



# **Thomas Pocklington Trust**

**Report and Accounts for year ended 31 March 2025**

Registered with the Charity Commission as  
Thomas Pocklington Trust  
Charity No. 1113729  
Company No. 05359336

## Contents

<a href="#">Trustees, Patrons, Key Management Personnel and Advisers</a>	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">Trustees' Annual Report incorporating the Strategic Report</a>	<a href="#">5</a>
<a href="#">Independent Auditor's Report</a>	<a href="#">24</a>
<a href="#">Statement of Financial Activities</a>	<a href="#">29</a>
<a href="#">Statement of Financial Position</a>	<a href="#">30</a>
<a href="#">Statement of Cash Flows</a>	<a href="#">31</a>
<a href="#">Notes to the Accounts</a>	<a href="#">32</a>

# **Trustees, Patrons, Key Management Personnel and Advisers**

## **Board of Trustees**

Mervyn Williamson	Chair
Simon Curtis	(resigned June 2024)
Graham Findlay	
Robert Holl	
Raj Mehta	
Helen Mitchell	
Peter Richardson	
Louise Robertshaw	
Matt Wadsworth	
Adam Youatt	

## **Patrons**

Hon. Jessica White

## **Key Management Personnel**

Charles Colquhoun	Chief Executive
Cathy Low	Director of Partnerships
Emma Hughes	Director of Services
Louise Fairhurst	Director of Resources

## **Registered Office**

3 Queen Square  
London  
WC1N 3AR

## **Registered Numbers**

Registered as a charity, number: 1113729  
Registered as a company, number: 05359336

## **Website**

[www.pocklington.org.uk](http://www.pocklington.org.uk)

## Principal Professional Advisers

<b>Bankers</b>	<p>The Co-operative Bank Plc 9 Prescott Street, London E1 8BE</p> <p>NatWest 21 King Street, London, W6 0PZ</p>
<b>Registered Auditor</b>	<p>Forvis Mazars LLP 6 Sutton Plaza, Sutton Court Road, Sutton, Surrey, SM1 4FS</p>
<b>Solicitors</b>	<p>Russell-Cooke 2 Putney Hill, London, SW15 6AB</p> <p>Synchrony Law 168 Shoreditch High Street, London, E1 6RA</p>
<b>Investment Managers</b>	<p>Sarasins Juxon House, 100 St Pauls Churchyard, London, EC4M 8BU</p>
<b>Property Managers and Advisers</b>	<p>Tandem 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 11-15 Wigmore Street, London, W1U 1PF</p>
<b>Insurance Brokers</b>	<p>Lockton The St Botolph Building, 138 Houndsditch, London, EC3A 7AG</p>

## **Trustees' Annual Report incorporating the Strategic Report**

The Trustees, who are also Directors for the purposes of company law, present their report and the accounts of the Charity for the year ended 31 March 2025.

This Trustees' Report required by the Charities Act 2011 is also the Directors' Report and incorporates the Strategic Report, both prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

**Our Vision** - We want to improve “Key Life Chances” so that blind and partially sighted people have the same life chances as everyone else. Namely, a good education with choices in transitioning to secondary school, college or university; positive employment with equal opportunity to progress; to keep fit and healthy and to feel fully included in the fabric of society.

### **Structure, Governance and Management**

Thomas Pocklington Trust is a company limited by guarantee, company number 05359336, registered with the Charity Commission, registration number 1113729.

The Charity's constitution is its Articles of Association. The objects of the Charity are set out below:

- To relieve those in need through sight loss and other related conditions, in particular by the provision of support services and information for their care and welfare; and
- To undertake research into the advancement of knowledge of the prevention, alleviation and cure of visual impairment and other related problems.

Thomas Pocklington Trust is authorised by the Charity Commission to be the sole Corporate Trustee of The Gift of Thomas Pocklington (The Gift). As Corporate Trustee, Thomas Pocklington Trust receives the income generated by the Permanent Endowment (held by The Gift) to carry out the charitable activities in line with the objectives set out in its Articles of Association.

The Board may comprise up to twelve Trustees, who have legal responsibility for the effective use of resources in accordance with the Charity's objectives, and for providing effective leadership and direction. Trustees have been appointed to the Board in accordance with the Trustees' selection policy and taking account of the range of skills required

to govern the Charity's business. The recruitment and selection policy provides for various methods of recruitment such as advertising and nomination. A skills audit is conducted periodically to ensure that the Board has the requisite range of skills to carry out its responsibilities.

All Trustees give their time freely and no Trustee remuneration was paid in the year. Details of Trustee expenses are disclosed in note 15 to the accounts. Trustees are required to disclose all relevant interests and register them with the Chief Executive and, in accordance with the Charity's policy, withdraw from decisions where a conflict of interest may arise.

Each new Trustee is given an appropriate induction programme and training relevant to their responsibility. Trustees are also encouraged to involve themselves in areas of particular interest through close involvement with the management, staff and users of the Charity's services.

The terms of reference and composition of the Board were reviewed during the year to ensure they continue to meet the evolving needs of the charity and its governance requirements and will continue to be reviewed regularly.

The Trustees have adopted a policy of applying a total return rate of 3.5% (2024: 3.5%) of the opening value of the permanent endowment to income; in accordance with the policy £5.4m (2024: £5.7m) was transferred from the permanent endowment to unrestricted funds in the year.

The day-to-day management of the Charity is delegated by the Trustees to the Chief Executive, who is supported by the senior executive team. The Chief Executive works within a schedule of delegated authorities with any decisions outside of the schedule being reserved to the Trustees. Matters reserved to the Trustees include Chief Executive remuneration, spend over £75k (2024: £75k), major investment decisions, property disposals, approving strategy, budgets and accounts and appointment of auditors.

The Chief Executive's remuneration is set by the Trustees and is subject to an annual review. In undertaking this review the Trustees consider the outcome of the annual appraisal of the Chief Executive and the remuneration of comparative positions.

Trustee indemnity insurance is provided by Hiscox.

## **Aims and Activities for the Public Benefit**

Thomas Pocklington Trust is a national charity committed to achieving equality and inclusion for blind and partially sighted (BPS) people. With over half of our staff and more than 300 volunteers having lived experience of sight loss, we ensure that our work is informed, representative and impactful.

We work across a range of priority areas, influencing policy, delivering services, supporting communities, and funding initiatives that drive systemic change. Through partnerships, advocacy and practical support, we aim to remove the barriers that limit opportunity and participation for BPS people.

Our strategic aims represent the larger, longer-term goals that we want to achieve, and these will be delivered through the strategies set out in our thematic and departmental business plans. Our strategic aims are:

- To attain better education and transition outcomes for young BPS people and students.
- To reduce unemployment amongst BPS people of working age and to increase numbers of employers making their workplace accessible.
- To have full access to all health services for BPS people and remove barriers limiting the overall health, fitness and wellbeing of BPS people
- To advocate and campaign for more inclusive, accessible and equitable communities and society at large.

We also award grants to various organisations in the sector which share our goals and can better serve beneficiaries' interests.

Our people are key to delivering our strategic aims. We firmly believe in the value of lived experience with over half of our employees being blind or partially sighted. TPT is also a living wage employer and is one of the few organisations in the UK to pay the living pension.

2024/25 was the first full year of our “Key Life Chances” strategy 2024-2027. The strategic objectives are as follows:

- Influence, raise awareness and change attitudes.
- Deliver specialist services that meet our priority areas of need.
- Work in partnership with others who share our aims.
- Lead by example and utilise our resources to bring about the change we want to see.

Our strategy provided the framework for business planning and budget-setting and we began implementation of our quarterly monitoring and reporting system via Salesforce during Q1.

During 2024/5, we continued our involvement with the Vision Partnership (formerly the VI Charity Sector Partnership), which is the strategic partnership for the sight loss sector. Membership includes RNIB, Guide Dogs, Blind Veterans, Visionary, Macular Society, Retina UK, Glaucoma UK and Thomas Pocklington Trust. We played an active role in several cross-sector workstreams including Lived Experience, Leadership/Talent Development, Joint Campaigning and Influencing, Access to Technology,

Employment and Mental Health and Wellbeing. We continued our stewardship and management of the VI Insight Hub despite major restructuring and transformation processes undertaken by several of our partners during the year.

