

The Hundred of Hoo Nursery and Kids Club Limited

Trustees' report and financial statements

31 August 2020

Company Limited by Guarantee
Registration Number 06389366
(England and Wales)

Charity number: 1131001

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Reference and administrative information 31 August 2020

Trustees	Ms D Biggenden Ms S Crocker Mr M Costello Mr N Willis
Company Secretary	Ms F Reizopoulou
Registered office	The Hundred of Hoo Academy Main Road Hoo St Werburgh Rochester Kent ME3 9HH
Company registration number	06389366 (England and Wales)
Charity registered number	1131001
Auditors	Buzzacott LLP 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL
Bankers	NatWest Bank Plc 148 High Street Chatham Kent ME4 4DB

Trustees' report 31 August 2020

The Trustees (who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act) present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of The Hundred of Hoo Nursery and Kids Club Limited (the charitable company) for the year ended 31 August 2020. This report has been prepared in accordance with Part 8 of the Charities Act 2011 and serves as a directors' report for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 12 to 14 therein and comply with the charitable company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, applicable laws and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Structure, governance and management

The charitable company was incorporated on 3 October 2007 (Company Number 06389366). The charitable company is a Company Limited by Guarantee and is governed by its Memorandum & Articles of Association. The members of the charitable company are the Trustees named on page 1. In the event of the charitable company being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £1 per member of the charitable company. The charitable company registered as a charity on 7 August 2009 (Charity Registration Number 1131001).

Trustees

The Trustees who served during the period were as follows:

Trustees	Appointed/Resigned
Deborah Biggenden	Appointed 20 September 2019
Michael Costello	Appointed 10 December 2019
Susan Crocker	
Karen Major	Resigned 20 September 2019
Neil Willis	

Method of appointment or election of Trustees

The management of the charitable company is the responsibility of the Trustees who are elected and co-opted under the terms of the Memorandum & Articles of Association.

Remuneration of key management personnel

All Trustees give their time freely and receive no remuneration. The pay and remuneration of key management personnel is set by the Pay Committee.

Objectives and activities

The principal activity of the charitable company is the operation of a Nursery and Kids Club in Hoo St Werburgh, Rochester, for the purpose of the advancement of education. In setting our objectives and planning our activities, the Trustees have given careful consideration to the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit.

Achievements, performance and plans

The nursery continues to have strong links with its local community, offering early education to around 175 children aged up to 11 years of age from the local community.

Since joining Leigh Academies Trust ("The Trust") in January 2019, at the same time as the adjacent Hundred of Hoo Academy, the nursery has strengthened its offer to children and their families by accessing a range of services the Trust is able to offer.

In July 2019, the nursery received an inspection by Ofsted. The overall quality and standards of the early provision was identified as Good, but the nursery was rated as Outstanding for the quality of personal development, behaviour and welfare. The report identified that children of all ages make good progress and gain good skills to support their future learning. The staff were described as inspirational role models, who establish outstanding relationships with the children and their families.

The nursery has continued to invest in the learning environment and resources with the support of the Trust. Consequently, enhancements have been made within the building to create more flexible spaces and the outdoor learning areas have been enhanced to improve opportunities for effective play.

It was recognised that there needed to be improvements in IT resources for both learning and administration. Delivery of new, more effective systems has both improved the efficiency of systems and the range of ways in which the children are able to learn.

The nursery team of Manager, Deputy Manager and early years practitioners remains strong and turnover of staff has remained low. Where new or additional team members have been required, high quality candidates have been supplied with the assistance of the LAT recruitment team. This ensures that every child receives consistently high quality care and education.

Impact of Covid-19 on the charity

As a result of the closure of the Hundred of Hoo Nursery and Kids Club during the Covid-19 pandemic, the charitable company did not receive fees from some parents. The majority of funding, which comes from government, continued. After accounting for cost savings resulting from the closure, a net loss of approximately £40,000 was incurred. No applications were made to the government's Job Retention Scheme.

Financial review

The attached financial statements show the current state of the finances, which the Trustees consider to be sound.

Reserves of £62,191 have been accumulated at 31 August 2020, which are all unrestricted funds.

Reserves policy

As described in the accounting policies, the Trustees have a policy that a fixed asset fund should be maintained to fund the future depreciation of fixed assets. This fund represents the net book value of fixed assets already purchased and so this fund is not available for spending. Beyond this, the policy on reserves is that restricted general funds should not fall below zero. The level of such reserves tends to be modest as the charity is run on a not for profit basis. Trustees will keep the policy under review if there should be a material change in financial circumstances.

