

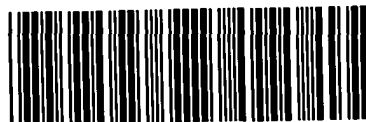
THE GAUDIO FAMILY FOUNDATION (UK) LIMITED

**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2024**

Company Number 08966741

Charity Number 1157301

TUESDAY



AEC7CDSQ

A68

30/09/2025

#184

COMPANIES HOUSE

	Page
Company Information	2
Trustees' Report	3 - 5
Statement of Directors' Responsibilities	6
Independent Auditor's Report	7 - 9
Statement of Financial Activities	10
Balance Sheet	11
Statement of Cash Flows	12
Accounting Policies	13 & 14
Notes to the Financial Statements	15 - 17

Trustees	Alfred Cavallaro Belma Gaudio Julius Gaudio Joseph Gaudio (appointed 30 July 2025)
Company Number	08966741
Charity Number	1157301
Registered Office	Withers LLP Third Floor 20 Old Bailey London EC4M 7AN
Auditors	PKF Littlejohn LLP Statutory Auditors 15 Westferry Circus Canary Wharf London E14 4HD

The Directors, being the Trustees under charity law, present their report and audited financial statements for the year to 31 December 2024. The Trustees have adopted the provisions of the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" in preparing the annual report and financial statements of the Charity.

Reference and Administrative Information

The Gaudio Family Foundation (UK) Limited (the "Foundation," "Charity," or "Charitable Company") is a company limited by share capital registered as company number 08966741. The Charity is also registered with the Charity Commission under charity number 1157301. The Trustees and principal address of the Charity are listed, along with particulars of its professional advisors, on page 2.

Structure, Governance and Management

The Charity does not employ any staff, all decisions being made by the Trustees. A comprehensive briefing pack including all relevant corporate documents (related to formation and compliance), financial statements and relevant Charity Commission guidance is provided to all newly appointed Trustees.

Day to day management and operation of the Charity has been supported by an experienced team of grant-makers at Greenwood Place, a philanthropic advisory firm. The Greenwood Place team have worked closely with the Trustees in order to implement the Charity's strategic priorities (see below: Aims and Intended Impact). The Greenwood Place team has also managed the grant-making and grant-monitoring process, and relationships with grant holders, with the consent, and at the direction, of the Trustees. Where appropriate, advice is taken from the charity's auditor, legal and other professional advisors.

Governing Instruments

The Charity is governed by its Memorandum and Articles of Association, dated 28 March 2014, filed under the name of "The Butters Foundation (UK) Limited" prior to the Charity's name change to "The Gaudio Family Foundation (UK) Limited" circa January 2018.

Objects, Aims, Objectives and Activities

Charitable Objects

The Charity operates as a grant making foundation. The charitable objects of the Charity are exclusively charitable purposes for the public benefit. In the furtherance of its general charitable purposes, the Directors, as Trustees of the Charity, have complied with the duty in s.17(5) of the Charities Act 2011 and have due regard to the Charity Commission's published general guidance concerning the interpretation of the Public Benefit requirement under that Act.

Aims and Intended Impact

Within these objects, the Charity currently has a grant-making strategy which focuses on four principal themes, as follows, though it has previously, and may from time to time, pursue other charitable endeavours, and expand on the below themes, at the sole discretion of the Trustees:

- Poverty and Inequality in the UK
- Poverty and Inequality Internationally (primarily in sub-Saharan Africa)
- The Environment
- The advancement of the arts

The Charity currently makes grants to organisations that are registered charities in the UK, the US, and France, all of which clearly operate within UK charitable purposes.

The Charity takes a proactive approach to identifying grantees, leveraging Greenwood Place's extensive network of funders, experts, and charitable organisations. Robust due diligence and monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that grants are appropriate, strategic and effective. All grants are reviewed and undergo due diligence annually and may be renewed if the trustees consider that funding will continue to be impactful.

Financial review

During the year the Charity expanded its programme of grant making for the public benefit and, as a result, made a deficit of expenditure over income, before foreign exchange gains and losses and investment gains and losses, of £6,650,315 (2023 – surplus of £7,664,798) all of which is unrestricted. Grants made in the year, totalling £7,995,153 (2023- £4,826,674), have been in line with the established Grant Making Policy and are set out in note 3 to the financial statements on page 14. There have been no significant issues or problems in the year or after the year end, through the date of signing of this report.

The Trustees have regard to the main risks to the Charity, which include misapplication of grants by beneficiaries, grantee insolvency or mismanagement, and failure of a funded project to provide sufficient public benefit. These are addressed through regularly obtaining reports from grant recipients and evidence of projects funding being implemented successfully; appropriate due diligence is undertaken in respect of proposed grantees to ensure funded projects are exclusively charitable. Further, multi-year grant commitments are generally not made, thereby limiting the risk to the Charity.

