

SADAT TRUST

England & Wales · Charity number 1123151

Details

Status Registered

Legal form Trust

Registered 2008-03-11

Register [View on the Charity Commission register](#)

Contact

Address 25 Shaa Road
Acton
London
London
W3 7LW

Phone 07770811007

Email aizad@btinternet.com

Activities

Objects: THE TRUSTEES SHALL HOLD THE CAPITAL AND INCOME OF THE TRUST FUND UPON TRUST TO APPLY THE INCOME AND, IF THE TRUSTEES THINK FIT, ALL OR SUCH PARTS OF THE CAPITAL, AT SUCH TIME OR TIMES AND IN SUCH MANNER FOR THE PUBLIC BENEFIT:1 A) TO RELIEVE POVERTY, DISTRESS AND FINANCIAL HARDSHIP FOR THOSE IN NEED ESPECIALLY WIDOWS AND ORPHANS;B) TO RELIEVE SICKNESS AND PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION BY IMPROVING STANDARDS OF HEALTHCARE AND HYGIENE;C) TO ADVANCE EDUCATION, INCLUDING BY ASSISTING AND SUPPORTING YOUNG PEOPLE SO AS TO ENABLE THEM TO STUDY ON RECOGNISED COURSES;D) TO ADVANCE THE RELIGION OF ISLAM, MAINLY, BUT NOT EXCLUSIVELY, BY SUPPORTING THE CONSTRUCTION OF NEW MOSQUES AND FACILITIES FOR WORSHIP.2 FOR SUCH OTHER EXCLUSIVELY CHARITABLE OBJECTS OR PURPOSES IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD AS THE TRUSTEES MAY IN THEIR DISCRETION THINK FIT.

Activities: WE ARE A LAREGELY FRIENDS AND FAMILY FUNDED CHARITY. OUR MAIN ACTIVITIES ARE TO FUND A NON-FOR-PROFIT SCHOOL IN EAST LONDON, TO HELP THE LOCAL MOSQUE WITH LOCAL SUPPORT FOR THE NEEDY AND ALSO TO PROVIDE MAINTENANCE TO RELATIVES IN PAKISTAN (ALL ARE OPHANS/WIDOWS AND SICK/UNEMPLOYED) WHO RELY ON SMALL PAYMENTS FOR FOOD AND MEDICINE.

Classification

- **How:** Makes Grants To Individuals, Makes Grants To Organisations
- **What:** General Charitable Purposes, Education/training, The Advancement Of Health Or Saving Of Lives, The Prevention Or Relief Of Poverty
- **Who:** Children/young People, Other Charities Or Voluntary Bodies, The General Public/mankind

Geography

- **Area of benefit:** UNDEFINED. IN PRACTICE NATIONAL AND OVERSEAS
- Bangladesh
- India
- Indonesia
- Malaysia
- Occupied Palestinian Territories
- Pakistan
- Throughout London

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2025-03-31	£35,500	£9,706	-	-
2024-03-31	£33,950	£33,346	-	-
2023-03-31	£58,386	£71,535	-	-
2022-03-31	£33,300	£30,725	-	-
2021-03-31	£51,504	£47,088	-	-

Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
Syed Mumtaz Hussain	Chair	
AIZAD HUSSAIN		
SYED IRSHAD SHAH		

SADAT TRUST

England & Wales - Charity number 1123151

Accounts

SADAT TRUST
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

SADAT TRUST

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mr S Hussain Mr S Shah Mr A Hussain	
Charity registration	England and Wales	1123151
Principal address	25 Shaa Road Acton London W3 7LW	
Independent examiner	Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP 30 Old Market Wisbech Cambridgeshire PE13 1NB	
Bankers	Barclays Bank Leicester LE87 2BB	
Solicitors	Stone King LLP Boundary House 91 Charterhouse Street London EC1M 6HR	

SADAT TRUST

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SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)".

