



Company number: 06037771

Charity number: 1118966

The Galilee Foundation

Report and financial statements

For the year ended 31 August 2022

The Galilee Foundation is registered in England and Wales under
Charity Commission number 1118966 and Companies House number 06037771

Address: Unit A, 1-3 Canfield Place, NW6 3BT, London, UK

Telephone: +44 20 7993 8355 Email: info@galileefoundation.org.uk

www.galileefoundation.org.uk

Contents

For the year ended 31 August 2022

Reference and administrative information	1
Trustees’ annual report	3
Independent auditor’s report	13
Statement of financial activities (incorporating an income and expenditure account)	17
Balance sheet	18
Notes to the financial statements	20

The Galilee Foundation

Reference and administrative information

For the year ended 31 August 2022

Company number	06037771
Charity number	1118966
Registered office and operational address	The Galilee Foundation Unit A, 1-3 Canfield Pl, South Hampstead London NW6 3BT United Kingdom
Country of registration	England & Wales
Country of incorporation	United Kingdom
Trustees	Trustees, who are also directors under company law, who served during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows: Marwan Bishara Sawsan Asfari Ms Leila Garadaghi Yousef Bazian Khalil Jahshan Eyad Mahameed Abdulrahman Elshayyal (Stood down April 2022) Katherine Bucknell (Appointed April 2022)
Advisory Board	Advisers do not have any formal legal responsibilities. The advisers who only offer advice and support are as follows: David Freeman Legal adviser Dina Bseisu Adviser
Key Management personnel	Marwan Bishara Chairman Sawsan Asfari Executive Director Maha Al Farra Managing Director
Bankers	Europe Arab Bank plc 35 Park Lane Mayfair London W1K 1RB

The Galilee Foundation

Reference and administrative information

For the year ended 31 August 2022

Metro Bank
One Southhampton Row
London, WC1B 5HA

Accountant

Treganna Consultancy
175 Chatsworth Road
London
NW2 5QS

Auditor

Sayer Vincent LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Invicta House
108-114 Golden Lane
London
EC1Y 0TL

The trustees present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2022.

Reference and administrative information set out on page 1 forms part of this report. The financial statements comply with current statutory requirements, the memorandum and articles of association and the Statement of Recommended Practice - Accounting and Reporting by Charities: SORP applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with FRS 102.

Trustees and organisational structure

Trustees of the Galilee Foundation serve until they stand down. New trustees are nominated to fill specific gaps identified by the Trustees. When new Trustees are appointed, they are provided with the information they need to fulfil their roles, which includes information about the role of Trustees and charity law. Trustees receive updates, progress reports and publications on a regular basis.

The Trustees meet physically to govern and monitor the progress of the Charity at least once a year. They are in touch regularly on email and video conference calls. The policies and procedures are reviewed and updated annually. The Trustees delegate the day-to-day running of the charity to the Foundation's office in London.

Maha Al Farra, Communications and Fundraising Manager was promoted to Managing Director on her return from maternity leave on January 24th 2022. Cassie Woodard, Grants Manager and Heather McIntosh, Communications officer, continued in their roles. Dianne Woodward, who had covered Maha's role during her maternity leave, continued to provide administrative support in a voluntary capacity. The employees' work has been overseen by the Co-Founder and Trustee Sawsan Asfari. Tregannas Consultancy oversees and manages the Foundation's finances on a monthly basis. Marwan Bishara, Chairman and Co Founder, also lends support via a monthly Zoom meeting with the office team. The Trustees confirm that they have complied with the Charities Act 2006.

Grant making policy

The Foundation receives project proposals, however, its current projects have been solicited and developed together with the partner organisations. The Foundation drafts agreements that specify the responsibilities of its partners and the schedule of reporting. Partners are required to submit narrative and financial reports at least once per year. Our Grants Manager has regular meetings with partners to monitor progress, and also travels to Israel once per year to meet with partners in person. For sustainability of projects' achievements, the Foundation seeks to develop longstanding partnership while maintaining rigorous monitoring and evaluation procedures.

Partner Due Diligence

We have been strengthening our partner due diligence framework since the introduction of GF's formal policy document in 2019. We now require initial operational and financial assessments to be prepared for all new partners before we enter into any grants arrangements or memoranda of understanding. We regularly monitor progress of programmes and utilise a Monitoring and Evaluation framework for the assessment and internal audit of our partners.

Coronavirus Update

Since March 2020, The Galilee Foundation has taken necessary precautions as per Government virus control measures for its staff i.e. all employees have been working from home with minimal working in the office, together, usually one day per week when conditions have permitted. While these measures have not adversely impacted our day-to-day operational activities in the UK, since much of the work was already done digitally, there have been repercussions. The challenge has been to co-ordinate remote digital working and recreate the mutually supportive office atmosphere in order to maintain morale and productivity. This has been achieved with frequent virtual meetings, both regular and ad hoc, between staff, trustees, partners and volunteers etc using different digital tools depending on the reason for communication and the personnel involved. Although lockdown officially ceased in June 2021, Galilee Foundation staff have continued to use hybrid working as the norm throughout the reporting period, for convenience, preference and infection prevention.