The Charity invests the funds not immediately required for its charitable grant-making in accordance with its adopted Investment Policy Statement which is reviewed regularly by the Trustees. The Charity's investments are made with the intention of providing a reasonably stable, growing, and predictable income stream in the form of dividends, interest and realised gains sufficient to allow distribution of grants in furtherance of the Charity's purposes, settle all administrative costs, and to protect the Charity's investment capital for the long-term. In the period, assets were held in a diversified portfolio, including a mixture of fixed income and equity investments, with some assets managed on the Charity's behalf by Coutts & Co. The performance of the investment manager is subject to regular monitoring and review by the Trustees.

The Charity has significant unrestricted funds, minimal financial risk, and only modest overheads. Because all anticipated costs and expenditures are amply provided for, the Trustees have not formally adopted a prescriptive reserves policy.

Plans for Future Periods

Having received significant donations from a Trustee in 2023 (£8,973,417) and prior years, the Charity is well funded with unrestricted funding for charitable grant making. The Trustees will consider a range of worthy new projects to fund, consistent with its mission and Grant Making Policy and, going forward, the Trustees have agreed to make grants that build on the Charity's work to date and that support the four strategic themes set out above, which may vary from time to time. Their focus will be on:

- Continuing and increasing grant-making to effective, impactful grantee organisations already in the Charity's grants portfolio; and
- Supporting a small number of other organisations not previously funded by the Charity whose work is closely and strategically aligned to the work of existing grantee organisations. As at present, any new grantees will undergo rigorous due diligence.

Further, the Trustees consider the appropriateness of each grantee for future grants based on a variety of factors and may, when they deem it appropriate, remove a grantee (or grantees) from its roster. When a grantee is removed, it is made aware of same in its final year, with its final grant being clearly presented as an "exit" grant.

Directors' Interests

No Director had any beneficial interests in the shares of the Charitable Company at 31 December 2024 (2023 – none).

Provision of information to Auditors

So far as each of the Directors is aware at the time this report is approved:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Charitable Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the Directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

PKF Littlejohn LLP has signified its willingness to continue in office as auditors.

Status of this Trustees' Report

In preparing this report, the Directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemption provided by section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

By Order of the Board

Mr Alfred Cavallaro

Trustee

26 September 2025

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company and Charity law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Trustees have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Charities' Statement of Recommended Practice, Accounting and Reporting by Charities (United Kingdom Financial Reporting and Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Company and Charity law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Charitable Company and of the surplus of the Charitable Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities' SORP, Accounting and Reporting by Charities;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) has been followed, and disclose and explain any departures therefrom in the Financial Statements; and
- prepare the Financial Statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the Charity will be able to continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Charitable Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Charitable Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 and Charities Act 2011. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Charitable Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholder of The Gaudio Family Foundation (UK) Limited**Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Gaudio Family Foundation (UK) Limited (the 'Charitable Company') for the year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charitable Company's affairs as at 31 December 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Charitable Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charitable Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Trustees' annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the Trustees' annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' report, which includes the Directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report included within the Trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Charitable Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report included within the Trustees' annual report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- *adequate and sufficient accounting records have not been kept by the Charitable Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or*
- *the Charitable Company's financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or*
- *certain disclosures of Trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or*
- *we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.*

Responsibilities of Trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' Statement of Responsibilities, the Trustees (who are also the Directors of the Charitable Company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the Charitable Company's financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Charitable Company's financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Charitable Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Charitable Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed auditor under the Companies Act 2006 and section 151 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with those Acts and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of the Charitable Company and the sector in which they operate to identify laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a direct effect on the financial statements. We obtained our understanding in this regard through discussions with management, industry research, application of cumulative audit knowledge and experience of the sector.
- We determined the principal laws and regulations relevant to the Charitable Company in this regard to be those arising from Companies Act 2006, Charities Act 2011, Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and tax legislation.
- We designed our audit procedures to ensure that the audit team considered whether there were any indications of non-compliance by the Charitable Company with those laws and regulations. These procedures included, but were not limited to, enquiries of Trustees and review of governing documentation.
- We also identified the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud. We considered, in addition to the non-rebuttable presumption of a risk of fraud arising from management override of controls, that the completeness of liabilities was also an area of risk.
- As in all of our audits, we addressed the risk of fraud arising from management override of controls by performing audit procedures which included, but were not limited to: reviewing accounting estimates for evidence of bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Charitable Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and to the Charitable Company's Trustees, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Charitable Company's members and Trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone, other than the Charitable Company and the Charitable Company's members as a body and the Charitable Company's Trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Alastair Duke (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of
PKF Littlejohn LLP
Statutory Auditor

