

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE LIMITED

England & Wales · Charity number 1116596

Details

Status Registered

Legal form Charitable company

Company number [05947204](#)

Registered 2006-11-01

Register [View on the Charity Commission register](#)

Contact

Address 23 Portland Avenue
London
N16 6HD

Phone 07970071548

Email rabbischwartz@gmail.com

Activities

Objects: (I) TO ADVANCE THE JEWISH FAITH FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PUBLIC (II) AND IN PARTICULAR (BUT WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THE GENERALITY OF THE FOREGOING OBJECT) TO CARRY ON MANAGE AND MAINTAIN THE SYNAGOGUE KNOWN AS CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE WHICH SYNAGOGUE HAD FOR MANY YEARS PREVIOUSLY BEEN CARRIED ON AT 37 CRAVEN WALK LONDON N16 AND IS PRESENTLY SITUATED AT 23 PORTLAND AVENUE LONDON N16, AND (III) TO PROVIDE FACILITIES AT THE SAID SYNAGOGUE FOR PUBLIC WORSHIP AND PRAYER AND ALL USUAL SERVICES AND FACILITIES REQUIRED BY A CONGREGATION FOR THE PRACTICE OF THE ORTHODOX JEWISH RELIGION.

Activities: To advance the Jewish Faith for the benefit of the public; to maintain the synagogue known as Congregation Sharei Shalom Tchabe; and to provide facilities at the synagogue for public worship and prayer.

Classification

- **How:** Makes Grants To Individuals, Makes Grants To Organisations
- **What:** Education/training, Religious Activities
- **Who:** People Of A Particular Ethnic Or Racial Origin

Geography

- **Area of benefit:** HACKNEY, GREATER LONDON
- Israel
- Hackney

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2025-03-29	£1,274,328	£1,280,914	£-7,348	0
2024-03-29	£1,347,704	£1,476,396	£-762	0
2023-03-29	£2,815,794	£2,705,441	£127,930	0
2022-03-29	£2,177,906	£2,247,036	£17,577	0
2021-03-29	£1,718,664	£1,935,909	£86,707	0

Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
Avrohom Josefovitz		2022-06-27
Nicha Schwartz		2024-04-01
RABBI ELI SCHWARTZ		

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1116596

Accounts

REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05947204 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1116596

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025
FOR
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Xeinadin Audit Limited, Statutory Auditor
8th Floor, Becket House
36 Old Jewry
London
EC2R 8DD

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

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for the year ended 31 March 2025

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CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2025

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2025. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives and aims

The objectives of the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited are to advance the Jewish Faith for the benefit of the public, to manage and maintain the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue and to provide religious facilities at the said synagogue.

In furtherance of these objectives the charity:

- Manages and maintains the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue

- Provides grants to qualifying institutions who are involved in the furtherance of the Jewish Faith and in advancing Jewish education;

- Provides grants and bursaries to qualifying needy families and individuals who are members of the Jewish Faith.

Public benefit

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and 'The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit' in particular, when reviewing the aims and objectives and in planning the charity's future activities. The aims of the charitable company for the public benefit are detailed in the 'Objectives and Activities' section of this report and the main activities undertaken in order to carry out the charitable company's aims for the public benefit are outlined under 'Achievements and Performance' below.

Grantmaking

The trustees support charities whose Objects are in line with the Objects of this charity. The charity accepts any grant application subject to the trustees' review. Financial help is then given according to circumstances and funds then available.

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)**

**REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE

Charitable activities

The year under review saw continued inflation which resulted in a significant cost of living crisis for families and individuals. Charitable institutions also struggled with increased running costs as a result of higher energy, staff, food and transport costs which present a challenge to their ability to continue to support their activities.

Whilst the charitable income for year to 31 March 2025 saw a decrease, the charity was still able to support a number of institutions whose objectives include the relief of poverty and the advancement of Jewish religion. The charity also continued to support needy individuals.

The trustees assess each of the applications made to them and consider their response based on the individual circumstances, the funds available, and the impact the grant will make in achieving the charity's goals. Where grants are made to charities and other organisations, consideration is given to the operational efficiency and reputation of the recipient charity and the ability of the donation to 'make a difference'.

Along with maintaining the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Synagogue, the charity also facilitated on site study sessions, both as formal lectures and informal peer group studying.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Investment policy and objectives

Under its Memorandum of Association the charity has the power to invest in any way the trustees wish.

Reserves policy

The trustees have not established the level of reserves (that is those funds that are freely available) that the charity ought to have. Reserves are needed to bridge the funding gaps between spending on activities and receiving resources through voluntary donations and grants. The trustees consider that the ideal level of reserves as at 31 March 2025 would be three months of administrative costs.

The actual reserves at 31 March 2025 were negative £7,348 which is below the target figure. The trustees are considering ways in which further unrestricted funds may be raised.

Financial results

The financial results for the year to 31 March 2025 are shown in the attached financial statements.

Total income decreased from £1,347,704 to £1,274,328 and total expenditure decreased from £1,476,396 to £1,280,914 in comparison with the previous period.

There was a net decrease in funds of £6,586 (2024 - £128,692) with total unrestricted funds carried forward of negative £7,348 (2024 - £762).

FUTURE PLANS

The charity is planning to generate more income for the much needed grants that it makes.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and was incorporated on 26 September 2006. In the event of the company being wound up during the period of membership or within the year following, the company members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1. The company is registered under the Companies Act, England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05947204) and with the Charity Commission (Charity Registration Number 1116596) and is governed by its memorandum and articles of association.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2025

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

The Articles of Association stipulate that there must be a minimum of three trustees and there is no maximum number of trustees. All trustees must be members of the charitable company. Additional trustees may be appointed by the existing trustees at any time, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing trustees. Any trustees so appointed will hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and will then be eligible for re-election. No trustee had any beneficial interest in any contract with the charitable company during the year.

The charitable company strives to ensure equal opportunities and diversity in both the employment of staff and trustee appointments. Selection criteria and procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities.

Potential trustees are invited to informally attend trustee meetings prior to appointment and a comprehensive induction programme is available. Additionally individual trustees may undertake external training in a particular area of their role on the Governing Body.

Organisational structure

The board of trustees administers the charity and meets at least four times in a year.

Risk management

The trustees have undertaken a full risk assessment of the organisation covering financial, operational, regulatory, governance and management. Various systems and checks have been put into operation, which are reviewed annually.

Fundraising

The charity has a good reputation within the local community and has a large pool of regular donors who wish to have a part in the charitable activities of the charity. Existing donors often recommend and encourage other philanthropists to pledge their support to the success of the charity. As such, the trustees do not engage professional fundraisers nor do they undertake public collections or cold calls.

The charity is committed to the principals set out by the Fundraising Regulator in its Code of Fundraising Practice. When donors are approached, this is done with sensitivity and respect and with regard to their circumstances.

The trustees are pleased to report that no complaints were received in the past twelve months in relation to its fundraising activities.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Company number

05947204 (England and Wales)

Registered Charity number

1116596

Registered office

19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

Trustees

Mr A Reifer (resigned 1.4.24)
Rabbi E Schwartz
Mr A Josefovitz
Ms N Schwartz (appointed 1.4.24)

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2025

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Company Secretary

Mr G R Conrad

Senior Statutory Auditor

Mr Yedidya Zaiden FCCA

Auditors

Xeinadin Audit Limited, Statutory Auditor

8th Floor, Becket House

36 Old Jewry

London

EC2R 8DD

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Xeinadin Audit Limited, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on and signed on its behalf by:

.....
Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Trustees.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the group through discussions with trustees and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the charity sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the accounts or the activities of the group. These included but were not limited to the Charities Act 2011; Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019); Companies Act 2006, Employment Law; Data Protection Legislation; The Code of Fundraising Practice; and Safeguarding Regulations as they affect the direct charitable activities of the group;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence where necessary.

