

CHARITY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 1101843

THE A. H. TRUST
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 MARCH 2025

COHEN ARNOLD
Chartered accountants& statutory auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

THE A. H. TRUST
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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THE A. H. TRUST
TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The trustees present their report and the financial statements of the charity for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Reference and administrative details

Registered charity name	The A. H. Trust
Charity registration number	1101843
Principal office	9 Danescroft Avenue London NW4 2NB

The trustees

Mrs E Smith
Mr A Grossnass
Ms S T Smith

Auditor

Cohen Arnold
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc
1 Cavendish Square
London
W1A 4NU

THE A. H. TRUST
TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Structure, governance and management

Governing document

The official name of the charity is The A. H. Trust. The charity is governed by its Trust Deed and was formed on the 22 December 2003. The charity was registered with the Charity Commission on the 30 January 2004.

Appointment, Training and Recruitment of Trustees

All current trustees are honorary members. The trustees administer the day-to-day affairs of the charity.

It is not the intention of the trustees of the charity to appoint any additional trustees. Should the situation change in the future, the trustees will apply suitable recruitment training and induction procedures.

None of the trustees have any beneficial interest in the charity.

Risk management

The trustees have identified and reviewed the major risks to which the charity is exposed, in particular those related to the operations and finance of the charity, and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate those risks.

Financial risk management and policies

The charity holds or issues financial instruments in order to achieve two main objectives being:

- a) the finance of its operations and
- b) to generate funds.

In addition various financial instruments (e.g. other debtors, other creditors, accruals and prepayments) arise directly from the charity's operations.

Credit risk

The charity monitors credit risk closely and considers that its current policies of credit risk checks meet its objectives of managing exposure to credit risk. Amounts shown in the balance sheet represent the maximum credit exposure in the event other parties fail to perform their obligations under the financial instruments. It is recognised that systems can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that major risks have been adequately managed.

THE A. H. TRUST
TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Objectives and activities

The objectives for which the charity is established are as follows:

- (1) the advancement and promotion of the Jewish religion including the provision of instruction or edification of the public in all its aspects and in any part of the world.
- (2) the relief of aged, vulnerable and impoverished persons of all ages in any part of the world.
- (3) the advancement of education and learning and/or establishment and/or support of schools and other institutions of Jewish learning including the establishment and support of colleges and educational establishments in all parts of the world.

The trustees confirm that they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the charity's aim and objectives and in planning future activities and setting the grant making policy for the year.

This charity makes grants and donations to other charitable organisations, which accord with the objects of the charity, and to needy individuals in the community. In doing so, the charity has complied with its duty to act for public benefit in accordance with section 4 of the Charities Act 2006.

Achievements and performance

The main areas of charitable activity are the provision of financial support to Jewish organisations engaging in education, advancement of religion in accordance with the Jewish faith and the granting of philanthropic aid to Jewish needy.

Financial review

The charity is solely dependent upon donations from individuals and other charitable organisations. The demands on the charity's funds were within expectations. In the year ended 31 March 2025, grants made totalled £231,618 (2024: £214,794).

Reserves Policy

It is the policy of the charity to maintain unrestricted funds, which are the free reserves of the charity, at a level which the trustees think appropriate after considering the future commitments of the charity and the likely governance costs of the charity for the next year.

The activities of the charity are supported by the trustees, who have agreed to advance funds to enable the charity to continue its activities. The trustees have given written assurances that they would not request the funds owed until such times when the charity has surplus funds.

Investment Powers, Policy and Objectives

In accordance with the trust deed, the trustees have the power to make any investment which the trustees see fit. The trustees regularly review the charity's position and needs in respect of the investment policy.

Plans for future periods

The charity plans continuing the activities outlined above in the forthcoming years subject to satisfactory incoming resources.

THE A. H. TRUST
TRUSTEES' ANNUAL REPORT *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Trustees' responsibilities statement

The trustees are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

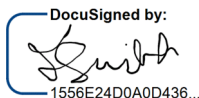
The law applicable to charities in England and Wales requires the charity trustees to prepare financial statements for each year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, of the charity for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the applicable Charities SORP;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the applicable Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations, and the provisions of the Trust Deed. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees' annual report was approved on 14 January 2026 and signed on behalf of the board of trustees by:

DocuSigned by:

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Mrs E Smith
Trustee

THE A. H. TRUST
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE A. H. TRUST
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The A. H. Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the statement of financial activities, statement of financial position and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

THE A. H. TRUST
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE A. H. TRUST
(continued)
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The trustees are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the trustees' report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

THE A. H. TRUST

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE A. H. TRUST

(continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the charity through discussion with the trustees and identified which were most significant with respect to the financial statements. We identified financial reporting legislation (including related companies legislation), taxation legislation, landlord legislation, and anti-bribery legislation as being most significant to these financial statements. We communicated these identified frameworks amongst our audit team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit. We ensured that the engagement team had sufficient competence and capability to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We discussed with the trustees the policies and procedures regarding compliance with these legal and regulatory frameworks.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the charity's financial statements to material misstatement due to non-compliance with legal and regulatory frameworks, including how fraud might occur, by enquiry with the trustees during the planning and finalisation phases of our audit. The susceptibility to such material misstatement was determined to be low.
- Based on this understanding we designed our audit procedures to identify non-compliance with the identified legal and regulatory frameworks, which were part of our procedures on the related financial statement items. Our procedures included reviewing the charity's internal controls policies and procedures, correspondence with regulatory bodies including HMRC, testing transactions outside the normal course of the business and journal entries, and discussions with the trustees and senior management.

