proscribed as terrorist organisations by the UK Government.

- Despite significant logistical challenges, with Storm Darragh disrupting travel links and reducing numbers of attendees, tens of thousands joined the March Against Antisemitism in December 2024. The march celebrated allyship and the solidarity of non-Jews and Jews against antisemitic hatred and extremism.

#### b. Factors relevant to achieve objectives

The dramatic rise in antisemitism and the subsequent demand for our services since 7th October 2023 has demanded that we dramatically increase our output. To this end, the expansion of our staff team began in 2023 and continued into 2024. We have also begun an overhaul process of our mobilisation process, improving the experience of those who volunteer for CAA.

We expanded our communications team to increase our output of visual content and help manage our social media channels.

We launched a Student Ambassador programme, increasing CAA's presence on university campuses.

We hired a former police sergeant to join our investigations team as Casework Manager. This dramatically improved our case streamlining, allowing us to support more victims seeking urgent support from us. We also added a Paralegal to our staff base, supporting our legal work.

We also brought in a consultant to assist in developing new methods and ways of working to increase efficiency within the charity.

#### c. Fundraising activities and income generation

Donations were received throughout the year through direct approaches to philanthropists. This effort was supported by our first direct debit appeal in 5 years, and an online crowdfunding appeal in June 2024. We further engaged with a range of public and private events and parlour meetings.

#### d. Regulatory & Compliance update

In May 2024, the Charity Commission concluded a longstanding regulatory compliance case opened in 2020, following a complaint by Jewish Voice for Labour. The Commission confirmed that there had been no wrongdoing and closed the matter with no further action.

We welcomed this outcome, which reflects the integrity of our operations and our commitment to compliance with all relevant charity laws and regulations. The case had been cited by detractors to question our activities, and its closure reaffirmed the legal and ethical foundations of our work.



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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Financial review

##### a. Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies.

##### b. Reserves policy

Unrestricted reserves are £4,440,414 at the year's end. Due to factors including economic uncertainty, the unpredictable nature of much of the charity's fundraising, the fact that the charity undertakes litigation which could result in adverse cost orders, and the fact that the charity may be required to react to unforeseen antisemitic incidents such as in the aftermath of the 7th October 2023 atrocity, it is the charity's policy to hold reserves equivalent to two years' operating costs. Additionally, the charity holds reserves which are earmarked for planned expansion for which it conducts fundraising.

##### c. Income

Total income during 2024 amounted to £2,479,754 (2023: £2,607,437). After deducting total expenditure in the year of £1,812,718 (2023: £1,227,763), there was a net income of £667,036 (2023: £1,379,674).

##### d. Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks of the charity, as identified by the trustees, are outlined below:

##### Financial risks

This is the risk that the charity's financial health could begin to deteriorate, and that the charity would therefore be unable to deliver its vital services at the current level. Such a risk could arise through a number of causes, such as a sudden shortfall in the donations received.

The charity has a variety of control measures in place so as to counteract this risk - it regularly monitors the adequacy of its financial returns so that it can take immediate corrective action whenever required, and it ensures that it receives sound and professional advice when it comes to investment matters.

##### Governance risks

This is the risk that the trustees (i.e. those charged with governance) do not have the prerequisite skills or commitment to shepherd the charity effectively. This risk is substantially mitigated through the charity's rigorous training and recruitment policies, as well as its regular review of those policies.

##### Personnel risks

This is the risk that the charity lacks the prerequisite staff so as to carry out its charitable aims, and it would arise from both an inability to retain staff as well as difficulty in the recruitment of new staff. This risk has been mitigated through a variety of measures, such as general succession planning and the use of notice periods, to allow the charity adequate time to replace lost staff.

##### Regulatory risk

This is the risk that the charity does not comply with relevant laws and regulations, which could result in significant financial and reputational ramifications. The charity recognises the importance of compliance and as

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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such has implemented appropriate measures. For instance, the charity has identified the laws and regulations that are relevant to a charity of its size and nature, and it has allocated responsibility amongst its staff for compliance with those laws and regulations. It has also implemented procedures for compliance monitoring and reporting, and where appropriate it has obtained compliance reports from regulators.