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are:

- To relieve poverty, distress and financial hardship for those in need. Especially widows and orphans.
- To relieve sickness and promote good health including, without limitation, by improving standards of healthcare and hygiene.
- To advance education, including by assisting and supporting young people so as to enable them to study on recognised courses.
- To advance the religion of Islam, mainly, but not exclusively, by supporting the construction of new mosques and facilities for worship.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

The charity's financial activities are shown on page 4 of these financial statements.

The trustees will continue to use its funds to further the charity's objectives. Given the fluctuations in donations received, the charity retains sufficient funds to ensure continued support to the various bodies to whom grants are given.

The trustees consider that these activities, summarised above, provide benefit both for those who worship at the mosques and to the wider community in general.

Financial review

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr S Hussain
Mr S Shah
Mr A Hussain

The power to appoint new trustees rests with the trustees.

SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

S M Hussain

.....
Mr S Hussain

Trustee

Dated:

Azad Hussain

.....
Mr A Hussain

Trustee

Dated:.....

SADAT TRUST

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF SADAT TRUST

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Sadat Trust (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the Charities Act 2011. In carrying out my examination I have followed the Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the Charities Act 2011.

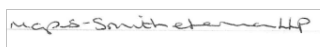
Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared the financial statements in accordance with the relevant version of the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their financial statements in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn. I understand that this has been done in order for the financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the Charities Act 2011.
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of financial statements set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the financial statements give a true and fair view, which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.



Helen Peak, F.C.C.A.
Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP

30 Old Market
Wisbech
Cambridgeshire
PE13 1NB

Dated:

SADAT TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
Income from:			
Donations and legacies	3	35,500	33,950
Total income		35,500	33,950
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	4	9,706	33,346
Total expenditure		9,706	33,346
Net income and movement in funds		25,794	604
Reconciliation of funds:			
Fund balances at 1 April 2024		64,557	63,953
Fund balances at 31 March 2025		90,351	64,557

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

SADAT TRUST

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2025 £	£	2024 £	£
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		90,351		64,557	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets			90,351		64,557
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
The funds of the charity					
Unrestricted funds	10	90,351		64,557	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
			90,351		64,557
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

The financial statements were approved by the trustees on

S M Hussain

Mr S Hussain
Trustee

Azad Hussain

Mr A Hussain
Trustee

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Sadat Trust is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's governing document, the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)". The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a statement of cash flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors or grantors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in the furtherance of charitable objectives. Where the charity gives a grant with conditions for its payment being a specific level of service or output to be provided, such grants, are only recognised in the SoFA once the recipient of the grant has provided the specific service or output.

Grants payable without performance conditions are only recognised in the accounts when a commitment has been made and there are no conditions to be met relating to the grant which remain in the control of the charity.

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs include costs of the preparation and examination of the statutory accounts, the costs of trustee meetings and the cost of any legal advice to trustees on governance or constitutional matters.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Fund accounting policy

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2025 £	Unrestricted funds 2024 £
Donations and gifts	35,500	33,950

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

4 Charitable activities

	Grant funding 2025 £	Other costs 2025 £	Total 2025 £	Total 2024 £
Ramzan - food and drink	1,136	-	1,136	764
Grants to individuals	4,033	-	4,033	27,351
Education support	1,299	-	1,299	4,432
EID celebration committee	524	-	524	480
	<u>6,992</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,992</u>	<u>33,027</u>
Share of governance costs (see note 5)	-	2,714	2,714	319
	<u>6,992</u>	<u>2,714</u>	<u>9,706</u>	<u>33,346</u>

5 Support costs allocated to activities

	2025 £	2024 £
<i>Basis of allocation</i>		
Governance costs	<u>2,714</u>	<u>319</u>
Analysed between:		
Charitable activities	<u>2,714</u>	<u>319</u>
Governance costs comprise:	2025 £	2024 £
Bank charges	15	15
Exchange difference	2,699	304
	<u>2,714</u>	<u>319</u>

6 Net movement in funds

	2025 £	2024 £
The net movement in funds is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Fees payable for the independent examination of the charity's financial statements	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

7 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

8 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2025 Number	2024 Number
Total	-	-

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

9 Taxation

The charity is exempt from taxation on its activities because all its income is applied for charitable purposes.

