



TRUSTEES ANNUAL REPORT

YEAR ENDING 31ST OCTOBER 2024

Crescent Relief (London)

317, Legrams Lane, Bradford, BD7 2HX

ID	PROJECTS AND DETAILS	LOCATION	STATUS
1	Mumta Vocational Institute: Technical & Vocational Training for deserving male and female students.	Mumta Welfare Institute, Mirpur, AJK	255 students have completed different courses from 1 st Nov 2023 to 31 st October 2024 (Session 11-Session 14)
2	Orphans' education aid	District Mirpur and District Haveli	School fees, Transportation costs, Textbooks, Exercise books and Uniforms, etc
3	Income Generating / Self-Reliance	Azad Jammu Kashmir	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 22 Sewing Machines and tools were provided to Successful, needy students. 1 Rickshaw and 2 carts, and an initial supply of relevant material to sell were provided to needy people.
4	Diagnostic Laboratory	Mumta Lab, within Mumta Welfare Institute, Mirpur, AJK	This is an ongoing project the Blood Test Laboratory is in operation. The tests are performed free of cost for deserving patients.
5	Masjid Khari Gam Neelum Valley Ajk, Masjid Caroon Dhara Farward Kahuta Havaily AJK Masjid Surgan Bakwali Neelum AJK, Masjid Amal Neelum ,Allah Wali Masjid	District Neelum, Azad Kashmir District Haveli AJK	5 Mosques including Remaining Construction work of previous Mosques with community centres completed with restricted funds.
6	Ramadan Food Packs	kot Addu District Muzaffargarh, Multan, Pakitsan. District Mirpur, District Poonch, Neelum Valley and Haveli AJK	Food Packs were distributed to 490 families from 1 st Nov 2023 to 31 st Oct 2024
7	Fitra (Eid Gift) Distribution	Azad Kashmir	We have provided Fitra (Eid Gift) to 100 of the most deserving families in Kashmir.
8	Financial Aid to Widows and	Mirpur, Azad Kashmir	Monthly financial aid provided to

	Orphans		widows and orphans regularly.
9	Uniform and Clothes distribution amongst underprivileged students.	Azad Jammu Kashmir and Pakistan	Clothes donated by donors in the UK are sorted and distributed in poverty-stricken areas.to poor students who are in need.
10	Qurbani Project	Azad Jammu Kashmir and Pakistan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 23 Cattle and 4 Goats Qurbanis offered in different remote villages, and meat was distributed to hundreds of families during three days of Eid Al-Adha 2024.
11	Financial Aid	Azad Jammu & Kashmir	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rikshaw repaired for poor driver & Wedding Support to a deserving women. And regular financial Support to Mr. Shabab Dadyal
12	HUMANITY IN DISTRESS (HID)	Bangladesh	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Food packs distribution program for the underprivileged, widows & Orphans 2024 and normal food packs during September 2024.
13	ISRA (Feed the Poor)	Gaza Palestine	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water Tankers sent during the year 2023/2024 distribution of the aid to Gaza/Palestine



Vocational Institute, Mirpur

ORPHANS EDUCATION AID



Financial Aid & Books Donation

Income Generating / Self-Reliance Projects



Sewing Machines



Vendor Cart with Material

DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY



Diagnostic Laboratory, Mumta Welfare Association, Mirpur AJK.

MOSQUES AND COMMUNITY CENTERS



Masjid Al-Ferdous, Neelum



Masjid Khulfa Rasidin, Neelum Valley AJK



Masjid Ali, Haveli AJK



Masjid's Interior View

RAMADAN FOOD PACKS



Ramadan Food Packs Haveli, & Abbaspur, AJK



Ramadan Food Packs, Neelum Valley & Mirpur, AJK

FINANCIAL AID TO WIDOWS & ORPHANS



Fitra Distribution April 2024



Warm Clothes distribution amongst Students.