Public Benefit

The Board of Trustees has taken account of the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit in reviewing Borne's aims and objectives and planning future activities.

Fundraising

The charitable company does not actively solicit fundraising from the public. During the year there were no complaints in respect of fundraising.

Risk management

The charitable company has identified the following key risks and has put mitigation in place:

- ◆ a decrease in pupils on roll which would lead to a decrease in funding and fee income; and
- ◆ recruitment of appropriately qualified staff to meet the needs of the pupils of the nursery, especially the younger age group.

Trustees' responsibilities statement

The Trustees (who are also directors of The Hundred of Hoo Nursery and Kids Club Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under company law, the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the income and expenditure of the charitable company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- ◆ select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- ◆ make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ◆ state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;

Trustees' responsibilities statement (continued)

- ♦ prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In preparing this report, the Trustees have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Trustees on 8 December 2020 and signed on their behalf by:



N Willis

Trustee

Independent auditor's report to the members of The Hundred of Hoo Nursery and Kids Club Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Hundred of Hoo Nursery and Kids Club Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 August 2020 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, statement of cash flows, the principal accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- ◆ give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2020 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- ◆ have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- ◆ have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- ◆ the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- ◆ the Trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the 31 August 2020 when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report 31 August 2020

Other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- ◆ the information given in the Trustees' report, which is also the directors' report for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- ◆ the Trustees' report, which is also the directors' report for the purposes of company law, has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' report. We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- ◆ adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- ◆ the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- ◆ certain disclosures of Trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- ◆ we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- ◆ the Trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of Trustees

As explained more fully in the Trustees' responsibilities statement, the Trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent auditor's report 31 August 2020

Responsibilities of Trustees (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Katharine Patel (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Buzzacott LLP, Statutory Auditor
130 Wood Street
London
EC2V 6DL

Date: 12 January 2021

Statement of financial activities
(incorporating income and expenditure account) Year to 31 August 2020

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Restricted funds 2020 £	2020 Total funds £	Unrestricted funds 2019 £	Restricted funds 2019 £	2019 Total funds £
Income from:							
Charitable activities	1	448,453	3,495	451,948	539,198	4,352	543,550
Total income		448,453	3,495	451,948	539,198	4,352	543,550
Expenditure on:							
Charitable activities	2	499,634	3,495	503,129	522,527	5,861	528,388
Total expenditure		499,634	3,495	503,129	522,527	5,861	528,388
Net (expenditure) income and net movement in funds		(51,181)	—	(51,181)	16,671	(1,509)	15,162
Reconciliation of funds							
Total funds brought forward at 1 September 2019		113,372	—	113,372	96,701	1,509	98,210
Total funds carried forward 31 August 2020		62,191	—	62,191	113,372	—	113,372

The notes on pages 15 to 19 form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet 31 August 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2020 £	2019 £	2019 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	5		25,597		9,129
Current assets					
Debtors	6	6,954		6,668	
Cash at bank and in hand		97,617		151,962	
		104,571		158,630	
Liabilities					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(67,977)		(54,387)	
Net current assets			36,594		104,243
Total assets less current liabilities			62,191		113,372
Net assets			62,191		113,372
Funds and reserves:					
Restricted funds	8		—		—
Unrestricted funds	8		62,191		113,372
Total funds			62,191		113,372

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Trustees on 8 December 2020 and signed on their behalf, by:



N Willis

Trustee

The notes on pages 15 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows Year to 31 August 2020

		2020 £	2019 £
Net cash inflows from operating activities			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	A	(26,347)	45,158
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(27,998)	(1,501)
Net cash used in investing activities		(27,998)	(1,501)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(54,345)	43,657
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September 2019	B	151,962	108,305
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 August 2020	B	97,617	151,962

A. Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash flow from operating activities

		2020 £	2019 £
Net (expenditure) income for the year (as per statement of financial activities)		(51,181)	15,162
Adjustment for:			
Depreciation charges		11,529	3,481
(Increase) decrease in debtors		(285)	14,376
Increase in creditors		13,590	12,139
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(26,347)	45,158

B. Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

		2020 £	2019 £
Cash at bank and in hand		97,617	151,962
Total		97,617	151,962

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) - (Charities SORP), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The Hundred of Hoo Nursery and Kids Club Limited meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Preparation of the accounts requires the trustees to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the accounts where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- ◆ estimating the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on future income and expenditure flows and the charity's financial position; and
- ◆ estimating the economic useful life of fixed assets.