#### **Operational risk**

This is the risk that operational factors will impede the progress of the charity. Such factors might include a decline in satisfaction amongst users of the charity's services.

The charity has countered the risk of declining satisfaction through senior-level case management, so as to ensure that the charity's services are always to an appropriate standard.

#### **Environmental and external risks**

This is the risk that the success of the charity could be hampered by changes to its relationship with the public or its donors. It has countered this risk through the employment of dedicated communications and community engagement personnel, and by ensuring that it is adequately staffed at all times.

#### **e. Financial risk management objectives and policies**

The trustees have overall responsibility for the charity's systems of internal control that are designed by senior management to ensure effective and efficient operations, including financial reporting, and compliance with laws and regulations. In establishing and reviewing the system of internal control, the trustees and senior management have regard to the materiality of relevant risks, the likelihood of loss being incurred and the cost of control. A risk assessment report and register of risks are produced and reviewed by the Trustees at least annually and key managers and staff have been consulted to ensure that all areas of risk are identified and managed appropriately.

The charity is committed to a policy of identifying, monitoring and managing the risks that might adversely affect the activities in which it is involved. In this context, risk is defined as the potential for loss, financial and reputational, inherent in the environment in which the charity operates and the transactions undertaken. The trustees believe that an appropriate review of risks is currently undertaken, with risks being ranked and periodically reviewed, and appropriate action being identified to mitigate the risks.

#### **f. Principal funding**

The principal funding sources of the charity are shown in notes 3 and 4 of the accounts. The trustees monitor the charity's activities against its objectives.

#### **Structure, governance and management**

##### **a. Constitution**

The charity was registered as a charitable incorporated organisation (CIO) on 1st October 2015.

The charity's governing document is its constitution.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Structure, governance and management (continued)

##### b. Methods of appointment or election of trustees

New trustees are appointed by the existing trustees. Vetting and checks of trustees are carried out in line with Charity Commission guidance. All new trustees receive information outlining their legal obligations under charity law, a copy of the previous year's annual report and accounts, a copy of the charity's constitution and current information and literature regarding the charity. Inductions take place with all staff.

The board has a positive approach to its own training and development, regularly reviewing skills and needs. All trustees are encouraged to keep abreast of developments both in charity governance and in current issues.

##### c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

The small staff team works with an outstanding volunteer team of over 5,000 people who have signed up to contribute their talents to the fight against antisemitism. It is thanks to its many volunteers that the charity is able to conduct such far-reaching campaigns and continue to expose and counter antisemitism nationwide.

The charity consists of eight teams working closely together:

- Investigations and enforcement: Detects and investigates antisemitic incidents and seeks enforcement action by regulators and the criminal justice system
- Outreach and education: Establishes alliances with other groups and educates the public about antisemitism and how to fight it. While our work is naturally of importance to Jews, a considerable number of our volunteers are not Jewish, and we are proud to be recruiting people from across society.
- Public affairs and research: Builds relationships with governmental bodies, police forces and other organisations involved in the fight against antisemitism in order to advocate for the state to adopt a zero-tolerance approach to antisemitism.
- Awareness and communication: Works to raise awareness of antisemitism amongst the British public by building and leveraging an extensive network of senior journalists in mainstream media and conducting social media campaigns.
- Litigation: Provides expert legal advice and litigates directly against individuals or organisations expressing or propagating antisemitism and also litigates against the authorities when they fail to act.
- Mobilisation: Recruits, trains and coordinates our hundreds of volunteers, empowering them to take effective action against antisemitism and in accordance with our objects, and works to identify and satisfy resource requirements.
- Organisation and Finance: Ensures that the charity operates effectively in compliance with the law.
- Fundraising: Raises funds in order to pursue campaigns and increase our capabilities.

##### d. Pay policy for key management personnel

The pay policy for key management is set by the charity's remuneration committee. Key management personnel are not on the remuneration committee and do not attend the meetings. The remuneration committee comprises three trustees and two independent members. The remuneration of key management is reviewed once a year.

##### e. Related party relationships

Campaign Against Antisemitism has no related party relationships with any other organisations.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Plans for future periods

Since October 7th, Jews worldwide have faced the most severe antisemitism seen in decades. 2024 has continued in much the same vein as the final quarter of 2023, but having spent ten years building CAA, as an organisation and as a community, we are incomparably better placed to fight back.

