

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

England & Wales · Charity number 1108039

Details

Status Registered

Legal form Charitable company

Company number [05314773](#)

Registered 2005-02-10

Register [View on the Charity Commission register](#)

Contact

Address Household Cavalry Museum
Horse Guards
Whitehall
London
SW1A 2AX

Phone 07899796769

Email museum@householdcavalry.co.uk

Website www.householdcavalrymuseum.co.uk

Activities

Objects: 1) TO ADVANCE THE EDUCATION OF THE PUBLIC AND MEMBERS OF THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY IN THE HISTORY, HERITAGE, TRADITIONS AND MILITARY ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY REGIMENTS, IN PARTICULAR BY ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING A MUSEUM OR MUSEUMS.2) TO THE EXTENT THAT FUNDS ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR OBJECT 1), TO ADVANCE ANY EXCLUSIVELY CHARITABLE PURPOSES CONNECTED WITH THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY.

Activities: To educate the public and members of the Household Cavalry in the Regiment's history, heritage, traditions and military accomplishments through the preservation, maintenance and management of the Regimental collection and the operation of 2 museums in Windsor and London.

Classification

- **How:** Provides Buildings/facilities/open Space
- **What:** Education/training, Arts/culture/heritage/science, Environment/conservation/heritage
- **Who:** Other Defined Groups, The General Public/mankind

Geography

- **Area of benefit:** NATIONAL
- Throughout England And Wales

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2025-03-31	£418,632	£470,014	-	-
2024-03-31	£397,578	£409,998	-	-
2023-03-31	£290,643	£383,033	-	-
2022-03-31	£166,705	£375,831	-	-
2021-03-31	£280,570	£418,158	-	-

Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
Colonel James Dominic Auriol Gaselee	Chair	2019-11-30
Brian Edward Rogers		2021-04-01
Colonel Crispin Alexander Lockhart MBE		2020-04-20
Henry Samuel Jervoise Scott		2019-11-30
Jonathan Roger Elliott Coles		2016-08-21
Lieutenant Colonel Roland John Spiller		2023-09-10

Linked charities

- THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY REGIMENTAL COLLECTION TRUST (1108039-1)

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1108039

Accounts

REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05314773 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1108039

Report of the Trustees and
Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2025
for
THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED

Richardson Swift
Chartered Accountants
11 Laura Place
Bath
BA2 4BL

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

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for the year ended 31 March 2025**

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**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Reference and Administrative Details
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

TRUSTEES	M S P Berry J R E Coles J D A Gaselee H S J Scott R J Spiller C A Lockhart (appointed 27.11.24) B Rogers
COMPANY SECRETARY	R R D Griffin
REGISTERED OFFICE	Headquarters Household Cavalry Horse Guards Whitehall London SW1A 2AX
REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER	05314773 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER	1108039
INDEPENDENT EXAMINER	Richardson Swift Chartered Accountants 11 Laura Place Bath BA2 4BL
SOLICITORS	Stone King LLP 13 Queen Square Bath BA1 2HJ
BANKERS	National Westminster Bank plc Windsor and Eton Branch 12 High Street Windsor Berkshire SL4 1LQ Lloyds Bank plc Coxs & Kings branch 1 Legg Street Chelmsford Essex CM1 1JS

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2025

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2025. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Scope

The financial statements consolidate the financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited with those of its wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Introduction and background

The Household Cavalry Museum used to be situated at Combermere Barracks in Windsor and housed the Regimental Collection.

In 2000, a prime site became available at the Horse Guards building in Whitehall, central London, for the Household Cavalry to create a purpose built, modern showcase museum that would not only tell the story of the Household Cavalry through its collections but also afford public access for the first time to one of the most important Grade I listed buildings in the Capital. The Museum opened to the public on 9 July 2007 and provides the visitor with a living experience whereby they are able to observe the mounted and dismounted Household Cavalrymen on duty at Horse Guards. The visitor is also able to see the daily changing of the Queen's Life Guard on Horse Guards parade ground directly adjacent to the Museum's entrance and gain access to a working stables from where they can see behind the scenes of public duty. The day-to-day operation of the Museum is the responsibility of the charity's wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration No 05844779).

As part of the original development project, refurbishment at the Windsor site was completed in July 2008. Since April 2009, it has become the focus for school visits and formal education. It houses the reserve collection and is the centre for historical and genealogical research.

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is the charitable company through which the fundraising and preservation, management and restoration of the Regimental Collection are accounted for.

Objectives and activities

The charitable company's objects are to educate the public and members of the Household Cavalry in the Regiment's history, heritage, traditions and military accomplishments. These objects are achieved through the preservation, maintenance and management of the regimental collection. Activities are conducted through the operation of a Museum at Horse Guards in London and also through the housing of a reserve collection in an education and research establishment in Combermere Barracks, Windsor.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's objectives and aims and in planning future activities.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Report of the Trustees
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

Financial review

Results for the year

A summary of the group's results for the year is given in the consolidated statement of financial activities on page 6 of this annual report and financial statements.

Income for the year totalled £418,632 (2024: £397,578). Donations and similar income amounting to £39,196 (2024: £41,674) were received during the year and included £24,728 (2024: £23,663) received from the Ministry of Defence towards staff costs. Income from trading activities was £379,436 (2024: £355,904) for the year. There were no grants received from the Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund in 2025.

Expenditure totalled £470,014 (2024: £409,998) and included trading costs of £332,072 (2024: £271,014), costs of raising donations of £2,100 (2024: £2,100), and costs in relation to the preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection (including depreciation) of £135,842 (2024: £136,884) and governance costs of £5,343 (2024: £8,445). The net reduction in funds for the year was £51,382 (2024: £12,420).

Financial position

At 31 March 2025, the group had total funds of £2,558,339 (2024: £2,609,721). These funds comprised tangible fixed assets of £2,270,586, Ministry of Defence restricted funds of £433, a retained surplus in the trading subsidiary of £17,123 and general funds of £270,197.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Report of the Trustees
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

STRUCTURE, GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Reserves policy

It is the trustees' intention to build sufficient reserves through fundraising initiatives in order to meet existing liabilities as they fall due and to enable the continued development of the charity's educational activities. The trustees have agreed that free reserves should approximate to £200,000.

At 31 March 2025, the group's free reserves were £273,934, which is in line with the reserves policy.

Governance, structure and management

Governance

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited was incorporated as a company limited by guarantee (Company Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)) on 16 December 2004. The company is governed by its memorandum and articles of association. It registered as a charity with the Charity Commission for England and Wales on 10 February 2005 (Charity Registration Number 1108039).

The charitable company remained dormant until 28 March 2006 when The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust (formerly Charity Registration Number 274185) transferred its net assets (excluding the regimental collection) and its activities (including preservation, management and restoration of the regimental collection and the appeal for funds for the Horse Guards development) to the charitable company. This transfer was in accordance with a legal transfer of undertakings. On 18 April 2006, The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust became a subsidiary of the charitable company. With effect from that date, the Charity Registration Number of The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust was amended to 1108039-1. This charity is the charitable trust in which the regimental collection is held. The trustees of both The Household Cavalry Museum Regimental Collection Trust and The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited are identical.

Trustees

The names of the trustees of the charitable company who were in office during the year or at the time these financial statements were approved are set out below:

Trustees/Directors

J R E Coles
J D A Gaselee
R J Spiller
B E Rogers
M S P Berry
H S J Scott
C A Lockhart

Appointed/Resigned

Appointed 27/11/2024

Induction and training of trustees

All trustees receive induction on joining the Board so that they are equipped to carry out their role. In order to keep Board members informed about the charity's on-going work, the Board receives reports from senior staff members as required.

Subsidiary company

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited fully owns The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (Company Registration Number 05844779 (England and Wales), which has an issued share capital of £1. The company was formed to carry out the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. It commenced trading on 1 July 2007.

Report of the trustees, incorporating a strategic report, approved by order of the board of trustees, as the company directors, on 21/11/2025 and signed on the board's behalf by:

James Gaselee

.....
J D A Gaselee - Trustee

**Independent Examiner's Report to the Trustees of
The Household Cavalry Museum Trust
Limited**

Independent examiner's report to the trustees of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited ('the Company')

I report to the charity trustees on my examination of the accounts of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity's trustees of the Company (and also its directors for the purposes of company law) you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 ('the 2006 Act').

Having satisfied myself that the accounts of the Company are not required to be audited under Part 16 of the 2006 Act and are eligible for independent examination, I report in respect of my examination of your charity's accounts as carried out under Section 145 of the Charities Act 2011 ('the 2011 Act'). In carrying out my examination I have followed the Directions given by the Charity Commission under Section 145(5) (b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Since your charity's gross income exceeded £250,000 your examiner must be a member of a listed body. I can confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I am a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, which is one of the listed bodies.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe:

1. accounting records were not kept in respect of the Company as required by Section 386 of the 2006 Act; or
2. the accounts do not accord with those records; or
3. the accounts do not comply with the accounting requirements of Section 396 of the 2006 Act other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination; or
4. the accounts have not been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles of the Statement of Recommended Practice for accounting and reporting by charities (applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)).

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.



Catherine Edwards BSc ACA

Richardson Swift
Chartered Accountants
11 Laura Place
Bath
BA2 4BL

Date: 21/11/25

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

	Notes	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	2025 Total funds £	2024 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM					
Donations and legacies	2	14,468	24,728	39,196	41,674
Other trading activities	3	379,436	-	379,436	355,904
Investment income		-	-	-	-
Total		<u>393,904</u>	<u>24,728</u>	<u>418,632</u>	<u>397,578</u>
EXPENDITURE ON					
Raising funds					
Raising donations and legacies	4	2,100	-	2,100	2,100
Other trading activities	5	<u>332,072</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>332,072</u>	<u>271,014</u>
		334,172	-	334,172	273,114
Charitable activities					
Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection	6	<u>111,547</u>	<u>24,295</u>	<u>135,842</u>	<u>136,884</u>
Total		<u>445,719</u>	<u>24,295</u>	<u>470,014</u>	<u>409,998</u>
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(51,815)	433	(51,382)	(12,420)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS					
Total funds brought forward		<u>2,609,721</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,609,721</u>	<u>2,622,141</u>
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		<u><u>2,557,906</u></u>	<u><u>433</u></u>	<u><u>2,558,339</u></u>	<u><u>2,609,721</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Consolidated Balance Sheet
31 March 2025**

	Notes	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	2025 Total funds £	2024 Total funds £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	11	2,283,972	-	2,283,972	2,352,036
Investments		-	-	-	-
		<u>2,283,972</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,283,972</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	16,474	-	16,474	15,757
Debtors	13	18,379	-	18,379	6,812
Cash at bank		<u>286,855</u>	<u>433</u>	<u>287,288</u>	<u>278,205</u>
		321,708	433	322,141	300,774
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14	(47,774)	-	(47,774)	(43,089)
		<u>273,934</u>	<u>433</u>	<u>274,367</u>	<u>257,685</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS					
		<u>273,934</u>	<u>433</u>	<u>274,367</u>	<u>257,685</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES					
		<u>2,557,906</u>	<u>433</u>	<u>2,558,339</u>	<u>2,609,721</u>
NET ASSETS					
		<u>2,557,906</u>	<u>433</u>	<u>2,558,339</u>	<u>2,609,721</u>
FUNDS	15				
Unrestricted funds:					
General fund				270,197	276,462
Non-charitable trading funds				17,123	(18,777)
Tangible fixed assets fund				<u>2,270,586</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>
				<u>2,557,906</u>	<u>2,609,721</u>
Restricted funds				<u>433</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL FUNDS				<u>2,558,339</u>	<u>2,609,721</u>

The charitable company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (a) ensuring that the charitable company keeps accounting records that comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company as at the end of each financial year and of its surplus or deficit for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the charitable company.

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED

Consolidated Balance Sheet - continued
31 March 2025

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on
21/11/2025
..... and were signed on its behalf by:

James Gaselee

.....
J D A Gaselee - Trustee

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Charity Balance Sheet
31 March 2025**

	Notes	2025 Unrestricted funds £	2024 Total funds £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	6	2,270,585	2,352,035
Investments	7	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
		2,270,586	2,352,036
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	8	189,074	210,726
Cash at bank		<u>90,193</u>	<u>78,391</u>
		279,267	289,117
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	9	(8,638)	(12,655)
		<u>270,629</u>	<u>276,462</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS			
		<u>270,629</u>	<u>276,462</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			
		2,541,215	2,628,498
NET ASSETS		<u>2,541,215</u>	<u>2,628,498</u>
FUNDS	10		
Unrestricted funds:			
General fund		270,630	276,462
Tangible fixed asset fund		<u>2,270,585</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>
		2,541,215	2,628,498
TOTAL FUNDS		<u>2,541,215</u>	<u>2,628,498</u>

The charitable company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2025.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (a) ensuring that the charitable company keeps accounting records that comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company as at the end of each financial year and of its surplus or deficit for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the charitable company.

Charity Balance Sheet - continued
31 March 2025

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue
on 21/11/2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

James Gaselee

.....
J D A Gaselee - Trustee

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Consolidated Cash Flow Statement
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

	Notes	2025 £	2024 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	<u>24,518</u>	<u>78,869</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities		<u>24,518</u>	<u>78,869</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		<u>(15,435)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities		<u>(15,435)</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		9,083	78,869
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		<u>278,205</u>	<u>199,336</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		<u><u>287,288</u></u>	<u><u>278,205</u></u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET EXPENDITURE TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2025 £	2024 £
Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(51,382)	(12,420)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charges	83,499	86,058
Increase in stocks	(717)	(182)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(11,566)	3,160
Increase in creditors	<u>4,684</u>	<u>2,253</u>
Net cash provided by operations	<u><u>24,518</u></u>	<u><u>78,869</u></u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.24 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.25 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	<u>278,205</u>	<u>9,083</u>	<u>287,288</u>
	<u>278,205</u>	<u>9,083</u>	<u>287,288</u>
Total	<u><u>278,205</u></u>	<u><u>9,083</u></u>	<u><u>287,288</u></u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared for the year to 31 March 2025 with comparative information provided in respect to the year to 31 March 2024.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with items recognised at cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policies below or the notes to these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

**Going concern
To be confirmed**

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The statement of financial activities, balance sheet and the statement of cash flows consolidates the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of the charity and its wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2025. The results of the subsidiary undertaking are consolidated on a line by line basis.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Preparation of the financial statements requires the trustees and management to make significant judgements and estimates.

The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- Estimating the useful economic life of tangible fixed assets for the purpose of determining the annual depreciation charge;
- Estimating the provision needed, if only, for slow moving or obsolete stock; and
- Estimating future income and expenditure flows for the purpose of assessing going concern.

Income

Income is recognised in the period in which the group and charity has entitlement to the income, the amount of income can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received. Income comprises donations and income from trading activities.

Donations are recognised when the charity has confirmation of both the amount and settlement date. In the event of donations pledged but not received, the amount is accrued for where the receipt is considered probable. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Donated services and facilities are recognised on the basis of the value of the gift to the charity which is the amount the charity would have been willing to pay to obtain facilities or services of equivalent economic benefit on the open market.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Income

In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, volunteer time is not recognised.

Legacies are included in the statement of financial activities when the charity is entitled to the legacy, the executors have established that there are sufficient surplus assets in the estate to pay the legacy, and any conditions attached to the legacy are within the control of the charity.

Entitlement is taken as the earlier of the date on which either: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate. Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. Where legacies have been notified to the charity, or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, but the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title of the asset having being transferred to the charity.

Turnover generated by The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited comprises of income from ticket sales, shop sales, events and room hire. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. Grants from bodies are credited to income when the company is entitled to receipt, the amount receivable can be quantified and receipt is probable.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the group and charity to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure headings. The classification between activities is as follows:

- Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure associated with raising funds for the group and charity. This includes costs associated with fundraising and the costs of trading activities including the operating costs of The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited including the operating costs of the Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.
- Expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs associated with furthering the charitable purposes of the charity through the provision of its charitable activities. Such costs include:
 - Preservation and maintenance of the Regimental Collection including improvement of its accessibility to members of the public, other individuals and organisations;
 - Donations made to other charities specifically to enable them to assist family members of Household Cavalry soldiers killed or wounded in recent conflicts. Charitable donations comprise single year payments rather than multi-year grants. Donations are included in the statement of financial activities when approved for payment by the trustees. Provision is made for donations approved but unpaid at the period end.

Governance costs comprising the costs involving the public accountability of the charity (including audit costs) and costs in respect to its compliance with regulation and good practice are allocated to the cost of preserving and maintaining the Regimental Collection.

All expenditure is stated inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

All assets costing over £1,000 and with an expected useful life exceeding one year are capitalised.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Building improvements	- 2% straight line
Museum fixtures and fittings	- Over 4, 5 or 15 years straight line according to asset's useful life
Equipment	- 25% straight line

Heritage assets

The Regimental Collection comprises an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms, all of which form part of the heritage of the Household Cavalry and the nation generally.

One of the principal objectives of the charity is to preserve such assets for the enjoyment of future generations. As such, the assets meet the definition of heritage assets in the Charities SORP FRS 102 and are not valued for the purposes of these financial statements. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements and details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

Stocks

Stock of items for resale in the museum shop is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value with provision made against any obsolete or slow moving items.

Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds represent monies which are freely available for application towards achieving any charitable purpose that falls within the charity's charitable objects.

Non-charitable trading funds represent the accumulated surplus or deficit of the subsidiary trading company, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.

The tangible fixed asset fund represents the net book value of the improvements to land and buildings occupied by the group and other tangible fixed assets attributable to the charitable company. Such assets are vital to the group being able to carry out its work and the value invested in the assets cannot, therefore, be realised in order to meet future expenditure or liabilities. To emphasise this point, the net book value of the assets is represented by a specific tangible fixed asset fund on the balance sheet.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The charitable company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the charitable company's pension scheme are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period to which they relate.

Investments

Investment in the subsidiary company is valued at cost.

Debtors

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash receipt where such discounting is material.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand represents such accounts and instruments that are available on demand or have a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Creditors and provisions are recognised at the amount the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash payment where such discounting is material.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2025	2024
	£	£
Donations	9,136	14,425
Gift aid	697	674
Research & Visitor Fees	4,635	2,912
Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	<u>24,728</u>	<u>23,663</u>
	<u>39,196</u>	<u>41,674</u>

£24,728 (2024 - £23,663) of the income above was attributable to restricted funds and £14,468 (2024 - £18,011) attributable to unrestricted funds.

Throughout the year, volunteers give their time to assist the operations of the Museum. The charity is grateful to these individuals for their enthusiasm and support. In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, the economic contribution of these volunteers is not recognised.

3. OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES

	2025	2024
	£	£
Ticket Income	219,180	210,336
Shop Sales	120,011	105,000
Events Income	39,745	40,468
Other Income	<u>500</u>	<u>100</u>
	<u>379,436</u>	<u>355,904</u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

4. RAISING DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2025	2024
	£	£
Consultancy fees and reimbursed expenses	<u>2,100</u>	<u>2,100</u>

5. OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES

	2025	2024
	£	£
Cost of shop sales	62,065	49,281
Administrative expenses	<u>270,007</u>	<u>221,733</u>
	<u>332,072</u>	<u>271,014</u>

6. PRESERVATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE REGIMENTAL COLLECTION

	2025	2024
	£	£
Salaries and related costs	24,295	25,875
Other preservation and maintenance costs	23,660	16,510
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	82,544	86,054
Governance cost	<u>5,343</u>	<u>8,445</u>
	<u>135,842</u>	<u>136,884</u>

£24,295 (2024 - £23,663) of the expenditure above was attributable to restricted funds and £111,547 (2024 - £113,221) attributable to unrestricted funds.

7. NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)

Net income/(expenditure) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2025	2024
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	83,499	86,058
Staff costs	<u>227,001</u>	<u>200,327</u>

8. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2025 nor for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2025 nor for the year ended 31 March 2024.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

9. STAFF COSTS

	2025	2024
	£	£
Wages and salaries	206,268	184,027
Social security costs	14,814	11,320
Other pension costs	5,919	4,980
	<u>227,001</u>	<u>200,327</u>

The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:

	2025	2024
Employees	5	5
Employees (funded by MoD)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u>6</u>	<u>6</u>

One employee had emoluments during the year in excess of £60,000 (2024: Nil).

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity in charge of controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis. None of the trustees received any remuneration from the charity or the group.

The directors consider that they together with the Museum Director and Deputy Visitor Services Manager comprise the key management personnel of the company in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating the company on a day to day basis. The total remuneration paid to key management personnel during the year was £118,962 (2024: £98,139).

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Inv. in subsidiary £
CHARITY	
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 April 2024	<u>1</u>
At 31 March 2025	<u>1</u>

The charity owns the entire issued ordinary share capital of £1 in The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05844779). The subsidiary carries out commercial activities, namely the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. All activities have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis in the statement of financial activities.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guards £	Equipment £	Museum Fixtures & Fittings £	Totals £
COST					
At 1 April 2024	385,220	3,134,268	124,236	703,720	4,347,444
Additions	-	-	14,342	1,093	15,435
At 31 March 2025	<u>385,220</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>138,578</u>	<u>704,813</u>	<u>4,362,879</u>
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April 2024	122,770	1,065,334	115,212	692,092	1,995,408
Charge for year	<u>7,704</u>	<u>62,683</u>	<u>9,980</u>	<u>3,132</u>	<u>83,499</u>
At 31 March 2025	<u>130,474</u>	<u>1,128,017</u>	<u>125,192</u>	<u>695,224</u>	<u>2,078,907</u>
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 March 2025	<u>254,746</u>	<u>2,006,251</u>	<u>13,386</u>	<u>9,589</u>	<u>2,283,972</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>262,450</u>	<u>2,068,934</u>	<u>9,024</u>	<u>11,628</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>

Charity	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guard £	Equipment £	Museum fixtures & fittings £	Totals £
COST					
At 1 April 2024	385,219	3,134,268	50,681	703,720	4,273,888
Additions	-	-	-	1,093	1,093
At 31 March 2025	<u>385,219</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>50,681</u>	<u>704,813</u>	<u>4,274,981</u>
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April 2024	122,770	1,065,334	41,657	692,092	1,921,853
Charge for year	<u>7,704</u>	<u>62,683</u>	<u>9,024</u>	<u>3,132</u>	<u>82,543</u>
At 31 March 2025	<u>130,474</u>	<u>1,128,017</u>	<u>50,681</u>	<u>695,224</u>	<u>2,004,396</u>
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 March 2025	<u>254,745</u>	<u>2,006,251</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,589</u>	<u>2,270,585</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>262,449</u>	<u>2,068,934</u>	<u>9,024</u>	<u>11,628</u>	<u>2,352,035</u>

Heritage assets

As explained under principal accounting policies, heritage assets comprise the regimental collection. This collection includes an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements. Details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

12. STOCKS

	Group 2025 £	Group 2024 £	Charity 2025 £	Charity 2024 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	<u>16,474</u>	<u>15,757</u>	-	-

13. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group 2025 £	Group 2024 £	Charity 2025 £	Charity 2024 £
Amounts receivable within one year				
Trade debtors	10,543	2,826	-	-
Social security and taxation	385	837	385	837
Prepayments and accrued income	7,451	3,149	1,006	1,009
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	-	-	47,683	48,880
	<u>18,379</u>	<u>6,812</u>	<u>49,074</u>	<u>50,726</u>

	Group 2025 £	Group 2024 £	Charity 2025 £	Charity 2024 £
Amounts receivable after more than one year				
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	-	-	140,000	160,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>140,000</u>	<u>160,000</u>

The charity has a loan agreement with its subsidiary, providing a maximum loan facility of £200,000. The loan is to be applied solely for the purposes of trading to generate income for the charity and for assisting the charity to advance its charitable purposes. The loan is repayable by ten equal annual instalments and attracts interest at 2% per annum above the Bank Rate of the Bank of England.

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group 2025 £	Group 2024 £	Charity 2025 £	Charity 2024 £
Trade creditors	11,735	7,101	226	2,868
Accruals and deferred income	19,745	21,267	8,412	9,788
Social security and taxation	16,294	14,721	-	-
	<u>47,774</u>	<u>43,089</u>	<u>8,638</u>	<u>12,656</u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

15. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.4.24 £	Net movement in funds £	Transfers between funds £	At 31.3.25 £
Unrestricted funds				
General fund	276,461	(5,171)	(1,093)	270,197
Non-charitable trading funds	(18,776)	35,899	-	17,123
Tangible fixed assets fund	<u>2,352,036</u>	<u>(82,543)</u>	<u>1,093</u>	<u>2,270,586</u>
	2,609,721	(51,815)	-	2,557,906
Restricted funds				
Ministry of Defence (MoD)	-	433	-	433
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>2,609,721</u>	<u>(51,382)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,558,339</u>

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	25,932	(31,103)	(5,171)
Non-charitable trading funds	367,972	(332,073)	35,899
Tangible fixed assets fund	<u>-</u>	<u>(82,543)</u>	<u>(82,543)</u>
	393,904	(445,719)	(51,815)
Restricted funds			
Ministry of Defence (MoD)	24,728	(24,295)	433
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>418,632</u>	<u>(470,014)</u>	<u>(51,382)</u>

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.4.23 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.24 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	274,673	1,789	276,462
Non-charitable trading funds	(90,626)	71,849	(18,777)
Tangible fixed assets fund	<u>2,438,094</u>	<u>(86,058)</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>
	2,622,141	(12,420)	2,609,721
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>2,622,141</u>	<u>(12,420)</u>	<u>2,609,721</u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2025**

15. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	31,055	(29,266)	1,789
Non-charitable trading funds	342,860	(271,011)	71,849
Tangible fixed assets fund	-	(86,058)	(86,058)
	373,915	(386,335)	(12,420)
Restricted funds			
Ministry of Defence (MoD)	23,663	(23,663)	-
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>397,578</u>	<u>(409,998)</u>	<u>(12,420)</u>

The tangible fixed assets fund represents the book value of the tangible fixed assets held by the group and charity respectively. A decision was made to separate this fund from the general funds of the group and charity in recognition of the fact that the assets are essential to the day to day work of the group and charity and as such their value should not be regarded as funds that would be available with ease in order to meet future contingencies.

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED CHARITIES AND OTHER RELATED PARTIES

The group is connected to The Household Cavalry Foundation, a registered charity, Charity Registration Number 08236363, by virtue of the fact that the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary both have directors in common with The Household Cavalry Foundation.

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1108039

Accounts

REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER: 05314773 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER: 1108039

Report of the Trustees and
Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2024
for
THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED

Richardson Swift
Chartered Accountants
11 Laura Place
Bath
BA2 4BL

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

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for the year ended 31 March 2024**

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**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Reference and Administrative Details
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

TRUSTEES	M S P Berry J R E Coles J D A Gaselee H S J Scott B E Rogers R J Spiller (appointed 10.9.23) B W B White-Spunner (resigned 2.1.24) A E Gilham (resigned 8.9.23)
COMPANY SECRETARY	R R D Griffin
REGISTERED OFFICE	Headquarters Household Cavalry Horse Guards Whitehall London SW1A 2AX
REGISTERED COMPANY NUMBER	05314773 (England and Wales)
REGISTERED CHARITY NUMBER	1108039
INDEPENDENT EXAMINER	Richardson Swift Chartered Accountants 11 Laura Place Bath BA2 4BL
SOLICITORS	Stone King LLP 13 Queen Square Bath BA1 2HJ
BANKERS	National Westminster Bank plc Windsor and Eton Branch 12 High Street Windsor Berkshire SL4 1LQ Lloyds Bank plc Coxs & Kings branch 1 Legg Street Chelmsford Essex CM1 1JS

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2024

The trustees who are also directors of the charity for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006, present their report with the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2024. The trustees have adopted the provisions of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2019).

Scope

The financial statements consolidate the financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited with those of its wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Introduction and background

The Household Cavalry Museum used to be situated at Combermere Barracks in Windsor and housed the Regimental Collection.

In 2000, a prime site became available at the Horse Guards building in Whitehall, central London, for the Household Cavalry to create a purpose built, modern showcase museum that would not only tell the story of the Household Cavalry through its collections but also afford public access for the first time to one of the most important Grade I listed buildings in the Capital. The Museum opened to the public on 9 July 2007 and provides the visitor with a living experience whereby they are able to observe the mounted and dismounted Household Cavalrymen on duty at Horse Guards. The visitor is also able to see the daily changing of the Queen's Life Guard on Horse Guards parade ground directly adjacent to the Museum's entrance and gain access to a working stables from where they can see behind the scenes of public duty. The day-to-day operation of the Museum is the responsibility of the charity's wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration No 05844779).

As part of the original development project, refurbishment at the Windsor site was completed in July 2008. Since April 2009, it has become the focus for school visits and formal education. It houses the reserve collection and is the centre for historical and genealogical research.

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is the charitable company through which the fundraising and preservation, management and restoration of the Regimental Collection are accounted for.

Objectives and activities

The charitable company's objects are to educate the public and members of the Household Cavalry in the Regiment's history, heritage, traditions and military accomplishments. These objects are achieved through the preservation, maintenance and management of the regimental collection. Activities are conducted through the operation of a Museum at Horse Guards in London and also through the housing of a reserve collection in an education and research establishment in Combermere Barracks, Windsor.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's objectives and aims and in planning future activities.

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2024

Review of business

As the business continues to build back after the covid-19 pandemic, the trustees and trading company directors still acknowledge and recognise the ongoing after affects from the pandemic on operations of the trading company, its partners and stakeholders and continue to ensure that both resources and processes are in place to mitigate any further disruptions to operations.

In 2023/24, the Museum opened 7 days a week from April to October, reverting to 5 days a week from November 2023 to March 2024. Following the King's Coronation on 6th May 2023, the museum saw a healthy improvement on its visitor numbers with large numbers of tourists in the Whitehall area.

Admissions income and the shop have performed well with retail income improving with new products added to the range. Events income grew in 2023/24 to pre covid levels with one large event saw the museum taken over by a creative design events team for their high-profile client. The private tours continued to grow following a new partnership with the museum and well-known experiences provider. These experiences created a new income stream for the museum in addition to the tours the museum already offered.

The trading company continues to give great priority to maximising revenue potential and managing costs. Part time temporary staff were recruited to take advantage of the traditionally strong summer period during which time the museum was open 7 days a week. In addition, bookings from the private tour travel trade and event industry picked up very much in line with the predictions of the heritage and tourism industry.

Our Education and Archive Centre at Windsor continues to expand its income streams through now hosting private tours in addition to hosting retired groups, local schools and scout groups. The curator has been working closely with the London Museum to provide a rolling programme of changes to the display cabinets on offer to visitors. In addition, the curator has hosted numerous visits for research requests and continues fielding on-line research requests for information from the extensive archive.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the directors and trustees have concluded that it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Financial review

Results for the year

A summary of the group's results for the year is given in the consolidated statement of financial activities on page 8 of this annual report and financial statements.

Income for the year totalled £397,578 (2023: £290,643). Donations and similar income amounting to £41,674 (2023: £37,126) were received during the year and included £23,663 (2023: £22,751) received from the Ministry of Defence towards staff costs. Income from trading activities was £355,904 (2023: £253,517) for the year. There were no grants received from the Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund in 2024.

Expenditure totalled £409,998 (2023: £383,033) and included fundraising trading costs of £271,014 (2023: £236,333), costs of raising donations of £2,100 (2023: £2,100), and costs in relation to the preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection (including depreciation) of £136,884 (2023: £144,600) and governance costs of £8,445 (2023: £9,155). The net reduction in funds for the year was £12,420 (2023: £92,390).

Financial position

At 31 March 2024, the group had total funds of £2,609,721 (2023: £2,622,141). These funds comprised tangible fixed assets of £2,352,036, a retained deficit in the trading subsidiary of £18,777 and general funds of £276,462.

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2024

Reserves policy

It is the trustees' intention to build sufficient reserves through fundraising initiatives in order to meet existing liabilities as they fall due and to enable the continued development of the charity's educational activities. The trustees have agreed that free reserves should approximate to £200,000.

At 31 March 2024, the group's free reserves were £257,685, which is in line with the reserves policy.

Governance, structure and management

Governance

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited was incorporated as a company limited by guarantee (Company Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)) on 16 December 2004. The company is governed by its memorandum and articles of association. It registered as a charity with the Charity Commission for England and Wales on 10 February 2005 (Charity Registration Number 1108039).

The charitable company remained dormant until 28 March 2006 when The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust (formerly Charity Registration Number 274185) transferred its net assets (excluding the regimental collection) and its activities (including preservation, management and restoration of the regimental collection and the appeal for funds for the Horse Guards development) to the charitable company. This transfer was in accordance with a legal transfer of undertakings. On 18 April 2006, The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust became a subsidiary of the charitable company. With effect from that date, the Charity Registration Number of The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust was amended to 1108039-1. This charity is the charitable trust in which the regimental collection is held. The trustees of both The Household Cavalry Museum Regimental Collection Trust and The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited are identical.

Trustees

The names of the trustees of the charitable company who were in office during the year or at the time these financial statements were approved are set out below:

Trustees

J R E Coles
A E Gilham
JDA Gaselee
R J Spiller
B E Rogers
M S P Berry
B W B White-Spunner
HSJ Scott

Appointed/Resigned

Resigned 14 September 2023

Appointed 10 September 2023

Resigned 2 January 2024

Induction and training of trustees

All trustees receive induction on joining the Board so that they are equipped to carry out their role. In order to keep Board members informed about the charity's on-going work, the Board receives reports from senior staff members as required.

Subsidiary company

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited fully owns The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (Company Registration Number 05844779 (England and Wales)), which has an issued share capital of £1. The company was formed to carry out the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. It commenced trading on 1 July 2007.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Report of the Trustees
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102);
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each of the trustees confirms that:

- so far as the trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the trustee has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006,

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Key management personnel

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity. None of the trustees receives any remuneration from the charity or group.

The key management personnel of the charity's trading subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis comprise the Museum Director and the Deputy Visitor Services Manager. The annual pay of the Museum Director is set by the board of directors and reviewed annually. The directors receive no remuneration.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Report of the Trustees
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

Structure and management reporting

The ultimate responsibility for the charitable company and its subsidiary company lies with the trustees. The day to day responsibility for the subsidiary company lie with its board of directors.

The brief of the Museum Director is to increase day visitor numbers by establishing links with trade partners, tour operators and agencies, to enhance discretionary retail spending and to build the corporate hospitality business potential.

The full time manager of the Museum Education and Archive Centre at Windsor has been tasked with recovering the complete reserve collection from storage and to reinstating it in the refurbished Museum at Combermere Barracks. In addition, a team of volunteers has been cataloguing every item whilst dealing with a significant number of research enquiries and group tours.

All of these individuals report to the trustees or directors (as appropriate) on a regular basis, both informally and formally at trustees' and directors' meetings.

Fundraising

The charity aims to achieve best practice in the way in which it communicates with donors and other supporters. It takes care with both the tone of its communications and the accuracy of its data to minimise the pressures on supporters. It applies best practice to protect supporters' data and never sells data, it never swaps data, and ensures that supporters' and donors' communication preferences can be changed at any time. The charity manages its own fundraising activities and does not employ the services of professional fundraisers. The charity undertakes to react to and investigate any complaints regarding its fundraising activities and to learn from them and improve its service. During 2023, the charity received no complaints about its fundraising activities.

Risk management

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charitable company and its subsidiary are exposed, in particular those relating to their specific operational areas and finances. The trustees believe that by monitoring reserve levels, by ensuring controls exist over key financial systems, and by examining the operational and business risks faced by the charitable company and its subsidiary, they have established effective systems to mitigate those risks.

The after effects of Covid-19 continue to be a risk to the group and the ongoing impact of closures due to government restrictions and reduced visitor numbers have and continue lead to a reduction in income. The trustees have detailed the effects of Covid-19 above within the review of business section earlier in the trustee report. The trustees will continue to assess the impact this has on operations and take steps to mitigate losses.

An important risk to the operations of the group is that of its dependence on foreign tourism which fluctuates for reasons which cannot be controlled. The trustees are seeking to mitigate this exposure by careful financial budgeting. In order to attract UK residents in greater numbers, the charity is also concentrating efforts in marketing to diversify and increase the number of visitors to the museum.

The recent changes in the UK Economy, increased inflation and interest rates and the effects to visitors numbers and spend and are being carefully monitored.

Report of the trustees, incorporating a strategic report, approved by order of the board of trustees, as the

company directors, on 19/11/2024 and signed on the board's behalf by:

James Gaselee

.....
J D A Gaselee - Trustee

**Independent Examiner's Report to the Trustees of
The Household Cavalry Museum Trust
Limited**

Independent examiner's report to the trustees of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited ('the Company')

I report to the charity trustees on my examination of the accounts of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024.

Responsibilities and basis of report

As the charity's trustees of the Company (and also its directors for the purposes of company law) you are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 ('the 2006 Act').

Having satisfied myself that the accounts of the Company are not required to be audited under Part 16 of the 2006 Act and are eligible for independent examination, I report in respect of my examination of your charity's accounts as carried out under Section 145 of the Charities Act 2011 ('the 2011 Act'). In carrying out my examination I have followed the Directions given by the Charity Commission under Section 145(5) (b) of the 2011 Act.

Independent examiner's statement

Since your charity's gross income exceeded £250,000 your examiner must be a member of a listed body. I can confirm that I am qualified to undertake the examination because I am a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, which is one of the listed bodies.

I have completed my examination. I confirm that no matters have come to my attention in connection with the examination giving me cause to believe:

1. accounting records were not kept in respect of the Company as required by Section 386 of the 2006 Act; or
2. the accounts do not accord with those records; or
3. the accounts do not comply with the accounting requirements of Section 396 of the 2006 Act other than any requirement that the accounts give a true and fair view which is not a matter considered as part of an independent examination; or
4. the accounts have not been prepared in accordance with the methods and principles of the Statement of Recommended Practice for accounting and reporting by charities (applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)).