Uniform Distribution amongst the Poor School Students

QURBANI 2024



Qurbanies performed in Pakistan and Azad Kashmir

WATER SUPPLY SCHEMES



Abbaspur AJK



Gulshan e Amina, Koringi 5, Karachi



Lahndi, Distt. Maleer, Karachi

HUMANITY IN DISTRESS (HID) BANGLADESH



Food packs were distributed among the needy in Rangpur Bangladesh



ISRA (Feed the Poor)



Water Tankers sent during the year 2023/2024 and distributed as seen below



Desperate people collecting clean water to drink



Company Registration number: 04084325

Charity Registration number: 1087724

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)
(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

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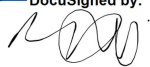
CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)
Reference and Administrative Details

Trustee	Mohammed Rashid
Principal Office	317 Legrams Lane Bradford BD7 2HX
Registered Office	317 Legrams Lane Bradford BD7 2HX
Company Registration Number	04084325
Charity Registration Number	1087724
Independent Examiner	Tanweer Hussain Update Accountants Limited (Certified Public Accountants) 24 Station Road Manor Park London E12 5BT

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)
Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

The trustee, a director for the purposes of company law, presents his strategic report for the year ended 31 October 2024, in compliance with S414C of the Companies Act 2006.

The strategic report was approved by the member of the charity on 24 February 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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Mohammed Rashid
Trustee

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Trustee's Report

The member, a director for the purpose of company law, presents the annual report together with the financial statement of the charitable company for the year ended 31 October 2024.

Objectives and activities

Public benefits

Activities undertaken to further public benefit

The member confirms that he has complied with the requirements of section 4 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Structure, governance and management

Financial instruments

Objectives and policies

The charity's activities expose to a number of financial risks including credit risk, cash flow risk and liquidity risk. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the charity's policies approved by the board of trustee, which provide written principles of the use of financial derivatives to manage these risks. The charity does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes

Cash flow risk

The charity's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The charity uses foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swap contracts to hedge these exposures.

Interest bearing assets and liabilities are held at fixed rate to ensure certainty of cash flows.

Credit risk

The charity's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other receivables, and investments. The charity's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net allowances for doubtful receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a deduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are bank with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

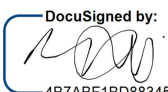
The charity has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the charity uses a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance.

Further details regarding liquidity risk can be found in the Statement of accounting policies in the financial statements.

The annual report was approved by the member of the charity on 24 February 2025 and signed by on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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 Mohammed Rashid
 Trustee

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Statements of Trustee's Responsibilities

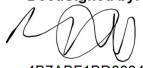
The trustee (who is also the director of Crescent Relief (London) for the purposes of company law) is responsible for preparing the trustee's report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the member to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the member must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the member is required to:

- * select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- * observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- * prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The member is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the member of the charity on 24 February 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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Mohammed Rashid
Trustee

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Independent Examiner's Report

I report on the accounts of the charity for the year ended 31 October 2024 which are set on pages 6 to 13.

Respective responsibilities of trustee and examiner

The trustee (who is also the director of the company for the purposes of company law) is responsible for the preparation of the accounts. The trustee considers that an audit is not required for this year under section 144(2) of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act) and that an independent examiner is needed.

Having satisfied myself that the charity is not subject to audit under company law and is eligible for independent examination, it is my responsibility to:

- * examine the accounts under section 145 of the 2011 Act;
- * to follow the procedures laid down in the general directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act; and
- * to state whether particular matters have come to my attention.

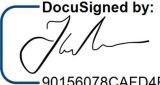
Basis of independent examiner's report

My examination was carried out in accordance with general Directions given by the Charity Commission. An examination includes a review of the accounting records kept by the charity and a comparison of the accounts presented with those records. It also includes consideration of any unusual items or disclosures in the accounts, and seeking explanations from you as member concerning any such matters. The procedures undertaken do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit, and consequently no opinion is given as to whether the accounts present a 'true and fair view' and the report is limited to those matters set out in the statement below.

Independent examiner's statement

In connection with my examination, no matter has come to my attention:

- (1) which gives me reasonable cause to believe that in any material respect the requirements:
 - * to keep accounting records in accordance with section 386 of the Companies Act 2006; and
 - * to prepare accounts which accord with the accounting records, comply with the accounting requirements of section 396 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the methods and principles of the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charities
 have not been met; or
- (2) to which, in my opinion, attention should be drawn in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

DocuSigned by:

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Tanweer Hussain, B.Com, ACPA
 (On & For Behalf Of UPDATE ACCOUNTANTS LIMITED)

Date: 24 February 2025

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 October 2024
(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2024 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	<u>311,906</u>	<u>311,906</u>
Total Income		<u>311,906</u>	<u>311,906</u>
Expenditure On:			
Charitable activities	4	(148,687)	(148,687)
Governance costs	5	<u>(41,007)</u>	<u>(41,007)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(189,694)</u>	<u>(189,694)</u>
Net income		<u>122,212</u>	<u>122,212</u>