#### a. Standing up for Jews

The charity decided to build on the successes of the March Against Antisemitism in 2023 and 2024 with a further march. The march took place on 7th September 2025 and gave a voice to tens of thousands of people from the Jewish community and its allies, maintaining pressure on the authorities and the public to stand with British Jews. In addition to raising awareness, the march is a vital service to Jews across the country by whom the currently high levels of antisemitism are keenly felt.

#### b. Enforcement

Antisemitic incidents have become a feature of British Jewish life.

Despite our landmark legal successes, with the scale of antisemitic incidents and support for genocidal antisemitic terror groups, the authorities continue to fail to prosecute hate crime on the streets and antisemitic incitement online to an adequate level. Government support has not translated into adequate policing and with the continued issues around support for Hamas during public protests, biases in reporting and social media, the Jewish community is in a state of insecurity.

We intend to continue to pursue private prosecutions where necessary, employing our experience to bring those who express or propagate antisemitism to justice. If we cannot rely on the justice system to do its job, we will do it instead.

Incitement with impunity is emboldening anti-Jewish racists on the internet and on our streets, and only zero-tolerance enforcement of the law will deter future expressions of antisemitism and secure the future of Britain's Jewish community.

Our legal work will not only provide a route to justice for the victims of antisemitism, it will also serve as a constant proof to the authorities that they could, and should, obtain justice and that our action is a symptom of their failure to uphold the law.

#### c. Media, social media and politics

With the notable rise of antisemitism, the charity will continue to robustly challenge expressions of antisemitism, and the downplaying of antisemitism, in traditional and new media. As well as holding major corporations to account, and influencing policy changes, we will also achieve this through publicising incidents, including through protests, and working with technology companies to improve their processes and holding them to account when they fall short.

The charity will look to focus on the failures of Britain's media, including the BBC, to maintain the basic standards necessary to ensure that their reporting does not incite further division and hatred towards the Jewish community.

CAA will highlight the impact of prominent voices on antisemitic sentiments in the country, using every media route available, including our growing YouTube channel, long and short-form content, traditional media statements and campaigns as necessary to achieve justice.

The charity will continue to expose, document and highlight antisemitism in political parties, publishing our case files, and endeavouring to ensure that antisemitic political activists are held to account wherever possible, without fear or favour.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Plans for future periods (continued)

##### d. Further and higher education

Antisemitism at universities escalated significantly over the final quarter of 2023. In 2024, this situation continued to worsen. We have seen the normalisation of open support for proscribed terror groups such as Hamas, and as yet unproscribed groups which advocate for antisemitism, such as Ansar Allah (the Houthis). Jewish life on many campuses has changed significantly, and universities have been largely unable to address these changes.

We will expand our Student Ambassador programme. Where appropriate, we intend to bring legal proceedings to force universities to defend their Jewish students and staff, and we will continue to offer antisemitism training to universities and campus bodies. We will also protest, and publicise incidents of egregious antisemitism to increase public awareness of the failings in this sector.

We are engaging with Jewish schools and will continue to expand our antisemitism education, ensuring that Jewish students are better equipped to address this hatred after leaving school. The further expansion of our educational programming, which started in 2023, will greatly improve Jewish schools' offerings around antisemitism education going forward, developing the next generation of Jewish leaders, activists and CAA ambassadors.

We are developing a new programme which will focus on the need to educate the wider school-age public. This will be achieved through a range of classes developed and designed alongside the existing curriculum, to maximise uptake and effectiveness

##### e. Office and staffing

The charity will look to better achieve its goals by recruiting additional staff. This includes supplementing our litigation team, which works alongside a range of specialists, both in pro bono capacities and as hired external firms at the forefront of the fight against antisemitism. This will enable us to bring private prosecutions against antisemites and challenge the Crown Prosecution Service when it fails to prosecute antisemitic hate crime; subjecting inadequate decisions by public bodies to judicial review; submitting regulatory complaints; bringing defamation cases; and establishing a legal network.

This will be supplemented by significantly expanding our communications team, adding experience and specialist skills to help CAA grow our social media channels and creating engaging and relevant campaigns to highlight the issue of antisemitism.

