

CATHOLIC TRUTH SOCIETY (DIOCESE OF SALFORD)

England & Wales · Charity number 1058718

Details

Other names	C T S (DIOCESE OF SALFORD), C.T.S. (DIOCESE OF SALFORD)
Status	Registered
Legal form	Charitable company
Company number	03205602
Registered	1996-10-17
Register	View on the Charity Commission register

Contact

Address	The Diocese Of Salford Cathedral Centre 3 Ford Street Salford M3 6DP
Phone	01618172208
Email	bookshop@dioceseofsalford.org.uk
Website	www.cts-manchester.org.uk

Activities

Objects: TO ADVANCE RELIGION,IN PARTICULAR,BY PROMOTING KNOWLEDGE OF BOTH THE CATHOLIC FAITH AND ITS PRACTICE AMONG CATHOLICS AND NON CATHOLICS

Activities: The advancement of religion by promoting knowledge of the Catholic faith and its practice among both Catholics and Non Catholics via the circulation of books and publications.

Classification

- **How:** Provides Services
- **What:** Religious Activities
- **Who:** The General Public/mankind

Geography

- Throughout England

Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2024-12-31	£29,541	£41,519	-	-
2023-12-31	£108,620	£178,068	-	-
2022-12-31	£105,346	£129,756	-	-
2021-12-31	£104,807	£99,303	-	-
2020-12-31	£90,493	£114,197	-	-

Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
Bishop Arnold	Chair	2014-12-08
Brendan McCafferty		2019-02-27
EDWARD NALLY		2016-05-06
Eamonn O'Neal OBE		2019-02-27
Elizabeth Therese Lilley		2019-05-30
Mary Hunter		2018-05-31
Peter Fahy		2016-05-06
Rev CHRISTOPHER DAWSON		2013-05-10
Rev Michael Cooke		2011-10-24
Rev Michael David Jones		2018-05-31
Rev PETER HOPKINSON		2013-05-10

Accounts

Company registration number: 3205602

Charity registration number: 1058718

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(A Company Limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

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Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold Cannon Michael David Jones Reverend Christopher Dawson Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke Reverend Peter Hopkinson Mary Hunter Elizabeth Therese Lilley Brendon Eamon McCafferty Edward Nally Sir Peter Fahy Eamonn Sean O’Neal
Secretary	Mr Edward Nally
Company registration number	3205602
Charity registration number	1058718 The Charity is incorporated in England and Wales
Registered and Principal Office	Cathedral Centre 3 Ford Street Salford Greater Manchester M3 6DP
Auditors	Crowe UK LLP 3rd Floor, St George’s House, 56 Peter Street, Manchester M2 3NQ
Bank	Barclays Bank Plc PO Box 357 51 Mosely Street Manchester M60 2AU

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee’s Report

The trustees, who are directors for the purposes of company law, present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Trustees and officers

The trustees and officers serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

Trustees:	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
	Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke
	Rev Canon Michael David Jones
	Rev Christopher Dawson
	Rev Peter Hopkinson
	Sir Peter Fahy
	Mrs Mary Hunter
	Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley
	Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty
	Mr Edward Nally
	Mr Eamonn Sean O’Neal
Secretary:	Mr Edward Nally

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and is therefore governed by a Memorandum and Articles of Association as amended by special resolution on the 13th September 1996.

The Charity operates in conjunction with the Diocese of Salford, and the policies, processes and procedures of the Charity and the Diocese of Salford are aligned.

The charity is governed by the trustees, day to day management of the CTS Bookshop was delegated to Chief Operating Officer of the Diocese of Salford until it’s closure on 28 February 2024. The trustees have oversight of the financial statements of the charity and any major changes in the management or operations of the charity are reported via the Trustee’s Meeting. Remuneration of all staff within the charity is determined and agreed by the COO of the Diocese of Salford and ratified by the Trustees HR Committee.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The trustees of the charity are the trustees of the Salford Diocesan Trust. The trustees are chosen according to their experience of the Trusts Ministry and of its need to function in accordance with both Canon and Civil Law.

Induction and training of trustees

New trustees attend training sessions with current trustees to provide them with all necessary information.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee's Report

Organisational Structure

The charity is organised so that the trustees meet regularly to manage its affairs. The CTS bookshop up to the end of February had one full time administrator, who managed the day-to-day administration of the retail and mail-order business.

Relationships with related parties

The Salford Diocesan Trust

The Trustees consider the Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

CARITAS Diocese of Salford

The Trustees consider CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The charity's object and its principal activity will continue to be the advancement of religion by promoting knowledge of the Catholic Faith and its practice among both Catholics and Non Catholics via the circulation of books and publications. The activity previously was aimed at schools and parishes with the Diocese of Salford, and the general public, which has typically been conducted through the retail outlet (bookshop) and online. The Charity will work closely with the schools and parishes going forward to ensure that the offerings meet the needs and the objectives of the charity.

In 2023 The Trustees made the decision to close the bookshop with effect from February 2024, the Trustees are currently exploring options for moving the charity forward.

Objectives, strategies and activities

The charity operated through the bookshop till Feb 24 with its principal activity promoting the Roman Catholic Faith among members of the Roman Catholic congregation and to the wider public at large.

For over half a century the Catholic Truth Society has been serving the Manchester and Salford parishes, schools and broader community providing a wide range of Catholic books and an extensive range of gifts, including statues, rosaries, icons etc.

Achievements and performance

During 2024 the charity continued to promote the Roman Catholic Faith, however the Bookshop closed in February 2024. The Trustees are now exploring options on how to make best use of the charity moving forward.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee's Report

Going concern

In February 2024 the charity closed its bookshop and mail order business. All stock was fully impaired, and the charity has paid off outstanding creditors. From 1 March 2024, the bookshop ceased trading, the Trustees are now looking at options during 2025 for future trading of the Charity.

Due to the above, the Trustees do not consider the charity to be a going concern and a basis other than going concern has been adopted for the preparation of these financial statements.

Public benefit

The charity regularly reviews its activities and the benefits the activities bring to the public. All activities undertaken are for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Financial Review

Turnover from the sale of goods reduced in the year due to closure of the bookshop to £29,541 (2023 £108,620)

Total resources expended amounted to £41,519 (2023 £178,067) with the result for the year being a deficit of (£11,977) (2023 deficit (£69,447)).

The net position as of 31 December 2024 are charity reserves in surplus of £50,799 (2023 £62,777).

Policy on reserves

The Management Committee has examined the charity's requirements for reserves in light of the main risks to the organisation. It has established a policy whereby the unrestricted funds not committed or invested in tangible fixed assets held by the charity should be a minimum of 6 months of the expenditure. In light of the decision to close the bookshop in February 2024 management consider the level of reserves are adequate for the expenditure expected.

Approved by the trustees of the charity on the 8th July 2025 and signed on its behalf by:



Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold

Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee’s Report

Statement of Trustees’ Responsibilities

The trustees (who are also the directors of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on the 8th July 2025 and signed on its behalf by:


.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the year ended 31 December 2024 which comprise Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter – financial statements prepared on a basis other than going concern

We draw attention to note 1 of the financial statements which explains that the trustees have ceased operations and therefore do not consider it to be appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern as described in note 1. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

continued ...

In our opinion based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit

- the information given in the trustees' report, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the trustees' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the trustees' report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 5, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

continued ...

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the company operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Companies Act 2006 and Taxation legislation.

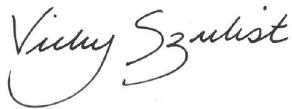
We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities and reviewing accounting estimates for biases.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the

Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Vicky Szulist

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of

Crowe U.K. LLP

Statutory Auditor

The Lexicon
Mount Street
Manchester
M2 5NT

Date: 18th September 2025

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year ended 31 December 2024

(Including income and Expenditure Account Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Total 2024 £	Total 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Charitable activities	3	<u>29,541</u>	<u>108,620</u>
Total income		<u>29,541</u>	<u>108,620</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	4	<u>(41,519)</u>	<u>(178,067)</u>
Total Expenditure		<u>(41,519)</u>	<u>(178,067)</u>
Net income		<u>(11,977)</u>	<u>(69,447)</u>
Net movement in funds		(11,977)	(69,447)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>(62,777)</u>	<u>(132,224)</u>
Total funds carried forward	14	<u>(50,799)</u>	<u>(62,777)</u>

All of the Charity's funds are unrestricted. The funds breakdown is shown in note 14.

All of the charity's activities derive from bookshop operations that were closed in February 2024.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(Registration number: 3205602)

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2024

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets		-	-
Current assets			
Stocks	9	-	29,066
Debtors	10	-	4,602
Cash at bank and in hand	11	<u>73,518</u>	<u>69,929</u>
		73,518	103,597
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	12	<u>(22,720)</u>	<u>(40,820)</u>
Net current assets		<u>50,799</u>	<u>62,777</u>
Net Assets		<u>50,799</u>	<u>62,777</u>
 Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted income	14	<u>50,799</u>	<u>62,777</u>
Total Funds		<u>50,799</u>	<u>62,777</u>

The financial statements on pages 9 to 19 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 8th July 2025 and signed on their behalf by:



Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year ended 31 December 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash income/(expenditure)		(11,977)	(69,448)
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items			
Depreciation		-	663
		(11,977)	(68,785)
Working capital adjustments			
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	9	29,066	39,447
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	10	4,602	912
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	12	(3,802)	27,435
Net cash flows from operating activities		17,888	(991)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets		-	-
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of loans and borrowings	13	(14,298)	(4,547)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		3,590	(5,538)
Cash and cash equivalents at 01 January		69,928	75,465
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		73,518	69,928

All of the cash flows are derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

1 Charity status

The charity is limited by guarantee, incorporated in England and Wales, and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the trustees is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 toward the asset of the charity in the event of liquidation.

The address of its registered office is:

Cathedral Centre
3 Ford Street
Salford
M3 6DP

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)) (issued in October 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and Liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of approval of the financial statements.

On the basis of the above, the entity financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern.

Judgements

The company has no judgements that are significant enough to require disclosure.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The charity does not have any estimates that are subject to estimation uncertainty that require disclosure.

Income and endowments

Income from charitable activities includes income recognised as earned as the related goods are provided, it is shown net of value added tax.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control at the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Legacy gifts are recognised on a case by case basis following the grant of probate when the administrator / executor for the estate has communicated in writing both the amount and settlement date. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title to the asset having been transferred to the charity.

