

Charity registration number 1132039 (England and Wales)

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees

Mr A A A Miah
Mr A Miah
Mr N H Karbani

Charity registration

England and Wales

1132039

Independent examiner

Ashton & Co Accountants Limited
2 Crescent Parade
Uxbridge
Middlesex
United Kingdom
UB10 0LG

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

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AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

TRUSTEES REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)".

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are to develop a place of worship for Muslims living in and around West Drayton. The charity also organises and participates in community events to promote equality, diversity and good race relations and there has been no change in these during the year.

Public benefit

Al-Falah Islamic Education Centre meets the Charity Commissions public benefit criteria under both the advancement of education and the advancement of citizenship or community development objectives. The trustees have complied with Section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 with regards to public benefit guidance issued by the Charity Commission.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

Financial review

The Charity has managed to bring in a stable stream of donations and has kept costs at a minimum. The charity also achieved significant results in the most cost effective ways possible which is reflected by the retained funds by the charity. The funds can be used to start new charitable projects.

Future Plans

AL-Falah Islamic Education Centre is a well established charity organisation supporting Muslim families across West Drayton. Our future aim includes:

- Continue to diversify funding streams, so that core organisational costs are met from a range of sources
- Involving local residents and groups in issues and development likely to affect quality of life in the local area
- Developing new projects and initiatives that meet the current and emerging needs of the Muslim community
- Strengthening internal governance structures and broadening the role and involvement of trustees

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six months' expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is controlled by its governing document, a constitution and constitutes an unincorporated charity.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr AAA Miah

Mr A Miah

Mr N H Karbani

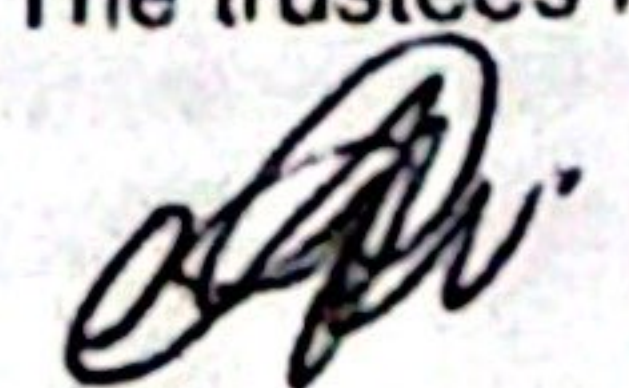
None of the trustees has any beneficial interest in the charity.

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

TRUSTEES REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

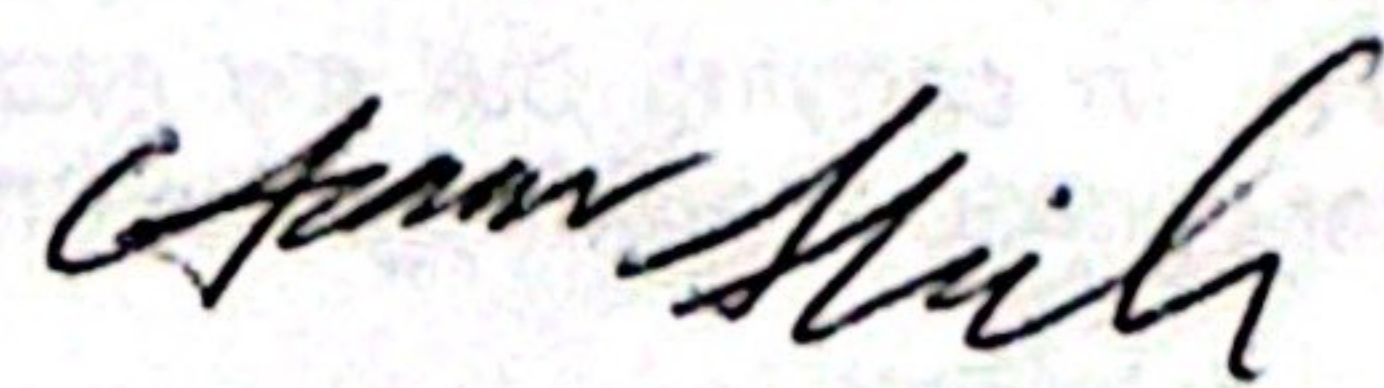
Al-Falah Islamic Education Centre was established in 2009 as unincorporated charity. The charity currently has three trustees. The charity is being managed and administered by its trustees.