15 Westferry Circus
Canary Wharf
London E14 4HD

29 September 2025

THE GAUDIO FAMILY FOUNDATION (UK) LIMITED **STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES**
(incorporating an income and expenditure account)
Year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	2024	2023
Income and endowments from:			
Donations	1	-	8,973,417
Gift aid		-	2,724,960
Investment income		1,852,473	1,179,318
Total Income		1,852,473	12,877,695
Expenditure on:			
Cost of raising funds	2	142,980	137,277
Charitable activities	3	8,359,808	5,075,620
Total Expenditure		8,502,788	5,212,897
Net (expenditure)/income for the year		(6,650,315)	7,664,798
Other gains/(losses)		488,102	(1,543,591)
Foreign exchange		3,315,455	2,167,832
Investments			
Net movement in funds	4	(2,846,758)	8,289,039
Balance brought forward at start of year		60,703,435	52,414,396
Balance carried forward at end of year		£57,856,677	£60,703,435

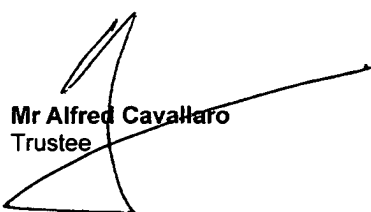
All income and expenditure is unrestricted and derives from continuing activities.

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised during the year.

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these Financial Statements.

		2024	2023
Fixed Assets			
Investments	5	30,219,816	26,895,083
Current Assets			
Debtors			
Unpaid share capital		1	1
Interest receivable		321,404	386,362
Short term deposits		15,969,340	14,904,299
Cash at bank and in hand		11,354,917	18,526,391
		<u>27,645,662</u>	<u>33,817,053</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(8,800)	(8,700)
		<u>27,636,862</u>	<u>33,808,353</u>
Net Current Assets			
		<u>£57,856,678</u>	<u>£60,703,436</u>
Net Assets			
		<u>£57,856,678</u>	<u>£60,703,436</u>
Reserves			
Called up share capital	7	1	1
General fund	8	57,856,677	60,703,435
		<u>£57,856,678</u>	<u>£60,703,436</u>

These Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Trustees on 26 September 2025 and signed on its behalf by:


Mr Alfred Cavallaro
Trustee

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these Financial Statements.

THE GAUDIO FAMILY FOUNDATION (UK) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
Year ended 31 December 2024

	2024	2023
Net cash flow from operating activities (see below)	(8,437,730)	6,092,078
Cash from investing activities		
Payments to acquire investments	(13,240,882)	(14,436,739)
Decrease/(Increase) in cash held at investment managers	(24,343)	658,194
Proceeds from sale of investments	13,255,947	13,497,142
Dividends and interest from investments	1,852,473	1,179,318
Net cash flow by investing activities	1,843,195	897,915
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	488,102	(1,543,591)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year	(6,106,433)	5,446,402
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward	33,430,690	27,984,288
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward	£27,324,257	£33,430,690
Net (expenditure)/income for the year	(6,650,315)	7,664,798
Dividends and interest from investments	(1,852,473)	(1,179,318)
Increase/(Decrease) in creditors	100	(7,040)
(Increase)/Decrease in debtors	64,958	(386,362)
Net cash flow from operating activities	£(8,437,730)	£6,092,078

The Accounting Policies and Notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these Financial Statements.

General information and basis of preparation

The Gaudio Family Foundation (UK) Limited is a charitable company limited by shares, incorporated on 31 March 2014 and registered as a charity on 3 June 2014 in the United Kingdom (incorporated and registered under the name of "The Butters Foundation (UK) Limited" prior to the Charity's name change to "The Gaudio Family Foundation (UK) Limited" circa January 2018). The address of the registered office is given in the charity information on page 2 of these financial statements. The nature of the Charity's operations and its principal activity is the making of grants.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Charities Act 2011, the Companies Act 2006 and UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice as it applies from 1 January 2019.

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention, modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the Charity.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

Income recognition

All incoming resources are included in the Statement of Financial Activities (SoFA) when the Charity is legally entitled to the income, after any performance conditions have been met, when the amount can be measured reliably and when it is probable that the income will be received.

Income from donations is recognised on receipt, unless there are conditions attached to the donation that require a level of performance before entitlement can be obtained. In this case income is deferred until those conditions are fully met or the fulfilment of those conditions is within the control of the Charity and it is probable that they will be fulfilled.

Investment income is recognised as the Charity's right to receive payment is established.

Expenditure recognition

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. Expenditure is recognised where there is a legal or constructive obligation to make payments to third parties, it is probable that the settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. It is categorised as expenditure on charitable activities.

Grants payable to third parties are included in expenditure on charitable activities. Where unconditional grants are made, these amounts are recognised when a constructive obligation is created, typically when the recipient is notified that a grant will be made to them. Where grants are conditional on performance, then the grant is only recognised once any unfulfilled conditions are outside of the control of the Charity.