10 Unrestricted funds

The unrestricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

	At 1 April 2024 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	At 31 March 2025 £
General funds	64,557	35,500	(9,706)	90,351
Previous year:	At 1 April 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	At 31 March 2024 £
General funds	63,953	33,950	(33,346)	64,557

11 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2024 - none).

SADAT TRUST

England & Wales - Charity number 1123151

Accounts

SADAT TRUST
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

SADAT TRUST

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mr S Hussain Mr A Hussain Mr S Shah
Charity number	1123151
Principal address	25 Shaa Road Acton London W3 7LW
Independent examiner	Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP 30 Old Market Wisbech Cambridgeshire PE13 1NB
Bankers	Barclays Bank Leicester LE87 2BB
Solicitors	Stone King LLP Boundary House 91 Charterhouse Street London EC1M 6HR

SADAT TRUST

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SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are:

- To relieve poverty, distress and financial hardship for those in need. Especially widows and orphans.
- To relieve sickness and promote good health including, without limitation, by improving standards of healthcare and hygiene.
- To advance education, including by assisting and supporting young people so as to enable them to study on recognised courses.
- To advance the religion of Islam, mainly, but not exclusively, by supporting the construction of new mosques and facilities for worship.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

The charity's financial activities are shown on page 4 of these financial statements.

The trustees will continue to use its funds to further the charity's objectives. Given the fluctuations in donations received, the charity retains sufficient funds to ensure continued support to the various bodies to whom grants are given.

The trustees consider that these activities, summarised above, provide benefit both for those who worship at the mosques and to the wider community in general.

Financial review

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr S Hussain
Mr A Hussain
Mr S Shah


The power to appoint new trustees rests with the trustees.

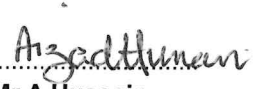
SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.


.....
Mr S Hussain
Trustee
Dated: 13-1-25


.....
Mr A Hussain
Trustee
Dated: 13-1-25

SADAT TRUST

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF SADAT TRUST

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Sadat Trust (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

I understand that this has been done in order for financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.



Helen Peak, F.C.C.A.
Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP

30 Old Market
Wisbech
Cambridgeshire
PE13 1NB

Dated: 16/1/25

SADAT TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Unrestricted funds 2023 £
Income from:			
Donations and legacies	3	33,950	58,386
Total income		33,950	58,386
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	4	33,346	71,535
Total expenditure		33,346	71,535
Net income/(expenditure) and movement in funds		604	(13,149)
Reconciliation of funds:			
Fund balances at 1 April 2023		63,953	77,102
Fund balances at 31 March 2024		64,557	63,953

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year. All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

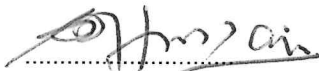
SADAT TRUST

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	2024 £	£	2023 £	£
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		64,557		63,953	
		<u>64,557</u>		<u>63,953</u>	
Net current assets			64,557		63,953
			<u>64,557</u>		<u>63,953</u>
Net assets excluding pension liability			64,557		63,953
			<u>64,557</u>		<u>63,953</u>
			<u>64,557</u>		<u>63,953</u>
The funds of the charity					
Unrestricted funds			64,557		63,953
			<u>64,557</u>		<u>63,953</u>
			<u>64,557</u>		<u>63,953</u>

The financial statements were approved by the trustees on 13-1-25



Mr S Hussain
Trustee



Mr A Hussain
Trustee

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Sadat Trust is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors or grantors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in the furtherance of charitable objectives. Where the charity gives a grant with conditions for its payment being a specific level of service or output to be provided, such grants, are only recognised in the SoFA once the recipient of the grant has provided the specific service or output.

