

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

England & Wales · Charity number 1163790

Details

Status Registered

Legal form CIO

Registered 2015-10-01

Register [View on the Charity Commission register](#)

Contact

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Website <http://antisemitism.uk>

Activities

Objects: TO PROMOTE RACIAL HARMONY FOR THE PUBLIC BENEFIT BETWEEN JEWISH PEOPLE WHEREVER IN THE WORLD AND OTHER MEMBERS OF SOCIETY BY THE ELIMINATION OF ANTISEMITISM, INCLUDING RAISING AWARENESS OF THE OCCURRENCE OF ANTISEMITISM AND PROVIDING ADVOCACY, ASSISTANCE, CARE AND RELIEF IN RELATION TO THOSE AFFECTED BY ANTISEMITISM. TO ADVANCE EDUCATION AS REGARDS THE HISTORY, CAUSES, EFFECTS AND PREVENTION OF ANTISEMITISM FOR THE PUBLIC BENEFIT.

Activities: Campaign Against Antisemitism is a volunteer-led charity dedicated to exposing and countering antisemitism through education and zero-tolerance enforcement of the law.

Classification

- **How:** Provides Advocacy/advice/information, Sponsors Or Undertakes Research, Other Charitable Activities
- **What:** General Charitable Purposes, Education/training, Human Rights/religious Or Racial Harmony/equality Or Diversity
- **Who:** People Of A Particular Ethnic Or Racial Origin, Other Defined Groups, The General Public/mankind

Geography

- Northern Ireland
- Scotland
- Throughout England And Wales

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2024-12-31	£2,479,754	£1,812,718	£4,440,414	9
2023-12-31	£2,607,437	£1,227,763	£3,773,378	8
2022-12-31	£1,135,202	£617,217	£2,393,704	7
2021-12-31	£994,950	£491,211	£1,875,719	6
2020-12-31	£807,029	£343,885	£1,371,980	4

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

England & Wales - Charity number 1163790

Accounts

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Trustees	The charity has been granted dispensation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales not to name its trustees. This dispensation has been granted so as to preserve the safety of all those involved with the charity.
Charity registered number	1163790
Principal office	PO Box 7393 London W1A 5XQ
Independent auditors	BKL Audit LLP 35 Ballards Lane London N3 1XW
Bankers	Lloyds Bank 33 Old Street London EC2N 3AH

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the charity for the year January 2024 to 31 December 2024.

Objectives and activities

a. Policies and objectives

Campaign Against Antisemitism (CAA) is a volunteer-led charity dedicated to exposing and countering antisemitism through education and a zero-tolerance enforcement of the law. It is the UK's leading organisation fighting antisemitism. The charity's objectives are to promote racial harmony for the public benefit between Jewish people wherever in the world and other members of society by the elimination of antisemitism, including raising awareness of the occurrence of antisemitism and providing advocacy, assistance, care and relief in relation to those affected by antisemitism; and to advance education as regards the history, causes, effects and prevention of antisemitism for the public benefit.

The charity's overall objective is reflected in our motto: "Justice, justice you shall pursue", which is drawn from a well-known verse from Deuteronomy (16:20). The repetition of the word justice in the verse can be understood simply as a means of emphasis; however, some believe that it denotes two types of justice: justice for ourselves and justice for others. Others propose that it means that we must seek justice by just means alone. Together, these interpretations capture the ethos of the charity. In adopting "Justice, justice you shall pursue" as our motto, we unify all that we do under the universal value of the pursuit and realisation of justice.

We envision a society in which antisemitism is universally understood and abhorred. Our mission is to secure justice against antisemites and strive for a more unified and harmonious society.

The trustees have had regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

b. Strategies for achieving objectives

We expect the authorities, professions and political parties to take firm action to address manifestations of antisemitism, and we work closely with them. However, when they do not defend the rights of British Jews, we take action ourselves in courts and tribunals, and through the media.

In the aftermath of the horrific attack on 7th October 2023 by Hamas there was an increase in antisemitic incidents of 1,350% according to the Metropolitan Police Service. This has led to a consistent sense of isolation and hostility for the Jewish community, carrying into, and lasting the duration of, 2024, with institutions largely failing to assuage these sentiments.

We are at the forefront of the battle to deter antisemitic crime and pursue justice for victims and the Jewish community. To this end, we deploy innovative legal strategies against those who express or propagate antisemitism, and our litigation continues to set landmark legal precedents.

We have engaged public pressure to bring attention to the plight of Britain's Jews.

Our small team of staff works with the thousands of volunteers who have signed up to contribute their considerable talents to the fight against antisemitism.

In the long history of the fight against the world's oldest hatred, every accomplishment of note started with a small, plucky, single-minded group using every ounce of their determination and ingenuity to achieve an objective that everyone else said was too ambitious.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Objectives and activities (continued)

c. Activities undertaken to achieve objectives

During the period, the charity's activities have included:

- Campaigning against antisemitism wherever it arises, including on the streets and online, as well as in media, public life, the professions, and civil society, by highlighting the problem and demanding action. We regularly appear on the UK's main television and radio stations, and work closely with every mainstream newspaper.
- Enforcing zero tolerance of antisemitism by working with the authorities to investigate and prosecute hate crimes toward Jews. When the authorities failed to act, we successfully launched litigation. Over the years, this has included private prosecutions using our own lawyers and bringing judicial review proceedings against the Crown to force the state to prosecute offenders. These techniques have resulted in criminal convictions and even custodial sentences in cases when the Crown Prosecution Service initially refused to prosecute.
- Working closely with legislators to ensure that regulations, laws and penalties are suitably tough, that the right laws are in place to deter antisemitic hate, and that those laws are enforced.
- Holding educational events for school pupils, university students and adults, both within the Jewish community and beyond, as well as through the provision of training to professional regulators and other organisations in the private and public sectors, to promote the knowledge, recognition and deterrence of antisemitism.
- Raising awareness of antisemitism through the provision of resources and the publication of research, ranging from historical resources and in-depth investigations of contemporary manifestations of antisemitism to national polls, and statistics-gathering. These research projects inform our work and also equip the authorities, the media and the general public with vital information that contributes to their understanding of antisemitism and how to counter it. We also publicise antisemitic incidents on our website and social media platforms, which attract a substantial and growing domestic and international readership.
- Promoting the widespread adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism. In 2016, the UK was the first country in the world to adopt the definition, something for which the charity worked hard over many meetings with officials at Downing Street. Since then, we have promoted the adoption of the definition by public bodies, criminal and judicial bodies, local authorities, universities and others.

d. Social investment policies

The charity did not engage in social investment or grant-making, nor did it hold funds as custodian trustee on behalf of others

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Achievements and performance

a. Main achievements of the charity

Over the course of the 2024, the charity's achievements and performance have included the following:

Communications

- A comedian hounded Jewish and Israeli guests from his gig at a London theatre, yelling “Get out of my show. Get the f*** out of here...” while the audience shouted “Get out” and “Free Palestine.” CAA met with and offered support to the victims, helping them get their story widespread coverage and providing them with legal support.
- CAA worked positively with the venue to procure an apology and the banning of the comedian from returning to the venue.
- Following this, the comedian was reportedly dropped from two other venues.
- The BBC dropped a controversial Apprentice contestant from its spin off show, following pressure from CAA. The contestant had posted antisemitic rhetoric, including “Have you ever met even a semi-average looking Zionist? Aren't they all odiously ogre-like?” and “This tiny European neo-colonial settler project has shamelessly weaponised the horror of the Holocaust to push another fascist ideology based on racial supremacy”.
- We recorded a podcast episode with outgoing MP Mike Freer, who faced threats and challenges from antisemites for his support for the Jewish community.
- We highlighted the record of a parliamentary candidate for the Rochdale by-election. He had previously suggested Israel may have enabled the 7th October Hamas massacre. His political party withdrew its support for him following our condemnation of his comments across multiple outlets.
- We commissioned a survey into attitudes towards Jews, which revealed frighteningly high rates of antisemitism, especially among young people aged between 18 and 24.
We researched thousands of candidates from all major political parties during the General Election to uncover what they really think about British Jews. Our research featured across the press, including the front page of The Times.
- We filmed a series of testimonial videos, giving victims of antisemitism the opportunity to publicly express how antisemitism is affecting them today.
- After Adonis announced on social media that “definitely no f***ing Zionists” were welcome at its club nights, we wrote to the company that holds the licence for the venue, which announced that the event would no longer take place on its premises. Adonis eventually fully retracted its previous stance and apologised.

Litigation

- In late 2023, we undertook a private prosecution against an individual sharing antisemitic conspiracy theories online after police failed to identify him. In 2024, he was convicted and sentenced.
- We received permission from the Attorney General's Office to pursue a private prosecution against a prominent individual for incitement to racial hatred.
- We have also been granted an application for summons by the court in a case relating to horrendous activity on social media. We will ensure that posting online from the comfort of your home does not immunise trolls from the consequences of their actions.
- We are among the very first to bring a case under the new Online Safety Act 2023. Specifically, the offence in this case sends a message online conveying a threat of death or serious harm, with the intention that an individual encountering the threat would fear the threat would be carried out.
- An Iranian dissident living in London held a sign condemning Hamas as a terror organisation next to an anti-Israel demonstration in London. He was abused by protesters and allegedly assaulted. The police confiscated his sign and arrested him. He was injured and required hospital treatment for a wound. We

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Achievements and performance (continued)

- provided him with legal representation, and are pleased that the outrageous charges have been dropped and the case is now closed.
- A father received a copy of his six-month-old baby girl's birth certificate back from the Home Office with his place of birth scribbled out and the paper torn. His place of birth was Israel. The Home Secretary swiftly responded to our call for an investigation, confirming that he has directed the Home Office to investigate and apologising on behalf of the Department. Contractor, Sopra Steria, suspended a number of staff pending investigation.
 - Following outrageous comments regarding the October 7th massacre by Labour Parliamentary candidates Azhar Ali and Graham Jones, CAA successfully demanded their suspension.
 - A group of three protestors were convicted of terrorism offences for displaying images of a paraglider, a symbol that has come to be associated with the Hamas attack on Israel, but the judge decided that they should face no punishment. We then highlighted that the judge had engaged on social media in a manner that suggested possible bias. We shared this with the media and wrote to the Judicial Conduct Investigations Office, which upheld our complaint.
 - We assisted a Jewish nightclub owner after he received a threatening package containing a printed note calling him a "Zionist child killer" and children's clothes drenched in fake blood, graffiti denouncing him and calling for a boycott of his venue, and an apparent threat on social media to firebomb his home.
 - Based on evidence sourced and exposed by our Demonstration and Event Monitoring Unit, an arrest was made over a placard at an anti-Israel rally. The placard contained content that clearly violated the International Definition of Antisemitism.

Policy

- Following a campaign by CAA and others, the Home Office confirmed in January the full proscription of Hizb ut-Tahrir.
- MPs debated a proposal by Nickie Aiken MP relating to the contribution of British Jews to our country. Campaign Against Antisemitism provided a submission to all MPs in advance of the debate.
- The Honours Forfeiture Committee, acting on our recommendation, investigated the rapper Richard Kylea Cowie Jr (Wiley)'s conduct, and stripped him of the MBE that he had received in 2018.
- We wrote to Sir Mark Rowley, observing that he has the distinction of presiding over the worst surge in antisemitic criminality in our capital city since records began. His officers are being put at risk through his stance, and we called for much needed clarity, demanding that the conflicting publicly stated positions of the British Government and the Metropolitan Police are reconciled and that the law is enforced.
- We met with the then Home Secretary and Minister of State for Crime and Policing to propose concrete measures to tackle the policing of marches, ensuring the Met has nowhere to hide.
- During the General Election, we circulated a 'pledge' for prospective parliamentary candidates to commit to, asking them to adopt and abide by the International Definition of Antisemitism and to encourage and promote its widespread adoption and implementation. It was signed by hundreds of candidates.
- In the context of the surge in antisemitism following the October 7th atrocity, CAA hosted the first ever hustings focused on antisemitism, in the buildup to the July 2024 election.

Education

- Our latest school leadership course was delivered to hundreds of Jewish schoolchildren.
- CAA held positive discussions on antisemitism education at universities, schools and colleges with the Department for Education.
- We wrote to the University of Leeds after a series of antisemitic incidents, including a protest where open displays of support for the Houthis could be seen, and Jewish students and buildings were targeted.
- We held protests against the appearance of controversial UN rapporteur Francesca Albanese on UK

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Achievements and performance (continued)

university campuses. She has made innumerable comparisons between Israelis and the Nazis, in breach of the International (IHRA) Definition of Antisemitism, which has been adopted by the British Government. In 2022, she reportedly addressed a conference in Gaza in which she stated, "You have a right to resist this occupation." Hamas reportedly organised the conference and numerous spokespeople from both Hamas and Palestinian Islamic Jihad (PIJ) were present. Both Hamas and the PIJ are proscribed as terrorist organisations by the UK Government.

- Despite significant logistical challenges, with Storm Darragh disrupting travel links and reducing numbers of attendees, tens of thousands joined the March Against Antisemitism in December 2024. The march celebrated allyship and the solidarity of non-Jews and Jews against antisemitic hatred and extremism.

b. Factors relevant to achieve objectives

The dramatic rise in antisemitism and the subsequent demand for our services since 7th October 2023 has demanded that we dramatically increase our output. To this end, the expansion of our staff team began in 2023 and continued into 2024. We have also begun an overhaul process of our mobilisation process, improving the experience of those who volunteer for CAA.

We expanded our communications team to increase our output of visual content and help manage our social media channels.

We launched a Student Ambassador programme, increasing CAA's presence on university campuses.

We hired a former police sergeant to join our investigations team as Casework Manager. This dramatically improved our case streamlining, allowing us to support more victims seeking urgent support from us. We also added a Paralegal to our staff base, supporting our legal work.

We also brought in a consultant to assist in developing new methods and ways of working to increase efficiency within the charity.

c. Fundraising activities and income generation

Donations were received throughout the year through direct approaches to philanthropists. This effort was supported by our first direct debit appeal in 5 years, and an online crowdfunding appeal in June 2024. We further engaged with a range of public and private events and parlour meetings.

d. Regulatory & Compliance update

In May 2024, the Charity Commission concluded a longstanding regulatory compliance case opened in 2020, following a complaint by Jewish Voice for Labour. The Commission confirmed that there had been no wrongdoing and closed the matter with no further action.

We welcomed this outcome, which reflects the integrity of our operations and our commitment to compliance with all relevant charity laws and regulations. The case had been cited by detractors to question our activities, and its closure reaffirmed the legal and ethical foundations of our work.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Financial review

a. Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies.

b. Reserves policy

Unrestricted reserves are £4,440,414 at the year's end. Due to factors including economic uncertainty, the unpredictable nature of much of the charity's fundraising, the fact that the charity undertakes litigation which could result in adverse cost orders, and the fact that the charity may be required to react to unforeseen antisemitic incidents such as in the aftermath of the 7th October 2023 atrocity, it is the charity's policy to hold reserves equivalent to two years' operating costs. Additionally, the charity holds reserves which are earmarked for planned expansion for which it conducts fundraising.

c. Income

Total income during 2024 amounted to £2,479,754 (2023: £2,607,437). After deducting total expenditure in the year of £1,812,718 (2023: £1,227,763), there was a net income of £667,036 (2023: £1,379,674).

d. Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks of the charity, as identified by the trustees, are outlined below:

Financial risks

This is the risk that the charity's financial health could begin to deteriorate, and that the charity would therefore be unable to deliver its vital services at the current level. Such a risk could arise through a number of causes, such as a sudden shortfall in the donations received.

The charity has a variety of control measures in place so as to counteract this risk - it regularly monitors the adequacy of its financial returns so that it can take immediate corrective action whenever required, and it ensures that it receives sound and professional advice when it comes to investment matters.

Governance risks

This is the risk that the trustees (i.e. those charged with governance) do not have the prerequisite skills or commitment to shepherd the charity effectively. This risk is substantially mitigated through the charity's rigorous training and recruitment policies, as well as its regular review of those policies.

Personnel risks

This is the risk that the charity lacks the prerequisite staff so as to carry out its charitable aims, and it would arise from both an inability to retain staff as well as difficulty in the recruitment of new staff. This risk has been mitigated through a variety of measures, such as general succession planning and the use of notice periods, to allow the charity adequate time to replace lost staff.

Regulatory risk

This is the risk that the charity does not comply with relevant laws and regulations, which could result in significant financial and reputational ramifications. The charity recognises the importance of compliance and as

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

such has implemented appropriate measures. For instance, the charity has identified the laws and regulations that are relevant to a charity of its size and nature, and it has allocated responsibility amongst its staff for compliance with those laws and regulations. It has also implemented procedures for compliance monitoring and reporting, and where appropriate it has obtained compliance reports from regulators.

Operational risk

This is the risk that operational factors will impede the progress of the charity. Such factors might include a decline in satisfaction amongst users of the charity's services.

The charity has countered the risk of declining satisfaction through senior-level case management, so as to ensure that the charity's services are always to an appropriate standard.

Environmental and external risks

This is the risk that the success of the charity could be hampered by changes to its relationship with the public or its donors. It has countered this risk through the employment of dedicated communications and community engagement personnel, and by ensuring that it is adequately staffed at all times.

e. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The trustees have overall responsibility for the charity's systems of internal control that are designed by senior management to ensure effective and efficient operations, including financial reporting, and compliance with laws and regulations. In establishing and reviewing the system of internal control, the trustees and senior management have regard to the materiality of relevant risks, the likelihood of loss being incurred and the cost of control. A risk assessment report and register of risks are produced and reviewed by the Trustees at least annually and key managers and staff have been consulted to ensure that all areas of risk are identified and managed appropriately.

The charity is committed to a policy of identifying, monitoring and managing the risks that might adversely affect the activities in which it is involved. In this context, risk is defined as the potential for loss, financial and reputational, inherent in the environment in which the charity operates and the transactions undertaken. The trustees believe that an appropriate review of risks is currently undertaken, with risks being ranked and periodically reviewed, and appropriate action being identified to mitigate the risks.

f. Principal funding

The principal funding sources of the charity are shown in notes 3 and 4 of the accounts. The trustees monitor the charity's activities against its objectives.