Government and other grants

Grants are recognised under the performance model. Income is recognised when the grant's performance-related conditions are met. A grant that does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, its probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture and fittings	10% straight line basis
Computer and office equipment	20% straight line basis

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the charity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the charity does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Pensions and other post retirement obligations

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the charity has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions, even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the financial arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised

When and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised

Only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

3 Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds	Total
	£	£
Bookshop Sales	29,541	29,541
	29,541	29,541
	Unrestricted funds	Total
	£	£
Bookshop Sales	108,620	108,620
	108,620	108,620

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds	Total
	£	£
Cost of Sales	30,119	30,119
Employment costs	6,342	6,342
Establishment costs	447	447
Subscriptions	(547)	(547)
Computer Expenses	1,862	1,862
Bad and doubtful debts	(312)	(312)
Bank charges	383	383
	38,293	38,293
	Unrestricted funds	Total
	£	£
Cost of Sales	113,915	113,915
Employment costs	46,567	46,567
Establishment costs	2,596	2,596
Subscriptions	125	125
Computer Expenses	2,424	2,424
Printing, postage and stationery	1,729	1,729
Advertising and promotion	248	248
Legal & Professional	25	25
Bad and doubtful debts	50	50
Bank charges	2,624	2,624
Depreciation	264	264
	170,567	170,567

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

In addition to the expenditure analysed above, there are also governance costs in 2024 of £7,500 (2023 £7,500) which relate directly to charitable activities. See note 7 for further details.

5 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds £	Total funds £
Audit fees		
Audit of the financial statements	3,226	3,226
Total for 2024	3,226	3,226
Total for 2023	7,500	7,500

6 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net incoming/(outgoing) resources for the year include:

	2024 £	2023 £
Audit fee	3,226	7,500
Depreciation of fixed assets	-	264

7 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

8 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2024 £	2023 £
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	6,464	31,424
Social security costs	459	2,689
Pension costs	280	1,512
	7,204	35,625

The monthly average number of persons (including senior management / leadreship team) employed by the charity during the year expressed as full time equivalents was as follows:

	2024 No	2023 No
Managerial	0	1
	0	1

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

9 Stock

	2024	2023
	£	£
Stocks	-	29,066

10 Debtors

	2024	2023
	£	£
Trade Debtors	-	2,312
Prepayments	-	2,290
	-	4,602

11 Cash and cash equivalents

	2024	2023
	£	£
Cash on hand	-	447.57
Cash at bank	73,518	69,481
	73,518	69,929

12 Creditors: amounts failing due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	4,634
Other loans	22,720	8,422
Other taxation and social security	-	2,435
Other creditors	-	2,333
Accruals	-	22,996
	22,720	40,820

13 Funds

The charity only holds unrestricted funds - the charity does not have any restricted or designated funds.

	Balance at 1 January 2024 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2024 £
Unrestricted				
General	62,777	29,541	(41,519)	50,799
	Balance at 1 January 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2023 £
Unrestricted				
General	132,224	108,620	(178,067)	62,777

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2024

14 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31-Dec 2024 £
Tangible fixed assets	-	-
Current assets	73,518	73,518
Current liabilities	(22,720)	(22,720)
Total net assets	50,799	50,799

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31-Dec 2023 £
Tangible fixed assets	-	-
Current assets	103,597	103,597
Current liabilities	(40,820)	(40,820)
Total net assets	62,776	62,776

15 Analysis of net funds

	At 1 January 2024 £	Financial cash flow £	At 31 December 2024 £
Cash at bank and in hand	69,929	3,589	73,518
Debt due within one year	(40,820)	18,100	(22,720)
Net debt	29,109	21,690	50,799

	At 1 January 2023 £	Financial cash flow £	At 31 December 2023 £
Cash at bank and in hand	75,465	(5,536)	69,929
Debt due within one year	(17,931)	(22,889)	(40,820)
Net debt	57,534	(28,425)	29,109

16 Related party transactions

During the year the charity made the following related party transactions:

Salford Diocesan Trust

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of the parent charity

The company's immediate parent is The Salford Diocesan Trust, a charity registered in England
The address of which is:

The Cathedral Centre
3 Ford Street
Salford
M3 6DP

During the year, Catholic Truth Society have repaid wage recharges from the prior year as well as current year wage recharges and postage costs. These transactions formed part of the loan to the Catholic Truth Society.

At the balance sheet date the amount due to Salford Diocesan Trust was £22,720 (2023 - £8,422).

CARITAS Diocese Salford

(The trustees consider the CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be related party by virtue of it having common Trustees).

During the year there were no transactions with Caritas Diocese of Salford. At the balance sheet date the amount due from CARITAS Diocese of Salford was £NIL (2023 NIL).

The notes on pages 12 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements

Accounts

Company registration number: 3205602

Charity registration number: 1058718

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(A Company Limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Contents

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Balance Sheet	10
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Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold Cannon Michael David Jones Reverend Christopher Dawson Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold Reverend Peter Hopkinson Mary Hunter Elizabeth Therese Lilley Brendon Eamon McCafferty Edward Nally Sir Peter Fahy Eamonn Sean O’Neal
Secretary	Mr Edward Nally
Company registration number	3205602
Charity registration number	1058718 The Charity is incorporated in England and Wales
Registered and Principal Office	Cathedral Centre 3 Ford Street Salford Greater Manchester M3 6DP
Auditors	Crowe UK LLP 3rd Floor St George's House 56 Peter Street Manchester M2 3NQ
Bank	Barclays Bank Plc PO Box 357 51 Mosely Street Manchester M60 2AU

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee’s Report

The trustees, who are directors for the purposes of company law, present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Trustees and officers

The trustees and officers serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

Trustees:	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
	Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke
	Rev Christopher Dawson
	Rev Peter Hopkinson
	Sir Peter Fahy
	Mr Edward Nally
	Ms Mary Hunter
	Rev Michael David Jones
	Mr Eamonn Sean O’Neal
	Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty
	Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley
Secretary:	Mr Edward Nally

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and is therefore governed by a Memorandum and Articles of Association as amended by special resolution on the 13th September 1996.

The Charity operates in conjunction with the Diocese of Salford, and the policies, processes and procedures of the Charity and the Diocese of Salford are aligned.

The charity is governed by the trustees, day to day management of the CTS Bookshop is delegated to the Bookshop Manager supported by Chief Operating Officer of the Diocese of Salford. The trustees have oversight of the financial statements of the charity and any major changes in the management or operations of the charity are reported via the Trustee’s Meeting. Remuneration of all staff within the charity is determined and agreed by the COO of the Diocese of Salford and ratified by the Trustees HR Committee.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The trustees of the charity are the trustees of the Salford Diocesan Trust. The trustees are chosen according to their experience of the Trusts Ministry and of its need to function in accordance with both Canon and Civil Law.

Induction and training of trustees

New trustees attend training sessions with current trustees to provide them with all necessary information.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee's Report

Organisational Structure

The charity is organised the trustees manage its affairs. The CTS bookshop had one full time administrator, who managed the day-to-day administration of the retail and mail-order business.

Relationships with related parties

The Salford Diocesan Trust

The Trustees consider the Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

CARITAS Diocese of Salford

The Trustees consider CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The charity's object and its principal activity continues to be the advancement of religion by promoting knowledge of the Catholic Faith and its practice among both Catholics and Non Catholics via the circulation of books and publications. The activity is aimed at schools and parishes with the Diocese of Salford, and the general public, which has typically been conducted through the retail outlet (bookshop) and online. The charity works closely with the schools and parishes to ensure that the offering meets their need and the objectives of the charity.

Objectives, strategies and activities

The charity continued with its principal activity promoting the Roman Catholic Faith among members of the Roman Catholic congregation and to the wider public at large.

For over half a century the Catholic Truth Society has been serving the Manchester and Salford parishes, schools and broader community providing a wide range of Catholic books and an extensive range of gifts, including statues, rosaries, icons etc.

The Catholic Truth Society bookshop stocks resources for schools including RE curriculum and supporting material and also provides a service to parishes for their piety stalls. Each school and parish in the Diocese has an account with the shop and the bookshop staff have provided help and advice.

Achievements and performance

During 2023 the charity continued to promote the Roman Catholic Faith, both through sales in the Bookshop and also via the provision of resources to parishes and schools. It has also supported Diocese-wide initiatives.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee's Report

Plans for future periods

In 2023 The Trustees made the decision to close the bookshop with effect from February 2024, the company will remain dormant whilst Trustees consider the future of the charity.

Going concern

In February 2024 the charity closed its bookshop and mail order business. All stock was fully impaired, and the charity has paid off outstanding creditors and intercompany balances owed to group entities. From 1 March 2024, the charity ceased trading and became dormant. The Trustees are currently considering whether to wind up the charity.

Due to the above, the Trustees do not consider the charity to be a going concern and a basis other than going concern has been adopted for the preparation of these financial statements.

Public benefit

The charity regularly reviews its activities and the benefits the activities bring to the public. All activities undertaken are for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Financial Review

Turnover from the sale of goods increased in the year to £108,620 (2022 £105,346)

Total resources expended amounted to £178,068 (2022 - £129,756) with the result for the year being a (deficit) of £(69,447) (2022 - £(24,410)).

The net position at 31 December 2023 are charity reserves in surplus of £62,777 (2022 £132,224)

Policy on reserves

The Management Committee has examined the charity's requirements for reserves in light of the main risks to the organisation. It has established a policy whereby the unrestricted funds not committed or invested in tangible fixed assets held by the charity should be a minimum of 6 months of the expenditure. In light of the decision to close the bookshop in February 2024 management consider the level of reserves are adequate for the expenditure expected.

Approved by the trustees of the charity on the 19th September 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustee's Report

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees (who are also the directors of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on the 19th September 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the year ended 31 December 2023 which comprise Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter – financial statements prepared on a basis other than going concern

We draw attention to note 1 of the financial statements which explains that the trustees have ceased operations and therefore do not consider it to be appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern as described in note 1. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit

- the information given in the trustees' report, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the trustees' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the trustees' report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 5, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

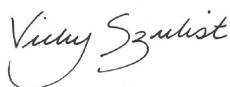
We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the company operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Companies Act 2006 and Taxation legislation.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities and reviewing accounting estimates for biases.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Vicky Szulist

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of

Crowe U.K. LLP

Statutory Auditor

3rd Floor
St George's House
56 Peter Street
Manchester
M2 3NQ
27th September 2024

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year ended 31 December 2023

(Including income and Expenditure Account Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Total 2023 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Charitable activities	3	108,620	108,620
Total income		108,620	108,620
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	4	(178,068)	(178,068)
Total Expenditure		(178,068)	(178,068)
Net income		(69,448)	(69,448)
Net movement in funds		(69,448)	(69,448)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		132,224	132,224
Total funds carried forward	14	62,776	62,776

	Note	Funds £	2022 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Charitable activities	3	105,346	105,346
Total income		105,346	105,346
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	4	(129,756)	(129,756)
Total Expenditure		(129,756)	(129,756)
Net income		(24,410)	(24,410)
Net movement in funds		(24,410)	(24,410)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		156,634	156,634
Total funds carried forward	14	132,224	132,224

All of the charity's activities derive from operations that were closed in February 2024.