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

THE A. H. TRUST
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE A. H. TRUST
(continued)
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the charity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

THE A. H. TRUST

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE A. H. TRUST

(continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charity's members, as a body, in accordance with section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and regulations made under section 154 of that Act. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Signed by:

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Dov Harris FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of
Cohen Arnold
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
New Burlington House
1075 Finchley Road
London
NW11 0PU

14 January 2026

THE A. H. TRUST
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

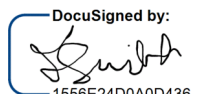
		2025	2024
		Unrestricted funds	Total funds
	Note	£	£
Income and endowments			
Donations and legacies	4	98,100	37,600
Investment income	5	<u>261,000</u>	<u>317,828</u>
Total income		<u>359,100</u>	<u>355,428</u>
Expenditure			
Expenditure on raising funds:			
Investment management costs	6	(91,401)	(861,539)
Expenditure on charitable activities	7,8	<u>(232,219)</u>	<u>(219,074)</u>
Total expenditure		<u>(323,620)</u>	<u>(1,080,613)</u>
Net income/(expenditure) and net movement in funds		<u>35,480</u>	<u>(725,185)</u>
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>329,686</u>	<u>1,054,871</u>
Total funds carried forward		<u>365,166</u>	<u>329,686</u>

The statement of financial activities includes all gains and losses recognised in the year.
All income and expenditure derive from continuing activities.

THE A. H. TRUST
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
31 MARCH 2025

	Note	2025 £	2024 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	13	6,548,505	6,548,505
Current assets			
Debtors	14	25,000	25,000
Cash at bank and in hand		21,286	35,206
		<u>46,286</u>	<u>60,206</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	15	<u>(2,229,625)</u>	<u>(2,279,025)</u>
Net current liabilities		<u>(2,183,339)</u>	<u>(2,218,819)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>4,365,166</u>	<u>4,329,686</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	16	<u>(4,000,000)</u>	<u>(4,000,000)</u>
Net assets		<u>365,166</u>	<u>329,686</u>
Funds of the charity			
Unrestricted funds		365,166	329,686
Total charity funds	17	<u>365,166</u>	<u>329,686</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of trustees and authorised for issue on 14 January 2026, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

DocuSigned by:

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Mrs E Smith
Trustee

THE A. H. TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1. General information

The charity is a public benefit entity and a registered charity in England and Wales and is unincorporated. The address of the principal office is 9 Danescroft Avenue, London, NW4 2NB, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities Act 2011.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

There are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the trustees to further any of the charity's purposes.

Designated funds are unrestricted funds earmarked by the trustees for particular future project or commitment.

Restricted funds are subjected to restrictions on their expenditure declared by the donor or through the terms of an appeal, and fall into one of two sub-classes: restricted income funds or endowment funds.

THE A. H. TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Incoming resources

All incoming resources are included in the statement of financial activities when entitlement has passed to the charity; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the charity and the amount can be reliably measured. The following specific policies are applied to particular categories of income:

- income from donations or grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the gift, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliably.
- legacy income is recognised when receipt is probable and entitlement is established.
- income from donated goods is measured at the fair value of the goods unless this is impractical to measure reliably, in which case the value is derived from the cost to the donor or the estimated resale value. Donated facilities and services are recognised in the accounts when received if the value can be reliably measured. No amounts are included for the contribution of general volunteers.
- income from contracts for the supply of services is recognised with the delivery of the contracted service. This is classified as unrestricted funds unless there is a contractual requirement for it to be spent on a particular purpose and returned if unspent, in which case it may be regarded as restricted.

Resources expended

Expenditure is recognised on an accruals basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is classified under headings of the statement of financial activities to which it relates:

- expenditure on raising funds includes the costs of all fundraising activities, events, non-charitable trading activities, and the sale of donated goods.
- expenditure on charitable activities includes all costs incurred by a charity in undertaking activities that further its charitable aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries, including those support costs and costs relating to the governance of the charity apportioned to charitable activities.
- other expenditure includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

All costs are allocated to expenditure categories reflecting the use of the resource. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs are apportioned between the activities they contribute to on a reasonable, justifiable and consistent basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

THE A. H. TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Tangible assets *(continued)*

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, unless it reverses a charge for impairment that has previously been recognised as expenditure within the statement of financial activities. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other recognised gains and losses, except to which it offsets any previous revaluation gain, in which case the loss is shown within other recognised gains and losses on the statement of financial activities.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the charity are assigned to those units.

4. Donations and legacies

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Donations				
Donations received	98,100	98,100	37,600	37,600

Donations received in the year include an amount of £75,000 from a trustee of the charity.