I have no concerns and have come across no other matters in connection with the examination to which attention should be drawn in this report in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

C L Edwards

Catherine Edwards BSc ACA

Richardson Swift
Chartered Accountants
11 Laura Place
Bath
BA2 4BL

20/11/2024

Date:

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Consolidated Statement of Financial Activities
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

	Notes	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	2024 Total funds £	2023 Total funds £
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS FROM					
Donations and legacies	2	18,011	23,663	41,674	37,126
Other trading activities	3	355,904	-	355,904	253,517
Investment income		-	-	-	-
Total		<u>373,915</u>	<u>23,663</u>	<u>397,578</u>	<u>290,643</u>
EXPENDITURE ON					
Raising funds					
Raising donations and legacies	4	2,100	-	2,100	2,100
Other trading activities	5	<u>271,014</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>271,014</u>	<u>236,333</u>
		273,114	-	273,114	238,433
Charitable activities					
Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection	6	<u>113,221</u>	<u>23,663</u>	<u>136,884</u>	<u>144,600</u>
Total		<u>386,335</u>	<u>23,663</u>	<u>409,998</u>	<u>383,033</u>
NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)		(12,420)	-	(12,420)	(92,390)
RECONCILIATION OF FUNDS					
Total funds brought forward		<u>2,622,141</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,622,141</u>	<u>2,714,531</u>
TOTAL FUNDS CARRIED FORWARD		<u><u>2,609,721</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>2,609,721</u></u>	<u><u>2,622,141</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Consolidated Balance Sheet
31 March 2024**

	Notes	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted funds £	2024 Total funds £	2023 Total funds £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	11	2,352,036	-	2,352,036	2,438,094
Investments		-	-	-	-
		2,352,036	-	2,352,036	2,438,094
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	12	15,757	-	15,757	15,575
Debtors	13	6,812	-	6,812	9,972
Cash at bank		278,205	-	278,205	199,336
		300,774	-	300,774	224,883
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	14	(43,089)	-	(43,089)	(40,836)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		257,685	-	257,685	184,047
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,609,721	-	2,609,721	2,622,141
NET ASSETS		2,609,721	-	2,609,721	2,622,141
FUNDS	15				
Unrestricted funds:					
General fund				276,462	274,673
Non-charitable trading funds				(18,777)	(90,626)
Tangible fixed assets fund				2,352,036	2,438,094
				2,609,721	2,622,141
TOTAL FUNDS				2,609,721	2,622,141

The charitable company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (a) ensuring that the charitable company keeps accounting records that comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company as at the end of each financial year and of its surplus or deficit for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the charitable company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Consolidated Balance Sheet - continued
31 March 2024**

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on
19/11/2024

..... and were signed on its behalf by:

James Gaselee

.....
J D A Gaselee – Trustee

The notes form part of these financial statements

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Charity Balance Sheet
31 March 2024**

	Notes	2024 Unrestricted funds £	2023 Total funds £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	11	2,352,036	2,438,090
Investments	10	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
		2,352,037	2,438,091
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	13	210,726	232,687
Cash at bank		<u>78,391</u>	<u>52,331</u>
		289,117	285,018
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	14	<u>(12,656)</u>	<u>(8,295)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>276,461</u>	<u>276,723</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>2,628,498</u>	<u>2,714,814</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>2,628,498</u>	<u>2,714,814</u>
FUNDS	15		
Unrestricted funds:			
General fund		276,462	276,724
Tangible fixed asset fund		<u>2,352,036</u>	<u>2,438,090</u>
		<u>2,628,498</u>	<u>2,714,814</u>
TOTAL FUNDS		<u>2,628,498</u>	<u>2,714,814</u>

The charitable company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2024.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (a) ensuring that the charitable company keeps accounting records that comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company as at the end of each financial year and of its surplus or deficit for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the charitable company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Balance Sheet - continued
31 March 2024**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to charitable companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees and authorised for issue on

19/11/2024
..... and were signed on its behalf by:

James Gaselee

.....
J D A Gaselee - Trustee

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Consolidated Cash Flow Statement
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

	Notes	2024 £	2023 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	1	<u>78,869</u>	<u>8,377</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities		<u>78,869</u>	<u>8,377</u>
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the reporting period		78,869	8,377
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period		<u>199,336</u>	<u>190,959</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period		<u>278,205</u>	<u>199,336</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Consolidate Cash Flow Statement
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. RECONCILIATION OF NET EXPENDITURE TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2024 £	2023 £
Net expenditure for the reporting period (as per the Statement of Financial Activities)	(12,420)	(92,390)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charges	86,058	89,655
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	(182)	11,004
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	3,160	(554)
Increase in creditors	<u>2,253</u>	<u>662</u>
Net cash provided by operations	<u><u>78,869</u></u>	<u><u>8,377</u></u>

2. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.23 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.24 £
Net cash			
Cash at bank	<u>199,336</u>	<u>78,869</u>	<u>278,205</u>
	<u>199,336</u>	<u>78,869</u>	<u>278,205</u>
Total	<u><u>199,336</u></u>	<u><u>78,869</u></u>	<u><u>278,205</u></u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared for the year to 31 March 2024 with comparative information provided in respect to the year to 31 March 2023.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with items recognised at cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policies below or the notes to these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Going concern

In the 'review of business' section in the Trustees report above, it was noted that as the business continues to build back after the Covid-19 pandemic, the trustees and trading company directors still acknowledge and recognise the ongoing after affects from the pandemic on operations of the trading company, its partners and stakeholders and continue to ensure that both resources and processes are in place to mitigate any further disruptions to operations.

The trading company directors meet monthly to assess and discuss the performance and rolling forecasts of the Museum. The Trust Trustees are updated on a regular basis and these monthly meetings will continue until trading has returned to normal levels. The forecasts are updated monthly, considering current and forecasted visitors' levels to tourism and heritage industry, economic challenges that may affect the operations and industry, along with any other external factors.

Visitor numbers are still to return to normal levels but for the year 2023/24 grew 35% from 25,350 to 34,410. Current projections see this gradually rise to 80% through 2024/25 and industry expectations are that this will increase to 100% by 2025/26. The trading company have used these predictions to forecast for the next two financial years. Performance against these will be closely monitored, and remedial action taken if required.

Our Education and Archive Centre at Windsor continues to expand its income streams through now hosting private tours in addition to hosting retired groups, local schools and scout groups. The curator has been working closely with the London Museum to provide a rolling programme of changes to the display cabinets on offer to visitors. In addition, the curator has hosted numerous visits for research requests and continues fielding on-line research requests for information from the extensive archive.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the directors and trustees have concluded that although there is some uncertainty related to current projections, it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The statement of financial activities, balance sheet and the statement of cash flows consolidates the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of the charity and its wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2024. The results of the subsidiary undertaking are consolidated on a line by line basis.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Preparation of the financial statements requires the trustees and management to make significant judgements and estimates.

The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- Estimating the useful economic life of tangible fixed assets for the purpose of determining the annual depreciation charge;
- Estimating the provision needed, if only, for slow moving or obsolete stock; and
- Estimating future income and expenditure flows for the purpose of assessing going concern.

Income

Income is recognised in the period in which the group and charity has entitlement to the income, the amount of income can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received.

Income comprises donations and income from trading activities.

Donations are recognised when the charity has confirmation of both the amount and settlement date. In the event of donations pledged but not received, the amount is accrued for where the receipt is considered probable. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Donated services and facilities are recognised on the basis of the value of the gift to the charity which is the amount the charity would have been willing to pay to obtain facilities or services of equivalent economic benefit on the open market.

In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, volunteer time is not recognised.

Legacies are included in the statement of financial activities when the charity is entitled to the legacy, the executors have established that there are sufficient surplus assets in the estate to pay the legacy, and any conditions attached to the legacy are within the control of the charity.

Entitlement is taken as the earlier of the date on which either: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate. Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. Where legacies have been notified to the charity, or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, but the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title of the asset having being transferred to the charity.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Income

Turnover generated by The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited comprises of income from ticket sales, shop sales, events and room hire. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. Other operating income of the company comprises Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme funding and grants from the Cultural Recovery Fund. Funding from the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme is credited to income when the company is entitled to the receipt of such monies and when the amount receivable can be quantified. Grants from bodies including the Cultural Recovery Fund are credited to income when the company is entitled to receipt, the amount receivable can be quantified and receipt is probable.

Expenditure

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the group and charity to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure headings. The classification between activities is as follows:

- Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure associated with raising funds for the group and charity. This includes costs associated with fundraising and the costs of trading activities including the operating costs of The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited including the operating costs of the Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.
- Expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs associated with furthering the charitable purposes of the charity through the provision of its charitable activities. Such costs include:
 - Preservation and maintenance of the Regimental Collection including improvement of its accessibility to members of the public, other individuals and organisations;
 - Donations made to other charities specifically to enable them to assist family members of Household Cavalry soldiers killed or wounded in recent conflicts. Charitable donations comprise single year payments rather than multi-year grants. Donations are included in the statement of financial activities when approved for payment by the trustees. Provision is made for donations approved but unpaid at the period end.

Governance costs comprising the costs involving the public accountability of the charity (including audit costs) and costs in respect to its compliance with regulation and good practice are allocated to the cost of preserving and maintaining the Regimental Collection.

All expenditure is stated inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Tangible fixed assets

All assets costing over £1,000 and with an expected useful life exceeding one year are capitalised.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Building improvements | - 2% straight line |
| Museum fixtures and fittings | - Over 4, 5 or 15 years straight line according to asset's useful life |
| Equipment | - 25% straight line |

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Heritage assets

The Regimental Collection comprises an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms, all of which form part of the heritage of the Household Cavalry and the nation generally.

One of the principal objectives of the charity is to preserve such assets for the enjoyment of future generations. As such, the assets meet the definition of heritage assets in the Charities SORP FRS 102 and are not valued for the purposes of these financial statements. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements and details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

Stocks

Stock of items for resale in the museum shop is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value with provision made against any obsolete or slow moving items.

Taxation

The charity is exempt from corporation tax on its charitable activities.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds represent monies which are freely available for application towards achieving any charitable purpose that falls within the charity's charitable objects.

Non-charitable trading funds represent the accumulated surplus or deficit of the subsidiary trading company, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.

The tangible fixed asset fund represents the net book value of the improvements to land and buildings occupied by the group and other tangible fixed assets. Such assets are vital to the group being able to carry out its work and the value invested in the assets cannot, therefore, be realised in order to meet future expenditure or liabilities. To emphasise this point, the net book value of the assets is represented by a specific tangible fixed asset fund on the balance sheet.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The charitable company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the charitable company's pension scheme are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities in the period to which they relate.

Investments

Investment in the subsidiary company is valued at cost.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash receipt where such discounting is material.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand represents such accounts and instruments that are available on demand or have a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Creditors and provisions are recognised at the amount the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash payment where such discounting is material.

2. DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2024	2023
	£	£
Donations	14,425	5,785
Gift aid	674	739
Grant funding - Victoria Cross Plaque	-	6,000
Research & Visitor Fees	2,912	1,851
Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	<u>23,663</u>	<u>22,751</u>
	<u>41,674</u>	<u>37,126</u>

£23,663 (2023 - £28,751) of the income above was attributable to unrestricted funds and £18,011 (2023 - £8,375) attributable to restricted funds.

Throughout the year, volunteers give their time to assist the operations of the Museum. The charity is grateful to these individuals for their enthusiasm and support. In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, the economic contribution of these volunteers is not recognised.

3. OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES

	2024	2023
	£	£
Ticket Income	210,336	160,016
Shop Sales	105,000	63,820
Events Income	40,468	28,454
Other Income	<u>100</u>	<u>1,227</u>
	<u>355,904</u>	<u>253,517</u>

4. RAISING DONATIONS AND LEGACIES

	2024	2023
	£	£
Consultancy fees and reimbursed expenses	<u>2,100</u>	<u>2,100</u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

5. OTHER TRADING ACTIVITIES

	£	£
Cost of shop sales	49,281	31,810
Administrative expenses	<u>221,733</u>	<u>204,523</u>
	<u>271,014</u>	<u>236,333</u>

6. PRESERVATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE REGIMENTAL COLLECTION

	2024 £	2023 £
Salaries and related costs	25,875	20,539
Other preservation and maintenance costs	16,510	25,903
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	86,054	89,003
Governance cost	<u>8,445</u>	<u>9,155</u>
	<u>136,884</u>	<u>144,600</u>

£23,663 (2023 - £28,751) of the expenditure above was attributable to unrestricted funds and £113,221 (2023 - £115,849) attributable to restricted funds.

7. NET INCOME/(EXPENDITURE)

Net income/(expenditure) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2024 £	2023 £
Depreciation - owned assets	86,058	89,655
Staff costs	200,327	182,134
Auditor's remuneration (audit)	-	9,500
Auditor's remuneration (other)	<u>-</u>	<u>1,250</u>

8. TRUSTEES' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

There were no trustees' remuneration or other benefits for the year ended 31 March 2024 nor for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Trustees' expenses

There were no trustees' expenses paid for the year ended 31 March 2024 nor for the year ended 31 March 2023.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

9. STAFF COSTS

	2024	2023
	£	£
Wages and salaries	184,027	166,274
Social security costs	11,320	11,480
Other pension costs	<u>4,980</u>	<u>4,379</u>
	<u><u>200,327</u></u>	<u><u>182,133</u></u>

The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:

	2024	2023
Employees	5	5
Employees (funded by MoD)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
	<u><u>6</u></u>	<u><u>6</u></u>

No employees had emoluments during the year in excess of £60,000 (2023: Nil).

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity in charge of controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis. None of the trustees received any remuneration from the charity or the group.

The directors consider that they together with the Museum Director and Deputy Visitor Services Manager comprise the key management personnel of the company in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating the company on a day to day basis. The total remuneration paid to key management personnel during the year was £98,139 (2023: £108,649).

10. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Inv. in subsidiary £
CHARITY	
COST OR VALUATION	
At 1 April 2023	<u>1</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u><u>1</u></u>

The charity owns the entire issued ordinary share capital of £1 in The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05844779). The subsidiary carries out commercial activities, namely the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. All activities have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis in the statement of financial activities.

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guards £	Equipment £	Museum Fixtures & Fittings £	Totals £
COST					
At 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	<u>385,220</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>124,236</u>	<u>703,720</u>	<u>4,347,444</u>
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April 2023	115,066	1,002,648	102,539	689,097	1,909,350
Charge for year	<u>7,704</u>	<u>62,686</u>	<u>12,673</u>	<u>2,995</u>	<u>86,058</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>122,770</u>	<u>1,065,334</u>	<u>115,212</u>	<u>692,092</u>	<u>1,995,408</u>
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 March 2024	<u>262,450</u>	<u>2,068,934</u>	<u>9,024</u>	<u>11,628</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>
At 31 March 2023	<u>270,154</u>	<u>2,131,620</u>	<u>21,697</u>	<u>14,623</u>	<u>2,438,094</u>

Charity	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guard £	Equipment £	Museum fixtures & fittings £	Totals £
COST					
At 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	<u>385,220</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>50,681</u>	<u>703,720</u>	<u>4,273,889</u>
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 April 2023	115,066	1,002,649	28,987	689,097	1,835,799
Charge for year	<u>7,704</u>	<u>62,685</u>	<u>12,670</u>	<u>2,995</u>	<u>86,054</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>122,770</u>	<u>1,065,334</u>	<u>41,657</u>	<u>692,092</u>	<u>1,921,853</u>
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 March 2024	<u>262,450</u>	<u>2,068,934</u>	<u>9,024</u>	<u>11,628</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>
At 31 March 2023	<u>270,154</u>	<u>2,131,619</u>	<u>21,694</u>	<u>14,623</u>	<u>2,438,090</u>

Heritage assets

As explained under principal accounting policies, heritage assets comprise the regimental collection. This collection includes an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements. Details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

12. STOCKS

	Group 2024 £	Group 2023 £	Charity 2024 £	Charity 2023 £
Finished goods and goods for resale	<u>15,757</u>	<u>15,575</u>	-	-
	15,757	15,575	-	-

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**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

13. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group 2024 £	Group 2023 £	Charity 2024 £	Charity 2023 £
Amounts receivable within one year				
Trade debtors	2,826	5,732	-	-
Social security and taxation	837	-	837	308
Prepayments and accrued income	3,149	4,241	1,009	249
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	-	-	48,880	52,130
	<u>6,812</u>	<u>9,973</u>	<u>50,726</u>	<u>52,687</u>

During the previous year, a substantial proportion of the amount due from The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (the subsidiary) was converted into a loan (see below).

	Group 2024 £	Group 2023 £	Charity 2024 £	Charity 2023 £
Amounts receivable after more than one year				
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	-	-	160,000	180,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>160,000</u>	<u>180,000</u>

The charity agreed entered into a loan agreement with its subsidiary company on 11 March 2021 that provides the subsidiary with a loan for a maximum amount of £200,000. The loan is to be applied solely for the purposes of trading to generate income for the charity and for assisting the charity to advance its charitable purposes. The loan is repayable by ten equal annual instalments and attracts interest at 2% per annum above the Bank Rate of the Bank of England.

14. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group 2024 £	Group 2023 £	Charity 2024 £	Charity 2023 £
Trade creditors	7,101	13,058	2,868	945
Accruals and deferred income	21,267	17,904	9,788	7,350
Social security and taxation	<u>14,721</u>	<u>9,874</u>	-	-
	<u>43,089</u>	<u>40,836</u>	<u>12,656</u>	<u>8,295</u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

15. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	At 1.4.23 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.24 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	274,673	1,789	276,462
Non-charitable trading funds	(90,626)	71,849	(18,777)
Tangible fixed assets fund	<u>2,438,094</u>	<u>(86,058)</u>	<u>2,352,036</u>
	<u>2,622,141</u>	<u>(12,420)</u>	<u>2,609,721</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u><u>2,622,141</u></u>	<u><u>(12,420)</u></u>	<u><u>2,609,721</u></u>

Net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	31,055	(29,266)	1,789
Non-charitable trading funds	342,860	(271,011)	71,849
Tangible fixed assets fund	<u>-</u>	<u>(86,058)</u>	<u>(86,058)</u>
	373,915	(386,335)	(12,420)
Restricted funds			
Ministry of Defence (MoD)	<u>23,663</u>	<u>(23,663)</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u><u>397,578</u></u>	<u><u>(409,998)</u></u>	<u><u>(12,420)</u></u>

Comparatives for movement in funds

	At 1.4.22 £	Net movement in funds £	At 31.3.23 £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	280,707	(6,034)	274,673
Non-charitable trading funds	(93,925)	3,299	(90,626)
Tangible fixed assets fund	<u>2,527,749</u>	<u>(89,655)</u>	<u>2,438,094</u>
	<u>2,714,531</u>	<u>(92,390)</u>	<u>2,622,141</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u><u>2,714,531</u></u>	<u><u>(92,390)</u></u>	<u><u>2,622,141</u></u>

**THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST
LIMITED**

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the year ended 31 March 2024**

15. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS - continued

Comparative net movement in funds, included in the above are as follows:

	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Movement in funds £
Unrestricted funds			
General fund	8,375	(14,409)	(6,034)
Non-charitable trading funds	253,517	(250,218)	3,299
Tangible fixed assets fund	<u>-</u>	<u>(89,655)</u>	<u>(89,655)</u>
	261,892	(354,282)	(92,390)
Restricted funds			
Ministry of Defence (MoD)	22,751	(22,751)	-
Victoria Cross Plaques	<u>6,000</u>	<u>(6,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>28,751</u>	<u>(28,751)</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL FUNDS	<u>290,643</u>	<u>(383,033)</u>	<u>(92,390)</u>

The tangible fixed assets fund represents the book value of the tangible fixed assets held by the group and charity respectively. A decision was made to separate this fund from the general funds of the group and charity in recognition of the fact that the assets are essential to the day to day work of the group and charity and as such their value should not be regarded as funds that would be available with ease in order to meet future contingencies.