Support costs have been included within charitable activities and consist of the costs of running the Charity.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are initially recognised by applying to the foreign currency amount the spot exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency at the balance sheet date are translated using the closing rate.

Gains and losses on foreign exchange are shown in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Investments

Publicly traded investments, or those where fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, are measured at fair value at each balance sheet date, with changes in fair value recognised in 'net gains / (losses) on investments' in the SoFA.

Tax

As a registered charity (and having been duly recognised as such by HMRC), the Charitable Company is entitled to certain tax exemptions on income and profits from investments carried on in furtherance of the Charitable Company's primary objectives, if these profits are applied solely for charitable purposes.

1. Donations

Income from donations is unrestricted and in the form of donations from a Trustee (see note 10).

2. Costs of raising funds

	2024	2023
Investment managers fees	£142,980	£137,277

3. Expenditure on charitable activities

	2024	2023
Grants made:		
Gaudio Family Foundation	4,087,467	2,197,571
Les Amis	324,349	26,995
All Child Limited (formerly West London Zone)	275,000	250,000
St Giles Trust	275,000	250,000
Clean Air Task Force Inc.	236,881	-
City Harvest Limited	200,000	200,000
Smart Works Charity	200,000	200,000
New Horizon Youth Centre	200,000	175,000
Village Enterprise	197,955	-
Acumen Fund Inc.	197,955	-
Maliasili Initiatives Inc.	197,804	-
Root Capital Inc	197,409	166,352
Mothers2mothers	197,409	-
CAMFED USA Foundation	191,615	207,928
Resurgo Trust	175,000	175,000
Nia Tero Foundation	158,373	-
Earthjustice	157,936	-
Refugee Action	150,000	225,000
Football Beyond Borders	150,000	-
Little Village	125,000	125,000
Drive Forward Foundation	100,000	100,000
Namati Inc	-	137,537
GFF UK Trust	-	120,905
Room to Read	-	119,386
Onside Youth Zone	-	100,000
Siobhan's Trust	-	50,000
	7,995,153	4,826,674
Support costs:		
Professional fees	364,655	248,946
	£8,359,808	£5,075,620

4. Net movement in funds

Net income is stated after charging:

Auditors' remuneration (net of VAT)

- statutory audit	£7,450	£7,300
- tax services	£1,350	£1,300

5. Investments	2024	2023
Balance brought forward	26,491,775	23,384,346
Additions	13,240,882	14,436,739
Sale proceeds	(13,255,947)	(13,497,142)
Net gains/(losses)	3,315,455	2,167,832
	<u>29,792,165</u>	<u>26,491,775</u>
Cash held at investment managers	427,651	403,308
	<u>£30,219,816</u>	<u>£26,895,083</u>
Investments at fair value include		
Equities	20,986,293	18,213,326
Bonds	8,805,873	8,278,449
Cash within investment portfolio	427,650	403,308
	<u>£30,219,816</u>	<u>£26,895,083</u>
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2024	2023
Accruals	£8,800	£8,700
	<u></u>	<u></u>
7. Share Capital		
Authorised		
1 Ordinary share of £1 each	£1	£1
	<u></u>	<u></u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1 Ordinary shares of £1 each	£1	£1
	<u></u>	<u></u>
8. Reconciliation of Movements in Reserves	2024	2023
Result for the year	(2,846,758)	8,289,039
Opening shareholder's funds	60,703,435	52,414,396
	<u></u>	<u></u>
Closing shareholder's funds	£57,856,677	£60,703,435
	<u></u>	<u></u>
9. Ultimate Parent Undertaking		

The parent undertaking at the year-end is The Gaudio Family Foundation, a US based charitable Foundation.

10. Related party transactions

During the year there were no donations made by Trustees (2023 - £8,973,417 donated by one Trustee). No conditions were attached to the donation in the prior year.

Two grants totalling £4,087,467 (individual grants of \$700,000 and \$4,452,000) were made during the year to the parent undertaking, The Gaudio Family Foundation, to be applied by The Gaudio Family Foundation in furtherance of the charity's charitable purposes. In 2023 two grants were made for £2,197,571 (individual grants of \$1,700,000 and \$1,101,350). With respect to all such grants to The Gaudio Family Foundation, The Gaudio Family Foundation has provided written confirmation to The Gaudio Family Foundation (UK) Limited confirming that all such funds have been disbursed as of the date of this Report and were properly deployed directly for purposes that qualify as charitable under the law of England and Wales.

In the prior year one grant of £120,905 was made to The GFF UK Trust, a charity where Julius Gaudio is a trustee. There were no transactions with The GFF UK Trust in the year to 31 December 2024.