We assessed the susceptibility of the group's financial statements to material misstatement, including an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected transactions;
- tested the appropriateness of journal entries;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

Under ISA 240 (UK) there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue. To address this risk, we obtained an understanding of the company's revenue recognition policies and compared these to the accounting standard, performed a walkthrough to confirm our understanding of the processes and controls through which the business initiates, records, processes and reports revenue transactions. We tested a sample of revenue transactions to supporting evidence and tested, on a sample basis, revenue related balances in the balance sheet.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Yedidya Zaiden FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Xeinadin Audit Limited, Statutory Auditor
8th Floor, Becket House
36 Old Jewry
London
EC2R 8DD

Date:

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
for the year ended 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 Unrestricted fund £	2024 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM			
Donations and legacies	2	1,274,328	1,347,704
EXPENDITURE ON			
Charitable activities	3		
Grants to institutions		1,217,276	1,318,200
Grants to individuals		35,650	106,090
Grants to Rabbinical students		-	30,000
Costs of running synagogue		13,081	9,600
Support costs		14,907	12,506
Total		1,280,914	1,476,396
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(6,586)	(128,692)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		(762)	127,930
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		<u>(7,348)</u>	<u>(762)</u>
CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
All income and expenditure has arisen from continuing activities.			

The notes form part of these financial statements

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)**

**BALANCE SHEET
31 March 2025**

	Notes	2025 Unrestricted fund £	2024 Total funds £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank		4,052	10,638
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	8	(11,400)	(11,400)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		<u>(7,348)</u>	<u>(762)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(7,348)	(762)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		<u>(7,348)</u>	<u>(762)</u>
FUNDS	9		
Unrestricted funds		<u>(7,348)</u>	<u>(762)</u>
TOTAL FUNDS		<u>(7,348)</u>	<u>(762)</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on and were signed on its behalf by:

.....
Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

	Notes	2025 £	2024 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	(6,525)	(127,864)
Interest paid		(61)	(228)
Net cash used in operating activities		<u>(6,586)</u>	<u>(128,092)</u>
 Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		 <u>(6,586)</u>	 <u>(128,092)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		<u>10,638</u>	<u>138,730</u>
 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		 <u><u>4,052</u></u>	 <u><u>10,638</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET EXPENDITURE TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2025 £	2024 £
Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(6,586)	(128,692)
Adjustments for:		
Interest paid	61	228
Increase in creditors	-	600
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net cash used in operations	<u><u>(6,525)</u></u>	<u><u>(127,864)</u></u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.24 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.25 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	10,638	(6,586)	4,052
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	10,638	(6,586)	4,052
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total	<u><u>10,638</u></u>	<u><u>(6,586)</u></u>	<u><u>4,052</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 March 2025

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The charitable company constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Assessment of going concern

The trustees, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that adequate resources exists for the charity to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, therefore, it is appropriate to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2025. The trustees have made this assessment in respect to a period of one year from the date of approval of these accounts.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion that the charity will have sufficient resources to meet the liabilities as they fall due.

Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

Where income has related expenditure (as with fundraising or contract income), the income and related expenditure are reported gross in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Donations, grants and gifts are recognised when receivable. In the event that a donation is subject to fulfilling performance conditions before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period. Income from Gift Aid tax reclaims is recognised for any donations with relevant Gift Aid certificates recognised in income for the year. Any amounts of Gift Aid not received by the year-end are accounted for in income and accrued income in debtors.

For legacies, entitlement is taken on a case by case basis as the earlier of the date on which: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor(s) to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate.

Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. If the legacy is in the form of an asset other than cash or an asset listed on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the asset being able to be reliably measured and title to the asset has passed to the charity. Where legacies have been notified to the or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, and the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material.

Income received in advance for a future fundraising event or for a grant received relating to the following year are deferred until the criteria for income recognition are met.

Donated goods and services

Donated services or facilities are recognised when the charity has control over the item, any conditions associated with the donated item have been met, the receipt of economic benefit from the use of the item is probable and that economic benefit can be measured reliably.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Income

Donated professional services and facilities are included in income at the estimated value of the gift to the charity when received, based on the amount that the charity would have been prepared to pay for these services or facilities had it been required to purchase them, with a corresponding entry in the appropriate expenditure heading for the same amount. Donated fixed assets are similarly taken to income at the value to the charity with the other entry being capitalised in fixed assets.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Charitable activities

Charitable activities comprise those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

Governance costs comprise those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and strategic requirements of the charity and the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.

Allocation and apportionment of costs

Overhead and support costs relating to charitable activities have been apportioned based on usage.

Taxation

The company is considered to pass the tests set out in Sch. 6, para. 1 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the company is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Pt. 11, Ch. 3 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or s. 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Debtors more than one year are included in the accounts at their carrying value.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Debtors

Creditors and provisions

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of settlement can be estimated reliably.

Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value except for bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2025 £	2024 £
Donations and grants	<u>1,274,328</u>	<u>1,347,704</u>

3. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

	Direct Costs £	Grant funding of activities (see note 4) £	Support costs (see note 5) £	Totals £
Grants to institutions	-	1,217,276	-	1,217,276
Grants to individuals	-	35,650	-	35,650
Costs of running synagogue	13,081	-	-	13,081
Support costs	-	-	14,907	14,907
	<u>13,081</u>	<u>1,252,926</u>	<u>14,907</u>	<u>1,280,914</u>

4. GRANTS PAYABLE

	2025 £	2024 £
Grants to institutions	1,217,276	1,318,200
Grants to individuals	35,650	106,090
	<u>1,252,926</u>	<u>1,424,290</u>

The total grants paid to institutions during the year was as follows:

	2025 £	2024 £
Cong. Mosdos Toldos Aharon	-	360,000
Congregation Chernobil	82,280	298,200
Kollel Gaved	-	360,000
L'Dovid Emes	150,000	-
Mishkan Soroh Ramat Beit Shemesh	299,996	300,000
Mosdos Viznitz B'erez Hakodesh	125,000	-
Ohr Hameir L'torah V'chesed	360,000	-
Talmud Torah Remat Shlomo	200,000	-
	<u>1,217,276</u>	<u>1,318,200</u>

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

4. GRANTS PAYABLE - continued

The total grants paid to individuals during the year was as follows:

	2025	2024
	£	£
Grants to individuals	35,650	106,090
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Donations were paid to institutions whose objectives include the advancement of Jewish religion.

5. SUPPORT COSTS

	Management	Finance	Governance costs	Totals
	£	£	£	£
Support costs	3,446	61	11,400	14,907
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

6. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	2025	2024
	£	£
Fees payable to the charity's auditors for the audit of the charity's financial statements	11,400	11,400
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2025 nor for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2025 nor for the year ended 31 March 2024.

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2025	2024
	£	£
Other creditors	11,400	11,400
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.4.24	Net movement in funds	At 31.3.25
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	(762)	(6,586)	(7,348)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL FUNDS	(762)	(6,586)	(7,348)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

9. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	1,274,328	(1,280,914)	(6,586)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>1,274,328</u>	<u>(1,280,914)</u>	<u>(6,586)</u>

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.4.23 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.24 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	127,930	(128,692)	(762)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>127,930</u>	<u>(128,692)</u>	<u>(762)</u>

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	1,347,704	(1,476,396)	(128,692)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>1,347,704</u>	<u>(1,476,396)</u>	<u>(128,692)</u>

10. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

There was no related party transactions or balances during the year to 31 March 2025.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1116596

Accounts

REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05947204 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1116596

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024
FOR
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

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for the year ended 31 March 2024

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CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2024

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2024. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives and aims

The objectives of the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited are to advance the Jewish Faith for the benefit of the public, to manage and maintain the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue and to provide religious facilities at the said synagogue.

In furtherance of these objectives the charity:

- Manages and maintains the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue

- Provides grants to qualifying institutions who are involved in the furtherance of the Jewish Faith and in advancing Jewish education;

- Provides grants and bursaries to qualifying needy families and individuals who are members of the Jewish Faith.

Public benefit

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and 'The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit' in particular, when reviewing the aims and objectives and in planning the charity's future activities. The aims of the charitable company for the public benefit are detailed in the 'Objectives and Activities' section of this report and the main activities undertaken in order to carry out the charitable company's aims for the public benefit are outlined under 'Achievements and Performance' below.

Grantmaking

The trustees support charities whose Objects are in line with the Objects of this charity. The charity accepts any grant application subject to the trustees' review. Financial help is then given according to circumstances and funds then available.

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)**

**REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Charitable activities

The year under review saw continued inflation which resulted in a significant cost of living crisis for families and individuals. Charitable institutions also struggled with increased running costs as a result of higher energy, staff, food and transport costs which present a challenge to their ability to continue to support their activities.