Grants payable without performance conditions are only recognised in the accounts when a commitment has been made and there are no conditions to be met relating to the grant which remain in the control of the charity.

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs include costs of the preparation and examination of the statutory accounts, the costs of trustee meetings and the cost of any legal advice to trustees on governance or constitutional matters.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Fund accounting policy

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds 2024 £	Unrestricted funds 2023 £
Donations and gifts	33,950	58,386

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

4 Charitable activities

	Grant funding 2024 £	Other costs 2024 £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Ramzan - food and drink	764	-	764	-
Grants to individuals	27,351	-	27,351	30,386
Education support	4,432	-	4,432	248
EID celebration committee	480	-	480	2,336
	<u>33,027</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,027</u>	<u>32,970</u>
Grant funding of activities (see note 5)	-	-	-	35,000
Share of governance costs (see note 6)	-	319	319	3,565
	<u>33,027</u>	<u>319</u>	<u>33,346</u>	<u>71,535</u>

5 Grants payable

	Grant funding 2023 £
Grants to institutions:	
Other	35,000
	<u>35,000</u>

6 Support costs allocated to activities

	2024 £	2023 £
<i>Basis of allocation</i>		
Governance costs	319	3,565
	<u>319</u>	<u>3,565</u>
Analysed between:		
Charitable activities	319	3,565
	<u>319</u>	<u>3,565</u>
Governance costs comprise:	2024 £	2023 £
Bank charges	15	45
Exchange difference	304	3,520
	<u>319</u>	<u>3,565</u>

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

7 Net movement in funds	2024	2023
	£	£
The net movement in funds is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

8 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

9 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2024	2023
	Number	Number
Total	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

Remuneration of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel was as follows:

10 Taxation

The charity is exempt from taxation on its activities because all its income is applied for charitable purposes.

11 Unrestricted funds

The unrestricted funds of the charity comprise the unexpended balances of donations and grants which are not subject to specific conditions by donors and grantors as to how they may be used. These include designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes.

	At 1 April 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	At 31 March 2024 £
General funds	63,953	33,950	(33,346)	64,557
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Previous year:	At 1 April 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	At 31 March 2023 £
General funds	77,102	58,386	(71,535)	63,953
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

12 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2023 - none).

SADAT TRUST

England & Wales - Charity number 1123151

Accounts

SADAT TRUST
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

SADAT TRUST

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mr S Hussain Mr A Hussain Mr S Shah
Charity number	1123151
Principal address	25 Shaa Road Acton London W3 7LW
Independent examiner	Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP 23 London Road Downham Market Norfolk PE38 9BJ
Bankers	Barclays Bank Leicester LE87 2BB
Solicitors	Stone King LLP Boundary House 91 Charterhouse Street London EC1M 6HR

SADAT TRUST

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SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are:

- To relieve poverty, distress and financial hardship for those in need. Especially widows and orphans.
- To relieve sickness and promote good health including, without limitation, by improving standards of healthcare and hygiene.
- To advance education, including by assisting and supporting young people so as to enable them to study on recognised courses.
- To advance the religion of Islam, mainly, but not exclusively, by supporting the construction of new mosques and facilities for worship.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

The charity's financial activities are shown on page 4 of these financial statements.

The trustees will continue to use its funds to further the charity's objectives. Given the fluctuations in donations received, the charity retains sufficient funds to ensure continued support to the various bodies to whom grants are given.

The trustees consider that these activities, summarised above, provide benefit both for those who worship at the mosques and to the wider community in general.

Financial review

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr S Hussain

Mr A Hussain

Mr S Shah

The power to appoint new trustees rests with the trustees.

SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.



Mr S Hussain

Trustee

Dated: 21/12/23



Mr A Hussain

Trustee

Dated: 21/12/23

SADAT TRUST

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF SADAT TRUST

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Sadat Trust (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

I understand that this has been done in order for financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.