The pandemic also strongly affected the activities of our partners, who had to substitute in-person workshops with remote workshops and run new scholarship and graduation events as multiple small, socially distanced celebrations, often outdoors. The current reporting period has seen a return to the larger single events held indoors, and in person workshops.

Our students have also been able to return to the classroom with teachers operating in a familiar environment and are now less impacted by the challenges of remote learning, availability of the infrastructure and technology for access. Increased financial hardship due to the economic effects of national lockdowns is still an issue for some however.

The virus control measures have continued to impact our fundraising events as we have still been unable to have any in-person gala events, which we would otherwise have done in 2021-22, due to the vulnerability of older donors to endemic Covid. We have mitigated this by hosting as well as participating in virtual fundraising events such as the Big Give Campaign in December 2021. In March/April 2022 we also set up a Zakat and Ramadan Appeal and we were able to hold outdoor sporting challenges, namely, the Royal Parks Half Marathon in October 2021 and Asics London 10k in July 2022.

Principal Risks and uncertainties

The Trustees have assessed the major risks to which the Charity is exposed and are satisfied that systems are in place to reduce and mitigate the exposure to risks. A cash flow summary is kept and regularly reviewed and updated. The Trustees have identified the following as the principal risks facing the Foundation and have controls in place for their active management:

- The risk of charitable impact not being maximised and of the wasteful use of charitable funds resulting in reputational damage. The Foundation's management mitigates this risk by conducting regular evaluation, monitoring and follow up for all projects funded by the Foundation to assess the achievement of the Foundation's charitable objectives. Furthermore, the Trustees receive regular reports from the management of the Foundation to monitor and assess the performance of the Foundation, its activities and projects it supports to ensure that grants given are used for the charitable purpose.
- The safeguarding of the Foundation's investments and the risk of generating insufficient return. To mitigate such risk, one of our trustees who has a background in the financial sector has offered to regularly monitor and review the investments portfolio and advise the Trustees accordingly.
- Safeguarding of Foundation's income and the risk of devaluation of Foundation's funds due to currency fluctuation, particularly the funds in Pound sterling. To mitigate such risk, the Trustees have placed \$315k (£260k) in a fixed Sterling denominated deposit.
- The duration of the Covid19 pandemic going forward and its effect on the wider economy and fundraising environment, which will have continued impact on our fundraising strategies and necessitate exploring new avenues of fundraising.

Objectives and activities

The Galilee Foundation's objectives are to further such charitable objectives as the Trustees in their absolute discretion think fit and include the following:

(1) TO ADVANCE THE EDUCATION AT ALL LEVELS OF PALESTINIANS IN OR LIVING IN ISRAEL AND THE PALESTINIAN TERRITORIES, REGARDLESS OF GENDER OR FAITH, IN PARTICULAR BUT NOT EXCLUSIVELY BY ORGANISING AND ENCOURAGING EDUCATION, CULTURE, HERITAGE, ART, SCIENCE AND RESEARCH INITIATIVES;

(2) TO RELIEVE THE POVERTY OF PALESTINIANS IN OR LIVING IN ISRAEL AND THE PALESTINIAN TERRITORIES, REGARDLESS OF GENDER OR FAITH, IN PARTICULAR BUT NOT EXCLUSIVELY BY THE PROVISION OF ADVICE, TRAINING AND SUPPORT.

The Galilee Foundation's general areas of operation are Israel and Palestine.

To work towards these objectives, the Foundation identifies and makes grants to registered, reputable, non-political, and non-sectarian charitable organisations and research institutions for existing or new projects that meet the Foundation's objectives. These policies have not changed during the year.

In deciding what activities the charity should undertake, the Trustees have paid due regard to guidance issued by the Charity Commission including with respect to public benefit.

The Galilee Foundation's vision is to contribute to breaking the cycle of poverty and inequality faced by many Palestinian citizens of Israel as well as those in Palestine. The Foundation believes strongly that access to education is the key to making this vision a reality.

Fundraising Statement

The Galilee Foundation is able to harness the goodwill and incredible generosity of donors from across the world through the work we undertake to provide a Higher Education to Palestinian youth. We generate funds from a wide range of UK and international donors. This includes individual one-off donations, regular donations, institutional funding as well as Gift Aid. These funds are raised by the trustees, staff, volunteers and individuals who fundraise in support of the Galilee Foundation. The Galilee Foundation received several generous donations from foundations such as the Asfari Foundation and Arab Centre Research and Policy Studies to support its projects. We also received generous donations from those who took part in The Big Give 2021, Zakat and Ramadan appeals, London Asics 10K and Royal Park Half Marathon events. The Galilee Foundation also received a small number of donations from our online boutique, Amazon Smile, Give As You Live and Facebook Donate.

We communicate regularly with our supporters through newsletters, appeals, social media and emails. We provide a comprehensive picture of our activities on our website at: www.galileefoundation.org.uk as well as our social media channels and we are available to support via phone or email.

The Galilee Foundation is registered with the Fundraising Regulator and works in a way that is compliant with the Code of Fundraising Practice.

We have not received any complaints relating to fundraising. Should this happen, GF employees will record this digitally and discuss with our trustees to review.