To improve the working experience of those within CAA, we will develop our staff and volunteer handbook, designed to formalise, clarify and expand responsibilities and opportunities with CAA for both staff and volunteers.

We will also look to expand our education team to better cope with the fast increase in demand from this sector. This will be through a combination of volunteer and paid intern recruitment.

With our rapidly-growing volunteer team and staff. We will look at practical options to expand the use of our office space to attract volunteers to work from our volunteer hub, and better cater to the needs of our growing staff.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- Make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011 and the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are trustees at the time when this trustees' report is approved has confirmed that:

- So far as each trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- Each trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

#### Auditors

The auditors, BKL Audit LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The designated trustees will propose a motion reappointing the auditors at a meeting of the trustees.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees and signed on:

Date: 15 October 2025

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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#### Opinion

We have audited the of Campaign Against Antisemitism (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the :

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

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#### Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the and our Auditors' Report thereon. The trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustee's Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the ; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

#### Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the , the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

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#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these .

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiring of management around actual and potential litigation and claims.
- Reviewing board meeting minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation with applicable laws and regulations.
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluation the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the , as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the , whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

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- conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.  
Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the , including the disclosures, and whether the represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

**BKL Audit LLP**  
35 Ballards Lane  
London  
N3 1XW

Date: 15 October 2025

BKL Audit LLP are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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	Note	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £	Total funds 2023 £
<b>Income from:</b>				
Donations and legacies	3	2,428,797	2,428,797	2,601,501
Charitable activities	4	14,333	14,333	5,610
Income from investments	5	36,624	36,624	326
<b>Total income</b>		<b>2,479,754</b>	<b>2,479,754</b>	<b>2,607,437</b>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>				
Raising funds	6	14,611	14,611	19,207
Charitable activities	7	1,798,107	1,798,107	1,208,556
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>1,812,718</b>	<b>1,812,718</b>	<b>1,227,763</b>
<b>Net movement in funds</b>		<b>667,036</b>	<b>667,036</b>	<b>1,379,674</b>
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>				
Total funds brought forward		3,773,378	3,773,378	2,393,704
Net movement in funds		667,036	667,036	1,379,674
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		<b>4,440,414</b>	<b>4,440,414</b>	<b>3,773,378</b>

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements.

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**BALANCE SHEET  
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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	Note	2024 £	2023 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	12	76,202	99,285
		<u>76,202</u>	<u>99,285</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	13	55,250	59,376
Investments	14	4,136,786	-
Cash at bank and in hand		314,510	3,688,665
		<u>4,506,546</u>	<u>3,748,041</u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(142,334)	(73,948)
		<u>4,364,212</u>	<u>3,674,093</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>			
		<u>4,440,414</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>
<b>Total net assets</b>		<u>4,440,414</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>
<b>Charity funds</b>			
Unrestricted funds	16	4,440,414	3,773,378
<b>Total funds</b>		<u>4,440,414</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the trustee and signed on their behalf by:

Date: 15 October 2025

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements.

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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	2024 £	2023 £
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Net cash used in operating activities	<b>768,826</b>	<b>1,436,689</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	<b>(6,195)</b>	<b>(85,578)</b>
Purchase of investments	<b>(4,136,786)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(4,142,981)</b>	<b>(85,578)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
<b>Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year</b>	<b>(3,374,155)</b>	<b>1,351,111</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	<b>3,688,665</b>	<b>2,337,554</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>314,510</b>	<b>3,688,665</b>

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### 1. General information

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation that was registered with the Charity Commission on the 1st October 2015.

#### 2. Accounting policies

##### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Campaign Against Antisemitism meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

##### 2.2 Income

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance Sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

Donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount.

##### 2.3 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure incurred by the charity to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 2.3 Expenditure (continued)

The charity has one main activity being that of campaigning against antisemitism.

##### 2.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. All costs incurred to bring a tangible fixed asset into its intended working condition should be included in the measurement of cost.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Leasehold improvements	-	20%
Motor vehicles	-	20%
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	20%
Computer equipment	-	20%

##### 2.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amount of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

##### 2.6 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

##### 2.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 2.8 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities as a finance cost.

##### 2.9 Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### 2.10 Pensions

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the charity to the fund in respect of the year.