The funds breakdown is shown in note 14.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(Registration number: 3205602)

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	9	-	664
Current assets			
Stocks	10	29,066	68,513
Debtors	11	4,602	5,513
Cash at bank and in hand	12	69,929	75,465
		<u>103,597</u>	<u>149,492</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	13	<u>(40,820)</u>	<u>(17,931)</u>
Net current assets		<u>62,777</u>	<u>131,561</u>
Net Assets		<u>62,777</u>	<u>132,224</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted income	14	<u>62,777</u>	<u>132,224</u>
Total Funds		<u>62,777</u>	<u>132,224</u>

The financial statements were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 19th September 2024 and signed on their behalf by:



Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash income/(expenditure)		(69,448)	(24,410)
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items			
Depreciation		663	170
		(68,785)	(24,240)
Working capital adjustments			
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	10	39,447	(688)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	11	912	241
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	13	27,435	6,939
Net cash flows from operating activities		(991)	(17,747)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets	9	-	(613)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of loans and borrowings	13	(4,547)	(791)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(5,538)	(19,152)
Cash and cash equivalents at 01 January		75,465	94,617
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		69,928	75,465

All of the cash flows are derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

1 Charity status

The charity is limited by guarantee, incorporated in England and Wales, and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the trustees is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 toward the asset of the charity in the event of liquidation.

The address of its registered office is:

Cathedral Centre

3 Ford Street

Salford

M3 6DP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the trustees on xx xxx 2024.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice {applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)) (issued in October 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and Liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Going concern

The trustees state that a basis other than going concern has been used in preparing the financial statements. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of approval of the financial statements.

The current main operating activity under the bookshop ceased trading in February 2024. This was following a Trustee decision made in November 2023. In the short term we are not expecting any trading to take place while the Trustees review intended activity.

Judgements

The critical judgements that management have made are as follows:

- assessing the recoverability of outstanding debtors and the need for any provision for bad or doubtful debts.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The charity does not have any estimates that are subject to estimation uncertainty that require disclosure.

Income and endowments

Income from charitable activities includes income recognised as earned as the related goods are provided, it is shown net of value added tax.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control at the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Legacy gifts are recognised on a case by case basis following the grant of probate when the administrator / executor for the estate has communicated in writing both the amount and settlement date. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title to the asset having been transferred to the charity.

Government and other grants

Grants are recognised under the performance model. Income is recognised when the grant's performance-related conditions are met. A grant that does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, its probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture and fittings	10% straight line basis
Computer and office equipment	20% straight line basis

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the charity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade creditors

business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the charity does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Pensions and other post retirement obligations

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the charity has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions, even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the financial arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised

When and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised

Only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

3 Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2023 £
Bookshop Sales	108,620	108,620
	<u>108,620</u>	<u>108,620</u>
	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2022 £
Bookshop Sales	105,346	105,346
	<u>105,346</u>	<u>105,346</u>

4 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2023 £
Cost of Sales	113,915	113,915
Employment costs	46,567	46,567
Establishment costs	2,197	2,197
Subscriptions	125	125
Computer Expenses	2,424	2,424
Printing,postage and stationery	1,729	1,729
Sundry and other costs	400	400
Advertising and promotion	248	248
Legal & Professional	25	25
Bad and doubtful debts	50	50
Bank charges	2,625	2,625
Depreciation	264	264
	<u>170,568</u>	<u>170,568</u>
	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2022 £
Cost of Sales	76,611	76,611
Employment costs	38,276	38,276
Establishment costs	3,016	3,016
Subscriptions	125	125
Computer Expenses	2,275	2,275
Printing,postage and stationery	445	445
Sundry and other costs	268	268
Advertising and promotion	225	225
Bad and doubtful debts	(3,269)	(3,269)
Bank charges	4,013	4,013
Depreciation	170	170
	<u>122,156</u>	<u>122,156</u>

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

In addition to the expenditure analysed above, there are also governance costs in 2023 of £7,500 (2022 £7,600) which relate directly to charitable activities. See note 7 for further details.

5 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds £	Total funds £
Audit fees		
Audit of the financial statements	7,500	7,500
Total for 2023	7,500	7,500
Total for 2022	7,600	7,600

6 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net incoming/(outgoing) resources for the year include:

	2023 £	2022 £
Audit fee	7,500	7,600
Depreciation of fixed assets	264	170

7 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2023 £	2022 £
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	31,424	33,658
Social security costs	2,689	2,958
Pension costs	1,512	1,660
	35,625	38,276

The monthly average number of persons (including senior management / leadreship team) employed by the charity during the year expressed as full time equivalents was as follows:

	2023 No	2022 No
Managerial	1	1
Administrative	0	1
	1	2

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

9 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture and Equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2023	93,516	23,711	117,227
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	(93,516)	(23,711)	(117,227)
At 31 December 2023	-	-	-
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2023	93,397	23,167	116,564
Charge for the year	119	145	264
Charge in Disposal	(93,516)	(23,312)	(116,828)
At 31 December 2023	-	-	-
Net Book Value			
At 31 December 2023	-	-	-
At 31 December 2022	119	544	664

10 Stock

	2023 £	2022 £
Stocks	29,066	68,513

11 Debtors

	2023 £	2022 £
Trade Debtors	2,312	3,022
Prepayments	2,290	2,491
	4,602	5,513

12 Cash and cash equivalents

	2023 £	2022 £
Cash on hand	448	127
Cash at bank	69,481	75,338
	69,929	75,465

13 Creditors: amounts failing due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Trade creditors	4,634	1,983
Other loans	8,422	3,875
Other taxation and social security	2,435	1,914
Other creditors	2,333	2,139
Accruals	22,996	8,020
	40,820	17,931

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

14 Funds

The charity only holds unrestricted funds - the charity does not have any restricted or designated funds.

	Balance at 1 January 2023 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2023 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>132,224</u>	<u>108,620</u>	<u>(178,068)</u>	<u>62,776</u>

	Balance at 1 January 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2022 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>156,634</u>	<u>105,346</u>	<u>(129,756)</u>	<u>132,224</u>

15 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31-Dec 2023 £
Tangible fixed assets	-	-
Current assets	103,597	103,597
Current liabilities	<u>(40,820)</u>	<u>(40,820)</u>
Total net assets	<u>62,777</u>	<u>62,777</u>

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31-Dec 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets	664	664
Current assets	149,492	149,492
Current liabilities	<u>(17,931)</u>	<u>(17,931)</u>
Total net assets	<u>132,224</u>	<u>132,224</u>

16 Analysis of net funds

	At 1 January 2023 £	Financial cash flow £	At 31 December 2023 £
Cash at bank and in hand	75,465	(5,536)	69,929
Debt due within one year	<u>(17,931)</u>	<u>(22,889)</u>	<u>(40,820)</u>
Net debt	<u>57,534</u>	<u>(28,425)</u>	<u>29,109</u>

	At 1 January 2022 £	Financial cash flow £	At 31 December 2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	94,618	(19,153)	75,465
Debt due within one year	<u>(11,784)</u>	<u>(6,147)</u>	<u>(17,931)</u>
Net debt	<u>82,834</u>	<u>(25,300)</u>	<u>57,534</u>

The notes on pages 12 to 20 form an integral part of these financial statements

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2023

17 Related party transactions

During the year the charity made the following related party transactions:

Salford Diocesan Trust

The Trustees consider The Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common Trustees

During the year, Catholic Truth Society have repaid wage recharges from the prior year as well as current year wage recharges and postage costs. These transactions formed part of the loan to the Catholic Truth Society.

At the balance sheet date the amount due to Salford Diocesan Trust was £8,422 (2022 - £3,875).

CARITAS Diocese Salford

(The trustees consider the CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be related party by virtue of it having common Trustees).

During the year there were no transactions with Caritas Diocese of Salford. At the balance sheet date the amount due from CARITAS Diocese of Salford was £NIL (2022 £11).

Accounts

Company registration number: 3205602

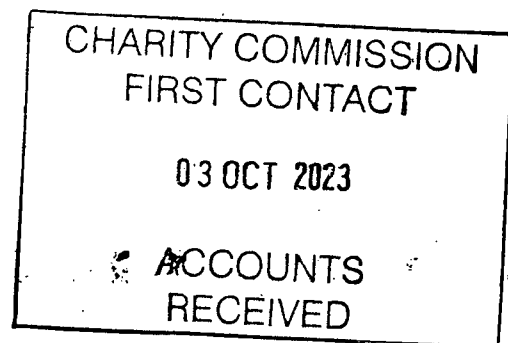
Charity registration number: 1058718

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022



Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

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Statement of Cash Flows	12
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Trustees

Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke
Rev Christopher Dawson
Rev Peter Hopkinson
Sir Peter Fahy
Mr Edward Nally
Ms Mary Hunter
Rev Michael David Jones
Mr Eamonn Sean O'Neal
Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty
Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley
Mr Michael Devlin (resigned July 2023)

Secretary

Mr Edward Nally

Charity Registration Number

1058718

Company Registration Number

3205602

The charity is incorporated in England and Wales

Registered and Principal Office

Cathedral Centre
3 Ford Street
Salford
M3 6DP

Auditor

Crowe U.K. LLP
3rd Floor
The Lexicon
Mount Street
Manchester. M2 5NT

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc
PO Box 357
51 Mosley Street
Manchester
M60 2AU

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

The trustees, who are directors for the purposes of company law, present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Trustees and officers

The trustees and officers serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

Trustees:	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
	Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke
	Rev Christopher Dawson
	Rev Peter Hopkinson
	Sir Peter Fahy
	Mr Edward Nally
	Ms Mary Hunter
	Rev Michael David Jones
	Mr Eamonn Sean O'Neal
	Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty
	Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley
	Mr Michael Devlin (resigned July 2023)
Secretary:	Mr Edward Nally

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and is therefore governed by a Memorandum and Articles of Association as amended by special resolution on the 13th September 1996.