We play a leading role in the Lived Experience (LEX) Leadership and Talent Development workstream, including supporting the launch of the New Horizons Leadership programme in partnership with Hult Ashridge.

We continued to champion the needs and aspirations of BPS people through our Public Affairs and Campaigns work. Working closely with our Sight Loss Councils and with sector partners, we campaigned on national priorities including transport, health and the built environment, including our #CutItBack campaign aimed at the removal of overhanging vegetation and foliage, which had the greatest traction of any of our campaigns.

We also worked with the All-Party Parliamentary Group (APPG) on Eye Health and Vision Impairment on an inquiry into the barriers faced by BPS people in accessing employment, which revealed significant challenges posed by employers' attitudes. This resulted in the production of the "Changing Attitudes, Changing Lives" report and significant engagement with the Ministers for Employment and Disabled People/Social Security.

Our Corporate Partnerships engagement grew during 2024/5 with significant work on bus driver training with the Chartered Institute of Highways and Transport, which will ultimately be rolled out to over 80% of bus drivers. Other notable successes in this arena included Skillshare (in partnership with around 12 organisations) and a partnership with the ORS to support and analyse our Reflect and Engage survey.

We paused our regular grants programme while we undertook a strategic review of the impact of previous grants rounds. We analysed previous grants programmes and individual grants which informed a new approach for 2025/26.

We continued our grant funding relationship with Visionary, Metro Blind Sport and Sight Support West of England, including agreeing a new two-year grant to Visionary. We are on a pathway for these organisations to be less reliant on TPT over time.

The grants process followed the same process as in previous years. Organisations submit an application via the digital portal which is considered by the Grant Management Committee (comprising the executive leadership team and Head of Finance) following due diligence checks undertaken by the Partnerships team. Decisions are subject to approval by the trustees, where required, within the limits set by the trustees as part of the budgeting process.



Our grant funding is used in support of applications for “Get Set Progress”, TPT’s internship programme delivered in partnership with RNIB.

We supported 42 (2024: 51) organisations during the year with grants and donations totalling £0.7m. (2024 £1.1m)

### **Organisations supported during 2024/25**

#### **Grants:**

Visionary

Wales Council of the Blind

Sight Support West of England

Metro Blind Sports

Sight Scotland

Sense Northern Ireland

My sight Nottinghamshire

Esme’s Umbrella

Sight Concern Worcestershire

#### **Get Set Progress grants to organisations hosting interns:**

Royal Free London NHS Foundation Trust

Beacon Centre for the Blind

Channel 4

Metro Blind Sports

General Optical Council

Nystagmus Network

Nicholson & Co Accountancy

Sight Concern Worcestershire

Retina UK

RealSAM

My Vision Oxfordshire

Leeds Playhouse

Seable

Bury Society for Blind and Partially Sighted People

Senclude Limited

Herts Vision Loss

Kingston Upon Thames association for the blind

Sight Scotland

Transport for All

Redway HR

Royal Holloway University of London

Royal National College for the Blind

UCAN Productions

Visibilty Scotland

Royal Society for Blind Children

**Donations:**

RNIB Lived Experienced Leadership Conference  
England and Wales Blind Golf  
Cure Usher  
Fen Tigers Goalball Club  
North East Sensory Services  
Visually Impaired Sailing Association  
VI Talk  
Step Change Studios  
The Braillists Foundation  
British Baseball Federation  
Extant  
Kingston upon Thames Association for the Blind  
Esme's Umbrella

Thomas Pocklington Trust provides administration support to a number of charities. The value of this support in 2025 was £48k (2024: £53k). The Charity also offers its meeting rooms free of charge to other sector organisations.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the Charity's aims and objectives and in planning future activities.

## Risk management

The Trustees have a formal risk management process to assess business risks and view the strategic management of risk as an integral part of their decision-making processes, supporting effective planning and evaluation of its activities. The key risks faced by the Charity are as follows:

Risk	How the risk is managed
Liquidity, including pension liability risk.	<p>Ongoing monitoring of our cash holding position against our policy, which stipulates that sufficient cash is held to fund ongoing operations.</p> <p>Percentage of total return budget determined annually by Trustees.</p> <p>Regular monitoring of financial performance.</p> <p>Current pension liability deficit recognised on balance sheet and funding plan in place.</p> <p>Ongoing monitoring to avoid potential debt / penalty triggers.</p>
Major fall in capital values across investment and property portfolios.	<p>Holdings are across London real estate (89%), equities and cash, providing some diversification. Also, some diversification within the property portfolio, which includes commercial (mainly retail) and residential properties. Fall in property value does not necessarily mean fall in rental income. Only circa 11% of investment assets held in stock market. In assessing the total rate of return, a trigger point is reached if property values fall by 10% - the total return rate would then be reviewed by the Trustees.</p> <p>The total return rate is reviewed annually by Trustees.</p>
Global and national events and economic threats leading to loss of income from equities portfolio and residential and commercial property portfolios.	<p>The Trustees have considered the possible risks and have put in place measures to maintain income and reduce future expenditure if required. The position is kept under constant review and the Trustees will, as required, take necessary steps to ensure the charity continues as a going concern.</p>

Risk	How the risk is managed
Unexpected health and safety incident in residential or commercial properties leading to damage to property and endangering safety of tenants and other members of the public.	Compliance procedures including reporting are in place to ensure that we adhere to the current legislation. The charity will keep abreast of changes and potential changes in legislation so that they can be planned for and ensure ongoing compliance is maintained. Independent experts review the estate.
Damage to reputation.	Extensive external stakeholder management and engagement. Regular monitoring of relevant internal policies and staff training in place, in particular those regarding safeguarding vulnerable people and GDPR.

The Trustees confirm that they have reviewed the major risks and processes for addressing them have been implemented.

## Activities during year ending 31 March 2025

### Education

We believe that everyone should have the opportunity to thrive and achieve in education so that they are prepared and ready for employment. We want to ensure barriers that make it difficult for blind and partially sighted students to achieve successful outcomes are removed.

Our education work supports blind and partially sighted students, their parents and carers and the professionals that support them to get the most out of primary, secondary, college and university education. We do this in several ways:

- **Education Service:** Our information, advice and guidance service supports students, their parents/carers and the professionals that support them to navigate primary, secondary, further and higher education. As part of our offer, we attend events and information sessions to talk through key areas of support on navigating education. We have an extensive range of online resources, which we have developed and refined to support the education journey. This has included a focus on socialising in schools and accessing physical education.
- **Participation:** Our Young Voices have been working hard on their retail and sports campaign and have been learning skills around influencing key decision makers. Our Student Voices have been involved in a range of activities, including presenting at Parliamentary receptions and providing evidence at an Education Select Committee. We launched our 'STEP into Education' our transitions offer, which is for students moving onto college or university; our events provide a safe space for students to talk about their experiences, ask questions and to hear from other students.
- **Technology:** We launched new resources for students to get the most out of technology in education. We have also built relationships with tech companies to review and understand the technology used by pupils and students in education.
- **Education Policy:** We launched Vision for VI Education: Building Blocks for Change report, which sets out what we believe government needs to do to ensure that blind and partially sighted students can access education. We have submitted evidence to the Education Select Committee and other government consultations. The Assistance and Access for All campaign has enabled us to meet with several colleges regarding their accessibility and support for disabled students. Our work on Disabled Students' Allowance has continued and we gave evidence at the Education Select Committee

on the reforms. We have continued to work with the Student Loans Company to regularly review the reforms and their impact on blind and partially sighted students.

## **Engagement**

Sight Loss Councils (SLCs) are volunteer-led groups, advocating for change and inclusion for blind and partially sighted people.

There have been several expansions of existing SLC areas in the past year, as well as the establishment of two new Sight Loss Councils, increasing the number of SLCs to 25 across the UK - [Meet the Councils - \(sightlosscouncils.org.uk\)](https://sightlosscouncils.org.uk).

Each Sight Loss Council is made up of around 8-12 blind or partially sighted members who meet monthly to discuss accessibility issues and plan projects in their regions to support TPT's national priority areas of the Built Environment, Transport and Health and Fitness, as well as local project areas of Arts and Culture, and Retail.

- **Built Environment**

We launched the Cut it Back campaign, creating a series of [videos](#) to raise awareness of the barriers blind and partially sighted people face when navigating the streets. These videos encourage people to cut back their own foliage and report other overgrown vegetation.