16. TRANSACTIONS WITH CONNECTED CHARITIES AND OTHER RELATED PARTIES

The group is connected to The Household Cavalry Foundation, a registered charity, Charity Registration Number 08236363, by virtue of the fact that the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary both have directors in common with The Household Cavalry Foundation.

There were no other related party transactions other than those with the charity's wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (2023: Nil).

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1108039

Accounts

**The Household
Cavalry Museum
Trust Limited**

**Annual Report and
Financial Statements**

31 March 2023

Company Limited by Guarantee
Registration Number
05314773 (England and Wales)

Charity Registration Number
1108039

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Reference and administrative details

Trustees	Mr J R E Coles Colonel (Retired) JDA Gaselee Lieutenant Colonel R J Spiller Brigadier M S P Berry Major B E Rogers Lieutenant General (Retd) Sir B W B White-Spunner KCB CBE Lieutenant Colonel (Retd) HSJ Scott
Company Secretary	Lieutenant Colonel (Retd) R R D Griffin
Principal office	Headquarters Household Cavalry Horse Guards Whitehall London SW1A 2AX
Telephone	020 7414 2392
Website and social media	www.householdcavalrymuseum.co.uk/museum www.instagram.com/householdcavalrymuseum/ www.facebook.com/householdcavalrymuseum twitter.com/HCavMuseum
Email	museum@householdcavalry.co.uk
Company registration number	05314773 (England and Wales)
Charity registration number	1108039
Auditor	Buzzacott LLP 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL
Solicitors	Stone King LLP 13 Queen Square Bath BA1 2HJ

Reference and administrative details

Bankers

National Westminster Bank plc
Windsor and Eton Branch
12 High Street
Windsor
Berkshire
SL4 1LQ

Lloyds Bank plc
Coxs & Kings Branch
1 Legg Street
Chelmsford
Essex
CM1 1JS

Trustees' report 31 March 2023

The trustees present their report together with the consolidated financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited ("the Trust") for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 17 to 21 of the attached financial statements and comply with the charitable company's memorandum and articles of association, applicable laws and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Scope

The financial statements consolidate the financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited with those of its wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Introduction and background

The Household Cavalry Museum used to be situated at Combermere Barracks in Windsor and housed the Regimental Collection.

In 2000, a prime site became available at the Horse Guards building in Whitehall, central London, for the Household Cavalry to create a purpose built, modern showcase museum that would not only tell the story of the Household Cavalry through its collections but also afford public access for the first time to one of the most important Grade I listed buildings in the Capital. The Museum opened to the public on 9 July 2007 and provides the visitor with a living experience whereby they are able to observe the mounted and dismounted Household Cavalrymen on duty at Horse Guards. The visitor is also able to see the daily changing of the Queen's Life Guard on Horse Guards parade ground directly adjacent to the Museum's entrance and gain access to a working stables from where they can see behind the scenes of public duty. The day-to-day operation of the Museum is the responsibility of the charity's wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration No 05844779).

As part of the original development project, refurbishment at the Windsor site was completed in July 2008. Since April 2009, it has become the focus for school visits and formal education. It houses the reserve collection and is the centre for historical and genealogical research.

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is the charitable company through which the fundraising and preservation, management and restoration of the Regimental Collection are accounted for.

Objectives and activities

The charitable company's objects are to educate the public and members of the Household Cavalry in the Regiment's history, heritage, traditions and military accomplishments. These objects are achieved through the preservation, maintenance and management of the regimental collection. Activities are conducted through the operation of a Museum at Horse Guards in London and also through the housing of a reserve collection in an education and research establishment in Combermere Barracks, Windsor.

Objectives and activities (continued)

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's objectives and aims and in planning future activities.

Review of business

The recovery from the Covid-19 pandemic continued to severely impact upon the trading operations and financial outlook for the group throughout the year. The trustees and trading company directors still acknowledge and recognise the ongoing impact of the pandemic on the operations of the group, its beneficiaries, partners and stakeholders and they continue to ensure that both resources and processes are in place to mitigate adverse disruptions to operations.

In 2021 the Museum initially opened post-Covid on a 3 day week which was extended to a 5 day week by the end of Financial Year 2021/22. In 2022/23 the Museum opened 7 days a week from April to September reverting to 5 days a week from October 2022 to March 2023.

At the same time Government support in the form of the furlough scheme ceased and earned income became the sole source of revenue.

Admissions income and the shop have performed well with retail income improving despite the limiting of new stock purchases. Events income has returned to pre-Covid levels as the private tour travel-trade and event industry continued to recover.

The trading company continues to give great priority to maximising revenue potential and managing costs in the current climate. Part time temporary staff were recruited to take advantage of the traditionally strong summer period during which time the museum was open 7 days a week. In addition, bookings from the private tour travel trade and event industry picked up very much in line with the predictions of the heritage and tourism industry.

Our Education and Archive Centre at Windsor suffered from the pandemic and was closed to the public for much of the time but now a full-time curator works closely with the London museum to provide a rolling programme of changes to the display cabinets on offer to visitors. In addition, he is focusing on improving the income streams derived from hosting visits from retired groups, local schools and scout groups as well as fielding on-line research requests for information from the extensive archive.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the directors and trustees have concluded that although there is some uncertainty related to current projections, it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Financial review

Results for the year

A summary of the group's results for the year is given in the consolidated statement of financial activities on page 14 of this annual report and financial statements.

Income for the year totalled £290,643 (2022: £166,705). Donations and similar income amounting to £37,126 (2022: £31,721) were received during the year and included £22,751 (2022: £22,305) received from the Ministry of Defence towards staff costs. Income from trading activities was £253,517 (2022: £134,984), of which £Nil (2022: £40,518) related to financial support in the form of the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme and grants from Westminster council to support the hospitality and leisure business, post Covid-19. There were no grants received from the Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund in 2023.

Expenditure totalled £383,033 (2022: £375,831) and included fundraising trading costs of £236,333 (2022: £201,014), costs of raising donations of £2,100 (2022: £2,100), and costs in relation to the preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection (including depreciation) of £144,600 (2022: £172,717) and governance costs of £9,155 (2022: £9,970). The net reduction in funds for the year was £92,390 (2022: £209,126).

The results of the trading subsidiary are shown in note 22 to the financial statements.

Financial position

At 31 March 2023, the group had total funds of £2,622,141 (2022: £2,714,531). These funds comprised tangible fixed assets of £2,438,095, a retained deficit in the trading subsidiary of £90,626 and general funds of £274,674.

Reserves policy

It is the trustees' intention to build sufficient reserves through fundraising initiatives in order to meet existing liabilities as they fall due and to enable the continued development of the charity's educational activities. The trustees have agreed that free reserves should approximate to £200,000. At 31 March 2023, the group's free reserves were £184,048. The trustees acknowledge that the level of free reserves at 31 March 2023 are below the reserves policy. However, given the charity's and the group's activities, the general economic uncertainty and Covid-19, in particular, they believe that the level of reserves is acceptable at the current time.

Governance, structure and management

Governance

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited was incorporated as a company limited by guarantee (Company Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)) on 16 December 2004. The company is governed by its memorandum and articles of association. It registered as a charity with the Charity Commission for England and Wales on 10 February 2005 (Charity Registration Number 1108039).

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Governance (continued)

The charitable company remained dormant until 28 March 2006 when The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust (formerly Charity Registration Number 274185) transferred its net assets (excluding the regimental collection) and its activities (including preservation, management and restoration of the regimental collection and the appeal for funds for the Horse Guards development) to the charitable company. This transfer was in accordance with a legal transfer of undertakings. On 18 April 2006, The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust became a subsidiary of the charitable company. With effect from that date, the Charity Registration Number of The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust was amended to 1108039-1. This charity is the charitable trust in which the regimental collection is held. The trustees of both The Household Cavalry Museum Regimental Collection Trust and The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited are identical.

Trustees

The names of the trustees of the charitable company who were in office during the year or at the time these financial statements were approved are set out below:

Trustees	Appointed/Resigned
Mr J R E Coles	
Lieutenant Colonel A E Gilham	Resigned 14 th September 2023
Colonel (Retd) JDA Gaselee	
Colonel C A Lockhart MBE	Resigned 29 th November 2022
Lieutenant Colonel R J Spiller	Appointed 10 th September 2023
Major B E Rogers	
Brigadier M S P Berry	Appointed 27 th July 2022
Lieutenant General (Retd) Sir B W B White-Spunner KCB CBE	
Lieutenant Colonel (Retd) HSJ Scott	

Induction and training of trustees

All trustees receive induction on joining the Board so that they are equipped to carry out their role. In order to keep Board members informed about the charity's on-going work, the Board receives reports from senior staff members as required.

Subsidiary company

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited fully owns The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (Company Registration Number 05844779 (England and Wales)), which has an issued share capital of £1. The company was formed to carry out the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. It commenced trading on 1 July 2007.

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees (who are also directors of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Statement of trustees' responsibilities (continued)

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- ♦ select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ♦ observe the methods and principles of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102);
- ♦ make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ♦ state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- ♦ prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each of the trustees confirms that:

- ♦ so far as the trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- ♦ the trustee has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Key management personnel

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity. None of the trustees receives any remuneration from the charity or group.

The key management personnel of the charity's trading subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis comprise the Museum Director and the Deputy Visitor Services Manager. The annual pay of the Museum Director is set by the board of directors and reviewed annually. The directors receive no remuneration.

Structure and management reporting

The ultimate responsibility for the charitable company and its subsidiary company lies with the trustees. The day to day responsibility for the subsidiary company lie with its board of directors.

The brief of the Museum Director is to increase day visitor numbers by establishing links with trade partners, tour operators and agencies, to enhance discretionary retail spending and to build the corporate hospitality business potential.

The full time manager of the Museum Education and Archive Centre at Windsor has been tasked with recovering the complete reserve collection from storage and to reinstating it in the refurbished Museum at Combermere Barracks. In addition, a team of volunteers has been cataloguing every item whilst dealing with a significant number of research enquiries and group tours.

All of these individuals report to the trustees or directors (as appropriate) on a regular basis, both informally and formally at trustees' and directors' meetings.

Fundraising

The charity aims to achieve best practice in the way in which it communicates with donors and other supporters. It takes care with both the tone of its communications and the accuracy of its data to minimise the pressures on supporters. It applies best practice to protect supporters' data and never sells data, it never swaps data, and ensures that supporters' and donors' communication preferences can be changed at any time. The charity manages its own fundraising activities and does not employ the services of professional fundraisers. The charity undertakes to react to and investigate any complaints regarding its fundraising activities and to learn from them and improve its service. During 2023, the charity received no complaints about its fundraising activities.

Risk management

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charitable company and its subsidiary are exposed, in particular those relating to their specific operational areas and finances. The trustees believe that by monitoring reserve levels, by ensuring controls exist over key financial systems, and by examining the operational and business risks faced by the charitable company and its subsidiary, they have established effective systems to mitigate those risks.

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Risk management (continued)

The after effects of Covid-19 continue to be a risk to the group and the ongoing impact of closures due to government restrictions and reduced visitor numbers have and continue lead to a reduction in income. The trustees have detailed the effects of Covid-19 above within the review of business section earlier in the trustee report. The trustees will continue to assess the impact this has on operations and take steps to mitigate losses.

An important risk to the operations of the group is that of its dependence on foreign tourism which fluctuates for reasons which cannot be controlled. The trustees are seeking to mitigate this exposure by careful financial budgeting. In order to attract UK residents in greater numbers, the charity is also concentrating efforts in marketing to diversify and increase the number of visitors to the museum.

The recent changes in the UK Economy, increased inflation and interest rates and the effects to visitors numbers and spend and are being carefully monitored.

Approved by the trustees and signed on their behalf by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'J. Gaselee', written in a cursive style.

Colonel James Gaselee

Trustee

Approved by the trustees on: 16 November 2023

Independent auditor's report to the members of Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited (the 'charitable parent company') and of the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the group statement of financial activities, the group and charitable parent company balance sheets, the group statement of cash flows, the principal accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- ◆ give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the charitable parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of the group's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- ◆ have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- ◆ have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to the accounting policy on pages 17 and 18 of the financial statements regarding going concern, which sets out the material uncertainties related to going concern that arose as a result of the lasting impact of the Coronavirus pandemic on the group's activities.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Other information (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- ◆ the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- ◆ the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the charitable parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- ◆ adequate accounting records have not been kept by the group or charitable parent company; or
- ◆ the charitable parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- ◆ certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made;
- ◆ we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- ◆ the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Responsibilities of trustees (continued)

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group's and the charitable parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or the charitable parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- ◆ the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- ◆ we obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and group and determined that the most significant frameworks which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those that relate to the reporting framework: the Companies Act 2006; the Charities Act 2011; Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102); and Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

We assessed the susceptibility of the group and parent charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- ◆ making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- ◆ considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- ◆ performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships; and
- ◆ tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions.
- ◆ carried out substantive testing of expenditure including the authorisation thereof;
- ◆ assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- ◆ investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- ◆ agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- ◆ reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance; and
- ◆ enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Shachi Blakemore (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Buzzacott LLP, Statutory Auditor
130 Wood Street
London
EC2V 6DL
Date: 12 December 2023

Consolidated statement of financial activities Year to 31 March 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Income and expenditure			
Income from:			
Donations and legacies	1	37,126	31,721
Trading activities	2	253,517	134,984
Total income		290,643	166,705
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds			
. Raising donations	3	2100	2,100
. Fundraising trading: cost of goods and services sold and other costs	4	236,333	201,014
Charitable activities			
. Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection	5	144,600	172,717
Total expenditure		383,033	375,831
Net expenditure and net movement in funds	7	(92,390)	(209,126)
Reconciliation of funds:			
Fund balances at 1 April		2,714,531	2,923,657
Fund balances at 31 March		2,622,141	2,714,531

All of the group's activities derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

There is no difference between the net movement in funds stated above and the historical cost equivalent.

The group has no recognised gains and losses other than those shown above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

Income above includes amounts received for specific purposes, and hence deemed restricted income, as follows. All income was spent during the year on the required purposes.

	2023 £	2022 £
Income from:		
Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	22,751	22,305
Grant funding for Victoria Cross Plaques	6,000	—
Total restricted income	28,751	22,305
Restricted fund balances as at 1 April	—	—
Restricted fund balances as at 31 March	—	—

All other income and expenditure in both financial years was unrestricted.

Balance sheets 31 March 2023

	Notes	Group		Charity	
		2023 £	2022 £	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets					
Heritage assets	11	—	—	—	—
Tangible assets	12	2,438,093	2,527,748	2,438,090	2,527,093
Investments	14	—	—	1	1
		2,438,093	2,527,748	2,438,091	2,527,094
Current assets					
Stock		15,575	26,579	—	—
Debtors: amounts due after more than one year	15	—	—	180,000	200,000
Debtors: amounts due within one year	15	9,973	9,419	52,687	18,769
Cash at bank and in hand		199,336	190,959	52,331	72,283
		224,884	226,957	285,018	291,052
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(40,836)	(40,174)	(8,295)	(9,688)
Net current assets		184,048	186,783	276,723	281,365
Total net assets		2,622,141	2,714,531	2,714,814	2,808,459
The funds of the charity					
Unrestricted funds					
. General funds		274,674	280,709	276,724	281,366
. Non-charitable trading funds	14	(90,626)	(93,926)	—	—
. Tangible fixed assets fund	17	2,438,095	2,527,748	2,438,090	2,527,093
		2,622,141	2,714,531	2,714,814	2,808,459

Approved by the trustees
and signed on their behalf by:



Colonel James Gaselee
Trustee

Approved on: 16 November 2023

Company Limited by Guarantee Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)
Charity Registration Number 1108039

Consolidated statement of cash flows Year to 31 March 2023

	Notes	2023 £	2022 £
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net cash (used in) operating activities	A	8,376	(59,243)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		—	—
Net cash used in investing activities		—	—
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		8,376	(59,243)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April	B	190,959	250,202
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	B	199,336	190,959

Notes to the statement of cash flows for the year to 31 March.

A Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash (used in) by operating activities

	2023 £	2022 £
Net movement in funds (as per the statement of financial activities)	(92,390)	(209,126)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charge	89,655	130,889
Decrease (increase) in stocks	11,004	15,089
Decrease (increase) in debtors	(554)	5,852
(Decrease) in creditors	662	(1,947)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	8,376	(59,243)

B Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	2023 £	2022 £
Total cash and cash equivalents: Cash at bank and in hand	199,336	190,959

The group has not prepared a separate statement of change in net debt as there is not difference between the movement in cash and cash equivalents and the movement in net cash (debt) of the group.

Principal accounting policies Year to 31 March 2023

The principal accounting policies adopted, judgements made and key sources of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the financial statements are laid out below.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared for the year to 31 March 2023 with comparative information provided in respect to the year to 31 March 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with items recognised at cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policies below or the notes to these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Preparation of the financial statements requires the trustees and management to make significant judgements and estimates.

The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- ♦ estimating the useful economic life of tangible fixed assets for the purpose of determining the annual depreciation charge;
- ♦ estimating the provision needed, if only, for slow moving or obsolete stock; and
- ♦ estimating future income and expenditure flows for the purpose of assessing going concern (see below).

Assessment of going concern

In the 'review of business' section in the Trustees report above, it was noted that the Covid-19 pandemic continued to impact the trading operations and financial outlook for the group. The trustees and trading company directors acknowledge and recognise the impact of the pandemic on the operations of the group, its beneficiaries, partners and stakeholders and they continue to ensure that both resources and processes are in place to mitigate adverse disruptions to operations.

Principal accounting policies Year to 31 March 2023

Assessment of going concern (continued)

The trading company directors meet monthly to assess and discuss the performance and rolling forecasts of the Museum. The Trust Trustees are updated on a regular basis and these monthly meetings will continue until trading has returned to normal levels. The forecasts are updated monthly, taking into account current and forecasted visitors' levels to tourism and heritage industry, economic challenges that may affect the operations and industry, along with any other external factors.

Visitor numbers are still to return to normal levels. Current projections see this gradually rise to 80% through 2023/24 and industry expectations are that this will increase to 100% by 2025. The trading company have used these predictions to forecast for the next two financial years. Performance against these will be closely monitored, and remedial action taken if required.

Our Education and Archive Centre at Windsor continues to recover from the effects of the pandemic and the curator works closely with the London Museum to provide a rolling programme of changes to the display cabinets on offer to visitors. In addition, he is focusing on improving the income streams derived from hosting visits which had collapsed during the pandemic and from fielding on-line research requests for information from the extensive archive.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the directors and trustees have concluded that although there is some uncertainty related to current projections, it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Basis of consolidation

The statement of financial activities, balance sheet and the statement of cash flows consolidates the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of the charity and its wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2023. The results of the subsidiary undertaking are consolidated on a line by line basis.

Income recognition

Income is recognised in the period in which the group and charity has entitlement to the income, the amount of income can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received.

Income comprises donations and income from trading activities.