The staff manage and monitor the fundraising work undertaken by others. Any volunteer or freelancer that works with us is required to sign a Confidentiality Agreement which we implemented in 2019. The staff also do an informal induction of activities to all new volunteers.

Project Activities in 2021/22

The Galilee Foundation's projects bring positive and lasting changes to thousands of young people through our scholarship programmes, training, access to quality education and cultural activities. The impact of the projects supported by the Foundation has been immense.

The Foundation renewed its support to most of its existing partners and continued its work towards achieving its objective of expanding the base of its beneficiaries:

- **The Scholarship Programme in Israel:** The Foundation's main programme provides university scholarships to young underprivileged Palestinian citizens of Israel. The Programme continues to be implemented in partnership with the Arab Cultural Association (ACA), the Foundation's local partner based in Haifa. In addition to financial support, the Programme supports its students through a range of training and capacity building workshops, cultural activities, and mentoring. The Scholarship is advertised publicly in local online news and social media platforms. Students are selected through rigorous application and selection procedures based on pre-sit criteria of merit and need. In addition to financial support, the Foundation requires that all scholarship recipients undertake voluntary placements to help their local communities. In the 2021/22 academic year, the Foundation was pleased to have a total of 255 students participate in the Programme.
- **Scholarship Programme with Al Quds University:** The Foundation is proud to continue its partnership with Al Quds University in East Jerusalem to support the continuing 10 disadvantaged bright students during the 2021/22 Academic Year. The students are required to participate in 120 hours of volunteer work including supporting neo-natal education for new mothers, distributing medication to patients in remote areas, and supporting children affected by conflict in Gaza.
- **Mada Al-Carmel - the Arab Centre for Applied Social Research – PhD Students Programme and Core Funds:** The Foundation partnered again with Mada Al-Carmel, which aims to support students who wish to continue their higher education and to provide them with academic training. The Programme is the first of its kind available to Palestinian PhD students. The general public, researchers, academics, journalists

and civil society organisations have benefited from the outcomes and the publications of their projects, seminars and conferences.

- **Hewar - The Arab Association for Alternative Education:** This new partnership provided funding to create the Hewar Daycare Centre. The opening of the Day Care Centre was delayed due to building permit and municipal complications, and the Centre is due open its doors in 2023. The recruitment and training of staff in the Hewar approach to early childhood education and will allow for the development of a training manual and videos. The Hewar Daycare Centre will serve 44 children and their families, and this facility will help provide future financial resilience as an income stream for Hewar.
- **Baladna Association for Arab Youth – Core Funds:** The Foundation partnered again with Baladna to support their core funding and educational materials. Baladna provides youth with the training, resources and practical tools necessary to confront discrimination and marginalisation of the Palestinian people in Israel. Their projects aim to empower Palestinian youth to become agents of positive social change who systemically map the needs of youth groups in their community and develop community projects responsive to these needs. They also aim to foster awareness of the Palestinian identity and history among Palestinian youth groups in Israel. They also work to reduce violence amongst Palestinian youth.
- **Yaffa Youth Movement Association (YYMA):** The Foundation continued its partnership with the YYMA, which aims to build a strong and democratic Palestinian-Arab community in Yaffa. They focus on developing a strong core of young leaders with a shared purpose to create change together, based on democratic values, human rights, and advancement of the community. The impact of Covid-19 and corresponding restrictions on gathering in groups meant the YYMA needed to adapt its programming during this reporting period. YYMA initiated a youth-led podcast which included episodes on Palestinian culture, cuisine and history, as well as episodes disseminating crucial information related to Covid-19 and local regulations and rights in the Arabic language. Some unspent funds will be spent in the financial year 1 Sept 22 to 31 August 23

Future Plans

In 2022-23, the Foundation plans to continue to work on establishing an alumni programme for our students so we can keep in touch with them once they graduate and monitor our impact. We will continue to develop the Scholarship Programme with our partners to enhance its training activities and efficiency.

In terms of fundraising, we will continue to develop our fundraising strategy with the aim of diversifying our funding to include more online and virtual events throughout the year as

well as hold a gala event, covid permitting, in 2023. We will continue to reach out to trusts and foundations internationally and we are attempting to increase the number of regular donors. Having expanded operationally with the hire of a part-time Communications Officer and part-time Grants Manager from January 2021 we are progressing with the aim of having solid systems and processes in place.

The Foundation continues to conduct strategic reviews to ensure that its donations help those in need most effectively and are currently working on updating our strategy with regard to the future development of the Foundation.

2022 has already indicated that the pandemic will be with us, vaccine booster rollout notwithstanding, as covid is increasingly endemic. A return to the old normality, despite the intention of us all learning to “live with it” continues to seem unlikely for the foreseeable future. The Galilee Foundation will need to continue to be flexible to adapt to the uncertain changes ahead, and the impacts these will have on operations in general and fundraising in particular.

We must continue to develop our team building strategies for the new normal of hybrid working from home and in the London office and look to seize opportunities as well as meet challenges. In the second we must encourage all stakeholders to recognize opportunities in adversity and contribute innovative ideas for fundraising or otherwise to exploit them, regardless of the conditions under which we will work this coming year. We also need to support our partners as they grapple with the local challenges that lie ahead, some of which are yet unpredictable. Finally we must recognize that it is our beneficiaries, the young people whose lives we aim to change for the better, who are most impacted by our success or failure and do everything in our power to ensure their success.