The London SLCs launched their E-Bike charter, which has now gained three signatories from e-bike companies - Lime, Forest and Voi so far.

- **Transport**

In our continuing work to make buses accessible, SLCs created and launched approved bus and coach driver training materials, designed to inform bus and coach drivers of how best to support blind or partially sighted passengers. The 'Vision Impairment Awareness for Bus Drivers' training materials are available to all bus operators and trainers.

The [Confederation of Passenger Transport](#) (CPT) has approved the materials for their members, who make up 95 per cent of local bus services. They also make up 60 per cent of coach operators across the UK.

The [Driver and Vehicle Standards Agency](#) (DVSA) has confirmed the content is suitable and has met its conditions for approval for Certificate of Professional Competence (CPC). This is the training bus and coach drivers do every five years to carry out their job.

In our work to make trains accessible, SLCs across the Southeast, London and East of England were successful in receiving a grant from Govia Thameslink Railway's Your Station, Your Community fund to make six of their stations accessible. The project saw SLCs creating audio guides,

station maps, train maps and delivering ‘Coffee and Chat’ events to build people’s confidence with using the train.

Our work with Govia and trialling the AIRA app, which was later rolled out across the whole of the GTR network, was highly commended in the National Rail Awards 2024.

- **Health and Fitness**

Sight Loss Councils in the Southwest worked with Hospital Trusts to develop the first NHS audio guides for blind and partially sighted people. The new tools will help improve accessibility across hospitals in Gloucester, Cheltenham, and Bristol.

[Merseyside Sight Loss Council](#) worked with [Liverpool University](#) healthcare students to increase vision awareness and influence their work with future patients, improving their understanding of the challenges and barriers blind and partially sighted people face when accessing various health settings.

The Birmingham and Black Country SLC worked with Birmingham Community Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust to launch a pioneering initiative to improve the patient experience of blind and partially sighted individuals, in line with the Accessible Information Standard of NHS England. They also trained over 600 healthcare staff in vision awareness training. As part of this, they produced a [training documentary on sight loss](#).

- **Retail**

SLCs created a range of resources to provide support across the sector on how best to support blind and partially sighted customers. These include:

- [Top tips for retail staff assisting blind and partially sighted customers in store](#)
- [Top tips for supermarket staff assisting blind and partially sighted customers in store](#)
- [Mindful shopper poster](#)

- **Arts and Culture**

SLC members in Yorkshire were at the heart of developing a toolkit to support other SLCs in making arts and culture venues more accessible.

## **Employment**

Our employment service supports blind and partially sighted people looking to find employment.

Resources we offer include one-to-one employment advice and free career coaching. We offer group training and peer support events online. Our 'Let's Talk Jobs' monthly webinar has increased its audience fivefold in the past year. Our regular newsletter for job seekers has over a thousand subscribers.

The 'We Work' section of our website shows a series of videos which portray BPS people working in a range of roles and sectors.

The year saw an increase of 25% in clients supported by our "Works For Me" programme, amounting to 345 individual job seekers. Growth in the service is strong, due, we believe, to a growing professional reputation in the sector and effective work by our Communications colleagues.

We offer a comprehensive service to clients with high quality assistive tech advice and a Volunteer Mentoring Scheme which launched in 2024/25.

We have continued to provide support to Get Set Progress interns on their journey from internship to further employment.

Throughout the year we contributed to the Vision Partnership Employment Strand. We continue to suggest measures to improve the speed and efficiency of the Access to Work scheme and participate in the DWP Access to Work Forum.

Although the Employment Team is focussed on practical service delivery, we have a growing presence in policy-related areas, working alongside colleagues in Public Affairs and Campaigns. We support work on TPT consultation responses and were invited to submit a response to the "Keep Britain Working" review led by Sir Charlie Mayfield.

### **Internships**

We have continued to grow our internship programme, Get Set Progress (GSP), and through our continued funding partnership with RNIB and People's Postcode Lottery, we were able to offer 31 new internship roles this year. We welcomed employers from the public, private and voluntary sectors, and excitingly this year were offered roles with Channel 4 and the NHS. We also celebrated our 100<sup>th</sup> intern participating in the programme. We continue to achieve our target of 85% of interns finding employment within six months of ending their internship.

### **Volunteering**

Volunteers play a significant role in delivering our strategy, providing a voice and opportunity to shape change through our SLCs, Young Voices, Student Voices, Sighted Guides and mentors.

We currently have nearly 300 volunteers, who are predominantly blind or partially sighted and who all work actively on projects that will bring about change to improve the lives of blind and partially sighted people.



## **Safeguarding**

We have a designated safeguarding lead in place within the organisation and individuals with safeguarding responsibility at executive team and Board level. All staff receive regular training updates and opportunities to discuss concerns with the designated safeguarding lead.

## **Housing**

Whilst our revised strategy over the past decade has meant the focus of the organisation has moved away from housing, for historical reasons we continue to provide housing for BPS people to live independently at Pocklington Lodge in west London. In November 2024 a consultation was held with the tenants to discuss the future of Pocklington Lodge. After an extensive consultation involving over 40 meetings the Board carefully considered the future of the building and decided it would be better if it was managed by an organisation that focussed on housing. This would be likely to involve a transfer of ownership. The tenants were informed of this decision in June 2025 and we are currently in discussion with interested parties. It has been made very clear to everyone that security of tenancies and their affordability is of paramount importance to the future of Pocklington Lodge.

## **Financial Performance**

Our total funds are made up of our permanent endowment, restricted funds and unrestricted funds.

The Trustees have adopted a policy of applying a total return rate of 3.5% (2024: 3.5%) of the opening value of the permanent endowment to income; in accordance with the policy £5.4m (2024: £5.7m) was transferred from the permanent endowment to unrestricted.

The net amount spent on our charitable aims in the period, before gains and losses on investments and before the total return transfer from the permanent endowment, was £5.5m (2024: £5.1m).

Overall, including net income from the permanent endowment and after gains and losses on investments in the year, we generated a deficit of £3.7m (2024: £8.0m deficit).

We monitor the level of unrestricted reserves against the risks identified on our risk register and the anticipated need for change. As at 31 March 2025, we held £11.1m (2024: £10.2m) in unrestricted funds, £6k (2024: £12k) in

restricted funds and £154.8m (2024: £159.5m) in the permanent endowment with total funds of £166m (2024: £169.7m).

## **Investment Policy**

The Charity's investment powers are governed by the Articles of Association, which permit the funds to be invested in stocks and unit trusts, freehold land and long leasehold land.

The investment policy currently sets out that we seek to achieve a long-term overall return of CPI+3%. It recognises that a significant part of the overall return will be in the form of capital appreciation rather than income. Under the Total Return investment approach, we are able to access some of the capital appreciation from the permanent endowment to release additional funds for expenditure on our charitable activities in the future.

The investment policy considers the split of investment, recognising that diversification across asset classes is a key element of building an efficient investment strategy but that investment properties, which have served so well historically, will continue to form the core of our portfolio. The policy therefore looks to further diversify our investments beyond property, but within a limited ultimate target range of 75% to 85% in property holdings. Achievement of this re-balancing will be carried out slowly over time as opportunistic property sales arise within our plans for maintaining a core property portfolio.

The primary purpose of our investment property portfolio, which includes a mix of residential and commercial units, is to generate funds to enable us to meet our objectives in the short and long term. The day-to-day strategy for the portfolio is to maintain and improve properties to an appropriate market standard where a balance is struck between maximising income and minimising voids. Opportunities are taken to refurbish properties, particularly when possession is obtained from statutory tenants, and opportunistic sales may be made where there are favourable market circumstances.

Day to day management of our residential properties is conducted in-house, with external oversight and management of the commercial portfolio undertaken by a professional property management company, Tandem.

Some of the Charity's investments are in the form of cash deposits and equities; as such the Charity is exposed to credit, price and liquidity risks. The Charity seeks to minimise these risks by depositing cash in several UK FSCS protected banks with higher credit ratings and diversifying our equity

holdings by investing in equities via listed investment funds with a broad global equity exposure that have a high threshold on environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues; this also satisfies our responsible investor values.