The Charity operates in conjunction with the Diocese of Salford, and the policies, processes and procedures of the Charity and the Diocese of Salford are aligned.

The charity is governed by the trustees, day to day management of the CTS Bookshop is delegated to the Bookshop Manager supported by Chief Operating Officer of the Diocese of Salford. The trustees have oversight of the financial statements of the charity and any major changes in the management or operations of the charity are reported via the Trustee's Meeting. Remuneration of all staff within the charity is determined and agreed by the COO of the Diocese of Salford and ratified by the Trustees HR Committee.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The trustees of the charity are the trustees of the Salford Diocesan Trust. The trustees are chosen according to their experience of the Trusts Ministry and of its need to function in accordance with both Canon and Civil Law.

Induction and training of trustees

New trustees attend training sessions with current trustees to provide them with all necessary information.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Organisational Structure

The charity is organised so that the trustees meet regularly to manage its affairs. There are two full time administrators, who manage the day-to-day administration of the charity's retail and mail-order business.

Relationships with related parties

The Salford Diocesan Trust

The Trustees consider the Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

CARITAS Diocese of Salford

The Trustees consider CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The charity's object and its principal activity continues to be the advancement of religion by promoting knowledge of the Catholic Faith and its practice among both Catholics and Non Catholics via the circulation of books and publications. The activity is aimed at schools and parishes with the Diocese of Salford, and the general public, this is done through direct sales both through the retail outlet and online. The charity works closely with the schools and parishes to ensure that the offering meets their need and the objectives of the charity. The online activity is continuing to increase in line with consumers changing behaviours and we are working an increasing and improving our online presence.

Objectives, strategies and activities

The charity continued with its principal activity promoting the Roman Catholic Faith among members of the Roman Catholic congregation and to the wider public at large.

For over half a century the Catholic Truth Society has been serving the Manchester and Salford parishes, schools and broader community. The shop is open 5 days per week (Monday to Friday) and there is free parking on site for bookshop customers. The shop stocks a wide range of Catholic books and an extensive range of gifts, including statues, rosaries, icons etc.

The Catholic Truth Society stocks resources for schools including RE curriculum and supporting material and also provides a service to parishes for their piety stalls. Each school and parish in the Diocese already has an account with the shop and the bookshop staff are always on hand to help and advice.

Achievements and performance

The charity continued to promote the Roman Catholic Faith, both through sales in the Bookshop and also via the provision of resources to parishes and schools. It has also supported Diocese-wide initiatives.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Plans for future periods

Aims and key objectives for future periods

The charity will continue working closely with schools and parishes to ensure that it keeps a range of stock for customers, whether they be visitors to the Cathedral Centre, Catholic schools within the diocese or members of the general public shopping online.

Activities planned to achieve aims

The Charity continues to develop its e-marketing strategy to schools to fit in with the liturgical year and to improve its online presence with an improved website and online sales function.

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not undertake any fundraising activities, all funds are raised by undertaking charitable activities.

Public benefit

The charity regularly reviews its activities and the benefits the activities bring to the public. All activities undertaken are for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Going concern

The Charity prepares its financial statements on a going concern basis. The trustees have, at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The Trustees are continuing to review operating models to determine the sustainability going forward.

Key risks and uncertainties disclosures

The key risks and uncertainties that the trustees envisage going forward is the future of the retail aspects of the charity, that is the sales made to the general public via the shop.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Financial Review

Turnover from the sale of goods increased in the year to £105,346 (2021 - £104,807)

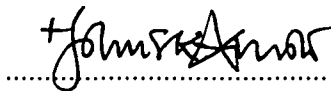
Total resources expended amounted to £129,756 (2021 - £99,303) with the result for the year being a (deficit)/surplus of £(24,410) (2021 - £5,504).

The net position at 31 December 2022 are charity reserves in surplus of £132,224 (2021 - 156,634)

Policy on reserves

The Management Committee has examined the charity's requirements for reserves in light of the main risks to the organisation. It has established a policy whereby the unrestricted funds not committed or invested in tangible fixed assets held by the charity should be a minimum of 6 months of the expenditure. Based on the expenditure for 2022 being £130 thousand the target is therefore £65 thousand in general funds. The present level of reserves available to the charity is £132 thousand, therefore, this is more than the minimum target level.

Approved by the trustees of the charity on 21st September 2023 and signed on its behalf by:



Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold

Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees (who are also the directors of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

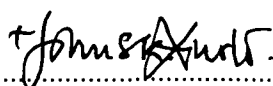
The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on 21st September 2023 and signed on its behalf by:


.....

Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charitable company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

our opinion based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit

- the information given in the trustees' report, which includes the directors' report prepared for the purposes of company law, for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report included within the trustees' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the charitable company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report included within the trustees' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the trustees were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the trustees' report.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the trustees' responsibilities statement set out on page 6, the trustees (who are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charitable company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements such as the Charities Act 2011.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals and reviewing accounting estimates for biases.

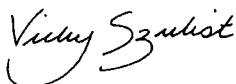
Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

These inherent limitations are particularly significant in the case of misstatement resulting from fraud as this may involve sophisticated schemes designed to avoid detection, including deliberate failure to record transactions, collusion or the provision of intentional misrepresentations.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and the charitable company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Vicky Szulist

Senior Statutory Auditor

For and on behalf of

Crowe U.K. LLP

Statutory Auditor

The Lexicon
Mount Street
Manchester
M2 5NT

Date: 27th September 2023

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 December 2022
(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Total 2022 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	-	-
Charitable activities	5	105,346	105,346
Total income		<u>105,346</u>	<u>105,346</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	(129,756)	(129,756)
Total Expenditure		<u>(129,756)</u>	<u>(129,756)</u>
Net income		<u>(24,410)</u>	<u>(24,410)</u>
Net movement in funds		<u>(24,410)</u>	<u>(24,410)</u>
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward	18	156,634	156,634
Total funds carried forward		<u>132,224</u>	<u>132,224</u>

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Total 2021 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	71	71
Charitable activities	5	104,736	104,736
Total income		<u>104,807</u>	<u>104,807</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	(99,303)	(99,303)
Total Expenditure		<u>(99,303)</u>	<u>(99,303)</u>
Net income		<u>5,504</u>	<u>5,504</u>
Net movement in funds		<u>(5,504)</u>	<u>(5,504)</u>
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		151,130	151,130
Total funds carried forward	18	<u>156,634</u>	<u>156,634</u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.
The funds breakdown is shown in note 18.

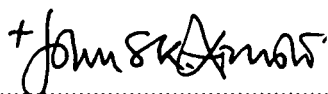
The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(Registration number: 3205602) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	13	664	220
Current assets			
Stocks	14	68,513	67,826
Debtors	15	5,513	5,755
Cash at bank and in hand	16	75,465	94,617
		<u>149,492</u>	<u>168,197</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	<u>(17,931)</u>	<u>(11,783)</u>
Net current assets		<u>131,561</u>	<u>156,414</u>
Net Assets		<u>132,224</u>	<u>156,634</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted income	18	<u>132,224</u>	<u>156,634</u>
Total Funds		<u>132,224</u>	<u>156,634</u>

The financial statements were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 21st September 2023 and signed on their behalf by:



.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash income/(expenditure)		(24,410)	5,504
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items			
Depreciation		170	401
		(24,240)	5,905
Working capital adjustments			
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	14	(688)	8,205
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	15	241	(1,241)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	17	6,939	(15,125)
Net cash flows from operating activities		(17,747)	(2,256)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Purchase of fixed assets	13	(613)	-
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of loans and borrowings	17	(791)	(8,862)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(19,152)	(11,118)
Cash and cash equivalents at 01 January		94,617	105,735
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		75,465	94,617

All of the cash flows are derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 Charity status

The charity is limited by guarantee, incorporated in England and Wales, and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the trustees is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 toward the asset of the charity in the event of liquidation.

The address of its registered office is:
Cathedral Centre
3 Ford Street
Salford
M3 6DP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the trustees on 21st September 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)) (issued in October 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102H, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and Liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees continue to review operating models to determine the sustainability going forward.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Judgements

The critical judgements that management have made are as follows:

- assessing the recoverability of outstanding debtors and the need for any provision for bad or doubtful debts

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The charity does not have any estimates that are subject to estimation uncertainty that require disclosure.

Income and endowments

Income from charitable activities includes income recognised as earned as the related goods are provided, it is shown net of value added tax.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control at the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Legacy gifts are recognised on a case by case basis following the grant of probate when the administrator/executor for the estate has communicated in writing both the amount and settlement date. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title to the asset having been transferred to the charity.

Government and other grants

Grants are recognised under the performance model. Income is recognised when the grant's performance-related conditions are met. A grant that does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, its probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture and fittings	10% straight line basis
Computer and office equipment	20% straight line basis

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the charity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the charity does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Pensions and other post retirement obligations

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the charity has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions, even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the financial arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised

when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party,

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds £	Total funds £
Donations and legacies;	-	-
Legacies	-	-
Total for 2022	-	-
Total for 2021	71	71

4 Income from grants

	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2022 £	Total 2021 £
Grants, including capital grants;			
Government grants	-	-	21,814
Grants receivable	-	-	10,000
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,814</u>

5 Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2022 £
Bookshop Sales	105,346	105,346
Grants Receivable	-	-
	<u>105,346</u>	<u>105,346</u>

	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2021 £
Bookshop Sales	72,921	72,921
Grants Receivable	31,814	31,814
	<u>104,735</u>	<u>104,735</u>

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

6 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds	Total 2022
	£	£
Cost of Sales	76,611	76,611
Employment costs	38,276	38,276
Establishment costs	3,016	3,016
Subscriptions	125	125
Computer Expenses	2,275	2,275
Printing, postage and stationery	445	445
Sundry and other costs	268	268
Advertising and promotion	225	225
Bad and doubtful debts	(3,269)	(3,269)
Bank charges	4,013	4,013
Depreciation	170	170
	<u>122,156</u>	<u>122,156</u>

	Unrestricted funds	Total 2021
	£	£
Cost of Sales	35,253	35,253
Employment costs	46,690	46,690
Establishment costs	1,258	1,258
Subscriptions	125	125
Computer Expenses	2,265	2,265
Printing, postage and stationery	4,679	4,679
Sundry and other costs	368	368
Bad and doubtful debts	1,871	1,871
Bank charges	3,294	3,294
Depreciations	401	401
	<u>96,204</u>	<u>96,204</u>

In addition to the expenditure analysed above, there are also governance costs of £7,600 (2021 - £3,100) which relate directly to charitable activities. See note 7 for further details.