Financial Review

The Foundation continues to receive interest payments from the generous endowment fund donated by the State of Qatar for the provision of university scholarships.

Total expenditure of the Foundation on projects, generating funds and operational costs from 1 September 2021 until 31 August 2022 was USD1,058,135 while the majority of the Foundation's expenditure went towards the projects, totalling USD936,243. The Scholarship Programme remains the Foundation's core and largest project, with the majority of project expenditure allocated to it.

Investment Policy

The Galilee Foundation has an Investment Committee comprised of the Chairman, Executive Director and a Trustee with over three decades of financial experience. The Investment Committee advises the board on appropriate investments, monitor performance,

recommend the appointment of advisers, liaise with advisers, and report to the board. The Investment Committee mandate also manages the investment portfolio on a low risk, low volatility basis, with a view to generating income over the long term. Before each investment or de-investment decision is made, the investment committee consults with at least three outside financial advisors to ensure maximum diligence.

The objective of the Foundation's current investments portfolio is to ensure capital preservation and generate investment income by seeking to produce financial returns at acceptable low level of risk. The Endowment Fund is in a separate account and is invested in state bonds and some blue chip shares in the amount that does not exceed 15 percent of the total. The results over the past decade have been quite satisfactory. The interest on the investments of this fund is used primarily for the Foundation's Scholarship Programme.

Reserves Policy and Going Concern

The Galilee Foundation is currently dependent on a range of sources of income to sustain its activities. Previously, the Galilee Foundation would hold a biennial fundraising gala dinner. In 2020-21 and in 2021-22 this was impossible due to covid, lockdowns and the lack of appetite for attending such events even out of lockdown. As a result, Galilee has had to rely on income from its investments, annual donations from a few foundations and several individual donors. Some income was generated from the online shop and other virtual/online fundraising events as mentioned above.

The Foundation plans its fundraising in advance having a 24 month view of cash flow.

To avoid closure if funding difficulties were to happen to the Foundation, the Board of Trustees has agreed to keep a certain level of financial reserves to ensure that its main operations can continue for a period of 12 months. It has been calculated that reserves of USD141,711 would be needed to continue operating at a minimal level for at least 12 months.

The Foundation's consolidated balance sheet remains strong with net current assets of USD1,885,974. The trustees have reviewed the circumstances of the Galilee Foundation and consider that adequate resources continue to be available to fund its activities for the foreseeable future. The trustees are of the view that the Galilee Foundation is a going concern.

Audit information

The Trustees confirm that there is no relevant information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware. The Trustees have taken all reasonable steps to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information.

Remuneration policy for key management personnel

The Trustees consider the board of Trustees and the senior management team the key management personnel of the charity in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating the Charity on a day to day basis. All trustees give of their time freely and no trustee received remuneration in the year. Details of trustees' expenses and related party transactions are disclosed in Note 2 to the accounts. There are currently three part-time employees and their pay is determined by the Executive Director and Chairman.

Statement of responsibilities of the trustees

The trustees (who are also directors of The Galilee Foundation for the purposes of company law) are responsible for approving the trustees' annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- Observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards and statements of recommended practice have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- There is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware
- The trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

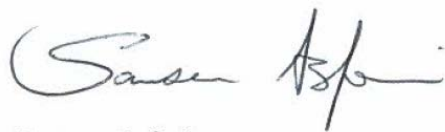
The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Members of the charity guarantee to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 to the assets of the charity in the event of winding up. The total number of such guarantees at 31 August 2022 was 7. The trustees are members of the charity but this entitles them only to voting rights. The trustees have no beneficial interest in the charity.

Auditor

Sayer Vincent LLP was re-appointed as the charitable company's auditor during the year and has expressed its willingness to continue in that capacity.

The trustees' annual report has been approved by the trustees on 8 March 2023 and signed on their behalf by

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Sawsan Asfari', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Sawsan Asfari
Executive Director & Trustee

Independent auditor's report

to the members of

The Galilee Foundation

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Galilee Foundation (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 August 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, balance sheet, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- Give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended
- Have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
- Have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- The trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- The trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Independent auditor's report

to the members of

The Galilee Foundation

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the trustees' annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- The information given in the trustees' annual report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements
- The trustees' annual report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' annual report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- Adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- Certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- The trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies'

Independent auditor's report

to the members of

The Galilee Foundation

exemptions in preparing the trustees' annual report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the statement of trustees' responsibilities set out in the trustees' annual report, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.