## **Reserves Policy**

Our unrestricted reserves are maintained to provide funds to offset any unexpected events which may arise, including volatility in the transfers from the permanent endowment due to changes in the London property market, and to provide for major planned events including new developments and research. As at 31 March 2025 free reserves were £11.1m (2024: £10.2m).

The permanent endowment reserves reflect capital growth accumulated prior to the adoption of the total return approach on 1 April 2016.

## **Plans for the Future and Achieving our Priorities**

We will continue to work to improve the accessibility of services across the public, private, and voluntary sectors and raise awareness of the issues faced by blind and partially sighted people in their community, through the delivery of SLCs across the UK. We will continue to work with sector partners to deliver SLCs in Scotland and Wales.

We will be working with Vocal Eyes, a charity seeking to make art and heritage venues and exhibitions inclusive, so that museums across the UK can be made more accessible for blind and partially sighted people. This work has been made possible thanks to a grant from the Heritage Lottery Fund.

We will continue to develop and expand our successful intern programme, Get Set Progress, encouraging BPS people into nine-month internships where they will be able to gain valuable skills and experience that can be taken into future employment, working with partner organisations within all sectors to offer high quality internship opportunities. We will place particular emphasis on working with corporate partners to offer a wide range of opportunities.

The employment team will continue to increase both the number of clients who access our service and those who are successful in obtaining paid work. Our pilot “Working Well with Sight Loss” residential course will be delivered, and we will continue to offer blind and partially sighted people opportunities to participate in future courses. We will continue to engage directly with more employers, enhancing their awareness of such issues as the Access to Work Scheme and reasonable adjustments in the workplace.

We will be partnering with Guide Dogs to deliver our relaunched Education Information, Advice and Guidance Service (previously the Student Support Service) which will be supporting those in education aged 7 and above.

We will continue to develop our Education Participation work with students. Our current cohort of Young Voices will 'graduate' and we will be recruiting a new group onto the 18-month programme. We will continue to develop opportunities for our Student Voices to engage with improving access to education for blind and partially sighted students. Our 'Step' programme supporting students through key education transitions will be evaluated and adapted ready for the launch of the second round of the programme. We will also be developing resources, support and information on technology in education, enabling students to have the skillsets needed for independent learning.

Our Education Policy work will continue, with a focus on engaging in the government's review of SEND provision, making a strong case for the needs of pupils and students with low incidence disabilities, including vision impairment to be addressed.

We will continue to play an active role in the sector-wide Vision Partnership, supporting a review which had become necessary following structural changes with some of our partner organisations.

We are also working with partners on two major funding programmes – Children and Young People and Access to Technology, both of which could have a transformational approach on how the sector supports those in education and job seekers.

We are continuing to build our Parliamentary engagement and the connections we have developed via the APPG and our work on Employment.

We will launch our new grants programme with the theme of Educational Transitions in July, with a much stronger focus on understanding impact and how our funding can bring about positive change. We will evaluate the "themed approach" with a view to repeating this for other elements of our strategy in future. We are also piloting an "Experts by Experience" panel as part of our grant making process for the first time. The panel will include participants from Young Voices and Student Voices, a parent, a Qualified Teacher for Vision Impaired (QTVI) and subject area experts from our Education team. We anticipate that this approach will make our grant-making even more relevant to the needs of BPS people.

We will continue to refine and roll out our business planning and quarterly monitoring system through Salesforce (our CRM system) and build our system further to support strategic and organisational delivery.

We support and commission research, with a particular focus on the VI Insight Hub and finding a sector-wide sustainable solution to sharing and jointly commissioning research, insights and evidence. This will be used to inform all aspects of our work. We will also launch our “International Approaches to Supporting Blind and Partially Sighted People in July.

We will continue to expand our communications activity, refining our tone of voice and considering the performance of our brand.

The New Horizons leadership programme pilot will be evaluated and we will host the second Lived Experience Leadership Conference in March 2026.

Following the production of our first thematic business plans (Education, Employment, Health, Built Environment and Transport), we will also develop stronger linkages with corporates that can support in our key strategy areas.

Internally we promote a positive workplace culture and develop our people through our professional development, mentoring and performance management programmes. We believe this is critical to deliver our aims and objectives and we will continue to ensure that our people understand the value of their contribution to the people we serve.

The Charity does not undertake direct fundraising; no complaints have been made to the Fundraising Regulator during the year in this respect.

## **Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities**

The Trustees are responsible for preparing the Trustees' Annual Report incorporating the Strategic Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

Under company law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable Company and of the income and expenditure of the charitable Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP; make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable Company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for ensuring adequate accounting records are kept which are sufficient to show and explain the charitable Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable Company, enabling them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and

dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

## **Disclosure of Information to Auditor**

Insofar as the Trustees are aware at the time of approving our Trustees' Annual Report:

- there is no relevant information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing their report, of which the charitable Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the Trustees, having made enquiries of fellow directors and the charitable Company's auditor that they ought to have individually taken, have each taken all steps that they are obliged to take as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

To read more about our work please refer to our website [www.pocklington.org.uk](http://www.pocklington.org.uk).

Approved by the Directors on 11 September 2025

Signed on behalf of the Directors by:

  
MJ Williamson (Sep 11, 2025 19:25:11 GMT+1)

**Mervyn Williamson, Chair**  
Registered Office:

3 Queen Square  
London  
WC1N 3AR

# **Independent auditor's report to the members of Thomas Pocklington Trust**

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Thomas Pocklington Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively,



may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Other information**

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Annual report which includes the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report prepared for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report included within the Trustees' Annual report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified

material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' Report included within the Trustees' Annual report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate and proper accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

## **Responsibilities of Trustees**

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on pages 21-22, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

Based on our understanding of the charity and its industry, we considered that non-compliance with the following laws and regulations might have a material effect on the financial statements: employment regulation, health and safety regulation and anti-money laundering regulation.

To help us identify instances of non-compliance with these laws and regulations, and in identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect to non-compliance, our procedures included, but were not limited to:

- Inquiring of management and, where appropriate, those charged with governance, as to whether the charity is in compliance with laws and regulations, and discussing their policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations;
- Inspecting correspondence, if any, with relevant licensing or regulatory authorities;
- Communicating identified laws and regulations to the engagement team and remaining alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout our audit; and
- Considering the risk of acts by the company which were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the preparation of the financial statements, such as pension legislation and the Companies Act 2006 and the Charities Statement of Recommended Practice.

In addition, we evaluated the trustees' and management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements, including the risk of management override of controls, and determined that the principal risks related to posting manual journal entries to manipulate financial performance and income recognition (which we pinpointed to the cut-off assertion), and significant one-off or unusual transactions.

Our audit procedures in relation to fraud included but were not limited to:

- Making enquiries of the trustees and management on whether they had knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Gaining an understanding of the internal controls established to mitigate risks related to fraud;
- Discussing amongst the engagement team the risks of fraud; and
- Addressing the risks of fraud through management override of controls by performing journal entry testing.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above and the primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of irregularities including fraud rests with management. As with any audit, there remained a risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Use of the audit report**

This report is made solely to the charity's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Signed: NJ Wakefield  
Nicola Wakefield (Sep 23, 2025 22:14:59 GMT+1)

### **Nicola Wakefield (Senior Statutory Auditor)**

for and on behalf of Forvis Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

6 Sutton Plaza, Sutton Court Road, Sutton, Surrey SM1 4FS

Date: 23/09/2025

## Statement of Financial Activities for year ended 31 March 2025

		Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Permanent endowment	Total funds	Total funds
	Notes	2025	2025	2025	2025	2024
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Income and endowments from:</b>						
Donations and other activities	5	27	-	-	27	29
Charitable activities	6	726	168	-	894	768
Investments	7	95	-	5,589	5,684	5,442
<b>Total income</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>848</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>5,589</b>	<b>6,605</b>	<b>6,239</b>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>						
Raising funds	10	11	-	(2,074)	(2,063)	(1,409)
Charitable activities						
Understanding needs		(1,793)	-	-	(1,793)	(1,726)
Meeting needs		(3,534)	(174)	-	(3,708)	(3,390)
Total	11	(5,327)	(174)	-	(5,501)	(5,116)
Other expenditure		-	-	(112)	(112)	(119)
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>(5,316)</b>	<b>(174)</b>	<b>(2,186)</b>	<b>(7,676)</b>	<b>(6,644)</b>
Net (loss) on investments		-	-	(2,655)	(2,655)	(7,259)
<b>Net (expenditure)/income</b>		<b>(4,468)</b>	<b>(6)</b>	<b>748</b>	<b>(3,726)</b>	<b>(7,664)</b>
Transfer between funds	25	5,401	-	(5,401)	-	-
<b>Other recognised gains and losses</b>						
Actuarial (loss) on defined benefit pension scheme		-	-	-	-	(303)
<b>Net Movement in funds</b>		<b>933</b>	<b>(6)</b>	<b>(4,653)</b>	<b>(3,726)</b>	<b>(7,967)</b>
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>						
Total funds brought forward		10,185	12	159,488	169,685	177,652
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		<b>11,118</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>154,835</b>	<b>165,959</b>	<b>169,685</b>

## Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2025

	Notes	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
<b>Fixed assets:</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	18	5,344	5,188
Investments	19	162,589	166,161
		<u>167,933</u>	<u>171,349</u>
<b>Current assets:</b>			
Debtors	20	513	377
Cash at bank and in hand		1,840	2,680
		<u>2,353</u>	<u>3,057</u>
<b>Creditors – amounts falling due within one year</b>	21	<u>(1,912)</u>	<u>(1,776)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>441</u>	<u>1,281</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>168,374</u>	<u>172,630</u>
<b>Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	22	<u>(2,415)</u>	<u>(2,945)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>165,959</u></u>	<u><u>169,685</u></u>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Unrestricted funds	24	11,118	10,185
Restricted funds	24	6	12
Permanent endowment funds	24	154,835	159,488
<b>Total funds</b>		<u><u>165,959</u></u>	<u><u>169,685</u></u>

These accounts were approved by the Trustees on 11 September 2025 and were signed on their behalf by:

*MJ Williamson*

MJ Williamson (Sep 11, 2025 19:25:11 GMT+1)

**Mervyn Williamson**  
**Director**

Company registered number: 05359336

## Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025

	2025 £'000	2025 £'000	2024 £'000	2024 £'000
<b>Reconciliation of net (expenditure) to net cash used in operating activities</b>				
Net (expenditure), including dividends and interest	(3,726)		(7,967)	
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation	39		38	
Net loss on investments	2,655		7,259	
Movement in debtors	(136)		154	
Movement in creditors due within less than one year	115		(345)	
Movement in creditors falling due after more than one year	(375)		(217)	
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>		(1,428)		(1,078)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>				
Addition of property, plant and equipment	(195)		(127)	
Addition of investment properties	(1,009)		(973)	
Acquisition of equity investments	(72)		(3,182)	
Disposal of equity investments	2,054		5,210	
<b>Net cash provided by investing activities</b>		778		928
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>				
Repayment of loan		(134)		(122)
<b>Net Cash (Outflow)</b>		(784)		(272)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>				
At 1 April 2024		2,949		3,221
At 31 March 2025		2,165		2,949
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>				
<i>Cash at bank, held by investment managers</i>		325		269
Other cash at bank and in hand		1,840		2,680
		2,165		2,949

# **Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2025**

## **1. Charity information**

Thomas Pocklington Trust (“the Trust”) is a private company limited by guarantee and is incorporated in England; the registered office address is 3 Queen Square, London, WC1N 3AR and the registered number is 05359336. The company is also a registered charity number 1113729.

In the event of the Company being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £10 per member. The number of members as at 31 March 2025 was 9 (2024 – 10).

Details of the principal activity of the company are given in the accompanying narrative reporting.

## **2. Accounting policies**

### **Basis of accounting**

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (“FRS 102”), Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to Charities preparing their accounts in accordance with FRS 102 (effective 1 January 2019) (the SORP) and the Companies Act 2006.

The Trust is a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets in accordance with the Trust’s accounting policies.

### **Uniting direction**

The accounts include the results of both the Thomas Pocklington Trust Charity and the Permanent Endowment Fund of the Gift of Thomas Pocklington, which are combined for reporting purposes under the uniting direction issued by the Charity Commission on 2 May 2006.

### **Going concern**

The accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis as, after making enquiries, the Trustees have reasonable assurance that the Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The Trustees have reviewed detailed cash flow projections to 30 September 2026 and have agreed detailed budgets for the



year ended 31 March 2026. Both sources of income and types of expenditure have been reviewed. The Trustees have also considered the charity's working capital and capital expenditure requirements. As a result of the foregoing the Trustees are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

## **Income**

All income is included in the Statement of Financial Activities when the charity has entitlement to the funds, any performance conditions have been met, it is probable that the income will be received, and the amount can be measured reliably.

The following specific policies apply to categories of income:

- **Voluntary income**

All voluntary income is recognised as soon as it is received. Gifts in kind are stated at Trustees' valuation.

- **Investment income**

Dividends, bank interest and rent are recognised on a receivable basis.

- **Fees, rent and other income**

All income from rents for housing is recognised as soon as it becomes due to the Charity. Any lease incentives are recognised on a straight-line basis over the non-cancellable lease term.

- **Grants receivable**

Grants are accounted for using the performance model.

## **Expenditure**

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under headings that aggregate all costs relating to the category.

- **Raising funds**

Raising funds comprises expenditure incurred in managing, maintaining and repairing investment properties along with investment management fees and staff costs, wholly or mainly attributable support costs and apportionment of general overheads.

- **Charitable activities**

Costs of charitable activities comprise all costs identified as wholly or mainly attributable to achieving the charitable objectives of the Charity, including the costs of disseminating information in support of charitable

activities and governance costs. These costs include staff costs, wholly or mainly attributable support costs and an apportionment of general overheads.

### **Research and development costs**

Research and development costs are accounted for on an accruals basis and are recognised at the point an obligation has been established.

### **Grant expenditure**

Grants provided by the Trust to other charities and organisations are recognised when a constructive obligation is established, and any performance conditions have been met by the recipient.

### **Employee benefits**

The Trust provides a range of benefits to employees, including paid holiday arrangements and defined contribution pension plan and a historic defined benefit plan. These are recognised as follows;

- **Short term benefits**

Short term benefits, including termination benefits, holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

- **Defined contribution pension plan**

The Trust operates a defined contribution plan, whereby it pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Trust has no further payment obligations. The contributions are recognised as an expense in the period to which they relate. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Trust in independently administered funds.

- **Historic defined benefit pension plan**

The Trust participates in the Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS), a multi-employer defined benefit plan. The Scheme is funded and is contracted out of the State scheme. The Trust has recognised its share of the Plan's assets and liabilities and any change in the liability so recognised is recorded as a cost of charitable activities in the Statement of Financial Activities.

### **Operating lease payments**

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities on a straight-line basis over the non-cancellable lease

term. Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to enter into an operating lease are also spread on a straight-line basis over the non-cancellable lease term.

### **Value added tax**

Value added tax is not recoverable by the Charity, and as such is included in the relevant costs in the Statement of Financial Activities.

### **Taxation**

No provision has been made for corporation tax or deferred tax as the entity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and cash at bank, including cash held by the Trust's investment managers.

### **Property plant and equipment**

Previously freehold functional properties were stated at open market value on an existing use basis and depreciation was provided at 1% per annum. On transition to FRS 102 on 1 April 2014, the Charity decided not to continue its previous policy of revaluation and instead elected to use the previous valuation as at the transition date as the deemed cost.

Other fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation and impairments.

Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the expected economic lives of the assets at the following annual rates:

Freehold buildings	1% per annum
Furniture and equipment	25% per annum
Motor vehicles	25% per annum
Leasehold improvements	over the duration of the lease
Freehold land is not depreciated	

At each balance sheet date, property, plant and equipment is assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. If there is such an indication, the recoverable amount of the asset is compared to the carrying amount of the asset. The recoverable amount is the higher of the value in use or the fair value of the property. If the carrying value is greater than the value in use, an impairment provision equal to the excess is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Activities.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in expenditure in the Statement of Financial Activities.

## **Investments**

- **Listed investments**

Investments in listed securities are stated at their fair value, which is derived from quoted market prices. Gains or losses arising on revaluation are credited or charged to the fund to which the investments belong.

- **Investment properties**

Investment properties are stated at their fair value taking account of existing tenancies.

No depreciation is provided on these properties.

