

# THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES

England & Wales · Charity number 1005857

## Details

---

Other names	THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES, THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES TRUST
Status	Registered
Legal form	Other
Registered	1991-11-13
Register	<a href="#">View on the Charity Commission register</a>

## Contact

---

Address	Corporation Of London Po Box 270 London EC2P 2EJ
Phone	02073321571
Email	<a href="mailto:Grants@cityoflondon.gov.uk">Grants@cityoflondon.gov.uk</a>

## Activities

---

**Objects:** 1. THE PROVISION OF ALMSHOUSES FOR POOR OR AGED PEOPLE. 2. IN APPOINTING RESIDENTS OF 6 OF THE ALMSHOUSES BELONGING TO THE CHARITY THE TRUSTEES SHALL WHERE PRACTICABLE GIVE PREFERENCE TO MARRIED COUPLES. 3. IN APPOINTING RESIDENTS OF THE ALMSHOUSES BELONGING TO THE CHARITY THE TRUSTEES SHALL GIVE PREFERENCE TO FREEMEN OF THE CITY OF LONDON, THEIR WIVES WIDOWS SONS AND DAUGHTERS

**Activities:** Provides accommodation/housing for elderly/old people and other defined groups.

## Classification

---

- **How:** Provides Buildings/facilities/open Space, Provides Services
- **What:** Accommodation/housing
- **Who:** Elderly/old People, Other Defined Groups

## Geography

- **Area of benefit:** NOT DEFINED - IN PRACTICE CITY OF LONDON AND GREATER LONDON
- Lambeth

## Finances

Period end	Income	Expenditure	Assets	Employees
2025-03-31	£480,176	£517,281	-	-
2024-03-31	£311,890	£431,119	-	-
2023-03-31	£326,341	£348,576	-	-
2022-03-31	£326,033	£222,668	-	-
2021-03-31	£354,290	£270,215	-	-

## Trustees

Name	Role	Appointed
THE CITY OF LONDON CORPORATION		2011-07-26

## Linked charities

- WILLIAM ROBERT HENRY BROWN'S GIFT (1005857-1)

**THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES**

England & Wales - Charity number 1005857

---

# Accounts

---

The City of London Almshouses

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year  
ended 31 March 2025

Charity registration number 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers

Number A2266

# CONTENTS

ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY.....	1
STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE .....	2
ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE.....	4
FINANCIAL REVIEW.....	5
TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES.....	7
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT.....	9
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.....	13
BALANCE SHEET.....	14
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS .....	15
REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS .....	27

## ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY

The City of London Almshouses was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under the name 'City of London Almshouses Trust', under a scheme which amalgamated the following three charities:

<b>Charity name</b>	<b>History</b>
City of London Freemen's Houses	Regulated by a conveyance dated 1 January 1848 and comprised in a Scheme of the Charity Commissioners of the 19 August 1975
Rogers' Almshouses	Comprised in a declaration of trust dated 15 July 1858
Brown's Gift	Regulated by declaration of trust dated 22 March 1934

# TRUSTEE'S ANNUAL REPORT

## STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE

### GOVERNING DOCUMENTS

The City of London Almshouses is a registered charity and also a registered social landlord, under Section 1 (2) of the Housing Act 1996. It was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under a scheme which amalgamated:

- City of London Freeman's Houses
- Rogers' Almshouses
- Brown's Gift

The Charity Commission agreed with effect from 26 July 2011 for the City of London Corporation to become the sole corporate Trustee in place of various individuals.

### GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

The Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London (also referred to as 'the City Corporation' or 'the City of London Corporation'), a body corporate and politic, is the Trustee of The City of London Almshouses. The City Corporation is Trustee acting by the Court of Common Council of the City of London in its general corporate capacity and that executive body has delegated responsibility in respect of the administration and management of this charity to various committees and sub-committees of the Common Council, membership of which is drawn from 125 elected Members of the Common Council and external appointees to those committees. In making appointments to committees, the Court of Common Council will take into consideration any particular expertise and knowledge of the elected Members, and where relevant, external appointees. External appointments are made after due advertisement and rigorous selection to fill gaps in skills.

Members of the Court of Common Council are unpaid for support provided to the Charity and are elected by the electorate of the City of London. The Key Committees which had responsibility for directly managing matters related to the charity during 2024/25 was as follows:

The Housing Management and Almshouses Sub (Community and Children's Services) Committee of the City Corporation administers the charity on behalf of the Trustee.

The above committee is ultimately responsible to the Court of Common Council of the City of London. Matters relating to the charity are considered at committee meetings at the Trustee's discretion in public (except where it is not considered in the charity's best interest to do so), supporting a decision-making process that is clear, transparent, and publicly accountable.

The Trustee believes that good governance is fundamental to the success of the charity. A comprehensive review of governance has been undertaken and implementation of recommendations is in progress to ensure that the charity is effective in fulfilling its objectives. Reference was made to the good practices recommended within the Charity Governance Code throughout this review, with a focus on ensuring regulatory compliance and the ongoing maintenance of an efficient and effective portfolio of charities that maximise impact for beneficiaries. The Almshouses comply with the Charity Governance Code and the Governance and Viability Standard as set out by the Regulator of Social Housing.

## **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

The objective of the charity is the provision of Almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons, and daughters and where practicable to married couples.

Throughout the year the Almshouse Manager actively sought new applications, reporting to Trustees on applicants who may not quite meet the criteria (for instance within a year of the age requirement) making recommendations on applicants' behalf when they filled all other criteria.

### **Investment Policy**

The charity's investments are held in units of the City of London Charities Pool (registered charity 1021138). The investment policy is to provide a real increase in annual income in the long term whilst preserving the value of the capital base. The annual report and financial statements of the Charities Pool (which include an analysis of investment performance against objectives set) are available from the Chamberlain of London, at the email address stated on page 27.

### **Public benefit statement**

The Trustee confirms that it has referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing The City of London Almshouses' aims and objectives and in planning future activities. The purpose of the charity is as stated above.

Consequently, the Trustee considers that The City of London Almshouses operates to benefit the general public and satisfies the public benefit test.

### **Remuneration Policy**

The charity's senior staff are employees of the City Corporation and, alongside all staff, pay is reviewed annually. The City Corporation is committed to attracting, recruiting and retaining skilled people and rewarding employees fairly for their contribution. As part of this commitment, staff are regularly appraised and, subject to performance, eligible for the payment of recognition awards.

The above policy applies to staff within the charity's key management personnel, as defined within note 6 to the financial statements.

The charity is committed to equal opportunities for all employees. An Equality and Inclusion Board has been established to actively promote equality, diversity and inclusion in service delivery and employment practices. The Board is responsible for monitoring the delivery of the Equality and Inclusion Action Plan and progress against the Equality Objectives. This also includes addressing the City Corporation's gender, ethnicity and disability pay gaps.

The City's Equality Objectives were recently reviewed in accordance with the Equality Act 2010 which requires public bodies to publish equality objectives every four years. The City's Equality Objectives were approved by Policy and Resources Committee in March 2024 covering the five year period from 2024 to 2029 to coincide with the City's Corporate Plan for 2024-29.

Senior staff posts of the City Corporation are individually evaluated and assessed independently against the external market allowing each post to be allocated an individual salary range within the relevant grade, which incorporates market factors as well as corporate importance.

## **ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE**

In 2024/25 Quiz nights have been held for residents at the Almshouses Community room. These events have been successful and a fun way for residents to come together. Weekly coffee mornings continues to be well attended by residents.

- Fire stopping works have been carried out across the site.
- Door closers install on the first floors properties, in line with required fire safety measures.
- Replacement and installation of 'in period' grounds lighting to replace the bollard lighting has been approved.
- Fire safety works to lofts currently underway and due for completion by end of June 2025.
- Health and Safety inspection of the Almshouses site has been carried out. A comprehensive report of actions required has been issued – completion of actions underway.
- Security of site – Reduction of ASB:
  1. Replacement of anti-climb deterrent barrier approved for installation on wall at the Trinity Square exit.
  2. CCTV installation approved – Contractor Site inspection scheduled for 18 June 25

## PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS

- Structural survey of 1-38 to be carried out
- Roof works to be carried out
- Review of the services delivered across City of London Almshouses

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

### Overview of Financial Performance

#### Income

In 2024/25 the charity total income for the year was £418,099, an overall increase of £106,209 against the previous year (2023/24: £311,890).

Income from charitable activities totalled £383,755 (2023/24: £275,939), comprising rental and service charge income.

Income from investments comprised £34,344 (2023/24: £35,951), being £31,455 from managed investments (2023/24: £25,879) and £2,889 from bank interest (2023/24: £10,072).

#### Expenditure

Total expenditure for the year was £517,281 (2023/24: £431,119). Within this, charitable activities expenditure totalled £517,281 (2023/24: £431,119). The key costs are Management, Services and Routine & Planned maintenance.

#### Investment performance

Over the course of 2024/25 the Charities Pool investment strategy delivered an absolute return (gross of fees) of +11.44% which was above the FTSE All Share Index benchmark return of +10.46% (2023/24: the investment strategy gained +14.18% versus +8.43% from the benchmark). Over the longer term three and five year horizon, the Charities Pool continues to outperform the FTSE All Share Index as shown in the table below. The Charities Pool invests in the Artemis Income (Exclusions) Fund, which is an unconstrained, multi-cap strategy that aims to generate a rising income stream combined with long-term capital growth. The Fund invests in UK equities, and can also hold international equities and bonds. Shares in companies that derive more than 20% of their revenues from tobacco, gambling, weapons and fossil fuels are excluded.

	31 March 2025		31 March 2024	
	3 year	5 year	3 year	5 year
Fund	+9.16%	+13.56%	+9.03%	+7.62%
FTSE All Share	+7.22%	+12.04%	+8.05%	+5.44%
<b>Fund Outperformance</b>	<b>+1.94%</b>	<b>+1.52%</b>	<b>+0.98%</b>	<b>+2.18%</b>

## Funds held

The charity's total funds held decreased by £37,105 to £3,121,803 as at 31 March 2025 (2023/24: £3,158,908). Within the total funds held, £37,648 (2023/24: £37,648) represent permanent endowment funds which are held as a capital fund to generate income for the primary objectives of the charity. Restricted income funds amounted to £1,319,751 (2023/24: £1,319,751) being social housing grants which are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Unrestricted income funds amounted to £1,764,404 (2023/24: £1,801,509). These funds are held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

Details of all funds held, including their purposes, is set out within note 15 to the financial statements.

## Reserves

The Reserves Policy is to maintain the endowment funds of the charity in investments in the Charities Pool administered by the City of London Corporation and use the investment income together with other funds, in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

The free reserves of the charity are held to cover working capital needs. The Trustee has revised its policy in 2020/21 to meet future working capital needs. The Trustee believes that a minimum amount of £2,800 should be held at present, which will be subject to annual review. Actual free reserves (unrestricted funds not designated or tied up in fixed assets) were £858k, well above the minimum amount, and the use of these reserves will be factored into the plans for future periods, including those set out on page 5.

## Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The charity is committed to a programme of risk management as an element of its strategy to preserve the charity's assets. In order to embed sound practice the senior leadership team ensures that risk management policies are applied, that there is an on-going review of activity and that appropriate advice and support is provided. A key risk register has been prepared for the charity, which has been reviewed by the Trustee. This identifies the potential impact of key risks and the measures which are in place to mitigate such risks.

## Value for Money

The City of London Almshouses Charity assesses how it is achieving value for money in delivering its purpose and objectives, in accordance with the Regulator's standard on Value for Money. This means managing resources economically, efficiently and effectively to provide quality services and homes.

The City of London Almshouses Charity is a small provider for the purposes of Value for Money Metrics. Disclosures are as follows.

Metric	2025	2024	2023
Reinvestment %	0	0	2.1%
New supply delivered	0	0	0
Gearing	N/A	N/A	N/A
EBITDA MRI Interest Cover	N/A	N/A	N/A
Headline social housing cost per unit	11,186	11,395	8,299
Operating margin	- 0.22	- 0.73	- 0.21
Return on Capital Employed	- 0.03	- 0.06	- 0.02

The City of London Almshouses” does not have any debt and as such the VFM indicators in respect of gearing and EBITDA MRI are not applicable.

The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity’s transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing in England 2022. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Statement of Compliance

The Association’s governance arrangements comply with governance good practice and regulatory standards. The Association complies with the Regulator of Social Housing (RSH) Governance and Financial Viability Standard.

## TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the Trustee to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under charity law the Trustee must not approve the financial statements unless the Trustee is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and

- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

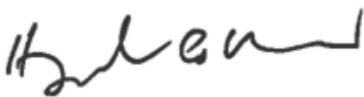
The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustee is aware:

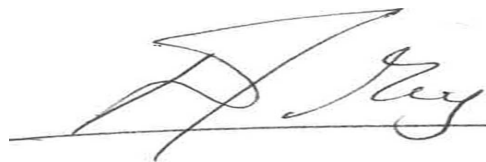
- there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- the Trustee has taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Financial statements are published on the Trustee's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Trustee's website is the responsibility of the Trustee. The Trustee's responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

Adopted and signed for on behalf of the Trustee.



Henry Nicholas Almroth Colthurst, Deputy  
Chairman of Finance Committee of  
The City of London Corporation



Andrien Meyers, Deputy  
Deputy Chairman of Finance  
Committee of The City of London  
Corporation

Guildhall, London

30 September 2025

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The City of London School Almshouses ('the charity') for the year ended 31 March 2025 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs as at 31 March 2025 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers- of social housing in England 2022.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## Other information

The Trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustee's report; or
- sufficient and proper accounting records have not been kept by the Charity; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

In addition, we have nothing to report in respect of the following matter where the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained.

## Responsibilities of Trustee

As explained more fully in the Trustee's responsibilities statement set out on pages 7 and 8, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011, and report in accordance with the Acts and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Details of the extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations are set out below.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

[www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from irregularities, whether due to fraud or error, and discussed these between our audit team members. We then designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the Charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Charities Act 2011 together with the Charities SORP (FRS102) 2019, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of Social Housing 2022. We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

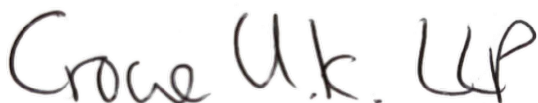
In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the Charity's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the charity for fraud. The laws and regulations we considered in this context for the UK operations were General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), Anti-fraud, bribery and corruption legislation, Health and safety legislation, and Employment legislation.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Trustee and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the timing of recognition of income, and the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management, internal audit, legal counsel and the Audit & Risk Committee about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals, reviewing accounting estimates for biases, reviewing regulatory correspondence with the Charity Commission, and reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the charity's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and section 137 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's Trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



**Crowe U.K. LLP**  
Statutory Auditor

55 Ludgate Hill, London, EC4M 7JW

Crowe U.K. LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	2024/25 Total Funds £	2023/24 Total Funds £
<b>Income from:</b>						
Charitable activities	2	383,755	-	-	<b>383,755</b>	275,939
Investments	3	34,344	-	-	<b>34,344</b>	35,951
<b>Total income</b>		<b>418,099</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>418,099</b>	<b>311,890</b>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>						
Charitable activities	4	517,281	-	-	<b>517,281</b>	431,119
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>517,281</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>517,281</b>	<b>431,119</b>
Net gains/(losses) on investments	10	62,061	-	-	<b>62,061</b>	76,523
Net gains/(losses) on short term deposit		16	-	-	<b>16</b>	224
<b>Net movement in investment</b>		<b>62,077</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>62,077</b>	<b>76,747</b>
<b>Net income/(expenditure) and net movement in funds</b>		<b>(37,105)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(37,105)</b>	<b>(42,482)</b>
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>						
Total funds brought forward	15	1,801,509	1,319,751	37,648	<b>3,158,908</b>	3,201,390
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>	15	<b>1,764,404</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,121,803</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities.

There were no other recognised gains and losses other than those shown above.

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET

## AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2025 Total £	2024 Total £
<b>Fixed assets:</b>			
Tangible assets	9	2,226,878	2,243,856
Investments	10	918,011	855,950
<b>Total fixed assets</b>		<b>3,144,889</b>	<b>3,099,806</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	11	39,769	31,708
Cash at bank and in hand		172,124	231,769
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>211,893</b>	<b>263,477</b>
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	12	<b>(98,880)</b>	<b>(66,813)</b>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>113,013</b>	<b>196,664</b>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>3,257,902</b>	<b>3,296,470</b>
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	13	<b>(136,099)</b>	<b>(137,562)</b>
<b>Total net assets</b>		<b>3,121,803</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>
<b>The funds of the charity:</b>			
Endowment funds	15	37,648	37,648
Restricted funds	15	1,319,751	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds	15	1,764,404	1,801,509
<b>Total funds</b>		<b>3,121,803</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form part of these financial statements

Approved and signed on behalf of the Trustee.

Caroline Al-Beyerty  
Chamberlain of London and Chief Financial Officer

30 September 2025

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements of the charity.

### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing in England 2022, the Housing and Regeneration Act and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS102, have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, as modified by the valuation of investments which are held at fair value.

### (b) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Trustee considers that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. The charity's governing documents place an obligation on the City of London Corporation to preserve the Almshouses for the benefit of the public. Funding is provided from the City of London Corporation's City's Estate. On an annual basis, a medium-term financial forecast is prepared for City's Estate, covering the next 5 years from the period covered by these financial statements. The latest forecast anticipates that adequate funds will be available in the 12 months from the date of these financial statements being signed to enable the charity to continue to fulfil its obligations.

In making this assessment, the Trustee has considered the financial position, including future income levels and the liquidity of the charity over the next 12-month period. The assessment helps to provide assurances that the charity can continue to keep operating over the next 12-month period. For this reason, the Trustee continues to adopt a going concern basis for the preparation of the financial statements.

### (c) Key management judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenditure. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of decisions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised

and in any future periods affected. Management do not consider there to be any significant management judgements and estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **(d) Statement of Cash Flows**

As per Section 14.1 of the Charities SORP the Charity is not required to produce a statement of cash flows on the grounds that it is a small entity.

#### **(e) Income**

All income is included in the Statements of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income; it is more likely than not that economic benefit associated with the transaction will come to the charity and the amount can be quantified with reasonable certainty. Income consists of rental and service charge income, investment income and grants.

#### **(f) Expenditure**

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under the principal categories of 'raising funds' and 'expenditure on charitable activities'. Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City Corporation on behalf of the charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration, public relations and premises costs. The basis of the cost allocation is the employee time spent on the respective services. Officers of the City Corporation provide financial and governance administrative assistance to the charity when required. From 2021/22, the City Corporation, as Trustee, has taken a decision to seek reimbursement for the administration fees incurred from each of its charities.

The Trustee, the City Corporation, accounts centrally for all payroll related deductions. As a result, the charity accounts for all such sums due as having been paid.

#### **(g) Taxation**

The charity meets the definition of a charitable trust for UK income tax purposes, as set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010. Accordingly, the charity is exempt from UK taxation in respect of income or capital gains under part 10 of the Income Tax Act 2007 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

#### **(h) Investments**

Investments are made in the City of London Charities Pool (charity number 1021138) which is an investment mechanism operating in a similar way to a unit trust. This enables the City of London Corporation to "pool" small charitable investments together

and consequently obtain better returns than would be the case if investments were made individually.

Investments are valued at bid-price. Gains and losses for the year on investments held as fixed assets are included in the Statement of Financial Activities.

#### (i) Funds structure

Income, expenditure and gains/losses are allocated to particular funds according to their purpose:

**Permanent endowment fund** – this fund consists of funds which are held in perpetuity for the benefit of the charity as a result of conditions imposed by the original donors and trusts. Income generated from the cash held in this fund can be spent on the charitable purpose of the charity, hence is allocated to the unrestricted income fund.

**Restricted funds** – these include income that is subject to specific restrictions imposed by donors, with related expenditure deducted when incurred.

**Unrestricted income funds** – these funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the Trustee and include both income generated by assets held within the permanent endowment and from those representing unrestricted funds. Specifically, this represents any surplus of income over expenditure for the charity which is carried forward to meet the requirements of future years, known as free reserves.

#### (j) Pension Costs

Staff are employed by the City of London Corporation and are eligible to contribute to the City of London Local Government Pension Fund, which is a funded defined benefit scheme. The estimated net deficit on the Fund is the responsibility of the City of London Corporation as a whole, as one employer, rather than the specific responsibility of any of its three main funds (City Fund, City's Estate and Bridge House Foundation) or the trusts it supports.

The Fund's estimated net liability has been determined by independent actuaries in accordance with FRS102 as £2.7m as at 31 March 2025 (£49.9m as at 31 March 2024). Since any net deficit is apportioned between the financial statements of the City of London's three main funds, the charity's Trustee does not anticipate that any of the liability will fall on the charity. The charity is unable to identify its share of the pension scheme assets and liabilities and therefore the Pension Fund is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme in these financial statements.

Barnett Waddingham, an independent actuary, carried out the latest triennial actuarial assessment of the scheme as at 31 March 2022, using the projected unit method. The 31 March 2022 valuation was carried out in 2022/23 and has set contribution rates for the period 01 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 at 21%. Contribution rates adopted for the financial years 2023/24, 2024/25 and 2025/26 were set at 21%.

**(k) Tangible fixed assets**

The City of London Almshouses were erected in the mid-19<sup>th</sup> century. There is no record of the original cost and no value has therefore been attributed. The cost stated for fixed assets for land and buildings relates to subsequent improvements and refurbishments. This excludes expenditure on routine and planned repairs and maintenance of fixed assets which is charged directly within the Trust's charitable activities.

Depreciation for improvements and refurbishments to buildings is charged on a straight-line basis, in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Improvements and refurbishments to buildings	61

It is the Trust's policy to ensure that the dwellings are kept in a good standard of repair and that there are sufficient resources to meet this requirement.

**(l) Insurance**

The charity, elected Members and staff supporting the charity's administration are covered by the City Corporations insurance liability policies, and otherwise under the indemnity the City Corporation provides to Members and staff, funded from City's Estate.

**2. INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES**

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2024/25</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2023/24</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Rental income	<b>284,883</b>	201,160
Service charges	<b>97,409</b>	73,316
Deferred income from Gresham Lease	<b>1,463</b>	1,463
<b>Total</b>	<b>383,755</b>	275,939

The void losses incurred in 2024/25 is £56,743.87. (2023/24: £107,770.96)

**3. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS**

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2024/25</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2023/24</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Investment income	<b>31,455</b>	25,879
Interest	<b>2,889</b>	10,072
<b>Total</b>	<b>34,344</b>	35,951

## 4. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted funds			Unrestricted funds		
	Direct	Support	Total	Direct	Support	Total
	costs	costs	2024/25	costs	costs	2023/24
	£	£	£	£	£	£
<b>Almshouses running costs</b>						
Management	-	190,680	<b>190,680</b>	-	161,438	161,438
Services	120,420	-	<b>120,420</b>	136,371	-	136,371
Routine maintenance	163,099	-	<b>163,099</b>	101,639	-	101,639
Planned maintenance	28,420	-	<b>28,420</b>	11,579	-	11,579
Contributions to Funds and Provisions	(3,966)	-	<b>(3,966)</b>	635	-	635
Depreciation of housing properties	18,628	-	<b>18,628</b>	19,457	-	19,457
<b>Total</b>	<b>326,601</b>	<b>190,680</b>	<b>517,281</b>	<b>269,681</b>	<b>161,438</b>	<b>431,119</b>

Within charitable activities are the services costs, comprised of:

	2024/25	2023/24
	£	£
Lighting	<b>5,470</b>	5,865
Matrons	<b>60,641</b>	41,420
Window Cleaning	<b>1,060</b>	1,060
Water Rates	<b>3</b>	1
Groundsman	<b>32,825</b>	53,094
Rent	<b>8,213</b>	7,185
Council Tax	<b>10,955</b>	27,746
Pest Control	<b>1,253</b>	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>120,420</b>	<b>136,371</b>

## 5. SUPPORT COSTS

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City of London Corporation on behalf of the Charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration and premises costs. Such costs are determined on a departmental basis, and are allocated on a cost recovery basis to the charity based on time spent, with associated office accommodation charged proportionately to the space occupied by the respective activities, with the split of costs as follows:

	Charitable activities £	Governance £	2024/25 £	2023/24 £
Audit fees	-	15,430	<b>15,430</b>	6,930
Central support	12,000	-	<b>12,000</b>	12,000
Legal fees	6,586	-	<b>6,586</b>	1,602
Other Management costs	156,664	-	<b>156,664</b>	140,906
Sub-total	175,250	15,430	<b>190,680</b>	161,438
Reallocation of governance costs	15,430	(15,430)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>190,680</b>	-	<b>190,680</b>	161,438

All support costs are undertaken from unrestricted funds and allocated based on the proportion relating to direct activities.

## 6. STAFF COSTS

All staff that work on behalf of the charity are employed by the City Corporation. The average number of people directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity during the year was 2.04 (2023/24: 2.01).