Independent auditor's report

to the members of

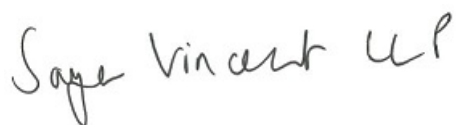
The Galilee Foundation

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Jonathan Orchard (Senior statutory auditor)

19 April 2023

for and on behalf of Sayer Vincent LLP, Statutory Auditor

Invicta House, 108-114 Golden Lane, LONDON, EC1Y 0TL

The Galilee Foundation

Statement of financial activities (incorporating an income and expenditure account)

For the year ended 31 August 2022

	Note	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2022 Total \$	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2021 Total \$
Income from:							
Donations and legacies	2a	11,896	255,446	267,342	125,493	66,795	192,288
Charitable activities							
Scholarship programme	2b	7,718	199,360	207,078	–	77,305	77,305
Other projects	2b	6,954	89,991	96,945	44,500	450,000	494,500
Other trading activities	2c	755	–	755	12,103	–	12,103
Other Income	2d	–	–	–	223,420	–	223,420
Investments		151,895	–	151,895	204,077	–	204,077
Total income		179,218	544,797	724,015	609,593	594,100	1,203,693
Expenditure on:							
Raising funds		16,304	–	16,304	16,759	–	16,759
Other trading activities		71	–	71	4,655	–	4,655
Charitable activities							
Scholarship programme		58,620	765,752	824,372	67,773	775,254	843,027
Other projects		46,897	170,491	217,388	54,218	450,000	504,218
Total expenditure	3a	121,892	936,243	1,058,135	143,405	1,225,254	1,368,659
Net income / (expenditure) before net gains / (losses) on investments		57,326	(391,446)	(334,120)	466,188	(631,154)	(164,966)
Net (losses) / gains on investments	9	(107,797)	–	(107,797)	167,799	–	167,799
Net (expenditure) / income before other recognised gains and losses		(50,471)	(391,446)	(441,917)	633,987	(631,154)	2,833
(Losses) / gains on foreign exchange		(140,971)	–	(140,971)	15,858	–	15,858
Transfers		(411,446)	411,446	–	(333,270)	333,270	–
Net movement in funds	14a	(602,888)	20,000	(582,888)	316,575	(297,884)	18,691
Reconciliation of funds:							
Total funds brought forward		5,014,559	8,478	5,023,037	4,697,984	306,362	5,004,346
Total funds carried forward		4,411,671	28,478	4,440,149	5,014,559	8,478	5,023,037

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities. There were no other recognised gains or losses other than those stated above. Movements in funds are disclosed in Note 14a to the financial statements.

The Galilee Foundation

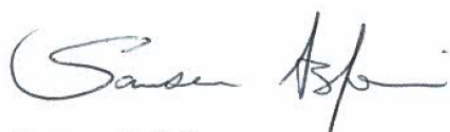
Balance sheet

Company no. 06037771

As at 31 August 2022

	Note	2022 \$	2021 \$
Fixed assets:			
Investments	9	2,552,235	2,999,366
Tangible Fixed Assets	10	1,940	3,267
		<u>2,554,175</u>	<u>3,002,633</u>
Current assets:			
Debtors	11	71,802	85,231
Cash at bank and in hand		1,875,457	2,094,874
		<u>1,947,259</u>	<u>2,180,105</u>
Liabilities:			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	61,285	159,701
		<u>1,885,974</u>	<u>2,020,404</u>
Net current assets			
		<u>4,440,149</u>	<u>5,023,037</u>
Total net assets			
		<u>4,440,149</u>	<u>5,023,037</u>
The funds of the charity:	13a		
Restricted funds		28,478	8,478
Unrestricted funds			
Designated funds		1,914,000	2,027,994
General funds		2,497,671	2,986,565
Total Unrestricted Funds		<u>4,411,671</u>	<u>5,014,559</u>
Total charity funds		<u>4,440,149</u>	<u>5,023,037</u>

Approved by the trustees on 8 March 2023 and signed on their behalf by



Sawsan Asfari
Executive Director & Trustee

The Galilee Foundation

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 August 2022

	Note	2022 \$	\$	2021 \$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net (expenditure) / income for the reporting period					
		(582,888)		18,691	
(as per the statement of financial activities)					
Depreciation	5	1,327		1,327	
Losses / (gains) from foreign exchange		140,971		(15,858)	
Losses / (gains) on investments	9	107,797		(167,799)	
Dividends and interest from investments		(151,895)		(204,077)	
Profit on the sale of fixed assets		–		(223,420)	
Decrease in stocks		–		2,079	
Decrease in debtors	11	13,429		21,486	
Decrease in creditors	12	(98,416)		(79,409)	
Net cash used in operating activities		(569,675)		(646,980)	
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Dividends, interest and rents from investments		151,895		204,077	
Purchase of investments		–		(1,829)	
Proceeds from sale of investments	9	339,334		547,265	
Net cash provided by investing activities		491,229		749,513	
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(78,446)		102,533	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,094,874		1,976,483	
Change in cash and cash equivalents due to exchange rate movements		(140,971)		15,858	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		1,875,457		2,094,874	

Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	At 31 August 2021 \$	Cash flows \$	Other changes \$	At 31 August 2022 \$
Cash in hand	2,094,874	(78,446)	(140,971)	1,875,457
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,094,874	(78,446)	(140,971)	1,875,457

1 Accounting policies

a) Statutory information

Galilee Foundation is a charitable company limited by guarantee and is incorporated in England and Wales.

The registered office address and principal place of business is Unit A, 1–3 Canfield Pl, South Hampstead, London NW6 3BT.

b) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) – (Charities SORP FRS 102), The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy or note.