Whilst the charitable income for year to 31 March 2024 saw a significant decrease, the charity was still able to support a number of institutions whose objectives include the relief of poverty and the advancement of Jewish religion. The charity also continued to support needy individuals.

The trustees assess each of the applications made to them and consider their response based on the individual circumstances, the funds available, and the impact the grant will make in achieving the charity's goals. Where grants are made to charities and other organisations, consideration is given to the operational efficiency and reputation of the recipient charity and the ability of the donation to 'make a difference'.

Along with maintaining the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Synagogue, the charity also facilitated on site study sessions, both as formal lectures and informal peer group studying. Direct costs represent bursaries paid to full time students in furtherance of this objective.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Investment policy and objectives

Under its Memorandum of Association the charity has the power to invest in any way the trustees wish.

Reserves policy

The trustees have not established the level of reserves (that is those funds that are freely available) that the charity ought to have. Reserves are needed to bridge the funding gaps between spending on activities and receiving resources through voluntary donations and grants. The trustees consider that the ideal level of reserves as at 31 March 2024 would be three months of administrative costs.

The actual reserves at 31 March 2024 were negative £762 which is below the target figure. The trustees are considering ways in which further unrestricted funds may be raised.

Financial results

The financial results for the year to 31 March 2024 are shown in the attached financial statements.

Total income decreased from £2,815,794 to £1,347,704 and total expenditure decreased from £2,705,441 to £1,476,396 in comparison with the previous period.

There was a net decrease in funds of £128,692 (2023 - increase of £110,353) with total unrestricted funds carried forward of negative £762 (2023 - £127,930).

FUTURE PLANS

The charity is planning to generate more income for the much needed grants that it makes.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and was incorporated on 26 September 2006. In the event of the company being wound up during the period of membership or within the year following, the company members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1. The company is registered under the Companies Act, England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05947204) and with the Charity Commission (Charity Registration Number 1116596) and is governed by its memorandum and articles of association.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2024

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

The Articles of Association stipulate that there must be a minimum of three trustees and there is no maximum number of trustees. All trustees must be members of the charitable company. Additional trustees may be appointed by the existing trustees at any time, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing trustees. Any trustees so appointed will hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and will then be eligible for re-election. No trustee had any beneficial interest in any contract with the charitable company during the year.

The charitable company strives to ensure equal opportunities and diversity in both the employment of staff and trustee appointments. Selection criteria and procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities.

Potential trustees are invited to informally attend trustee meetings prior to appointment and a comprehensive induction programme is available. Additionally individual trustees may undertake external training in a particular area of their role on the Governing Body.

Organisational structure

The board of trustees administers the charity and meets at least four times in a year.

Risk management

The trustees have undertaken a full risk assessment of the organisation covering financial, operational, regulatory, governance and management. Various systems and checks have been put into operation, which are reviewed annually.

Fundraising

The charity has a good reputation within the local community and has a large pool of regular donors who wish to have a part in the charitable activities of the charity. Existing donors often recommend and encourage other philanthropists to pledge their support to the success of the charity. As such, the trustees do not engage professional fundraisers nor do they undertake public collections or cold calls.

The charity is committed to the principals set out by the Fundraising Regulator in its Code of Fundraising Practice. When donors are approached, this is done with sensitivity and respect and with regard to their circumstances.

The trustees are pleased to report that no complaints were received in the past twelve months in relation to its fundraising activities.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Company number

05947204 (England and Wales)

Registered Charity number

1116596

Registered office

19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

Trustees

Mr A Reifer Chartered Accountant (resigned 1.4.24)
Rabbi E Schwartz Rabbi
Mr A Josefovitz Company Director
Ms N Schwartz (appointed 1.4.24)

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2024

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Company Secretary

Mr G R Conrad

Senior Statutory Auditor

Mr Yedidya Zaiden FCCA

Auditors

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Certified Accountants

19-20 Bourne Court

Southend Road

Woodford Green

Essex

IG8 8HD

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 22 July 2024 and signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Trustees.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the group through discussions with trustees and other management, and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the charity sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the accounts or the activities of the group. These included but were not limited to the Charities Act 2011; Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019); Companies Act 2006, Employment Law; Data Protection Legislation; The Code of Fundraising Practice; and Safeguarding Regulations as they affect the direct charitable activities of the group;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence where necessary.

We assessed the susceptibility of the group's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected transactions;
- tested the appropriateness of journal entries;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

Under ISA 240 (UK) there is a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to the improper recognition of revenue. To address this risk, we obtained an understanding of the company's revenue recognition policies and compared these to the accounting standard, performed a walkthrough to confirm our understanding of the processes and controls through which the business initiates, records, processes and reports revenue transactions. We tested a sample of revenue transactions to supporting evidence and tested, on a sample basis, revenue related balances in the balance sheet.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Yedidya Zaiden FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

22 July 2024

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

	Notes	2024 Unrestricted fund £	2023 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM			
Donations and legacies	2	1,347,704	2,815,794
EXPENDITURE ON			
Raising funds	3	-	987
Charitable activities	4		
Grants to institutions		1,318,200	2,395,065
Grants to individuals		106,090	282,736
Grants to Rabbinical students		30,000	-
Costs of running synagogue		9,600	11,200
Support costs		12,506	15,453
Total		1,476,396	2,705,441
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(128,692)	110,353
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		127,930	17,577
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		(762)	127,930
CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
All income and expenditure has arisen from continuing activities.			

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

BALANCE SHEET
31 March 2024

		2024 Unrestricted fund £	2023 Total funds £
CURRENT ASSETS	Notes		
Cash at bank		10,638	138,730
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(11,400)	(10,800)
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		<u>(762)</u>	<u>127,930</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(762)	127,930
NET ASSETS		<u>(762)</u>	<u>127,930</u>
FUNDS	10		
Unrestricted funds		(762)	127,930
TOTAL FUNDS		<u>(762)</u>	<u>127,930</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 22 July 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	(127,864)	115,494
Interest paid		(228)	(341)
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities		<u>(128,092)</u>	<u>115,153</u>
 Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		 <u>(128,092)</u>	 <u>115,153</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		<u>138,730</u>	<u>23,577</u>
 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		 <u><u>10,638</u></u>	 <u><u>138,730</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET (EXPENDITURE)/INCOME TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2024 £	2023 £
Net (expenditure)/income for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(128,692)	110,353
Adjustments for:		
Interest paid	228	341
Increase in creditors	600	4,800
Net cash (used in)/provided by operations	<u>(127,864)</u>	<u>115,494</u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.23 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.24 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	138,730	(128,092)	10,638
	<u>138,730</u>	<u>(128,092)</u>	<u>10,638</u>
Total	<u>138,730</u>	<u>(128,092)</u>	<u>10,638</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The charitable company constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Assessment of going concern

The trustees, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that adequate resources exist for the charity to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, therefore, it is appropriate to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2024. The trustees have made this assessment in respect to a period of one year from the date of approval of these accounts.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion that the charity will have sufficient resources to meet the liabilities as they fall due.

Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

Where income has related expenditure (as with fundraising or contract income), the income and related expenditure are reported gross in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Donations, grants and gifts are recognised when receivable. In the event that a donation is subject to fulfilling performance conditions before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period. Income from Gift Aid tax reclaims is recognised for any donations with relevant Gift Aid certificates recognised in income for the year. Any amounts of Gift Aid not received by the year-end are accounted for in income and accrued income in debtors.

For legacies, entitlement is taken on a case by case basis as the earlier of the date on which: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor(s) to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate.

Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. If the legacy is in the form of an asset other than cash or an asset listed on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the asset being able to be reliably measured and title to the asset has passed to the charity. Where legacies have been notified to the charity or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, and the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material.

Income received in advance for a future fundraising event or for a grant received relating to the following year are deferred until the criteria for income recognition are met.

Donated goods and services

Donated services or facilities are recognised when the charity has control over the item, any conditions associated with the donated item have been met, the receipt of economic benefit from the use of the item is probable and that economic benefit can be measured reliably.

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Income

Donated professional services and facilities are included in income at the estimated value of the gift to the charity when received, based on the amount that the charity would have been prepared to pay for these services or facilities had it been required to purchase them, with a corresponding entry in the appropriate expenditure heading for the same amount. Donated fixed assets are similarly taken to income at the value to the charity with the other entry being capitalised in fixed assets.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Raising funds

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Charitable activities

Charitable activities comprise those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

Governance costs comprise those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and strategic requirements of the charity and the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.

