

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Y Sprung M Sprung N Spitzer
Charity number	1139320
Principal address	9 Davis Court Saw Mill Way London N16 6AG
Auditor	F M C B 3rd Floor Hathaway House Popes Drive Finchley London N3 1QF

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

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MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The trustees present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's deed of trust dated 1 December 2010, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016).

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are to advance the orthodox Jewish faith, to advance orthodox Jewish religious education, to relieve poverty, sickness and infirmity amongst members of the Jewish faith and for such other purposes as are for the public benefit and recognised as charitable in accordance with the laws of England and Wales.

The charity achieves its objectives principally by collecting voluntary donations and using them to pay grants. Grants are paid to orthodox Jewish institutions and individuals.

- Grants paid to institutions can be to advance religious education and/or the relief of poverty, sickness and infirmity.
- Grants paid to individuals are for the relief of poverty, sickness and infirmity.

The charity aims to maximise the donations it receives thereby increasing the number of grants it can pay. Donations are paid as grants as they are received.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities and in setting grant making policy.

Achievements and performance

The charity has continued making grants in accordance with its objectives and activities. The trustees are satisfied with the activities of the charity and the amount paid in grants.

In the year the charity made 93 grants to institutions amounting to £1,726,413 (2019: 56 grants amounting to £716,737) and 574 grants to individuals amounting to £1,688,778 (2019: 1,037 grants amounting to £3,628,575).

Fund Raising

The charity puts potential beneficiaries in contact with possible donors and they decide whether to sponsor individuals. Donors tend to be regular supporters of the charity. Donors also contribute to the charity to support the sponsorship of religious institutions. The charity has not received any complaints regarding its fund raising activities.

Financial review

Total incoming resources during the year amounted to £3,396,929 (2019: £4,217,239) which is attributable to donations received.

Total resources expended in the year amounted to £3,422,219 (2019: £4,353,603) of which £3,415,191 (2019: £4,345,312) were grants.

At 31 December 2020 the charity had current assets of £11,273 (2019: £36,563) and creditors falling due within one year of £9,645 (2019: £9,645) giving net current assets of £1,628 (2019: £26,918), the amount of the charity's reserves.

MIFAL HACHESED VEHAZEDOKOH

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Reserve policy

The charity has continued to support appropriate charitable causes. Funding for them is from donations which the charity distributes as they are received. The policy of the charity is to maximise the funds that it raises so that it can continue to meet its aims and objectives in the future. At 31 December 2020 the charity had unrestricted funds of £1,628 (2019: £26,918).

Risk

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks. The principal risk identified is a fall in donations which may prevent the charity from carrying on its activities.

Plans for the future

The trustees aim to maintain and develop the activities of the charity by ensuring that it is adequately funded and that those funds are applied towards the objectives and activities of the charity.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is registered with the Charity Commission in England and Wales (registered number 1139320). The governing document of the charity is its trust deed dated 1 December 2010.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Y Sprung

M Sprung

N Spitzer

The charity is managed exclusively by its trustees and the total number of trustees cannot exceed five. The trustees shall hold two ordinary meetings each year and any other meetings shall take place at their discretion. Decisions are decided by majority vote. The trustees have the power to appoint new trustees. They are appointed on the basis of the skill and experience that they can bring to the management of the charity.

The charity operates purely on a voluntary basis.

The trustees periodically evaluate possible training requirements to best suit the charity's objectives.

Y Sprung is responsible for the day to day management of the charity.

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

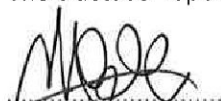
The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the charity for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping sufficient accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Charity (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and the provisions of the trust deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.



Y Sprung

Trustee

Dated: 20/12/20

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mifal Hachessed Vehatzedokoh (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of cash flows and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE TRUSTEES OF MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 require us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the trustees' report; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered information including the following:

- the nature of the charity and its environment;
- results of our enquiries of trustees and management regarding identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- the internal controls and procedures established to detect and mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- the legal and regulatory framework that the charity operates in;
- considering factors that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the charity's ability to operate.

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE TRUSTEES OF MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

As a result of considering the above we use audit procedures to respond to any potential risks. Procedures used include the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations which have a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of trustees and management to obtain an understanding of any provisions and testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments;
- evaluating the rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of activities.