In applying the financial reporting framework, the trustees have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The nature of the estimation means the actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. Any significant estimates and judgements affecting these financial statements are detailed within the relevant accounting policy below.

c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in US\$, which is the Company's functional currency.

d) Public benefit entity

The charitable company meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

e) Going concern

The trustees consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern. The trustees do not consider that there are any sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next reporting period.

f) Income

Voluntary income is received by way of donations and gifts and is included in full in the statement of financial activities when receivable.

Revenue grants are credited to the statement of financial activities when received or receivable whichever is earlier.

Where unconditional entitlement to grants receivable is dependent upon fulfilment of conditions within the charity's control, the incoming resources are recognised when there is sufficient evidence that conditions will be met. Where there is uncertainty as to whether the charity can meet such conditions the incoming resource is deferred.

g) Interest receivable

Interest on funds held on deposit is included when receivable and the amount can be measured reliably by the charity; this is normally upon notification of the interest paid or payable by the bank.

h) Fund accounting

Restricted funds are to be used for specific purposes as laid down by the donor. Expenditure which meets these criteria is charged to the fund.

Unrestricted funds are donations and other incoming resources received or generated for the charitable purposes.

i) Expenditure and irrecoverable VAT

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that settlement will be required and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified under the following activity headings:

- Costs of raising funds relate to the costs incurred by the charitable company in inducing third parties to make voluntary contributions to it, as well as the cost of any activities with a fundraising purpose
- Expenditure on charitable activities includes the costs of the scholarship programme and other educational activities undertaken to further the purposes of the charity and their associated support costs

Irrecoverable VAT is charged as a cost against the activity for which the expenditure was incurred.

1 Accounting policies (continued)

j) Grants payable

Grants payable are made to third parties in furtherance of the charity's objects. Single or multi-year grants are accounted for when either the recipient has a reasonable expectation that they will receive a grant and the trustees have agreed to pay the grant without condition, or the recipient has a reasonable expectation that they will receive a grant and that any condition attaching to the grant is outside of the control of the charity.

Provisions for grants are made when the intention to make a grant has been communicated to the recipient but there is uncertainty about either the timing of the grant or the amount of grant payable.

k) Allocation of support costs

Resources expended are allocated to the particular activity where the cost relates directly to that activity. However, the cost of overall direction and administration of each activity, comprising the salary and overhead costs of the central function, is apportioned on the following basis which are an estimate, based on staff time, of the amount attributable to each activity.

Where information about the aims, objectives and projects of the charity is provided to potential beneficiaries, the costs associated with this publicity are allocated to charitable expenditure.

Where such information about the aims, objectives and projects of the charity is also provided to potential donors, activity costs are apportioned between fundraising and charitable activities on the basis of area of literature occupied by each activity.

Support and governance costs are re-allocated to each of the activities on the following basis which is an estimate, based on staff time, of the amount attributable to each activity

▪ Raising Funds	10%
▪ Scholarship programme	50%
▪ Other projects	40%

Governance costs are the costs associated with the governance arrangements of the charity. These costs are associated with constitutional and statutory requirements and include any costs associated with the strategic management of the charity's activities.

l) Operating leases

Rental charges are charged on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

m) Tangible fixed assets

Items of equipment are capitalised where the purchase price exceeds £750. Depreciation is charged on a straight line basis at 25%

n) Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised at the settlement amount due after any trade discount offered. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid net of any trade discounts due.

o) Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

p) Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised where the charity has a present obligation resulting from a past event that will probably result in the transfer of funds to a third party and the amount due to settle the obligation can be measured or estimated reliably. Creditors and provisions are normally recognised at their settlement amount after allowing for any trade discounts due.

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 August 2022

1 Accounting policies (continued)

q) Investments

Investments are a form of basic financial instrument and are initially recognised at their transaction value and subsequently measured at their fair value as at the balance sheet date using the closing quoted market price. Any change in fair value will be recognised in the statement of financial activities and any excess of fair value over the historic cost of the investments will be shown as a fair value reserve in the balance sheet. Investment gains and losses, whether realised or unrealised, are combined and shown in the heading "Net gains/(losses) on investments" in the statement of financial activities. The charity does not acquire put options, derivatives or other complex financial instruments.

r) Financial instruments

With the exception of the listed investments described above, the charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

s) Foreign exchange

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into dollars at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into dollars at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the net incoming resources for the year.

2a Income from donations

	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2022 Total \$	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2021 Total \$
General Donations re: Scholarship Programme	-	175,180	175,180	-	66,795	66,795
Half Marathon – Scholarship Programme		7,802	7,802	-	-	-
General Donations	11,896	72,464	84,360	125,493	-	125,493
	11,896	255,446	267,342	125,493	66,795	192,288

2b Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2022 Total \$	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2021 Total \$
The Asfari Foundation	-	122,179	122,179		77,305	77,305
Arab Center for Research and Policy	14,672	167,172	181,844	44,500	450,000	494,500
	14,672	289,351	304,023	44,500	527,305	571,805

2c Income from trading

	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2022 Total \$	Unrestricted \$	Restricted \$	2021 Total \$
Sale of goods	755	-	755	12,103	-	12,103

2d Other income

	Unrestricted	Restricted	2022 Total	Unrestricted	Restricted	2021 Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Investment compensation	-	-	-	223,420	-	223,420

During 2021 the Foundation received compensation from an external investment manager to compensate it for losses on an investment fund.