Works to properties are capitalised when the work is expected to increase the value of the property. The cost of other work is treated as a repair cost and is expensed in the Statement of Financial Activity.

## **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when the Trust becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Trust has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets or financial liabilities.

Trade and other similar debtors and creditors, including rent arrears and rent paid in advance, are classified as basic financial instruments and measured at initial recognition at transaction price. Such debtors and creditors are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, save that amounts expected to be settled within 12 months are not discounted. An impairment provision is established when there is objective evidence that the Trust will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Cash and cash equivalents are classified as basic financial instruments and are initially recognised at their transaction price and subsequently at amortised cost.

Interest-bearing bank and other loans which meet the criteria to be classified as basic financial instruments are initially recorded at the present value of cash payable to the counterparty, which is ordinarily equal to the proceeds received net of direct issue costs. These liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Investments in equity instruments are classified as basic and are stated at their fair value.

### **3. Key sources of estimation uncertainty and judgements**

The preparation of accounts in conformity with generally accepted accounting practice requires management to make judgements and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, as well as the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the statement of financial position date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

- **Investment property valuations**

Investment properties are recognised at their fair value, which is estimated based on a combination of expected future net income from the properties and market yield rates, and by reference to recent comparable market transactions.

- **Useful lives**

Depreciation of assets is calculated based on the cost and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

### **4. Fund Accounting**

#### **Permanent Endowment**

The Charity was established by a Charity Commission Scheme incorporating the terms of the bequest from Thomas Pocklington, who died in 1935. He left the majority of his estate to provide for the care, welfare and instruction of people who are blind or partially sighted and directed that the bequest should be used as permanent capital to support these activities. As stipulated in Thomas Pocklington's will, the assets comprising the bequest were transferred to the Charity in 1958 and formed the basis of

its permanent endowment. The assets are invested in investment property, securities or, with Charity Commission consent, in properties occupied by the Trust's service users.

As from 31 March 2016 the charity has adopted the Total Return approach to the Endowment, in recognition of the fact that investment return from the Endowment is largely in the form of capital growth. The Trustees have determined that an element of this growth should be applied to charitable activities, to ensure a balance between funds made available for current and future beneficiaries.

### **Restricted Funds**

The Restricted funds include the balance of the amenity funds set up when we had housing centres; the balance is used to benefit blind and partially sighted people living in London.

Income which is restricted as to its use is allocated to a separate fund and only expenditure within the restriction is charged to the fund.

### **General Funds**

The remainder of the Charity's funds are unrestricted funds, which provides the Charity free reserves and monies available for general purposes and charitable activities.

## **5. Donations and other activities**

	<b>2025</b> <b>£'000</b>	<b>2024</b> <b>£'000</b>
<b>Unrestricted Funds</b>		
Other income	27	29
<b>Total</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>29</b>

## 6. Income from charitable activities

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
<b>Unrestricted Funds</b>		
Housing	689	618
Other Income	37	-
	<b>726</b>	<b>618</b>
<b>Restricted Funds</b>		
Grants	168	150
	<b>168</b>	<b>150</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>894</b>	<b>768</b>

Income from charitable activities arises from the *Meeting Needs* charitable activity.

## 7. Investment income

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
<b>Permanent Endowment Funds</b>		
Gross rents receivable - UK properties	5,587	5,334
Bank interests, and dividends and interest on listed investments	2	4
	<b>5,589</b>	<b>5,338</b>
<b>Unrestricted Funds</b>		
Bank interests, and dividends and interest on listed investments	95	104
	<b>95</b>	<b>104</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,684</b>	<b>5,442</b>

## 8. Analysis of income by source

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Provision of services	689	618
Rentals	5,587	5,334
Grants	168	150
Legacy	2	1
Donations	25	28
Dividends and interest	97	108
Other income	37	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,605</b>	<b>6,239</b>

## 9. Leases

Commercial properties are let under leases with a typical duration of ten years. The rents are subject to rent reviews every five years, when they are increased to current market rent. In most cases the tenancies are subject to the provisions of the Landlord and Tenants Acts, which give the tenants renewal rights or the right to receive compensation if the tenancy is not renewed.

The residential tenancies are generally assured shorthold tenancies of a fixed rent and duration (typically one year). The tenants have no rights once the tenancies have expired. No tenant has the right to acquire the leased property.

## 10. Raising Funds

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
<b>Permanent endowment fund</b>		
Investment property costs	1,881	1,255
Staff costs (including recruitment and training)	151	124
Office costs	39	39
Investment costs	3	(2)
	<u><b>2,074</b></u>	<u><b>1,416</b></u>
<b>Unrestricted funds</b>		
Investment management costs	<u>(11)</u>	<u>(7)</u>
	<u><b>(11)</b></u>	<u><b>(7)</b></u>
<b>Total</b>	<u><b>2,063</b></u>	<u><b>1,409</b></u>



## 11. Charitable activities

	<b>Direct costs £'000</b>	<b>Grants £'000</b>	<b>Support costs £'000</b>	<b>Total £'000</b>
<b>Year ended 31 March 2025</b>				
Understanding needs	1,551	-	242	1,793
Meeting needs	2,474	745	489	3,708
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,025</b>	<b>745</b>	<b>731</b>	<b>5,501</b>
<b>Year ended 31 March 2024</b>				
Understanding needs	1,648	(144)	222	1,726
Meeting needs	2,091	864	435	3,390
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,739</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>657</b>	<b>5,116</b>

Of the 2025 expenditure no amounts (2024: £nil) relate to the permanent endowment and £174k (2024: £179k) relate to restricted funds.

## 12. Grants

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
<b>Understanding needs:</b>		
Research grants	-	194
<b>Meeting needs:</b>		
<b>Regular grants programme:</b>		
Visionary	115	240
Wales Council of the Blind	90	-
Sight Support West of England	80	110
Metro Blind Sports	75	79
Sight Scotland	33	125
Sense Northern Ireland	20	35
My sight Nottinghamshire	20	-
Esme's Umbrella	15	5
Sight Concern Worcestershire	5	-
Other organisations, donations, programmes and sponsorship <£10k	47	73
Scottish Tech Army	-	20
British Youth Council	-	27
Blind in Business	-	17
VICTA	-	15
Berkshire Vision	-	10
Bravo Victor*	-	(347)
MySight York*	-	(26)
London Vision*	-	(10)
Seescape AKA Fife Society for the Blind**	-	(10)
Other write backs due to lower project cost than award**	-	(16)

	2025	2024
	£'000	£'000
<b>Get Set Progress Internship programme:</b>		
Royal Free London NHS Foundation Trust	29	-
Beacon Centre for the Blind	19	9
Channel 4	11	-
Metro Blind Sports	11	-
General Optical Council	10	10
Nystagmus Network	10	10
Nicholson & Co Accountancy	10	-
Sight Concern Worcestershire	10	-
Retina UK	10	17
RealSAM	10	10
My Vision Oxfordshire	10	9
Leeds Playhouse	10	9
Seable	9	9
Bury Society for Blind and Partially Sighted People	9	-
Senclude Limited	9	-
Herts Vision Loss	9	-
Kingston Upon Thames association for the blind	9	-
Sight Scotland	9	-
Transport for All	9	-
Redway HR	6	
Royal Holloway University of London	6	
Royal National College for the Blind	6	
UCAN Productions	5	
Visibilty Scotland	5	
Royal Society for Blind Children	4	
Macular Society	-	18
Zappar	-	10
Blatchington Court Trust	-	9
Bradbury Fields	-	9
Focus Birmingham	-	9
Fife Society for the Blind (Seescape)	-	9
Sight Scotland Veterans	-	9
Sight for Surrey	-	9
Southend in Sight	-	7
Sight for Wight	-	7
<b>Total</b>	<b>745</b>	<b>720</b>

The grants under Understanding Needs relate to research into how to prevent avoidable sight loss and how to provide the most effective support to alleviate sight loss. At the period end, the research commitments liability in the Statement of Financial Position amounted to £176k (2024: £314k). The grants under Meeting Needs are to support local, regional and national service provisions for vision impaired individuals and excludes the value of donated services.