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

The charity was registered as a charitable incorporated organisation (CIO) on 1st October 2015.

The charity's governing document is its constitution.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Structure, governance and management (continued)

b. Methods of appointment or election of trustees

New trustees are appointed by the existing trustees. Vetting and checks of trustees are carried out in line with Charity Commission guidance. All new trustees receive information outlining their legal obligations under charity law, a copy of the previous year's annual report and accounts, a copy of the charity's constitution and current information and literature regarding the charity. Inductions take place with all staff.

The board has a positive approach to its own training and development, regularly reviewing skills and needs. All trustees are encouraged to keep abreast of developments both in charity governance and in current issues.

c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

The small staff team works with an outstanding volunteer team of over 5,000 people who have signed up to contribute their talents to the fight against antisemitism. It is thanks to its many volunteers that the charity is able to conduct such far-reaching campaigns and continue to expose and counter antisemitism nationwide.

The charity consists of eight teams working closely together:

- Investigations and enforcement: Detects and investigates antisemitic incidents and seeks enforcement action by regulators and the criminal justice system
- Outreach and education: Establishes alliances with other groups and educates the public about antisemitism and how to fight it. While our work is naturally of importance to Jews, a considerable number of our volunteers are not Jewish, and we are proud to be recruiting people from across society.
- Public affairs and research: Builds relationships with governmental bodies, police forces and other organisations involved in the fight against antisemitism in order to advocate for the state to adopt a zero-tolerance approach to antisemitism.
- Awareness and communication: Works to raise awareness of antisemitism amongst the British public by building and leveraging an extensive network of senior journalists in mainstream media and conducting social media campaigns.
- Litigation: Provides expert legal advice and litigates directly against individuals or organisations expressing or propagating antisemitism and also litigates against the authorities when they fail to act.
- Mobilisation: Recruits, trains and coordinates our hundreds of volunteers, empowering them to take effective action against antisemitism and in accordance with our objects, and works to identify and satisfy resource requirements.
- Organisation and Finance: Ensures that the charity operates effectively in compliance with the law.
- Fundraising: Raises funds in order to pursue campaigns and increase our capabilities.

d. Pay policy for key management personnel

The pay policy for key management is set by the charity's remuneration committee. Key management personnel are not on the remuneration committee and do not attend the meetings. The remuneration committee comprises three trustees and two independent members. The remuneration of key management is reviewed once a year.

e. Related party relationships

Campaign Against Antisemitism has no related party relationships with any other organisations.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Plans for future periods

Since October 7th, Jews worldwide have faced the most severe antisemitism seen in decades. 2024 has continued in much the same vein as the final quarter of 2023, but having spent ten years building CAA, as an organisation and as a community, we are incomparably better placed to fight back.

a. Standing up for Jews

The charity decided to build on the successes of the March Against Antisemitism in 2023 and 2024 with a further march. The march took place on 7th September 2025 and gave a voice to tens of thousands of people from the Jewish community and its allies, maintaining pressure on the authorities and the public to stand with British Jews. In addition to raising awareness, the march is a vital service to Jews across the country by whom the currently high levels of antisemitism are keenly felt.

b. Enforcement

Antisemitic incidents have become a feature of British Jewish life.

Despite our landmark legal successes, with the scale of antisemitic incidents and support for genocidal antisemitic terror groups, the authorities continue to fail to prosecute hate crime on the streets and antisemitic incitement online to an adequate level. Government support has not translated into adequate policing and with the continued issues around support for Hamas during public protests, biases in reporting and social media, the Jewish community is in a state of insecurity.

We intend to continue to pursue private prosecutions where necessary, employing our experience to bring those who express or propagate antisemitism to justice. If we cannot rely on the justice system to do its job, we will do it instead.

Incitement with impunity is emboldening anti-Jewish racists on the internet and on our streets, and only zero-tolerance enforcement of the law will deter future expressions of antisemitism and secure the future of Britain's Jewish community.

Our legal work will not only provide a route to justice for the victims of antisemitism, it will also serve as a constant proof to the authorities that they could, and should, obtain justice and that our action is a symptom of their failure to uphold the law.

c. Media, social media and politics

With the notable rise of antisemitism, the charity will continue to robustly challenge expressions of antisemitism, and the downplaying of antisemitism, in traditional and new media. As well as holding major corporations to account, and influencing policy changes, we will also achieve this through publicising incidents, including through protests, and working with technology companies to improve their processes and holding them to account when they fall short.

The charity will look to focus on the failures of Britain's media, including the BBC, to maintain the basic standards necessary to ensure that their reporting does not incite further division and hatred towards the Jewish community.

CAA will highlight the impact of prominent voices on antisemitic sentiments in the country, using every media route available, including our growing YouTube channel, long and short-form content, traditional media statements and campaigns as necessary to achieve justice.

The charity will continue to expose, document and highlight antisemitism in political parties, publishing our case files, and endeavouring to ensure that antisemitic political activists are held to account wherever possible, without fear or favour.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Plans for future periods (continued)

d. Further and higher education

Antisemitism at universities escalated significantly over the final quarter of 2023. In 2024, this situation continued to worsen. We have seen the normalisation of open support for proscribed terror groups such as Hamas, and as yet unproscribed groups which advocate for antisemitism, such as Ansar Allah (the Houthis). Jewish life on many campuses has changed significantly, and universities have been largely unable to address these changes.

We will expand our Student Ambassador programme. Where appropriate, we intend to bring legal proceedings to force universities to defend their Jewish students and staff, and we will continue to offer antisemitism training to universities and campus bodies. We will also protest, and publicise incidents of egregious antisemitism to increase public awareness of the failings in this sector.

We are engaging with Jewish schools and will continue to expand our antisemitism education, ensuring that Jewish students are better equipped to address this hatred after leaving school. The further expansion of our educational programming, which started in 2023, will greatly improve Jewish schools' offerings around antisemitism education going forward, developing the next generation of Jewish leaders, activists and CAA ambassadors.

We are developing a new programme which will focus on the need to educate the wider school-age public. This will be achieved through a range of classes developed and designed alongside the existing curriculum, to maximise uptake and effectiveness

e. Office and staffing

The charity will look to better achieve its goals by recruiting additional staff. This includes supplementing our litigation team, which works alongside a range of specialists, both in pro bono capacities and as hired external firms at the forefront of the fight against antisemitism. This will enable us to bring private prosecutions against antisemites and challenge the Crown Prosecution Service when it fails to prosecute antisemitic hate crime; subjecting inadequate decisions by public bodies to judicial review; submitting regulatory complaints; bringing defamation cases; and establishing a legal network.

This will be supplemented by significantly expanding our communications team, adding experience and specialist skills to help CAA grow our social media channels and creating engaging and relevant campaigns to highlight the issue of antisemitism.

To improve the working experience of those within CAA, we will develop our staff and volunteer handbook, designed to formalise, clarify and expand responsibilities and opportunities with CAA for both staff and volunteers.

We will also look to expand our education team to better cope with the fast increase in demand from this sector. This will be through a combination of volunteer and paid intern recruitment.

With our rapidly-growing volunteer team and staff. We will look at practical options to expand the use of our office space to attract volunteers to work from our volunteer hub, and better cater to the needs of our growing staff.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- Make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011 and the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are trustees at the time when this trustees' report is approved has confirmed that:

- So far as each trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- Each trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, BKL Audit LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The designated trustees will propose a motion reappointing the auditors at a meeting of the trustees.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees and signed on:

Date: 15 October 2025

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

Opinion

We have audited the of Campaign Against Antisemitism (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the :

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the and our Auditors' Report thereon. The trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustee's Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the ; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the , the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these .

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiring of management around actual and potential litigation and claims.
- Reviewing board meeting minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation with applicable laws and regulations.
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluation the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the , as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the , whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

- conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the , including the disclosures, and whether the represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BKL Audit LLP
35 Ballards Lane
London
N3 1XW

Date: 15 October 2025

BKL Audit LLP are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

	Note	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Income from:				
Donations and legacies	3	2,428,797	2,428,797	2,601,501
Charitable activities	4	14,333	14,333	5,610
Income from investments	5	36,624	36,624	326
Total income		<u>2,479,754</u>	<u>2,479,754</u>	<u>2,607,437</u>
Expenditure on:				
Raising funds	6	14,611	14,611	19,207
Charitable activities	7	1,798,107	1,798,107	1,208,556
Total expenditure		<u>1,812,718</u>	<u>1,812,718</u>	<u>1,227,763</u>
Net movement in funds		<u>667,036</u>	<u>667,036</u>	<u>1,379,674</u>
Reconciliation of funds:				
Total funds brought forward		3,773,378	3,773,378	2,393,704
Net movement in funds		667,036	667,036	1,379,674
Total funds carried forward		<u>4,440,414</u>	<u>4,440,414</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	12	76,202	99,285
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		76,202	99,285
Current assets			
Debtors	13	55,250	59,376
Investments	14	4,136,786	-
Cash at bank and in hand		314,510	3,688,665
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		4,506,546	3,748,041
Current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	(142,334)	(73,948)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net current assets		4,364,212	3,674,093
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total net assets		4,440,414	3,773,378
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Charity funds			
Unrestricted funds	16	4,440,414	3,773,378
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total funds		4,440,414	3,773,378
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the trustee and signed on their behalf by:

Date: 15 October 2025

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

	2024 £	2023 £
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net cash used in operating activities	768,826	1,436,689
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(6,195)	(85,578)
Purchase of investments	(4,136,786)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,142,981)	(85,578)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	(3,374,155)	1,351,111
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	3,688,665	2,337,554
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	314,510	3,688,665
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1. General information

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation that was registered with the Charity Commission on the 1st October 2015.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Campaign Against Antisemitism meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

2.2 Income

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance Sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

Donations are recognised on receipt, Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount.

2.3 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure incurred by the charity to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Expenditure (continued)

The charity has one main activity being that of campaigning against antisemitism.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. All costs incurred to bring a tangible fixed asset into its intended working condition should be included in the measurement of cost.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Leasehold improvements	-	20%
Motor vehicles	-	20%
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	20%
Computer equipment	-	20%

2.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amount of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

2.6 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

2.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities as a finance cost.

2.9 Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Pensions

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the charity to the fund in respect of the year.

2.11 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the trustee in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Investment income, gains and losses are allocated to the appropriate fund.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

3. Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Donations	2,339,934	2,339,934
Gift aid	88,863	88,863
	<u>2,428,797</u>	<u>2,428,797</u>

A vast amount of time, the value of which is impossible to reflect in these financial statements, has been donated by volunteers. We would not have been able to achieve what we have done without their continued tremendous efforts.

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Donations	2,527,785	2,527,785
Gift aid	73,716	73,716
	<u>2,601,501</u>	<u>2,601,501</u>

4. Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Sale of merchandise	14,333	14,333

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Sale of merchandise	5,610	5,610

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

5. Income from investments

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Dividends received	35,182	35,182
Interest received	1,442	1,442
	<u>36,624</u>	<u>36,624</u>

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Interest received	326	326
	<u>326</u>	<u>326</u>

6. Expenditure on raising funds

Costs of raising voluntary income

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Advertising	3,951	3,951
Campaign fees	10,660	10,660
	<u>14,611</u>	<u>14,611</u>

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Advertising	19,207	19,207
	<u>19,207</u>	<u>19,207</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

6. Expenditure on raising funds (continued)

7. Analysis of expenditure on charitable activities

Summary by fund type

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total 2024 £
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,798,107	1,798,107

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total 2023 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,208,556	1,208,556

8. Analysis of expenditure by activities

	Activities undertaken directly 2024 £	Support costs 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,595,279	202,828	1,798,107

	<i>Activities undertaken directly 2023 £</i>	<i>Support costs 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,039,635	168,921	1,208,556

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

8. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of direct costs

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Staff costs	532,507	532,507
Travel	16,417	16,417
Staff training	857	857
Professional fees	634,851	634,851
Advertising	122,481	122,481
Event costs and other direct expenses	279,128	279,128
Cost of goods sold	9,038	9,038
	<hr/> <u>1,595,279</u>	<hr/> <u>1,595,279</u>
	<i>Campaigning against antisemitism 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Staff costs	391,816	391,816
Travel	34,925	34,925
Staff training	330	330
Professional fees	229,107	229,107
Advertising	238,806	238,806
Event costs and other direct expenses	144,651	144,651
	<hr/> <u>1,039,635</u>	<hr/> <u>1,039,635</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

8. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of support costs

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Depreciation	29,278	29,278
Rent and rates	66,298	66,298
General office expenses	76,160	76,160
Auditors' remuneration	13,086	13,086
Repairs and maintenance	18,006	18,006
	<u>202,828</u>	<u>202,828</u>

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the audit fee for the year.

	<i>Campaigning against antisemitism 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Depreciation	28,617	28,617
Rent and rates	61,296	61,296
General office expenses	65,878	65,878
Auditors' remuneration	13,130	13,130
	<u>168,921</u>	<u>168,921</u>

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the audit fee for the year.

9. Auditors' remuneration

	2024 £	2023 £
Fees payable to the Charity's auditor for the audit and preparation of the Charity's annual accounts	12,600	11,700
	<u>12,600</u>	<u>11,700</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

10. Staff costs

	2024 £	2023 £
Wages and salaries	477,977	353,760
Social security costs	49,386	35,311
Contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	5,144	2,745
	<u>532,507</u>	<u>391,816</u>

The average number of persons employed by the charity during the year was as follows:

	2024 No.	2023 No.
Employees	<u>9</u>	<u>8</u>

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2024 No.	2023 No.
In the band £170,001 - £180,000	-	1
In the band £190,001 - £200,000	1	-

11. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2023 - £NIL).

During the year ended 31 December 2024, expenses totalling £4,203 were reimbursed or paid directly to 2 trustees (2023 - £2,775 to 2 trustees). These expenses related to travel and other payments to suppliers.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

12. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2024	32,250	75,600	9,440	30,337	147,627
Additions	-	-	-	6,195	6,195
At 31 December 2024	32,250	75,600	9,440	36,532	153,822
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2024	12,900	15,120	3,776	16,546	48,342
Charge for the year	6,450	15,120	1,888	5,820	29,278
At 31 December 2024	19,350	30,240	5,664	22,366	77,620
Net book value					
At 31 December 2024	12,900	45,360	3,776	14,166	76,202
At 31 December 2023	19,350	60,480	5,664	13,791	99,285

13. Debtors

	2024 £	2023 £
Due within one year		
Other debtors	10,200	11,385
Prepayments and accrued income	16,256	13,998
Gift aid recoverable	28,794	33,993
	55,250	59,376

14. Current asset investments

	2024 £	2023 £
Investments	4,136,786	-

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

15. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2024 £	2023 £
Trade creditors	95,195	9,088
Other taxation and social security	16,569	37,008
Other creditors	-	909
Accruals and deferred income	30,570	26,943
	142,334	73,948

16. Statement of funds

Statement of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 January 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 December 2024 £
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds	3,773,378	2,479,754	(1,812,718)	4,440,414
	3,773,378	2,479,754	(1,812,718)	4,440,414

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

16. Statement of funds (continued)

Statement of funds - prior year

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2023 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2023 £</i>
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378
	<u>2,393,704</u>	<u>2,607,437</u>	<u>(1,227,763)</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>

17. Summary of funds

Summary of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 January 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 December 2024 £
General funds	3,773,378	2,479,754	(1,812,718)	4,440,414
	<u>3,773,378</u>	<u>2,479,754</u>	<u>(1,812,718)</u>	<u>4,440,414</u>

Summary of funds - prior year

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2023 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2023 £</i>
General funds	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378
	<u>2,393,704</u>	<u>2,607,437</u>	<u>(1,227,763)</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

18. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current period

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Total funds 2024 £
Tangible fixed assets	76,202	76,202
Current assets	4,506,546	4,506,546
Creditors due within one year	(142,334)	(142,334)
Total	<u>4,440,414</u>	<u>4,440,414</u>

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior period

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2023 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2023 £</i>
Tangible fixed assets	99,285	99,285
Current assets	3,748,041	3,748,041
Creditors due within one year	(73,948)	(73,948)
Total	<u>3,773,378</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>

19. Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash flow from operating activities

	2024 £	2023 £
Net income for the period (as per Statement of Financial Activities)	667,036	1,379,674
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charges	29,278	28,617
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	4,126	(2,377)
Increase in creditors	68,386	30,775
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>768,826</u>	<u>1,436,689</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024**

20. Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	2024 £	2023 £
Cash in hand	314,510	3,688,665
Total cash and cash equivalents	314,510	3,688,665

21. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 January 2024 £	Cash flows £	Other non- cash changes £	At 31 December 2024 £
Cash at bank and in hand	3,688,665	(3,374,155)	-	314,510
Liquid investments	-	-	4,136,786	4,136,786
	3,688,665	(3,374,155)	4,136,786	4,451,296

22. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2024 the charity had commitments to make future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2024 £	2023 £
Within one year	40,800	40,800
Between 1 to 5 years	20,400	61,200
	61,200	102,000

A deposit of £10,200 was paid in respect of this lease, recognised within debtors.

23. Related party transactions

During the year, there have been no other related party transactions other than those disclosed in note 11.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

England & Wales - Charity number 1163790

Accounts

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Trustees	The charity has been granted dispensation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales not to name its trustees. This dispensation has been granted so as to preserve the safety of all those involved with the charity.
Charity registered number	1163790
Principal office	PO Box 7393 London W1A 5XQ
Independent auditors	BKL Audit LLP 35 Ballards Lane London N3 1XW
Bankers	Lloyds Bank 33 Old Street London EC2N 3AH

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

The trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the charity for the year January 2023 to 31 December 2023.