Amounts paid in respect of employees directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity were as follows:

	2024/25 £	2023/24 £
Salaries and wages	<b>76,767</b>	75,488
National Insurance costs	<b>5,481</b>	6,119
Employer's pension contributions	<b>11,218</b>	12,907
<b>Total emoluments of employees</b>	<b>93,465</b>	94,514

The charity considers its key management personnel to comprise the Members of the City of London Corporation, acting collectively for the City Corporation in its capacity as the Trustee. The number of directly charged employees whose emoluments (excluding employer's pension contribution) for the year were over £60,000 was nil (2023/24: nil). The charity does not have a Chief Executive.

## 7. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Crowe U.K. LLP are the auditors of the City of London City's Estate Fund and provide assurance services to all of the different charities of which it is Trustee. In 2024/25 an

audit fee of £15,430 was recharged (2023/24 £6,930). No other services were provided to the charity by its auditors during the year (2023/24: £nil).

## 8. TRUSTEE EXPENSES

The Members of the City of London Corporation acting on behalf of the Trustee did not receive any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses during 2024/25 (2023/24: nil).

## 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and Buildings £	Work in Progress £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2024	2,454,463	-	<b>2,454,463</b>
Additions	1,650	-	<b>1,650</b>
At 31 March 2025	2,456,113	-	<b>2,456,113</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2024	210,607	-	<b>210,607</b>
Charge for the year	18,628	-	<b>18,628</b>
At 31 March 2025	229,235	-	<b>229,235</b>
<b>Net book value</b>			
<b>At 31 March 2025</b>	2,226,878	-	<b>2,226,878</b>
At 31 March 2024	2,243,856	-	<b>2,243,856</b>

The number of units supported social housing accommodation under management at 31 March 2025 was 42. (2024: 42)

## 10. INVESTMENTS

The investments are held in the City of London Corporation Charities Pool, a charity registered in the UK with the Charity Commission (charity number 1021138). The Charities Pool is a UK registered unit trust.

The value of investments held by the charity are as follows:

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	<b>£</b>	£
Market value 1 April	855,950	779,427
Gain/(loss) for the year	62,061	76,523
<b>Market value 31 March</b>	<b>918,011</b>	855,950
<b>Cost 31 March</b>	<b>417,370</b>	417,370
Units held in Charities Pool	<b>86,077</b>	86,077

The type of listed investments held as at 31 March was as follows:

	<b>Total at 31 March 2025</b>	Total at 31 March 2024
	<b>£</b>	£
Equities	<b>878,716</b>	813,963
Pooled Units	<b>28,185</b>	31,927
Cash held by Fund Manager	<b>11,110</b>	10,060
<b>Total</b>	<b>918,011</b>	855,950

## 11. DEBTORS

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	<b>£</b>	£
Other debtors	<b>39,769</b>	31,708

## 12. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	<b>£</b>	£
Trade creditors	26,041	27,049
Deferred income	24,777	37,307
Accruals	48,062	2,457
<b>Total</b>	<b>98,880</b>	66,813

### 13. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2025 £	2024 £
Deferred income	136,099	137,562
<b>Total</b>	<b>136,099</b>	<b>137,562</b>

	2025 £	2024 £
<b>Deferred income analysis within creditors:</b>		
Balance at 1st April	137,562	139,025
Amounts released to income	(1,463)	(1,463)
Balance at 31 March	136,099	137,562

#### Deferred income: lease to Gresham Almshouses

The City of London Almshouses (CoLA) owns the site. An agreement was entered into with Gresham Almshouses operated by the Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (charity number 221982) dated 7 December 1994 for the lease of the site for the next 125 years for the sum of £180,000. The deferred income is recognised on a straight-line basis to the end of the term in 2118/19, with the remaining value recorded as a long-term creditor.

### 14. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BY FUND

At 31 March 2025

	Unrestricted funds		Restricted funds	Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2025	Total at 31 March 2024
	General funds	Designated funds				
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	297,537	609,590	1,319,751	-	2,226,878	2,243,856
Fixed assets - investments	717,545	200,466	-	-	918,011	855,950
Current assets	174,245	-	-	37,648	211,893	263,477
Total liabilities	(234,979)	-	-	-	(234,979)	(204,375)
<b>Total</b>	<b>954,348</b>	<b>810,056</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,121,803</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>

At 31 March 2024

	Unrestricted funds		Restricted funds	Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2024	Restated
	General funds	Designated funds				Total at 31 March 2023
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	303,187	620,918	1,319,751	-	2,243,856	2,265,423
Fixed assets - investments	665,291	190,659	-	-	855,950	779,427
Current assets	225,829	-	-	37,648	263,477	431,542
Total liabilities	(204,375)	-	-	-	(204,375)	(275,002)
<b>Total</b>	<b>989,932</b>	<b>811,577</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>

## 15. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

<b>At 31 March 2025</b>	Total as at 1 April 2024 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains & (losses) £	Transfers £	<b>Total as at 31 March 2025 £</b>
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	<b>37,648</b>
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	<b>1,319,751</b>
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	989,932	418,099	(517,281)	52,270	11,328	<b>954,348</b>
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	<b>36,000</b>
Capital reserves fund	620,918	-	-	-	(11,328)	<b>609,590</b>
Extraordinary repairs	154,659	-	-	9,807	-	<b>164,466</b>
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,801,509</b>	<b>418,099</b>	<b>(517,281)</b>	<b>62,077</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,764,404</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>	<b>418,099</b>	<b>(517,281)</b>	<b>62,077</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,121,803</b>

Transfer relates to the reallocation of depreciation charges to the Capital reserves fund.

At 31 March 2024	Total as at 1 April 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains & (losses) £	Transfers £	Total as at 31 March 2024 £
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	37,648
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	1,021,850	311,890	(431,119)	64,654	22,657	989,932
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
Capital reserves fund	643,575	-	-	-	(22,657)	620,918
Extraordinary repairs	142,566	-	-	12,093	-	154,659
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,843,991</b>	<b>311,890</b>	<b>(431,119)</b>	<b>76,747</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,801,509</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>	<b>311,890</b>	<b>(431,119)</b>	<b>76,747</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>

### Purpose of endowment funds

The permanent endowment is held to generate income that is accounted for within the unrestricted funds. This original permanent endowment can only be used at the winding up of the Trust.

## **Purpose of the restricted funds**

### **Social Housing Grant**

Social Housing Grants are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Included in the movement in Funds Analysis above is £1,319,751 in respect of social housing grant. This represents the total cumulative government grant receivable all of which has been recognized through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### **Purpose of the unrestricted funds**

The general fund comprises the accumulation of income surpluses as a result of unspent investment and other income. Any undistributed annual income is held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the Trust.

### **Purpose of the designated funds**

Those unrestricted funds that have been set aside by the Trustee for specific purposes, as follows:

#### **Cyclical repairs**

Provision for future repainting, consists of yearly transfers from the revenue account based on the expected cost of repainting and transferred out to the revenue account in the year when cost arises.

#### **Extraordinary repairs**

To fund the future extraordinary repair, improvement or rebuilding of the Trust's property, consisting of yearly transfers based on income generated from investments alongside any increase or decrease in the market value of the investments representing this reserve.

## **16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The City Corporation acting by the Court of Aldermen is the sole Trustee of the charity, as described on page 2.

The charity is required to disclose information on related party transactions with bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the charity. Members are required to disclose their interests, and these can be viewed online at [www.cityoflondon.gov.uk](http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk).

Members and senior staff are requested to disclose all related party transactions, including instances where their close family has made such transactions.

Figures in brackets represent the amounts due at the balance sheet date. Other figures represent the value of the transactions during the year.

<b>Related party</b>	<b>Connected party</b>	<b>2024/25</b> £	<b>2023/24</b> £	<b>Detail of transaction</b>
City of London Corporation	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>31,455 (nil)</b>	25,879 (nil)	Distribution from the Charities Pool
Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (221982)	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>1,463 (137,562)</b>	1,463 (137,562)	Sir Thomas Gresham Charity entered into a 125 year lease of the site from COLA as per the agreement dated 7 December 1994
Support Cost	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>190,680</b>	161,438	Support cost Note 5

## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS

**CHARITY NAME:** The City of London Almshouses

Registered charity number: 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers Number: A2266

**PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE CHARITY & THE CITY CORPORATION:**

Guildhall, London, EC2P 2EJ

**TRUSTEE:**

The Mayor and Commonalty & Citizens of the City of London

**SENIOR MANAGEMENT:**

**Chief Executive**

Ian Thomas CBE - The Town Clerk and Chief Executive of the City of London Corporation

**Treasurer**

Caroline Al-Beyerty - The Chamberlain and Chief Financial Officer of the City of London Corporation

**Solicitor**

Michael Cogher - The Comptroller and City Solicitor of the City of London Corporation

**AUDITORS:**

Crowe U.K. LLP, 55 Ludgate Hill, London EC4M 7JW

**BANKERS:**

Lloyds Bank Plc., P.O. Box 1000, BX1 1LT

**INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS:**

Artemis Investment Management LLP, Cassini House, 57 St. James's Street, London, SW1A 1LD

Contact for The Chamberlain & Chief Financial Officer, to request copies of governance documents:

[CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk](mailto:CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk)

**THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES**

England & Wales - Charity number 1005857

---

# Accounts

---

The City of London Almshouses

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year  
ended 31 March 2024

Charity registration number 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers

Number A2266

# CONTENTS

ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY.....	1
STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE .....	2
ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE .....	4
FINANCIAL REVIEW.....	5
TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES.....	7
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT.....	9
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.....	13
BALANCE SHEET .....	14
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS .....	15
REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS .....	27

## ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY

The City of London Almshouses was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under the name ‘City of London Almshouses Trust’, under a scheme which amalgamated the following three charities:

<b>Charity name</b>	<b>History</b>
City of London Freemen’s Houses	Regulated by a conveyance dated 1 January 1848 and comprised in a Scheme of the Charity Commissioners of the 19 August 1975
Roger’s Almhouses	Comprised in a declaration of trust dated 15 July 1858
Brown’s Gift	Regulated by declaration of trust dated 22 March 1934

# TRUSTEE'S ANNUAL REPORT

## STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE

### GOVERNING DOCUMENTS

The City of London Almshouses is a registered charity and also a registered social landlord, under Section 1 (2) of the Housing Act 1996. It was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under a scheme which amalgamated:

- City of London Freeman's Houses
- Rogers' Almshouses
- Brown's Gift

The Charity Commission agreed with effect from 26 July 2011 for the City of London Corporation to become the sole corporate Trustee in place of various individuals.

### GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

The Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London (also referred to as 'the City Corporation' or 'the City of London Corporation'), a body corporate and politic, is the Trustee of The City of London Almshouses. The City Corporation is Trustee acting by the Court of Common Council of the City of London in its general corporate capacity and that executive body has delegated responsibility in respect of the administration and management of this charity to various committees and sub-committees of the Common Council, membership of which is drawn from 125 elected Members of the Common Council and external appointees to those committees. In making appointments to committees, the Court of Common Council will take into consideration any particular expertise and knowledge of the elected Members, and where relevant, external appointees. External appointments are made after due advertisement and rigorous selection to fill gaps in skills.

Members of the Court of Common Council are unpaid for support provided to the Charity and are elected by the electorate of the City of London. The Key Committees which had responsibility for directly managing matters related to the charity during 2023/24 was as follows:

The Housing Management and Almshouses Sub (Community and Children's Services) Committee of the City Corporation administers the charity on behalf of the Trustee.

The above committee is ultimately responsible to the Court of Common Council of the City of London. Matters relating to the charity are considered at committee meetings at the Trustee's discretion in public (except where it is not considered in the charity's best interest to do so), supporting a decision-making process that is clear, transparent, and publicly accountable.

The Trustee believes that good governance is fundamental to the success of the charity. A comprehensive review of governance has been undertaken and implementation of recommendations is in progress to ensure that the charity is effective in fulfilling its objectives. Reference was made to the good practices recommended within the Charity Governance Code throughout this review, with a focus on ensuring regulatory compliance and the ongoing maintenance of an efficient and effective portfolio of charities that maximise impact for beneficiaries. The Almshouses comply with the Charity Governance Code and the Governance and Viability Standard as set out by the Regulator of Social Housing.

## **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

The objective of the charity is the provision of Almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons, and daughters and where practicable to married couples.

Throughout the year the Almshouse Manager actively sought new applications, reporting to Trustees on applicants who may not quite meet the criteria (for instance within a year of the age requirement) making recommendations on applicants' behalf when they filled all other criteria.