In addition to the above procedures the engagement team remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Other matters

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

This has been done in order for the financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with current Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

F M C B

21 October 2021

**Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor**

3rd Floor Hathaway House
Popes Drive
Finchley
London
N3 1QF

F M C B is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Unrestricted funds 2019 £
<u>Income from:</u>			
Donations and legacies	2	3,396,929	4,217,239
<u>Expenditure on:</u>			
Charitable activities	3	3,422,219	4,353,603
Net expenditure for the year/ Net movement in funds		(25,290)	(136,364)
Fund balances at 1 January 2020		26,918	163,282
Fund balances at 31 December 2020		1,628	26,918

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

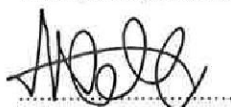
MIFAL HACHESED VEHAZEDOKOH

BALANCE SHEET

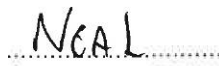
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
Current assets					
Debtors	9	-		18,500	
Cash at bank and in hand		11,273		18,063	
		<u>11,273</u>		<u>36,563</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	<u>(9,645)</u>		<u>(9,645)</u>	
Net current assets			1,628		26,918
Income funds					
Unrestricted funds			1,628		26,918
			<u>1,628</u>		<u>26,918</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 20/12/21



Y Sprung
Trustee



N Spitzer
Trustee

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Notes	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash absorbed by operations	12		(6,790)		(124,864)
Net cash used in investing activities			-		-
Net cash used in financing activities			-		-
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents			(6,790)		(124,864)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			18,063		142,927
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			11,273		18,063

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Mifal Hacheded Vehatzedokoh is registered as a charity with the Charity Commission in England and Wales. The principal office address is Flat 9, Davis Court, Saw Mill Way, London N16 6AG.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's trust deed dated 1 December 2010, the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (as amended for accounting periods commencing from 1 January 2016). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives unless the funds have been designated for other purposes.

All the charity's funds are unrestricted, it has no restricted or endowed funds.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

1.5 Expenditure

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with use of the resources.

Grants are recognised in the accounts once the application has been approved.

1.6 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

- Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial instruments, which include debtors and bank balances, are measured at transaction price and subsequently carried at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts as they are receivable within one year.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities which include creditors are initially recognised at transaction price and are not amortised as they are payable within one year.

2 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2020	2019
	£	£
Donations and gifts	3,396,929	4,217,239

3 Charitable activities

	Grants	Grants
	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank charges	378	991
Other expenditure	650	-
	1,028	991
Grant funding of activities (see note 4)	3,415,191	4,345,312
Share of governance costs (see note 5)	6,000	7,300
	3,422,219	4,353,603

MIFAL HACHESED VEHATZEDOKOH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

4 Grants payable

	2020 £	2019 £
Grants to institutions (93 grants):		
Religious colleges and charities	23,603	186,637
Relief of poverty, sickness and infirmity	1,702,810	530,100
	<u>1,726,413</u>	<u>716,737</u>
Grants to individuals (574 grants)	1,688,778	3,628,575
	<u>3,415,191</u>	<u>4,345,312</u>

Grants payable are in accordance with the objectives and activities of the charity.

- Grants to institutions are to advance orthodox Jewish religious education and also to members of the Jewish faith for the relief of poverty, sickness and infirmity.
- Grants to individuals are to members of the Jewish faith for the relief of poverty, sickness and infirmity.

Included in grants to institutions for the relief of poverty are 78 grants totalling £1,681,510 (2019: £443,100) paid to Amud Hachessed Charity ILS, based in Israel.

5 Support costs

	Support costs £	Governance costs £	2020 £	Support costs £	Governance costs £	2019 £
Audit fees	-	6,000	6,000	-	7,200	7,200
Legal and professional	-	-	-	-	100	100
	<u>-</u>	<u>6,000</u>	<u>6,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,300</u>	<u>7,300</u>
Analysed between Charitable activities	-	6,000	6,000	-	7,300	7,300

6 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration, expenses or benefits from the charity during the two years ended 31 December 2020.

7 Employees

There were no employees during the two years ended 31 December 2020.

MIFAL HACHESED VEHAZEDOKOH

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8 Financial instruments

	2020 £	2019 £
Carrying amount of financial assets		
Debt instruments measured at cost	-	18,500
Carrying amount of financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost	9,645	9,645

9 Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Other debtors	-	18,500

10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Other creditors	3,645	3,645
Accruals and deferred income	6,000	6,000
	9,645	9,645

11 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the two years ended 31 December 2020.

12 Cash generated from operations

	2020 £	2019 £
Deficit for the year	(25,290)	(136,364)
Movements in working capital:		
Decrease in debtors	18,500	11,500
Cash absorbed by operations	(6,790)	(124,864)