Objectives and activities

a. Policies and objectives

Campaign Against Antisemitism (CAA) is a volunteer-led charity dedicated to exposing and countering antisemitism through education and a zero-tolerance enforcement of the law. It is the UK's leading organisation fighting antisemitism. The charity's objectives are to promote racial harmony for the public benefit between Jewish people wherever in the world and other members of society by the elimination of antisemitism, including raising awareness of the occurrence of antisemitism and providing advocacy, assistance, care and relief in relation to those affected by antisemitism; and to advance education as regards the history, causes, effects and prevention of antisemitism for the public benefit.

The charity's overall objective is reflected in our motto: "Justice, justice you shall pursue", which is drawn from a well-known verse from Deuteronomy (16:20). The repetition of the word justice in the verse can be understood simply as a means of emphasis; however, some believe that it denotes two types of justice: justice for ourselves and justice for others. Others propose that it means that we must seek justice by just means alone. Together, these interpretations capture the ethos of the charity. In adopting "Justice, justice you shall pursue" as our motto, we unify all that we do under the universal value of the pursuit and realisation of justice.

We envision a society in which antisemitism is universally understood and abhorred. Our mission is to secure justice against antisemites and strive for a more unified and harmonious society.

The trustees have had regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

b. Strategies for achieving objectives

We expect the authorities, professions and political parties to take firm action to address manifestations of antisemitism, and we work closely with them. However, when they do not defend the rights of British Jews, we take action ourselves in courts and tribunals, and through the media.

This has become all the more critical since the horrific attack on 7th October by Hamas, in the aftermath of which, there was an increase in antisemitic incidents of 1,350% according to the Metropolitan Police Service.

We are at the forefront of the battle to deter antisemitic crime and pursue justice for victims and the Jewish community. To this end, we deploy innovative legal strategies against those who express or propagate antisemitism, and our litigation continues to set landmark legal precedents.

Our small team of staff works with the thousands of volunteers who have signed up to contribute their considerable talents to the fight against antisemitism.

In the long history of the fight against the world's oldest hatred, every accomplishment of note started with a small, plucky, single-minded group using every ounce of their determination and ingenuity to achieve an objective that everyone else said was too ambitious.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Objectives and activities (continued)

c. Activities undertaken to achieve objectives

During the period, the charity's activities have included:

- Campaigning against antisemitism wherever it arises, including on the streets and online, as well as in media, public life, the professions, and civil society, by highlighting the problem and demanding action. We regularly appear on the UK's main television and radio stations, and work closely with every mainstream newspaper.
- Enforcing zero tolerance of antisemitism by working with the authorities to investigate and prosecute hate crimes toward Jews. When the authorities failed to act, we successfully launched litigation. Over the years, this has included private prosecutions using our own lawyers and bringing judicial review proceedings against the Crown to force the state to prosecute offenders. These techniques have resulted in criminal convictions and even custodial sentences in cases when the Crown Prosecution Service initially refused to prosecute.
- Working closely with legislators to ensure that regulations, laws and penalties are suitably tough, that the right laws are in place to deter antisemitic hate, and that those laws are enforced.
- Holding educational events for school pupils, university students and adults, both within the Jewish community and beyond, as well as through the provision of training to professional regulators and other organisations in the private and public sectors, to promote the knowledge, recognition and deterrence of antisemitism.
- Raising awareness of antisemitism through the provision of resources and the publication of research, ranging from historical resources and in-depth investigations of contemporary manifestations of antisemitism to national polls, and statistics-gathering. These research projects inform our work and also equip the authorities, the media and the general public with vital information that contributes to their understanding of antisemitism and how to counter it. We also publicise antisemitic incidents on our website and social media platforms, which attract a substantial and growing domestic and international readership.
- Promoting the widespread adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism. In 2016, the UK was the first country in the world to adopt the definition, something for which the charity worked hard over many meetings with officials at Downing Street. Since then, we have promoted the adoption of the definition by public bodies, criminal and judicial bodies, local authorities, universities and others.

d. Social investment policies

The charity did not engage in social investment or grant-making, nor did it hold funds as custodian trustee on behalf of others

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Achievements and performance

a. Main achievements of the charity

Over the course of the 2023, the charity's achievements and performance have included the following:

- CAA organised the national March Against Antisemitism, which assembled the largest gathering against antisemitism in Britain since the Battle of Cable Street in 1936. 105,000 people marched shoulder to shoulder with British Jews taking back the streets of London from weekly hate marches. The march was heavily featured in all major newspapers, including on the front pages.
- CAA launched the first-ever national antisemitism billboard campaign, highlighting the fact that Jews are 500% more likely to be the victims of a hate crime than any other faith group. These billboards were displayed across multiple cities, including London, Manchester, Leeds, Glasgow, Birmingham and Edinburgh. It included prominent locations such as Leicester Square, Heathrow Airport, Westfield Shopping Centre and Manchester One. Among the models shown on the billboards was a Holocaust survivor who has been left sickened by modern antisemitism, and, it is believed for the first time on a British billboard, a member of the Chareidi Jewish community, which bears so much of the brunt of violent antisemitic crime.
- CAA produced a first-of-its-kind investigative film, looking into allegations of antisemitism against notorious rock legend Roger Waters. The investigation, titled *The Dark Side of Roger Waters* was led by veteran journalist John Ware and was viewed hundreds of thousands of times, around the world and received large-scale international coverage, causing further victims to come forward.
- Following our successful investigation into Mr Waters, CAA organised a series of protests and actions outside the Palladium Theatre, in the build-up to their hosting of Mr Waters. This resulted in the Palladium effectively muzzling Mr Waters during his performance, as he himself admitted, and has had a global impact, with protests against his subsequent tour in South America.
- The National Union of Students (NUS), the UK's representative body for all students, was finally forced to reckon with its past. Following a report into antisemitism at NUS which CAA contributed to and which leaned on research undertaken by CAA found that NUS allowed the development of a "hostile environment" for Jewish students, with instances in which Jewish students were "subjected to harassment" likely to be in breach of the Equality Act 2010, in addition to NUS's code of conduct. It rightly recognised that there has been a "poor relationship" between NUS and Jewish students for a long time.
- As a part of this investigation, NUS took the unprecedented step of removing its President Shaima Delali, who had previously tweeted the chant "Khaybar Khaybar Ya Yahud." The chant is an Arabic battle cry referencing the massacre and expulsion of the Jews of the town of Khaybar in northwestern Arabia, now Saudi Arabia, in the year 628 CE.
- CAA supported a young Jewish employee in suing his employer for unfair dismissal after he fired the employee for refusing to remove his Kippah.
- CAA helped a teacher reach a settlement following multiple instances of antisemitism at their school.
- CAA successfully intervened in Ken Livingstone's High Court challenge to the EHRC report. Mr Livingstone withdrew his case, leaving the EHRC findings unimpeachable, in self-inflicted humiliation.
- A former barrister was found guilty of five communications offences after seven years of action by CAA.
- We have continued our educational offering for young people, including a major course at the largest Jewish day school in Europe, JFS, with more to follow in other schools next term — and professional briefings at major global companies.
- Following a successful CAA investigation into the whereabouts of a wanted French fugitive, a Scottish court granted extradition for the Holocaust-denier.
- Following the 7th October Hamas atrocity, antisemitic hate crime in Britain rose by 1,350%. Our team has worked around the clock reporting cases to the police, regulatory authorities, broadcasters etc. supporting students, leading the fight against antisemitism on social media, running campaigns, fielding an unprecedented number of queries from the public, supporting victims, delivering educational sessions to everyone from children to professionals.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Achievements and performance (continued)

- CAA co-sponsored a rally outside the BBC's Broadcasting House, which was covered by the major broadcasters and newspapers. Subsequently, CAA returned to project onto the building a video showing the consequences of the BBC's inflammatory reporting.
- For the first time, a member of the BBC's Executive Committee spoke at an open event for the Jewish community hosted by CAA and attended by hundreds.
- CAA was at the forefront of the campaign to pressure the BBC to report accurately and impartially, including by calling Hamas what they are: terrorists. This included CAA launching a Parliamentary Petition calling for terrorism legislation to be amended to require all broadcasters regulated by Ofcom to describe all terrorist organisations proscribed in the UK and their operatives as "terrorists" and not by any other descriptor, unless it makes their terrorist nature clear.
- CAA hosted a rally outside New Scotland Yard. The rally called out the failure of police to make arrests over public support of terror organisations.
- Leading lawyers, including 15 KCs, signed a letter written by CAA calling on the police commissioner to enforce existing criminal offences and use his section 12 powers to limit the weekly anti-Israel marches through London.
- Following our protest outside Scotland Yard, CAA met with the Home Secretary to discuss issues affecting the Jewish community. Our focus remained on ensuring arrests and prosecutions materialise, and that the Met use their powers to impose conditions on marches.
- CAA volunteer teams have been sent to gather evidence of antisemitism at anti-Israel demonstrations, contributing to pressuring the Government to crack down on organisations such as Hizb Ut Tahrir.
- In a similar vein, members of CAA went into anti-Israel demonstrations to record street interviews, lifting the veil on antisemitism within the regular London protests and receiving widespread attention.
- CAA launched a billboard campaign around London featuring the faces of infants and children taken hostage by Hamas on 7th October as part of a campaign to ensure that the public does not so quickly forget not only those murdered by the terrorists but also those still in their clutches. As part of this campaign, CAA also launched a campaign on digital billboard vans, displaying the faces of children taken hostage by Hamas, a proscribed terrorist group.
- The police decided to shut down our rented vans forcing us to adapt and purchase our own van, ensuring that the faces of the hostages cannot be forgotten or suppressed.
- CAA undertook new polling of the Jewish community in mid-November which revealed startling insights into the sentiments of the Jewish community.
- CAA recorded a special episode of our podcast with a courageous and principled young sports journalist who quit the BBC in protest at its failure to describe Hamas as a terrorist organisation.
- In light of the 7th October atrocity, and the subsequent rise in antisemitism in the UK, CAA hosted special briefings for the community and professional groups on the current situation in the UK.
- CAA gave evidence at the House of Commons Home Affairs Select Committee on the impact of the weekly anti-Israel protests.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Achievements and performance (continued)

b. Factors relevant to achieve objectives

The dramatic rise in antisemitism and the subsequent demand for our services post-7th October has demanded that we dramatically increase our output. To this end, the expansion of our staff team during 2023, as well as fast-tracked recruitment of additional volunteers has been employed to greatly increase the charity's ability to rise to unprecedented challenges.

Our hires have included an in-house legal counsel to work with our network of pro-bono legal experts and external counsel, many of whom are counted amongst the very best in their professional specialisms, at the forefront of the fight against antisemitism.

We also expanded our communications team to increase our output of journalistic quality articles, provide information and research to journalists; and manage our social media channels.

We further overhauled our education team, appointing a full-time Outreach and Education Officer to focus our education work, increase student support — especially on campuses — and build on our offerings for teachers.

We hired a Development and Engagement Manager to improve our internal processes and enhance our fundraising. This has helped to procure additional resources to further our charitable objectives and safeguard the charity's future.

c. Fundraising activities and income generation

Donations were received throughout the year through direct approaches to philanthropists. This effort was supported by online fundraising, with our main fundraising event of the year being a crowdfunding appeal in October 2023.

Financial review

a. Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies.

b. Reserves policy

Unrestricted reserves are £3,773,378 at the year end. Due to factors including economic uncertainty, the unpredictable nature of much of the charity's fundraising, the fact that the charity undertakes litigation which could result in adverse cost orders, and the fact that the charity may be required to react to unforeseen antisemitic incidents such as in the aftermath of the 7th October atrocity, it is the charity's policy to hold reserves equivalent to two years' operating costs. Additionally, the charity holds reserves which are earmarked for planned expansion for which it conducts fundraising.

There were no restricted funds during the year.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

c. Income

Total income during 2023 amounted to £2,607,437 (2022: £1,135,202). After deducting total expenditure in the year of £1,227,763 (2022: £617,217), there was a net income of £1,379,674 (2022: £517,985).

d. Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks of the charity, as identified by the trustees, are outlined below:

Financial risks

This is the risk that the charity's financial health could begin to deteriorate, and that the charity would therefore be unable to deliver its vital services at the current level. Such a risk could arise through a number of causes, such as a sudden shortfall in the donations received.

The charity has a variety of control measures in place so as to counteract this risk - it regularly monitors the adequacy of its financial returns so that it can take immediate corrective action whenever required, and it ensures that it receives sound and professional advice when it comes to investment matters.

Governance risks

This is the risk that the trustees (i.e. those charged with governance) do not have the prerequisite skills or commitment to shepherd the charity effectively. This risk is substantially mitigated through the charity's rigorous training and recruitment policies, as well as its regular review of those policies.

Personnel risks

This is the risk that the charity lacks the prerequisite staff so as to carry out its charitable aims, and it would arise from both an inability to retain staff as well as difficulty in the recruitment of new staff. This risk has been mitigated through a variety of measures, such as general succession planning and the use of notice periods, to allow the charity adequate time to replace lost staff.

Regulatory risk

This is the risk that the charity does not comply with relevant laws and regulations, which could result in significant financial and reputational ramifications. The charity recognises the importance of compliance and as such has implemented appropriate measures. For instance, the charity has identified the laws and regulations that are relevant to a charity of its size and nature, and it has allocated responsibility amongst its staff for compliance with those laws and regulations. It has also implemented procedures for compliance monitoring and reporting, and where appropriate it has obtained compliance reports from regulators.

Operational risk

This is the risk that operational factors will impede the progress of the charity. Such factors might include a decline in satisfaction amongst users of the charity's services.

The charity has countered the risk of declining satisfaction through senior-level case management, so as to ensure that the charity's services are always to an appropriate standard.

Environmental and external risks

This is the risk that the success of the charity could be hampered by changes to its relationship with the public or its donors. It has countered this risk through the employment of dedicated communications and community engagement personnel, and by ensuring that it is adequately staffed at all times.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

e. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The trustees have overall responsibility for the charity's systems of internal control that are designed by senior management to ensure effective and efficient operations, including financial reporting, and compliance with laws and regulations. In establishing and reviewing the system of internal control, the trustees and senior management have regard to the materiality of relevant risks, the likelihood of loss being incurred and the cost of control. A risk assessment report and register of risks are produced and reviewed by the Trustees at least annually and key managers and staff have been consulted to ensure that all areas of risk are identified and managed appropriately.

The charity is committed to a policy of identifying, monitoring and managing the risks that might adversely affect the activities in which it is involved. In this context, risk is defined as the potential for loss, financial and reputational, inherent in the environment in which the charity operates and the transactions undertaken. The trustees believe that an appropriate review of risks is currently undertaken, with risks being ranked and periodically reviewed, and appropriate action being identified to mitigate the risks.

f. Principal funding

The principal funding sources of the charity are shown in notes 3 and 4 of the accounts. The trustees monitor the charity's activities against its objectives.

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

The charity was registered as a charitable incorporated organisation (CIO) on 1st October 2015.

The charity's governing document is its constitution.

b. Methods of appointment or election of trustees

New trustees are appointed by the existing trustees. Vetting and checks of trustees are carried out in line with Charity Commission guidance. All new trustees receive information outlining their legal obligations under charity law, a copy of the previous year's annual report and accounts, a copy of the charity's constitution and current information and literature regarding the charity. Inductions take place with all staff.

The board has a positive approach to its own training and development, regularly reviewing skills and needs. All trustees are encouraged to keep abreast of developments both in charity governance and in current issues.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Structure, governance and management (continued)

c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

The small staff team works with an outstanding volunteer team of over 3,700 people who have signed up to contribute their talents to the fight against antisemitism. It is thanks to its many volunteers that the charity is able to conduct such far-reaching campaigns and continue to expose and counter antisemitism nationwide.

The charity consists of eight teams working closely together:

- Investigations and enforcement: Detects and investigates antisemitic incidents and seeks enforcement action by regulators and the criminal justice system
- Outreach and education: Establishes alliances with other groups and educates the public about antisemitism and how to fight it. While our work is naturally of importance to Jews, a considerable number of our volunteers are not Jewish, and we are proud to be recruiting people from across society.
- Public affairs and research: Builds relationships with governmental bodies, police forces and other organisations involved in the fight against antisemitism in order to advocate for the state to adopt a zero-tolerance approach to antisemitism.
- Awareness and communication: Works to raise awareness of antisemitism amongst the British public by building and leveraging an extensive network of senior journalists in mainstream media and conducting social media campaigns.
- Litigation: Provides expert legal advice and litigates directly against individuals or organisations expressing or propagating antisemitism and also litigates against the authorities when they fail to act.
- Mobilisation: Recruits, trains and coordinates our hundreds of volunteers, empowering them to take effective action against antisemitism and in accordance with our objects, and works to identify and satisfy resource requirements.
- Organisation and Finance: Ensures that the charity operates effectively in compliance with the law.
- Fundraising: Raises funds in order to pursue campaigns and increase our capabilities.

d. Pay policy for key management personnel

The pay policy for key management is set by the charity's remuneration committee. Key management personnel are not on the remuneration committee and do not attend the meetings. The remuneration committee comprises three trustees and two independent members. The remuneration of key management is reviewed once a year.

e. Related party relationships

Campaign Against Antisemitism has no related party relationships with any other organisations.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Plans for future periods

Since October 7th, Jews worldwide have faced the most severe antisemitism seen in decades. But having spent nine years building CAA, as an organisation and as a community, we are incomparably better placed to fight back.

Standing up for Jews

The charity will build on relationships forged at rallies over 2023, including the March Against Antisemitism, when 105,000 of us — British Jews and our allies from across the country — assembled to March Against Antisemitism in what was the largest gathering against antisemitism in almost a century. Furthermore, we will provide platforms for Jewish and non-Jewish victims of antisemitism, providing a platform to elevate their voices. This all gives a voice to the Jewish community and its allies, maintaining pressure on the authorities and the public to stand with British Jews.

Enforcement

CAA's analysis of Home Office statistics showed that an average of over three hate crimes are directed at Jews every single day in England and Wales, with Jews almost four times more likely per capita to be targets of hate crime than any other faith group. This was the state of antisemitism prior to the paradigm-shifting attack of 7th October, since then antisemitic hate crimes have increased by a further 1,350% according to the Metropolitan Police Service, to truly unprecedented levels in this country.