Allocation and apportionment of costs

Overhead and support costs relating to charitable activities have been apportioned based on usage.

Taxation

The company is considered to pass the tests set out in Sch. 6, para. 1 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the company is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Pt. 11, Ch. 3 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or s. 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Debtors more than one year are included in the accounts at their carrying value.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of settlement can be estimated reliably.

Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value except for bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2024	2023
	£	£
Donations and grants	1,347,704	2,815,794

3. RAISING FUNDS

Raising donations and legacies

	2024	2023
	£	£
Fundraising and events	-	987

4. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

	Direct Costs £	Grant funding of activities (see note 5) £	Support costs (see note 6) £	Totals £
Grants to institutions	-	1,318,200	-	1,318,200
Grants to individuals	-	106,090	-	106,090
Grants to Rabbinical students	30,000	-	-	30,000
Costs of running synagogue	9,600	-	-	9,600
Support costs	-	-	12,506	12,506
	39,600	1,424,290	12,506	1,476,396

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024

5. GRANTS PAYABLE

	2024	2023
	£	£
Grants to institutions	1,318,200	2,395,065
Grants to individuals	106,090	282,736
	<u>1,424,290</u>	<u>2,677,801</u>

The total grants paid to institutions during the year was as follows:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Chinuch Yerushlaim	-	203,920
Cong. Mosdos Toldos Aharon	360,000	202,620
Congregation Chernobil	298,200	299,570
Kollel Gaved	360,000	-
Merkaz Chasidei Viznitz	-	210,000
Mifal Chesed Ha'merkozi Yad Tomech	-	100,000
Mishkan Soroh Ramat Beit Shemesh	300,000	-
Ohel Chaya Rose	-	186,915
Ohr Hameir L'torah V'chesed	-	203,000
Talmud Torah Tuv Yerushalayim	-	250,000
Torah Temima Beit Shemesh	-	172,340
Yeshivas Shaar Hashomayim	-	250,000

Other grants below £100,000	-	316,700
	<u>1,318,200</u>	<u>2,395,065</u>

The total grants paid to individuals during the year was as follows:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Grants to individuals	<u>106,090</u>	<u>282,736</u>

Donations were paid to institutions whose objectives include the advancement of Jewish religion. Grants to individuals did not exceed £3,000 per person.

6. SUPPORT COSTS

	Management	Finance	Governance costs	Totals
	£	£	£	£
Support costs	<u>878</u>	<u>228</u>	<u>11,400</u>	<u>12,506</u>

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

7. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	2024 £	2023 £
Fees payable to the charity's auditors for the audit of the charity's financial statements	11,400	10,800

During the year to 31 March 2024 there were fees of £878 paid to Raffingers LLP for non audit services.

8. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2024 nor for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2024 nor for the year ended 31 March 2023.

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2024 £	2023 £
Other creditors	11,400	10,800

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.4.23 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.24 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	127,930	(128,692)	(762)
TOTAL FUNDS	127,930	(128,692)	(762)

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	1,347,704	(1,476,396)	(128,692)
TOTAL FUNDS	1,347,704	(1,476,396)	(128,692)

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.4.22 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.23 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	17,577	110,353	127,930
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>17,577</u>	<u>110,353</u>	<u>127,930</u>

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	2,815,794	(2,705,441)	110,353
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>2,815,794</u>	<u>(2,705,441)</u>	<u>110,353</u>

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

There was no related party transactions or balances during the year to 31 March 2024.

12. AUDITOR LIABILITY LIMITATION AGREEMENT

The charity has entered into a liability limitation agreement with Raffingers, the statutory auditor, in respect of the statutory audit for the year ended 31 March 2024. The proportionate liability agreement follows the standard terms in Appendix B to the Financial Reporting Council's June 2008 Guidance on Auditor Liability Agreements.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1116596

Accounts

REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05947204 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1116596

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023
FOR
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

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for the year ended 31 March 2023

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CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2023

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2023. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives and aims

The objectives of the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited are to advance the Jewish Faith for the benefit of the public, to manage and maintain the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue and to provide religious facilities at the said synagogue.

In furtherance of these objectives the charity:

- Manages and maintains the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue

- Provides grants to qualifying institutions who are involved in the furtherance of the Jewish Faith and in advancing Jewish education;

- Provides grants and bursaries to qualifying needy families and individuals who are members of the Jewish Faith.

Public benefit

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and 'The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit' in particular, when reviewing the aims and objectives and in planning the charity's future activities. The aims of the charitable company for the public benefit are detailed in the 'Objectives and Activities' section of this report and the main activities undertaken in order to carry out the charitable company's aims for the public benefit are outlined under 'Achievements and Performance' below.

Grantmaking

The trustees support charities whose Objects are in line with the Objects of this charity. The charity accepts any grant application subject to the trustees' review. Financial help is then given according to circumstances and funds then available.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2023

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Charitable activities

The year under review was marked by soaring inflation which resulted in a significant cost of living crisis for families and individuals in the UK and abroad. Charitable institutions also struggled with increased running costs as a result of higher energy, staff, food and transport costs which present a challenge to their ability to continue to support their activities. During the year the charity increased its support of charitable institutions whose objectives include the relief of poverty and the advancement of Jewish religion. The charity also continued to support needy individuals.

The trustees assess each of the applications made to them and consider their response based on the individual circumstances, the funds available, and the impact the grant will make in achieving the charity's goals. Where grants are made to charities and other organisations, consideration is given to the operational efficiency and reputation of the recipient charity and the ability of the donation to 'make a difference'.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Investment policy and objectives

Under its Memorandum of Association the charity has the power to invest in any way the trustees wish.

Reserves policy

The trustees have not established the level of reserves (that is those funds that are freely available) that the charity ought to have. Reserves are needed to bridge the funding gaps between spending on activities and receiving resources through voluntary donations and grants. The trustees consider that the ideal level of reserves as at 31 March 2023 would be three months of administrative costs.

The actual reserves at 31 March 2023 were £127,930 which exceeds the target figure.. The trustees are nonetheless considering ways in which further unrestricted funds may be raised.

Financial results

The financial results for the year to 31 March 2023 are shown in the attached financial statements.

Total income increased from £2,177,906 to £2,815,794 and total expenditure increased from £2,247,036 to £2,705,441 in comparison with the previous period.

There was a net increase in funds of £110,353 (2022 - decrease of £69,130) with total unrestricted funds carried forward of £127,930 (2022 - £17,577).

FUTURE PLANS

The charity is planning to generate more income for the much needed grants that it makes.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and was incorporated on 26 September 2006. In the event of the company being wound up during the period of membership or within the year following, the company members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1. The company is registered under the Companies Act, England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05947204) and with the Charity Commission (Charity Registration Number 1116596) and is governed by its memorandum and articles of association.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2023

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

The Articles of Association stipulate that there must be a minimum of three trustees and there is no maximum number of trustees. All trustees must be members of the charitable company. Additional trustees may be appointed by the existing trustees at any time, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing trustees. Any trustees so appointed will hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and will then be eligible for re-election. No trustee had any beneficial interest in any contract with the charitable company during the year.

The charitable company strives to ensure equal opportunities and diversity in both the employment of staff and trustee appointments. Selection criteria and procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities.

Potential trustees are invited to informally attend trustee meetings prior to appointment and a comprehensive induction programme is available. Additionally individual trustees may undertake external training in a particular area of their role on the Governing Body.

Organisational structure

The board of trustees administers the charity and meets at least four times in a year.

Risk management

The trustees have undertaken a full risk assessment of the organisation covering financial, operational, regulatory, governance and management. Various systems and checks have been put into operation, which are reviewed annually.

Fundraising

The charity has a good reputation within the local community and has a large pool of regular donors who wish to have a part in the charitable activities of the charity. Existing donors often recommend and encourage other philanthropists to pledge their support to the success of the charity. As such, the trustees do not engage professional fundraisers nor do they undertake public collections or cold calls.

The charity is committed to the principals set out by the Fundraising Regulator in its Code of Fundraising Practice. When donors are approached, this is done with sensitivity and respect and with regard to their circumstances.