### **Investment Policy**

The charity's investments are held in units of the City of London Charities Pool (registered charity 1021138). The investment policy is to provide a real increase in annual income in the long term whilst preserving the value of the capital base. The annual report and financial statements of the Charities Pool (which include an analysis of investment performance against objectives set) are available from the Chamberlain of London, at the email address stated on page 27.

### **Public benefit statement**

The Trustee confirms that it has referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing The City of London Almshouses' aims and objectives and in planning future activities. The purpose of the charity is as stated above.

Consequently, the Trustee considers that The City of London Almshouses operates to benefit the general public and satisfies the public benefit test.

### **Remuneration Policy**

The charity's senior staff are employees of the City Corporation and, alongside all staff, pay is reviewed annually. The City Corporation is committed to attracting, recruiting and retaining skilled people and rewarding employees fairly for their contribution. As part of this commitment, staff are regularly appraised and, subject to performance, eligible for the payment of recognition awards.

The above policy applies to staff within the charity's key management personnel, as defined within note 6 to the financial statements.

The charity is committed to equal opportunities for all employees. An Equality and Inclusion Board has been established to actively promote equality, diversity and inclusion in service delivery and employment practices. The Board is responsible for monitoring the delivery of the Equality and Inclusion Action Plan and progress against the Equality Objectives. This also includes addressing the City Corporation's gender, ethnicity and disability pay gaps.

The City's Equality Objectives were recently reviewed in accordance with the Equality Act 2010 which requires public bodies to publish equality objectives every four years. The City's Equality Objectives were approved by Policy and Resources Committee in March 2024 covering the five year period from 2024 to 2029 to coincide with the City's Corporate Plan for 2024-29.

Senior staff posts of the City Corporation are individually evaluated and assessed independently against the external market allowing each post to be allocated an individual salary range within the relevant grade, which incorporates market factors as well as corporate importance.

## **ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE**

In 2023/24 damp and mould surveys were carried out on all properties at the Almshouse. All damp works identified through the surveys have been completed. A joint summer picnic was held at the Almshouses for the Almsfolk and two sheltered schemes at City of London. This was very successful.

## **PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS**

The objectives for 2024/25 are:

- To continue to the provision of Almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to Freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons and daughters and where practicable to married couples.
- Internal works and some external works have been completed. Further project works are planned and are in progress on site.
- Review our services at the Almshouses with other similar Almshouses to ensure we are delivering an excellent service.
- Installation of CCTV has been approved and will be installed at the Almshouses to address the ongoing problems with ABS.

# FINANCIAL REVIEW

## Overview of Financial Performance

### Income

In 2023/24 the charity total income for the year was £311,890, an overall decrease of £14,451 against the previous year (2022/23: £326,341).

Income from charitable activities totalled £275,939 (2022/23: £288,762), comprising rental and service charge income.

Income from investments comprised £35,951 (2022/23: £37,579), being £25,879 from managed investments (2022/23: £30,824) and £10,072 from bank interest (2022/23: £6,755).

### Expenditure

Total expenditure for the year was £431,119 (2022/23: £348,576). Within this, charitable activities expenditure totalled £431,119 (2022/23: £348,576). The key costs are Management, Services and Routine & Planned maintenance.

### Investment performance

Over the course of 2023/24 the Charities Pool investment strategy delivered an absolute return (gross of fees) of +14.18% which was above the FTSE All Share Index benchmark return of +8.43% (2022/23: the investment strategy gained +2.22% versus +2.92% from the benchmark). Over the longer term three and five year horizon, the Charities Pool continues to outperform the FTSE All Share Index as shown in the table below. The Charities Pool invests in the Artemis Income (Exclusions) Fund, which is an unconstrained, multi-cap strategy that aims to generate a rising income stream combined with long-term capital growth. The Fund invests in UK equities, and can also hold international equities and bonds. Shares in companies that derive more than 20% of their revenues from tobacco, gambling, weapons and fossil fuels are excluded.

	2023/24		2022/23	
	3 year	5 year	3 year	5 year
Fund	<b>9.03%</b>	<b>7.62%</b>	14.06%	5.64%
FTSE All Share	<b>8.05%</b>	<b>5.44%</b>	13.81%	5.04%
Fund outperformance	<b>0.98%</b>	<b>2.18%</b>	0.26%	0.61%

## Funds held

The charity's total funds held decreased by £42,482 to £3,158,908 as at 31 March 2024 (2022/23: £3,201,390). Within the total funds held, £37,648 (2022/23: £37,648) represent permanent endowment funds which are held as a capital fund to generate income for the primary objectives of the charity. Restricted income funds amounted to £1,319,751 (2022/23: £1,319,751) being social housing grants which are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Unrestricted income funds amounted to £1,801,509 (2022/23: £1,843,991). These funds are held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

Details of all funds held, including their purposes, is set out within note 15 to the financial statements.

## Reserves

The Reserves Policy is to maintain the endowment funds of the charity in investments in the Charities Pool administered by the City of London Corporation and use the investment income together with other funds, in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

The free reserves of the charity are held to cover working capital needs. The Trustee has revised its policy in 2020/21 to meet future working capital needs. The Trustee believes that a minimum amount of £2,800 should be held at present, which will be subject to annual review. Actual free reserves (unrestricted funds not designated or tied up in fixed assets) were £877k, well above the minimum amount, and the use of these reserves will be factored into the plans for future periods, including those set out on page 4.

## Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The charity is committed to a programme of risk management as an element of its strategy to preserve the charity's assets. In order to embed sound practice the senior leadership team ensures that risk management policies are applied, that there is an on-going review of activity and that appropriate advice and support is provided. A key risk register has been prepared for the charity, which has been reviewed by the Trustee. This identifies the potential impact of key risks and the measures which are in place to mitigate such risks.

## Value for Money

The City of London Almshouses Charity assesses how it is achieving value for money in delivering its purpose and objectives, in accordance with the Regulator's standard on Value for Money. This means managing resources economically, efficiently and effectively to provide quality services and homes.

The City of London Almshouses Charity is a small provider for the purposes of Value for Money Metrics. Disclosures are as follows.

Metric	2024	2023	2022
Reinvestment %	0	2.1%	0
New supply delivered	0	0	0
Gearing	N/A	N/A	N/A
EBITDA MRI Interest Cover	N/A	N/A	N/A
Headline social housing cost per unit	10,264	8,299	5,300
Operating margin	- 0.56	- 0.21	0.21
Return on Capital Employed	- 0.02	- 0.02	0.02

The City of London Almshouses” does not have any debt and as such the VFM indicators in respect of gearing and EBITDA MRI are not applicable.

The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity’s transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing in England 2022. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Statement of Compliance

The Association’s governance arrangements comply with governance good practice and regulatory standards. The Association has adopted and is working towards full compliance with the NHF Code of Governance 2015. The Association complies with the Regulator of Social Housing (RSH) Governance and Financial Viability Standard.

## TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the Trustee to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under charity law the Trustee must not approve the financial statements unless the Trustee is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.

- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

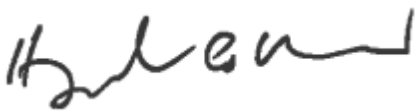
The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustee is aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- the Trustee has taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Financial statements are published on the Trustee's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Trustee's website is the responsibility of the Trustee. The Trustee's responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

Adopted and signed for on behalf of the Trustee.



Henry Nicholas Almroth Colthurst, Deputy  
Chairman of Finance Committee of  
The City of London Corporation



Randall Keith Anderson, Deputy  
Deputy Chairman of Finance  
Committee of The City of London  
Corporation

Guildhall, London

13<sup>th</sup> December 2024

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The City of London School Almshouses ('the charity') for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers- of social housing in England 2022.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## Other information

The Trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustee's report; or
- sufficient and proper accounting records have not been kept by the Charity; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

In addition, we have nothing to report in respect of the following matter where the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained.

## Responsibilities of Trustee

As explained more fully in the Trustee's responsibilities statement set out on pages 7 and 8, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011, and report in accordance with the Acts and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Details of the extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations are set out below.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

[www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from irregularities, whether due to fraud or error, and discussed these between our audit team members. We then designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the Charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Charities Act 2011 together with the Charities SORP (FRS102) 2019, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of Social Housing 2022. We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the Charity's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the charity for fraud. The laws and regulations we considered in this context for the UK operations were General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), Anti-fraud, bribery and corruption legislation, Health and safety legislation, and Employment legislation.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Trustee and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the timing of recognition of income, and the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management, internal audit, legal counsel and the Audit & Risk Committee about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals, reviewing accounting estimates for biases, reviewing regulatory correspondence with the Charity Commission, and reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the charity's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and section 137 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's Trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



**Crowe U.K. LLP**  
Statutory Auditor

55 Ludgate Hill, London, EC4M 7JW

18 December 2024

Crowe U.K. LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	2023/24 Total Funds £	2022/23 Total Funds £
<b>Income from:</b>						
Charitable activities	2	275,939	-	-	<b>275,939</b>	288,762
Investments	3	35,951	-	-	<b>35,951</b>	37,579
<b>Total income</b>		311,890	-	-	<b>311,890</b>	326,341
<b>Expenditure on:</b>						
Charitable activities	4	431,119	-	-	<b>431,119</b>	348,576
<b>Total expenditure</b>		431,119	-	-	<b>431,119</b>	348,576
Net gains/(losses) on investments	10	76,523	-	-	<b>76,523</b>	(18,032)
Net gains/(losses) on short term deposit		224	-	-	<b>224</b>	(228)
<b>Net movement in investment</b>		76,747	-	-	<b>76,747</b>	(18,260)
<b>Net income/(expenditure) and net movement in funds</b>		(42,482)	-	-	<b>(42,482)</b>	(40,495)
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>						
Total funds brought forward	15	1,843,991	1,319,751	37,648	<b>3,201,390</b>	3,241,885
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>	15	1,801,509	1,319,751	37,648	<b>3,158,908</b>	3,201,390

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities.

There were no other recognised gains and losses other than those shown above.

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET

## AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	2024 Total £	2023 Total £
<b>Fixed assets:</b>			
Tangible assets	9	2,243,856	2,265,423
Investments	10	855,950	779,427
<b>Total fixed assets</b>		<b>3,099,806</b>	3,044,850
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	11	31,708	25,682
Cash at bank and in hand		231,769	405,860
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>263,477</b>	431,542
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	12	<b>(66,813)</b>	(135,977)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>196,664</b>	295,565
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>3,296,470</b>	3,340,415
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	13	<b>(137,562)</b>	(139,025)
<b>Total net assets</b>		<b>3,158,908</b>	3,201,390
<b>The funds of the charity:</b>			
Endowment funds	15	37,648	37,648
Restricted funds	15	1,319,751	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds	15	1,801,509	1,843,991
<b>Total funds</b>		<b>3,158,908</b>	3,201,390

The notes on pages 15 to 27 form part of these financial statements

Approved and signed on behalf of the Trustee.

Caroline Al-Beyerty  
Chamberlain of London and Chief Financial Officer

13<sup>th</sup> December 2024

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements of the charity.

### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing in England 2022, the Housing and Regeneration Act and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS102, have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, as modified by the valuation of investments which are held at fair value.

### (b) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Trustee considers that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. The charity's governing documents place an obligation on the City of London Corporation to preserve the Almshouses for the benefit of the public. Funding is provided from the City of London Corporation's City's Estate. On an annual basis, a medium-term financial forecast is prepared for City's Estate, covering the next 5 years from the period covered by these financial statements. The latest forecast anticipates that adequate funds will be available in the 12 months from the date of these financial statements being signed to enable the charity to continue to fulfil its obligations.

In making this assessment, the Trustee has considered the financial position, including future income levels and the liquidity of the charity over the next 12-month period. The assessment helps to provide assurances that the charity can continue to keep operating over the next 12-month period. For this reason, the Trustee continues to adopt a going concern basis for the preparation of the financial statements.

### (c) Key management judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenditure. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of decisions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised

and in any future periods affected. Management do not consider there to be any significant management judgements and estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **(d) Statement of Cash Flows**

As per Section 14.1 of the Charities SORP the Charity is not required to produce a statement of cash flows on the grounds that it is a small entity.

#### **(e) Income**

All income is included in the Statements of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income; it is more likely than not that economic benefit associated with the transaction will come to the charity and the amount can be quantified with reasonable certainty. Income consists of rental and service charge income, investment income and grants.

#### **(f) Expenditure**

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under the principal categories of 'raising funds' and 'expenditure on charitable activities'. Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City Corporation on behalf of the charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration, public relations and premises costs. The basis of the cost allocation is the employee time spent on the respective services. Officers of the City Corporation provide financial and governance administrative assistance to the charity when required. From 2021/22, the City Corporation, as Trustee, has taken a decision to seek reimbursement for the administration fees incurred from each of its charities.