2022 Total Charitable Activities = £129,756

2021 Total Charitable Activities = £ 99,303

£122,156 (2021 - £96,204) of the above expenditure was attributed to unrestricted funds and £Nil (2021 -£Nil) to restricted funds.

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

7 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds £	Total funds £
Audit fees		
Audit of the financial statements	7,600	7,600
Total for 2022	7,600	7,600
Total for 2021	3,100	3,100

8 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net incoming/(outgoing) resources for the year include:

	2022 £	2021 £
Audit fee	7,600	3,100
Depreciation of fixed assets	170	401

9 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

10 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	33,658	41,871
Social security costs	2,958	1,983
Pension costs	1,660	2,836
	<u>38,276</u>	<u>46,690</u>

The monthly average number of persons (including senior management / leadership team) employed by the charity during the year expressed as full time equivalents was as follows:

	2022	2021
	No	No
Managerial	1	1
Administrative	1	1
Shop assistants	1	1
	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year

11 Auditors' remuneration

	2022	2021
	£	£
Audit of the financial statements	7,600	3,100

12 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

13 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture and Equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2022	93,516	23,098	116,614
Additions	-	613	613
At 31 December 2022	<u>93,516</u>	<u>23,711</u>	<u>117,227</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2022	93,308	23,086	116,394
Charge for the year	89	81	170
At 31 December 2022	<u>93,397</u>	<u>23,167</u>	<u>116,564</u>
Net Book Value			
At 1 January 2022	119	544	664
At 31 December 2021	<u>208</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>220</u>

14 Stock

	2022 £	2021 £
Stocks	<u>68,513</u>	<u>67,826</u>

15 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade Debtors	3,022	3,655
Prepayments	2,491	2,100
Other debtors	0	0
	<u>5,513</u>	<u>5,755</u>

16 Cash and cash equivalents

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash on hand	127	123
Cash at bank	<u>75,338</u>	<u>94,494</u>
	<u>75,465</u>	<u>94,617</u>

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

17 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	1,983	2,696
Other loans	3,875	4,667
Other taxation and social security	1,914	1,007
Other creditors	2,139	-
Accruals	8,020	3,414
	<u>17,931</u>	<u>11,783</u>

18 Funds

The charity only holds unrestricted funds - the charity does not have any restricted or designated funds.

	Balance at 1 January 2022 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2022 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>156,634</u>	<u>105,346</u>	<u>(129,756)</u>	<u>132,224</u>

	Balance at 1 January 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2021 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>151,130</u>	<u>104,807</u>	<u>(99,303)</u>	<u>156,634</u>

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

19 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31-Dec 2022 £
Tangible fixed assets	664	664
Current assets	149,492	149,492
Current liabilities	17,931	17,931
Total net assets	<u>168,086</u>	<u>168,086</u>

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31-Dec 2021 £
Tangible fixed assets	220	220
Current assets	168,198	168,198
Current liabilities	(11,784)	(11,784)
Total net assets	<u>156,634</u>	<u>156,634</u>

20 Analysis of net funds

	At 1 January 2022 £	Financial cash flow £	At 31 December 2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	94,618	19,153	75,465
Debt due within one year	(11,784)	29,715	17,931
Net debt	<u>82,834</u>	<u>48,868</u>	<u>93,396</u>

	At 1 January 2021 £	Financial cash flow £	At 31 December 2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand	105,735	(11,117)	94,618
Debt due within one year	(35,771)	23,987	(11,784)
Net debt	<u>69,964</u>	<u>12,870</u>	<u>82,834</u>

The notes on pages 13 to 25 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

21 Related party transactions

During the year the charity made the following related party transactions:

Salford Diocesan Trust

The Trustees consider The Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common Trustees

During the year, Catholic Truth Society have repaid wage recharges from the prior year as well as current year wage recharges and postage costs. These transactions form part of the loan to the Catholic Truth Society.

At the balance sheet date the amount due to Salford Diocesan Trust was £3,875 (2021 - £4,667).

CARITAS Diocese Salford

(The trustees consider the CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be related party by virtue of it having common Trustees).

During the year there were no transactions with Caritas Diocese of Salford. At the balance sheet date the amount due from CARITAS Diocese of Salford was £11 (2021 - £116).

Accounts

Company registration number: 3205602

Charity registration number: 1058718

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

The Moffatts Partnership LLP
Chartered Accountants
Progress House
396 Wilmslow Road
Withington
Manchester
M20 3BN

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

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Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke Rev Christopher Dawson Rev Peter Hopkinson Sir Peter Fahy Mr Edward Nally Ms Mary Hunter Rev Michael David Jones Mr Eamonn Sean O'Neal Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley Mr Michael Devlin
Secretary	Mr Edward Nally
Charity Registration Number	1058718
Company Registration Number	3205602
Registered Office	The charity is incorporated in England and Wales. Cathedral Centre 3 Ford Street Salford M3 6DP
Principal Office	Cathedral Centre 3 Ford Street Salford M3 6DP
Auditor	The Moffatts Partnership LLP Chartered Accountants Progress House 396 Wilmslow Road Withington Manchester M20 3BN
Bankers	Barclays Bank Plc PO Box 357 51 Mosley Street Manchester M60 2AU

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

The trustees, who are directors for the purposes of company law, present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Trustees and officers

The trustees and officers serving during the year and since the year end were as follows:

Trustees:	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
	Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke
	Rev Christopher Dawson
	Rev Peter Hopkinson
	Sir Peter Fahy
	Mr Edward Nally
	Ms Mary Hunter
	Rev Michael David Jones
	Mr Eamonn Sean O'Neal
	Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty
	Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley
	Mr Michael Devlin (appointed 8 December 2021)
	Rev Mgr John Anthony Daly (resigned 9th December 2021)
Secretary:	Mr Edward Nally

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and is therefore governed by a Memorandum and Articles of Association as amended by special resolution on the 13th September 1996.

The Charity operates in conjunction with the Diocese of Salford, and the policies, processes and procedures of the Charity and the Diocese of Salford are aligned.

The charity is governed by the trustees, day to day management of the CTS Bookshop is delegated to the Bookshop Manager supported by Chief Operating Officer of the Diocese of Salford. The trustees have oversight of the financial statements of the charity and any major changes in the management or operations of the charity are reported via the Trustee's Meeting. Remuneration of all staff within the charity is determined and agreed by the COO of the Diocese of Salford and ratified by the Trustees HR Committee.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The trustees of the charity are the trustees of the Salford Diocesan Trust. The trustees are chosen according to their experience of the Trusts Ministry and of its need to function in accordance with both Canon and Civil Law.

Induction and training of trustees

New trustees attend training sessions with current trustees to provide them with all necessary information.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Organisational structure

The charity is organised so that the trustees meet regularly to manage its affairs. There are two full time administrators, who manage the day to day administration of the charity's retail and mail-order business.

Relationships with related parties

The Salford Diocesan Trust

The Trustees consider the Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

CARITAS Diocese of Salford

The Trustees consider CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The charity's object and its principal activity continues to be the advancement of religion by promoting knowledge of the Catholic Faith and its practice among both Catholics and Non Catholics via the circulation of books and publications. The activity is aimed at schools and parishes with the Diocese of Salford, and the general public, this is done through direct sales both through the retail outlet and online. The charity works closely with the schools and parishes to ensure that the offering meets their need and the objectives of the charity. The online activity is continuing to increase in line with consumers changing behaviours and we are working on increasing and improving our online presence.

Objectives, strategies and activities

The charity continued with its principal activity promoting the Roman Catholic Faith among members of the Roman Catholic congregation and to the wider public at large.

For over half a century the Catholic Truth Society has been serving the Manchester and Salford parishes, schools and broader community. The shop is open 5 days per week (Monday to Friday) and there is free parking on site for bookshop customers. The shop stocks a wide range of Catholic books and an extensive range of gifts, including statues, rosaries, icons etc.

The Catholic Truth Society stocks resources for schools including RE curriculum and supporting material and also provides a service to parishes for their piety stalls. Each school and parish in the Diocese already has an account with the shop and the bookshop staff are always on hand to help and advise.

Achievements and performance

The charity continued to promote the Roman Catholic Faith, both through sales in the Bookshop and also via the provision of resources to parishes and schools. It has also supported Diocese-wide initiatives.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Plans for future periods

Aims and key objectives for future periods

The charity will continue working closely with schools and parishes to ensure that it keeps a range of stock that is attractive and affordable to customers, whether they be visitors to Cathedral Centre, Catholic schools within the diocese or members of the general public shopping online.

Activities planned to achieve aims

The Charity continues to develop further its e-marketing strategy to schools to fit in with the liturgical year and to improve its online presence with an improved website and online sales function.

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not undertake any fundraising activities, all funds are raised by undertaking charitable activities.

Public benefit

The charity regularly reviews its activities and the benefits the activities bring to the public. All activities undertaken are for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Going concern

The charity prepares its financial statements on a going concern basis. The trustees have, at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Charity have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Key risks and uncertainties disclosures

The key risks and uncertainties that the trustees envisage going forward is the future of the retail aspects of the charity, that is the sales made to the general public via the shop. The physical shop was closed from March 2020 until August 2021 and this has had and continues to have an adverse effect on the income for the charity.

The online activity of the charity is increasing and the trustees are looking at ways to help this grow further.

Financial review

Turnover from the sale of goods reduced in the year to £72,921 (2020 - £65,486).

Legacies received in the year amounted to £71 (2020: £75).

Grants received in the year amounted to £31,814 (2020: £24,921).

Total resources expended amounted to £99,303 (2020 - £114,197) with the result for the year being a (deficit)/surplus of £5,504 (2020 - £(23,704)).

The net position at 31 December 2021 are charity reserves in surplus of £156,634 (2020 - £151,130).

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Policy on reserves

The Management Committee has examined the charity's requirements for reserves in light of the main risks to the organisation. It has established a policy whereby the unrestricted funds not committed or invested in tangible fixed assets held by the charity should be a minimum of 6 months of the expenditure. Based on the expenditure for 2021 being £99 thousand the target is therefore £50 thousand in general funds. The present level of reserves available to the charity is £156 thousand, therefore, this is more than the minimum target level.