### 13. Support costs

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
Finance	119	114
Human resources	211	166
Office services	246	256
Strategy and communications	123	121
Exceptional	36	-
Governance costs (note 14)	46	50
<b>Total</b>	<b>781</b>	<b>707</b>
Allocated to:		
Charitable activities	731	657
Investment support costs	50	50
<b>Total</b>	<b>781</b>	<b>707</b>

Support costs are allocated to investment costs and charitable activities based on a combination of the cost in each area (excluding direct investment costs) and estimates of the time spent by support staff members on specific charitable activities. Payments made under operating leases included above were £129k (2024 - £133k).

### 14. Governance costs

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
<b>Unrestricted funds</b>		
External auditor's fees	42	44
Other professional and legal fees	-	2
Trustee costs (note 15)	4	4
	<b>46</b>	<b>50</b>
<b>Endowment funds</b>		
Property valuation fees	8	11
<b>Total</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>61</b>

## 15. Expenses paid to Trustees

	<b>2025</b> <b>£'000</b>	<b>2024</b> <b>£'000</b>
Travel and accommodation expenses paid to 4 Trustees (2024: 4)	<u><b>1</b></u>	<u><b>4</b></u>

No Trustee received any remuneration (2024: £nil).

## 16. Senior Staff

The number of employees receiving emoluments above £60,000 were:

	<b>2025</b> <b>Number</b>	<b>2024</b> <b>Number</b>
£60,000 - £70,000	2	1
£70,001 - £80,000	-	-
£80,001 - £90,000	2	2
£90,001 - £100,000	1	-
£100,001 - £120,000	-	-
£120,001 - £130,000	-	1
<b>Total</b>	<u><b>5</b></u>	<u><b>4</b></u>

The key management personnel of the charity comprise the Trustees, the Chief Executive, the Director of Partnerships, the Director of Services and the Director of Resources. The total employee benefits of the key management personnel of the Trust were £407k (2024: £385k).

## 17. Officers and employees

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>Headcount</b>	<b>Headcount</b>
Average number of persons employed by the Charity was:	<u>79</u>	<u>74</u>
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
The costs incurred in respect of employees were as follows:		
Salaries	3,087	2,865
Redundancy and ex-gratia payments	36	12
National Insurance	307	279
Pension contributions		
- Recurring defined contribution expenses	154	148
- (Decrease)/Increase in past service cost provision re defined benefit scheme (note 27)	(13)	290
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>3,571</u></b>	<b><u>3,594</u></b>

The redundancy and ex-gratia costs were paid from the Charity's accumulated reserves and related to enhanced statutory redundancy costs. £13k was outstanding at the year end. (2024: £12k)

## 18. Property, plant and equipment

Previously freehold functional properties were stated at open market value on an existing use basis and depreciation was provided at 1% per annum. On transition to FRS 102 on 1 April 2014, the Charity decided not to continue its previous policy of revaluation and instead elected to use the previous valuation as at the transition date as the deemed cost.

Subsequent depreciation is based on the deemed cost of each property at the transition date and its remaining useful life.

	Freehold land & buildings £'000	Furniture, equipment & leasehold improvements £'000	Total £'000
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2024	5,555	102	5,657
Additions	195	-	195
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	5,750	102	5,852
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2024	367	102	469
Charge	39	-	39
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 March 2025	406	102	508
<b>Net book value at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>5,344</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,344</b>
Net book value at 31 March 2024	5,188	-	5,188
<b>Historic cost at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>3,381</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>3,439</b>
Historic cost at 31 March 2024	3,186	58	3,244

## 19. Fixed asset investments

	UK investment properties £'000	Listed investments £'000	Cash £'000	Total funds £'000
<b>At 1 April 2024</b>	<b>146,674</b>	<b>19,218</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>166,161</b>
Additions	1,009	72	56	<b>1,137</b>
Disposals	-	(2,054)	-	<b>(2,054)</b>
(Loss)/Gain on revaluation	(2,891)	236	-	<b>(2,655)</b>
<b>Market value at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>144,792</b>	<b>17,472</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>162,589</b>
<b>Historic cost at 31 March 2025</b>	<b>19,103</b>	<b>9,399</b>	<b>325</b>	<b>28,827</b>
Historic cost at 31 March 2024	<b>18,094</b>	<b>11,381</b>	<b>269</b>	<b>29,744</b>

All listed investments relate to equities.

The following individual holdings exceed 5% of the listed investment portfolio:

SARASIN RESPONSIBLE GLOBAL EQUITY FUND (£8.2m, 47%)

SARASIN RESPONSIBLE GLOBAL EQUITY CLASS I (£8m, 46%)

SARASIN INCOME AND RESERVES FUND CLASS A ACC (£1.2m, 7%)

All residential properties were revalued by the Charity with reference to the data provided from the Hometrack valuation model.

A sample of 10 (2024: 10) commercial properties were revalued out of a total of 28 (2024: 28) properties. These properties were valued by independent valuers, all of whom are members of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and have appropriate and recent experience of undertaking such valuations. The revaluation was extrapolated to the other commercial properties.



## 20. Debtors

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
Trade debtors	408	264
Prepayments	104	113
Other debtors	1	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>513</b>	<b>377</b>

## 21. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
Bank loan	150	129
Trade creditors	100	85
Deferred income	429	352
Other taxes and social security	62	65
Other creditors	12	9
Research commitments	112	208
Accruals	695	605
Pension liability (note 27)	352	323
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,912</b>	<b>1,776</b>

The bank loan is secured against two properties.

## 22. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
Bank loan	1,623	1,778
Pension liability (note 27)	668	1,009
Research commitments	64	106
Accruals	60	52
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,415</b>	<b>2,945</b>

The bank loan, which is secured against two properties and bears interest at a rate of 1% above the bank base rate, is repayable by monthly instalments as follows:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>£'000</b>	<b>£'000</b>
Within 1 year	150	129
Within 1 to 2 years	158	139
Within 2 to 5 years	528	470
After more than 5 years	937	1,169
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,773</b>	<b>1,907</b>

## 23. Financial instruments

	2025 £'000	2024 £'000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Cash at bank and in hand	1,840	2,680
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss	17,797	19,487
Financial instruments that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	409	264
<b>Total</b>	<b>20,046</b>	<b>22,431</b>
 <b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	3,836	4,304

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss comprise listed investments and cash investments.

Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors, other debtors and accrued income.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, other creditors and accruals.

## 24. Analysis of funds

<b>At 31 March 2025</b>	<b>Permanent endowment £'000</b>	<b>Restricted funds £'000</b>	<b>Un- restricted Funds £'000</b>	<b>Total funds £'000</b>
Property, plant and equipment	5,334	-	10	<b>5,344</b>
Investments	151,263	-	11,326	<b>162,589</b>
Debtors	-	-	513	<b>513</b>
Cash at bank and in hand	-	6	1,834	<b>1,840</b>
Creditors due within one year	(139)	-	(1,773)	<b>(1,912)</b>
Creditors due after more than one year	(1,623)	-	(792)	<b>(2,415)</b>
	<b>154,835</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>11,118</b>	<b>165,959</b>
<b>At 31 March 2024</b>				
Property, plant and equipment	5,178	-	10	<b>5,188</b>
Investments	156,217	-	9,944	<b>166,161</b>
Debtors	-	-	377	<b>377</b>
Cash at bank and in hand	-	12	2,668	<b>2,680</b>
Creditors due within one year	(129)	-	(1,647)	<b>(1,776)</b>
Creditors due after more than one year	(1,778)	-	(1,167)	<b>(2,945)</b>
	<b>159,488</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>10,185</b>	<b>169,685</b>

Reserves arising from revaluations included in the above figures are as follows:

	<b>2025 £'000</b>	<b>2024 £'000</b>
As at 1 April 2024	<b>150,709</b>	<b>157,968</b>
Revaluations in the year	<b>(2,655)</b>	<b>(7,259)</b>
As at 31 March 2025	<b>148,054</b>	<b>150,709</b>

## 24a. Movement in Funds

	1 April 2024	Income	Expenditure	Transfer	Gains/ (Losses)	31 March 2025
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Restricted Funds</b>						
RNIB	6	150	(156)	-	-	-
Insight Hub	-	18	(18)	-	-	-
Other	6	-	-	-	-	6
<b>Total Restricted</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>(174)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Funds</b>						
<b>Unrestricted Funds</b>	<b>10,185</b>	<b>848</b>	<b>(5,316)</b>	<b>5,401</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>11,118</b>
<b>Permanent</b>	<b>159,488</b>	<b>5,589</b>	<b>(2,186)</b>	<b>(5,401)</b>	<b>(2,655)</b>	<b>154,835</b>
<b>Endowment</b>						
<b>Total Funds</b>	<b>169,685</b>	<b>6,605</b>	<b>(7,676)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(2,655)</b>	<b>165,959</b>

## 25. Permanent endowment

On 31 March 2016, by way of a resolution and made in accordance with the Charities (Total Return) Regulations 2013, the Trustees adopted the total return approach to investments. At this date, the total fund was analysed between the trust for investment, being the estimated value of the original gift to the Trust, and the unapplied total return, being the balance of the fund as shown below.