The Trustee, the City Corporation, accounts centrally for all payroll related deductions. As a result, the charity accounts for all such sums due as having been paid.

#### **(g) Taxation**

The charity meets the definition of a charitable trust for UK income tax purposes, as set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010. Accordingly, the charity is exempt from UK taxation in respect of income or capital gains under part 10 of the Income Tax Act 2007 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

#### **(h) Investments**

Investments are made in the City of London Charities Pool (charity number 1021138) which is an investment mechanism operating in a similar way to a unit trust. This enables the City of London Corporation to "pool" small charitable investments together

and consequently obtain better returns than would be the case if investments were made individually.

Investments are valued at bid-price. Gains and losses for the year on investments held as fixed assets are included in the Statement of Financial Activities.

### **(i) Funds structure**

Income, expenditure and gains/losses are allocated to particular funds according to their purpose:

**Permanent endowment fund** – this fund consists of funds which are held in perpetuity for the benefit of the charity as a result of conditions imposed by the original donors and trusts. Income generated from the cash held in this fund can be spent on the charitable purpose of the charity, hence is allocated to the unrestricted income fund.

**Restricted funds** – these include income that is subject to specific restrictions imposed by donors, with related expenditure deducted when incurred.

**Unrestricted income funds** – these funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the Trustee and include both income generated by assets held within the permanent endowment and from those representing unrestricted funds. Specifically, this represents any surplus of income over expenditure for the charity which is carried forward to meet the requirements of future years, known as free reserves.

### **(j) Pension Costs**

Staff are employed by the City of London Corporation and are eligible to contribute to the City of London Local Government Pension Fund, which is a funded defined benefit scheme. The estimated net deficit on the Fund is the responsibility of the City of London Corporation as a whole, as one employer, rather than the specific responsibility of any of its three main funds (City Fund, City's Estate and Bridge House Estates) or the trusts it supports.

The Fund's estimated net liability has been determined by independent actuaries in accordance with FRS102 as £49.9m as at 31 March 2024 (£142.6m as at 31 March 2023). Since any net deficit is apportioned between the financial statements of the City of London's three main funds, the charity's Trustee does not anticipate that any of the liability will fall on the charity. The charity is unable to identify its share of the pension scheme assets and liabilities and therefore the Pension Fund is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme in these financial statements.

Barnett Waddingham, an independent actuary, carried out the latest triennial actuarial assessment of the scheme as at 31 March 2022, using the projected unit method. The 31 March 2022 valuation was carried out in 2022/23 and has set contribution rates for the period 01 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 at 21%. Contribution rates adopted for the financial years 2020/21, 2021/22, 2022/23 and 2023/24 were set at 21%.

**(k) Tangible fixed assets**

The City of London Almshouses were erected in the mid-19<sup>th</sup> century. There is no record of the original cost and no value has therefore been attributed. The cost stated for fixed assets for land and buildings relates to subsequent improvements and refurbishments. This excludes expenditure on routine and planned repairs and maintenance of fixed assets which is charged directly within the Trust's charitable activities.

Depreciation for improvements and refurbishments to buildings is charged on a straight-line basis, in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Improvements and refurbishments to buildings	60

It is the Trust's policy to ensure that the dwellings are kept in a good standard of repair and that there are sufficient resources to meet this requirement.

**(l) Insurance**

The charity, elected Members and staff supporting the charity's administration are covered by the City Corporations insurance liability policies, and otherwise under the indemnity the City Corporation provides to Members and staff, funded from City's Estate.

**2. INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES**

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2023/24 £</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2022/23 £</b>
Rental income	<b>201,160</b>	215,373
Service charges	<b>73,316</b>	71,926
Deferred income from Gresham Lease	<b>1,463</b>	1,463
<b>Total</b>	<b>275,939</b>	288,762

The void losses incurred in 2023/24 is £107,770.96. (2022/23: £54,848.12)

**3. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS**

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2023/24 £</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2022/23 £</b>
Investment income	<b>25,879</b>	30,824
Interest	<b>10,072</b>	6,755
<b>Total</b>	<b>35,951</b>	37,579

## 4. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted funds			Unrestricted funds		
	Direct costs £	Support costs £	Total 2023/24 £	Direct costs £	Support costs £	Total 2022/23 £
<b>Almshouses running costs</b>						
Management	-	161,438	<b>161,438</b>	-	123,668	123,668
Services	136,371	-	<b>136,371</b>	118,210	-	118,210
Routine maintenance	101,639	-	<b>101,639</b>	65,271	-	65,271
Planned maintenance	11,579	-	<b>11,579</b>	20,145	-	20,145
Contributions to Funds and Provisions	635	-	<b>635</b>	3,482	-	3,482
Depreciation of housing properties	19,457	-	<b>19,457</b>	17,800	-	17,800
<b>Total</b>	<b>269,681</b>	<b>161,438</b>	<b>431,119</b>	<b>224,908</b>	<b>123,668</b>	<b>348,576</b>

Within charitable activities are the services costs, comprised of:

	2023/24 £	2022/23 £
Lighting	<b>5,865</b>	5,920
Matrons	<b>41,420</b>	53,860
Window Cleaning	<b>1,060</b>	471
Water Rates	<b>1</b>	(68)
Groundsman	<b>53,094</b>	25,471
Rent	<b>7,185</b>	6,858
Council Tax	<b>27,746</b>	24,618
Pest Control	-	1,080
<b>Total</b>	<b>136,371</b>	<b>118,210</b>

## 5. SUPPORT COSTS

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City of London Corporation on behalf of the Charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration and premises costs. Such costs are determined on a departmental basis, and are allocated on a cost recovery basis to the charity based on time spent, with associated office accommodation charged proportionately to the space occupied by the respective activities, with the split of costs as follows:

	Charitable activities £	Governance £	2023/24 £	2022/23 £
Audit fees	-	6,930	<b>6,930</b>	5,500
Central support	12,000	-	<b>12,000</b>	12,000
Legal fees	1,602	-	<b>1,602</b>	17,003
Other Management costs	140,906	-	<b>140,906</b>	89,165
Sub-total	154,508	6,930	<b>161,438</b>	123,668
Reallocation of governance costs	6,930	(6,930)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>161,438</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>161,438</b>	123,668

All support costs are undertaken from unrestricted funds and allocated based on the proportion relating to direct activities.

## 6. STAFF COSTS

All staff that work on behalf of the charity are employed by the City Corporation. The average number of people directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity during the year was 2.01 (2022/23: 2.07).

Amounts paid in respect of employees directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity were as follows:

	2023/24 £	2022/23 £
Salaries and wages	<b>75,488</b>	59,564
National Insurance costs	<b>6,119</b>	6,653
Employer's pension contributions	<b>12,907</b>	13,114
<b>Total emoluments of employees</b>	<b>94,514</b>	79,331

The charity considers its key management personnel to comprise the Members of the City of London Corporation, acting collectively for the City Corporation in its capacity as the Trustee. The number of directly charged employees whose emoluments (excluding employer's pension contribution) for the year were over £60,000 was nil (2022/23: nil). The charity does not have a Chief Executive.

## 7. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Crowe U.K. LLP are the auditors of the City of London City's Estate Fund and provide assurance services to all of the different charities of which it is Trustee. In 2023/24 an audit fee of £6,930 was recharged (2022/23 £5,500). No other services were provided to the charity by its auditors during the year (2022/23: £nil).

## 8. TRUSTEE EXPENSES

The Members of the City of London Corporation acting on behalf of the Trustee did not receive any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses during 2023/24 (2022/23: nil).

## 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and Buildings £	Work in Progress £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2023	2,456,573	-	<b>2,456,573</b>
Disposals	(2,110)	-	<b>(2,110)</b>
At 31 March 2024	<b>2,454,463</b>	-	<b>2,454,463</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2023	191,150	-	<b>191,150</b>
Charge for the year	19,457	-	<b>19,457</b>
At 31 March 2024	<b>210,607</b>	-	<b>210,607</b>
<b>Net book value</b>			
<b>At 31 March 2024</b>	<b>2,243,856</b>	-	<b>2,243,856</b>
At 31 March 2023	2,265,423	-	<b>2,265,423</b>

The number of units supported social housing accommodation under management at 31 March 2024 was 42. (2023: 42)

## 10. INVESTMENTS

The investments are held in the City of London Corporation Charities Pool, a charity registered in the UK with the Charity Commission (charity number 1021138). The Charities Pool is a UK registered unit trust.

The value of investments held by the charity are as follows:

	2024 £	2023 £
Market value 1 April	779,427	797,459
Gain/(loss) for the year	76,523	(18,032)
<b>Market value 31 March</b>	<b>855,950</b>	<b>779,427</b>
<b>Cost 31 March</b>	<b>417,370</b>	<b>417,370</b>
Units held in Charities Pool	<b>86,077</b>	86,077

The type of listed investments held as at 31 March was as follows:

	<b>Total at 31 March 2024 £</b>	Total at 31 March 2023 £
Equities	<b>813,963</b>	738,491
Pooled Units	<b>31,927</b>	25,539
Cash held by Fund Manager	<b>10,060</b>	15,397
<b>Total</b>	<b>855,950</b>	<b>779,427</b>

## 11. DEBTORS

	<b>2024 £</b>	2023 £
Other debtors	<b>31,708</b>	25,682

## 12. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	<b>2024 £</b>	2023 £
Trade creditors	27,049	34,026
Deferred income	37,307	29,167
Accruals	2,457	72,784
<b>Total</b>	<b>66,813</b>	<b>135,977</b>

## 13. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	<b>2024 £</b>	2023 £
Deferred income	<b>137,562</b>	139,025
<b>Total</b>	<b>137,562</b>	<b>139,025</b>

	<b>2024 £</b>	2023 £
<b>Deferred income analysis within creditors:</b>		
Balance at 1st April	<b>139,025</b>	140,488
Amounts released to income	<b>(1,463)</b>	(1,463)
Balance at 31 March	<b>137,562</b>	139,025

## Deferred income: lease to Gresham Almshouses

The City of London Almshouses (CoLA) owns the site. An agreement was entered into with Gresham Almshouses operated by the Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (charity number 221982) dated 7 December 1994 for the lease of the site for the next 125 years for the sum of £180,000. The deferred income is recognised on a straight-line basis to the end of the term in 2118/19, with the remaining value recorded as a long-term creditor.

## 14. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BY FUND

At 31 March 2024

	Unrestricted funds		Restricted funds	Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2024	Total at 31 March 2023
	General funds	Designated funds				
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	303,187	620,918	1,319,751	-	<b>2,243,856</b>	2,265,423
Fixed assets - investments	665,291	190,659	-	-	<b>855,950</b>	779,427
Current assets	225,829	-	-	37,648	<b>263,477</b>	431,542
Total liabilities	(204,375)	-	-	-	<b>(204,375)</b>	(275,002)
<b>Total</b>	<b>989,932</b>	<b>811,577</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>

At 31 March 2023

	Unrestricted funds		Restricted funds	Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2023	Restated
	General funds	Designated funds				Total at 31 March 2022
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	302,097	643,575	1,319,751	-	2,265,423	2,233,655
Fixed assets - investments	600,861	178,566	-	-	779,427	797,459
Current assets	393,894	-	-	37,648	431,542	723,121
Total liabilities	(275,002)	-	-	-	(275,002)	(512,350)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,021,850</b>	<b>822,141</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>

## 15. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

At 31 March 2024	Total as at April 2023 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains & (losses) £	Transfers £	Total as at 31 March 2024 £
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	37,648
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	1,021,850	311,890	(431,119)	64,654	22,657	989,932
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
Capital reserves fund	643,575	-	-	-	(22,657)	620,918
Extraordinary repairs	142,566	-	-	12,093	-	154,659
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,843,991</b>	<b>311,890</b>	<b>(431,119)</b>	<b>76,747</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,801,509</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>	<b>311,890</b>	<b>(431,119)</b>	<b>76,747</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,158,908</b>

Transfer relates to the reallocation of depreciation charges to the Capital reserves fund.

At 31 March 2023	Total as at 1 April 2022 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains & (losses) £	Transfers £	Total as at 31 March 2023 £
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	37,648
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	1,059,496	326,341	(348,576)	(15,411)	-	1,021,850
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
Capital reserves fund	643,575	-	-	-	-	643,575
Extraordinary repairs	145,415	-	-	(2,849)	-	142,566
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,884,486</b>	<b>326,341</b>	<b>(348,576)</b>	<b>(18,260)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,843,991</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>	<b>326,341</b>	<b>(348,576)</b>	<b>(18,260)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>

### Purpose of endowment funds

The permanent endowment is held to generate income that is accounted for within the unrestricted funds. This original permanent endowment can only be used at the winding up of the Trust.