Despite our landmark legal successes, with the scale of antisemitic incidents and support for genocidal antisemitic terror groups the Police and the CPS continue to fail to prosecute hate crime on the streets and antisemitic incitement online to an adequate level. Government support has not translated into adequate policing and with the continued issues around support for Hamas during public protests, biases in reporting and social media, the Jewish community is in a state of insecurity.

We intend to build on our legal successes by bringing more cases and working with the authorities to bring those who express or propagate antisemitism to justice. Incitement with impunity is emboldening anti-Jewish racists on the internet and on our streets, and only zero-tolerance enforcement of the law will deter future expressions of antisemitism and secure the future of Britain's Jewish community.

Media, social media and politics

With the notable rise of antisemitism, the charity will robustly challenge expressions of antisemitism, and the downplaying of antisemitism, in traditional and new media. As well as holding major corporations to account, and influencing policy changes, we will also achieve this through publicising incidents, including through protests, and working with technology companies to improve their processes and holding them to account when they fall short.

The charity will look to further build on our successful investigative film into the allegations of antisemitism against Roger Waters, ensuring that the stories of victims are told and that we are exposing and presenting evidence of alleged antisemitism to the world.

The charity will also continue to expose, document and highlight antisemitism in political parties, publishing our case files, and endeavouring to ensure that antisemitic political activists are prosecuted wherever possible.

Further and higher education

Antisemitism at universities has escalated significantly since the horrific events of 7th October, following which we have seen open support for the perpetrators of the massacre, including Hamas, a proscribed terrorist organisation. This is a major concern for the charity and the Jewish community. The past belief that, despite some anti-Jewish prejudice and hostile politics, Jewish life thrives on many campuses, no longer reflects reality.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Plans for future periods (continued)

Although well over 50% of universities have adopted the International Definition of Antisemitism, their failure to curb the growth of antisemitism on campuses is extremely concerning.

Where appropriate, we intend to bring legal proceedings to force universities to defend their Jewish students and staff, and we will continue to offer antisemitism training to any university or campus body. We will develop a new ambassador programme for university students, offering them a chance to contribute to CAA's work and make a tangible difference on their university campus.

Jewish schools have, at points, requested that students remove visible signs of their Jewish identity for their own safety. We are engaging with Jewish schools and will continue to expand our further education, ensuring that Jewish students are better equipped to address antisemitism after leaving school. The expansion of our educational programming, which started in 2023, will greatly improve Jewish schools' offerings around antisemitism education going forward, developing the next generation of Jewish leaders, activists and CAA ambassadors.

Office and staffing

The charity will look to better achieve our goals by expanding its staffing. This includes hiring a full-time Paralegal and Casework Manager (both of which have been recruited since the year end) to supplement our in-house legal counsel and work with them and our network of pro-bono legal experts and external counsel, who are counted amongst the very best in their professional specialisms, at the forefront of the fight against antisemitism; bringing private prosecutions against antisemites and challenging the Crown Prosecution Service when it fails to prosecute antisemitic hate crime; subjecting inadequate decisions by public bodies to judicial review; submitting regulatory complaints; bringing defamation cases; and establishing a legal network.

This will be supplemented by expanding our communications team, adding experience and specialist skills to help CAA analyse trends, manage our social media channels and create engaging and relevant campaigns to highlight the issue of antisemitism. With our rapidly-growing volunteer team and staff. We will look at practical options to expand the capacity of our office space and improve its amenities to attract volunteers to work from our volunteer hub, and better cater to the needs of our growing staff.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- Make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011 and the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are trustees at the time when this trustees' report is approved has confirmed that:

- So far as each trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- Each trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, BKL Audit LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The designated trustees will propose a motion reappointing the auditors at a meeting of the trustees.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees and signed on:

Date: 29/10/2024

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Campaign Against Antisemitism (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. The trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustee's Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiring of management around actual and potential litigation and claims.
- Reviewing board meeting minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation with applicable laws and regulations.
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BKL Audit LLP
35 Ballards Lane
London
N3 1XW

Date: 29/10/2024

BKL Audit LLP are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

	Note	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Income from:				
Donations and legacies	3	2,601,501	2,601,501	1,132,630
Charitable activities	4	5,610	5,610	2,572
Income from investments	5	326	326	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total income		2,607,437	2,607,437	1,135,202
Expenditure on:				
Raising funds	6	52,013	52,013	44,201
Charitable activities	7	1,175,750	1,175,750	573,016
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total expenditure		1,227,763	1,227,763	617,217
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net movement in funds		1,379,674	1,379,674	517,985
Reconciliation of funds:				
Total funds brought forward		2,393,704	2,393,704	1,875,719
Net movement in funds		1,379,674	1,379,674	517,985
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total funds carried forward		3,773,378	3,773,378	2,393,704

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023**

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	12	99,285	42,325
		<u>99,285</u>	<u>42,325</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	13	59,376	56,998
Cash at bank and in hand		3,688,665	2,337,554
		<u>3,748,041</u>	<u>2,394,552</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(73,948)	(43,173)
Net current assets		3,674,093	2,351,379
Total net assets		3,773,378	2,393,704
		<u><u>3,773,378</u></u>	<u><u>2,393,704</u></u>
Charity funds			
Unrestricted funds	15	3,773,378	2,393,704
Total funds		3,773,378	2,393,704
		<u><u>3,773,378</u></u>	<u><u>2,393,704</u></u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the trustee and signed on:

Date: 29/10/2024

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

	2023 £	2022 £
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net cash used in operating activities	1,436,689	499,875
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(85,578)	(46,736)
Other	-	(568)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash used in investing activities	(85,578)	(47,304)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	1,351,111	452,571
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,337,554	1,884,983
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,688,665	2,337,554
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The notes on pages 20 to 33 form part of these financial statements

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. General information

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation that was registered with the Charity Commission on the 1st October 2015.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Campaign Against Antisemitism meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

2.2 Income

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance Sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

Donations are recognised on receipt, Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount.

2.3 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure incurred by the charity to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Expenditure (continued)

The charity has one main activity being that of campaigning against antisemitism.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets costing £1,000 or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. All costs incurred to bring a tangible fixed asset into its intended working condition should be included in the measurement of cost.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Leasehold improvements	-	20%
Motor vehicles	-	20%
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	20%
Computer equipment	-	20%

2.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amount of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

2.6 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

2.7 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities as a finance cost.

2.9 Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Pensions

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the charity to the fund in respect of the year.

2.11 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the trustee in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors or which have been raised by the charity for particular purposes. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Investment income, gains and losses are allocated to the appropriate fund.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Donations	2,527,785	2,527,785
Gift aid	73,716	73,716
	<u>2,601,501</u>	<u>2,601,501</u>

A vast amount of time, the value of which is impossible to reflect in these financial statements, is donated by volunteers. We would not have been able to achieve what we have done without their tremendous efforts.

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Donations	1,086,125	1,086,125
Gift aid	46,505	46,505
	<u>1,132,630</u>	<u>1,132,630</u>

4. Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Sale of merchandise	5,610	5,610

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Sale of merchandise	2,572	2,572

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

5. Income from investments

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Interest received	326	326	-
	326	326	-

6. Expenditure on raising funds

Costs of raising voluntary income

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Advertising	19,207	19,207
Campaign fees	32,806	32,806
	52,013	52,013

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Advertising	35,359	35,359
Campaign fees	8,842	8,842
	44,201	44,201

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

7. Analysis of expenditure on charitable activities

Summary by fund type

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total 2023 £
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,175,750	1,175,750

	<i>Restricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total 2022 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	58,457	514,559	573,016

8. Analysis of expenditure by activities

	Activities undertaken directly 2023 £	Support costs 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Campaigning against antisemitism	1,006,829	168,921	1,175,750

	<i>Activities undertaken directly 2022 £</i>	<i>Support costs 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	449,114	123,902	573,016

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

8. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of direct costs

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Staff costs	391,816	391,816
Travel	34,925	34,925
Staff training	330	330
Professional fees	229,107	229,107
Advertising	238,806	238,806
Event costs and other direct expenses	111,845	111,845
	<u>1,006,829</u>	<u>1,006,829</u>

	<i>Campaigning against antisemitism 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Staff costs	373,776	373,776
Travel	12,193	12,193
Staff training	389	389
Professional fees	62,756	62,756
	<u>449,114</u>	<u>449,114</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

8. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of support costs

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Depreciation	28,617	28,617
Rent and rates	61,296	61,296
General office expenses	65,878	65,878
Auditors' remuneration	13,130	13,130
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	168,921	168,921
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the audit fee for the year.

	<i>Campaigning against antisemitism 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Depreciation	12,149	12,149
Rent and rates	54,463	54,463
General office expenses	41,797	41,797
Auditors' remuneration	11,100	11,100
Accountancy	1,074	1,074
Repairs and maintenance	3,319	3,319
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	123,902	123,902
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the audit fee for the year.

9. Auditors' remuneration

	2023 £	2022 £
Fees payable to the Charity's auditor for the audit and preparation of the Charity's annual accounts	13,130	11,100
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

10. Staff costs

	2023 £	2022 £
Wages and salaries	353,760	337,004
Social security costs	35,311	34,248
Contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	2,745	2,524
	<u>391,816</u>	<u>373,776</u>

The average number of persons employed by the charity during the year was as follows:

	2023 No.	2022 No.
Employees	<u>8</u>	<u>7</u>

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2023 No.	2022 No.
In the band £100,001 - £110,000	-	1
In the band £170,001 - £180,000	1	-

11. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

During the year, no trustees received any remuneration or other benefits (2022 - £80,750). In the prior year, one of the trustees received salary payments amounting to £80,750 as authorised by the Charity Commission. The charity has an exemption from disclosing the names of its trustees.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, expenses totalling £2,775 were reimbursed or paid directly to 2 trustees (2022 - £1,087 to 2 trustees). These expenses related to travel and other payments to suppliers.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

12. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 January 2023	32,250	-	9,440	20,359	62,049
Additions	-	75,600	-	9,978	85,578
At 31 December 2023	<u>32,250</u>	<u>75,600</u>	<u>9,440</u>	<u>30,337</u>	<u>147,627</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2023	6,450	-	2,329	10,945	19,724
Charge for the year	6,450	15,120	1,447	5,601	28,618
At 31 December 2023	<u>12,900</u>	<u>15,120</u>	<u>3,776</u>	<u>16,546</u>	<u>48,342</u>
Net book value					
At 31 December 2023	<u>19,350</u>	<u>60,480</u>	<u>5,664</u>	<u>13,791</u>	<u>99,285</u>
<i>At 31 December 2022</i>	<u>25,800</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,111</u>	<u>9,414</u>	<u>42,325</u>

13. Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Due within one year		
Other debtors	11,385	11,250
Prepayments and accrued income	13,998	14,974
Gift aid recoverable	33,993	30,774
	<u>59,376</u>	<u>56,998</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Trade creditors	9,088	306
Other taxation and social security	37,008	-
Other creditors	909	710
Accruals and deferred income	26,943	42,157
	73,948	43,173
	73,948	43,173

15. Statement of funds

Statement of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 January 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 December 2023 £
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378
	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378
	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

15. Statement of funds (continued)

Statement of funds - prior year

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2022 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2022 £</i>
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds	1,817,262	1,135,202	(558,760)	2,393,704
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Restricted funds				
Restricted Funds - all funds	58,457	-	(58,457)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total of funds	<u>1,875,719</u>	<u>1,135,202</u>	<u>(617,217)</u>	<u>2,393,704</u>

The restricted fund in 2022 was reserved entirely for the payment of the salary of one of the trustees.

16. Summary of funds

Summary of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 January 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 December 2023 £
General funds	2,393,704	2,607,437	(1,227,763)	3,773,378
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

Summary of funds - prior year

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2022 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2022 £</i>
General funds	1,817,262	1,135,202	(558,760)	2,393,704
Restricted funds	58,457	-	(58,457)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	<u>1,875,719</u>	<u>1,135,202</u>	<u>(617,217)</u>	<u>2,393,704</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023**

17. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current year

	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Total funds 2023 £
Tangible fixed assets	99,285	99,285
Current assets	3,748,041	3,748,041
Creditors due within one year	(73,948)	(73,948)
Total	<u>3,773,378</u>	<u>3,773,378</u>

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior year

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Tangible fixed assets	42,325	42,325
Current assets	2,394,552	2,394,552
Creditors due within one year	(43,173)	(43,173)
Total	<u>2,393,704</u>	<u>2,393,704</u>

18. Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash flow from operating activities

	2023 £	2022 £
Net income for the year (as per Statement of Financial Activities)	<u>1,379,674</u>	<u>517,985</u>
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charges	28,617	12,149
Increase in debtors	(2,377)	(4,850)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	30,775	(25,409)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>1,436,689</u>	<u>499,875</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

19. Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	2023 £	2022 £
Cash in hand	3,688,665	2,337,554
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,688,665	2,337,554

20. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 January 2023 £	Cash flows £	At 31 December 2023 £
Cash at bank and in hand	2,337,554	1,351,111	3,688,665
	2,337,554	1,351,111	3,688,665

21. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2023 the charity had commitments to make future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2023 £	2022 £
Within one year	40,800	10,200
Between 1 to 5 years (£40,800 x 1.5)	61,200	-
	102,000	10,200

A deposit of £10,200 was paid in respect of this lease, recognised within debtors.

22. Related party transactions

During the year, there have been no other related party transactions other than those disclosed in note 11. In the prior year the Chief Executive made a donation of £10,000 to the charity.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

England & Wales - Charity number 1163790

Accounts

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE CHARITY, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Trustees	The charity has been granted dispensation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales not to name its trustees. This dispensation has been granted so as to preserve the safety of all those involved with the charity.
Charity registered number	1163790
Principal office	PO Box 7393 London W1A 5XQ
Independent auditors	BKL Audit LLP 35 Ballards Lane London N3 1XW
Bankers	Lloyds Bank 33 Old Street London EC2N 3AH

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The trustees present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the charity for the year 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022.

Objectives and activities

a. Policies and objectives

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a volunteer-led charity dedicated to exposing and countering antisemitism through education and a zero-tolerance enforcement of the law.

It is the UK's leading organisation fighting antisemitism.

The charity's objects are to promote racial harmony for the public benefit between Jewish people wherever in the world and other members of society by the elimination of antisemitism, including raising awareness of the occurrence of antisemitism and providing advocacy, assistance, care and relief in relation to those affected by antisemitism; and to advance education as regards the history, causes, effects and prevention of antisemitism for the public benefit.

The charity's overall objective is reflected in our motto: "Justice, justice you shall pursue", which is drawn from a well-known verse from Deuteronomy (16:20). The repetition of the word justice in the verse can be understood simply as a means of emphasis; however, some believe that it denotes two types of justice: justice for ourselves and justice for others. Others propose that it means that we must seek justice by just means alone. Together, these interpretations capture the ethos of the charity. In adopting "Justice, justice you shall pursue" as our motto, we unify all that we do under the universal value of the pursuit and realisation of justice.

We envision a society in which antisemitism is universally understood and abhorred. Our mission is to secure justice against antisemites and strive for a more unified and harmonious society.

The trustees have had regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

b. Strategies for achieving objectives

We expect the authorities, professions and political parties to take firm action to address manifestations of antisemitism, and we work closely with them. However, when they do not defend the rights of British Jews, we take action ourselves in courts and tribunals, and through the media.

We are at the forefront of the battle to deter antisemitic crime and pursue justice for victims and the Jewish community. To this end, we deploy innovative legal strategies against those who express or propagate antisemitism, and our litigation continues to set landmark legal precedents.

Our small team of staff works with the hundreds of volunteers who have signed up to contribute their considerable talents to the fight against antisemitism.

In the long history of the fight against the world's oldest hatred, every accomplishment of note started with a small, plucky, single-minded group using every ounce of their determination and ingenuity to achieve an objective that everyone else said was too ambitious.