The trustees are pleased to report that no complaints were received in the past twelve months in relation to its fundraising activities.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Company number

05947204 (England and Wales)

Registered Charity number

1116596

Registered office

19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2023

Trustees

Mr A Reifer Chartered Accountant
Rabbi E Schwartz Rabbi
Mr S Kraushar Company Director (resigned 27.6.22)
Mr A Josefovitz Company Director (appointed 27.6.22)

Company Secretary

Mr G R Conrad

Senior Statutory Auditor

Mr Yedidya Zaiden FCCA

Auditors

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2023

AUDITORS

The auditors, Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 22 December 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Trustees.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charitable company through discussions with management and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the sector Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited belongs to;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the association, including the Companies Act 2006, Charities Act 2011, Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), Trustees Act, Bribery Act and data protection;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including the ones that ensure that the grants are used for intended purposes.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Yedidya Zaiden FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

22 December 2023

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
for the year ended 31 March 2023

	Notes	2023 Unrestricted fund £	2022 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM			
Donations and legacies	2	2,815,794	2,177,906
EXPENDITURE ON			
Raising funds	3	987	-
Charitable activities	4		
Grants to institutions		2,395,065	2,150,723
Grants to individuals		282,736	75,861
Costs of running synagogue		11,200	10,400
Other		15,453	10,052
Total		2,705,441	2,247,036
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		110,353	(69,130)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		17,577	86,707
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		127,930	17,577

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

All income and expenditure has arisen from continuing activities.

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

BALANCE SHEET
31 March 2023

	Notes	2023 Unrestricted fund £	2022 Total funds £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash at bank		138,730	23,577
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(10,800)	(6,000)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>127,930</u>	<u>17,577</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		127,930	17,577
NET ASSETS		<u>127,930</u>	<u>17,577</u>
FUNDS	10		
Unrestricted funds		<u>127,930</u>	<u>17,577</u>
TOTAL FUNDS		<u>127,930</u>	<u>17,577</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 22 December 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2023**

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	115,494	344
Interest paid		(341)	(722)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		115,153	(378)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		115,153	(378)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		23,577	23,955
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		138,730	23,577

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE) TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2023 £	2022 £
Net income/(expenditure) for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	110,353	(69,130)
Adjustments for:		
Interest paid	341	722
Decrease in debtors	-	68,752
Increase in creditors	4,800	-
Net cash provided by operations	<u>115,494</u>	<u>344</u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.22 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.23 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	<u>23,577</u>	<u>115,153</u>	<u>138,730</u>
	<u>23,577</u>	<u>115,153</u>	<u>138,730</u>
Total	<u>23,577</u>	<u>115,153</u>	<u>138,730</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The charitable company constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Assessment of going concern

The trustees, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that adequate resources exists for the charity to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, therefore, it is appropriate to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2023. The trustees have made this assessment in respect to a period of one year from the date of approval of these accounts.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion that the charity will have sufficient resources to meet the liabilities as they fall due.

Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

Where income has related expenditure (as with fundraising or contract income), the income and related expenditure are reported gross in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Donations, grants and gifts are recognised when receivable. In the event that a donation is subject to fulfilling performance conditions before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period. Income from Gift Aid tax reclaims is recognised for any donations with relevant Gift Aid certificates recognised in income for the year. Any amounts of Gift Aid not received by the year-end are accounted for in income and accrued income in debtors.

For legacies, entitlement is taken on a case by case basis as the earlier of the date on which: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor(s) to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate.

Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. If the legacy is in the form of an asset other than cash or an asset listed on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the asset being able to be reliably measured and title to the asset has passed to the charity. Where legacies have been notified to the or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, and the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is a treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material.

Income received in advance for a future fundraising event or for a grant received relating to the following year are deferred until the criteria for income recognition are met.

Donated goods and services

Donated services or facilities are recognised when the charity has control over the item, any conditions

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Income

associated with the donated item have been met, the receipt of economic benefit from the use of the item is probable and that economic benefit can be measured reliably.

Donated professional services and facilities are included in income at the estimated value of the gift to the charity when received, based on the amount that the charity would have been prepared to pay for these services or facilities had it been required to purchase them, with a corresponding entry in the appropriate expenditure heading for the same amount. Donated fixed assets are similarly taken to income at the value to the charity with the other entry being capitalised in fixed assets.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Raising funds

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Charitable activities

Charitable activities comprise those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

Governance costs comprise those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and strategic requirements of the charity and the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.

Allocation and apportionment of costs

Overhead and support costs relating to charitable activities have been apportioned based on usage.

Taxation

The company is considered to pass the tests set out in Sch. 6, para. 1 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the company is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Pt. 11, Ch. 3 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or s. 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2023

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Fund accounting

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Debtors more than one year are included in the accounts at their carrying value.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of settlement can be estimated reliably.

Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value except for bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2023	2022
	£	£
Donations and grants	<u>2,815,794</u>	<u>2,177,906</u>

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2023

3. RAISING FUNDS

Raising donations and legacies

	2023	2022
	£	£
Fundraising and events	987	-
	<u>987</u>	<u>-</u>

4. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

	Direct Costs £	Grant funding of activities (see note 5) £	Totals £
Grants to institutions	-	2,395,065	2,395,065
Grants to individuals	-	282,736	282,736
Costs of running synagogue	11,200	-	11,200
	<u>11,200</u>	<u>2,677,801</u>	<u>2,689,001</u>

5. GRANTS PAYABLE

	2023	2022
	£	£
Grants to institutions	2,395,065	2,150,723
Grants to individuals	282,736	75,861
	<u>2,677,801</u>	<u>2,226,584</u>

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2023

5. GRANTS PAYABLE - continued

The total grants paid to institutions during the year was as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Chasdei Sholom Trust	-	110,409
Chinuch Yerushlaim	203,920	111,000
Cong. Mosdos Toldos Aharon	202,620	-
Congregation Chernobil	299,570	50,000
Kehal Ohel Menachem Vitepsk	-	148,740
Kollel Zichron Yehodo	-	125,000
Merkaz Chasidei Viznitz	210,000	-
Mifal Chesed Ha'merkozi Yad Tomech	100,000	-
Mifal Keren Hachessed	-	104,200
Ohel Chaya Rose	186,915	-
Ohr Hameir L'torah V'chesed	203,000	-
Sharei Marpeh	-	97,700
Talmud Torah Tuv Yerushalayim	250,000	-
Torah Temima Beit Shemesh	172,340	-
Yeshivas Shaar Hashomayim	250,000	-
Other grants below £100,000	316,700	1,403,674
	<u>2,395,065</u>	<u>2,150,723</u>

The total grants paid to individuals during the year was as follows:

	2023	2022
	£	£
Grants to individuals	<u>282,736</u>	<u>75,861</u>

Donations were paid to institutions whose objectives include the advancement of Jewish religion.

6. SUPPORT COSTS

	Management	Finance	Governance costs	Totals
	£	£	£	£
Other resources expended	<u>4,312</u>	<u>341</u>	<u>10,800</u>	<u>15,453</u>

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2023

7. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	2023 £	2022 £
Fees payable to the charity's auditors for the audit of the charity's financial statements	10,800	9,000

During the year to 31 March 2023 there were fees of £4,312 paid to Raffingers LLP for non audit services.

8. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2023 nor for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2023 nor for the year ended 31 March 2022.

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2023 £	2022 £
Other creditors	10,800	6,000

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.4.22 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.23 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	17,577	110,353	127,930
TOTAL FUNDS	17,577	110,353	127,930

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	2,815,794	(2,705,441)	110,353
TOTAL FUNDS	2,815,794	(2,705,441)	110,353

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2023**

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.4.21 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.22 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	86,707	(69,130)	17,577
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>86,707</u>	<u>(69,130)</u>	<u>17,577</u>

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	2,177,906	(2,247,036)	(69,130)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>2,177,906</u>	<u>(2,247,036)</u>	<u>(69,130)</u>

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

There was no related party transactions or balances during the year to 31 March 2023.

12. AUDITOR LIABILITY LIMITATION AGREEMENT

The charity has entered into a liability limitation agreement with Raffingers, the statutory auditor, in respect of the statutory audit for the year ended 31 March 2023. The proportionate liability agreement follows the standard terms in Appendix B to the Financial Reporting Council's June 2008 Guidance on Auditor Liability Agreements, and was approved by the trustees on 15 March 2023.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1116596

Accounts

REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05947204 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1116596

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022
FOR
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

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for the year ended 31 March 2022

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CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2022

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2022. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives and aims

The objectives of the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited are to advance the Jewish Faith for the benefit of the public, to manage and maintain the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue and to provide religious facilities at the said synagogue.