## **Purpose of the restricted funds**

### **Social Housing Grant**

Social Housing Grants are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Included in the movement in Funds Analysis above is £1,319,751 in respect of social housing grant. This represents the total cumulative government grant receivable all of which has been recognized through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### **Purpose of the unrestricted funds**

The general fund comprises the accumulation of income surpluses as a result of unspent investment and other income. Any undistributed annual income is held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the Trust.

### **Purpose of the designated funds**

Those unrestricted funds that have been set aside by the Trustee for specific purposes, as follows:

#### **Cyclical repairs**

Provision for future repainting, consists of yearly transfers from the revenue account based on the expected cost of repainting and transferred out to the revenue account in the year when cost arises.

#### **Extraordinary repairs**

To fund the future extraordinary repair, improvement or rebuilding of the Trust's property, consisting of yearly transfers based on income generated from investments alongside any increase or decrease in the market value of the investments representing this reserve.

## **16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The City Corporation acting by the Court of Aldermen is the sole Trustee of the charity, as described on page 2.

The charity is required to disclose information on related party transactions with bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the charity. Members are required to disclose their interests, and these can be viewed online at [www.cityoflondon.gov.uk](http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk).

Members and senior staff are requested to disclose all related party transactions, including instances where their close family has made such transactions.

Figures in brackets represent the amounts due at the balance sheet date. Other figures represent the value of the transactions during the year.

Related party	Connected party	2023/24 £	2022/23 £	Detail of transaction
City of London Corporation	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>25,879 (nil)</b>	30,824 (nil)	Distribution from the Charities Pool
Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (221982)	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>1,463 (137,562)</b>	1,463 (139,025)	Sir Thomas Gresham Charity entered into a 125 year lease of the site from COLA as per the agreement dated 7 December 1994

## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS

**CHARITY NAME:** The City of London Almshouses

Registered charity number: 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers Number: A2266

**PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE CHARITY & THE CITY CORPORATION:**

Guildhall, London, EC2P 2EJ

**TRUSTEE:**

The Mayor and Commonalty & Citizens of the City of London

**SENIOR MANAGEMENT:**

**Chief Executive**

Ian Thomas CBE - The Town Clerk and Chief Executive of the City of London Corporation

**Treasurer**

Caroline Al-Beyerty - The Chamberlain and Chief Financial Officer of the City of London Corporation

**Solicitor**

Michael Cogher - The Comptroller and City Solicitor of the City of London Corporation

**AUDITORS:**

Crowe U.K. LLP, 55 Ludgate Hill, London EC4M 7JW

**BANKERS:**

Lloyds Bank Plc., P.O. Box 1000, BX1 1LT

**INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS:**

Artemis Investment Management LLP, Cassini House, 57 St. James's Street, London, SW1A 1LD

Contact for The Chamberlain & Chief Financial Officer, to request copies of governance documents:

[CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk](mailto:CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk)

**THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES**

England & Wales - Charity number 1005857

---

# Accounts

---

The City of London Almshouses

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year  
ended 31 March 2023

Charity registration number 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers

Number A2266

# CONTENTS

ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY.....	1
STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE .....	2
ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE .....	4
FINANCIAL REVIEW.....	5
TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES.....	7
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT.....	9
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.....	13
BALANCE SHEET .....	14
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS .....	15
REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS .....	27

## ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY

The City of London Almshouses was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under the name 'City of London Almshouses Trust', under a scheme which amalgamated the following three charities:

<b>Charity name</b>	<b>History</b>
City of London Freemen's Houses	Regulated by a conveyance dated 1 January 1848 and comprised in a Scheme of the Charity Commissioners of the 19 August 1975
Roger's Almshouses	Comprised in a declaration of trust dated 15 July 1858
Brown's Gift	Regulated by declaration of trust dated 22 March 1934

# TRUSTEE'S ANNUAL REPORT

## STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE

### GOVERNING DOCUMENTS

The City of London Almshouses is a registered charity and also a registered social landlord, under Section 1 (2) of the Housing Act 1996. It was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under a scheme which amalgamated:

- City of London Freemen's Houses
- Rogers' Almshouses
- Brown's Gift

The Charity Commission agreed with effect from 26 July 2011 for the City of London Corporation to become the sole corporate Trustee in place of various individuals.

### GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

The Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London (also referred to as 'the City Corporation' or 'the City of London Corporation'), a body corporate and politic, is the Trustee of The City of London Almshouses. The City Corporation is Trustee acting by the Court of Common Council of the City of London in its general corporate capacity and that executive body has delegated responsibility in respect of the administration and management of this charity to various committees and sub-committees of the Common Council, membership of which is drawn from 125 elected Members of the Common Council and external appointees to those committees. In making appointments to committees, the Court of Common Council will take into consideration any particular expertise and knowledge of the elected Members, and where relevant, external appointees. External appointments are made after due advertisement and rigorous selection to fill gaps in skills.

Members of the Court of Common Council are unpaid for support provided to the Charity and are elected by the electorate of the City of London. The Key Committees which had responsibility for directly managing matters related to the charity during 2022/23 was as follows:

The Housing Management and Almshouses Sub (Community and Children's Services) Committee of the City Corporation administers the charity on behalf of the Trustee.

The above committee is ultimately responsible to the Court of Common Council of the City of London. Matters relating to the charity are considered at committee meetings at the Trustee's discretion in public (except where it is not considered in the charity's best interest to do so), supporting a decision-making process that is clear, transparent and publicly accountable.

The Trustee believes that good governance is fundamental to the success of the charity. A comprehensive review of governance has been undertaken and implementation of recommendations is in progress to ensure that the charity is effective in fulfilling its objectives. Reference was made to the good practices recommended within the Charity Governance Code throughout this review, with a focus on ensuring regulatory compliance and the ongoing maintenance of an efficient and effective portfolio of charities that maximise impact for beneficiaries. The Almshouses comply with the Charity Governance Code and the Governance and Viability Standard as set out by the Regulator of Social Housing.

## **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

The objective of the charity is the provision of Almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons, and daughters and where practicable to married couples.

Throughout the year the Almshouse Manager actively sought new applications, reporting to Trustees on applicants who may not quite meet the criteria (for instance within a year of the age requirement) making recommendations on applicants' behalf when they filled all other criteria.

### **Investment Policy**

The charity's investments are held in units of the City of London Charities Pool (registered charity 1021138). The investment policy is to provide a real increase in annual income in the long term whilst preserving the value of the capital base. The annual report and financial statements of the Charities Pool (which include an analysis of investment performance against objectives set) are available from the Chamberlain of London, at the email address stated on page 27.

### **Public benefit statement**

The Trustee confirms that it has referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing The City of London Almshouses' aims and objectives and in planning future activities. The purpose of the charity is as stated above.

Consequently, the Trustee considers that The City of London Almshouses operates to benefit the general public and satisfies the public benefit test.

### **Remuneration Policy**

The charity's senior staff are employees of the City Corporation and, alongside all staff, pay is reviewed annually. The City Corporation is committed to attracting, recruiting, and retaining skilled people and rewarding employees fairly for their contribution. As part of this commitment, staff are regularly appraised and, subject to performance, eligible for the payment of bonuses and recognition awards.

The above policy applies to staff within the charity's key management personnel, as defined within note 7 to the financial statements.

The charity is committed to equal opportunities for all employees. An Equality and Inclusion Board has been established to actively promote equality, diversity and inclusion in service delivery and employment practices. The Board is responsible for monitoring the delivery of the Equality and Inclusion Action Plan and progress against the Equality Objectives. This also includes addressing the City Corporation's gender, ethnicity and disability pay gaps.

The Equality, Diversity, and Inclusion (EDI) sub-committee is currently overseeing the update of our four-yearly Equality Objectives in accordance with the Equality Act 2010.

Senior staff posts of the City Corporation are individually evaluated and assessed independently against the external market allowing each post to be allocated an individual salary range within the relevant grade, which incorporates market factors as well as corporate importance.

## **ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE**

In 2022/23 all social activities have resumed at the Almshouses. The Scheme Manager continues to manage and support residents across the Almshouses. There have been some challenges at the Almshouses with the increase of non-residents loitering on the estate. Installation of CCTV has been approved and will be installed at the Almshouses to address this issue. Damp and mould surveys have been carried out across the Almshouses and remedial works are being carried out.

## **PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS**

The objectives for 2023/24 are:

- Continue the provision of almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to Freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons and daughters and where practicable to married couples.
- Significant work to refurbish the internal and external fabric of the housing properties was delayed due to pandemic restrictions. Internal works and some external works have been completed. Further external works are planned.

Following recommendations and advice arising from the charity review, revised Almshouses policies and procedures are being implemented

- CCTV will be installed across the Estate.

# FINANCIAL REVIEW

## Overview of Financial Performance

### Income

In 2022/23 the charity total income for the year was £326,341, an overall increase of £308 against the previous year (2021/22: £326,033).

Income from charitable activities totalled £288,762 (2020/21: £281,179), comprising rental and service charge income.

Income from investments comprised £37,579 (2021/22: £44,854), being £30,824 from managed investments (2021/22: £41,533) and £6,755 from bank interest (2021/22: £3,321).

### Expenditure

Total expenditure for the year was £348,576 (2021/22: £222,668). Within this, charitable activities expenditure totalled £348,576 (2021/22: £222,600). The key costs are Management, Services and Routine & Planned maintenance. Expenditure on raising funds was £0 (2021/22: £68), covering the costs of interest expenses.

### Investment performance

Over the course of 2022/23 the Charities Pool investment strategy delivered an absolute return (gross of fees) of +2.22% which was below the FTSE All Share Index benchmark return of +2.92% (2021/22: the investment strategy gained +11.1% versus +13.0% from the benchmark). However, over the longer-term three and five year horizon, performance of the Charities Pool investments, as displayed in the table below, was above benchmark. With effect from 22 July 2022, the Charities Pool transferred its investments from the Artemis Income Fund to the Artemis Income (Exclusions) Fund, which is an unconstrained, multi-cap strategy that aims to generate a rising income stream combined with long-term capital growth. The Fund invests in UK equities, and can also hold international equities and bonds. Shares in companies that derive more than 20% of their revenues from tobacco, gambling, weapons and fossil fuels are excluded.

	2022/23		2021/22	
	3 year	5 year	3 year	5 year
Fund	<b>+14.06%</b>	<b>5.64%</b>	7.3%	6.2%
FTSE All Share	<b>+13.81%</b>	<b>5.04%</b>	5.3%	4.7%
Fund outperformance	<b>+0.26%</b>	<b>+0.61%</b>	+2.0%	+1.5%

### Funds held

The charity's total funds held decreased by £40,495 to £3,201,390 as at 31 March 2023 (2021/22: £3,241,885). Within the total funds held, £37,648 (2021/22: £37,648) represent permanent endowment funds which are held as a capital fund to generate income for the primary objectives of the charity. Restricted income funds amounted to £1,319,751 (2021/22: £1,319,751) being social housing grants which are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Unrestricted income funds amounted to £1,843,991 (2021/22: £1,884,486). These funds are held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

Details of all funds held, including their purposes, is set out within note 15 to the financial statements.

## Reserves

The Reserves Policy is to maintain the endowment funds of the charity in investments in the Charities Pool administered by the City of London Corporation and use the investment income together with other funds, in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

The free reserves of the charity are held to cover working capital needs. The Trustee has revised its policy in 2020/21 to meet future working capital needs. The Trustee believes that a minimum amount of £2,800 should be held at present, which will be subject to annual review. Actual free reserves (unrestricted funds not designated or tied up in fixed assets) were £992k, well above the minimum amount, and the use of these reserves will be factored into the plans for future periods, including those set out on page 4.

## Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The charity is committed to a programme of risk management as an element of its strategy to preserve the charity's assets. In order to embed sound practice the senior leadership team ensures that risk management policies are applied, that there is an on-going review of activity and that appropriate advice and support is provided. A key risk register has been prepared for the charity, which has been reviewed by the Trustee. This identifies the potential impact of key risks and the measures which are in place to mitigate such risks.

## Value for Money

The City of London Almshouses Charity assesses how it is achieving value for money in delivering its purpose and objectives, in accordance with the Regulator's standard on Value for Money. This means managing resources economically, efficiently and effectively to provide quality services and homes.

The City of London Almshouses Charity is a small provider for the purposes of Value for Money Metrics. Disclosures are as follows.