We campaign with the agility of a start-up and the expertise of our professional volunteers.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Objectives and activities (continued)

c. Activities undertaken to achieve objectives

During the period, the charity's activities have included:

- Campaigning against antisemitism wherever it arises, including on the streets and online, as well as in media, public life, the professions, and civil society, by highlighting the problem and demanding action. We regularly appear on the UK's main television and radio stations, and work closely with every mainstream newspaper.
- Enforcing zero tolerance of antisemitism by working with the authorities to investigate and prosecute hate crime toward Jews. When the authorities have failed to act, we have successfully launched litigation. Over the years, this has included private prosecutions using our own lawyers and bringing judicial review proceedings against the Crown to force the state to prosecute offenders. These techniques have resulted in criminal convictions and even custodial sentences in cases when the Crown Prosecution Services initially refused to prosecute.
- Working closely with legislators to ensure that regulations, laws and penalties are suitably tough, that the right laws are in place to deter antisemitic hate, and that those laws are enforced.
- Holding educational events for school pupils, university students and adults, both within the Jewish community and beyond, as well as through the provision of training to professional regulators and other organisations in the private and public sectors, in order to promote the knowledge, recognition and deterrence of antisemitism.
- Raising awareness of antisemitism through the provision of resources and the publication of research, ranging from historical resources and in-depth investigations of contemporary manifestations of antisemitism to national polls, and statistics-gathering. These research projects inform our work and also equip the authorities, the media and the general public with vital information that contributes to their understanding of antisemitism and how to counter it. We also publicise antisemitic incidents on our website and social media platforms, which attract a substantial and growing domestic and international readership.
- Promoting the widespread adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism. In 2016, the UK was the first country in the world to adopt the definition, something for which the charity worked hard over many meetings with officials at Downing Street. Since then, we have promoted the adoption of the definition by public bodies, criminal and judicial bodies, local authorities, universities and others.

d. Social investment policies

The charity did not engage in social investment or grant-making, nor did it hold funds as custodian trustee on behalf of others

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Achievements and performance

a. Main achievements of the charity

Over the course of 2022, the charity's achievements and performance have included the following:

- The Court of Appeal sent the anonymous antisemitic online troll Nicholas Nelson to prison after he was convicted following a pioneering legal strategy devised by CAA and counsel leading to his conviction and, after he received an unduly lenient sentence, we successfully called on the Attorney General to refer him to the Court of Appeal which agreed with us and jailed him.
- Grenfell Tower volunteer coordinator Tahra Ahmed was jailed after we sought her prosecution over her claims that the fire was a Jewish ritual sacrifice. We worked closely with police to secure her prosecution, which was years in the making.
- The 'Honourable' Piers Portman was given leave to appeal, having been jailed and fined after walking up to our Chief Executive Gideon Falter in a court building, calling him "Jewish scum" and demanding that we "persecute" him.
- Antisemite Alison Chabloz was sent back to prison again after a Communications Act conviction following action by CAA.
- Abdullah Qureshi was convicted of antisemitic assaults after CAA exposed a plea bargain with the CPS that would have let him off aggravated hate charges. The CPS was forced to reinstate the charges following pressure from CAA and others.
- Neo-Nazi Ben John was sent to prison after CAA and others successfully called for review of his unduly lenient sentence.
- Co-founder of the Palestine Solidarity Campaign Tony Greenstein humiliatingly capitulated in his failed defamation case against CAA as the Supreme Court refused to hear his appeal. Over the course of the proceedings, we bankrupted him and had him removed as a charity trustee.
- Following appeals by CAA, aided by CAA Honorary Patron Lord Austin, French far-right fugitive and Holocaust-denier Vincent Reynouard was arrested in Scotland and faces an extradition hearing early next year. If he is extradited, he faces immediate imprisonment in France.
- Adidas ended its partnership with Kanye West after almost 200,000 people signed CAA's petition, backed by celebrities including David Schwimmer and Chelsea Handler.
- The Charity Commission launched an investigation into the National Union of Students after CAA and Robert Halfon (then Chair of the House of Commons Education Select Committee) wrote to the Commission with a dossier on NUS.
- Additionally, Shaima Dallali was removed as President of NUS following pressure by CAA, former NUS Presidents and numerous Jewish groups.
- CAA worked with parents and the *Daily Mail* to reveal a scandal at the American School in London, over the course of which the headmistress resigned.
- Ofcom responded to outrage from CAA and many others in the Jewish community by rebuking the BBC over its coverage of the antisemitic Oxford Street incident last year. We have helped give voice to the community's anger at the BBC, including with a rally outside Broadcasting House one year ago and by projecting examples of antisemitic coverage onto the building.
- CAA continues to help victims in cases that do not make the headlines but make a significant difference in the lives of ordinary Jews facing discrimination, for example in the case of a young Jewish employee at a pub whose manager was removed following antisemitic abuse, and a Jewish civil servant who received an apology over a problem at work.
- CAA's analysis examined Sir Keir Starmer's claim that Barnet local election result indicated that Labour had overcome its antisemitism problem and CAA, along with others, challenged the Conservatives in Bury over a pattern of concerning incidents.
- We launched a first-of-its-kind study surveying in real-time the adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism by local authorities across the UK. It is the only such resource, and complements our existing

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Achievements and performance (continued)

- resource for universities.
- Together with the Church of England's Diocese of Manchester, we launched our Love Thy Neighbour teachers' guides, which are also featured on BBC Teach.
 - CAA's podcast (Podcast Against Antisemitism) celebrated one year on the airwaves. It is the world's only podcast dedicated to antisemitism and is in the top 5% most shared podcasts globally on streaming giant Spotify, and is in the top 10% most followed podcasts. Guests have included David Baddiel, Eddie Marsan, Robert Rinder, Simon Brodtkin, Elon Gold, Modi Rosenfeld, Ben M. Freeman, Eve Barlow, Natan Levy and numerous other celebrities, influencers, rabbis, academics, activists and authors.
 - We have been at the forefront of fighting antisemitism across all political parties, including the Conservatives, Labour Party, the Liberal Democrats, the Green Party, the Scottish National Party, Plaid Cymru and the Brexit Party, and in local politics, as documented on our website.
 - We conducted our annual Antisemitism Barometer study. Our polling was conducted in conjunction with King's College London. The Barometer polls attitudes of the British public towards Jews, with YouGov, while an additional survey polls the views of the Jewish community on antisemitism and whether and how it is being addressed.

b. Factors relevant to achieve objectives

Expansion of the staff team during 2022, recruitment of additional volunteers and the end of Covid restrictions greatly increased the charity's capacity. A nationwide labour shortage caused hiring difficulties, however the shortage eased towards the end of the year and, subsequent to the year end, we were able to fill the positions that had been vacant during 2022.

c. Fundraising activities and income generation

Donations were received throughout the year through direct approaches to philanthropists. This effort was supported by online fundraising, with our main fundraising event of the year being a crowdfunding appeal in December 2022.

Financial review

a. Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

b. Reserves policy

Unrestricted reserves are £2,393,704 at the year end. Due to factors including economic uncertainty, the unpredictable nature of much of the charity's fundraising, the fact that the charity undertakes litigation which could result in adverse costs orders, and the fact that the charity may be required to react to unforeseen antisemitic incidents, it is the charity's policy to hold reserves equivalent to two years' operating costs. Additionally, the charity holds reserves which are earmarked for planned expansion for which it conducts fundraising.

A pre-existing restricted fund to be used exclusively for specific staff costs did not receive further donations during the year. At the year end the balance of this restricted fund had been entirely used to pay specific staff costs.

c. Income

Total income during 2022 amounted to £1,135,202 (2021: £994,950). After deducting total expenditure in the year of £617,217 (2021: 491,211), there was a net income of £517,985 (£503,739).

d. Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks of the charity, as identified by the trustees, are outlined below:

Financial risks

This is the risk that the charity's financial health could begin to deteriorate, and that the charity would therefore be unable to deliver its vital services at the current level. Such a risk could arise through a number of causes, such as a sudden shortfall in the donations received.

The charity has a variety of control measures in place so as to counter-act this risk - it regularly monitors the adequacy of its financial returns so that it can take immediate corrective action whenever required, and it ensures that it receives sound and professional advice when it comes to investment matters.

Governance risks

This is the risk that the trustees (i.e those charged with governance) do not have the prerequisite skills or commitment to shepherd the charity effectively. This risk is substantially mitigated through the charity's rigorous training and recruitment policies, as well as its regular review of those policies.

Personnel risks

This is the risk that the charity lacks the prerequisite staff so as to carry out its charitable aims, and it would arise from both an inability to retain staff as well as difficulty in the recruitment of new staff. This risk has been mitigated through a variety of measures, such as general succession planning and the use of notice periods, to allow the charity adequate time to replace lost staff.

Regulatory risk

This is the risk that the charity does not comply with relevant laws and regulations, which could result in significant financial and reputational ramifications. The charity recognises the importance of compliance and as such has implemented a host of measures to ensure it. For instance, the charity has identified the laws and regulations that are relevant to a charity of its size and nature, and it has allocated responsibility amongst its staff for compliance with those laws and regulations. It has also implemented procedures for compliance monitoring and reporting, and where appropriate it has obtained compliance reports from regulators.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Operational risk

This is the risk that operational factors will impede the progress of the charity. Such factors might include a decline in satisfaction amongst users of the charity's services.

The charity has countered the risk of declining satisfaction through senior level case management, so as to ensure that the charity's services are always to an appropriate standard.

Environmental and external risks

This is the risk that the success of the charity could be hampered by changes to its relationship with the public or its donors. It has countered this risk through the employment of dedicated communications and community engagement personnel, and by ensuring that it is adequately staffed at all times.

e. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The trustees have overall responsibility for the charity's systems of internal control that are designed by senior management to ensure effective and efficient operations, including financial reporting, and compliance with laws and regulations. In establishing and reviewing the system of internal control, the trustees and senior management have regard to the materiality of relevant risks, the likelihood of loss being incurred and the cost of control. A risk assessment report and register of risks are produced and reviewed by the Trustees at least annually and key managers and staff have been consulted to ensure that all areas of risk are identified and managed appropriately.

The charity is committed to a policy of identifying, monitoring and managing the risks that might adversely affect the activities in which it is involved. In this context, risk is defined as the potential for loss, financial and reputational, inherent in the environment in which the charity operates and the transactions undertaken. The trustees believe that an appropriate review of risks is currently undertaken, with risks being ranked and periodically reviewed, and appropriate action being identified to mitigate the risks.

f. Principal funding

The principal funding sources of the charity are shown in notes 3 and 4 of the accounts. The trustees monitor the charity's activities against its objectives.

Structure, governance and management

a. Constitution

The charity was registered as a charitable incorporated organisation (CIO) on 1st October 2015.

The charity's governing document is its constitution.

b. Methods of appointment or election of trustees

New trustees are appointed by the existing trustees. Vetting and checks of trustees are carried out in line with Charity Commission guidance. All new trustees receive information outlining their legal obligations under charity law, a copy of the previous year's annual report and accounts, a copy of the charity's constitution and current information and literature regarding the charity. Inductions take place with all staff.

The board has a positive approach to its own training and development, regularly reviewing skills and needs. All trustees are encouraged to keep abreast of developments both in charity governance and in current issues.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Structure, governance and management (continued)

c. Organisational structure and decision-making policies

The small staff team works with an outstanding volunteer team of over 1,700 people who have signed up to contribute their talents to the fight against antisemitism. It is thanks to its many volunteers that the charity is able to conduct such far-reaching campaigns and continue to expose and counter antisemitism nationwide.

The charity consists of eight teams working closely together:

- Investigations and enforcement: Detects and investigates antisemitic incidents and seeks enforcement action by regulators and the criminal justice system
- Outreach and education: Establishes alliances with other groups and educates the public about antisemitism and how to fight it. While our work is naturally of importance to Jews, a considerable number of our volunteers are not Jewish, and we are proud to be recruiting people from across society.
- Public affairs and research: Builds relationships with governmental bodies, police forces and other organisations involved in the fight against antisemitism in order to advocate for the state to adopt a zero-tolerance approach to antisemitism.
- Awareness and communication: Works to raise awareness of antisemitism amongst the British public by building and leveraging an extensive network of senior journalists in mainstream media and conducting social media campaigns.
- Litigation: Provides expert legal advice and litigates directly against individuals or organisations expressing or propagating antisemitism and also litigates against the authorities when they fail to act.
- Mobilisation: Recruits, trains and coordinates our hundreds of volunteers, empowering them to take effective action against antisemitism and in accordance with our objects, and works to identify and satisfy resource requirements.
- Organisation and Finance: Ensures that the charity operates effectively in compliance with the law.
- Fundraising: Raises funds in order to pursue campaigns and increase our capabilities.

d. Pay policy for key management personnel

The pay policy for key management is set by the charity's remuneration committee. Key management personnel are not on the remuneration committee and do not attend the meetings. The remuneration committee comprises three trustees and two independent advisers. The remuneration of key management is reviewed once a year.

e. Related party relationships

Campaign Against Antisemitism has no related party relationships with any other organisations.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Plans for future periods

Enforcement

The charity's analysis of Home Office statistics shows that an average of over three hate crimes are directed at Jews every single day in England and Wales, with Jews almost four times more likely per capita to be targets of hate crime than any other faith group.

Despite our landmark legal successes through private prosecutions, judicial reviews and other litigation, the CPS continues to fail to prosecute hate crime on the streets and antisemitic incitement online to an adequate level. Government support and a receptive public are undoubtedly welcome, but unless the CPS is prepared to enforce the law, there will be no deterrent against antisemitism.

We intend to build on our legal successes by bringing more cases, and working with the authorities to bring those who express or propagate antisemitism to justice. Incitement with impunity is emboldening anti-Jewish racists on the internet and on our streets, and only zero-tolerance enforcement of the law will deter future expressions of antisemitism and secure the future of Britain's Jewish community.

Media, social media and politics

The charity will continue to challenge expressions of antisemitism in traditional and new media, through publicising incidents and working with technology companies to improve their processes and holding them to account when they fall short. We will venture into new media forms including through our podcast and exploring ascendant social media platforms.

The charity will also continue to expose, document and highlight antisemitism in political parties, publishing our case files, and will endeavour to ensure that antisemitic political activists are prosecuted wherever possible.

Further and higher education

Antisemitism at universities has long been a major concern for the charity and the Jewish community. Our experience and that of past and present Jewish students in Britain is that, while we have much to be proud of in our universities and Jewish life has thrived on many campuses, nevertheless, campuses are an incubator for anti-Jewish prejudice, and students often acquire antisemitic views at university which adversely affect the experience of their Jewish peers and negatively influences student politics. Following graduation, these views can persist, impacting national politics and public life more generally. Last year's analysis showed us that over 50% of universities have now adopted the international definition of antisemitism but work remains both in expanding that to the many remaining universities who have failed to adopt the definition, and ensuring accurate and appropriate application of the definition by institutions who have already adopted it.

Where appropriate, we intend to bring legal proceedings to force universities to defend their Jewish students and staff, and we will continue to offer antisemitism training to any university or campus body.

We will expand our offerings, building on our existing internship programme for university students, offering them a chance to contribute to CAA's work with a view to them becoming ambassadors of CAA's values in the wider world.

We will expand into further education, ensuring that Jewish students are better equipped to address antisemitism after leaving school. The expansion of our educational programming will revolutionise Jewish schools' offerings around antisemitism education, ensuring the next generation of Jewish leaders, activists and CAA ambassadors.

Office and staffing

The charity will look to expand its staffing to better achieve our goals. This includes hiring an in-house legal counsel to work with our network of pro-bono legal experts and external counsel, who are counted amongst the

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Plans for future periods (continued)

very best in their professional specialisms, at the forefront of the fight against antisemitism; bringing private prosecutions against antisemites and challenging the Crown Prosecution Service when it fails to prosecute antisemitic hate crime as well as subject inadequate decisions by public bodies to judicial review, submit regulatory complaints, bringing and defending defamation cases and establishing a network of 'legal friends'. This will be further supplemented by expanding our communications team to increase our output of journalistic-quality articles, helping CAA to explain the nature of antisemitism in Britain, trends, and possible strategies for addressing it, providing information and research to journalists; and managing our social media channels. We will also look to overhaul our education team with a full time Outreach and Education Officer to focus our education work, increase our student support and build on our offerings for teachers.

We will hire a Development and Engagement Manager to improve our internal processes, enhance our fundraising and secure the charities volunteer system. This will help to procure additional resources to further our charitable objectives and safeguard the charity's future.

To maximise the potential of our staff it is vital that our office reflects the abilities and potential of our growing volunteer team and staff. We renovated our office space, modernising it and improving it to attract volunteers to work from our volunteer hub, and better catering to the needs of our growing staff.

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP (FRS 102);
- Make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011 and the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are trustees at the time when this trustees' report is approved has confirmed that:

- So far as each trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- Each trustee has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a trustee in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

Auditors

The auditors, BKL Audit LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office. The designated trustees will propose a motion reappointing the auditors at a meeting of the trustees.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees and signed on:

Date: 27 October 2023

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Campaign Against Antisemitism (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the accounts to provide a true and fair view in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. The trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the Trustee's Report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Responsibilities Statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Enquiring of management around actual and potential litigation and claims.
- Reviewing board meeting minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation with applicable laws and regulations.
- Performing audit work over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing accounting estimates for bias

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM (CONTINUED)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and its trustees, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

BKL Audit LLP
35 Ballards Lane
London
N3 1XW

Date: 27 October 2023

BKL Audit LLP are eligible to act as auditors in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

	Note	Restricted funds 2022 £	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £	<i>Total funds 2021 £</i>
Income from:					
Donations and legacies	3	-	1,132,630	1,132,630	994,776
Charitable activities	4	-	2,572	2,572	174
Total income		-	1,135,202	1,135,202	994,950
Expenditure on:					
Raising funds	5	-	44,201	44,201	35,560
Charitable activities	6	58,457	514,559	573,016	455,651
Total expenditure		58,457	558,760	617,217	491,211
Net movement in funds		(58,457)	576,442	517,985	503,739
Reconciliation of funds:					
Total funds brought forward		58,457	1,817,262	1,875,719	1,371,980
Net movement in funds		(58,457)	576,442	517,985	503,739
Total funds carried forward		-	2,393,704	2,393,704	1,875,719

The Statement of Financial Activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

The notes on pages 19 to 34 form part of these financial statements.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022**

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	11	42,325	7,738
		<u>42,325</u>	<u>7,738</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	12	56,998	52,138
Cash at bank and in hand		2,337,554	1,884,983
		<u>2,394,552</u>	<u>1,937,121</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(43,173)	(69,140)
Net current assets		2,351,379	1,867,981
Total net assets		2,393,704	1,875,719
		<u><u>2,393,704</u></u>	<u><u>1,875,719</u></u>
Charity funds			
Restricted funds	15	-	58,457
Unrestricted funds	15	2,393,704	1,817,262
Total funds		2,393,704	1,875,719
		<u><u>2,393,704</u></u>	<u><u>1,875,719</u></u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the trustee and signed on their behalf by:

Date: 27 October 2023

The notes on pages 19 to 34 form part of these financial statements.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net cash used in operating activities	499,875	536,795
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(46,736)	(6,022)
Other	(568)	(10)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash used in investing activities	(47,304)	(6,032)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	452,571	530,763
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,884,983	1,354,220
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	2,337,554	1,884,983
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The notes on pages 19 to 34 form part of these financial statements

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General information

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation that was registered with the Charity Commission on the 1st October 2015.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Charities Act 2011.

Campaign Against Antisemitism meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

2.2 Income

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance Sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt, Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

2.3 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure incurred by the charity to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure on charitable activities is incurred on directly undertaking the activities which further the charity's objectives, as well as any associated support costs.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Expenditure (continued)

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

The charity has one main activity being that of campaigning against antisemitism.