Donations are recognised when the charity has confirmation of both the amount and settlement date. In the event of donations pledged but not received, the amount is accrued for where the receipt is considered probable. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Principal accounting policies Year to 31 March 2023

Income recognition (continued)

Donated services and facilities are recognised on the basis of the value of the gift to the charity which is the amount the charity would have been willing to pay to obtain facilities or services of equivalent economic benefit on the open market.

In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, volunteer time is not recognised.

Legacies are included in the statement of financial activities when the charity is entitled to the legacy, the executors have established that there are sufficient surplus assets in the estate to pay the legacy, and any conditions attached to the legacy are within the control of the charity.

Entitlement is taken as the earlier of the date on which either: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate. Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. Where legacies have been notified to the charity, or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, but the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title of the asset having being transferred to the charity.

Turnover generated by The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited comprises of income from ticket sales, shop sales, events and room hire. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. Other operating income of the company comprises Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme funding and grants from the Cultural Recovery Fund. Funding from the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme is credited to income when the company is entitled to the receipt of such monies and when the amount receivable can be quantified. Grants from bodies including the Cultural Recovery Fund are credited to income when the company is entitled to receipt, the amount receivable can be quantified and receipt is probable.

Expenditure recognition

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the group and charity to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure headings. The classification between activities is as follows:

- ◆ Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure associated with raising funds for the group and charity. This includes costs associated with fundraising and the costs of trading activities including the operating costs of The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited including the operating costs of the Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.

Principal accounting policies Year to 31 March 2023

Expenditure recognition (continued)

- ◆ Expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs associated with furthering the charitable purposes of the charity through the provision of its charitable activities. Such costs include:
 - ◇ Preservation and maintenance of the Regimental Collection including improvement of its accessibility to members of the public, other individuals and organisations;
 - ◇ Donations made to other charities specifically to enable them to assist family members of Household Cavalry soldiers killed or wounded in recent conflicts. Charitable donations comprise single year payments rather than multi-year grants. Donations are included in the statement of financial activities when approved for payment by the trustees. Provision is made for donations approved but unpaid at the period end.

Governance costs comprising the costs involving the public accountability of the charity (including audit costs) and costs in respect to its compliance with regulation and good practice are allocated to the cost of preserving and maintaining the Regimental Collection.

All expenditure is stated inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Heritage assets

The Regimental Collection comprises an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms, all of which form part of the heritage of the Household Cavalry and the nation generally.

One of the principal objectives of the charity is to preserve such assets for the enjoyment of future generations. As such, the assets meet the definition of heritage assets in the Charities SORP FRS 102 and are not valued for the purposes of these financial statements. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements and details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

Tangible fixed assets

All assets costing over £1,000 and with an expected useful life exceeding one year are capitalised.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| ◆ Building improvements | - 2% straight line |
| ◆ Museum fixtures and fittings | - over 4, 5 or 15 years straight line according to asset's useful life |
| ◆ Equipment | - 25% straight line |

Principal accounting policies Year to 31 March 2023

Investments

Investment in the subsidiary company is valued at cost.

Stock

Stock of items for resale in the museum shop is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value with provision made against any obsolete or slow moving items.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash receipt where such discounting is material.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand represents such accounts and instruments that are available on demand or have a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Creditors and provisions are recognised at the amount the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash payment where such discounting is material.

Fund structure

Unrestricted funds represent monies which are freely available for application towards achieving any charitable purpose that falls within the charity's charitable objects.

Non-charitable trading funds represent the accumulated surplus or deficit of the subsidiary trading company, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.

The tangible fixed asset fund represents the net book value of the improvements to land and buildings occupied by the group and other tangible fixed assets. Such assets are vital to the group being able to carry out its work and the value invested in the assets cannot, therefore, be realised in order to meet future expenditure or liabilities. To emphasise this point, the net book value of the assets is represented by a specific tangible fixed asset fund on the balance sheet.

Notes to the financial statements Year to 31 March 2023

1 Income from donations and legacies

	2023 £	2022 £
Donations	5,785	8,424
Grant funding – Victoria Cross Plaque	6,000	—
Research & Visitor Fees	1,851	—
Gift Aid	739	—
Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	22,751	22,305
2023 Total funds	37,126	30,729

Throughout the year, volunteers give their time to assist the operations of the Museum. The charity is grateful to these individuals for their enthusiasm and support. In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, the economic contribution of these volunteers is not recognised.

2 Income from trading activities

	2023 £	2022 £
Horse Guards		
. Ticket income	160,016	59,016
. Shop sales	63,820	30,267
. Events income	28,454	4,583
. Grant from Westminster City Council	—	14,000
. Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme funding	—	26,518
. Other Income	1,227	600
	253,517	134,984
Windsor		
. Research enquiries – administrative fees		992
	253,517	135,976

3 Expenditure on raising donations

	2023 £	2022 £
Consultancy fees and reimbursed expenses	2,100	2,100

4 Cost of goods and services sold and other costs

	2023 £	2022 £
Horse Guards		
. Cost of shop sales	31,810	17,750
. Administrative expenses	204,523	183,264
Taxation	—	—
	236,333	201,014

5 Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection

	2023 £	2022 £
Salaries and related costs	20,539	21,544
Other preservation and maintenance costs	25,903	12,141
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	89,003	129,062
Governance costs (note 6)	9,155	9,970
	144,600	172,717

6 Governance costs

	2023 £	2022 £
Auditor's remuneration**		
. Statutory audit	6,750	7,187
Other costs	2,405	2,783
	9,155	9,970

**Auditor's remuneration included above relates to the cost incurred by the parent charity only.

Auditor's remuneration of £7,390 (2022: £7,187) in respect to the subsidiary company is included within cost of goods and services sold and other costs (note 4) and comprises fees for statutory audit of £5,700 (2022: £5,500) and fees for tax compliance of £1,760 (2022: £1,250).

7 Net expenditure and net movement in funds

This is stated after charging:

	2023 £	2022 £
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	89,003	130,889
Staff costs (note 8)	182,134	167,091
Auditor's remuneration		
. Statutory audit services	9,500	9,500
. Other: tax compliance	1,250	1,250

8 Staff costs

Staff costs during the year were as follows:

	2023 £	2022 £
Wages and salaries	166,274	152,011
Social security costs	11,480	9,530
Employer's pension contributions	4,379	4,878
	182,134	166,419

During the year, the group had 5 employees (2022: 5) and 1 member of staff funded by the MoD (2022: 1). No employees had emoluments during the year in excess of £60,000 (2022: One).

8 Staff costs (continued)

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity in charge of controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis. None of the trustees received any remuneration from the charity or the group (see also note 9).

The directors consider that they together with the Museum Director and Deputy Visitor Services Manager comprise the key management personnel of the company in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating the company on a day to day basis. The total remuneration paid to key management personnel during the year was £108,649 (2022 - £98,921).

9 Trustees' remuneration

No trustees received any remuneration in respect of their services during the year (2022: £nil). No out of pocket travel or other expenses were reimbursed to the trustees during the year (2022: £nil).

10 Taxation

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is a registered charity and, therefore, is not liable to income tax or corporation tax on income derived from its charitable activities, as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities.

11 Heritage assets

As explained under principal accounting policies, heritage assets comprise the regimental collection. This collection includes an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements. Details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

12 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Building improvements		Museum fixtures and fittings	Equipment	Total
	Combermere Barracks	Horse Guards			
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 April 2022	385,220	3,134,268	703,720	124,236	4,347,444
Additions					
At 31 March 2023	385,220	3,134,268	703,720	124,236	4,347,444
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2022	107,362	939,964	683,152	89,217	1,819,695
Charge for the year	7,704	62,684	5,945	13,322	89,655
At 31 March 2023	115,066	1,002,648	689,097	102,539	1,909,350
Net book values					
At 31 March 2023	270,154	2,131,620	14,623	21,697	2,438,093
At 31 March 2022	277,858	2,194,303	20,568	35,019	2,527,748

12 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Charity	Building improvements		Museum fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guards £			
Cost					
At 1 April 2022	385,220	3,134,268	703,720	50,681	4,273,889
Additions					
At 31 March 2023	385,220	3,134,268	703,720	50,681	4,273,889
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2022	107,362	939,964	683,152	16,317	1,746,795
Charge for the year	7,704	62,684	5,945	12,670	89,003
At 31 March 2023	115,066	1,002,647	689,097	28,987	1,835,798
Net book values					
At 31 March 2023	270,154	2,131,619	14,623	21,694	2,438,090
At 31 March 2022	277,858	2,194,303	20,568	34,364	2,527,093

The land and buildings at Horse Guards are owned by the Crown Estate and those at the Windsor site are owned by the Ministry of Defence (MoD). No rent is payable by the group on these properties.

13 Capital commitments

At 31 March 2023 the group and charity had the following capital commitments in respect to equipment additions:

	Group		Charity	
	2023 £	2022 £	2023 £	2022 £
Authorised but not contracted for	—	—	—	—
Authorised and contracted for	—	—	—	—

14 Investments

Charity	2023 £	2022 £
Investment in subsidiary undertaking at cost		
. £1 ordinary shares	1	1

The charity owns the entire issued ordinary share capital of £1 in The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05844779). The subsidiary carries out commercial activities, namely the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. All activities have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis in the statement of financial activities.

Notes to the financial statements Year to 31 March 2023

14 Investments (continued)

A summary of the results of the subsidiary are shown below:

	2023 £	2022 £
Turnover	252,290	93,865
Cost of sales	(30,704)	(28,997)
Gross profit	221,586	64,868
Administration costs	(219,796)	(172,017)
Other operating income	1,227	41,118
Operating (loss)	3,017	(66,031)
Taxation	—	—
Deficit for the financial year	3,017	(66,031)

At 31 March 2023, the company's share capital was £1 (2022: £1) and its retained earnings were in deficit by £90,906 (2022: deficit of £93,927).

15 Debtors

	Group		Charity	
	2023 £	2022 £	2023 £	2022 £
Amounts receivable within one year				
Trade Debtors	5,732	—	—	—
Social security and taxation	—	507	308	507
Prepayments and accrued income	4,241	8,912	249	299
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	—	—	52,130	17,963
	9,973	9,419	52,687	18,769

During the year, a substantial proportion of the amount due from The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (the subsidiary) was converted into a loan (see below).

	Group		Charity	
	2023 £	2022 £	2023 £	2022 £
Amounts receivable after more than one year				
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	—	—	180,000	200,000

The charity agreed entered into a loan agreement with its subsidiary company on 11 March 2021 that provides the subsidiary with a loan for a maximum amount of £200,000. The loan is to be applied solely for the purposes of trading to generate income for the charity and for assisting the charity to advance its charitable purposes. The loan is repayable by ten equal annual instalments and attracts interest at 2% per annum above the Bank Rate of the Bank of England. Under the loan agreement no repayment of the loan or interest shall be required until the earliest of (1) the resumption of the company's normal trading activities for a full year following the release of the Government's Covid-19 lockdown measures which were commenced in January 2021; or (2) June 2023. As normal activity is yet to resume in full, the latter will apply.

Notes to the financial statements Year to 31 March 2023

16 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Charity	
	2023 £	2022 £	2023 £	2022 £
Expense creditors and accruals	13,058	6,713	945	960
Accruals and deferred income	17,904	25,232	7,350	8,727
Social security and taxation	9,874	8,229	—	—
	40,836	40,174	8,295	9,687

No income was deferred as at 31 March 2023 (2022: £nil)

17 Tangible fixed assets fund

Group	At 1 April 2022 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2023 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,527,748	(89,654)	2,438,093

Group	At 1 April 2021 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,658,637	(130,889)	2,527,748

Charity	At 1 April 2022 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2023 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,527,093	(89,003)	2,438,090

Charity	At 1 April 2021 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,656,155	(129,062)	2,527,093

The tangible fixed assets fund represents the book value of the tangible fixed assets held by the group and charity respectively. A decision was made to separate this fund from the general funds of the group and charity in recognition of the fact that the assets are essential to the day to day work of the group and charity and as such their value should not be regarded as funds that would be available with ease in order to meet future contingencies.

18 Transactions with connected charities and other related parties

The group is connected to The Household Cavalry Foundation, a registered charity, Charity Registration Number 08236363, by virtue of the fact that the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary both have directors in common with The Household Cavalry Foundation.

There were no other related party transactions other than those with the charity's wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (2022: none).

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1108039

Accounts

**The Household
Cavalry Museum
Trust Limited**
**Annual Report and
Financial Statements**

31 March 2022

Company Limited by Guarantee
Registration Number
05314773 (England and Wales)

Charity Registration Number
1108039

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Reference and administrative details

Trustees	Mr J R E Coles Colonel (Retired) JDA Gaselee Lieutenant Colonel A E Gilham Colonel C A Lockhart MBE Major B E Rogers Lieutenant General (Retd) Sir B W B White-Spunner KCB CBE Lieutenant Colonel (Retd) HSJ Scott
Company Secretary	Lieutenant Colonel (Retd) R R D Griffin
Principal office	Headquarters Household Cavalry Horse Guards Whitehall London SW1A 2AX
Telephone	020 7414 2392
Website and social media	www.householdcavalrymuseum.co.uk/museum www.instagram.com/householdcavalrymuseum/ www.facebook.com/householdcavalrymuseum twitter.com/HCavMuseum
Email	museum@householdcavalry.co.uk
Company registration number	05314773 (England and Wales)
Charity registration number	1108039
Auditor	Buzzacott LLP 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL
Solicitors	Stone King LLP 13 Queen Square Bath BA1 2HJ

Reference and administrative details

Bankers	National Westminster Bank plc Windsor and Eton Branch 12 High Street Windsor Berkshire SL4 1LQ Lloyds Bank plc Coxs & Kings Branch 1 Legg Street Chelmsford Essex CM1 1JS
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The trustees present their report together with the consolidated financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited ("the Trust") for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 18 to 23 of the attached financial statements and comply with the charitable company's memorandum and articles of association, applicable laws and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Scope

The financial statements consolidate the financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited with those of its wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Introduction and background

The Household Cavalry Museum used to be situated at Combermere Barracks in Windsor and housed the Regimental Collection.

In 2000, a prime site became available at the Horse Guards building in Whitehall, central London, for the Household Cavalry to create a purpose built, modern showcase museum that would not only tell the story of the Household Cavalry through its collections but also afford public access for the first time to one of the most important Grade I listed buildings in the Capital. The Museum opened to the public on 9 July 2007 and provides the visitor with a living experience whereby they are able to observe the mounted and dismounted Household Cavalrymen on duty at Horse Guards. The visitor is also able to see the daily changing of the Queen's Life Guard on Horse Guards parade ground directly adjacent to the Museum's entrance and gain access to a working stables from where they can see behind the scenes of public duty. The day-to-day operation of the Museum is the responsibility of the charity's wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration No 05844779).

As part of the original development project, refurbishment at the Windsor site was completed in July 2008. Since April 2009, it has become the focus for school visits and formal education. It houses the reserve collection and is the centre for historical and genealogical research.

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is the charitable company through which the fundraising and preservation, management and restoration of the Regimental Collection are accounted for.

Objectives and activities

The charitable company's objects are to educate the public and members of the Household Cavalry in the Regiment's history, heritage, traditions and military accomplishments. These objects are achieved through the preservation, maintenance and management of the regimental collection. Activities are conducted through the operation of a Museum at Horse Guards in London and also through the housing of a reserve collection in an education and research establishment in Combermere Barracks, Windsor.

Objectives and activities (continued)

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's objectives and aims and in planning future activities.

Review of business

The Covid-19 pandemic continued to severely impact upon the trading operations and financial outlook for the group throughout the year. The trustees and trading company directors still acknowledge and recognise the ongoing impact of the pandemic on the operations of the group, its beneficiaries, partners and stakeholders and they continue to ensure that both resources and processes are in place to mitigate adverse disruptions to operations.

The consequences of the pandemic resulted in the London Museum being closed throughout April and May and only opening on restricted hours for 3 days a week from June until September. The museum continued to open on restricted hours for 5 days a week from October 2021 until March 2022. As a result of these limited trading opportunities, it is unrealistic to make direct comparisons with profitable pre-pandemic trading years but the gradual pick up of admissions and retail revenue is very much in line with industry norms in the tourism and heritage sector as London slowly emerges from the pandemic attempts to re-establish its trading operations.

After reopening, the museum welcomed approximately 20% of the normal volume of visitors and current projections are to see this gradually rise to 50% through FY 2022/23. Cash flow forecasts for the group will be closely monitored monthly by the trading company directors and early identification of adverse trends that may require remedial action will be established.

The trading company gives great priority to maximising revenue potential and managing costs in the current climate. Part time temporary staff will be recruited to take advantage of the traditionally strong summer period during which time the museum will be open 7 days a week. In addition, bookings from the private tour travel trade and event industry are picking up very much in line with the long-term predictions of the heritage and tourism industry.

Our Education and Archive at Windsor has also suffered from the pandemic and was closed to the public for much of the year. A new full-time curator took up post at the beginning of the year and he works closely with the London museum to provide a rolling programme of changes to the display cabinets on offer to visitors. In addition, he is focusing on improving the income streams derived from hosting visits which had collapsed during the pandemic and from fielding on-line research requests for information from the extensive archive.

Current projections show that the adverse impact on the trading company's profitability in 2021/22 will continue in 2022/23. While restrictions have been lifted, pre Covid-19 visitor numbers are yet to return to the tourism industry, with industry forecasts suggesting this will not be until 2024.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the directors and trustees have concluded that although there is material uncertainty related to current projections, it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Financial review

Results for the year

A summary of the group's results for the year is given in the consolidated statement of financial activities on page 15 of this annual report and financial statements.

Income for the year totalled £166,705 (2021: £280,570). Donations and similar income amounting to £31,721 (2021: £34,625) were received during the year and included £22,305 (2021: £22,422) received from the Ministry of Defence towards staff costs. Income from trading activities was £134,984 (2021: £245,945), of which £40,518 [(2021: £241,560) related to financial support in the form of the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme and grants from Westminster council to support the hospitality and leisure business, post Covid-19. There were no grants received from the Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund in 2022.

Expenditure totalled £375,831 (2021: £418,158) and included fundraising trading costs of £201,014 (2021: £243,607), costs of raising donations of £2,100 (2021: £3,850), and costs in relation to the preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection (including depreciation) of £172,717 (2021: £170,701) and governance costs of £9,970 (2021: £6,559). The net reduction in funds for the year was £209,126 (2021: £137,588).

The results of the trading subsidiary are shown in note 14 to the financial statements.

Financial position

At 31 March 2022, the group had total funds of £2,714,531 (2021: £2,923,657). These funds comprised tangible fixed assets of £2,527,748, a retained deficit in the trading subsidiary of £93,926 and general funds of £280,709.

Reserves policy

It is the trustees' intention to build sufficient reserves through fundraising initiatives in order to meet existing liabilities as they fall due and to enable the continued development of the charity's educational activities. The trustees have agreed that free reserves should approximate to £200,000. At 31 March 2022, the group's free reserves were £186,784. The trustees acknowledge that the level of free reserves at 31 March 2022 are below the reserves policy. However, given the charity's and the group's activities, the general economic uncertainty and Covid-19, in particular, they believe that the level of reserves is acceptable at the current time.

Governance, structure and management

Governance

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited was incorporated as a company limited by guarantee (Company Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)) on 16 December 2004. The company is governed by its memorandum and articles of association. It registered as a charity with the Charity Commission for England and Wales on 10 February 2005 (Charity Registration Number 1108039).