Reconciliation of funds

Total funds carried forward	12	<u>(122,212)</u>	<u>(122,212)</u>
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	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	<u>169,885</u>	<u>169,885</u>
Total Income		<u>169,885</u>	<u>169,885</u>
Expenditure On:			
Charitable activities	4	(92,994)	(92,994)
Governance costs	5	<u>(39,640)</u>	<u>(39,640)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(132,634)</u>	<u>(132,634)</u>
Net income		<u>37,251</u>	<u>37,251</u>

Reconciliation of funds

Total funds carried forward	12	<u>(37,251)</u>	<u>(37,251)</u>
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All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)


(Registration number: 04084325)

Balance Sheet as at 31 October2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	10	0	275
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		277,569	156,047
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	11	(1,208)	(2,173)
Net current assets		276,361	153,874
Net assets		276,361	154,149
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		122,212	37,251
Other reserves		154,149	116,898
Total unrestricted funds		276,361	154,149
Total funds	13	276,361	154,149

The financial statements on pages 6 to 15 were approved by the trustees, and authorised on 24 February 2025 and signed on their behalf by:

DocuSigned by:



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Mohammed Rashid

Trustee

Crescent Relief (London)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

1 Charity status

The charity is a charity limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the trustee is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £Nil towards the assets of the charity in the event of liquidation.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - Charities SORP (FRS 102), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

Crescent Relief (London) meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost of transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Going concern

The trustee consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern nor any significant areas of uncertainty that affect the carrying value of assets held by the charity.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The Charity opted to early adopt Bulletin 1 published on 2 February 2016 and have therefore not included a cash flow statement in these financial statements.

Income and endowments

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of the income receivable can be measured reliably.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Crescent Relief (London)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Support costs

Support costs include central functions and have been allocated to activity cost categories on a basis consistent with the use of resources, for example, allocating property costs by floor areas, or per capita, staff costs by the time spent and other costs by their usage.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustee's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income of capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Tangible fixed assets

Individual fixed assets costing £0.00 or more are initially recorded at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction cost. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statements of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Fund Structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustee's discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity deducting all of its liabilities.

Crescent Relief (London)
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an agreement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership or the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Debt instruments

Debt instruments which meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

(a) The contractual return to the holder is (i) a fixed amount; (ii) a positive fixed rate or a positive variable rate; or (iii) a combination of a positive or a negative fixed rate and a positive variable rate.

(b) The contract may provide for repayments of the principal or the return to the holder (but not both) to be linked to a single relevant observable index of general price inflation of the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated, provided such links are not leveraged.

(c) The contract may provide for a determinable variation of the return to the holder during the life of the instrument, provided that (i) the new rate satisfies condition (a) and the variation is not contingent on future events other than (1) a change of a contractual variable rate; (2) to protect the holder against credit deterioration of the issuer; (3) changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law; or (ii) the new rate is a market rate of interest and satisfies condition (a).

(d) There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.

(e) Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law.

(f) Contractual provisions may permit the extension of the term of the debt instrument, provided that the return to the holder and any other contractual provisions applicable during the extended term satisfy the conditions of paragraphs (a) to (c).

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

With the exception of some hedging instrument, other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Crescent Relief (London)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference share and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measure at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

Derivative financial statements

The charity uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk and interest rate movements. The charity does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or less is recognised in statement of financial activities immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in statement of financial activities depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds General	Total 2024	Total 2023
	£	£	£
Donations from individuals	311,906	311,906	169,885

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds General 2024	General 2023
	£	£
General donations and projects	147,720	92,994
Event costs	967	
Materials/foods for projects	0	
	148,687	92,994

Crescent Relief (London)**Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024****5 Analysis of governance costs**

	Unrestricted funds General 2024	Total 2023
£	£	£
Staff costs	20,314	16,671
Premises costs	11,100	10,600
Motor and travel expenses	1,596	4,078
General administrative expenses	7,371	7,868
Legal and professional costs	350	363
Depreciation, amortisation and similar costs	275	60
Other governance costs	0	0
	<u>41,007</u>	<u>39,640</u>

6 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net incoming resources for the year include:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Depreciation of fixed assets	<u>275</u>	<u>60</u>

7 Staff costs

The average payroll costs are as follows:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Staff costs during the year were:		
Staff wages, PAYE and pensions	<u>20,314</u>	<u>16,671</u>

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year.