The trustees report was approved by the Board of Trustees.



Mr AAA Miah
Trustee

27 January 2026



Mr A Miah
Trustee

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT

TO THE TRUSTEES OF AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Al- Falah Islamic Education Centre (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the Charities Act 2011. In carrying out my examination I have followed the Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the Charities Act 2011.

Independent examiner's statement

Since the charity's gross income exceeded £250,000, the independent examiner must be a member of a body listed in section 145 of the Charities Act 2011. I confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I am a member of ACCA, which is one of the listed bodies.

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared the financial statements in accordance with the relevant version of the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn. I understand that this has been done in order for the financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the Charities Act 2011.
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of financial statements set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the financial statements give a true and fair view, which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.

Mohammad Saqib Rana FCCA
Ashton & Co Accountants Limited
Chartered Certified Accountants

2 Crescent Parade
Uxbridge
Middlesex
UB10 0LG
United Kingdom

Dated: 27 January 2026

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
Income from:			
Donations and legacies	3	612,003	428,156
Total income		612,003	428,156
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	4	110,221	100,190
Total expenditure		110,221	100,190
Net income and movement in funds		501,782	327,966
Reconciliation of funds:			
Fund balances at 1 April 2024		520,281	192,315
Fund balances at 31 March 2025		1,022,063	520,281

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

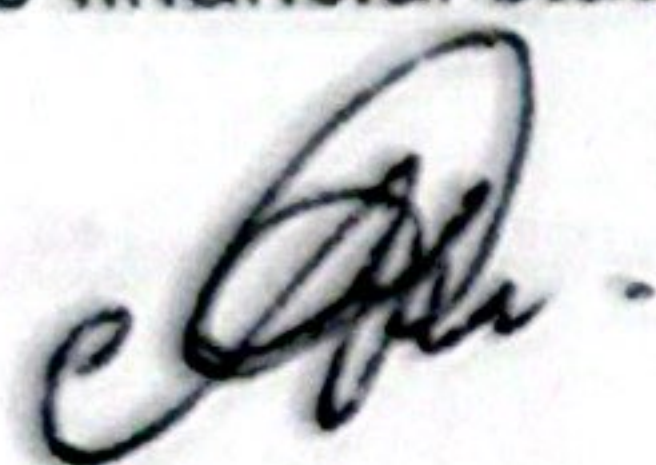
AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