2.4 Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the Statement of Financial Activities over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the Statement of Financial Activities as the related expenditure is incurred.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets costing £500 or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. All costs incurred to bring a tangible fixed asset into its intended working condition should be included in the measurement of cost.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of tangible fixed assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Leasehold improvements	-	20%
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	20%
Computer equipment	-	20%

2.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amount of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

2.7 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

2.8 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the Balance Sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities as a finance cost.

2.10 Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.11 Pensions

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the charity to the fund in respect of the year.

2.12 Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the trustee in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors or which have been raised by the charity for particular purposes. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

3. Income from donations and legacies

	Restricted funds 2022 £	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Donations	-	1,086,125	1,086,125
Government grants	-	46,505	46,505
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	-	1,132,630	1,132,630
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

3. Income from donations and legacies (continued)

A vast amount of time, the value of which is impossible to reflect in these financial statements, is donated by volunteers. We would not have been able to achieve what we have done without their tremendous efforts.

	<i>Restricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Unrestricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2021 £</i>
Donations	130,750	835,339	966,089
Government grants	-	28,687	28,687
	<u>130,750</u>	<u>864,026</u>	<u>994,776</u>

4. Income from charitable activities

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Sale of merchandise	<u>2,572</u>	<u>2,572</u>

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2021 £</i>
Sale of merchandise	<u>174</u>	<u>174</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

5. Expenditure on raising funds

Costs of raising voluntary income

	Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Advertising	35,359	35,359
Campaign fee	8,842	8,842
	<hr/> 44,201 <hr/>	<hr/> 44,201 <hr/>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

5. Expenditure on raising funds (continued)

Costs of raising voluntary income (continued)

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2021 £</i>
Advertising	34,630	34,630
Campaign fee	930	930
	35,560	35,560

6. Analysis of expenditure on charitable activities

Summary by fund type

	<i>Restricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total 2022 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	58,457	514,559	573,016
	58,457	514,559	573,016

	<i>Restricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Unrestricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Total 2021 £</i>
Campaigning against antisemitism	125,290	330,361	455,651
	125,290	330,361	455,651

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

7. Analysis of expenditure by activities

	Activities undertaken directly 2022 £	Support costs 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Campaigning against antisemitism	449,114	123,902	573,016

	<i>As restated</i> <i>Activities</i> <i>undertaken</i> <i>directly</i> <i>2021</i> £	<i>As restated</i> <i>Support</i> <i>costs</i> <i>2021</i> £	<i>As restated</i> <i>Total</i> <i>funds</i> <i>2021</i> £
Campaigning against antisemitism	377,010	78,641	455,651

Analysis of direct costs

	Campaigning against antisemitism 2022 £	Total funds 2022 £
Staff costs	373,776	373,776
Travel	12,193	12,193
Staff training	389	389
Professional fees	62,756	62,756
	<u>449,114</u>	<u>449,114</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

7. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of direct costs (continued)

	<i>As restated Campaigning against antisemitism 2021 £</i>	<i>As restated Total funds 2021 £</i>
Staff costs	307,640	307,640
Travel	2,329	2,329
Staff training	360	360
Professional fees	66,681	66,681
	377,010	377,010
	377,010	377,010

Analysis of support costs

	<i>Activities 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Depreciation	12,149	12,149
Rent and rates	54,463	54,463
General office expenses	41,797	41,797
Governance costs	11,100	11,100
Accountancy	1,074	1,074
Repairs and maintenance	3,319	3,319
	123,902	123,902
	123,902	123,902

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the audit fee for the year.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

7. Analysis of expenditure by activities (continued)

Analysis of support costs (continued)

	<i>As restated Activities 2021 £</i>	<i>As restated Total funds 2021 £</i>
Depreciation	3,063	3,063
Rent and rates	44,711	44,711
General office expenses	23,744	23,744
Governance costs	5,400	5,400
Accountancy	1,706	1,706
Repairs and maintenance	17	17
	78,641	78,641
	78,641	78,641

Governance costs are comprised entirely of the Independent examination fee for the year.

8. Auditors' remuneration

	<i>2022 £</i>	<i>2021 £</i>
Fees payable to the Charity's auditor for the audit and preparation of the Charity's annual accounts	11,100	-
Fees payable to the Charity's Independent examiner in respect of: The Independent examination and preparation of the charity's annual accounts	-	5,400
	-	5,400
	-	5,400

9. Staff costs

	<i>2022 £</i>	<i>2021 £</i>
Wages and salaries	337,004	278,887
Social security costs	34,248	27,231
Contribution to defined contribution pension schemes	2,524	1,522
	373,776	307,640
	373,776	307,640

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

9. Staff costs (continued)

The average number of persons employed by the charity during the year was as follows:

	2022 No.	2021 No.
Employees	7	6

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2022 No.	2021 No.
In the band £100,001 - £110,000	1	-
In the band £110,001 - £120,000	-	1

10. Trustee's remuneration and expenses

During the year, one of the trustees received salary payments amounting to £80,750 (2021: £112,000) during this financial period as authorised by The Charity Commission. The charity has an exemption from disclosing the names of its trustees.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, expenses totalling £1087 were reimbursed or paid directly to 2 trustees (2021 - £2315 to 2 trustees). These expenses related to travel.

11. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold improvements £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2022	-	-	15,313	15,313
Additions	32,250	9,440	5,046	46,736
At 31 December 2022	32,250	9,440	20,359	62,049
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2022	-	-	7,575	7,575
Charge for the year	6,450	2,329	3,370	12,149
At 31 December 2022	6,450	2,329	10,945	19,724

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

11. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

	Leasehold improvements £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Net book value				
At 31 December 2022	25,800	7,111	9,414	42,325
<i>At 31 December 2021</i>	-	-	7,738	7,738

12. Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	-	3,463
Other debtors	11,250	17,378
Prepayments and accrued income	14,974	16,818
Gift aid recoverable	30,774	14,479
	56,998	52,138

13. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade creditors	306	24,175
Other creditors	710	266
Accruals and deferred income	42,157	44,699
	43,173	69,140

14. Prior year adjustments

Expenditure has been reallocated in the comparative information so as to reallocate support cost to direct costs so as to better reflect the application of the funds of the charity. This has not had an impact on the prior years net movement in funds and the brought forward funds have remained the same.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

15. Statement of funds

Statement of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 January 2022 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 December 2022 £
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds	<u>1,817,262</u>	<u>1,135,202</u>	<u>(558,760)</u>	<u>2,393,704</u>
Restricted funds				
Restricted Funds - all funds	<u>58,457</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(58,457)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total of funds	<u><u>1,875,719</u></u>	<u><u>1,135,202</u></u>	<u><u>(617,217)</u></u>	<u><u>2,393,704</u></u>

The restricted fund is reserved entirely for the payment of the salary of one of the trustees.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

15. Statement of funds (continued)

Statement of funds - prior year

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2021 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2021 £</i>
Unrestricted funds				
General Funds - all funds	1,318,769	864,200	(365,707)	1,817,262
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Restricted funds				
Restricted Funds - all funds	53,211	130,750	(125,504)	58,457
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total of funds	<u>1,371,980</u>	<u>994,950</u>	<u>(491,211)</u>	<u>1,875,719</u>

The restricted fund is reserved entirely for the payment of the salary of one of the trustees.

16. Summary of funds

Summary of funds - current year

	Balance at 1 January 2022 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 December 2022 £
General funds	1,817,262	1,135,202	(558,760)	2,393,704
Restricted funds	58,457	-	(58,457)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	<u>1,875,719</u>	<u>1,135,202</u>	<u>(617,217)</u>	<u>2,393,704</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

16. Summary of funds (continued)

Summary of funds - prior year

	<i>Balance at 1 January 2021 £</i>	<i>Income £</i>	<i>Expenditure £</i>	<i>Balance at 31 December 2021 £</i>
General funds	1,318,769	864,200	(365,707)	1,817,262
Restricted funds	53,211	130,750	(125,504)	58,457
	<u>1,371,980</u>	<u>994,950</u>	<u>(491,211)</u>	<u>1,875,719</u>

17. Analysis of net assets between funds

Analysis of net assets between funds - current year

	<i>Unrestricted funds 2022 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2022 £</i>
Tangible fixed assets	42,325	42,325
Current assets	2,394,552	2,394,552
Creditors due within one year	(43,173)	(43,173)
Total	<u>2,393,704</u>	<u>2,393,704</u>

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior year

	<i>Restricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Unrestricted funds 2021 £</i>	<i>Total funds 2021 £</i>
Tangible fixed assets	-	7,738	7,738
Current assets	127,597	1,809,524	1,937,121
Creditors due within one year	(69,140)	-	(69,140)
Total	<u>58,457</u>	<u>1,817,262</u>	<u>1,875,719</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

18. Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash flow from operating activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Net income for the year (as per Statement of Financial Activities)	517,985	503,739
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charges	12,149	3,073
Increase in debtors	(4,850)	(21,635)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(25,409)	51,618
Net cash provided by operating activities	499,875	536,795

19. Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash in hand	2,337,554	1,884,983
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,337,554	1,884,983

20. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 1 January 2022 £	Cash flows £	At 31 December 2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	1,884,983	452,571	2,337,554
	1,884,983	452,571	2,337,554

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

21. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2022 the charity had commitments to make future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Within one year	10,200	40,800
Between two and five years	-	10,200
	<u>10,200</u>	<u>51,000</u>

A deposit of £10,200 was paid in respect of this lease, recognised within debtors.

22. Related party transactions

During the year the Chief Executive made a donation of £10,000 (2021: £nil) to the charity. In 2021, £100,000 was received from the Jewish National Foundation, a charity which had a Trustee in common.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

England & Wales - Charity number 1163790

Accounts

Charity Registration No. 1163790

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Charity number	1163790
Company number	CE004816
Independent examiner	Sam Rogoff & Co Ltd PO Box 2647 London W1A 3RB

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the accounts and comply with the charity's constitution, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)".

Objectives and activities

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a volunteer-led charity dedicated to exposing and countering antisemitism through education and a zero-tolerance enforcement of the law.

It is the UK's leading organisation fighting antisemitism.

The charity's objects are to promote racial harmony for the public benefit between Jewish people wherever in the world and other members of society by the elimination of antisemitism, including raising awareness of the occurrence of antisemitism and providing advocacy, assistance, care and relief in relation to those affected by antisemitism; and to advance education as regards the history, causes, effects and prevention of antisemitism for the public benefit.

The trustees have had regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

The charity's overall objective is reflected in our motto: "Justice, justice you shall pursue", which is drawn from a well-known verse from Deuteronomy (16:20). The repetition of the word justice in the verse can be understood simply as a means of emphasis; however, some believe that it denotes two types of justice: justice for ourselves and justice for others. Others propose that it means that we must seek justice by just means alone. Together, these interpretations capture the ethos of the charity. In adopting "Justice, justice you shall pursue" as our motto, we unify all that we do under the universal value of the pursuit and realisation of justice.

We envision a society in which antisemitism is universally understood and abhorred. Our mission is to secure justice against antisemites and strive for a more unified and harmonious society.

We expect the authorities, professions and political parties to take firm action to address manifestations of antisemitism, and we work closely with them. However, when they do not defend the rights of British Jews, we take action ourselves in courts and tribunals, and through the media.

We are at the forefront of the battle to deter antisemitic crime and pursue justice for victims and the Jewish community. To this end, we deploy innovative legal strategies against those who express or propagate antisemitism, and our litigation continues to set landmark legal precedents.

Our small team of staff works with the hundreds of volunteers who have signed up to contribute their considerable talents to the fight against antisemitism.

In the long history of the fight against the world's oldest hatred, every accomplishment of note started with a small, plucky, single-minded group using every ounce of their determination and ingenuity to achieve an objective that everyone else said was too ambitious.

We campaign with the agility of a start-up and the expertise of our professional volunteers.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

During the period, the charity's activities have included:

- Campaigning against antisemitism wherever it arises, including on the streets and online, as well as in media, public life, the professions, and civil society, by highlighting the problem and demanding action. We regularly appear on the UK's main television and radio stations, and work closely with every mainstream newspaper.
- Enforcing zero tolerance of antisemitism by working with the authorities to investigate and prosecute hate crime toward Jews. When the authorities have failed to act, we have successfully launched litigation. Over the years, this has included private prosecutions using our own lawyers and bringing judicial review proceedings against the Crown to force the state to prosecute offenders. These techniques have resulted in criminal convictions and even custodial sentences in cases when the Crown Prosecution Service initially refused to prosecute.
- Working closely with legislators to ensure that regulations, laws and penalties are suitably tough, that the right laws are in place to deter antisemitic hate, and that those laws are enforced.
- Holding educational events for school pupils, university students and adults, both within the Jewish community and beyond, as well as through the provision of training to professional regulators and other organisations in the private and public sectors, in order to promote the knowledge, recognition and deterrence of antisemitism.
- Raising awareness of antisemitism through the provision of resources and the publication of research, ranging from historical resources and in-depth investigations of contemporary manifestations of antisemitism to national polls, and statistics-gathering. These research projects inform our work and also equip the authorities, the media and the general public with vital information that contributes to their understanding of antisemitism and how to counter it. We also publicise antisemitic incidents on our website and social media platforms, which attract a substantial and growing domestic and international readership.
- Promoting the widespread adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism. In 2016, the UK was the first country in the world to adopt the Definition, something for which the charity worked hard over many meetings with officials at Downing Street. Since then, we have promoted the adoption of the Definition by public bodies, criminal and judicial bodies, local authorities, universities and others.

Achievements and performance

Over the course of 2021, the charity's achievements and performance included the following:

- We took action against antisemitism on University campuses, including supporting students at Bristol University in the successful fight against the university regarding David Miller, taking legal action in defence of students against their university.
- We have been at the forefront of fighting antisemitism across all political parties, including the Conservatives, Labour Party, the Liberal Democrats, the Green Party, the Scottish National Party, Plaid Cymru and the Brexit Party, and in local politics, as documented on our website. We secured a groundbreaking legal success against anonymous internet trolls (a term that has come to be used to describe a persistent online abuser) who incite antisemitic hatred and target Jews with racist abuse. We successfully piloted a multi-stage legal technique that makes innovative use of a type of court order which originated in the pharmaceutical industry in 1974. It is a potentially game-changing development.
- Our efforts to tackle anti-Jewish racism on social media were showcased in our response to the return of grime artist Wiley to social media, and the repeat of his previous multi-day antisemitic tirade. We engaged with multiple social media companies regarding Wiley's use of their platforms, leading to his suspension from numerous networks.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

- We conducted our annual Antisemitism Barometer study. Our polling was conducted in conjunction with King's College London. The Barometer polls attitudes of the British public towards Jews, with YouGov, while an additional survey polls the views of the Jewish community on antisemitism and whether and how it is being addressed.
- We were at the forefront of the Jewish community's response to the BBC's outrageous coverage of the antisemitic incident on Oxford Street, including holding a rally, attended by hundreds outside the BBC's Broadcasting House.
- Following a campaign by CAA and our allies, the Home Secretary announced that the antisemitic genocidal terrorist group, Hamas, would be proscribed in full by the British Government. For several months, CAA had been meeting with the Home Secretary and other ministers and compiled a dossier for all MPs making the case for proscription.
- We submitted complaints against fifteen sitting Labour MPs, including former leader Jeremy Corbyn and Deputy Leader Angela Rayner following the creation of a new disciplinary process by the Party. As the complainant in the EHRC's investigation, our complaints carry weight and will continue to keep the pressure on the Labour Party vis-a-vis antisemitism.
- We secured numerous successful and groundbreaking prosecutions, including prison terms for the aristocrat Piers Portman, the Hitler-loving radio host Graham Hart and the Holocaust-denier Alison Chabloz.
- We launched a new weekly podcast - the first podcast in the world to focus on racism against Jews. Our podcast has listeners from over 50 countries, with thousands of downloads and views across Spotify, Apple Podcasts and YouTube. We have featured actors, journalists, rabbis and online influencers. Our most popular episodes include comedian and author of *Jews Don't Count*, David Baddiel, and the star of *Ridley Road*, Eddie Marsan.
- We published a new dynamic resource showing antisemitic incidents at British universities and whether they have adopted the International (IHRA) Definition of Antisemitism. It is the only publicly-accessible resource updated in real time, and bolsters our campaign for widespread adoption of the Definition.
- We expanded our educational work, publishing a new teachers' guide on antisemitism for non-faith schools, complementing our existing guides for Church of England and Catholic Schools, which have been endorsed by BBC Teach.
- CAA opened its new office and volunteer hub in central London

Financial review

Total income during 2021 amounted to £994,950 (2020: £807,029). After deducting total expenditure in the year of £491,211 (2020: £343,885), there was a net income of £503,739 (2020: £463,144).

Unrestricted reserves are £1,817,262 at the year end. Due to factors including economic uncertainty, the unpredictable nature of much of our fundraising, the fact that the charity undertakes litigation which could result in adverse costs orders, and the fact that the charity may be required to react to unforeseen antisemitic incidents, it is the charity's policy to hold reserves equivalent to two years' operating costs. Additionally, the charity holds reserves which are earmarked for planned expansion for which it conducts fundraising.

Donations of £130,750 were received during the period to 31 December 2021 to be used exclusively for specific staff costs. At the year end the closing balance of this restricted fund was £58,457, this fund has been used to pay Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of donation.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The charity did not engage in social investment or grant-making, nor did it hold funds as custodian trustee on behalf of others.

The principal funding sources of the charity are shown in notes 3 and 4 of the accounts. The trustees monitor the charity's activities against its objectives.

Structure, governance and management

The charity was registered as a charitable incorporated organisation (CIO) on 1st October 2015.

The charity's governing document is its constitution.

The charity is governed by the Board of Trustees. For new trustees, an informal induction programme has been developed and is employed when needed.

The Board of Trustees has assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

The small staff team works with an outstanding volunteer team of over 1,600 people who have signed up to contribute their talents to the fight against antisemitism. It is thanks to the many volunteers that the charity is able to conduct such far-reaching campaigns and continue to expose and counter antisemitism nationwide.