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture and equipment £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 November 2023	<u>10,332</u>	<u>10,332</u>
At 31 October 2024	<u>10,332</u>	<u>10,332</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 November 2023	10,057	10,057
Charge for the year	<u>275</u>	<u>275</u>
At 31 October 2024	<u>10,332</u>	<u>10,332</u>
Net book value		
At 31 October 2024	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
At 31 October 2023	<u>275</u>	<u>275</u>

8 Taxation

The charity is registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

	£	£
Accruals	<u>1,208</u>	<u>2,173</u>

Crescent Relief (London)
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

11 Reserves	Other reserves	Total
	£	£
At 1 November 2023	<u>(154,149)</u>	<u>(154,149)</u>

12 Funds	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Balance at 31 October 2024
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds			
General	<u>(311,906)</u>	<u>189,694</u>	<u>(122,212)</u>
	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Balance at 31 October 2023
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds			
General	<u>(169,885)</u>	<u>132,634</u>	<u>(37,251)</u>

13 Analysis of net assets between funds	Unrestricted funds	Total funds
	General	
	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	0	0
Current assets	277,569	277,569
Current liabilities	<u>(1,208)</u>	<u>(1,208)</u>
Total net assets	<u>276,361</u>	<u>276,361</u>

14 Analysis of net funds	At 1 November 2023	Cash flow	At 31 October 2024
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	156,047	121,522	277,569
Current liabilities	<u>(2,174)</u>	<u>966</u>	<u>(1,208)</u>
Total net funds	<u>153,874</u>	<u>122,488</u>	<u>276,361</u>

Company Registration number: 04084325

Charity Registration number: 1087724

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

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for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

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Registered Office	317 Legrams Lane Bradford BD7 2HX
Company Registration Number	04084325
Charity Registration Number	1087724
Independent Examiner	Tanweer Hussain Update Accountants Limited (Certified Public Accountants) 24 Station Road Manor Park London E12 5BT

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The strategic report was approved by the member of the charity on 24 February 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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Mohammed Rashid
Trustee

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Trustee's Report

The member, a director for the purpose of company law, presents the annual report together with the financial statement of the charitable company for the year ended 31 October 2024.

Objectives and activities

Public benefits

Activities undertaken to further public benefit

The member confirms that he has complied with the requirements of section 4 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Structure, governance and management

Financial instruments

Objectives and policies

The charity's activities expose to a number of financial risks including credit risk, cash flow risk and liquidity risk. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the charity's policies approved by the board of trustee, which provide written principles of the use of financial derivatives to manage these risks. The charity does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes

Cash flow risk

The charity's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The charity uses foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swap contracts to hedge these exposures.

Interest bearing assets and liabilities are held at fixed rate to ensure certainty of cash flows.

Credit risk

The charity's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other receivables, and investments. The charity's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net allowances for doubtful receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a deduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are bank with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

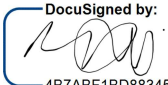
The charity has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the charity uses a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance.

Further details regarding liquidity risk can be found in the Statement of accounting policies in the financial statements.

The annual report was approved by the member of the charity on 24 February 2025 and signed by on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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 Mohammed Rashid
 Trustee

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Statements of Trustee's Responsibilities

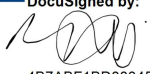
The trustee (who is also the director of Crescent Relief (London) for the purposes of company law) is responsible for preparing the trustee's report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the member to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the member must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the member is required to:

- * select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- * observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- * make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- * state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- * prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The member is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the member of the charity on 24 February 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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Mohammed Rashid
Trustee

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Independent Examiner's Report

I report on the accounts of the charity for the year ended 31 October 2024 which are set on pages 6 to 13.

Respective responsibilities of trustee and examiner

The trustee (who is also the director of the company for the purposes of company law) is responsible for the preparation of the accounts. The trustee considers that an audit is not required for this year under section 144(2) of the Charities Act 2011 (the 2011 Act) and that an independent examiner is needed.

Having satisfied myself that the charity is not subject to audit under company law and is eligible for independent examination, it is my responsibility to:

- * examine the accounts under section 145 of the 2011 Act;
- * to follow the procedures laid down in the general directions given by the Charity Commission under section 145(5)(b) of the 2011 Act; and
- * to state whether particular matters have come to my attention.

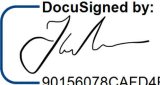
Basis of independent examiner's report

My examination was carried out in accordance with general Directions given by the Charity Commission. An examination includes a review of the accounting records kept by the charity and a comparison of the accounts presented with those records. It also includes consideration of any unusual items or disclosures in the accounts, and seeking explanations from you as member concerning any such matters. The procedures undertaken do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit, and consequently no opinion is given as to whether the accounts present a 'true and fair view' and the report is limited to those matters set out in the statement below.