In furtherance of these objectives the charity:

- Manages and maintains the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue

- Provides grants to qualifying institutions who are involved in the furtherance of the Jewish Faith and in advancing Jewish education;

- Provides grants and bursaries to qualifying needy families and individuals who are members of the Jewish Faith.

Public benefit

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and 'The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit' in particular, when reviewing the aims and objectives and in planning the charity's future activities. The aims of the charitable company for the public benefit are detailed in the 'Objectives and Activities' section of this report and the main activities undertaken in order to carry out the charitable company's aims for the public benefit are outlined under 'Achievements and Performance' below.

Grantmaking

The trustees support charities whose Objects are in line with the Objects of this charity. The charity accepts any grant application subject to the trustees' review. Financial help is then given according to circumstances and funds then available.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2022

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Charitable activities

The year under review was marked by the transition of populations around the world out of the Covid-19 era and into a period of rebuilding and optimism. However, this period brought its own challenges. As governments drastically reduced the financial assistance they were providing to their citizens, many individuals and institutions who had been directly affected by the pandemic, found themselves unable to recover to their pre Covid levels. During the year the charity increased its support of charitable institutions whose objectives include the relief of poverty and the advancement of Jewish religion. The charity also continued to support needy individuals.

The trustees assess each of the applications made to them and consider their response based on the individual circumstances, the funds available, and the impact the grant will make in achieving the charity's goals. Where grants are made to charities and other organisations, consideration is given to the operational efficiency and reputation of the recipient charity and the ability of the donation to 'make a difference'.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Investment policy and objectives

Under its Memorandum of Association the charity has the power to invest in any way the trustees wish.

Reserves policy

The trustees have not established the level of reserves (that is those funds that are freely available) that the charity ought to have. Reserves are needed to bridge the funding gaps between spending on activities and receiving resources through voluntary donations and grants. The trustees consider that the ideal level of reserves as at 31 March 2022 would be three months of resources expended. However, Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is principally operated as a grant giving charity, and the trustees' policy is to seek to distribute bulk of the income arising in each financial year as it becomes available.

The actual reserves at 31 March 2022 were £17,577 which is significantly less than the target figure. The trustees are considering ways in which further unrestricted funds may be raised.

Financial results

The financial results for the year to 31 March 2022 are shown in the attached financial statements.

Total income increased from £1,718,664 to £2,177,906 and total expenditure increased from £1,935,909 to £2,247,036 in comparison with the previous period.

There was a net decrease in funds of £69,130 (2021 - decrease of £217,245) with total unrestricted funds carried forward of £17,577 (2021 - £86,707).

FUTURE PLANS

The charity is planning to generate more income for the much needed grants that it makes.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and was incorporated on 26 September 2006. In the event of the company being wound up during the period of membership or within the year following, the company members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1. The company is registered under the Companies Act, England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05947204) and with the Charity Commission (Charity Registration Number 1116596) and is governed by its memorandum and articles of association.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2022

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

The Articles of Association stipulate that there must be a minimum of three trustees and there is no maximum number of trustees. All trustees must be members of the charitable company. Additional trustees may be appointed by the existing trustees at any time, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing trustees. Any trustees so appointed will hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and will then be eligible for re-election. No trustee had any beneficial interest in any contract with the charitable company during the year.

The charitable company strives to ensure equal opportunities and diversity in both the employment of staff and trustee appointments. Selection criteria and procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities.

Potential trustees are invited to informally attend trustee meetings prior to appointment and a comprehensive induction programme is available. Additionally individual trustees may undertake external training in a particular area of their role on the Governing Body.

Organisational structure

The board of trustees administers the charity and meets at least four times in a year.

Risk management

The trustees have undertaken a full risk assessment of the organisation covering financial, operational, regulatory, governance and management. Various systems and checks have been put into operation, which are reviewed annually.

Fundraising

The charity has a good reputation within the local community and has a large pool of regular donors who wish to have a part in the charitable activities of the charity. Existing donors often recommend and encourage other philanthropists to pledge their support to the success of the charity. As such, the trustees do not engage professional fundraisers nor do they undertake public collections or cold calls.

The charity is committed to the principals set out by the Fundraising Regulator in its Code of Fundraising Practice. When donors are approached, this is done with sensitivity and respect and with regard to their circumstances.

The trustees are pleased to report that no complaints were received in the past twelve months in relation to its fundraising activities.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Company number

05947204 (England and Wales)

Registered Charity number

1116596

Registered office

40 Braydon Road
London
N16 6QB

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2022

Trustees

Mr A Reifer Chartered Accountant
Rabbi E Schwartz Rabbi
Mr S Kraushar Company Director (resigned 27.6.22)
Mr A Josefovitz (appointed 27.6.22)

Company Secretary

Mr G R Conrad

Senior Statutory Auditor

Mr Thurairatnam Sudarshan FCCA

Auditors

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2022

AUDITORS

The auditors, Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 19 December 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Trustees.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charitable company through discussions with management and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the sector Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited belongs to;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the association, including the Charities Act 2011, Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), Trustees Act, Bribery Act and data protection;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including the ones that ensure that the grants are used for intended purposes.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Thurairatnam Sudarshan FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

19 December 2022

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
for the year ended 31 March 2022**

	Notes	2022 Unrestricted fund £	2021 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM			
Donations and legacies	2	2,177,906	1,718,664
EXPENDITURE ON			
Charitable activities	3		
Grants to institutions		2,150,723	1,661,710
Grants to individuals		75,861	257,211
Costs of running synagogue		10,400	10,400
Other		10,052	6,588
Total		2,247,036	1,935,909
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(69,130)	(217,245)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		86,707	303,952
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		17,577	86,707

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

BALANCE SHEET
31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 Unrestricted fund £	2021 Total funds £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	8	-	68,752
Cash at bank		23,577	23,955
		<u>23,577</u>	<u>92,707</u>
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(6,000)	(6,000)
		<u>17,577</u>	<u>86,707</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS			
		<u>17,577</u>	<u>86,707</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>17,577</u>	<u>86,707</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>17,577</u>	<u>86,707</u>
FUNDS	10		
Unrestricted funds		<u>17,577</u>	<u>86,707</u>
TOTAL FUNDS		<u>17,577</u>	<u>86,707</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 19 December 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

The notes form part of these financial statements

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2022**

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	344	(18,377)
Interest paid		(722)	(573)
Net cash used in operating activities		(378)	(18,950)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		(378)	(18,950)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		23,955	42,905
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		23,577	23,955

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2022

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET EXPENDITURE TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2022	2021
	£	£
Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(69,130)	(217,245)
Adjustments for:		
Interest paid	722	573
Decrease in debtors	68,752	192,545
Increase in creditors	-	5,750
	<u>344</u>	<u>(18,377)</u>
Net cash provided by/(used in) operations	<u>344</u>	<u>(18,377)</u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.21	Cash flow	At 31.3.22
	£	£	£
Net cash			
Cash at bank	23,955	(378)	23,577
	<u>23,955</u>	<u>(378)</u>	<u>23,577</u>
	<u>23,955</u>	<u>(378)</u>	<u>23,577</u>
Total	<u>23,955</u>	<u>(378)</u>	<u>23,577</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 March 2022**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The charitable company constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Assessment of going concern

The trustees, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that adequate resources exists for the charity to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, therefore, it is appropriate to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2022. The trustees have made this assessment in respect to a period of one year from the date of approval of these accounts.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion that the charity will have sufficient resources to meet the liabilities as they fall due.

Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Charitable activities

Charitable activities comprise those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

Governance costs comprise those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and strategic requirements of the charity and the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2022

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Allocation and apportionment of costs

Overhead and support costs relating to charitable activities have been apportioned based on usage.

Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Debtors more than one year are included in the accounts at their carrying value.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of settlement can be estimated reliably.

Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value except for bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2022	2021
	£	£
Donations and grants	<u>2,177,906</u>	<u>1,718,664</u>

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2022**

3. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

	Direct Costs £	Grant funding of activities (see note 4) £	Totals £
Grants to institutions	-	2,150,723	2,150,723
Grants to individuals	-	75,861	75,861
Costs of running synagogue	10,400	-	10,400
	<u>10,400</u>	<u>2,226,584</u>	<u>2,236,984</u>

4. GRANTS PAYABLE

	2022 £	2021 £
Grants to institutions	2,150,723	1,661,710
Grants to individuals	75,861	257,211
	<u>2,226,584</u>	<u>1,918,921</u>

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2022

4. GRANTS PAYABLE - continued

The total grants paid to institutions during the year was as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bais Hamedrash Yeshias Israel	49,399	75,281
B'er Avraham D'chasidei Slonim	50,000	100,000
Chasdei Aharon Limited	-	20,710
Chasdei Sholom Trust	110,409	-
Chemlu V'Emuneh	50,000	-
Chesed Leavraham - Helping Foundation	82,700	100,000
Chinuch Jerusholaim Girls School	111,000	-
Cong. Kahal Chareidim	50,000	77,850
Congregation Chernobil	50,000	-
Hachnasas Orchim Linas Hachessed	50,000	-
Heichal Hatalmud	50,000	-
Kehal Ohel Menachem Vitepsk	148,740	-
Keren Ezer Ne'suin Tchernobal	-	137,921
Kollel L'horoah	50,000	-
Kollel Noam Eliezer	3,655	50,000
Kollel Zichron Yehodo	125,000	-
Menachem Zion	64,200	-
Mesivta Ziev Hatorah	50,000	-
Mifal Hachnasas Orchim Machse L'avyon	19,000	69,445
Mifal Keren Hachessed	104,200	122,150
Mivtzar Hatorah D'chasidei Kretshnif	-	50,000
Mosdos Chesed L'avraham	26,100	50,000
Sharei Marpeh	97,700	60,500
Start Upright	53,500	-
Talmud Torah V'Yeshiva Ketana	50,000	-
Tchabe Kollel Limited	13,455	204,530
Tzidkas Toldos Aharon	31,100	50,000
United Institutions Of Maharitz Dushinsky	50,000	50,000
Other grants below £50,000	610,565	443,323
	<u>2,150,723</u>	<u>1,661,710</u>

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2022

5. SUPPORT COSTS

	Management	Finance	Governance costs	Totals
	£	£	£	£
Other resources expended	330	722	9,000	10,052
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

6. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	2022	2021
	£	£
Fees payable to the charity's auditors for the audit of the charity's financial statements	9,000	5,750
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2022 nor for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2022 nor for the year ended 31 March 2021.

8. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Other debtors	-	68,752
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Other creditors	6,000	6,000
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.4.21	Net movement in funds	At 31.3.22
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	86,707	(69,130)	17,577
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>86,707</u>	<u>(69,130)</u>	<u>17,577</u>

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2022

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	2,177,906	(2,247,036)	(69,130)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>2,177,906</u>	<u>(2,247,036)</u>	<u>(69,130)</u>

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.4.20 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.21 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	303,952	(217,245)	86,707
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>303,952</u>	<u>(217,245)</u>	<u>86,707</u>

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	1,718,664	(1,935,909)	(217,245)
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>1,718,664</u>	<u>(1,935,909)</u>	<u>(217,245)</u>

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2022

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, the charity received net donations from the following charities:

Chadei Aharon Limited- £17,522

Start Upright- £12,014

During the year the charity made net grants to the following charities:

Chasdei Sholom- £73,219

Tchabe Kollel Limited- £6,421

The above-mentioned charities share common trustees, Rabbi E Schwartz and Mr G R Conrad, with Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1116596

Accounts

REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05947204 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1116596

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021
FOR
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

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for the year ended 31 March 2021

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**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)**

**REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2021. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objectives and aims

The objectives of the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited are to advance the Jewish Faith for the benefit of the public, to manage and maintain the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue and to provide religious facilities at the said synagogue.

In furtherance of these objectives the charity:

- Manages and maintains the Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe synagogue
- Provides grants to qualifying institutions who are involved in the furtherance of the Jewish Faith and in advancing Jewish education;
- Provides grants and bursaries to qualifying needy families and individuals who are members of the Jewish Faith.

Public benefit

The trustees have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit, and 'The Advancement of Religion for the Public Benefit' in particular, when reviewing the aims and objectives and in planning the charity's future activities. The aims of the charitable company for the public benefit are detailed in the 'Objectives and Activities' section of this report and the main activities undertaken in order to carry out the charitable company's aims for the public benefit are outlined under 'Achievements and Performance' below.

Grantmaking

The trustees support charities whose Objects are in line with the Objects of this charity. The charity accepts any grant application subject to the trustees' review. Financial help is then given according to circumstances and funds then available.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2021

ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Charitable activities

During the year the charity maintained its support of charitable institutions whose objectives include the relief of poverty and the advancement of Jewish religion.

The period proved very successful in terms of both donations received and grants paid. Due to the recent Covid-19 pandemic, there was an increase in donations received from the public who were keen to support the charity's response to the pandemic which included answering additional requests from both needy individuals and institutions that required additional funding.

Covid-19

The Covid 19 pandemic which has had a significant social and economic impact on communities worldwide, resulted in an increased demand for assistance. The trustees adapted their activities to comply with government's policies and guidance and were able to raise significant additional funds to enable them to continue their work.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Investment policy and objectives

Under its Memorandum of Association the charity has the power to invest in any way the trustees wish.

Reserves policy

The trustees have not established the level of reserves (that is those funds that are freely available) that the charity ought to have. Reserves are needed to bridge the funding gaps between spending on activities and receiving resources through voluntary donations and grants. The trustees consider that the ideal level of reserves as at 31 March 2021 would be three months of resources expended. However, Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is principally operated as a grant giving charity, and the trustees' policy is to seek to distribute bulk of the income arising in each financial year as it becomes available.

The actual reserves at 31 March 2021 were £86,707 which is significantly less than the target figure. The trustees are considering ways in which further unrestricted funds may be raised.

Financial results

The financial results for the year to 31 March 2021 are shown in the attached financial statements.

Total income increased from £984,204 to £1,718,664 and total expenditure increased from £886,501 to £1,935,909 in comparison with the previous period.

There was a net decrease in funds of £217,245 (2020 - increase of £97,703) with total unrestricted funds carried forward of £86,707 (2020 - £303,952).

FUTURE PLANS

The charity is planning to generate more income for the much needed grants that it makes.

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Governing document

Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and was incorporated on 26 September 2006. In the event of the company being wound up during the period of membership or within the year following, the company members are required to contribute an amount not exceeding £1. The company is registered under the Companies Act, England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05947204) and with the Charity Commission (Charity Registration Number 1116596) and is governed by its memorandum and articles of association.

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2021

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Recruitment and appointment of new trustees

The Articles of Association stipulate that there must be a minimum of three trustees and there is no maximum number of trustees. All trustees must be members of the charitable company. Additional trustees may be appointed by the existing trustees at any time, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing trustees. Any trustees so appointed will hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and will then be eligible for re-election. No trustee had any beneficial interest in any contract with the charitable company during the year.

The charitable company strives to ensure equal opportunities and diversity in both the employment of staff and trustee appointments. Selection criteria and procedures are regularly reviewed to ensure that individuals are selected, promoted and treated on the basis of their relevant merits and abilities.

Potential trustees are invited to informally attend trustee meetings prior to appointment and a comprehensive induction programme is available. Additionally individual trustees may undertake external training in a particular area of their role on the Governing Body.

Organisational structure

The board of trustees administers the charity and meets at least four times in a year.

Risk management

The trustees have undertaken a full risk assessment of the organisation covering financial, operational, regulatory, governance and management. Various systems and checks have been put into operation, which are reviewed annually.

Fundraising

The charity has a good reputation within the local community and has a large pool of regular donors who wish to have a part in the charitable activities of the charity. Existing donors often recommend and encourage other philanthropists to pledge their support to the success of the charity. As such, the trustees do not engage professional fundraisers nor do they undertake public collections or cold calls.

The charity is committed to the principals set out by the Fundraising Regulator in its Code of Fundraising Practice. When donors are approached, this is done with sensitivity and respect and with regard to their circumstances.

The trustees are pleased to report that no complaints were received in the past twelve months in relation to its fundraising activities.