Approved by the trustees of the charity on 15 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:



.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The trustees (who are also the directors of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on 15 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by:



.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2021, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Trustees' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 6), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

Based on our understanding of the charity, we identified that the principle risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches of the legal and regulatory framework that the company operates in. We considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included UK Companies Act 2006, Charity SORP, GDPR and health and safety.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- enquiring of management as to actual and potential litigation and claims.
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC, relevant regulators and the charities legal advisors.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the charity through discussions with key management and the trustees and from our knowledge and experience of the sector, we assessed the extent of compliance and the audit team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

- making enquiries of management as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual suspected and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships;
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates set out in note 2 were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

There are inherent limitations in our audit procedures described above. The test nature and other inherent limitations of an audit, together with the inherent limitations of any accounting and internal control systems, mean that there is an unavoidable risk that even some material misstatements in respect of irregularities may remain undiscovered even though the audit is properly planned in accordance with ISAs (UK).

We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements.

Material misstatements that arise due to fraud can be harder to detect than those that arise from error as they may involve deliberate concealment or collusion.

Our examination should therefore not be relied upon to disclose all such material misstatements or frauds, errors or instances of non-compliance that might exist. The responsibility for safeguarding the assets of the company and for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and non-compliance with law or regulations rests with the trustees.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)



.....
Mr John Saxon (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of The Moffatts Partnership LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
Progress House
396 Wilmslow Road
Withington
Manchester
M20 3BN

15 September 2022

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 December 2021
(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)

	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2021 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	71	71
Charitable activities	5	<u>104,736</u>	<u>104,736</u>
Total income		<u>104,807</u>	<u>104,807</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	<u>(99,303)</u>	<u>(99,303)</u>
Total expenditure		<u>(99,303)</u>	<u>(99,303)</u>
Net income		<u>5,504</u>	<u>5,504</u>
Net movement in funds		5,504	5,504
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>151,130</u>	<u>151,130</u>
Total funds carried forward	18	<u><u>156,634</u></u>	<u><u>156,634</u></u>
	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	75	75
Charitable activities	5	90,407	90,407
Other income		<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>
Total income		<u>90,493</u>	<u>90,493</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	<u>(114,197)</u>	<u>(114,197)</u>
Total expenditure		<u>(114,197)</u>	<u>(114,197)</u>
Net expenditure		<u>(23,704)</u>	<u>(23,704)</u>
Net movement in funds		<u>(23,704)</u>	<u>(23,704)</u>
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>174,834</u>	<u>174,834</u>
Total funds carried forward	18	<u><u>151,130</u></u>	<u><u>151,130</u></u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.
The funds breakdown is shown in note 18.

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

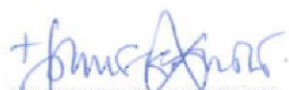
Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(Registration number: 3205602)

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	13	220	621
Current assets			
Stocks	14	67,826	76,031
Debtors	15	5,755	4,514
Cash at bank and in hand	16	94,617	105,735
		<u>168,198</u>	<u>186,280</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	<u>(11,784)</u>	<u>(35,771)</u>
Net current assets		<u>156,414</u>	<u>150,509</u>
Net assets		<u>156,634</u>	<u>151,130</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		<u>156,634</u>	<u>151,130</u>
Total funds	18	<u>156,634</u>	<u>151,130</u>

The financial statements on pages 12 to 27 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 15 September 2022 and signed on their behalf by:



.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash income/(expenditure)		5,504	(23,704)
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items			
Depreciation		<u>401</u>	<u>1,892</u>
		5,905	(21,812)
Working capital adjustments			
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	14	8,205	(4,543)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	15	(1,241)	3,374
Decrease in creditors	17	<u>(15,125)</u>	<u>(5,123)</u>
Net cash flows from operating activities		(2,256)	(28,104)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of loans and borrowings	17	<u>(8,862)</u>	<u>7,407</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(11,118)	(20,697)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		<u>105,735</u>	<u>126,432</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		<u><u>94,617</u></u>	<u><u>105,735</u></u>

All of the cash flows are derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

1. Charity status

The charity is limited by guarantee, incorporated in England and Wales, and consequently does not have share capital. Each of the trustees is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the charity in the event of liquidation.

The address of its registered office is:

Cathedral Centre

3 Ford Street

Salford

M3 6DP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the trustees on 15 September 2022.

2. Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)) (issued in October 2019) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Judgements

The critical judgements that management have made are as follows:

- ♦ assessing the recoverability of outstanding debtors and the need for any provision for bad or doubtful debts

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The charity does not have any estimates that are subject to estimation uncertainty that require disclosure.

Income and endowments

Income from charitable activities includes income recognised as earned as the related goods are provided, it is shown net of value added tax.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Legacy gifts are recognised on a case by case basis following the grant of probate when the administrator/executor for the estate has communicated in writing both the amount and settlement date. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title to the asset having been transferred to the charity.

Government and other grants

Grants are recognised under the performance model. Income is recognised when the grant's performance-related conditions are met. A grant that does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure; it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture and fittings	10% straight line basis
Computer and office equipment	20% straight line basis

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO).

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the charity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the charity does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees' discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Pensions and other post retirement obligations

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the charity has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds £
Donations and legacies;		
Legacies	71	71
Total for 2021	71	71
Total for 2020	75	75

4 Income from grants

	Unrestricted General £	Total 2021 £	Total 2020 £
Grants, including capital grants;			
Government grants	21,814	21,814	24,921
Grants receivable	10,000	10,000	-
	<u>31,814</u>	<u>31,814</u>	<u>24,921</u>

5 Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2021 £
Bookshop Sales	72,921	72,921
Grants Receivable	31,814	31,814
	<u>104,735</u>	<u>104,735</u>

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £
Bookshop Sales	65,486	65,486
Grants Receivable	24,921	24,921
	<u>90,407</u>	<u>90,407</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

6 Expenditure on charitable activities.

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2021 £
Cost of sales	35,253	35,253
Employment costs	46,690	46,690
Establishment costs	1,258	1,258
Subscriptions	125	125
Computer expenses	2,265	2,265
Printing, postage and stationery	4,679	4,679
Sundry and other costs	368	368
Bad and doubtful debts	1,871	1,871
Bank charges	3,294	3,294
Depreciation	401	401
	<u>96,204</u>	<u>96,204</u>
	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £
Cost of sales	40,992	40,992
Employment costs	56,507	56,507
Establishment costs	1,460	1,460
Computer expenses	4,932	4,932
Printing, postage and stationery	285	285
Sundry and other costs	278	278
Advertising and promotion	22	22
Bad and doubtful debts	1,028	1,028
Bank charges	2,681	2,681
Depreciation	1,892	1,892
	<u>110,077</u>	<u>110,077</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

In addition to the expenditure analysed above, there are also governance costs of £3,100 (2020 - £4,120) which relate directly to charitable activities. See note 7 for further details.

£96,204 (2020 - £110,077) of the above expenditure was attributable to unrestricted funds and ENil (2020 - ENil) to restricted funds.

7 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds £
Audit fees		
Audit of the financial statements	3,100	3,100
Total for 2021	<u>3,100</u>	<u>3,100</u>
Total for 2020	<u>4,120</u>	<u>4,120</u>

8 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net incoming/(outgoing) resources for the year include:

	2021 £	2020 £
Audit fees	3,100	3,790
Depreciation of fixed assets	<u>401</u>	<u>1,892</u>

9 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

10 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	41,871	50,971
Social security costs	1,983	3,545
Pension costs	2,836	1,991
	<u>46,690</u>	<u>56,507</u>

The monthly average number of persons (including senior management / leadership team) employed by the charity during the year expressed as full time equivalents was as follows:

	2021 No	2020 No
Managerial	1	1
Administrative	1	1
Shop assistants	1	2
	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year.

11 Auditors' remuneration

	2021 £	2020 £
Audit of the financial statements	<u>3,100</u>	<u>3,790</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

12 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

13 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture and equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2021	<u>93,516</u>	<u>23,098</u>	<u>116,614</u>
At 31 December 2021	<u>93,516</u>	<u>23,098</u>	<u>116,614</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2021	93,052	22,941	115,993
Charge for the year	<u>256</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>401</u>
At 31 December 2021	<u>93,308</u>	<u>23,086</u>	<u>116,394</u>
Net book value			
At 31 December 2021	<u><u>208</u></u>	<u><u>12</u></u>	<u><u>220</u></u>
At 31 December 2020	<u><u>464</u></u>	<u><u>157</u></u>	<u><u>621</u></u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

14 Stock

	2021 £	2020 £
Stocks	<u>67,826</u>	<u>76,031</u>

15 Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	3,655	2,463
Prepayments	2,100	1,971
Other debtors	-	80
	<u>5,755</u>	<u>4,514</u>

16 Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash on hand	123	302
Cash at bank	<u>94,494</u>	<u>105,433</u>
	<u>94,617</u>	<u>105,735</u>

17 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	2,696	7,573
Other loans	4,667	13,529
Other taxation and social security	1,007	804
Other creditors	-	10,000
Accruals	<u>3,414</u>	<u>3,865</u>
	<u>11,784</u>	<u>35,771</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

18 Funds

The charity only holds unrestricted funds - the charity does not have any restricted or designated funds.

	Balance at 1 January 2021 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2021 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>151,130</u>	<u>104,807</u>	<u>(99,303)</u>	<u>156,634</u>
	Balance at 1 January 2020 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2020 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>174,834</u>	<u>90,493</u>	<u>(114,197)</u>	<u>151,130</u>

19 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31 December 2021 £
Tangible fixed assets	220	220
Current assets	168,198	168,198
Current liabilities	<u>(11,784)</u>	<u>(11,784)</u>
Total net assets	<u>156,634</u>	<u>156,634</u>
	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds at 31 December 2020 £
Tangible fixed assets	621	621
Current assets	186,280	186,280
Current liabilities	<u>(35,771)</u>	<u>(35,771)</u>
Total net assets	<u>151,130</u>	<u>151,130</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

20 Analysis of net funds

	At 1 January 2021 £	Financing cash flows £	At 31 December 2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand	105,735	(11,117)	94,618
Debt due within one year	(35,771)	23,987	(11,784)
Net debt	<u>69,964</u>	<u>12,870</u>	<u>82,834</u>

	At 1 January 2020 £	Financing cash flows £	At 31 December 2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	126,432	(20,697)	105,735
Debt due within one year	(33,487)	(2,284)	(35,771)
Net debt	<u>92,945</u>	<u>(22,981)</u>	<u>69,964</u>

21 Related party transactions

During the year the charity made the following related party transactions:

Salford Diocesan Trust

(The Trustees consider The Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common Trustees.)