The charity consists of eight teams working closely together:

- **Investigations and enforcement:** Detects and investigates antisemitic incidents and seeks enforcement action by regulators and the criminal justice system.
- **Outreach and education:** Establishes alliances with other groups and educates the public about antisemitism and how to fight it. While our work is naturally of importance to Jews, a considerable number of our volunteers are not Jewish, and we are proud to be recruiting people from across society.
- **Public affairs and research:** Builds relationships with governmental bodies, police forces and other organisations involved in the fight against antisemitism in order to advocate for the state to adopt a zero-tolerance approach to antisemitism.
- **Awareness and communication:** Works to raise awareness of antisemitism amongst the British public by building and leveraging an extensive network of senior journalists in mainstream media and conducting social media campaigns.
- **Litigation:** Provides expert legal advice and litigates directly against individuals or organisations expressing or propagating antisemitism and also litigates against the authorities when they fail to act.
- **Mobilisation:** Recruits, trains and coordinates our hundreds of volunteers, empowering them to take effective action against antisemitism within the charity and in accordance with our objects, and works to identify and satisfy resource requirements.
- **Organisation and Finance:** Ensures that the charity operates effectively in compliance with the law.
- **Fundraising:** Raises funds in order to pursue campaigns and increase our capabilities.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Future Plans

Enforcement

The charity's analysis of Home Office statistics shows that an average of over three hate crimes are directed at Jews every single day in England and Wales, with Jews almost four times more likely per capita to be targets of hate crime than any other faith group.

Despite our landmark legal successes through private prosecutions, judicial reviews and other litigation, the CPS continues to fail to prosecute hate crime on the streets and antisemitic incitement online to an adequate level. Government support and a receptive public are undoubtedly welcome, but unless the CPS is prepared to enforce the law, there will be no deterrent against antisemitism.

We intend to build on our legal successes by bringing more cases, and working with the authorities to bring those who express or propagate antisemitism to justice. Incitement with impunity is emboldening anti-Jewish racists on the internet and on our streets, and only zero-tolerance enforcement of the law will deter future expressions of antisemitism and secure the future of Britain's Jewish community.

Media, social media and politics

The charity will continue to challenge expressions of antisemitism in traditional and new media, through publicising incidents and working with technology companies to improve their processes and holding them to account when they fall short. We will venture into new media forms including through our podcast, revamping and expanding our YouTube presence and exploring the use of TikTok.

The charity will also continue to expose, document and highlight antisemitism in political parties, publishing our case files, and will endeavour to ensure that antisemitic political activists are prosecuted wherever possible.

Higher education

Antisemitism at universities has long been a major concern for the charity and the Jewish community. Our experience and that of past and present Jewish students in Britain is that, while we have much to be proud of in our universities and Jewish life has thrived on many campuses, nevertheless, campuses are an incubator for anti-Jewish prejudice, and students often acquire antisemitic views at university which adversely affect the experience of their Jewish peers and negatively influences student politics. Following graduation, these views can persist, impacting national politics and public life more generally.

We therefore plan to expand our work with students and university authorities and gather further evidence from universities nationwide in order to undertake a major analysis of what, if anything, universities and students' unions are doing to combat antisemitism. Where appropriate, we intend to bring legal proceedings to force universities to defend their Jewish students and staff, and we will continue to offer antisemitism training to any university or campus body.

We will expand our offerings to include a two-week internship programme for university students, offering them a chance to contribute to CAA's work with a view to them becoming ambassadors of CAA's values in the wider world.

Office and staffing

The charity will look to expand its staffing to better achieve our goals. This includes hiring an in-house legal counsel to work with our network of pro-bono legal experts and external counsel, who are counted amongst the very best in their professional specialisms, at the forefront of the fight against antisemitism; bringing private prosecutions against antisemites and challenging the Crown Prosecution Service when it fails to prosecute antisemitic hate crime as well as subject inadequate decisions by public bodies to judicial review, submit regulatory complaints, bringing and defending defamation cases and establishing a network of 'legal friends'. This will be further supplemented by expanding our communications team to increase our output of journalistic-quality articles, helping CAA to explain the nature of antisemitism in Britain, trends, and possible strategies for addressing it, providing information and research to journalists; and managing our social media channels.

To maximise the potential of our staff it is vital that our office reflects the abilities and potential of our growing volunteer team and staff. We will renovate our office space, modernising it and improving it to attract volunteers to work from our volunteer hub, and better catering to the needs of our staff.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Statement on COVID-19

COVID-19 has changed the way that the charity does some of its work. As a result of the pandemic, there were fewer interactions between strangers in public, but an increase in online activity across society, resulting in an apparent shift of antisemitism from public places to online forums such as social media. The burden of countering antisemitism has increased during the pandemic.

It is vital that the charity provides essential services to the most vulnerable members of the Jewish community at this very uncertain time.

While the mental and emotional wellbeing of our staff and volunteers has always been of paramount importance to the charity, given the work that we do, during this period we monitored in particular the effect of the pandemic, lockdown restrictions and work-from-home policy on mental wellbeing, and provided appropriate training.

Reference and Administrative Details

Charity name: Campaign Against Antisemitism

Trustees: The charity has been granted dispensation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales not to name its trustees.

Charity number: 1163790

Address: PO Box 2647, London W1A 3RB

Phone: 03308220321

Email: contact@antisemitism.org

Website: antisemitism.org

The Trustees' Report was approved by the Board of Trustees on 25th October 2022

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustee's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the Board of Trustees on 25th October 2022

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Campaign Against Antisemitism (the charity) for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and related notes.

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 145 of the Charities Act 2011. My work has been undertaken so that I might state to the charity's trustees those matters I am required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for my work, for this report, or for the opinions I have formed

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

An independent examination does not involve gathering all the evidence that would be required in an audit and consequently does not cover all the matters that an auditor considers in giving their opinion on the financial statements. The planning and conduct of an audit goes beyond the limited assurance that an independent examination can provide. Consequently I express no opinion as to whether the financial statements present a 'true and fair' view and my report is limited to those specific matters set out in the independent examiner's statement.

Independent examiner's statement

Since the charity's gross income exceeded £250,000 your examiner must be a member of a body listed in section 145 of the 2011 Act. I confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I am a member of ACA, which is one of the listed bodies.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

Sam Rogoff & Co Ltd

Sam Rogoff & Co Ltd
PO Box 2647
London
W1A 3RB

Dated: 27.10.2022

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Unrestricted funds 2021 £	Restricted funds 2021 £	Total 2021 £	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Restricted funds 2020 £	Total 2020 £
	Notes						
Income from:							
Donations and legacies	3	864,026	130,750	994,776	734,618	70,626	805,244
Charitable activities	4	174	-	174	1,785	-	1,785
Total income		864,200	130,750	994,950	736,403	70,626	807,029
Expenditure on:							
Raising funds	5	35,560	-	35,560	19,934	-	19,934
Charitable activities	6	330,147	125,504	455,651	211,358	112,593	323,951
Total resources expended		365,707	125,504	491,211	231,292	112,593	343,885
Net income for the year/ Net movement in funds		498,493	5,246	503,739	505,111	(41,967)	463,144
Fund balances at 1 January 2021		1,318,769	53,211	1,371,980	813,658	95,178	908,836
Fund balances at 31 December 2021		1,817,262	58,457	1,875,719	1,318,769	53,211	1,371,980

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		7,738		4,779
Current assets					
Debtors	11	52,138		30,503	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,884,983		1,354,220	
		<u>1,937,121</u>		<u>1,384,723</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(69,140)		(17,522)	
Net current assets			<u>1,867,981</u>		<u>1,367,201</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u><u>1,875,719</u></u>		<u><u>1,371,980</u></u>
Income funds					
Restricted funds			58,457		53,211
Unrestricted funds			<u>1,817,262</u>		<u>1,318,769</u>
			<u><u>1,875,719</u></u>		<u><u>1,371,980</u></u>

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 25 October 2022

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	17		536,785		429,279
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(6,022)		(1,863)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(6,022)		(1,863)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			530,763		427,416
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			1,354,220		926,804
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			1,884,983		1,354,220

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's constitution, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) (Charities SORP FRS 102)" and the Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Designated funds comprise funds which have been set aside at the discretion of the trustees for specific purposes. The purposes and uses of the designated funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Government grants are recognised as income in the period in which the charity becomes entitled to receipt.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

The charity has one main activity being that of campaigning against antisemitism.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings	20% Straight Line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.10 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020	2020
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Donations and gifts	835,339	130,750	966,089	679,006	70,626	749,632
Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme	28,687	-	28,687	55,612	-	55,612
	<u>864,026</u>	<u>130,750</u>	<u>994,776</u>	<u>734,618</u>	<u>70,626</u>	<u>805,244</u>

Donated goods and services

A vast amount of time, the value of which is impossible to reflect in these financial statements, is donated by volunteers. We would not have been able to achieve what we have done without their tremendous efforts.

4 Charitable activities

	Charitable Income 2021	Charitable Income 2020
	£	£
Sales within charitable activities	174	1,785
	<u>174</u>	<u>1,785</u>

5 Raising funds

	Unrestricted funds 2021	Unrestricted funds 2020
	£	£
<u>Fundraising and publicity</u>		
Advertising	34,630	17,886
Other fundraising costs	930	2,048
	<u>35,560</u>	<u>19,934</u>
Fundraising and publicity	<u>35,560</u>	<u>19,934</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6

Charitable Activities

	Donations, gifts, grants 2021 £	Charitable sales 2021 £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Direct Expenditure	72,978	-	72,978	14,522
Share of support costs (see note 7)	375,183	47	375,230	300,503
Share of governance costs (see note 7)	7,428	15	7,443	8,926
	<u>455,589</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>455,651</u>	<u>323,951</u>
Analysis by fund				
Unrestricted funds	330,085	62	330,147	211,358
Restricted funds	125,504	-	125,504	112,593
	<u>455,589</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>455,651</u>	<u>323,951</u>
For the year ended 31 December 2020				
Unrestricted funds	210,881	477		211,358
Restricted funds	112,593	-		112,593
	<u>323,474</u>	<u>477</u>		<u>323,951</u>

7 Support costs

	Support costs £	Governance costs £	2021 £	2020 £	Basis of allocation
Staff costs	307,639	-	307,639	274,615	Support
Depreciation	3,063	-	3,063	1,858	Support
Telephone and Internet	2,758	-	2,758	1,595	Support
Office & IT Expenditure	13,517	-	13,517	13,451	Support
Bank Fees	3,542	-	3,542	1,484	Support
Rent and Rates	44,711	-	44,711	6,300	Support
Research Costs	-	-	-	1,200	Support
Insurance	-	337	337	319	Governance
Accountancy	-	7,106	7,106	8,607	Governance
	<u>375,230</u>	<u>7,443</u>	<u>382,673</u>	<u>309,429</u>	
Analysed between Charitable activities	<u>375,230</u>	<u>7,443</u>	<u>382,673</u>	<u>309,429</u>	

Support costs include fees accrued in respect of the Independent Examination of £5,400.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8 Trustees

One of the trustees received salary payments amounting to £112,000 (2020: £100,000) during this financial period as authorised by The Charity Commission. The charity has an exemption from disclosing the names of its trustees.

The charity received £130,750 (2020: £70,626) of donations during the year which can only be used for the purpose of paying this trustee a salary. These donations and the corresponding salary payments have been accounted for as restricted funds in the accounts. The closing balance of this restricted fund will be used to pay this trustee salary payments in future periods.

The total amount of expenses reimbursed to trustees (2 trustees) or paid to third parties on behalf of them during the year was £2,315 (2020: £4,739).

9 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Staff	6	4
Employment costs	2021 £	2020 £
Wages and salaries	278,887	249,743
Social security costs	27,230	23,983
Other pension costs	1,522	889
	<u>307,639</u>	<u>274,615</u>

The number of employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000 is as follows:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
£90,001 to £100,000	-	1
£110,001 to £120,000	1	-
	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10 Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures and fittings	
	£	
Cost	9,291	
At 1 January 2021	6,022	
Additions	<u> </u>	
At 31 December 2021	<u>15,313</u>	
Depreciation and impairment	4,512	
At 1 January 2021	3,063	
Depreciation charged in the year	<u> </u>	
At 31 December 2021	<u>7,575</u>	
Carrying amount	7,738	
At 31 December 2021	<u>7,738</u>	
At 31 December 2020	<u>4,779</u>	
11 Debtors	2021	2020
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	3,461	-
Other debtors	31,859	26,022
Prepayments and accrued income	16,818	4,481
	<u>52,138</u>	<u>30,503</u>
	<u>52,138</u>	<u>30,503</u>
12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
	£	£
Other taxation and social security	-	1,346
Trade creditors	24,175	5,477
Other creditors	266	299
Accruals and deferred income	44,699	10,400
	<u>69,140</u>	<u>17,522</u>
	<u>69,140</u>	<u>17,522</u>
13 Government grants		

During the year Campaign Against Antisemitism claimed £28,687 (2021: £55,612) of government grants under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS).

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

14 Analysis of net assets between funds	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	2021	2021	2021	2020	2020	2020
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Fund balances at 31 December 2021 are represented by:						
Tangible assets	7,738	-	7,738	4,779	-	4,779
Current assets/(liabilities)	1,809,524	58,457	1,867,981	1,313,990	53,211	1,367,201
	<u>1,817,262</u>	<u>58,457</u>	<u>1,875,719</u>	<u>1,318,769</u>	<u>53,211</u>	<u>1,371,980</u>

15 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the charity had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Within one year	40,800	-
Between two and five years	10,200	-
	<u>51,000</u>	<u>-</u>

£41,310 was recognised in profit or loss as an expense during the period in respect of operating lease arrangements including a six month break, spread over the length of the lease.

A deposit of £10,200 was paid in respect of this lease, recognised within debtors

16 Related party transactions

Aggregate donations of £100,000 (2021: £180,000) were received from related parties in the year.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	2021	2020
	£	£
17 Cash generated from operations		
Surplus for the year	503,739	463,144
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	3,063	1,858
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase) in debtors	(21,635)	(10,443)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	51,618	(25,280)
Cash generated from operations	<u>536,785</u>	<u>429,279</u>
18 Analysis of changes in net funds		
The charity had no debt during the year.		

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

England & Wales - Charity number 1163790

Accounts

Charity Registration No. 1163790

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Charity number	1163790
Company number	CE004816
Independent examiner	Sam Rogoff & Co Ltd PO Box 2647 London W1A 3RB

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

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CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The trustees present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the accounts and comply with the charity's constitution, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)".

Objectives and activities

Campaign Against Antisemitism is a volunteer-led charity dedicated to exposing and countering antisemitism through education and a zero-tolerance enforcement of the law.

It is the UK's leading organisation fighting antisemitism.

The charity's objects are to promote racial harmony for the public benefit between Jewish people wherever in the world and other members of society by the elimination of antisemitism, including raising awareness of the occurrence of antisemitism and providing advocacy, assistance, care and relief in relation to those affected by antisemitism; and to advance education as regards the history, causes, effects and prevention of antisemitism for the public benefit.

The trustees have had regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

The charity's overall objective is reflected in our motto: "Justice, justice you shall pursue", which is drawn from a well-known verse from Deuteronomy (16:20). The repetition of the word justice in the verse can be understood simply as a means of emphasis; however, some believe that it denotes two types of justice: justice for ourselves and justice for others. Others propose that it means that we must seek justice by just means alone. Together, these interpretations capture the ethos of the charity. In adopting "Justice, justice you shall pursue" as our motto, we unify all that we do under the universal value of the pursuit and realisation of justice.

We envision a society in which antisemitism is universally understood and abhorred. Our mission is to secure justice against antisemites and strive for a more unified and harmonious society.

We expect the authorities, professions and political parties to take firm action to address manifestations of antisemitism, and we work closely with them. However, when they do not defend the rights of British Jews, we take action ourselves in courts and tribunals, and through the media.

We are at the forefront of the battle to deter antisemitic crime and pursue justice for victims and the Jewish community. To this end, we deploy innovative legal strategies against those who express or propagate antisemitism, and our litigation continues to set landmark legal precedents.

Our small team of staff works with the hundreds of volunteers who have signed up to contribute their considerable talents to the fight against antisemitism.

In the long history of the fight against the world's oldest hatred, every accomplishment of note started with a small, plucky, single-minded group using every ounce of their determination and ingenuity to achieve an objective that everyone else said was too ambitious.

We campaign with the agility of a start-up and the expertise of our professional volunteers.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

During the period, the charity's activities have included:

- Campaigning against antisemitism wherever it arises, including on the streets and online, as well as in media, public life, the professions, and civil society, by highlighting the problem and demanding action. We regularly appear on the UK's main television and radio stations, and work closely with every mainstream newspaper.
- Enforcing zero tolerance of antisemitism by working with the authorities to investigate and prosecute hate crime toward Jews. When the authorities have failed to act, we have successfully launched litigation. Over the years, this has included private prosecutions using our own lawyers and bringing judicial review proceedings against the Crown to force the state to prosecute offenders. These techniques have resulted in criminal convictions and even custodial sentences in cases when the Crown Prosecution Service initially refused to prosecute.
- Working closely with legislators to ensure that regulations, laws and penalties are suitably tough, that the right laws are in place to deter antisemitic hate, and that those laws are enforced.
- Holding educational events for school pupils, university students and adults, both within the Jewish community and beyond, as well as through the provision of training to professional regulators and other organisations in the private and public sectors, in order to promote the knowledge, recognition and deterrence of antisemitism.
- Raising awareness of antisemitism through the provision of resources and the publication of research, ranging from historical resources and in-depth investigations of contemporary manifestations of antisemitism to national polls, and statistics-gathering. These research projects inform our work and also equip the authorities, the media and the general public with vital information that contributes to their understanding of antisemitism and how to counter it. We also publicise antisemitic incidents on our website and social media platforms, which attract a substantial and growing domestic and international readership.
- Promoting the widespread adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism. In 2016, the UK was the first country in the world to adopt the Definition, something for which the charity worked hard over many meetings with officials at Downing Street. Since then, we have promoted the adoption of the Definition by public bodies, criminal and judicial bodies, local authorities, universities and others.