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Governance (continued)

The charitable company remained dormant until 28 March 2006 when The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust (formerly Charity Registration Number 274185) transferred its net assets (excluding the regimental collection) and its activities (including preservation, management and restoration of the regimental collection and the appeal for funds for the Horse Guards development) to the charitable company. This transfer was in accordance with a legal transfer of undertakings. On 18 April 2006, The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust became a subsidiary of the charitable company. With effect from that date, the Charity Registration Number of The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust was amended to 1108039-1. This charity is the charitable trust in which the regimental collection is held. The trustees of both The Household Cavalry Museum Regimental Collection Trust and The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited are identical.

Trustees

The names of the trustees of the charitable company who were in office during the year or at the time these financial statements were approved are set out below:

Trustees	Appointed/Resigned
Mr J R E Coles	
Lieutenant Colonel A E Gilham	
Colonel (Retired) JDA Gaselee	
Colonel C A Lockhart MBE	
Mr C J MacEvilly	Resigned 5 January 2022
Major B E Rogers	
Lieutenant General (Retired) Sir B W B White-Spunner KCB CBE	
Lieutenant Colonel (Retired) HSJ Scott	

Induction and training of trustees

All trustees receive induction on joining the Board so that they are equipped to carry out their role. In order to keep Board members informed about the charity's on-going work, the Board receives reports from senior staff members as required.

Subsidiary company

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited fully owns The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (Company Registration Number 05844779 (England and Wales)), which has an issued share capital of £1. The company was formed to carry out the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. It commenced trading on 1 July 2007.

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees (who are also directors of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Statement of trustees' responsibilities (continued)

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- ◆ select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ◆ observe the methods and principles of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102);
- ◆ make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ◆ state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- ◆ prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each of the trustees confirms that:

- ◆ so far as the trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- ◆ the trustee has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Key management personnel

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity. None of the trustees receives any remuneration from the charity or group.

The key management personnel of the charity's trading subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis comprise the Museum Director and the Deputy Visitor Services Manager. The annual pay of the Museum Director is set by the board of directors and reviewed annually. The directors receive no remuneration.

Structure and management reporting

The ultimate responsibility for the charitable company and its subsidiary company lies with the trustees. The day to day responsibility for the subsidiary company lie with its board of directors.

The brief of the Museum Director is to increase day visitor numbers by establishing links with trade partners, tour operators and agencies, to enhance discretionary retail spending and to build the corporate hospitality business potential.

The full time manager of the Museum Education and Archive Centre at Windsor has been tasked with recovering the complete reserve collection from storage and to reinstating it in the refurbished Museum at Combermere Barracks. In addition, a team of volunteers has been cataloguing every item whilst dealing with a significant number of research enquiries and group tours.

All of these individuals report to the trustees or directors (as appropriate) on a regular basis, both informally and formally at trustees' and directors' meetings.

Fundraising

The charity aims to achieve best practice in the way in which it communicates with donors and other supporters. It takes care with both the tone of its communications and the accuracy of its data to minimise the pressures on supporters. It applies best practice to protect supporters' data and never sells data, it never swaps data, and ensures that supporters' and donors' communication preferences can be changed at any time. The charity manages its own fundraising activities and does not employ the services of professional fundraisers. The charity undertakes to react to and investigate any complaints regarding its fundraising activities and to learn from them and improve its service. During 2022, the charity received no complaints about its fundraising activities.

Risk management

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charitable company and its subsidiary are exposed, in particular those relating to their specific operational areas and finances. The trustees believe that by monitoring reserve levels, by ensuring controls exist over key financial systems, and by examining the operational and business risks faced by the charitable company and its subsidiary, they have established effective systems to mitigate those risks.

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Risk management (continued)

Covid-19 continued to be a major risk to the group and the ongoing impact of closures due to government restrictions and reduced visitor numbers have and continue lead to a significant reduction in income. The trustees have detailed the effects of Covid-19 above within the review of business section earlier in the trustee report. The trustees will continue to assess the impact this has on operations and take steps to mitigate losses.

An important risk to the operations of the group is that of its dependence on foreign tourism which fluctuates for reasons which cannot be controlled. The trustees are seeking to mitigate this exposure by careful financial budgeting. In order to attract UK residents in greater numbers, the charity is also concentrating efforts in marketing to diversify and increase the number of visitors to the museum.

The recent changes in the UK Economy, increased inflation and interest rates and the effects to visitors numbers and spend and are being carefully monitored.

Approved by the trustees and signed on their behalf by:



Colonel JDA Gaselee

Trustee

Approved by the trustees on: 9 November 2022

Independent auditor's report to the members of Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited (the 'charitable parent company') and of the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the group statement of financial activities, the group and charitable parent company balance sheets, the group statement of cash flows, the principal accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- ◆ give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the charitable parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of the group's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- ◆ have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- ◆ have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to the accounting policy on page 19 of the financial statements regarding going concern, which sets out the material uncertainties related to going concern that arose as a result of the out-break of Coronavirus pandemic in 2020 and its continued impact on the group's activities since then.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- ◆ the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- ◆ the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the charitable parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- ◆ adequate accounting records have not been kept by the group or charitable parent company; or
- ◆ the charitable parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- ◆ certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made;
- ◆ we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- ◆ the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group's and the charitable parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or the charitable parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- ◆ the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- ◆ we obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and group and determined that the most significant frameworks which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those that relate to the reporting framework: the Companies Act 2006; the Charities Act 2011; Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102); and Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

We assessed the susceptibility of the group and parent charitable company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- ◆ making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- ◆ considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- ◆ performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships; and
- ◆ tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions.
- ◆ carried out substantive testing of expenditure including the authorisation thereof;
- ◆ assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- ◆ investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- ◆ agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- ◆ reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance; and
- ◆ enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Shachi Blakemore (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Buzzacott LLP, Statutory Auditor
130 Wood Street
London
EC2V 6DL

Dated: 06 December 2022

Consolidated statement of financial activities Year to 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Income and expenditure			
Income from:			
Donations and legacies	1	31,721	34,625
Trading activities	2	134,984	245,945
Total income		166,705	280,570
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds			
. Raising donations	3	2,100	3,850
. Fundraising trading: cost of goods and services sold and other costs	4	201,014	243,607
Charitable activities			
. Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection	5	172,717	170,701
Total expenditure		375,831	418,158
Net expenditure and net movement in funds	7	(209,126)	(137,588)
Reconciliation of funds:			
Fund balances at 1 April		2,923,657	3,061,245
Fund balances at 31 March		2,714,531	2,923,657

All of the group's activities derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

There is no difference between the net movement in funds stated above and the historical cost equivalent.

The group has no recognised gains and losses other than those shown above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

Income above includes amounts received for specific purposes, and hence deemed restricted income, as follows. All income was spent during the year on the required purposes.

	2022 £	2021 £
Income from:		
Donations and legacies		
. Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	22,305	22,422
Trading activities		
. Grant from Westminster City Council for educational projects	—	19,548
. Grant from Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund	—	121,803
Total restricted income	22,305	163,773
Restricted fund balances as at 1 April	—	—
Restricted fund balances as at 31 March	—	—

All other income and expenditure in both financial years was unrestricted.

Balance sheets 31 March 2022

	Notes	Group		Charity	
		2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets					
Heritage assets	11	—	—	—	—
Tangible assets	12	2,527,748	2,658,637	2,527,093	2,656,155
Investments	14	—	—	1	1
		2,527,748	2,658,637	2,527,094	2,656,156
Current assets					
Stock		26,579	41,668		—
Debtors: amounts due after more than one year	15	—	—	200,000	200,000
Debtors: amounts due within one year	15	9,419	15,271	18,769	24,173
Cash at bank and in hand		190,959	250,202	72,283	86,052
		226,957	307,141	291,052	310,225
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(40,174)	(42,121)	(9,688)	(14,829)
Net current assets		186,783	265,020	281,365	295,396
Total net assets		2,714,531	2,923,657	2,808,459	2,951,552
The funds of the charity					
Unrestricted funds					
. General funds		280,709	292,915	281,366	295,397
. Non-charitable trading funds	14	(93,926)	(27,895)	—	—
. Tangible fixed assets fund	17	2,527,748	2,658,637	2,527,093	2,656,155
		2,714,531	2,923,657	2,808,459	2,951,552

Approved by the trustees
and signed on their behalf by:



Colonel JDA Gaselee

Trustee

Approved on: 9 November 2022

Company Limited by Guarantee Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)
Charity Registration Number 1108039

Consolidated statement of cash flows Year to 31 March 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net cash (used in) operating activities	A	(59,243)	(72,192)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		—	(6,457)
Net cash used in investing activities		—	(6,457)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(59,243)	(78,649)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April	B	250,202	328,851
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	B	190,959	250,202

Notes to the statement of cash flows for the year to 31 March.

A Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash (used in) by operating activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Net movement in funds (as per the statement of financial activities)	(209,126)	(137,588)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charge	130,889	121,553
Decrease (increase) in stocks	15,089	(8,757)
Decrease in debtors	5,852	3,037
(Decrease) in creditors	(1,947)	(50,437)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(59,243)	(72,192)

B Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	2022 £	2021 £
Total cash and cash equivalents: Cash at bank and in hand	190,959	250,202

The group has not prepared a separate statement of change in net debt as there is not difference between the movement in cash and cash equivalents and the movement in net cash (debt) of the group.

Principal accounting policies Year to 31 March 2022

The principal accounting policies adopted, judgements made and key sources of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the financial statements are laid out below.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared for the year to 31 March 2022 with comparative information provided in respect to the year to 31 March 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with items recognised at cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policies below or the notes to these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Preparation of the financial statements requires the trustees and management to make significant judgements and estimates.

The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- ◆ estimating the useful economic life of tangible fixed assets for the purpose of determining the annual depreciation charge;
- ◆ estimating the provision needed, if only, for slow moving or obsolete stock; and
- ◆ estimating future income and expenditure flows for the purpose of assessing going concern (see below).

Assessment of going concern

In the 'review of business' section in the Trustees report above, it was noted that the Covid-19 pandemic continued to severely impact the trading operations and financial outlook for the group. The trustees and trading company directors acknowledge and recognise the ongoing impact of the pandemic on the operations of the group, its beneficiaries, partners and stakeholders and they continue to ensure that both resources and processes are in place to mitigate adverse disruptions to operations.

The trading company directors meet monthly to assess and discuss the performance and rolling forecasts of the Museum. The Trust Trustees are updated on a regular basis and these monthly meetings will continue until trading has returned to normal levels. The forecasts are updated monthly, taking into account current and forecasted visitors' levels to tourism and heritage industry, economic challenges that may affect the operations and industry, along with any other external factors.

Although Covid -19 restrictions have been lifted, visitor numbers are yet to return to normal levels. Current projections see this gradually rise to 50% through 2022/23. Industry expectations are that this will increase to 80% by early 2024 and 100% by 2025. The trading company have used these predictions to forecast for the next two financial years. Performance against these will be closely monitored, and remedial action taken if required.

Our Education and Archive at Windsor has also suffered from the pandemic and was closed to the public for much of the year. A new full-time curator took up post at the beginning of the year and he works closely with the London Museum to provide a rolling programme of changes to the display cabinets on offer to visitors. In addition, he is focusing on improving the income streams derived from hosting visits which had collapsed during the pandemic and from fielding on-line research requests for information from the extensive archive.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the directors and trustees have concluded that although there is material uncertainty related to current projections, it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Basis of consolidation

The statement of financial activities, balance sheet and the statement of cash flows consolidates the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of the charity and its wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2022. The results of the subsidiary undertaking are consolidated on a line by line basis.

Income recognition

Income is recognised in the period in which the group and charity has entitlement to the income, the amount of income can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received.

Income comprises donations and income from trading activities.

Donations are recognised when the charity has confirmation of both the amount and settlement date. In the event of donations pledged but not received, the amount is accrued for where the receipt is considered probable. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Donated services and facilities are recognised on the basis of the value of the gift to the charity which is the amount the charity would have been willing to pay to obtain facilities or services of equivalent economic benefit on the open market.

In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, volunteer time is not recognised.

Legacies are included in the statement of financial activities when the charity is entitled to the legacy, the executors have established that there are sufficient surplus assets in the estate to pay the legacy, and any conditions attached to the legacy are within the control of the charity.

Entitlement is taken as the earlier of the date on which either: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate. Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. Where legacies have been notified to the charity, or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, but the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title of the asset having being transferred to the charity.

Income recognition (continued)

Turnover generated by The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited comprises of income from ticket sales, shop sales, events and room hire. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. Other operating income of the company comprises Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme funding and grants from the Cultural Recovery Fund. Funding from the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme is credited to income when the company is entitled to the receipt of such monies and when the amount receivable can be quantified. Grants from bodies including the Cultural Recovery Fund are credited to income when the company is entitled to receipt, the amount receivable can be quantified and receipt is probable.

Expenditure recognition

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the group and charity to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure headings. The classification between activities is as follows:

- ◆ Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure associated with raising funds for the group and charity. This includes costs associated with fundraising and the costs of trading activities including the operating costs of The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited including the operating costs of the Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.
- ◆ Expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs associated with furthering the charitable purposes of the charity through the provision of its charitable activities. Such costs include:
 - ◇ Preservation and maintenance of the Regimental Collection including improvement of its accessibility to members of the public, other individuals and organisations;
 - ◇ Donations made to other charities specifically to enable them to assist family members of Household Cavalry soldiers killed or wounded in recent conflicts. Charitable donations comprise single year payments rather than multi-year grants. Donations are included in the statement of financial activities when approved for payment by the trustees. Provision is made for donations approved but unpaid at the period end.

Governance costs comprising the costs involving the public accountability of the charity (including audit costs) and costs in respect to its compliance with regulation and good practice are allocated to the cost of preserving and maintaining the Regimental Collection.

All expenditure is stated inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Heritage assets

The Regimental Collection comprises an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms, all of which form part of the heritage of the Household Cavalry and the nation generally.

One of the principal objectives of the charity is to preserve such assets for the enjoyment of future generations. As such, the assets meet the definition of heritage assets in the Charities SORP FRS 102 and are not valued for the purposes of these financial statements. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements and details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

Tangible fixed assets

All assets costing over £1,000 and with an expected useful life exceeding one year are capitalised.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| ♦ Building improvements | - 2% straight line |
| ♦ Museum fixtures and fittings | - over 4, 5 or 15 years straight line according to asset's useful life |
| ♦ Equipment | - 25% straight line |

Investments

Investment in the subsidiary company is valued at cost.

Stock

Stock of items for resale in the museum shop is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value with provision made against any obsolete or slow moving items.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash receipt where such discounting is material.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand represents such accounts and instruments that are available on demand or have a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Creditors and provisions are recognised at the amount the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash payment where such discounting is material.

Fund structure

Unrestricted funds represent monies which are freely available for application towards achieving any charitable purpose that falls within the charity's charitable objects.

Non-charitable trading funds represent the accumulated surplus or deficit of the subsidiary trading company, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.

The tangible fixed asset fund represents the net book value of the improvements to land and buildings occupied by the group and other tangible fixed assets. Such assets are vital to the group being able to carry out its work and the value invested in the assets cannot, therefore, be realised in order to meet future expenditure or liabilities. To emphasise this point, the net book value of the assets is represented by a specific tangible fixed asset fund on the balance sheet.

1 Income from donations and legacies

	2022 £	2021 £
Donations	8,424	12,203
Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	22,305	22,422
2022 Total funds	30,729	34,625

Throughout the year, volunteers give their time to assist the operations of the Museum. The charity is grateful to these individuals for their enthusiasm and support. In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, the economic contribution of these volunteers is not recognised.

2 Income from trading activities

	2022 £	2021 £
Horse Guards		
. Ticket income	59,016	773
. Shop sales	30,267	2,908
. Events income	4,583	—
. Grant from Westminster City Council	14,000	19,548
. Grant from Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund		121,803
. Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme funding	26,518	100,209
. Other Income	600	—
	134,984	245,241
Windsor		
. Research enquiries – administrative fees	992	704
	135,976	245,945

3 Expenditure on raising donations

	2022 £	2021 £
Consultancy fees and reimbursed expenses	2,100	3,850

4 Cost of goods and services sold and other costs

	2022 £	2021 £
Horse Guards		
. Cost of shop sales	17,750	17,808
. Administrative expenses	183,264	230,889
Taxation	—	(5,090)
	201,014	243,607

5 Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection

	2022 £	2021 £
Salaries and related costs	21,544	29,779
Other preservation and maintenance costs	12,141	16,146
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	129,062	118,217
Governance costs (note 6)	9,970	6,559
	172,717	170,701

6 Governance costs

	2022 £	2021 £
Auditor's remuneration**		
. Statutory audit	7,187	3,142
Other costs	2,783	3,417
	9,970	6,559

**Auditor's remuneration included above relates to the cost incurred by the parent charity only.

Auditor's remuneration of £7,187 (2021: £3,142) in respect to the subsidiary company is included within cost of goods and services sold and other costs (note 4) and comprises fees for statutory audit of £5,500 (2021: £3,000) and fees for tax compliance of £1,250 (2021: £1,000).

7 Net expenditure and net movement in funds

This is stated after charging:

	2022 £	2021 £
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	130,889	121,553
Staff costs (note 8)	167,091	224,209
Auditor's remuneration		
. Statutory audit services	9,500	7,000
. Other: tax compliance	1,250	1,000

8 Staff costs

Staff costs during the year were as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Wages and salaries	152,011	206,531
Social security costs	9,530	12,688
Employer's pension contributions	4,878	4,990
	166,419	224,209

During the year, the group had 5 employees (2021: 8) and 1 member of staff funded by the MoD (2021: 1). One employee had emoluments during the year in excess of £60,000 (2021: none).

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity in charge of controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis. None of the trustees received any remuneration from the charity or the group (see also note 9).

The directors consider that they together with the Museum Director and Deputy Visitor Services Manager comprise the key management personnel of the company in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating the company on a day to day basis. The total remuneration paid to key management personnel during the year was £98,921 (2021 - £103,837).

9 Trustees' remuneration

No trustees received any remuneration in respect of their services during the year (2021: £nil). No out of pocket travel or other expenses were reimbursed to the trustees during the year (2021: £nil).

10 Taxation

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is a registered charity and, therefore, is not liable to income tax or corporation tax on income derived from its charitable activities, as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities.