The initial value of the trust for investment was established from historical records of the value of the receipts of the original bequest to the Charity as follows:

	£'000
September 1958	517
December 1965	400
<b>Total</b>	<b>917</b>

Inflationary rises were applied to the original values to provide the trust for investment value below.

Subsequently, the investment income is allocated to the permanent endowment and the unapplied total return applied to income in the year is

applied in accordance with the Trustees' policy. This is explained in more detail in the Trustees' Annual Report and is permitted in accordance with the regulations.

	Trust for Investment £'000	Unapplied Total Return £'000	Total Endowment £'000
<b>At 1 April 2024</b>			
Gift component of the permanent endowment	17,888	-	17,888
Unapplied total return	-	141,600	141,600
<b>Total</b>	<b>17,888</b>	<b>141,600</b>	<b>159,488</b>
<b>Movements on 31 March 2024</b>			
Investment return: rentals, dividends and interest	-	5,589	5,589
Investment return: realised and unrealised gains/(losses)	-	(2,655)	(2,655)
Less: Other expenditure	-	(2,186)	(2,186)
	-	748	748
Unapplied total return allocated to income in the year	-	(5,401)	(5,401)
<b>Net movements in the year</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(4,653)</b>	<b>(4,653)</b>
<b>At 31 March 2025</b>			
Gift component of the permanent endowment	17,888	-	17,888
Unapplied total return	-	136,947	136,947
<b>Total</b>	<b>17,888</b>	<b>136,947</b>	<b>154,835</b>

## 26. Other reserves

The permanent endowment fund represents the current value of the original Gift of Thomas Pocklington, less amounts transferred to the unrestricted fund as explained in note 25.

The restricted funds represent the unexpended balance of the funds which have been received for specific purposes.

The unrestricted fund represents the accumulated surpluses and gains of the charity not otherwise reported in other funds.

## **27. Pension Scheme**

### **Social Housing Pension Scheme**

Thomas Pocklington Trust participates in the scheme, a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 500 non-associated employers. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, sets out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore, the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

The recent actuarial valuation of the scheme showed assets of £5.517m, liabilities of £6.514m and a deficit of £0.977m. The deficit is provided for in the accounts.

We have been notified by the Trustee of the Scheme that it has undertaken a review of the changes made to the Scheme's benefits over the years and the result is that there is uncertainty surrounding some of these changes. The Trustee has been advised to seek clarification from the Court on these items. The process is ongoing. It is recognised that this could potentially impact the value of the Scheme liabilities, but until Court directions are received, it is not possible to calculate the impact of this issue, particularly on an individual employer basis, with any accuracy at this time. No adjustment has been made in these financial statements in respect of this potential issue.

## 27. Pension Scheme (continued)

### Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit asset (liability)

	31 March 2025 £'000	31 March 2024 £'000
Fair value of plan assets	5,517	5,768
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(6,514)	(7,079)
Deficit in plan	(997)	(1,311)
<b>Defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised</b>	<b>(997)</b>	<b>(1,311)</b>

### Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	31 March 2025 £'000
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	7,079
Current service cost	
Expenses	14
Interest expense	334
Actuarial losses due to scheme experience	185
Actuarial (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(646)
Benefits paid and expenses	(452)
<b>Defined benefit obligation at end of period</b>	<b>6,514</b>

## 27. Pension Scheme (continued)

### Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	31 March 2025 £'000
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	5,768
Interest income	277
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) gain	(390)
Contributions by the employer	314
Contributions by plan participants	-
Benefits paid and expenses	(452)
<b>Fair value of plan assets at end of period</b>	<b>5,517</b>

### Defined benefit costs recognised in statement of financial activities (SOFA)

	Year to 31 March 2025 £'000
Expenses	14
Net interest expense	57
<b>Defined benefit costs recognised in SOFA</b>	<b>71</b>



## 27. Pension Scheme (continued)

### Defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive income

	Period ended 31 March 2025 £'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) loss	(390)
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – loss	(185)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain	-
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain	646
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) – gain	71
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income gain	71

### Assets

	31 March 2025 £'000	31 March 2024 £'000
Global Equity	618	575
Absolute Return	-	225
Distressed Opportunities	-	203
Credit Relative Value	-	189
Alternative Risk Premia	-	183
Liquid Alternatives	1,023	-
Emerging Markets Debt	-	75
Risk Sharing	-	338
Insurance – Linked Securities	17	30
Property	276	232
Infrastructure	1	582
Private Equity	5	5
Real Assets	660	-
Private Debt	-	227
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	-	225
Private Credit	675	-
Credit	211	-
Investment Grade Credit	170	-
High Yield	-	1
Cash	75	114
Long Lease Property	2	37
Secure Income	92	172
Liability Driven Investment	1,671	2,347
Currency Hedging	9	(2)
Net Current Assets	12	10
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>5,517</b>	<b>5,768</b>

## 27. Pension Scheme (continued)

### Key Assumptions

	31 March 2025 % per annum	31 March 2024 % per annum
Discount Rate	5.73	4.87
Inflation (RPI)	3.13	3.19
Inflation (CPI)	2.76	2.76
Salary Growth	3.76	3.76
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of maximum allowance	75% of maximum allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2025 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (Years)
Male retiring in 2025	20.5
Female retiring in 2025	23.0
Male retiring in 2045	21.7
Female retiring in 2045	24.5

## 28. Capital Commitments

At 31 March the company has a commitment of £300k for major works to comply with new fire safety regulations (2024 – £750k).

## 29. Operating Lease Commitments

At the balance sheet date, the company has future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases as follows:

	2025 Land & buildings £'000	2024 Land & buildings £'000
Within one year	105	105
Within two to five years	66	66
	<b>171</b>	<b>171</b>

### **30. Related Parties**

Raj Mehta, a Trustee of Thomas Pocklington Trust, is also the Chair of the steering committee of UK National Eye Health Survey and the Chair of Middlesex Association for the Blind. The Trust paid grants to UK National Eye Health Survey and Middlesex Association for the Blind during the year. Raj Mehta is also a Non executive director of Evenbreak. The Trust used Evenbreak as a supplier during the year.

Louise Robertshaw, a Trustee of Thomas Pocklington Trust, is also a Director of Sense. The Trust paid a grant to Sense during the year.

## 31. Comparative Statement of Financial Activities

		Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Permanent endowment	Total funds
		2024	2024	2024	2024
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
<b>Income and endowments from:</b>					
Donations and other activities		29	-	-	29
Charitable activities		618	150	-	768
Investments		104	-	5,338	5,442
<b>Total income</b>		<b>751</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>5,338</b>	<b>6,239</b>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>					
Raising funds	10	7	-	(1,416)	(1,409)
Charitable activities					
Understanding needs		(1,726)	-	-	(1,726)
Meeting needs		(3,221)	(169)	-	(3,390)
Total	11	(4,947)	(169)	-	(5,116)
Other expenditure		-	-	(119)	(119)
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>(4,940)</b>	<b>(169)</b>	<b>(1,535)</b>	<b>(6,644)</b>
Net loss on investments		-	-	(7,259)	(7,259)
<b>Net Expenditure</b>		<b>(4,189)</b>	<b>(19)</b>	<b>(3,456)</b>	<b>(7,664)</b>
Transfer between funds		5,725	-	(5,725)	-
Actuarial valuation of defined benefit pension scheme		(303)	-	-	(303)
<b>Net movement in funds</b>		<b>1,233</b>	<b>(19)</b>	<b>(9,181)</b>	<b>(7,967)</b>
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>					
Total funds brought forward		8,952	31	168,669	177,652
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>		<b>10,185</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>159,488</b>	<b>169,685</b>