5. Investment income

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Income from investment properties	261,000	261,000	317,828	317,828

THE A. H. TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

6. Investment management costs

	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2025	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2024
	£	£	£	£
Repairs and maintenance	6,984	6,984	13,556	13,556
Legal and professional	–	–	2,810	2,810
Insurance	1,005	1,005	964	964
Ground rents and service charges	39,702	39,702	33,009	33,009
Light and heat	270	270	–	–
Management fees	43,440	43,440	31,200	31,200
Interest payable	–	–	780,000	780,000
	<u>91,401</u>	<u>91,401</u>	<u>861,539</u>	<u>861,539</u>

7. Expenditure on charitable activities by fund type

	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2025	Unrestricted Funds	Total Funds 2024
	£	£	£	£
Charitable donations	231,618	231,618	214,754	214,754
Support costs	601	601	4,320	4,320
	<u>232,219</u>	<u>232,219</u>	<u>219,074</u>	<u>219,074</u>

8. Expenditure on charitable activities by activity type

	Grant funding of activities	Support costs	Total funds 2025	Total fund 2024
	£	£	£	£
Charitable donations	231,618	–	231,618	214,754
Governance costs	–	601	601	4,320
	<u>231,618</u>	<u>601</u>	<u>232,219</u>	<u>219,074</u>

All grants were paid to institutions in support of the relief of poverty, the advancement of health, the advancement of Jewish religion and the advancement of education.

Included in the charitable activities are the following material grants made during the year:

	2025
	£
Achisomoch Aid Company Limited	150,000
LTC Trust Co	60,000
Amounts no greater than £8,000 individually or in aggregate	21,618
Total	<u>231,618</u>

9. Analysis of support costs

	Total 2025	Total 2024
	£	£
Support costs	<u>601</u>	<u>4,320</u>

THE A. H. TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

10. Net income/(expenditure)

Net income/(expenditure) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2025	2024
	£	£
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	<u>601</u>	<u>4,320</u>

11. Staff costs

The average head count of employees during the year was Nil (2024: Nil).

No employee received employee benefits of more than £60,000 during the year (2024: Nil).

12. Trustee remuneration and expenses

No trustee received any remuneration during the year. The charity did not meet any individual expenses incurred by the trustees for services provided to the charity.

13. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £
Cost	
At 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	<u>6,548,505</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	<u>—</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2025	<u>6,548,505</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>6,548,505</u>

14. Debtors

	2025	2024
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>25,000</u>	<u>25,000</u>

15. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	783,600	783,000
Other creditors	<u>1,446,025</u>	<u>1,496,025</u>
	<u>2,229,625</u>	<u>2,279,025</u>

16. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>4,000,000</u>	<u>4,000,000</u>

THE A. H. TRUST
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS *(continued)*
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

17. Analysis of charitable funds**Unrestricted funds**

	At 1 April 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	At 31 March 2025 £
General funds	329,686	359,100	(323,620)	365,166

	At 1 April 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	At 31 March 2024 £
General funds	1,054,871	355,428	(1,080,613)	329,686

18. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2025 £
Tangible fixed assets	6,548,505	6,548,505
Current assets	46,286	46,286
Creditors less than 1 year	(2,229,625)	(2,229,625)
Creditors greater than 1 year	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)
Net assets	365,166	365,166

	Unrestricted Funds £	Total Funds 2024 £
Tangible fixed assets	6,548,505	6,548,505
Current assets	60,206	60,206
Creditors less than 1 year	(2,279,025)	(2,279,025)
Creditors greater than 1 year	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)
Net assets	329,686	329,686

19. Related parties

Included in other creditors (note 15) is an amount of £213,336 due to Mrs E Smith, a trustee.

THE A. H. TRUST
MANAGEMENT INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The following pages do not form part of the financial statements.

THE A. H. TRUST
DETAILED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	2025 £	2024 £
Income and endowments		
Donations and legacies		
Donations received	<u>98,100</u>	<u>37,600</u>
Investment income		
Income from investment properties	<u>261,000</u>	<u>317,828</u>
Total income	<u>359,100</u>	<u>355,428</u>
Expenditure		
Investment management costs		
Repairs and maintenance	6,984	13,556
Legal and professional	–	2,810
Insurance	1,005	964
Ground rents and service charges	39,702	33,009
Light and heat	270	–
Management fees	43,440	31,200
Interest payable	–	780,000
	<u>91,401</u>	<u>861,539</u>
Expenditure on charitable activities		
Legal and professional fees	601	4,320
Charitable donations	<u>231,618</u>	<u>214,754</u>
	<u>232,219</u>	<u>219,074</u>
Total expenditure	<u>323,620</u>	<u>1,080,613</u>
Net income/(expenditure)	<u>35,480</u>	<u>(725,185)</u>

THE A. H. TRUST
NOTES TO THE DETAILED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	2025 £	2024 £
Expenditure on charitable activities		
Activity type 1		
<i>Grant funding activities</i>		
Charitable donations	<u>231,618</u>	<u>214,754</u>
Governance costs		
Governance costs - audit fees	<u>601</u>	<u>4,320</u>
Expenditure on charitable activities	<u><u>232,219</u></u>	<u><u>219,074</u></u>