During the year, Catholic Truth Society have repaid wage recharges from the prior year (Apr 20 - Jun 20 & Nov 20 - Dec 20) as well as current year wage recharges (except underpayments in months Feb 21 - Apr 21), thereby reducing the overall amounts owed to the Salford Diocesan Trust. These transactions form part of the loan to the Catholic Truth Society.

At the balance sheet date the amount due to Salford Diocesan Trust was £4,667 (2020 - £13,529).

CARITAS Diocese of Salford

(The Trustees consider the CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be a related party by virtue of it having common Trustees.)

During the year there were no transactions with CARITAS Diocese of Salford. At the balance sheet date the amount due from CARITAS Diocese of Salford was £116 (2020 - £116).

Accounts

Company registration number: 3205602

Charity registration number: 1058718

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

(A company limited by share capital)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Moffatts Partnership LLP
Chartered Accountants
Progress House
396 Wilmslow Road
Withington
Manchester
M20 3BN

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

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Statement of Cash Flows	14
Notes to the Financial Statements	15 to 27

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Reference and Administrative Details

Trustees	Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke Rev Christopher Dawson Rev Peter Hopkinson Sir Peter Fahy Mr Edward Nally Rev Mgr John Anthony Daly Ms Mary Hunter Rev Michael David Jones Mr Eamonn Sean O'Neal Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley
Secretary	Mr Edward Nally
Principal Office	Cathedral Centre 3 Ford Street Salford M3 6DP The charity is incorporated in England and Wales.
Company Registration Number	3205602
Charity Registration Number	1058718
Bankers	Barclays Bank Plc PO Box 357 51 Mosley Street Manchester M60 2AU
Auditor	The Moffatts Partnership LLP Chartered Accountants Progress House 396 Wilmslow Road Withington Manchester M20 3BN

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

The trustees, who are directors for the purposes of company law, present the annual report together with the financial statements and auditors' report of the charitable company for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Trustees

Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold

Rev Canon Michael James Gerard Cooke

Rev Christopher Dawson

Rev Peter Hopkinson

Sir Peter Fahy

Mr Edward Nally

Rev Mgr John Anthony Daly

Ms Mary Hunter

Rev Michael David Jones

Mr Eamonn Sean O'Neal

Mr Brendan Eamon McCafferty

Mrs Elizabeth Therese Lilley

Structure, governance and management

Nature of governing document

The charity is constituted as a company limited by guarantee and is therefore governed by a Memorandum and Articles of Association as amended by special resolution on the 13th September 1996.

The Charity operates in conjunction with the Diocese of Salford, and the policies, processes and procedures of the Charity and the Diocese of Salford are aligned.

The charity is governed by the trustees, day to day management of the CTS Bookshop is delegated to the Bookshop Manager supported by Chief Operating Officer of the Diocese of Salford. The trustees have oversight of the financial statements of the charity and any major changes in the management or operations of the charity are reported via the Trustee's Meeting. Remuneration of all staff within the charity is determined and agreed by the COO of the Diocese of Salford and ratified by the Trustees HR Committee.

Recruitment and appointment of trustees

The trustees of the charity are the trustees of the Salford Diocesan Trust. The trustees are chosen according to their experience of the Trusts Ministry and of its need to function in accordance with both Canon and Civil Law.

Induction and training of trustees

New trustees attend training sessions with current trustees to provide them with all necessary information.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Organisational structure

The charity is organised so that the trustees meet regularly to manage its affairs. There is one full time administrator, who with a small staff manages the day to day administration of the charity's retail and mail order business.

Relationships with related parties

The Salford Diocesan Trust

The Trustees consider the Salford Diocesan Trust to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

CARITAS Diocese of Salford

The Trustees consider CARITAS Diocese of Salford to be a related party by virtue of it having common trustees.

Objectives and activities

Objects and aims

The charity's object and its principal activity continues to be the advancement of religion by promoting knowledge of the Catholic Faith and its practice among both Catholics and Non Catholics via the circulation of books and publications. The activity is aimed at schools and parishes with the Diocese of Salford, and the general public, this is done through direct sales both through the retail outlet and online. The charity works closely with the schools and parishes to ensure that the offering meets their need and the objectives of the charity. The online activity is increasing in line with consumers changing behaviours and we are working an increasing and improving our online presence.

Objectives, strategies and activities

Objectives, strategies and activities

The charity continued with its principal activity promoting the Roman Catholic Faith among members of the Roman Catholic congregation and to the wider public at large.

For over half a century the Catholic Truth Society has been serving the Manchester and Salford parishes, schools and broader community. The shop is open 6 days per week (Monday to Saturday) and there is free parking on site for bookshop customers. The shop stocks a wide range of Catholic books and an extensive range of gifts, including statues, rosaries, icons etc.

The Catholic Truth Society stocks resources for schools including RE curriculum and supporting material and also provides a service to parishes for their piety stalls. Each school and parish in the Diocese already has an account with the shop and the bookshop staff are always on hand to help and advise.

Plans for future periods

Aims and key objectives for future periods

During 2021, once Covid lockdown rules have been relaxed, the charity intends to continue working closely with schools and parishes to ensure that it keeps a range of stock that is attractive and affordable to customers, whether they be visitors to Cathedral Centre, Catholic schools within the diocese or members of the general public shopping online.

Activities planned to achieve aims

The Charity plans to develop further its e-marketing strategy to schools to fit in with the liturgical year and to improve its online presence with an improved website and online sales function.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Fundraising disclosures

The charity does not undertake any fundraising activities, all funds are raised by undertaking charitable activities.

Public benefit

The charity regularly reviews its activities and the benefits the activities bring to the public. All activities undertaken are for the public benefit.

The trustees confirm that they have complied with the requirements of section 17 of the Charities Act 2011 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance published by the Charity Commission for England and Wales.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the basis that the Charity has the continued support from the Salford Diocesan Trust.

Due to the Covid19 pandemic which forced the closure of the shop in March 2020, the only sales possible were limited online orders. This has resulted in an exceptional loss, the trustees aim is in a normal trading year to be able to return a surplus.

The trustees are committed to the Charity and are looking at new operating models to ensure the sustainability going forward.

Key risks and uncertainties disclosures

The key risks and uncertainties that the trustees envisage going forward is the future of the retail aspects of the charity, that is the sales made to the general public via the shop. The physical shop has been closed to the public since March 2020, this has had and continues to have an adverse effect on the income for the charity. With the move to more online activity, we hope to be able to maintain our income levels.

Financial review

Turnover from the sale of goods reduced in the year to £65,486 (2019 - £161,525).

Legacies received in the year amounted to £75 (2019: £104,300).

Grants received in the year amounted to £24,921 (2019: £605,424).

Total resources expended amounted to £114,197 (2019 - £187,810) with the result for the year being a (deficit)/surplus of £(23,704) (2019- £683,439).

The net position at 31 December 2020 are charity reserves in surplus of £150,610 (2019 - £174,834).

Policy on reserves

The Management Committee has examined the charity's requirements for reserves in light of the main risks to the organisation. It has established a policy whereby the unrestricted funds not committed or invested in tangible fixed assets held by the charity should be a minimum of 6 months of the expenditure. Based on the expenditure for 2020 being £114 thousand the target is therefore £57 thousand in general funds. The present level of reserves available to the charity is £150 thousand, therefore, this is more than the minimum target level.

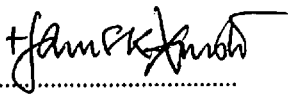
Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Trustees' Report

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on 27 May 2021 and signed on its behalf by:



.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

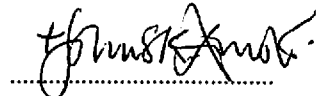
The trustees (who are also the directors of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the trustees of the charity on 27 May 2021 and signed on its behalf by:



.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 December 2020, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Trustees' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 6), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- Auditing the risk of management override of controls, including thorough testing of journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, and evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the charity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group or the parent group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

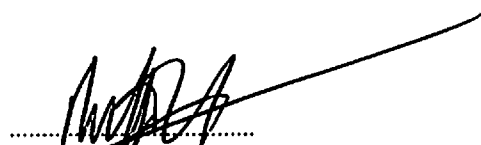
A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Mr John Saxon (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of The Moffatts Partnership LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants
Progress House
396 Wilmslow Road
Withington
Manchester
M20 3BN

27 May 2021

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

**Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 December 2020
(Including Income and Expenditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses)**

	Note	Unrestricted funds £	Total 2020 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	75	75
Charitable activities	5	90,407	90,407
Other income		<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>
Total income		<u>90,493</u>	<u>90,493</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	<u>(114,197)</u>	<u>(114,197)</u>
Total expenditure		<u>(114,197)</u>	<u>(114,197)</u>
Net expenditure		<u>(23,704)</u>	<u>(23,704)</u>
Net movement in funds		(23,704)	(23,704)
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>174,834</u>	<u>174,834</u>
Total funds carried forward	18	<u>151,130</u>	<u>151,130</u>
	Note	Unrestricted £	Total 2019 £
Income and Endowments from:			
Donations and legacies	3	104,300	104,300
Charitable activities	5	<u>766,949</u>	<u>766,949</u>
Total income		<u>871,249</u>	<u>871,249</u>
Expenditure on:			
Charitable activities	6	<u>(187,810)</u>	<u>(187,810)</u>
Total expenditure		<u>(187,810)</u>	<u>(187,810)</u>
Net income		<u>683,439</u>	<u>683,439</u>
Net movement in funds		683,439	683,439
Reconciliation of funds			
Total funds brought forward		<u>(508,605)</u>	<u>(508,605)</u>
Total funds carried forward	18	<u>174,834</u>	<u>174,834</u>

All of the charity's activities derive from continuing operations during the above two periods.
The funds breakdown is shown in note 18.

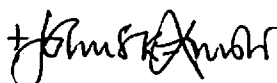
The notes on pages 15 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

**(Registration number: 3205602)
Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020**

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	13	621	2,513
Current assets			
Stocks	14	76,031	71,488
Debtors	15	4,514	7,888
Cash at bank and in hand	16	<u>105,735</u>	<u>126,432</u>
		186,280	205,808
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	<u>(35,771)</u>	<u>(33,487)</u>
Net current assets		<u>150,509</u>	<u>172,321</u>
Net assets		<u>151,130</u>	<u>174,834</u>
Funds of the charity:			
Unrestricted income funds			
Unrestricted funds		<u>151,130</u>	<u>174,834</u>
Total funds	18	<u>151,130</u>	<u>174,834</u>

The financial statements on pages 12 to 27 were approved by the trustees, and authorised for issue on 27 May 2021 and signed on their behalf by:



.....
Bishop John Stanley Kenneth Arnold
Trustee

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash (expenditure)/income		(23,704)	683,439
Adjustments to cash flows from non-cash items			
Depreciation		<u>1,892</u>	<u>10,769</u>
		(21,812)	694,208
Working capital adjustments			
(Increase)/decrease in stocks	14	(4,543)	3,629
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	15	3,374	(452)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	17	<u>(5,123)</u>	<u>721</u>
Net cash flows from operating activities		(28,104)	698,106
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of loans and borrowings	17	<u>7,407</u>	<u>(629,292)</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(20,697)	68,814
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		<u>126,432</u>	<u>57,618</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		<u><u>105,735</u></u>	<u><u>126,432</u></u>

All of the cash flows are derived from continuing operations during the above two periods.