Paul Farrow, F.C.A. F.C.C.A. M.A.A.T.
Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP

23 London Road
Downham Market
Norfolk
PE38 9BJ

Dated: 21/12/23

SADAT TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Notes	Unrestricted funds 2023 £	Unrestricted funds 2022 £
<u>Income from:</u>			
Donations and legacies	3	58,386	33,300
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<u>Expenditure on:</u>			
Charitable activities	4	71,535	30,725
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net (expenditure)/income for the year/ Net movement in funds		(13,149)	2,575
Fund balances at 1 April 2022		77,102	74,527
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Fund balances at 31 March 2023		63,953	77,102
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

SADAT TRUST

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Notes	2023 £	£	2022 £	£
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		63,953		77,102	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets			63,953		77,102
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Income funds					
Unrestricted funds			63,953		77,102
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on21/2/23



Mr S Hussain
Trustee



Mr A Hussain
Trustee

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Sadat Trust is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in the furtherance of charitable objectives. Where the charity gives a grant with conditions for its payment being a specific level of service or output to be provided, such grants, are only recognised in the SoFA once the recipient of the grant has provided the specific service or output.

Grants payable without performance conditions are only recognised in the accounts when a commitment has been made and there are no conditions to be met relating to the grant which remain in the control of the charity.

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs include costs of the preparation and examination of the statutory accounts, the costs of trustee meetings and the cost of any legal advice to trustees on governance or constitutional matters.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Fund accounting policy

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2023	2022
	£	£
Donations and gifts	58,386	33,300

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

4 Charitable activities

	Grant funding 2023 £	Other costs 2023 £	Total 2023 £	Total 2022 £
Grants to individuals	30,386	-	30,386	24,912
Education support	248	-	248	-
EID celebration committee	2,336	-	2,336	-
	<u>32,970</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>32,970</u>	<u>24,912</u>
Grant funding of activities (see note 5)	35,000	-	35,000	-
Share of governance costs (see note 6)	-	3,565	3,565	5,813
	<u>67,970</u>	<u>3,565</u>	<u>71,535</u>	<u>30,725</u>

5 Grants payable

	Grant funding 2023 £	2022 £
Grants to institutions:		
Other	35,000	-
	<u>35,000</u>	<u>-</u>

6 Support costs

	Support costs £	Governance costs £	2023 £	2022 £	Basis of allocation
Bank charges	-	45	45	32	Governance
Exchange difference	-	3,520	3,520	5,781	Governance
	<u>-</u>	<u>3,565</u>	<u>3,565</u>	<u>5,813</u>	
Analysed between Charitable activities	<u>-</u>	<u>3,565</u>	<u>3,565</u>	<u>5,813</u>	

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

7 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

8 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2023 Number	2022 Number
Total	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

9 Taxation

The charity is exempt from tax on income and gains falling within section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or section 252 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that these are applied to its charitable objects.

10 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2022 - none).

SADAT TRUST

England & Wales - Charity number 1123151

Accounts

Charity registration number 1123151

SADAT TRUST
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

SADAT TRUST

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mr S Hussain Mr A Hussain Mr S Shah
Charity number	1123151
Principal address	25 Shaa Road Acton London W3 7LW
Independent examiner	Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP 23 London Road Downham Market Norfolk PE38 9BJ
Bankers	Barclays Bank Leicester LE87 2BB
Solicitors	Stone King LLP Boundary House 91 Charterhouse Street London EC1M 6HR

SADAT TRUST

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SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are:

- To relieve poverty, distress and financial hardship for those in need. Especially widows and orphans.
- To relieve sickness and promote good health including, without limitation, by improving standards of healthcare and hygiene.
- To advance education, including by assisting and supporting young people so as to enable them to study on recognised courses.
- To advance the religion of Islam, mainly, but not exclusively, by supporting the construction of new mosques and facilities for worship.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

The charity's financial activities are shown on page 4 of these financial statements.