Going concern

The Trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or condition that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charitable company to continue as a going concern. The Trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In making this assessment the Trustees have considered the ongoing impact of Covid-19.

Income

All income is recognised once the charitable company has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Support costs are those costs incurred directly in support of expenditure on the objects of the charitable company.

Charitable activities are costs incurred on the charitable company's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charitable company apportioned to charitable activities

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

All assets costing more than £500 are capitalised.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of financial activities.

Tangible fixed assets are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Improvement to premises	Over the term of the lease
Furniture fixtures and fittings	15% straight line basis
Other equipment	25% straight line basis
Computer equipment	25% straight line basis

Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the statement of financial activities on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand includes cash and short-term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the charitable company anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges

Financial instruments

The charitable company only has financial assets and financial liabilities that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Pensions

The charitable company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the charity to the pension fund in respect of the year.

Fund accounting

General funds are unrestricted funds which are available for use at the discretion of the Trustees in furtherance of the general objectives of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.

Designated funds comprise unrestricted funds that have been set aside by the Trustees for particular purposes. The aim and use of each designated fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Restricted funds are funds which are to be used in accordance with specific restrictions imposed by donors. The costs of raising and administering such funds are charged against the specific fund. The aim and use of each restricted fund is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgment

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The charitable company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Lease commitments

The charitable company has entered into a range of lease commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment. The classification of these leases as either financial or operating leases requires the Trustees to consider whether the terms and conditions of each lease are such that the charitable company has acquired the risks and rewards associated with the ownership of the underlying assets.

1. Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Restricted funds 2020 £	2020 Total funds £	Unrestricted funds 2019 £	Restricted funds 2019 £	2019 Total funds £
Fees receivable	191,380	—	191,380	287,015	—	287,015
Nursey Vouchers	257,073	—	257,073	251,501	—	251,501
EYPP funding	—	1,895	1,895	—	4,352	4,352
MTSA funding	—	—	—	682	—	682
DAF funding	—	1,600	1,600	—	—	—
	448,453	3,495	451,948	539,198	4,352	543,550

2. Analysis of expenditure on charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Restricted funds 2020 £	2020 Total funds £	Unrestricted funds 2019 £	Restricted funds 2019 £	2019 Total funds £
Charitable activities	499,634	3,495	503,129	522,527	5,861	528,388

	2020 Total £	2019 Total £
Toys, books, magazines and materials	217	8,492
Food and drinks	20,013	34,274
Kitchen expenses	—	220
Advertising	1,072	1,152
Hygiene, cleaning and waste disposal	2,501	2,709
Uniforms and protective clothing	100	727
Subscriptions and software	3,273	2,882
Training	—	570
Insurance	1,886	1,871
Equipment hire	6,151	4,039
Repairs and renewals	16,425	3,713
Telephone	551	685
Stationery, printing, photocopying and postage	1,750	865
Sundry expenses	49	4
Gifts for staff and clients	66	1,184
Accounting and professional fees	7,459	8,689
Bank charges	526	488
Rent	20,000	20,251
Repayment of funds	—	40,000
EYPP offset expenditure	—	2,608
Wages and salaries	409,561	389,484
Depreciation	11,529	3,481
Total	503,129	528,388

3. Net (expenditure) income

This is stated after charging:

	2020 Total £	2019 Total £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	11,529	3,481
Audit fees	2,800	2,750

4. Staff costs

Staff costs were as follows:

	2020 Total £	2019 Total £
Wages and salaries	385,027	378,733
Social security costs	19,077	6,414
Other pension costs	5,457	4,337
	409,561	389,484

The average number of persons employed by the charitable company during the year was 29 (2019: 29).

Average headcount expressed as a full time equivalent was 24 (2019 – 23).

No employee received remuneration amounting to more than £60,000 in either year.

During the financial year the remuneration and benefits received by the Charity's Key Management Personnel amounted to £70,015(2019 – £67,953).

During the year, no Trustees received any remuneration (2019 – £nil).

During the year, no Trustees received any reimbursement of expenses (2019 – £nil).