Independent examiner's statement

In connection with my examination, no matter has come to my attention:

- (1) which gives me reasonable cause to believe that in any material respect the requirements:
 - * to keep accounting records in accordance with section 386 of the Companies Act 2006; and
 - * to prepare accounts which accord with the accounting records, comply with the accounting requirements of section 396 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the methods and principles of the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting and Reporting by Charitieshave not been met; or
- (2) to which, in my opinion, attention should be drawn in order to enable a proper understanding of the accounts to be reached.

DocuSigned by:

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Tanweer Hussain, B.Com, ACPA
(On & For Behalf Of UPDATE ACCOUNTANTS LIMITED)

Date: 24 February 2025

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 October 2024
(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2024 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	<u>311,906</u>	<u>311,906</u>
Total Income		<u>311,906</u>	<u>311,906</u>
Expenditure On:			
Charitable activities	4	(148,687)	(148,687)
Governance costs	5	<u>(41,007)</u>	<u>(41,007)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(189,694)</u>	<u>(189,694)</u>
Net income		<u>122,212</u>	<u>122,212</u>

Reconciliation of funds

Total funds carried forward	12	<u>(122,212)</u>	<u>(122,212)</u>
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	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	<u>169,885</u>	<u>169,885</u>
Total Income		<u>169,885</u>	<u>169,885</u>
Expenditure On:			
Charitable activities	4	(92,994)	(92,994)
Governance costs	5	<u>(39,640)</u>	<u>(39,640)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(132,634)</u>	<u>(132,634)</u>
Net income		<u>37,251</u>	<u>37,251</u>

Reconciliation of funds

Total funds carried forward	12	<u>(37,251)</u>	<u>(37,251)</u>
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All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.

CRESCENT RELIEF (LONDON)


(Registration number: 04084325)

Balance Sheet as at 31 October2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	10	0	275
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		277,569	156,047
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	11	(1,208)	(2,173)
Net current assets		276,361	153,874
Net assets		276,361	154,149
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		122,212	37,251
Other reserves		154,149	116,898
Total unrestricted funds		276,361	154,149
Total funds	13	276,361	154,149

The financial statements on pages 6 to 15 were approved by the trustees, and authorised on 24 February 2025 and signed on their behalf by:

DocuSigned by:



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Mohammed Rashid

Trustee

Crescent Relief (London)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

1 Charity status

The charity is a charity limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the trustee is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £Nil towards the assets of the charity in the event of liquidation.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - Charities SORP (FRS 102), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

Crescent Relief (London) meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost of transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Going concern

The trustee consider that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern nor any significant areas of uncertainty that affect the carrying value of assets held by the charity.

Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement

The Charity opted to early adopt Bulletin 1 published on 2 February 2016 and have therefore not included a cash flow statement in these financial statements.

Income and endowments

All income is recognised once the charity has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of the income receivable can be measured reliably.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Crescent Relief (London)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

Raising funds

These are costs incurred in attracting voluntary income, the management of investments and those incurred in trading activities that raise funds.

Support costs

Support costs include central functions and have been allocated to activity cost categories on a basis consistent with the use of resources, for example, allocating property costs by floor areas, or per capita, staff costs by the time spent and other costs by their usage.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustee's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income of capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Tangible fixed assets

Individual fixed assets costing £0.00 or more are initially recorded at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction cost. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statements of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Fund Structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustee's discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity deducting all of its liabilities.

Crescent Relief (London)
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an agreement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Debt instruments

Debt instruments which meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method:

(a) The contractual return to the holder is (i) a fixed amount; (ii) a positive fixed rate or a positive variable rate; or (iii) a combination of a positive or a negative fixed rate and a positive variable rate.

(b) The contract may provide for repayments of the principal or the return to the holder (but not both) to be linked to a single relevant observable index of general price inflation of the currency in which the debt instrument is denominated, provided such links are not leveraged.

(c) The contract may provide for a determinable variation of the return to the holder during the life of the instrument, provided that (i) the new rate satisfies condition (a) and the variation is not contingent on future events other than (1) a change of a contractual variable rate; (2) to protect the holder against credit deterioration of the issuer; (3) changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law; or (ii) the new rate is a market rate of interest and satisfies condition (a).

(d) There is no contractual provision that could, by its terms, result in the holder losing the principal amount or any interest attributable to the current period or prior periods.