The trustees will continue to use its funds to further the charity's objectives. Given the fluctuations in donations received, the charity retains sufficient funds to ensure continued support to the various bodies to whom grants are given.

The trustees consider that these activities, summarised above, provide benefit both for those who worship at the mosques and to the wider community in general.

Financial review

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

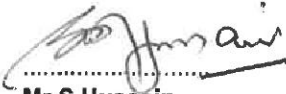
Mr S Hussain
Mr A Hussain
Mr S Shah

The power to appoint new trustees rests with the trustees.

SADAT TRUST

**TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

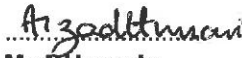
The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.



.....
Mr S Hussain

Trustee

Dated: 7-3-23



.....
Mr A Hussain

Trustee

Dated: 7-3-23

SADAT TRUST

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF SADAT TRUST

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Sadat Trust (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

I understand that this has been done in order for financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.



Paul Farrow, F.C.A. F.C.C.A. M.A.A.T.
Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP

23 London Road
Downham Market
Norfolk
PE38 9BJ

Dated:

13/3/2023

SADAT TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

		Unrestricted funds 2022 £	Unrestricted funds 2021 £
<u>Income from:</u>	Notes		
Donations and legacies	3	33,300	51,504
		<hr/>	<hr/>
<u>Expenditure on:</u>			
Charitable activities	4	30,725	47,088
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net income for the year/ Net movement in funds		2,575	4,416
Fund balances at 1 April 2021		74,527	70,111
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Fund balances at 31 March 2022		<u>77,102</u>	<u>74,527</u>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

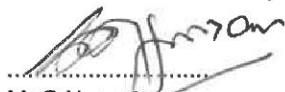
SADAT TRUST


BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		77,102		74,527	
		<u>77,102</u>		<u>74,527</u>	
Net current assets			<u>77,102</u>		<u>74,527</u>
Income funds					
Unrestricted funds			77,102		74,527
			<u>77,102</u>		<u>74,527</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 7-3-23


.....
Mr S Hussain
Trustee


.....
Mr A Hussain
Trustee

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Sadat Trust is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in the furtherance of charitable objectives. Where the charity gives a grant with conditions for its payment being a specific level of service or output to be provided, such grants, are only recognised in the SoFA once the recipient of the grant has provided the specific service or output.

Grants payable without performance conditions are only recognised in the accounts when a commitment has been made and there are no conditions to be met relating to the grant which remain in the control of the charity.

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs include costs of the preparation and examination of the statutory accounts, the costs of trustee meetings and the cost of any legal advice to trustees on governance or constitutional matters.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the charity is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.8 Fund accounting policy

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2022	2021
	£	£
Donations and gifts	33,300	51,504

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4 Charitable activities

	Grant funding 2022 £	Other costs 2022 £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Ramzan - food and drink	-	-	-	100
Charitable expenditure heading 2	-	-	-	11
Grants to individuals	24,912	-	24,912	44,202
Education support	-	-	-	377
Islamic help	-	-	-	1,000
	<u>24,912</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,912</u>	<u>45,690</u>
Share of governance costs (see note 5)	-	5,813	5,813	1,398
	<u>24,912</u>	<u>5,813</u>	<u>30,725</u>	<u>47,088</u>

5 Support costs

	Support costs £	Governance costs £	2022 £	2021 £	Basis of allocation
Bank charges	-	32	32	60	Governance
Exchange difference	-	5,781	5,781	1,338	Governance
	<u>-</u>	<u>5,813</u>	<u>5,813</u>	<u>1,398</u>	
Analysed between Charitable activities	<u>-</u>	<u>5,813</u>	<u>5,813</u>	<u>1,398</u>	

6 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

7 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

7 Employees

(Continued)

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

8 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2021 - none).