Achievements and performance

Over the course of 2020, the charity's achievements and performance included the following:

- The Labour Party was found by the Equality and Human Rights Commission (EHRC) to have engaged in unlawful discrimination and harassment of Jews. The report followed the EHRC's full statutory investigation of the Labour Party in which we were the complainant, submitting hundreds of pages of evidence and legal argument. Following the submission of our complaint, Jeremy Corbyn was suspended from the Labour Party, and we await investigations of several other MPs after the Party introduces the independent disciplinary process mandated by the EHRC in the Action Plan agreed with the Party.
- We have been at the forefront of fighting antisemitism across all political parties, including the Conservatives, the Liberal Democrats, the Green Party, the Scottish National Party, Plaid Cymru and the Brexit Party, and in local politics, as documented on our website.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

- We secured a groundbreaking legal success against anonymous internet trolls (a term that has come to be used to describe a persistent online abuser) who incite antisemitic hatred and target Jews with racist abuse. We successfully piloted a multi-stage legal technique that makes innovative use of a type of court order which originated in the pharmaceutical industry in 1974. It is a potentially game-changing development.
- Our efforts to tackle anti-Jewish racism on social media were best showcased in our response to grime artist Wiley's multi-day antisemitic tirade. We secured investigations by the Metropolitan Police, Cabinet Office and Ivors Academy and engaged with multiple social media companies regarding Wiley's use of their platforms, leading to his suspension from numerous networks. We even literally shone a light on racism at Twitter's London headquarters to successfully pressure the company to act. Lawyers acting for the charity also filed a criminal complaint with the Public Prosecution Service in the Netherlands, which is where Wiley was located when he launched his tirade. In addition, we launched two Parliamentary petitions: one calling for racists like Wiley to be stripped of their MBEs; and the other calling for the Government to bring forward its Online Safety Bill.
- We launched our online coverage of antisemitism internationally. This significant initiative followed requests from both our British supporters wishing to learn more about antisemitism in other parts of the world and also our growing international audience interested in reading more about antisemitism in their own countries and elsewhere. This expansion has cemented our position as the go-to online venue for developments in the fight against anti-Jewish racism.
- We exposed antisemitic memes relating to COVID-19 and monitored coverage of the coronavirus in traditional media and on social media as it related to the Jewish community. We have continued to confront antisemitism on the far-right, with new charges against notorious antisemites.
- We published our first Audit of Local Authorities, documenting the campaign for widespread adoption of the International Definition of Antisemitism by local authorities across the United Kingdom.
- We conducted our annual Antisemitism Barometer study. Our polling was conducted in conjunction with King's College London. The Barometer polls attitudes of the British public towards Jews, with YouGov, while an additional survey polls the views of the Jewish community on antisemitism and whether and how it is being addressed.

Financial review

Total income during 2020 amounted to £807,029 (2019: £895,137). After deducting total expenditure in the year of £343,885 (2019: £295,121), there was a net income of £463,144 (2019: £600,016).

This year, direct expenditure/support and governance costs increased year on year by 16.5%, however as a proportion of donations received, costs have gone down year on year. Fundraising has accelerated and successfully raised funds to be used for expansion of the charity's work.

Unrestricted reserves are £1,318,769 at the year end. Due to factors including economic uncertainty, the unpredictable nature of much of our fundraising, the fact that the charity undertakes litigation which could result in adverse costs orders, and the fact that the charity may be required to react to unforeseen antisemitic incidents, it is the charity's policy to hold reserves equivalent to two years' operating costs. Additionally, the charity holds reserves which are earmarked for planned expansion for which it conducts fundraising.

Donations of £70,626 were received during the period to 31 December 2020 to be used exclusively for specific staff costs. At the year end the closing balance of this restricted fund was £53,211, this fund has been used to pay specific staff costs.

Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of donation.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The charity did not engage in social investment or grant-making, nor did it hold funds as custodian trustee on behalf of others.

The principal funding sources of the charity are shown in notes 3 and 4 of the accounts. The trustees monitor the charity's activities against its objectives.

Structure, governance and management

The charity was registered as a charitable incorporated organisation (CIO) on 1st October 2015.

The charity's governing document is its constitution.

The charity is governed by the Board of Trustees. For new trustees, an informal induction programme has been developed and is employed when needed.

The Board of Trustees has assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

The small staff team works with an outstanding volunteer team of over 1,600 people who have signed up to contribute their talents to the fight against antisemitism. It is thanks to the many volunteers that the charity is able to conduct such far-reaching campaigns and continue to expose and counter antisemitism nationwide.

The charity consists of eight teams working closely together:

- **Investigations and enforcement:** Detects and investigates antisemitic incidents and seeks enforcement action by regulators and the criminal justice system.
- **Outreach and education:** Establishes alliances with other groups and educates the public about antisemitism and how to fight it. While our work is naturally of importance to Jews, a considerable number of our volunteers are not Jewish, and we are proud to be recruiting people from across society.
- **Public affairs and research:** Builds relationships with governmental bodies, police forces and other organisations involved in the fight against antisemitism in order to advocate for the state to adopt a zero-tolerance approach to antisemitism.
- **Awareness and communication:** Works to raise awareness of antisemitism amongst the British public by building and leveraging an extensive network of senior journalists in mainstream media and conducting social media campaigns.
- **Litigation:** Provides expert legal advice and litigates directly against individuals or organisations expressing or propagating antisemitism and also litigates against the authorities when they fail to act.
- **Mobilisation:** Recruits, trains and coordinates our hundreds of volunteers, empowering them to take effective action against antisemitism within the charity and in accordance with our objects, and works to identify and satisfy resource requirements.
- **Organisation and Finance:** Ensures that the charity operates effectively in compliance with the law.
- **Fundraising:** Raises funds in order to pursue campaigns and increase our capabilities.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

In 2020, the charity undertook an expansion, including advertising to employ a new member of staff, and successfully carried out an ambitious programme.

A full-time Communication and Research Officer was recruited, whose work includes:

- Writing journalistic-quality articles about antisemitism, from crime to politics, including investigative pieces;
- Managing our social media channels with our Digital Communications Designer;
- Working with our academic volunteers and polling companies to help explain the nature of antisemitism in Britain, trends and possible strategies for addressing it; and
- Providing information and research to journalists.

Future Plans

Enforcement

The charity's analysis of Home Office statistics shows that an average of over three hate crimes are directed at Jews every single day in England and Wales, with Jews almost four times more likely to be targets of hate crime than any other faith group.

Despite our landmark legal successes through private prosecutions, judicial reviews and other litigation, the CPS continues to fail to prosecute hate crime on the streets and antisemitic incitement online to an adequate level. Government support and a receptive public are undoubtedly welcome, but unless the CPS is prepared to enforce the law, there will be no deterrent against antisemitism.

We intend to build on our legal successes by bringing more cases, and working with the authorities to bring those who express or propagate antisemitism to justice. Incitement with impunity is emboldening anti-Jewish racists on the internet and on our streets, and only zero-tolerance enforcement of the law will deter future expressions of antisemitism and secure the future of Britain's Jewish community.

Media, social media and politics

The charity will continue to challenge expressions of antisemitism in traditional and new media, through publicising incidents and working with technology companies to improve their processes and holding them to account when they fall short.

The charity will also continue to expose, document and highlight antisemitism in political parties, publishing our case files. We will continue in our role as the originating complainant in the EHRC's statutory investigation into antisemitism in the Labour Party, and we will continue to expose antisemitism in all political parties as we have always done, and ensure that antisemitic political activists are prosecuted wherever possible.

Higher education

Antisemitism at universities has long been a major concern for the charity and the Jewish community. Our experience and that of past and present Jewish students in Britain is that, while we have much to be proud of in our universities and Jewish life has thrived on many campuses, nevertheless, campuses are an incubator for anti-Jewish prejudice, and students often acquire antisemitic views at university which adversely affect the experience of their Jewish peers and negatively influences student politics. Following graduation, these views can persist, impacting national politics and public life more generally.

We therefore plan to expand our work with students and university authorities and gather further evidence from universities nationwide in order to undertake a major analysis of what, if anything, universities and students' unions are doing to combat antisemitism. Where appropriate, we intend to bring legal proceedings to force universities to defend their Jewish students and staff, and we will continue to offer antisemitism training to any university or campus body.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

TRUSTEE'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Statement on COVID-19

COVID-19 has changed the way that the charity does some of its work. As a result of the pandemic, there were fewer interactions between strangers in public, but an increase in online activity across society, resulting in an apparent shift of antisemitism from public places to online forums such as social media. The burden of countering antisemitism has increased during the pandemic but we expect a decline in voluntary donations, particularly from private donors who have been badly affected.

It is vital that the charity provides essential services to the most vulnerable members of the Jewish community at this very uncertain time.

To mitigate the financial effects of COVID-19, three of the five full-time staff were placed on Furlough Leave. For health and safety and, subsequently, in compliance with Government regulations, the charity also moved operations out of an office environment and the staff and volunteers are working from home, which has also had the effect of cutting costs.

While the mental and emotional wellbeing of our staff and volunteers has always been of paramount importance to the charity, given the work that we do, in this period we are also monitoring in particular the effect of the pandemic, lockdown restrictions and work-from-home policy on mental wellbeing, and we are providing appropriate training.

Reference and Administrative Details

Charity name: Campaign Against Antisemitism

Trustees: The charity has been granted dispensation by the Charity Commission for England and Wales not to name its trustees.

Charity number: 1163790

Address: PO Box 2647, London W1A 3RB

Phone: 03308220321

Email: contact@antisemitism.org

Website: antisemitism.org

The Trustees' Report was approved by the Board of Trustees on 25th October 2021

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustee's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report was approved by the Board of Trustees on 28th October 2021

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Campaign Against Antisemitism (the charity) for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and related notes.

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 145 of the Charities Act 2011. My work has been undertaken so that I might state to the charity's trustees those matters I am required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for my work, for this report, or for the opinions I have formed

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

An independent examination does not involve gathering all the evidence that would be required in an audit and consequently does not cover all the matters that an auditor considers in giving their opinion on the financial statements. The planning and conduct of an audit goes beyond the limited assurance that an independent examination can provide. Consequently I express no opinion as to whether the financial statements present a 'true and fair' view and my report is limited to those specific matters set out in the independent examiner's statement.

Independent examiner's statement

Since the charity's gross income exceeded £250,000 your examiner must be a member of a body listed in section 145 of the 2011 Act. I confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I am a member of ACA, which is one of the listed bodies.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act;
or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

Sam Rogoff & Co Ltd
PO Box 2647
London
W1A 3RB

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE TRUSTEES OF CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

Dated: 28 October 2021

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Restricted funds 2020 £	Total 2020 £	Unrestricted funds 2019 £	Restricted funds 2019 £	Total 2019 £
Income from:							
Donations and legacies	3	734,618	70,626	805,244	722,133	169,700	891,833
Charitable activities	4	1,785	-	1,785	3,304	-	3,304
Total income		736,403	70,626	807,029	725,437	169,700	895,137
Expenditure on:							
Raising funds	5	26,854	-	26,854	58,825	-	58,825
Charitable activities	6	204,438	112,593	317,031	161,774	74,522	236,296
Total resources expended		231,292	112,593	343,885	220,599	74,522	295,121
Net income/(expenditure) for the year/ Net movement in funds		505,111	(41,967)	463,144	504,838	95,178	600,016
Fund balances at 1 January 2020		813,658	95,178	908,836	308,820	-	308,820
Fund balances at 31 December 2020		1,318,769	53,211	1,371,980	813,658	95,178	908,836

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		4,779		4,773
Current assets					
Debtors	11	30,503		20,061	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,354,220		926,804	
		<u>1,384,723</u>		<u>946,865</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(17,522)		(42,802)	
Net current assets			1,367,201		904,063
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>1,371,980</u>		<u>908,836</u>
Income funds					
Restricted funds			53,211		95,178
Unrestricted funds			1,318,769		813,658
			<u>1,371,980</u>		<u>908,836</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 28 October 2021

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020		2019	
		£	£	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash generated from operations	16		429,279		632,558
Investing activities					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(1,863)		(2,884)	
Net cash used in investing activities			(1,863)		(2,884)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			427,416		629,674
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			926,804		297,130
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			<u>1,354,220</u>		<u>926,804</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Campaign Against AntiSemitism is a Charitable Incorporated Organisation.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's constitution, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019) (Charities SORP FRS 102)" and the Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Designated funds comprise funds which have been set aside at the discretion of the trustees for specific purposes. The purposes and uses of the designated funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Government grants are recognised as income in the period in which the charity becomes entitled to receipt.

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The charity has one main activity being that of campaigning against antisemitism.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings	20% Straight Line
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.10 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total
	2020	2020	2020	2019	2019	2019
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Donations and gifts	679,006	70,626	749,632	722,133	169,700	891,833
Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme	55,612	-	55,612	-	-	-
	<u>734,618</u>	<u>70,626</u>	<u>805,244</u>	<u>722,133</u>	<u>169,700</u>	<u>891,833</u>

4 Charitable activities

	Charitable Income 2020	Charitable Income 2019
	£	£
Sales within charitable activities	<u>1,785</u>	<u>3,304</u>

5 Raising funds

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2020	2019
	£	£
<u>Fundraising and publicity</u>		
Seeking donations, grants and legacies	6,920	41,578
Advertising	17,886	15,461
Other fundraising costs	2,048	1,786
	<u>26,854</u>	<u>58,825</u>
Fundraising and publicity	<u>26,854</u>	<u>58,825</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

6	Charitable Activities	Donations, gifts, grants 2020 £	Charitable sales 2020 £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
	Direct Expenditure	7,602	-	7,602	18,942
	Share of support costs (see note 7)	300,048	455	300,503	213,608
	Share of governance costs (see note 7)	8,904	22	8,926	3,746
		<u>316,554</u>	<u>477</u>	<u>317,031</u>	<u>236,296</u>
	Analysis by fund				
	Unrestricted funds	203,961	477	204,438	161,774
	Restricted funds	112,593	-	112,593	74,522
		<u>316,554</u>	<u>477</u>	<u>317,031</u>	<u>236,296</u>
	For the year ended 31 December 2019				
	Unrestricted funds	161,124	650		161,774
	Restricted funds	74,522	-		74,522
		<u>235,646</u>	<u>650</u>		<u>236,296</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

7 Support costs

	Support costs	Governance costs	2020	2019	Basis of allocation
	£	£	£	£	
Staff costs	274,615	-	274,615	178,699	Support
Depreciation	1,858	-	1,858	1,486	Support
Telephone and Internet	1,595	-	1,595	2,530	Support
Office & IT Expenditure	13,451	-	13,451	16,562	Support
Bank Fees	1,484	-	1,484	2,256	Support
Rent	6,300	-	6,300	7,560	Support
Research Costs	1,200	-	1,200	4,515	Support
Insurance	-	319	319	285	Governance
Accountancy	-	8,607	8,607	3,461	Governance
	<u>300,503</u>	<u>8,926</u>	<u>309,429</u>	<u>217,354</u>	
Analysed between					
Charitable activities	<u>300,503</u>	<u>8,926</u>	<u>309,429</u>	<u>217,354</u>	

Support costs include fees accrued in respect of the Independent Examination of £4,800.

8 Trustees

One of the trustees received salary payments amounting to £100,000 during this financial period as authorised by The Charity Commission. The charity has an exemption from disclosing the names of its trustees.

The charity received £70,626 of donations during the year which can only be used for the purpose of paying this trustee a salary. These donations and the corresponding salary payments have been accounted for as restricted funds in the accounts. The closing balance of this restricted fund will be used to pay this trustee salary payments in future periods.

The total amount of expenses reimbursed to trustees (2 trustees) or paid to third parties on behalf of them during the year was £4,739.

9 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2020 Number	2019 Number
Staff	<u>4</u>	<u>3</u>
Employment costs	2020	2019
	£	£
Wages and salaries	249,743	163,621

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

9	Employees	(Continued)	
	Social security costs	23,983	15,261
	Other pension costs	889	(183)
		<u>274,615</u>	<u>178,699</u>

The number of employees whose annual remuneration was £60,000 or more were:

	2020	2019
	Number	Number
£60,000 to £70,000	-	1
£90,001 to £100,000	1	-
	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>

10	Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures and fittings	
		£	
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2020		7,428
	Additions		1,863
	At 31 December 2020		<u>9,291</u>
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 January 2020		2,654
	Depreciation charged in the year		1,858
	At 31 December 2020		<u>4,512</u>
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2020		<u>4,779</u>
	At 31 December 2019		<u>4,773</u>

11	Debtors	2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Other debtors	26,022	17,590
	Prepayments and accrued income	4,481	2,471
		<u>30,503</u>	<u>20,061</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Other taxation and social security	1,346	23,070
Trade creditors	5,477	13,960
Other creditors	299	387
Accruals and deferred income	10,400	5,385
	<u>17,522</u>	<u>42,802</u>

13 Government grants

During the year Campaign Against Antisemitism claimed £55,612 of government grants under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS).

14 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Restricted funds 2020 £	Total 2020 £	Unrestricted funds 2019 £	Restricted funds 2019 £	Total 2019 £
Fund balances at 31 December 2020 are represented by:						
Tangible assets	4,779	-	4,779	4,773	-	4,773
Current assets/ (liabilities)	1,313,990	53,211	1,367,201	808,885	95,178	904,063
	<u>1,318,769</u>	<u>53,211</u>	<u>1,371,980</u>	<u>813,658</u>	<u>95,178</u>	<u>908,836</u>

15 Related party transactions

Aggregate donations of £180,000 were received from related parties in the year.

16 Cash generated from operations

	2020 £	2019 £
Surplus for the year	463,144	600,015
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	1,858	1,486
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase) in debtors	(10,443)	(5,902)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(25,280)	36,959
Cash generated from operations	<u>429,279</u>	<u>632,558</u>

CAMPAIGN AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

17 Analysis of changes in net funds

The charity had no debt during the year.