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

1 Charity status

The charity is limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Cathedral Centre

3 Ford Street

Salford

M3 6DP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the trustees on 21 May 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015) - (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102). They also comply with the Companies Act 2006 and Charities Act 2011.

Basis of preparation

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford) meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102. Assets and liabilities are initially recognised at historical cost or transaction value unless otherwise stated in the relevant accounting policy notes.

Going concern

The trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the charity to continue as a going concern. The trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of approval of the financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Judgements

The charity has no judgements that are significant enough to require disclosure.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The charity does not have any estimates that are subject to estimation uncertainty that require disclosure.

Income and endowments

Income from charitable activities includes income recognised as earned as the related goods are provided, it is shown net of value added tax.

Donations and legacies

Donations are recognised when the charity has been notified in writing of both the amount and settlement date. In the event that a donation is subject to conditions that require a level of performance by the charity before the charity is entitled to the funds, the income is deferred and not recognised until either those conditions are fully met, or the fulfilment of those conditions is wholly within the control of the charity and it is probable that these conditions will be fulfilled in the reporting period.

Legacy gifts are recognised on a case by case basis following the grant of probate when the administrator/executor for the estate has communicated in writing both the amount and settlement date. In the event that the gift is in the form of an asset other than cash or a financial asset traded on a recognised stock exchange, recognition is subject to the value of the gift being reliably measurable with a degree of reasonable accuracy and the title to the asset having been transferred to the charity.

Expenditure

All expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to that expenditure, it is probable settlement is required and the amount can be measured reliably. All costs are allocated to the applicable expenditure heading that aggregate similar costs to that category. Where costs cannot be directly attributed to particular headings they have been allocated on a basis consistent with the use of resources, with central staff costs allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use. Other support costs are allocated based on the spread of staff costs.

Charitable activities

Charitable expenditure comprises those costs incurred by the charity in the delivery of its activities and services for its beneficiaries. It includes both costs that can be allocated directly to such activities and those costs of an indirect nature necessary to support them.

Governance costs

These include the costs attributable to the charity's compliance with constitutional and statutory requirements, including audit, strategic management and trustees's meetings and reimbursed expenses.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Taxation

The charity is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly, the charity is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Tangible fixed assets

Individual fixed assets costing £1.00 or more are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Furniture and fittings	10% straight line basis
Computer and office equipment	20% straight line basis

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO).

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the charity will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the charity does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Statement of Financial Activities over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the charity has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Fund structure

Unrestricted income funds are general funds that are available for use at the trustees's discretion in furtherance of the objectives of the charity.

Pensions and other post retirement obligations

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme which is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the charity has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the charity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the charity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the statement of financial position when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the charity intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the charity transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the charity, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

3 Income from donations and legacies

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds £
Donations and legacies;		
Legacies	<u>75</u>	<u>75</u>
Total for 2020	<u>75</u>	<u>75</u>
Total for 2019	<u>104,300</u>	<u>104,300</u>

4 Income from grants

	Unrestricted General £	Total 2020 £	Total 2019 £
Grants, including capital grants;			
Grants receivable	<u>24,921</u>	<u>24,921</u>	<u>605,424</u>
	<u>24,921</u>	<u>24,921</u>	<u>605,424</u>

During the year, a grant was received from the Salford Diocesan Trust amounting to £Nil (2019 - £605,424)

5 Income from charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £
Bookshop Sales	65,486	65,486
Grants Receivable	<u>24,921</u>	<u>24,921</u>
	<u>90,407</u>	<u>90,407</u>
	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2019 £
Bookshop Sales	161,525	161,525
Grants Receivable	<u>605,424</u>	<u>605,424</u>
	<u>766,949</u>	<u>766,949</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

6 Expenditure on charitable activities

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2020 £
Cost of sales	40,992	40,992
Employment costs	56,507	56,507
Establishment costs	1,460	1,460
Computer expenses	4,932	4,932
Printing, postage and stationery	285	285
Sundry and other costs	278	278
Advertising and promotion	22	22
Bad and doubtful debts	1,028	1,028
Bank charges	2,681	2,681
Depreciation	1,892	1,892
	<u>110,077</u>	<u>110,077</u>
	Unrestricted funds General £	Total 2019 £
Cost of sales	105,277	105,277
Employment costs	57,610	57,610
Establishment costs	4,375	4,375
Printing, postage and stationery	3,761	3,761
Sundry and other costs	63	63
Bad and doubtful debts	(564)	(564)
Bank charges	3,315	3,315
Depreciation	10,769	10,769
	<u>184,606</u>	<u>184,606</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

In addition to the expenditure analysed above, there are also governance costs of £4,120 (2019 - £3,204) which relate directly to charitable activities. See note 7 for further details.

£110,077 (2019 - £184,606) of the above expenditure was attributable to unrestricted funds and £Nil (2019 - £Nil) to restricted funds.

7 Analysis of governance and support costs

Governance costs

	Unrestricted funds General £	Total funds £
Audit fees		
Audit of the financial statements	3,790	3,790
Legal fees	330	330
Total for 2020	4,120	4,120
Total for 2019	3,204	3,204

8 Net incoming/outgoing resources

Net (outgoing)/incoming resources for the year include:

	2020 £	2019 £
Audit fees	3,790	2,850
Depreciation of fixed assets	1,892	10,769

9 Trustees remuneration and expenses

No trustees, nor any persons connected with them, have received any remuneration from the charity during the year.

No trustees have received any reimbursed expenses or any other benefits from the charity during the year.

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

10 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs were as follows:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	50,971	52,335
Social security costs	3,545	3,528
Pension costs	<u>1,991</u>	<u>1,747</u>
	<u>56,507</u>	<u>57,610</u>

The monthly average number of persons (including senior management team) employed by the charity during the year expressed as full time equivalents was as follows:

	2020	2019
	No	No
Managerial	1	1
Administrative	1	1
Shop assistants	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

No employee received emoluments of more than £60,000 during the year.

11 Auditors' remuneration

	2020	2019
	£	£
Audit of the financial statements	<u>3,790</u>	<u>2,850</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

12 Taxation

The charity is a registered charity and is therefore exempt from taxation.

13 Tangible fixed assets

	Furniture and equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2020	93,516	23,098	116,614
At 31 December 2020	93,516	23,098	116,614
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2020	92,326	21,775	114,101
Charge for the year	726	1,166	1,892
At 31 December 2020	93,052	22,941	115,993
Net book value			
At 31 December 2020	464	157	621
At 31 December 2019	1,190	1,323	2,513

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

14 Stock

	2020	2019
	£	£
Stocks	<u>76,031</u>	<u>71,488</u>

15 Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	2,463	4,935
Prepayments	1,971	2,953
Other debtors	<u>80</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>4,514</u>	<u>7,888</u>

16 Cash and cash equivalents

	2020	2019
	£	£
Cash on hand	302	302
Cash at bank	<u>105,433</u>	<u>126,130</u>
	<u>105,735</u>	<u>126,432</u>

17 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	7,573	12,014
Other loans	13,529	6,122
Other creditors	10,804	12,468
Accruals	<u>3,865</u>	<u>2,883</u>
	<u>35,771</u>	<u>33,487</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

18 Funds

	Balance at 1 January 2020 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2020 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>174,834</u>	<u>90,493</u>	<u>(114,197)</u>	<u>151,130</u>
	Balance at 1 January 2019 £	Incoming resources £	Resources expended £	Balance at 31 December 2019 £
Unrestricted				
General	<u>(508,605)</u>	<u>871,249</u>	<u>(187,810)</u>	<u>174,834</u>

19 Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted	
	General	Total funds
	£	31 December
		2020
		£
Tangible fixed assets	621	621
Current assets	186,280	186,280
Current liabilities	<u>(35,771)</u>	<u>(35,771)</u>
Total net assets	<u>151,130</u>	<u>151,130</u>
	Unrestricted	
	General	Total funds
	£	31 December
		2019
		£
Tangible fixed assets	2,513	2,513
Current assets	205,808	205,808
Current liabilities	<u>(33,487)</u>	<u>(33,487)</u>
Total net assets	<u>174,834</u>	<u>174,834</u>

Catholic Truth Society (Diocese of Salford)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

20 Analysis of net funds

	At 1 January 2020 £	Financing cash flows £	At 31 December 2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	126,432	(20,697)	105,735
Debt due within one year	<u>(33,487)</u>	<u>(2,284)</u>	<u>(35,771)</u>
Net funds/(debts)	<u>92,945</u>	<u>(22,981)</u>	<u>69,964</u>

	At 1 January 2019 £	Financing cash flows £	At 31 December 2019 £
Cash at bank and in hand	57,618	68,814	126,432
Debt due within one year	<u>(662,058)</u>	<u>628,571</u>	<u>(33,487)</u>
Net funds/(debts)	<u>(604,440)</u>	<u>697,385</u>	<u>92,945</u>

21 Related party transactions

During the year the charity made the following related party transactions:

Salford Diocesan Trust

(The Trustees of the Salford Diocesan Trust are the Trustees of the Catholic Truth Society. The Salford Diocesan Trust therefore has ultimate control over the Catholic Truth Society.)

During the year, Catholic Truth Society have repaid wage recharges from the prior year (Dec 19) as well as current year wage recharges (Jan 20 - Mar 20, Jul 20 & Sep 20 - Nov 20), thereby reducing the overall amounts owed to the Salford Diocesan Trust. These transactions form part of the loan to the Catholic Truth Society.

During the year the Salford Diocesan Trust have provided an additional amount of £Nil (2019 - £15,000)

During the year the Salford Diocesan Trust have provided a grant of £Nil (2019 - £605,424)

There are no formal loan agreements or payment terms in place with regards to these transactions.

At the balance sheet date the amount due to Salford Diocesan Trust was £6,122 (2019 - £13,529).