11 Heritage assets

As explained under principal accounting policies, heritage assets comprise the regimental collection. This collection includes an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements. Details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

12 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Building improvements		Museum fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guards £			
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	385,220	3,134,268	792,817	124,236	4,436,541
Additions	—	—	—	—	—
At 31 March 2022	<u>385,220</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>792,817</u>	<u>124,236</u>	<u>4,436,541</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	99,658	877,280	725,333	75,632	1,777,903
Charge for the year	7,704	62,684	46,916	13,585	130,889
At 31 March 2022	<u>107,362</u>	<u>939,964</u>	<u>772,249</u>	<u>89,217</u>	<u>1,908,792</u>
Net book values					
At 31 March 2022	<u>277,858</u>	<u>2194,303</u>	<u>20,568</u>	<u>35,019</u>	<u>2,527,748</u>
At 31 March 2021	<u>285,562</u>	<u>2,256,987</u>	<u>67,484</u>	<u>48,604</u>	<u>2,658,637</u>

Charity	Building improvements		Museum fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guards £			
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	385,220	3,134,268	703,720	50,681	4,273,889
Additions	—	—	—	—	—
At 31 March 2022	<u>385,220</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>703,720</u>	<u>50,681</u>	<u>4,273,889</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	99,658	877,280	636,236	4,559	1,617,733
Charge for the year	7,704	62,684	46,916	11,758	129,062
At 31 March 2022	<u>107,362</u>	<u>939,964</u>	<u>683,152</u>	<u>16,317</u>	<u>1,746,795</u>
Net book values					
At 31 March 2022	<u>277,858</u>	<u>2,194,303</u>	<u>20,568</u>	<u>34,364</u>	<u>2,527,093</u>
At 31 March 2021	<u>285,562</u>	<u>2,256,988</u>	<u>67,484</u>	<u>46,122</u>	<u>2,656,154</u>

The land and buildings at Horse Guards are owned by the Crown Estate and those at the Windsor site are owned by the Ministry of Defence (MoD). No rent is payable by the group on these properties.

13 Capital commitments

At 31 March 2022 the group and charity had the following capital commitments in respect to equipment additions:

	Group		Charity	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Authorised but not contracted for	—	—	—	—
Authorised and contracted for	—	—	—	—

14 Investments

Charity	2022	2021
	£	£
Investment in subsidiary undertaking at cost		
. £1 ordinary shares	1	1

The charity owns the entire issued ordinary share capital of £1 in The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05844779). The subsidiary carries out commercial activities, namely the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. All activities have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis in the statement of financial activities.

A summary of the results of the subsidiary are shown below:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Turnover	93,865	3,681
Cost of sales	(28,997)	(1,762)
Gross profit	64,868	1,919
Administration costs	(172,017)	(303,936)
Other operating income	41,118	241,560
Operating (loss)	(66,031)	(60,457)
Gift Aid payable to The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited	—	—
Taxation	—	5,090
Deficit for the financial year	(66,031)	(55,367)

At 31 March 2022, the company's share capital was £1 (2021: £1) and its retained earnings were in deficit by £93,927 (2021: deficit of £27,895).

15 Debtors

	Group		Charity	
	2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts receivable within one year				
Social security and taxation	507	—	507	—
Prepayments and accrued income	8,912	15,271	299	305
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	—	—	17,963	23,868
	9,419	15,271	18,769	24,173

During the year, a substantial proportion of the amount due from The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (the subsidiary) was converted into a loan (see below).

	Group		Charity	
	2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts receivable after more than one year				
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	—	—	200,000	200,000

The charity agreed entered into a loan agreement with its subsidiary company on 11 March 2021 that provides the subsidiary with a loan for a maximum amount of £200,000. The loan is to be applied solely for the purposes of trading to generate income for the charity and for assisting the charity to advance its charitable purposes. The loan is repayable by ten equal annual instalments and attracts interest at 2% per annum above the Bank Rate of the Bank of England. Under the loan agreement no repayment of the loan or interest shall be required until the earliest of (1) the resumption of the company's normal trading activities for a full year following the release of the Government's Covid-19 lockdown measures which were commenced in January 2021; or (2) June 2023. As normal activity is yet to resume in full, the latter will apply.

16 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Charity	
	2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £
Expense creditors and accruals	6,713	3,040	960	90
Accruals and deferred income	25,232	25,792	8,727	5,000
Other creditors	—	500	—	—
Social security and taxation	8,229	12,789	—	9,739
	40,174	42,121	9,687	14,829

No income was deferred as at 31 March 2022 (2021: £nil)

17 Tangible fixed assets fund

Group	At 1 April 2021 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,658,637	(130,889)	2,527,748
Group	At 1 April 2020 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2021 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,773,733	(115,096)	2,658,637
Charity	At 1 April 2021 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,656,155	(129,062)	2,527,093
Charity	At 1 April 2020 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2021 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,767,913	(111,758)	2,656,155

The tangible fixed assets fund represents the book value of the tangible fixed assets held by the group and charity respectively. A decision was made to separate this fund from the general funds of the group and charity in recognition of the fact that the assets are essential to the day to day work of the group and charity and as such their value should not be regarded as funds that would be available with ease in order to meet future contingencies.

18 Transactions with connected charities and other related parties

The group is connected to The Household Cavalry Foundation, a registered charity, Charity Registration Number 08236363, by virtue of the fact that the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary both have directors in common with The Household Cavalry Foundation. During the year, costs totalling £nil (2021 - £44,582) were paid by the group and recharged to The Household Cavalry Foundation. As at 31 March 2022, The Household Cavalry Foundation owed the group £nil (2021 - £nil).

There were no other related party transactions other than those with the charity's wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (2021: none).

THE HOUSEHOLD CAVALRY MUSEUM TRUST LIMITED

England & Wales - Charity number 1108039

Accounts

**The Household
Cavalry Museum
Trust Limited**
**Annual Report and
Financial Statements**

31 March 2021

Company Limited by Guarantee
Registration Number
05314773 (England and Wales)

Charity Registration Number
1108039

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Reference and administrative details

Trustees	Mr J R E Coles Colonel (Retired) JDA Gaselee Lieutenant Colonel A E Gilham Colonel C A Lockhart Mr C J MacEvilly Lieutenant General (Retd) Sir B W B White-Spunner KCB CBE Lieutenant Colonel (Retd) HSJ Scott
Company Secretary	Lieutenant Colonel (Retd) R R D Griffin
Principal office	Headquarters Household Cavalry Horse Guards Whitehall London SW1A 2AX
Telephone	020 7414 2392
Website and social media	www.householdcavalrymuseum.co.uk www.facebook.com/HCavMuseum www.twitter.com/HCavMuseum
Email	museum@householdcavalry.co.uk
Company registration number	05314773 (England and Wales)
Charity registration number	1108039
Auditor	Buzzacott LLP 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL
Solicitors	Stone King LLP 13 Queen Square Bath BA1 2HJ

Reference and administrative details

Bankers	National Westminster Bank plc Windsor and Eton Branch 12 High Street Windsor Berkshire SL4 1LQ Lloyds Bank plc Coxs & Kings Branch 1 Legg Street Chelmsford Essex CM1 1JS
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The trustees present their report together with the consolidated financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited ("the Trust") for the year ended 31 March 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out on pages 17 to 23 of the attached financial statements and comply with the charitable company's memorandum and articles of association, applicable laws and Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Scope

The financial statements consolidate the financial statements of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited with those of its wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Introduction and background

The Household Cavalry Museum used to be situated at Combermere Barracks in Windsor and housed the Regimental Collection.

In 2000, a prime site became available at the Horse Guards building in Whitehall, central London, for the Household Cavalry to create a purpose built, modern showcase museum that would not only tell the story of the Household Cavalry through its collections but also afford public access for the first time to one of the most important Grade I listed buildings in the Capital. The Museum opened to the public on 9 July 2007 and provides the visitor with a living experience whereby they are able to observe the mounted and dismounted Household Cavalrymen on duty at Horse Guards. The visitor is also able to see the daily changing of the Queen's Life Guard on Horse Guards parade ground directly adjacent to the Museum's entrance and gain access to a working stables from where they can see behind the scenes of public duty. The day-to-day operation of the Museum is the responsibility of the charity's wholly owned subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration No 05844779).

As part of the original development project, refurbishment at the Windsor site was completed in July 2008. Since April 2009, it has become the focus for school visits and formal education. It houses the reserve collection and is the centre for historical and genealogical research.

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is the charitable company through which the fundraising and preservation, management and restoration of the Regimental Collection are accounted for.

Objectives and activities

The charitable company's objects are to educate the public and members of the Household Cavalry in the Regiment's history, heritage, traditions and military accomplishments. These objects are achieved through the preservation, maintenance and management of the regimental collection. Activities are conducted through the operation of a Museum at Horse Guards in London and also through the housing of a reserve collection in an education and research establishment in Combermere Barracks, Windsor.

Objectives and activities (continued)

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's objectives and aims and in planning future activities.

Review of business

The worldwide outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic has continued to cause extensive disruptions to organisations globally with major implications for operations as well as finances. The directors acknowledge and recognise the continuing impact of the pandemic on the operations of the company, its beneficiaries, partners and stakeholders, and on the wider society, and they have ensured that both resources and processes are in place to limit disruptions to operations

The consequences of the Covid pandemic have resulted in the Museum being closed for the entire financial year, with the exception of a few days trading in late 2020. Retail sales have been limited to a small amount of online sales during the closure of the shop due to the Covid pandemic.

The principal risk facing the company remains the impact of the general economic conditions affecting visitor numbers and the level of foreign tourists, in particular. This risk has been compounded by the Covid-19 pandemic, which continues to have a significant influence on the company's activities and on plans for the future. The pandemic has caused a number of specific challenges for the company, chief among them the mandatory closure of the museum and shop from March 2020. Whilst significant income reductions have been accompanied by some reductions in operational expenditure, these have been quite limited and it is anticipated that the trading company will again incur an operating deficit during the next accounting period. The directors of the company are taking additional mitigating actions to cushion the company from adverse financial impacts caused by this major risk factor.

The board agreed that the Museum would reopen from May 2021. The directors have set targets for future activity levels. Whilst the current predictions suggests that these targets are achievable, they remain mindful that changes in Covid-19 restrictions, international travel and public confidence can quickly translate into fewer visitors. Small independent museums such as ours which charge an admission price are in direct competition with the large, neighbouring, free at entry national museums and will often struggle to attract the budget tourist which is the life blood of our trading arm.

The board's current projections show that the adverse impact on the trading company's profitability in 2020/21 is forecast to reverse in 2022/23, when a net profit is once again anticipated. However, they are mindful that there is difficulty in forecasting the actual level of business for 2021/22 and therefore there is uncertainty in the corresponding financial projections.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the trustees have concluded that although there is a material uncertainty related to this, it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Financial review

Results for the year

A summary of the group's results for the year is given in the consolidated statement of financial activities on page 15 of this annual report and financial statements.

Income for the year totalled £280,570 (2020: £479,049). Donations and similar income amounting to £34,625 (2020: £29,690) were received during the year and included £22,422 (2020: £21,313) received from the Ministry of Defence towards staff costs. Income from trading activities was £245,945 (2020: £449,359), of which £241,560 (2020: £3,884) related to financial support in the form of the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme and grants from the Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund..

Expenditure totalled £418,158 (2020: £570,421) and included fundraising trading costs of £243,607 (2020: £382,819), costs of raising donations of £3,850 (2020: £6,360), and costs in relation to the preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection (including depreciation) of £170,701 (2020: £181,242) and governance costs of £6,559 (2020: £11,565). The net reduction in funds for the year was £137,588 (2020: £91,372).

The results of the trading subsidiary are shown in note 14 to the financial statements.

Financial position

At 31 March 2021, the group had total funds of £2,923,657 (2020: £3,061,245). These funds comprised tangible fixed assets of £2,658,637, a retained deficit in the trading subsidiary of £27,895 and general funds of £292,915.

Reserves policy

It is the trustees' intention to build sufficient reserves through fundraising initiatives in order to meet existing liabilities as they fall due and to enable the continued development of the charity's educational activities. The trustees have agreed that free reserves should approximate to £200,000. At 31 March 2021, the group's free reserves were £265,020. The trustees acknowledge that the level of free reserves at 31 March 2021 are slightly above the reserves policy. However, given the charity's and the group's activities, the general economic uncertainty and Covid-19, in particular, they believe that the level of reserves is acceptable at the current time.

Governance, structure and management

Governance

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited was incorporated as a company limited by guarantee (Company Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)) on 16 December 2004. The company is governed by its memorandum and articles of association. It registered as a charity with the Charity Commission for England and Wales on 10 February 2005 (Charity Registration Number 1108039).

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Governance (continued)

The charitable company remained dormant until 28 March 2006 when The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust (formerly Charity Registration Number 274185) transferred its net assets (excluding the regimental collection) and its activities (including preservation, management and restoration of the regimental collection and the appeal for funds for the Horse Guards development) to the charitable company. This transfer was in accordance with a legal transfer of undertakings. On 18 April 2006, The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust became a subsidiary of the charitable company. With effect from that date, the Charity Registration Number of The Household Cavalry Regimental Collection Trust was amended to 1108039-1. This charity is the charitable trust in which the regimental collection is held. The trustees of both The Household Cavalry Museum Regimental Collection Trust and The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited are identical.

Trustees

The names of the trustees of the charitable company who were in office during the year or at the time these financial statements were approved are set out below:

Trustees	Appointed/Resigned
Mr J R E Coles	
Lieutenant Colonel T J Armitage	
Lieutenant Colonel A E Gilham	Appointed 30 July 2020
Colonel (Retired) JDA Gaselee	
Mr C J MacEvilly	
Lieutenant Colonel M S P Berry	Resigned 30 July 2020
Lieutenant General (Retired) Sir B W B White-Spunner KCB CBE	
Lieutenant Colonel (Retired) HSJ Scott	

Induction and training of trustees

All trustees receive induction on joining the Board so that they are equipped to carry out their role. In order to keep Board members informed about the charity's on-going work, the Board receives reports from senior staff members as required.

Subsidiary company

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited fully owns The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (Company Registration Number 05844779 (England and Wales)), which has an issued share capital of £1. The company was formed to carry out the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. It commenced trading on 1 July 2007.

Statement of trustees' responsibilities

The trustees (who are also directors of The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Statement of trustees' responsibilities (continued)

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of the group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and group and of the income and expenditure of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- ◆ select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- ◆ observe the methods and principles of Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102);
- ◆ make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ◆ state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- ◆ prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in operation.

The trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each of the trustees confirms that:

- ◆ so far as the trustee is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- ◆ the trustee has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Key management personnel

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity. None of the trustees receives any remuneration from the charity or group.

The key management personnel of the charity's trading subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis comprise the Head of Commercial Development and Operations and (for part of the year) the Visitor Services Manager. The annual pay of the Head of Commercial Development and Operations is set by the board of directors and reviewed annually at the AGM. The directors receive no remuneration.

Structure and management reporting

The ultimate responsibility for the charitable company and its subsidiary company lies with the trustees. The day to day responsibility for the subsidiary company lie with its board of directors.

The brief of the Head of Commercial Development and Operations is to increase day visitor numbers by establishing links with trade partners, tour operators and agencies, to enhance discretionary retail spending and to build the corporate hospitality business potential.

The full time manager of the Museum Education and Archive Centre at Windsor has been tasked with recovering the complete reserve collection from storage and to reinstating it in the refurbished Museum at Combermere Barracks. In addition, a team of volunteers has been cataloguing every item whilst dealing with a significant number of research enquiries and group tours.

All of these individuals report to the trustees or directors (as appropriate) on a regular basis, both informally and formally at trustees' and directors' meetings.

Fundraising

The charity aims to achieve best practice in the way in which it communicates with donors and other supporters. It takes care with both the tone of its communications and the accuracy of its data to minimise the pressures on supporters. It applies best practice to protect supporters' data and never sells data, it never swaps data, and ensures that supporters' and donors' communication preferences can be changed at any time. The charity manages its own fundraising activities and does not employ the services of Professional Fundraisers. The charity undertakes to react to and investigate any complaints regarding its fundraising activities and to learn from them and improve its service. During 2021, the charity received no complaints about its fundraising activities.

Risk management

The trustees have assessed the major risks to which the charitable company and its subsidiary are exposed, in particular those relating to their specific operational areas and finances. The trustees believe that by monitoring reserve levels, by ensuring controls exist over key financial systems, and by examining the operational and business risks faced by the charitable company and its subsidiary, they have established effective systems to mitigate those risks.

Governance, structure and management (continued)

Risk management (continued)

Covid-19 is a major risk to the group and the ongoing impact of closures due to government restrictions and reduced visitor numbers have and continue lead to a significant reduction in income. The trustees have detailed the effects of Covid-19 above within the review of business section earlier in the trustee report. The trustees will continue to assess the impact this has on operations and take steps to mitigate losses.

An important risk to the operations of the group is that of its dependence on foreign tourism which fluctuates for reasons which cannot be controlled. The trustees are seeking to mitigate this exposure by careful financial budgeting. In order to attract UK residents in greater numbers, the charity is also concentrating efforts in marketing to diversify and increase the number of visitors to the museum.

Approved by the trustees and signed on their behalf by:

Trustee

Approved by the trustees on:

Independent auditor's report to the members of Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited (the 'charitable parent company') and of the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2021 which the comprise the group statement of financial activities, the group and charitable parent company balance sheets, the group statement of cash flows, the principal accounting policies and the notes to the financial statements. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- ◆ give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the charitable parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of the group's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- ◆ have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- ◆ have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to the accounting policy on page 19 of the financial statements regarding going concern, which sets out the material uncertainties related to going concern that arise as a result of the Coronavirus pandemic.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- ◆ the information given in the trustees' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- ◆ the trustees' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the charitable parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- ◆ adequate accounting records have not been kept by the charitable parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- ◆ the charitable parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- ◆ certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made;
- ◆ we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- ◆ the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies' regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the trustees' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the group's and the charitable parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the group or the charitable parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- ◆ the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- ◆ we obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company and group and determined that the most significant frameworks which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those that relate to the reporting framework: the Companies Act 2006; the Charities Act 2011; Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102); and Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102).

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- ◆ making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected and alleged fraud; and
- ◆ considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- ◆ performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships; and
- ◆ tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions.
- ◆ carried out substantive testing of expenditure including the authorisation thereof;
- ◆ assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- ◆ investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- ◆ agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- ◆ reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance; and
- ◆ enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The more removed that laws and regulations are from financial transactions, the less likely it is that we would become aware of non-compliance. Auditing standards also limit the audit procedures required to identify non-compliance with laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and the inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Amanda Francis (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Buzzacott LLP, Statutory Auditor
130 Wood Street
London
EC2V 6DL

Consolidated statement of financial activities Year to 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Income and expenditure			
Income from:			
Donations and legacies	1	34,625	29,690
Trading activities	2	245,945	449,359
Total income		280,570	479,049
Expenditure on:			
Raising funds			
. Raising donations	3	3,850	6,360
. Fundraising trading: cost of goods and services sold and other costs	4	243,607	382,819
Charitable activities			
. Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection	5	170,701	181,242
Total expenditure		418,158	570,421
Net expenditure and net movement in funds	7	(137,588)	(91,372)
Reconciliation of funds:			
Fund balances at 1 April 2020		3,061,245	3,152,617
Fund balances at 31 March 2021		2,923,657	3,061,245

All of the group's activities derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

There is no difference between the net movement in funds stated above and the historical cost equivalent.

The group has no recognised gains and losses other than those shown above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

Income above includes amounts received for specific purposes, and hence deemed restricted income, as follows. All income was spent during the year on the required purposes.

	2021 £	2020 £
Income from:		
Donations and legacies		
. Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	22,422	21,313
Trading activities		
. Grant from Westminster City Council for educational projects	19,548	18,736
. Grant from Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund	121,803	—
Total restricted income	163,773	40,049
Restricted fund balances as at 1 April	—	—
Restricted fund balances as at 31 March	—	—

All other income and expenditure in both financial years was unrestricted.