The Galilee Foundation

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 August 2022

3a Total resources expended (current year)

	Raising funds \$	Charitable Activities Scholarship programme \$	Other projects \$	Governance Costs \$	Support Costs \$	2022 Total \$	2021 Total \$
Staff costs (Note 6)	–	–	–	–	69,854	69,854	85,117
Consultancy fees	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,040
Audit and accountancy	–	–	–	9,642	11,667	21,309	21,665
Administration expenses	–	–	–	–	21,246	21,246	21,033
Grants to institutions (Note 4)	–	765,752	170,491	–	–	936,243	1,225,254
Bank & foreign exchange charges	–	–	–	–	4,832	4,832	6,691
Purchase of goods for resale	71	–	–	–	–	71	4,655
Fundraising costs	4,580	–	–	–	–	4,580	3,204
	4,651	765,752	170,491	9,642	107,599	1,058,135	1,368,659
Support costs	10,760	53,799	43,040	–	(107,599)	–	–
Governance costs	964	4,821	3,857	(9,642)	–	–	–
Total expenditure 2022	16,375	824,372	217,388	–	–	1,058,135	1,368,659

The Galilee Foundation

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 August 2022

3b Total resources expended (prior year)

	Raising funds \$	Charitable Activities Scholarship programme \$	Other projects \$	Governance Costs \$	Support Costs \$	2021 Total \$
Staff costs (Note 6)	–	–	–	–	85,117	85,117
Consultancy fees	–	–	–	–	1,040	1,040
Audit and accountancy	–	–	–	11,350	10,315	21,665
Administration expenses	–	–	–	–	21,033	21,033
Grants to institutions (Note 6)	–	775,254	450,000	–	–	1,225,254
Bank & foreign exchange charges	–	–	–	–	6,691	6,691
Purchase of goods for resale	4,655	–	–	–	–	4,655
Fundraising costs	3,204	–	–	–	–	3,204
	7,859	775,254	450,000	11,350	124,196	1,368,659
Support costs	12,420	62,098	49,678	–	(124,196)	–
Governance costs	1,135	5,675	4,540	(11,350)	–	–
Total expenditure 2021	21,414	843,027	504,218	–	–	1,368,659

4 Grant making

	2022 Grants to institutions \$	2021 Grants to institutions \$
Cost		
Mada Al-Carmel: Arab Centre for Applied Social Research – to support research project	–	250,000
Mada Al-Carmel: Arab Centre for Applied Social Research – to support PHD students	75,500	–
Hewar Daycare project	–	200,000
The Arab Culture Association: to support the Scholarship Programme	765,752	775,254
Al-Quds University Scholarship Programme	25,000	–
Baladna Assoc.: Core funds	69,991	–
Total grants for the year	936,243	1,225,254

5 Net expenditure for the year

This is stated after charging:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Depreciation	1,327	1,327
Operating lease rentals:		
▪ Property	6,283	6,603
Auditor's remuneration (excluding VAT):		
▪ Audit	9,642	9,457

6 Staff costs and numbers

Staff costs were as follows:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Salaries and wages	66,327	78,480
Staff pension costs	4,298	4,170
Social security costs	(771)	2,467
	69,854	85,117
Total emoluments paid to staff were:	66,327	78,480

No employee earned more than \$69,703 during the year (USD equivalent of GBP 60,000) (2021: \$nil).

The total employee benefits including pension contributions of the key management personnel were \$28,153 (2021: \$38,671).

The average weekly number of employees (head count based on number of staff employed) during the period was 3 (2021: 3).

The charity trustees were not paid or received any other benefits from employment with the charity in the year (2021: \$nil). No charity trustee received payment for professional or other services supplied to the charity (2021: \$nil).

There were no trustees' expenses relating to attendance at meetings of the trustees.

7 Related party transactions

During the year donations totalling \$122,179 (2021: \$77,305) were received from The Asfari Foundation. The Asfari Foundation is a related party as Mrs Sawsan Asfari, a trustee of Galilee Foundation, has majority control over the Asfari Foundation with her immediate family members. Grants from the Asfari Foundation funded grants to the Arab Cultural Center (Scholarship Fund) and a grant to cover costs related to the expansion of the Scholarship Programme to Al-Quds, as well as to fund the Galilee Foundation's organisational development and capacity building in accordance with the conditions of the donations.

In 2022 the charity paid \$6,283 (2021: \$6,603) to the Asfari Foundation in respect of the rental of office space.

\$nil (2021: \$14,487) was received from The Galilee Foundation USA Limited, an American non-profit charitable, cultural, and educational organization incorporated in the District of Columbia. One of its trustees is also a trustee of the Galilee Foundation.

\$72,464 (2021: nil) was received from Goldman Sachs Gives on a recommendation from the Fadi Abuali Annual Giving Fund. Mr Abuali is the husband of Leila Garadaghi, a trustee of the Galilee Foundation

Other aggregate donations from related parties were \$9,276 (2021: \$9,114).