Metric	2023	2022	2021
Reinvestment %	2.1%	0	0

New supply delivered	0	0	0
Gearing	N/A	N/A	N/A
EBITDA MRI Interest Cover	N/A	N/A	N/A
Headline social housing cost per unit	8,299	5,300	6,425
Operating margin	- 0.21	0.21	0.14
Return on Capital Employed	- 0.02	0.02	0.01

The City of London Almshouses” does not have any debt and as such the VFM indicators in respect of gearing and EBITDA MRI are not applicable.

The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity’s transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing in England 2022. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Statement of Compliance

The Association’s governance arrangements comply with governance good practice and regulatory standards. The Association has adopted and is working towards full compliance with the NHF Code of Governance 2015. The Association complies with the Regulator of Social Housing (RSH) Governance and Financial Viability Standard.

## TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the Trustee to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under charity law the Trustee must not approve the financial statements unless the Trustee is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

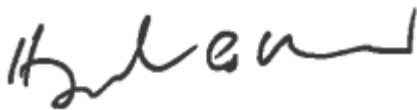
The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustee is aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- the Trustee has taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Financial statements are published on the Trustee's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Trustee's website is the responsibility of the Trustee. The Trustee's responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

Adopted and signed for on behalf of the Trustee.



Henry Nicholas Almroth Colthurst, Deputy

Chairman of Finance Committee of  
The City of London Corporation,  
Guildhall, London

15<sup>th</sup> February 2024



Randall Keith Anderson, Deputy

Deputy Chairman of Finance  
Committee of The City of London  
Corporation, Guildhall, London

15<sup>th</sup> February 2024

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The City of London School Almshouses ('the charity') for the year ended 31 March 2023 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs as at 31 March 2023 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers- of social housing in England 2022.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## Other information

The Trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustee's report; or
- sufficient and proper accounting records have not been kept by the Charity; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

In addition, we have nothing to report in respect of the following matter where the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained.

## Responsibilities of Trustee

As explained more fully in the Trustee's responsibilities statement set out on pages 7 and 8, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011, and report in accordance with the Acts and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Details of the extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations are set out below.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

[www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from irregularities, whether due to fraud or error, and discussed these between our audit team members. We then designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the Charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Charities Act 2011 together with the Charities SORP (FRS102) 2019, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of Social Housing 2022. We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the Charity's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the charity for fraud. The laws and regulations we considered in this context for the UK operations were General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), Anti-fraud, bribery and corruption legislation, Health and safety legislation, and Employment legislation.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Trustee and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the timing of recognition of income, and the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management, internal audit, legal counsel and the Audit & Risk Committee about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals, reviewing accounting estimates for biases, reviewing regulatory correspondence with the Charity Commission, and reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations (irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the charity's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 and section 137 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's Trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Vincent Marke, FCA

Crowe U.K LLP,  
55 Ludgate Hill,  
London,  
EC4M 7JW

19.02.2024

Crowe U.K. LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	2022/23 Total Funds £	2021/22 Total Funds £
<b>Income from:</b>						
Charitable activities	2	288,762	-	-	<b>288,762</b>	281,179
Investments	3	37,579	-	-	<b>37,579</b>	44,854
<b>Total income</b>		<b>326,341</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>326,341</b>	<b>326,033</b>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>						
Raising funds	4	-	-	-	-	68
Charitable activities	5	348,576	-	-	<b>348,576</b>	222,600
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>348,576</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>348,576</b>	<b>222,668</b>
Net gains/(losses) on investments	11	(18,032)	-	-	<b>(18,032)</b>	36,326
Net gains/(losses) on short term deposit		(228)	-	-	<b>(228)</b>	(4,711)
<b>Net movement in investment</b>		<b>(18,260)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(18,260)</b>	<b>31,615</b>
<b>Net income/(expenditure) and net movement in funds</b>		<b>(40,495)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(40,495)</b>	<b>134,980</b>
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>						
Total funds brought forward	16	1,884,486	1,319,751	37,648	<b>3,241,885</b>	3,106,905
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>1,843,991</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities.

There were no other recognised gains and losses other than those shown above.

The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET

## AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	Notes	2023 Total £	Restated 2022 Total £
<b>Fixed assets:</b>			
Tangible assets	10	2,265,423	2,233,655
Investments	11	779,427	797,459
<b>Total fixed assets</b>		<b>3,044,850</b>	3,031,114
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	12	25,682	11,187
Cash at bank and in hand		405,860	711,934
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>431,542</b>	723,121
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	13	<b>(135,977)</b>	(371,862)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>295,565</b>	351,259
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>3,340,415</b>	3,382,373
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	14	<b>(139,025)</b>	(140,488)
<b>Total net assets</b>		<b>3,201,390</b>	3,241,885
<b>The funds of the charity:</b>			
Endowment funds	16	37,648	37,648
Restricted funds	16	1,319,751	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds	16	1,843,991	1,884,486
<b>Total funds</b>		<b>3,201,390</b>	3,241,885

The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of these financial statements

Approved and signed on behalf of the Trustee.

Caroline Al-Beyerty  
Chamberlain of London and Chief Financial Officer

15<sup>th</sup> February 2024

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements of the charity.

### **(a) Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing in England 2022, the Housing and Regeneration Act and the Charities Act 2011.

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS102, have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention, as modified by the valuation of investments which are held at fair value.

### **(b) Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Trustee considers that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. The majority of the charity's income is from rents from the properties and the Trustee is active in ensuring that these are fully let by advertising and maintaining a waiting list. A long-term financial plan has been agreed to ensure that funds are available as major works arise. The latest forecast anticipates that adequate funds will be available in the next 12 months from the date of signing these accounts to enable the charity to continue to fulfil its obligations.

### **(c) Key management judgements and assumptions**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenditure. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of decisions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. Management do not consider there to be any significant management judgements and estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements.

**(d) Statement of Cash Flows**

As per Section 14.1 of the Charities SORP the Charity is not required to produce a statement of cash flows on the grounds that it is a small entity.

**(e) Income**

All income is included in the Statements of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income; it is more likely than not that economic benefit associated with the transaction will come to the charity and the amount can be quantified with reasonable certainty. Income consists of rental and service charge income, investment income and grants.

**(f) Expenditure**

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under the principal categories of 'raising funds' and 'expenditure on charitable activities'. Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City Corporation on behalf of the charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration, public relations and premises costs. The basis of the cost allocation is the employee time spent on the respective services. Officers of the City Corporation provide financial and governance administrative assistance to the charity when required. From 2021/22, the City Corporation, as Trustee, has taken a decision to seek reimbursement for the administration fees incurred from each of its charities.

The Trustee, the City Corporation, accounts centrally for all payroll related deductions. As a result, the charity accounts for all such sums due as having been paid.

**(g) Taxation**

The charity meets the definition of a charitable trust for UK income tax purposes, as set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010. Accordingly, the charity is exempt from UK taxation in respect of income or capital gains under part 10 of the Income Tax Act 2007 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

**(h) Investments**

Investments are made in the City of London Charities Pool (charity number 1021138) which is an investment mechanism operating in a similar way to a unit trust. This enables the City of London Corporation to "pool" small charitable investments together and consequently obtain better returns than would be the case if investments were made individually.

Investments are valued at bid-price. Gains and losses for the year on investments held as fixed assets are included in the Statement of Financial Activities.

**(i) Funds structure**

Income, expenditure and gains/losses are allocated to particular funds according to their purpose:

**Permanent endowment fund** – this fund consists of funds which are held in perpetuity for the benefit of the charity as a result of conditions imposed by the original donors and trusts. Income generated from the cash held in this fund can be spent on the charitable purpose of the charity, hence is allocated to the unrestricted income fund.

**Restricted funds** – these include income that is subject to specific restrictions imposed by donors, with related expenditure deducted when incurred.

**Unrestricted income funds** – these funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the Trustee and include both income generated by assets held within the permanent endowment and from those representing unrestricted funds. Specifically, this represents any surplus of income over expenditure for the charity which is carried forward to meet the requirements of future years, known as free reserves.

**(j) Pension Costs**

Employees seconded from the City of London Corporation are entitled to be members of the City of London Corporation's Pension Scheme. These costs are included in the total salaries charged.

Staff are employed by the City of London Corporation and are eligible to contribute to the City of London Local Government Pension Fund, which is a funded defined benefit scheme. The estimated net deficit on the Fund is the responsibility of the City of London Corporation as a whole, as one employer, rather than the specific responsibility of any of its three main funds (City Fund, City's Cash and Bridge House Estates) or the trusts it supports.

The Fund's estimated net liability has been determined by independent actuaries in accordance with FRS102 as £142.6m as at 31 March 2023 (£832.7m as at 31 March 2022). Since any net deficit is apportioned between the financial statements of the City of London's three main funds, the charity's Trustee does not anticipate that any of the liability will fall on the charity. The charity is unable to identify its share of the pension scheme assets and liabilities and therefore the Pension Fund is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme in these financial statements.

Barnett Waddingham, an independent actuary, carried out the latest triennial actuarial assessment of the scheme as at 31 March 2022, using the projected unit method. The 31 March 2022 valuation was carried out in 2022/23 and has set the contribution rates for the period 01 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 at 21%. Contribution rates adopted for the financial years 2020/21, 2021/22 and 2022/23 had been set at 21%.

**(k) Tangible fixed assets**

The City of London Almshouses were erected in the mid-19<sup>th</sup> century. There is no record of the original cost and no value has therefore been attributed. The cost stated

for fixed assets for land and buildings relates to subsequent improvements and refurbishments. This excludes expenditure on routine and planned repairs and maintenance of fixed assets which is charged directly within the Trust's charitable activities.

Depreciation for improvements and refurbishments to buildings is charged on a straight-line basis, in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Improvements and refurbishments to buildings	61

It is the Trust's policy to ensure that the dwellings are kept in a good standard of repair and that there are sufficient resources to meet this requirement.

### (I) Insurance

The charity, elected Members and staff supporting the charity's administration are covered by the City Corporations insurance liability policies, and otherwise under the indemnity the City Corporation provides to Members and staff, funded from City's Cash.

## 2. INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted funds 2022/23 £	Unrestricted Funds 2021/22 £
Rental income	215,373	205,677
Service charges	71,926	74,039
Deferred income from Gresham Lease	1,463	1,463
<b>Total</b>	<b>288,762</b>	<b>281,179</b>

The void losses incurred in 2022/23 is £54,848.12.

## 3. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

	Unrestricted funds 2022/23 £	Unrestricted funds 2021/22 £
Investment income	30,824	41,533
Interest	6,755	3,321
<b>Total</b>	<b>37,579</b>	<b>44,854</b>

#### 4. EXPENDITURE ON RAISING FUNDS

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2022/23 £</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2021/22 £</b>
Raising funds	-	68
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>68</b>

#### 5. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted funds			Unrestricted funds		
	Direct costs £	Support costs £	<b>Total 2022/23 £</b>	Direct costs £	Support costs £	Total 2021/22 £
<b>Almshouses running costs</b>						
Management	-	123,668	<b>123,668</b>	-	70,921	70,921
Services	118,210	-	<b>118,210</b>	92,441	-	92,441
Routine maintenance	65,271	-	<b>65,271</b>	40,806	-	40,806
Planned maintenance	20,145	-	<b>20,145</b>	11,773	-	11,773
Contributions to Funds and Provisions	3,482	-	<b>3,482</b>	(641)	-	(641)
Depreciation of housing properties	17,800	-	<b>17,800</b>	7,300	-	7,300
<b>Total</b>	<b>224,908</b>	<b>123,668</b>	<b>348,576</b>	<b>151,679</b>	<b>70,921</b>	<b>222,600</b>

Within charitable activities are the services costs, comprised of:

	<b>2022/23 £</b>	<b>2021/22 £</b>
Lighting	<b>5,920</b>	5,368
Matrons	<b>53,860</b>	51,256
Window Cleaning	<b>471</b>	(1,002)
Water Rates	<b>(68)</b>	275
Groundsman	<b>25,471</b>	19,460
Rent	<b>6,858</b>	6,916
Council Tax	<b>24,618</b>	9,503
Pest Control	<b>1,080</b>	665
<b>Total</b>	<b>118,210</b>	<b>92,441</b>

#### 6. SUPPORT COSTS

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City of London Corporation on behalf of the Charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration and premises costs. Such costs are determined on a departmental basis, and are allocated on a cost recovery basis to the charity based on time spent, with associated office accommodation charged proportionately to the space occupied by the respective activities, with the split of costs as follows:

	Charitable activities £	Governance £	2022/23 £	2021/22 £
Audit fees	-	5,500	<b>5,500</b>	1,750
Central support	12,000	-	<b>12,000</b>	12,000
Legal fees	17,003	-	<b>17,003</b>	7,830
Other Management costs	89,165	-	<b>89,165</b>	49,341
Sub-total	118,168	5,500	<b>123,668</b>	70,921
Reallocation of governance costs	5,500	(5,500)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>123,668</b>	-	<b>123,668</b>	70,921

All support costs are undertaken from unrestricted funds and allocated based on the proportion relating to direct activities.