Balance sheets 31 March 2021

	Notes	Group		Charity	
		2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets					
Heritage assets	11	—	—	—	—
Tangible assets	12	2,658,637	2,773,733	2,656,155	2,767,913
Investments	14	—	—	1	1
		2,658,637	2,773,733	2,656,156	2,767,914
Current assets					
Stock		41,668	32,911	—	—
Debtors: amounts due after more than one year	15	—	—	200,000	—
Debtors: amounts due within one year	15	15,271	18,308	24,173	162,554
Cash at bank and in hand		250,202	328,851	86,052	139,468
		307,141	380,070	310,225	302,022
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	16	(42,121)	(92,558)	(14,829)	(36,163)
Net current assets		265,020	287,512	295,396	265,859
Total net assets		2,923,657	3,061,245	2,951,552	3,033,773
The funds of the charity					
Unrestricted funds					
. General funds		292,915	260,040	295,397	265,860
. Non-charitable trading funds	14	(27,895)	27,472	—	—
. Tangible fixed assets fund	17	2,658,637	2,773,733	2,656,155	2,767,913
		2,923,657	3,061,245	2,951,552	3,033,773

Approved by the trustees
and signed on their behalf by:

Trustee

Approved on:

Company Limited by Guarantee Registration Number 05314773 (England and Wales)
Charity Registration Number 1108039

Consolidated statement of cash flows Year to 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	A	(72,192)	49,351
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(6,457)	(21,392)
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,457)	(21,392)
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(78,649)	27,959
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April 2020	B	328,851	300,892
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March 2021	B	250,202	328,851

Notes to the statement of cash flows for the year to 31 March 2021.

A Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities

	2021 £	2020 £
Net movement in funds (as per the statement of financial activities)	(137,588)	(91,372)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation charge	121,553	122,230
(Increase) decrease in stocks	(8,757)	5,143
Decrease (increase) in debtors	3,037	(7,791)
(Decrease) increase in creditors	(50,437)	21,141
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(72,192)	49,351

B Analysis of cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Total cash and cash equivalents: Cash at bank and in hand	250,202	328,851

The group has not prepared a separate statement of change in net debt as there is not difference between the movement in cash and cash equivalents and the movement in net cash (debt) of the group.

Principal accounting policies Year to 31 March 2021

The principal accounting policies adopted, judgements made and key sources of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the financial statements are laid out below.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared for the year to 31 March 2021 with comparative information provided in respect to the year to 31 March 2020.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention with items recognised at cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policies below or the notes to these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland (Charities SORP FRS 102) issued on 16 July 2014, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

The charity constitutes a public benefit entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Preparation of the financial statements requires the trustees and management to make significant judgements and estimates.

The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

- ◆ estimating the useful economic life of tangible fixed assets for the purpose of determining the annual depreciation charge;
- ◆ estimating the provision needed, if only, for slow moving or obsolete stock; and
- ◆ estimating future income and expenditure flows for the purpose of assessing going concern (see below).

Assessment of going concern

The worldwide outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic continues to cause extensive disruptions to organisations globally with major implications for operations as well as finances. The directors acknowledge and recognise the continuing impact of the pandemic on the operations of the company and group, beneficiaries, partners and stakeholders, and on the wider society, and they have ensured that both resources and processes are in place to limit disruptions to operations

The consequences of the Covid pandemic has resulted in the Museum being closed for the entire financial year, with the exception of a few days trading in late 2020. Retail sales have been limited to a small amount of online sales during the closure of the shop due to the Covid pandemic.

The principal risk facing the company and group remains the impact of the general economic conditions affecting visitor numbers and the level of foreign tourists, in particular. This risk has been compounded by the continuing Covid-19 pandemic, which continues to have a significant influence on the company's and group's activities and on plans for the future. The pandemic has caused a number of specific challenges for the company and group, chief among them the mandatory closure of the museum and shop from March 2020. Whilst significant income reductions have been accompanied by some reductions in operational expenditure, these have been quite limited and it is anticipated that the trading company will again incur an operating deficit during the next accounting period. The directors of the trading company are taking additional mitigating actions to cushion the company from adverse financial impacts caused by this major risk factor.

The board agreed that the Museum would reopen from May 2021. The directors and trustees have set targets for future activity levels. Whilst the current predictions suggests that these targets are achievable, they remain mindful that changes in Covid-19 restrictions and public confidence can quickly translate into fewer visitors. Small independent museums such as ours which charge an admission price are in direct competition with the large, neighbouring, free at entry national museums and will often struggle to attract the budget tourist which is the life blood of our trading arm.

The board's current projections show that the adverse impact on the trading company's profitability in 2020/21 is forecast to reverse in 2022/23, when a net profit is once again anticipated. However, they are mindful that there is difficulty in forecasting the actual level of business for 2021/22 and therefore there is uncertainty in the corresponding financial projections.

Having reviewed the available evidence, the board has concluded that although there is a material uncertainty related to this, it is appropriate for the company and group to continue to prepare their accounts on the going concern basis.

Basis of consolidation

The statement of financial activities, balance sheet and the statement of cash flows consolidates the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure of the charity and its wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, for the year ended 31 March 2021. The results of the subsidiary undertaking are consolidated on a line by line basis.

Income recognition

Income is recognised in the period in which the group and charity has entitlement to the income, the amount of income can be measured reliably and it is probable that the income will be received.

Income comprises donations and income from trading activities.

Donations are recognised when the charity has confirmation of both the amount and settlement date. In the event of donations pledged but not received, the amount is accrued for where the receipt is considered probable. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that those conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Donated services and facilities are recognised on the basis of the value of the gift to the charity which is the amount the charity would have been willing to pay to obtain facilities or services of equivalent economic benefit on the open market.

In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, volunteer time is not recognised.

Legacies are included in the statement of financial activities when the charity is entitled to the legacy, the executors have established that there are sufficient surplus assets in the estate to pay the legacy, and any conditions attached to the legacy are within the control of the charity.

Entitlement is taken as the earlier of the date on which either: the charity is aware that probate has been granted, the estate has been finalised and notification has been made by the executor to the charity that a distribution will be made, or when a distribution is received from the estate. Receipt of a legacy, in whole or in part, is only considered probable when the amount can be measured reliably and the charity has been notified of the executor's intention to make a distribution. Where legacies have been notified to the charity, or the charity is aware of the granting of probate, but the criteria for income recognition have not been met, then the legacy is treated as a contingent asset and disclosed if material. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title of the asset having being transferred to the charity.

Income recognition (continued)

Turnover generated by The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited comprises of income from ticket sales, shop sales, events and room hire. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. Other operating income of the company comprises Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme funding and grants from the Cultural Recovery Fund. Funding from the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme is credited to income when the company is entitled to the receipt of such monies and when the amount receivable can be quantified. Grants from bodies including the Cultural Recovery Fund are credited to income when the company is entitled to receipt, the amount receivable can be quantified and receipt is probable.

Expenditure recognition

Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the group and charity to make a payment to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

All expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis. All expenses are allocated or apportioned to the applicable expenditure headings. The classification between activities is as follows:

- ◆ Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure associated with raising funds for the group and charity. This includes costs associated with fundraising and the costs of trading activities including the operating costs of The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited including the operating costs of the Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.
- ◆ Expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs associated with furthering the charitable purposes of the charity through the provision of its charitable activities. Such costs include:
 - ◇ Preservation and maintenance of the Regimental Collection including improvement of its accessibility to members of the public, other individuals and organisations;
 - ◇ Donations made to other charities specifically to enable them to assist family members of Household Cavalry soldiers killed or wounded in recent conflicts. Charitable donations comprise single year payments rather than multi-year grants. Donations are included in the statement of financial activities when approved for payment by the trustees. Provision is made for donations approved but unpaid at the period end.

Governance costs comprising the costs involving the public accountability of the charity (including audit costs) and costs in respect to its compliance with regulation and good practice are allocated to the cost of preserving and maintaining the Regimental Collection.

All expenditure is stated inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Heritage assets

The Regimental Collection comprises an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms, all of which form part of the heritage of the Household Cavalry and the nation generally.

One of the principal objectives of the charity is to preserve such assets for the enjoyment of future generations. As such, the assets meet the definition of heritage assets in the Charities SORP FRS 102 and are not valued for the purposes of these financial statements. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements and details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

Tangible fixed assets

All assets costing over £1,000 and with an expected useful life exceeding one year are capitalised.

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| ♦ Building improvements | - 2% straight line |
| ♦ Museum fixtures and fittings | - over 4, 5 or 15 years straight line according to asset's useful life |
| ♦ Equipment | - 25% straight line |

Investments

Investment in the subsidiary company is valued at cost.

Stock

Stock of items for resale in the museum shop is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value with provision made against any obsolete or slow moving items.

Debtors

Debtors are recognised at their settlement amount, less any provision for non-recoverability. Prepayments are valued at the amount prepaid. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash receipt where such discounting is material.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand represents such accounts and instruments that are available on demand or have a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

Creditors and provisions

Creditors and provisions are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably.

Creditors and provisions are recognised at the amount the charity anticipates it will pay to settle the debt. They have been discounted to the present value of the future cash payment where such discounting is material.

Fund structure

Unrestricted funds represent monies which are freely available for application towards achieving any charitable purpose that falls within the charity's charitable objects.

Non-charitable trading funds represent the accumulated surplus or deficit of the subsidiary trading company, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited.

The tangible fixed asset fund represents the net book value of the improvements to land and buildings occupied by the group and other tangible fixed assets. Such assets are vital to the group being able to carry out its work and the value invested in the assets cannot, therefore, be realised in order to meet future expenditure or liabilities. To emphasise this point, the net book value of the assets is represented by a specific tangible fixed asset fund on the balance sheet.

1 Income from donations and legacies

	2021 £	2020 £
Donations	12,203	8,377
Ministry of Defence (MoD) funding for staff posts	22,422	21,313
2021 Total funds	34,625	29,690

Throughout the year, volunteers give their time to assist the operations of the Museum. The charity is grateful to these individuals for their enthusiasm and support. In accordance with the Charities SORP FRS 102, the economic contribution of these volunteers is not recognised.

2 Income from trading activities

	2021 £	2020 £
Horse Guards		
. Ticket income	773	242,860
. Shop sales	2,908	173,732
. Events income	—	8,505
. Grant from Westminster City Council	19,548	18,736
. Grant from Arts Council Cultural Recovery Fund	121,803	—
. Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme funding	100,209	3,884
	245,241	447,717
Windsor		
. Research enquiries – administrative fees	704	1,642
	245,945	449,359

3 Expenditure on raising donations

	2021 £	2020 £
Consultancy fees and reimbursed expenses	3,850	6,360

4 Cost of goods and services sold and other costs

	2021 £	2020 £
Horse Guards		
. Cost of shop sales	17,808	84,098
. Administrative expenses	230,889	293,631
Taxation	(5,090)	5,090
	243,607	382,819

5 Preservation and maintenance of the regimental collection

	2021 £	2020 £
Salaries and related costs	29,779	28,667
Other preservation and maintenance costs	16,146	22,793
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	118,217	118,217
Governance costs (note 6)	6,559	11,565
	170,701	181,242

6 Governance costs

	2021 £	2020 £
Auditor's remuneration**		
. Statutory audit	3,142	7,297
Other costs	3,417	4,268
	6,559	11,565

**Auditor's remuneration included above relates to the cost incurred by the parent charity only.

Auditor's remuneration of £3,142, (2020: £6,443) in respect to the subsidiary company is included within cost of goods and services sold and other costs (note 4) and comprises fees for statutory audit of £3,000 (2020: £4,826) and fees for tax compliance of £1,000 (2020: £1,617).

7 Net expenditure and net movement in funds

This is stated after charging:

	2021 £	2020 £
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	121,553	122,230
Staff costs (note 8)	224,209	226,289
Auditor's remuneration		
. Statutory audit services	7,000	12,123
. Other: tax compliance	1,000	1,167

8 Staff costs

Staff costs during the year were as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Wages and salaries	206,531	206,391
Social security costs	12,688	15,014
Employer's pension contributions	4,990	4,884
	224,209	226,289

During the year, the group had 8 employees (2020: 8) and 1 member of staff funded by the MoD (2020: 1). No employees had emoluments during the year in excess of £60,000 (2020: none).

The trustees consider that they comprise the key management personnel of the charity in charge of controlling, running and operating it on a day to day basis. None of the trustees received any remuneration from the charity or the group (see also note 9).

The key management personnel of the charity's subsidiary, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited, in charge of directing and controlling, running and operating the company on a day to day basis comprise the company's directors, the Head of Commercial Development and Operations and (for part of the year) the Visitor Services Manager. The total remuneration of the company's key management personnel for the year was £103,837 (2020: £101,532).

9 Trustees' remuneration

No trustees received any remuneration in respect of their services during the year (2020: £nil). No out of pocket travel or other expenses were reimbursed to the trustees during the year (2020: £nil).

10 Taxation

The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited is a registered charity and, therefore, is not liable to income tax or corporation tax on income derived from its charitable activities, as it falls within the various exemptions available to registered charities.

11 Heritage assets

As explained under principal accounting policies, heritage assets comprise the regimental collection. This collection includes an extensive library and unique artefacts including produced textiles such as standards and banners, silverware, weaponry, paintings, musical instruments, horse furniture and ceremonial and operational uniforms. It is not possible to place any meaningful valuation on the collection for the purposes of these financial statements. Details of specific items are not given for security reasons.

12 Tangible fixed assets

Group	Building improvements		Museum fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guards £			
Cost					
At 1 April 2020	385,220	3,134,268	792,817	117,779	4,430,084
Additions	—	—	—	6,457	6,457
At 31 March 2021	<u>385,220</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>792,817</u>	<u>124,236</u>	<u>4,436,541</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2020	91,954	814,602	678,415	71,380	1,656,351
Charge for the year	7,704	62,679	46,918	4,252	121,553
At 31 March 2021	<u>99,658</u>	<u>877,281</u>	<u>725,333</u>	<u>75,632</u>	<u>1,777,904</u>
Net book values					
At 31 March 2021	<u>285,562</u>	<u>2,256,987</u>	<u>67,484</u>	<u>48,604</u>	<u>2,658,637</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>293,266</u>	<u>2,319,666</u>	<u>114,402</u>	<u>46,399</u>	<u>2,773,733</u>

Charity	Building improvements		Museum fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
	Combermere Barracks £	Horse Guards £			
Cost					
At 1 April 2020	385,220	3,134,268	703,720	44,224	4,267,432
Additions	—	—	—	6,457	6,457
At 31 March 2021	<u>385,220</u>	<u>3,134,268</u>	<u>703,720</u>	<u>50,681</u>	<u>4,273,889</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2020	91,954	814,602	589,318	3,645	1,499,519
Charge for the year	7,704	62,679	46,918	914	118,215
At 31 March 2021	<u>99,658</u>	<u>877,281</u>	<u>636,236</u>	<u>4,559</u>	<u>1,617,734</u>
Net book values					
At 31 March 2021	<u>285,562</u>	<u>2,256,987</u>	<u>67,484</u>	<u>46,122</u>	<u>2,656,155</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>293,266</u>	<u>2,319,666</u>	<u>114,402</u>	<u>40,579</u>	<u>2,767,913</u>

The land and buildings at Horse Guards are owned by the Crown Estate and those at the Windsor site are owned by the Ministry of Defence (MoD). No rent is payable by the group on these properties.

13 Capital commitments

At 31 March 2021 the group and charity had the following capital commitments in respect to equipment additions:

	Group		Charity	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	£	£	£	£
Authorised but not contracted for	—	—	—	—
Authorised and contracted for	—	20,000	—	20,000

The amount committed in 2020 proved excessive with actual costs amounting to £6,457.

14 Investments

Charity	2021	2020
	£	£
Investment in subsidiary undertaking at cost		
. £1 ordinary shares	1	1

The charity owns the entire issued ordinary share capital of £1 in The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited a company registered in England and Wales (Company Registration Number 05844779). The subsidiary carries out commercial activities, namely the day-to-day operation of the Household Cavalry Museum. All activities have been consolidated on a line-by-line basis in the statement of financial activities.

A summary of the results of the subsidiary are shown below:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Turnover	3,681	422,883
Cost of sales	(1,762)	(84,098)
Gross profit	1,919	338,785
Administration costs	(303,936)	(338,631)
Other operating income	241,560	22,620
Operating (loss) profit	(60,457)	17,864
Gift Aid payable to The Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited	—	(8,892)
Taxation	5,090	(5,090)
Profit for the financial year	(55,367)	8,792

At 31 March 2021, the company's share capital was £1 (2020: £1) and its retained earnings were in deficit by £27,895 (2020: surplus of £27,472).

15 Debtors

	Group		Charity	
	2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts receivable within one year				
Tax recoverable on Gift Aid donations	—	650	—	650
Prepayments and accrued income	15,271	17,658	305	447
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	—	—	23,868	161,457
	15,271	18,308	24,173	162,554

During the year, a substantial proportion of the amount due from The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (the subsidiary) was converted into a loan (see below).

	Group		Charity	
	2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts receivable after more than one year				
Amount due from subsidiary undertaking	—	—	200,000	—

The charity agreed entered into a loan agreement with its subsidiary company on 11 March 2021 that provides the subsidiary with a loan for a maximum amount of £200,000. The loan is to be applied solely for the purposes of trading to generate income for the charity and for assisting the charity to advance its charitable purposes. The loan is repayable by ten equal annual instalments and attracts interest at 2% per annum above the Bank Rate of the Bank of England. No repayment of the loan nor interest payment due under the loan agreement shall be required until the earliest of (1) the resumption of the company's normal trading activities for a full year following the release of the Government's Covid-19 lockdown measures which were commenced in January 2021; or (2) June 2023.

15 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Charity	
	2021 £	2020 £	2021 £	2020 £
Expense creditors and accruals	3,040	24,306	90	19,187
Accruals and deferred income	25,792	41,831	5,000	11,373
Other creditors	500	500	—	—
Social security and taxation	12,789	25,921	9,739	5,603
	42,121	92,558	14,829	36,163

Deferred income relates to grant income received in advance. During the year £19,962 was released to income from deferred income. No income was deferred as at 31 March 2021.

16 Tangible fixed assets fund

Group	At 1 April 2020 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2021 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,773,733	(115,096)	2,658,637

Group	At 1 April 2019 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2020 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,855,384	(81,651)	2,773,733

Charity	At 1 April 2020 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2021 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,767,913	(111,758)	2,656,155

Charity	At 1 April 2019 £	Net movement in the year £	At 31 March 2020 £
Tangible fixed assets fund	2,845,551	(77,638)	2,767,913

The tangible fixed assets fund represents the book value of the tangible fixed assets held by the group and charity respectively. A decision was made to separate this fund from the general funds of the group and charity in recognition of the fact that the assets are essential to the day to day work of the group and charity and as such their value should not be regarded as funds that would be available with ease in order to meet future contingencies.

17 Transactions with connected charities and other related parties

The group is connected to The Household Cavalry Foundation, a registered charity, Charity Registration Number 08236363, by virtue of the fact that the Household Cavalry Museum Trust Limited and its subsidiary both have directors in common with The Household Cavalry Foundation. During the year, costs totalling £44,582 (2020 - £42,455) were paid by the group and recharged to The Household Cavalry Foundation. As at 31 March 2021, The Household Cavalry Foundation owed the group £nil (2020 - £6,653).

There were no other related party transactions other than those with the charity's wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking, The Household Cavalry Museum Enterprises Limited (2020: none).