BALANCE SHEET

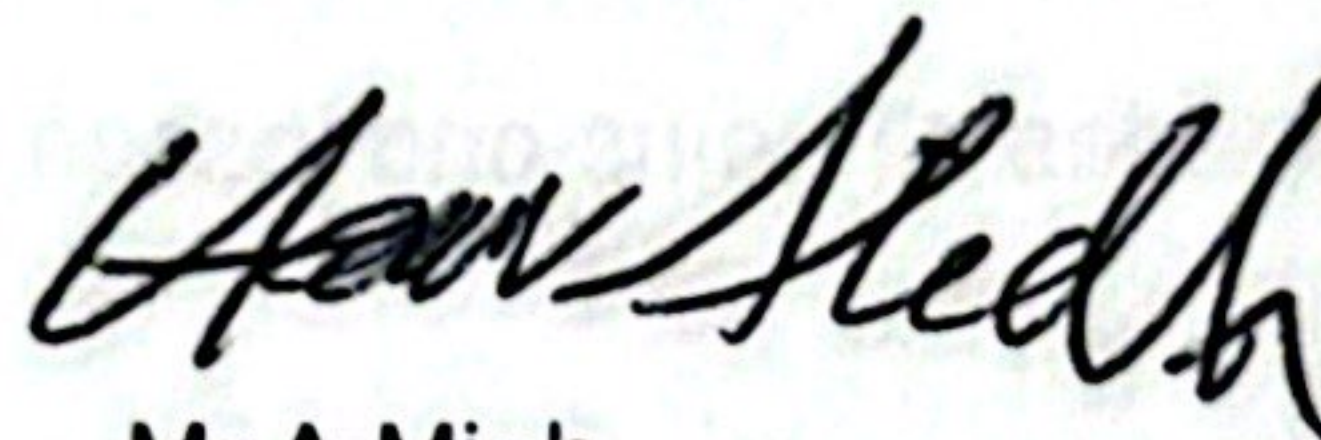
AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	NOTES	2025 £	2024 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	9	1,288,961	-
Current assets			
Debtors	10	-	167,651
Cash at bank and in hand		216,102	540,630
		216,102	708,281
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(483,000)	(188,000)
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(266,898)	520,281
Total assets less current liabilities		1,022,063	520,281
The funds of the charity			
Unrestricted funds	13	1,022,063	520,281
		1,022,063	520,281

The financial statements were approved by the trustees on 27 January 2026



Mr AAA Miah
Trustee



Mr A Miah
Trustee

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

13 Unrestricted funds

The unrestricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

	At 1 April 2024 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	At 31 March 2025 £
General funds	520,281	612,003	(110,221)	1,022,063
Previous year:	At 1 April 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	At 31 March 2024 £
General funds	192,315	428,156	(100,190)	520,281

14 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2024 - none).

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

8 Taxation

The charity is exempt from taxation on its activities because all its income is applied for charitable purposes.

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £
Cost	
Additions	1,288,961
At 31 March 2025	1,288,961
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2025	1,288,961

10 Debtors

	2025 £	2024 £
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Other debtors	-	167,651

11 Loans and overdrafts

	2025 £	2024 £
Other loans (Qard-e-Hasna)	483,000	188,000
Payable within one year	483,000	188,000

Other loans (Qard-e-Hasna) are interest free loans given by the local community for the development of the charity and are repayable on demand.

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025 £	2024 £
Borrowings	483,000	188,000

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Charitable expenditure 2025 £	Charitable expenditure 2024 £
Direct costs		
Staff costs	20,257	23,634
Rent	17,281	17,981
Rates	13,009	4,154
Printing and stationery	4,503	6,726
Repairs and maintenance	3,414	2,779
Light and heat	9,212	18,371
Donations	-	900
Sundry	359	430
Telephone	-	226
Computer Cost	1,813	2,929
Event Costs	32,570	22,060
Insurance	3,403	-
Legal costs	4,400	-
	<u>110,221</u>	<u>100,190</u>
Analysis by fund		
Unrestricted funds	<u>110,221</u>	<u>100,190</u>

5 Net movement in funds

2025
£ 2024
£

The net movement in funds is stated after charging/(crediting):

Fees payable for the independent examination of the charity's financial statements	-	-
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6 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

7 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2025 Number	2024 Number
	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>
Employment costs		
	2025 £	2024 £
Wages and salaries	<u>20,257</u>	<u>23,634</u>

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.10 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2025	2024
	£	£
Donations and gifts	612,003	428,156

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings	No depreciation
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the statement of financial activities.

1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the charity reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The charity has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the charity's balance sheet when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

AL- FALAH ISLAMIC EDUCATION CENTRE

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Al- Falah Islamic Education Centre is an unincorporated charity. It is governed by its constitution amended on 30 June 2015. The registered office of the charity is 15 Vine Close, West Drayton, UB7 9HH.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)". The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a statement of cash flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors or grantors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.