##### 2.11 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the trustee in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Investment income, gains and losses are allocated to the appropriate fund.



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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### 3. Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Donations	2,339,934	<b>2,339,934</b>
Gift aid	88,863	<b>88,863</b>
	<u>2,428,797</u>	<u><b>2,428,797</b></u>

A vast amount of time, the value of which is impossible to reflect in these financial statements, has been donated by volunteers. We would not have been able to achieve what we have done without their continued tremendous efforts.

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Donations	2,527,785	2,527,785
Gift aid	73,716	73,716
	<u>2,601,501</u>	<u>2,601,501</u>

#### 4. Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Sale of merchandise	14,333	<b>14,333</b>

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Sale of merchandise	5,610	5,610

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### 5. Income from investments

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Dividends received	35,182	<b>35,182</b>
Interest received	1,442	<b>1,442</b>
	<u>36,624</u>	<u><b>36,624</b></u>

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Interest received	326	326
	<u>326</u>	<u>326</u>

#### 6. Expenditure on raising funds

##### Costs of raising voluntary income

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Advertising	3,951	<b>3,951</b>
Campaign fees	10,660	<b>10,660</b>
	<u>14,611</u>	<u><b>14,611</b></u>

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Advertising	19,207	19,207
	<u>19,207</u>	<u>19,207</u>

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**6. Expenditure on raising funds (continued)**

**7. Analysis of expenditure on charitable activities**

**Summary by fund type**

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,798,107	<b>1,798,107</b>

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total 2023 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,208,556	1,208,556

**8. Analysis of expenditure by activities**

	Activities undertaken directly 2024 £	Support costs 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,595,279	202,828	<b>1,798,107</b>

	<i>Activities undertaken directly 2023 £</i>	<i>Support costs 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,039,635	168,921	1,208,556

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**8. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)**

**Analysis of direct costs**

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Staff costs	532,507	<b>532,507</b>
Travel	16,417	<b>16,417</b>
Staff training	857	<b>857</b>
Professional fees	634,851	<b>634,851</b>
Advertising	122,481	<b>122,481</b>
Event costs and other direct expenses	279,128	<b>279,128</b>
Cost of goods sold	9,038	<b>9,038</b>
	<u>1,595,279</u>	<u><b>1,595,279</b></u>
	<i>Campaigning against antisemitism 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Staff costs	391,816	391,816
Travel	34,925	34,925
Staff training	330	330
Professional fees	229,107	229,107
Advertising	238,806	238,806
Event costs and other direct expenses	144,651	144,651
	<u>1,039,635</u>	<u>1,039,635</u>

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**8. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)**

**Analysis of support costs**

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Depreciation	29,278	<b>29,278</b>
Rent and rates	66,298	<b>66,298</b>
General office expenses	76,160	<b>76,160</b>
Auditors' remuneration	13,086	<b>13,086</b>
Repairs and maintenance	18,006	<b>18,006</b>
	<hr/> 202,828 <hr/>	<hr/> 202,828 <hr/>

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the audit fee for the year.

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Depreciation	28,617	28,617
Rent and rates	61,296	61,296
General office expenses	65,878	65,878
Auditors' remuneration	13,130	13,130
	<hr/> 168,921 <hr/>	<hr/> 168,921 <hr/>

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the audit fee for the year.

**9. Auditors' remuneration**

	2024 £	2023 £
Fees payable to the Charity's auditor for the audit and preparation of the Charity's annual accounts	<hr/> <b>12,600</b> <hr/>	<hr/> 11,700 <hr/>

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## CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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#### 10. Staff costs

	2024 £	2023 £
Wages and salaries	477,977	353,760
Social security costs	49,386	35,311
Contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	5,144	2,745
	<u>532,507</u>	<u>391,816</u>

The average number of persons employed by the charity during the year was as follows:

	2024 No.	2023 No.
Employees	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2024 No.	2023 No.
In the band £170,001 - £180,000	-	1
In the band £190,001 - £200,000	1	-

#### 11. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2023 - £NIL).

During the year ended 31 December 2024, expenses totalling £4,203 were reimbursed or paid directly to 2 trustees (2023 - £2,775 to 2 trustees). These expenses related to travel and other payments to suppliers.