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Improvements to premises £	Furniture, fixtures & fittings £	Computer and other equipment £	Total funds £
Cost				
At 1 September 2019	17,461	20,281	4,382	42,124
Additions	—	1,060	26,938	27,998
At 31 August 2020	<u>17,461</u>	<u>21,341</u>	<u>31,320</u>	<u>70,122</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 September 2019	17,461	11,780	3,755	32,996
Charge in year	—	2,765	8,764	11,529
At 31 August 2020	<u>17,461</u>	<u>14,545</u>	<u>12,519</u>	<u>44,525</u>
Net book value				
At 31 August 2020	—	6,796	18,801	25,597
At 31 August 2019	—	8,501	627	9,128

6. Debtors

	2020 Total £	2019 Total £
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	—	4,873
Other debtors	4,073	—
Prepayment and accrued income	2,881	1,795
	<u>6,954</u>	<u>6,668</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020 Total £	2019 Total £
Trade creditors	1,865	12,222
Other taxation and social security	4,685	2,140
Other creditors	1,791	647
Amount due to parent (note 13)	32,709	—
Accruals and deferred income	26,927	39,378
	<u>67,977</u>	<u>54,387</u>

	2020 Total £	2019 Total £
Deferred income		
Deferred income at 1 September 2019	15,948	30,643
Resources deferred during the year	23,805	15,948
Amounts released from previous year	(15,948)	(30,643)
Deferred income at 31 August 2020	<u>23,805</u>	<u>15,948</u>

8. Funds

	Balance at 1 September 2019 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Transfers £	Balance at 31 August 2020 £
2020					
Unrestricted funds:					
Designated funds					
Fixed asset fund	9,129	—	(11,529)	27,997	25,597
General funds					
General fund	104,243	448,453	(488,105)	(27,997)	36,594
	<u>113,372</u>	<u>448,453</u>	<u>(499,634)</u>	<u>—</u>	62,191
Restricted funds					
EYPP	—	1,895	(1,895)	—	—
DAF	—	1,600	(1,600)	—	—
	<u>—</u>	<u>3,495</u>	<u>(3,495)</u>	<u>—</u>	—
Total funds	113,372	451,948	(503,129)	—	62,191

	Balance at 1 September 2018 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Balance at 31 August 2019 £
2019				
Unrestricted funds:				
Designated funds				
Fixed asset fund	11,109	1,501	(3,481)	9,129
General funds				
General fund	85,592	537,697	(519,046)	104,243
	<u>96,701</u>	<u>539,198</u>	<u>(522,527)</u>	<u>113,372</u>
Restricted funds				
EYPP	1,150	4,352	(5,502)	—
DAF	359	—	(359)	—
	<u>1,509</u>	<u>4,352</u>	<u>(5,861)</u>	<u>—</u>
Total funds	98,210	543,550	(528,388)	113,372

9. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds 2020 £	Restricted funds 2020 £	Total funds 2020 £
2020			
Tangible fixed assets	25,597	—	25,597
Current assets	104,571	—	104,571
Creditors due within one year	(67,977)	—	(67,977)
	<u>62,191</u>	<u>—</u>	62,191

9. Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

	Unrestricted funds 2019 £	Restricted funds 2019 £	Total funds 2019 £
2019			
Tangible fixed assets	9,129	—	9,129
Current assets	158,630	—	158,630
Creditors due within one year	(54,387)	—	(54,387)
	<u>113,372</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>113,372</u>

10. Pension commitments

The charitable company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the charitable company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable to the fund and amounted to £5,457 (2019 - £4,337). At the balance sheet date £1,176 was payable to the fund (2019 - £1,022).

11. Operating lease commitments

At 31 August 2020 the total of the charitable company's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

Equipment	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts payable:		
within 1 year	2,964	22,964
within 2-5 years	3,705	6,669

12. Related party transactions

During the year following amounts were paid to Leigh Academies Trust, the ultimate parent undertaking:

- ♦ Rent: £20,000 (2019: £20,251)
- ♦ Reimbursed purchases: £10,371 (2019: £812)

At 31 August 2020, £32,709 (2019: £3,809) was owed to Leigh Academies Trust.

13. Ultimate parent undertaking

The parent undertaking is Leigh Academies Trust by virtue of assuming legal ownership of the Nursery from 1 January 2019 following a merger with the Nursery's previous parent company.