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Registered Company number

05947204 (England and Wales)

Registered Charity number

1116596

Registered office

40 Braydon Road
London
N16 6QB

Trustees

Mr A Reifer Chartered Accountant
Rabbi E Schwartz Rabbi
Mr S Kraushar Company Director

Company Secretary

Mr G R Conrad

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES
for the year ended 31 March 2021

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

Senior Statutory Auditor

Mr Thurairatnam Sudarshan FCCA

Auditors

Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The trustees (who are also the directors of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Report of the Trustees and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charitable company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the trustees are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charity SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware; and
- the trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved by order of the board of trustees on 16 December 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited (the 'charitable company') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Report of the Independent Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Trustees for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Trustees has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Other matter

In the previous accounting period, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) of the charity took advantage of audit exemption under s477 of the Companies Act. Therefore, the prior period financial statements were not subject to audit.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Trustees.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Trustees.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Independent Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud:

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charitable company through discussions with management and from our commercial knowledge and experience of the sector Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited belongs to;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the association, including the Charities Act 2011, Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019), Trustees Act, Bribery Act and data protection;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of management and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, including the ones that ensure that the grants are used for intended purposes.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the trustees and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF
CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Independent Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Thurairatnam Sudarshan FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Raffingers LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Certified Accountants
19-20 Bourne Court
Southend Road
Woodford Green
Essex
IG8 8HD

16 December 2021

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

	Notes	2021 Unrestricted fund £	2020 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM			
Donations and legacies	2	1,718,664	984,204
EXPENDITURE ON			
Charitable activities	3		
Grants to institutions		1,661,710	812,099
Grants to individuals		257,211	52,542
Costs of running synagogue		10,400	19,825
Other		6,588	2,035
Total		1,935,909	886,501
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(217,245)	97,703
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS			
Total funds brought forward		303,952	206,249
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		86,707	303,952

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 05947204)

BALANCE SHEET
31 March 2021

	Notes	2021 Unrestricted fund £	2020 Total funds £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	8	68,752	261,297
Cash at bank		23,955	42,905
		92,707	304,202
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(6,000)	(250)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		86,707	303,952
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		86,707	303,952
NET ASSETS		86,707	303,952
FUNDS	10		
Unrestricted funds		86,707	303,952
TOTAL FUNDS		86,707	303,952

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on 16 December 2021 and were signed on its behalf by:

Rabbi E Schwartz - Trustee

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	(18,377)	(76,235)
Interest paid		(573)	(270)
Net cash used in operating activities		<u>(18,950)</u>	<u>(76,505)</u>
 Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		 (18,950)	 (76,505)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		<u>42,905</u>	<u>119,410</u>
 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		 <u><u>23,955</u></u>	 <u><u>42,905</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET (EXPENDITURE)/INCOME TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2021 £	2020 £
Net (expenditure)/income for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(217,245)	97,703
Adjustments for:		
Interest paid	573	270
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	192,545	(174,208)
Increase in creditors	5,750	-
Net cash used in operations	<u>(18,377)</u>	<u>(76,235)</u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.20 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.21 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	42,905	(18,950)	23,955
	<u>42,905</u>	<u>(18,950)</u>	<u>23,955</u>
Total	<u>42,905</u>	<u>(18,950)</u>	<u>23,955</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 March 2021

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements of the charitable company, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared in accordance with the Charities SORP (FRS 102) 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019)', Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The charitable company constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Assessment of going concern

The trustees, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that adequate resources exist for the charity to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, therefore, it is appropriate to adopt going concern basis in preparing the financial statements as at and for the period ended 31 March 2021. The trustees have made this assessment in respect to a period of one year from the date of approval of these accounts.

The trustees have concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees are of the opinion that the charity will have sufficient resources to meet the liabilities as they fall due. In arriving at the conclusion, the trustees have considered the potential implications of the effects of Covid 19 on the charity. The figures for the period under consideration have not been impacted by Covid 19 adversely and the trustees are confident that no adjustments are necessary to the carrying value of the assets held at the balance sheet date.

Income

All income is recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities once the charity has entitlement to the funds, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all cost related to the category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated to activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources.

Grants payable are included in the period when any relevant conditions are met by the receiving entity. Payment of later instalments of a grant usually requires satisfactory progress reports from the project.

Grants offered subject to conditions which have not been met at the year end date are noted as a commitment but not accrued as expenditure.

Charitable activities

Charitable activities comprise those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

Governance costs comprise those costs associated with meeting the constitutional and strategic requirements of the charity and the audit fees and costs linked to the strategic management of the charity.

Allocation and apportionment of costs

Overhead and support costs relating to charitable activities have been apportioned based on usage.

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objectives at the discretion of the trustees.

Restricted funds can only be used for particular restricted purposes within the objects of the charity. Restrictions arise when specified by the donor or when funds are raised for particular restricted purposes.

Further explanation of the nature and purpose of each fund is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. Debtors more than one year are included in the accounts at their carrying value.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and cash in hand includes cash and short term highly liquid investments with a short maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition or opening of the deposit or similar account.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of settlement can be estimated reliably.

Financial instruments

The charity only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value except for bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2021	2020
	£	£
Donations and grants	1,718,664	984,204

3. CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES COSTS

	Direct Costs £	Grant funding of activities (see note 4) £	Totals £
Grants to institutions	-	1,661,710	1,661,710
Grants to individuals	-	257,211	257,211
Costs of running synagogue	10,400	-	10,400
	<u>10,400</u>	<u>1,918,921</u>	<u>1,929,321</u>

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

4. GRANTS PAYABLE

	2021 £	2020 £
Grants to institutions	1,661,710	812,099
Grants to individuals	257,211	52,542
	<u>1,918,921</u>	<u>864,641</u>

The total grants paid to institutions during the year was as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Ateret Yerushalayim - Jerusalem	-	50,000
Bais Hamedrash Yeshias Israel	75,281	-
B'er Avraham D'chasidei Slonim	100,000	-
Chasdei Aharon Limited	20,710	265,425
Chesed Leavraham - Helping Foundation	100,000	-
Cong. Kahal Chareidim	77,850	-
Keren Ezer Ne'suin Tchernobal	137,921	-
Kollel Noam Eliezer	50,000	-
Mifal Hachnasas Orchim Machse L'avyon	69,445	-
Mifal Keren Hachsesd	122,150	-
Mivtzar Hatorah D'chasidei Kretshnif	50,000	-
Mosdos Chesed L'avraham	50,000	10,000
Sharei Marpeh	60,500	-
Tchabe Kollel Limited	204,530	49,931
Tzidkas Toldos Aharon	50,000	-
United Institutions Of Maharitz Dushinsky	50,000	-
Other grants below £50,000	443,323	436,743
	<u>1,661,710</u>	<u>812,099</u>

5. SUPPORT COSTS

	Management £	Finance £	Governance costs £	Totals £
Other resources expended	<u>265</u>	<u>573</u>	<u>5,750</u>	<u>6,588</u>

6. NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)

Net income/(expenditure) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2021 £	2020 £
Accountancy and audit fees	<u>5,750</u>	<u>-</u>

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

7. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2021 nor for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2021 nor for the year ended 31 March 2020.

8. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021 £	2020 £
Other debtors	68,752	261,297
	<u>68,752</u>	<u>261,297</u>

9. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021 £	2020 £
Other creditors	6,000	-
Accrued expenses	-	250
	<u>6,000</u>	<u>250</u>

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.4.20 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.21 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	303,952	(217,245)	86,707
	<u>303,952</u>	<u>(217,245)</u>	<u>86,707</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>303,952</u>	<u>(217,245)</u>	<u>86,707</u>

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	1,718,664	(1,935,909)	(217,245)
	<u>1,718,664</u>	<u>(1,935,909)</u>	<u>(217,245)</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>1,718,664</u>	<u>(1,935,909)</u>	<u>(217,245)</u>

**CONGREGATION SHAREI SHOLOM TCHABE
LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2021**

10. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.4.19 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.20 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	206,249	97,703	303,952
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>206,249</u>	<u>97,703</u>	<u>303,952</u>

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	984,204	(886,501)	97,703
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>984,204</u>	<u>(886,501)</u>	<u>97,703</u>

11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, the charity received net donations from the following charities:

Chadei Aharon Limited- £11,770
Chasdei Sholom- £35,500
Start Upright- £9,835

During the year the charity made net grants to the following charity:

Tchabe Kollel Limited- £168,394

The above-mentioned charities share common trustees, Rabbi E Schwartz and Mr G R Conrad, with Congregation Sharei Sholom Tchabe Limited.