SADAT TRUST

England & Wales - Charity number 1123151

Accounts

Charity Registration No. 1123151

SADAT TRUST
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

SADAT TRUST

LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Trustees	Mr S Hussain Mr A Hussain Mr S Shah
Charity number	1123151
Principal address	25 Shaa Road Acton London W3 7LW
Independent examiner	Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP 23 London Road Downham Market Norfolk PE38 9BJ
Bankers	Handelsbanken 2 Chiswick High Road London W4 1HT Barclays Bank Leicester LE87 2BB
Solicitors	Stone King LLP Boundary House 91 Charterhouse Street London EC1M 6HR

SADAT TRUST

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Trustees' report	1 - 2
Independent examiner's report	3
Statement of financial activities	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 11

SADAT TRUST

TRUSTEES' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The trustees present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019).

Objectives and activities

The charity's objects are:

- To relieve poverty, distress and financial hardship for those in need. Especially widows and orphans.
- To relieve sickness and promote good health including, without limitation, by improving standards of healthcare and hygiene.
- To advance education, including by assisting and supporting young people so as to enable them to study on recognised courses.
- To advance the religion of Islam, mainly, but not exclusively, by supporting the construction of new mosques and facilities for worship.

The trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission in deciding what activities the charity should undertake.

Achievements and performance

The charity's financial activities are shown on page 4 of these financial statements.

The trustees will continue to use its funds to further the charity's objectives. Given the fluctuations in donations received, the charity retains sufficient funds to ensure continued support to the various bodies to whom grants are given.

The trustees consider that these activities, summarised above, provide benefit both for those who worship at the mosques and to the wider community in general.

Financial review

It is the policy of the charity that unrestricted funds which have not been designated for a specific use should be maintained at a level equivalent to between three and six month's expenditure. The trustees consider that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the charity's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

Structure, governance and management

The charity is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

The trustees who served during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were:

Mr S Hussain
Mr A Hussain
Mr S Shah

The power to appoint new trustees rests with the trustees.

SADAT TRUST

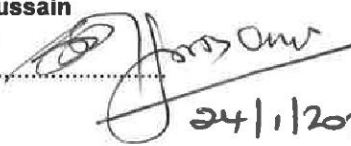
TRUSTEES' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The trustees' report was approved by the Board of Trustees.

.....
Mr S Hussain

Trustee

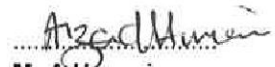
Dated:


24/1/2022

.....
Mr A Hussain

Trustee

Dated:


24/01/22

SADAT TRUST

INDEPENDENT EXAMINER'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES OF SADAT TRUST

I report to the trustees on my examination of the financial statements of Sadat Trust (the charity) for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the trustees of the charity you are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act).

I report in respect of my examination of the charity's financial statements carried out under section 145 of the 2011 Act. In carrying out my examination I have followed all the applicable Directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Your attention is drawn to the fact that the charity has prepared financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) in preference to the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice issued on 1 April 2005 which is referred to in the extant regulations but has now been withdrawn.

I understand that this has been done in order for financial statements to provide a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe that in any material respect:

- 1 accounting records were not kept in respect of the charity as required by section 130 of the 2011 Act; or
- 2 the financial statements do not accord with those records; or
- 3 the financial statements do not comply with the applicable requirements concerning the form and content of accounts set out in the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination.

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the financial statements to be reached.



Paul Farrow, F.C.A. F.C.C.A. M.A.A.T.
Mapus-Smith & Lemmon LLP

23 London Road
Downham Market
Norfolk
PE38 9BJ

Dated:27/1/2022.....

SADAT TRUST

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

		Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
		2021	2020
	Notes	£	£
<u>Income from:</u>			
Donations and legacies	3	51,504	23,710
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u>Expenditure on:</u>			
Charitable activities	4	47,088	40,471
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net income/(expenditure) for the year/ Net movement in funds		4,416	(16,761)
Fund balances at 1 April 2020		70,111	86,872
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund balances at 31 March 2021		<u>74,527</u>	<u>70,111</u>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.