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**12. Tangible fixed assets**

	Leasehold improvements £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>					
At 1 January 2024	32,250	75,600	9,440	30,337	147,627
Additions	-	-	-	6,195	6,195
At 31 December 2024	32,250	75,600	9,440	36,532	153,822
<b>Depreciation</b>					
At 1 January 2024	12,900	15,120	3,776	16,546	48,342
Charge for the year	6,450	15,120	1,888	5,820	29,278
At 31 December 2024	19,350	30,240	5,664	22,366	77,620
<b>Net book value</b>					
At 31 December 2024	12,900	45,360	3,776	14,166	76,202
At 31 December 2023	19,350	60,480	5,664	13,791	99,285

**13. Debtors**

	2024 £	2023 £
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Other debtors	10,200	11,385
Prepayments and accrued income	16,256	13,998
Gift aid recoverable	28,794	33,993
	55,250	59,376

**14. Current asset investments**

	2024 £	2023 £
Investments	4,136,786	-

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**15. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

	2024 £	2023 £
Trade creditors	95,195	9,088
Other taxation and social security	16,569	37,008
Other creditors	-	909
Accruals and deferred income	30,570	26,943
	<u>142,334</u>	<u>73,948</u>

**16. Statement of funds**

**Statement of funds - current year**

	Balance at 1 January 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 December 2024 £
<b>Unrestricted funds</b>				
General Funds - all funds	<u>3,773,378</u>	<u>2,479,754</u>	<u>(1,812,718)</u>	<u>4,440,414</u>



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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**16. Statement of funds (continued)**

**Statement of funds - prior year**

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2023 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2023 £</i>
<b>Unrestricted funds</b>				
General Funds - all funds	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378

**17. Summary of funds**

**Summary of funds - current year**

	<b>Balance at 1 January 2024 £</b>	<b>Income £</b>	<b>Expenditure £</b>	<b>Balance at 31 December 2024 £</b>
General funds	3,773,378	2,479,754	(1,812,718)	4,440,414

**Summary of funds - prior year**

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2023 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2023 £</i>
General funds	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**18. Analysis of net assets between funds**

**Analysis of net assets between funds - current period**

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Tangible fixed assets	76,202	<b>76,202</b>
Current assets	4,506,546	<b>4,506,546</b>
Creditors due within one year	(142,334)	<b>(142,334)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<u><u>4,440,414</u></u>	<u><u>4,440,414</u></u>

**Analysis of net assets between funds - prior period**

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Tangible fixed assets	99,285	99,285
Current assets	3,748,041	3,748,041
Creditors due within one year	(73,948)	(73,948)
<b>Total</b>	<u><u>3,773,378</u></u>	<u><u>3,773,378</u></u>

**19. Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash flow from operating activities**

	2024 £	2023 £
Net income for the period (as per Statement of Financial Activities)	<u><b>667,036</b></u>	<u>1,379,674</u>
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Depreciation charges	<b>29,278</b>	28,617
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	<b>4,126</b>	(2,377)
Increase in creditors	<b>68,386</b>	30,775
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<u><u><b>768,826</b></u></u>	<u><u>1,436,689</u></u>

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**CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM**

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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

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**20. Analysis of cash and cash equivalents**

	2024 £	2023 £
Cash in hand	<b>314,510</b>	3,688,665
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>314,510</b>	3,688,665

**21. Analysis of changes in net debt**

	At 1 January 2024 £	Cash flows £	Other non- cash changes £	At 31 December 2024 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<b>3,688,665</b>	<b>(3,374,155)</b>	-	<b>314,510</b>
Liquid investments	-	-	<b>4,136,786</b>	<b>4,136,786</b>
	<b>3,688,665</b>	<b>(3,374,155)</b>	<b>4,136,786</b>	<b>4,451,296</b>

**22. Operating lease commitments**

At 31 December 2024 the charity had commitments to make future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2024 £	2023 £
Within one year	<b>40,800</b>	40,800
Between 1 to 5 years	<b>20,400</b>	61,200
	<b>61,200</b>	102,000

A deposit of £10,200 was paid in respect of this lease, recognised within debtors.

**23. Related party transactions**

During the year, there have been no other related party transactions other than those disclosed in note 11.