(e) Contractual provisions that permit the issuer to prepay a debt instrument or permit the holder to put it back to the issuer before maturity are not contingent on future events, other than to protect the holder against the credit deterioration of the issuer or a change in control of the issuer, or to protect the holder or issuer against changes in levies applied by a central bank or arising from changes in relevant taxation or law.

(f) Contractual provisions may permit the extension of the term of the debt instrument, provided that the return to the holder and any other contractual provisions applicable during the extended term satisfy the conditions of paragraphs (a) to (c).

Debt instruments that are classified as payable or receivable within one year on initial recognition and which meet the above conditions are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received, net of impairment.

With the exception of some hedging instrument, other debt instruments not meeting these conditions are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Crescent Relief (London)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

Commitments to make and receive loans which meet the conditions mentioned above are measured at cost (which may be nil) less impairment.

Investments

Investments in non-convertible preference share and non-puttable ordinary or preference shares (where shares are publicly traded or their fair value is reliably measurable) are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Where fair value cannot be measured reliably, investments are measure at cost less impairment.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are measured at cost less impairment. For investments in subsidiaries acquired for consideration including the issue of shares qualifying for merger relief, cost is measured by reference to the nominal value of the shares issued plus fair value of other consideration. Any premium is ignored.

Derivative financial statements

The charity uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk and interest rate movements. The charity does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at each reporting date. The resulting gain or less is recognised in statement of financial activities immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in statement of financial activities depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Fair value measurement

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price for an identical asset in an active market. When quoted prices are unavailable, the price of a recent transaction for an identical asset provides evidence of fair value as long as there has not been a significant change in economic circumstances or a significant lapse of time since the transaction took place. If the market is not active and recent transactions of an identical asset on their own are not a good estimate of fair value, the fair value is estimated by using a valuation technique.

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Donations from individuals	311,906	311,906	169,885

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds General 2024 £	General 2023 £
General donations and projects	147,720	92,994
Event costs	967	
Materials/foods for projects	0	
	148,687	92,994

Crescent Relief (London)**Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024****5 Analysis of governance costs**

	Unrestricted funds General 2024	Total 2023
£	£	£
Staff costs	20,314	16,671
Premises costs	11,100	10,600
Motor and travel expenses	1,596	4,078
General administrative expenses	7,371	7,868
Legal and professional costs	350	363
Depreciation, amortisation and similar costs	275	60
Other governance costs	0	0
	<u>41,007</u>	<u>39,640</u>

6 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net incoming resources for the year include:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Depreciation of fixed assets	<u>275</u>	<u>60</u>

7 Staff costs

The average payroll costs are as follows:

	2024	2023
	£	£
Staff costs during the year were:		
Staff wages, PAYE and pensions	<u>20,314</u>	<u>16,671</u>

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year.

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture and equipment £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 November 2023	<u>10,332</u>	<u>10,332</u>
At 31 October 2024	<u>10,332</u>	<u>10,332</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 November 2023	10,057	10,057
Charge for the year	<u>275</u>	<u>275</u>
At 31 October 2024	<u>10,332</u>	<u>10,332</u>
Net book value		
At 31 October 2024	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
At 31 October 2023	<u>275</u>	<u>275</u>

8 Taxation

The charity is registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

	£	£
Accruals	<u>1,208</u>	<u>2,173</u>

Crescent Relief (London)
Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2024

11 Reserves	Other reserves	Total
	£	£
At 1 November 2023	<u>(154,149)</u>	<u>(154,149)</u>

12 Funds	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Balance at 31 October 2024
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds			
General	<u>(311,906)</u>	<u>189,694</u>	<u>(122,212)</u>
	Incoming resources	Resources expended	Balance at 31 October 2023
	£	£	£
Unrestricted funds			
General	<u>(169,885)</u>	<u>132,634</u>	<u>(37,251)</u>

13 Analysis of net assets between funds	Unrestricted funds	Total funds
	General	
	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	0	0
Current assets	277,569	277,569
Current liabilities	<u>(1,208)</u>	<u>(1,208)</u>
Total net assets	<u>276,361</u>	<u>276,361</u>

14 Analysis of net funds	At 1 November 2023	Cash flow	At 31 October 2024
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	156,047	121,522	277,569
Current liabilities	<u>(2,174)</u>	<u>966</u>	<u>(1,208)</u>
Total net funds	<u>153,874</u>	<u>122,488</u>	<u>276,361</u>