8 Taxation

The charitable company is exempt from corporation tax as all its income is charitable and is applied for charitable purposes.

9 Investments

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Fair value at the start of the period	2,999,366	3,153,583
Additions	–	1,829
Disposal proceeds	(339,334)	(323,845)
Net change in fair value	(107,797)	167,799
Fair value at the end of the period	<u>2,552,235</u>	<u>2,999,366</u>

The investments comprise an Ooredoo Intl Finance Ltd bond, a Qatar National Bank bond, and publicly listed shares in Royal Dutch Shell plc, Gilead Sciences Inc, Glaxosmithcline plc, Johnson & Jonson Inc, Pzizer Inc, Viatris Inc., and Haleon plc

10 Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures and fittings	
	2022	2021
Cost	\$	\$
At the start of the year	5,308	5,308
Additions in year	–	–
Disposals in year	–	–
At the end of the year	5,308	5,308
Depreciation		
At the start of the year	2,041	714
Charge for the year	1,327	1,327
Eliminated on disposal	–	–
At the end of the year	3,368	2,041
Net book value		
At the start of the year	3,267	4,594
At the end of the year	1,940	3,267

All of the above assets are used for charitable purposes.

11 Debtors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Trade debtors	1,049	3,487
Prepayments	3,381	1,872
Accrued income	67,372	79,872
	71,802	85,231

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Trade creditors	1,564	651
Grants payable	50,079	147,700
Accruals	9,642	11,350
	61,285	159,701

13a Analysis of net assets between funds (current year)

	General unrestricted \$	Designated \$	Restricted \$	Total funds \$
Investments	2,552,235	–	–	2,552,235
Fixed assets	1,940	–	–	1,940
Net current assets	(56,504)	1,914,000	28,478	1,885,974
Net assets at 31 August 2022	2,497,671	1,914,000	28,478	4,440,149

Of the General Unrestricted Funds £1,914,000 are designated meaning that the charity has committed these funds to future projects.

13b Analysis of net assets between funds (prior year)

	General unrestricted \$	Designated \$	Restricted \$	Total funds \$
Investments	2,999,366	–	–	2,999,366
Fixed assets	3,267	–	–	3,267
Net current assets	(16,068)	2,027,994	8,478	2,020,404
Net assets at 31 August 2021	2,986,565	2,027,994	8,478	5,023,037

14a Movements in funds (current year)

	At 1 September 2021 \$	Income & gains \$	Expenditure & losses \$	Transfers \$	At 31 August 2022 \$
Restricted funds:					
Mada Al-Carmel – PHD program	–	–	(75,500)	75,500	–
Mada Al-Carmel – Cores Funds	7,000	–	–	–	7,000
Galilee Foundation – UK Funds	–	72,464	(72,464)	–	–
Scholarship Program – (Arab Cultural Association, Ferial & Mohamed Abuali Scholarship)	–	382,342	(765,752)	383,410	–
Al-Quds	–	–	(25,000)	25,000	–
Baladna – Association for Arab Youth	1,478	89,991	(69,991)	–	21,478
Total restricted funds	8,478	544,797	(936,243)	411,446	28,478
Unrestricted funds:					
Designated fund	2,027,994	–	–	(113,994)	1,914,000
General funds	2,986,565	179,218	(370,660)	(297,452)	2,497,671
	5,023,037	724,015	(1,306,903)	–	4,440,149

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 August 2022

Purposes of grants made – restricted funds

Mada Al-Carmel: Arab Centre for Applied Social Research – to support Core funding & PHD Program
 The Arab Culture Association – to support the Scholarship Programme.
 Al-Quds – to support the Scholarship Programme
 Baladna – to support studies preparation of students
 Galilee Foundation UK – Support costs of the charity within the UK

Designated funds represent the value of future commitments to scholarship students which do not meet the accounting criteria for inclusion as a liability, but which the charity is likely to need to pay out to existing students.

14b Movements in funds (prior year)

	At 1 September 2020 \$	Income & gains \$	Expenditure & losses \$	Transfers \$	At 30 August 2021 \$
Restricted funds:					
Mada Al-Carmel – Core Funds	7,000	250,000	(250,000)	–	7,000
Hewar Daycare Centre	–	200,000	(200,000)	–	–
Scholarship Program – (Arab Cultural Association, Qatar Foundation for Education, Ferial & Mohamed Abuali Scholarship)	297,884	144,100	(775,254)	333,270	–
Baladna – Association for Arab Youth	1,478	–	–	–	1,478
Total restricted funds	306,362	594,100	(1,225,254)	333,270	8,478
Unrestricted funds:					
Designated funds:	–	–	–	2,027,994	2,027,994
General funds	4,796,104	793,772	(143,927)	(2,361,624)	2,986,565
	5,102,466	1,387,872	(1,369,181)	(2,027,994)	5,023,037

15 Operating lease commitments

The charity's total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases is as follows for each of the following periods:

	Property 2022 \$	2021 \$
Less than one year	464	550
One to five years	–	–
	464	550

16 Legal status of the charity

The charity is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The liability of each member in the event of winding up is limited to £1.