All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

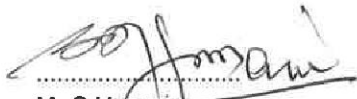
SADAT TRUST

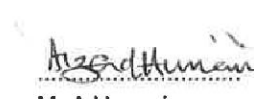
BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		74,527		70,111	
Net current assets			74,527		70,111
Income funds					
Unrestricted funds			74,527		70,111
			74,527		70,111

The financial statements were approved by the Trustees on 24/1/2022


.....
Mr S Hussain
Trustee


.....
Mr A Hussain
Trustee

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Charity information

Sadat Trust is constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 21 January 2008 and is registered with the Charity Commission, registration 1123151.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the charity's [governing document], the Charities Act 2011, FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Charities SORP "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)" (effective 1 January 2019). The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The charity has taken advantage of the provisions in the SORP for charities not to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows.

The financial statements have departed from the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 only to the extent required to provide a true and fair view. This departure has involved following the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 rather than the version of the Statement of Recommended Practice which is referred to in the Regulations but which has since been withdrawn.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the charity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the trustees have a reasonable expectation that the charity has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the trustees continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees in furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

Endowment funds are subject to specific conditions by donors that the capital must be maintained by the charity.

1.4 Income

Income is recognised when the charity is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Cash donations are recognised on receipt. Other donations are recognised once the charity has been notified of the donation, unless performance conditions require deferral of the amount. Income tax recoverable in relation to donations received under Gift Aid or deeds of covenant is recognised at the time of the donation.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the charity has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

1.5 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges are allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Grants payable are payments made to third parties in the furtherance of charitable objectives. Where the charity gives a grant with conditions for its payment being a specific level of service or output to be provided, such grants, are only recognised in the SoFA once the recipient of the grant has provided the specific service or output.

Grants payable without performance conditions are only recognised in the accounts when a commitment has been made and there are no conditions to be met relating to the grant which remain in the control of the charity.

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

Governance costs include costs of the preparation and examination of the statutory accounts, the costs of trustee meetings and the cost of any legal advice to trustees on governance or constitutional matters.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

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Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the charity's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.7 Fund accounting policy

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the charity's accounting policies, the trustees are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds	Unrestricted funds
	2021	2020
	£	£
Donations and gifts	51,504	23,710

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

4 Charitable activities

	Grant funding 2021 £	Other costs 2021 £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Ramzan - food and drink	100	-	100	6,517
Charitable expenditure heading 2	11	-	11	-
Grants to individuals	44,202	-	44,202	29,184
Education support	377	-	377	178
EID celebration committee	-	-	-	77
Islamic help	1,000	-	1,000	1,900
	<u>45,690</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>45,690</u>	<u>37,856</u>
Share of governance costs (see note 5)	-	1,398	1,398	2,615
	<u>45,690</u>	<u>1,398</u>	<u>47,088</u>	<u>40,471</u>

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

5 Support costs	Support Governance costs		2021		Support Governance costs		2020		Basis of allocation
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£		
Bank charges	-	60	60	-	50	50	50	50	Governance
Exchange difference	-	1,338	1,338	-	2,565	2,565	2,565	2,565	Governance
		<u>1,398</u>	<u>1,398</u>		<u>2,615</u>	<u>2,615</u>	<u>2,615</u>	<u>2,615</u>	
		=====	=====		=====	=====	=====	=====	
Analysed between									
Charitable activities	-	1,398	1,398	-	2,615	2,615	2,615	2,615	
		<u>1,398</u>	<u>1,398</u>		<u>2,615</u>	<u>2,615</u>	<u>2,615</u>	<u>2,615</u>	
		=====	=====		=====	=====	=====	=====	

SADAT TRUST

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

6 Trustees

None of the trustees (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the charity during the year.

7 Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was:

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
Total	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

There were no employees whose annual remuneration was more than £60,000.

8 Related party transactions

There were no disclosable related party transactions during the year (2020 - none).