## 7. STAFF COSTS

All staff that work on behalf of the charity are employed by the City Corporation. The average number of people directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity during the year was 2.07 (2021/22: 2.3).

Amounts paid in respect of employees directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity were as follows:

	2022/23 £	2021/22 £
Salaries and wages	<b>59,564</b>	53,218
National Insurance costs	<b>6,653</b>	5,455
Employer's pension contributions	<b>13,114</b>	12,042
<b>Total emoluments of employees</b>	<b>79,331</b>	70,715

The charity considers its key management personnel to comprise the Members of the City of London Corporation, acting collectively for the City Corporation in its capacity as the Trustee. The number of directly charged employees whose emoluments (excluding employer's pension contribution) for the year were over £60,000 was nil (2021/22: nil). The charity does not have a Chief Executive.

## 8. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Crowe U.K. LLP are the auditors of the City of London City's Cash Fund and provide assurance services to all of the different charities of which it is Trustee. In 2022/23 an

audit fee of £5,500 was recharged (2021/22 £1,750). No other services were provided to the charity by its auditors during the year (2021/22: £nil).

## 9. TRUSTEE EXPENSES

The Members of the City of London Corporation acting on behalf of the Trustee did not receive any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses during 2022/23 (2021/22: nil).

## 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and Buildings £	Work in Progress £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2022 as restated	2,407,005	-	<b>2,407,005</b>
Additions	49,568	-	<b>49,568</b>
At 31 March 2023	2,456,573	-	<b>2,456,573</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2022	173,350	-	<b>173,350</b>
Charge for the year	17,800	-	<b>17,800</b>
At 31 March 2023	191,150	-	<b>191,150</b>
<b>Net book value</b>			
<b>At 31 March 2023</b>	2,265,423	-	<b>2,265,423</b>
At 31 March 2022	2,233,655	-	<b>2,233,655</b>

### Prior Year Adjustment

During the year it was identified that £305k of capital works had not been accrued at the previous year end. It was also identified that a further £339k of works had been treated as WIP but should have been identified as works to existing properties in prior year. As a result, a prior year adjustment has been made, which has the effect of increasing both fixed assets and creditors balances brought forward by £305k, and a reclassification from WIP to Land & Buildings of £339k.

The number of units supported social housing accommodation under management at 31 March 2023 was 42. (2022: 42)

## 11. INVESTMENTS

The investments are held in the City of London Corporation Charities Pool, a charity registered in the UK with the Charity Commission (charity number 1021138). The Charities Pool is a UK registered unit trust.

The value of investments held by the charity are as follows:

	<b>2023</b>	2022
	£	£
Market value 1 April	797,459	761,133
Gain/(loss) for the year	(18,032)	36,326
<b>Market value 31 March</b>	<b>779,427</b>	797,459
<b>Cost 31 March</b>	<b>417,370</b>	417,370
Units held in Charities Pool	<b>86,077</b>	86,077

The type of listed investments held as at 31 March was as follows:

	<b>Total at 31 March 2023</b>	Total at 31 March 2022
	£	£
Equities	<b>738,491</b>	738,980
Pooled Units	<b>25,539</b>	46,819
Cash held by Fund Manager	<b>15,397</b>	11,660
<b>Total</b>	<b>779,427</b>	797,459

## 12. DEBTORS

	<b>2023</b>	2022
	£	£
Other debtors	<b>25,682</b>	11,315

## 13. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	<b>2023</b>	Restated 2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	34,026	14,222
Deferred income	29,167	22,936
Accruals	72,784	334,704
<b>Total</b>	<b>135,977</b>	371,862

## 14. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2023	2022
	£	£
Deferred income	139,025	140,488
<b>Total</b>	<b>139,025</b>	<b>140,488</b>
	<b>2022</b>	2021
	£	£
<b>Deferred income analysis within creditors:</b>		
Balance at 1st April	140,488	141,951
Amounts released to income	(1,463)	(1,463)
Balance at 31 March	139,025	140,488

### Deferred income: lease to Gresham Almshouses

The City of London Almshouses (CoLA) owns the site. An agreement was entered into with Gresham Almshouses operated by the Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (charity number 221982) dated 7 December 1994 for the lease of the site for the next 125 years for the sum of £180,000. The deferred income is recognised on a straight line basis to the end of the term in 2118/19, with the remaining value recorded as a long-term creditor.

## 15. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BY FUND

At 31 March 2023

	Unrestricted funds				Total at 31 March 2023	Restated Total at 31 March 2022
	General funds	Designated funds	Restricted funds	Endowment funds		
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	302,097	643,575	1,319,751	-	2,265,423	2,233,655
Fixed assets - investments	600,861	178,566	-	-	779,427	797,459
Current assets	393,894	-	-	37,648	431,542	723,121
Total liabilities	(275,002)	-	-	-	(275,002)	(512,350)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,021,850</b>	<b>822,141</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>

At 31 March 2022

	Unrestricted funds				Total at 31 March 2022	Total at 31 March 2021
	General funds	Designated funds	Restricted funds	Endowment funds		
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	270,329	643,575	1,319,751	-	2,233,655	1,764,496
Fixed assets - investments	616,044	181,415	-	-	797,459	761,133
Current assets	685,473	-	-	37,648	723,121	809,078
Total liabilities	(512,350)	-	-	-	(512,350)	(227,802)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,059,496</b>	<b>824,990</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>

## 16. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

<b>At 31 March 2023</b>	Total as at 1 April 2022	Income	Expenditure	Gains & (losses)	Transfers	Total as at 31 March 2023
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	<b>37,648</b>
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	<b>1,319,751</b>
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	1,059,496	326,341	(348,576)	(15,411)	-	<b>1,021,850</b>
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	<b>36,000</b>
Capital reserves fund	643,575	-	-	-	-	<b>643,575</b>
Extraordinary repairs	145,415	-	-	(2,849)	-	<b>142,566</b>
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,884,486</b>	<b>326,341</b>	<b>(348,576)</b>	<b>(18,260)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,843,991</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>	<b>326,341</b>	<b>(348,576)</b>	<b>(18,260)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,201,390</b>
						Restated
<b>At 31 March 2022</b>	Total as at 1 April 2021	Income	Expenditure	Gains & (losses)	Transfers	Total as at 31 March 2022
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	37,648
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	1,406,715	326,033	(222,668)	25,875	(476,459)	1,059,496
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
Capital reserves fund	167,116	-	-	-	476,459	643,575
Extraordinary repairs	139,675	-	-	5,740	-	145,415
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,749,506</b>	<b>326,033</b>	<b>(222,668)</b>	<b>31,615</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,884,486</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>	<b>326,033</b>	<b>(222,668)</b>	<b>31,615</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>

### Purpose of endowment funds

The permanent endowment is held to generate income that is accounted for within the unrestricted funds. This original permanent endowment can only be used at the winding up of the Trust.

### Purpose of the restricted funds

#### Social Housing Grant

Social Housing Grants are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Included in the movement in Funds Analysis above is £1,319,751 in respect of social housing grant. This represents the total cumulative government grant receivable all of which has been recognized through the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### **Purpose of the unrestricted funds**

The general fund comprises the accumulation of income surpluses as a result of unspent investment and other income. Any undistributed annual income is held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the Trust.

### **Purpose of the designated funds**

Those unrestricted funds that have been set aside by the Trustee for specific purposes, as follows:

#### **Cyclical repairs**

Provision for future repainting, consists of yearly transfers from the revenue account based on the expected cost of repainting and transferred out to the revenue account in the year when cost arises.

#### **Extraordinary repairs**

To fund the future extraordinary repair, improvement or rebuilding of the Trust's property, consisting of yearly transfers based on income generated from investments alongside any increase or decrease in the market value of the investments representing this reserve.

## **17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

The City Corporation acting by the Court of Aldermen is the sole Trustee of the charity, as described on page 2.

The charity is required to disclose information on related party transactions with bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the charity. Members are required to disclose their interests, and these can be viewed online at [www.cityoflondon.gov.uk](http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk).

Members and senior staff are requested to disclose all related party transactions, including instances where their close family has made such transactions.

Figures in brackets represent the amounts due at the balance sheet date. Other figures represent the value of the transactions during the year.

<b>Related party</b>	<b>Connected party</b>	<b>2022/23</b> £	<b>2021/22</b> £	<b>Detail of transaction</b>
City of London Corporation	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>30,824 (nil)</b>	41,533 (nil)	Distribution from the Charities Pool
Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (221982)	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>1,463 (139,025)</b>	1,463 (140,488)	Sir Thomas Gresham Charity entered into a 125 year lease of the site from COLA as per the agreement dated 7 December 1994

## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS

**CHARITY NAME:** The City of London Almshouses

Registered charity number: 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers Number: A2266

**PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE CHARITY & THE CITY CORPORATION:**

Guildhall, London, EC2P 2EJ

**TRUSTEE:**

The Mayor and Commonalty & Citizens of the City of London

**SENIOR MANAGEMENT:**

**Chief Executive**

Ian Thomas CBE - The Town Clerk and Chief Executive of the City of London Corporation (appointed February 2023)

John Barradell OBE - The Town Clerk and Chief Executive of the City of London Corporation (resigned 31 December 2022)

**Treasurer**

Caroline Al-Beyerty - The Chamberlain and Chief Financial Officer of the City of London Corporation

**Solicitor**

Michael Cogher - The Comptroller and City Solicitor of the City of London Corporation

**AUDITORS:**

Crowe U.K. LLP, 55 Ludgate Hill, London EC4M 7JW

**BANKERS:**

Lloyds Bank Plc., P.O. Box 1000, BX1 1LT

**INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS:**

Artemis Investment Management LLP, Cassini House, 57 St. James's Street, London, SW1A 1LD

Contact for The Chamberlain & Chief Financial Officer, to request copies of governance documents:

[CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk](mailto:CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk)

**THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES**

England & Wales - Charity number 1005857

---

# Accounts

---

The City of London Almshouses

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year  
ended 31 March 2022

Charity registration number 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers

Number A2266

# CONTENTS

ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY.....	1
STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE .....	2
ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE.....	4
FINANCIAL REVIEW.....	5
TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES.....	7
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT.....	9
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.....	13
BALANCE SHEET.....	14
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS .....	15
REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS .....	27

## ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY

The City of London Almshouses was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under the name 'City of London Almshouses Trust', under a scheme which amalgamated the following three charities:

<b>Charity name</b>	<b>History</b>
City of London Freemen's Houses	Regulated by a conveyance dated 1 January 1848 and comprised in a Scheme of the Charity Commissioners of the 19 August 1975
Roger's Almshouses	Comprised in a declaration of trust dated 15 July 1858
Brown's Gift	Regulated by declaration of trust dated 22 March 1934

# TRUSTEE'S ANNUAL REPORT

## STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE

### GOVERNING DOCUMENTS

The City of London Almshouses is a registered charity and also a registered social landlord, under Section 1 (2) of the Housing Act 1996. It was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under a scheme which amalgamated:

- City of London Freeman's Houses
- Rogers' Almshouses
- Brown's Gift

The Charity Commission agreed with effect from 26 July 2011 for the City of London Corporation to become the sole corporate Trustee in place of various individuals.

### GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

The Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London (also referred to as 'the City Corporation' or 'the City of London Corporation'), a body corporate and politic, is the Trustee of The City of London Almshouses. The City Corporation is Trustee acting by the Court of Common Council of the City of London in its general corporate capacity and that executive body has delegated responsibility in respect of the administration and management of this charity to various committees and sub-committees of the Common Council, membership of which is drawn from 125 elected Members of the Common Council and external appointees to those committees. In making appointments to committees, the Court of Common Council will take into consideration any particular expertise and knowledge of the elected Members, and where relevant, external appointees. External appointments are made after due advertisement and rigorous selection to fill gaps in skills.

Members of the Court of Common Council are unpaid and are elected by the electorate of the City of London. The Key Committees which had responsibility for directly managing matters related to the charity during 2021/22 was as follows:

The Housing Management and Almshouses Sub (Community and Children's Services) Committee of the City Corporation administers the charity on behalf of the Trustee.

The above committee is ultimately responsible to the Court of Common Council of the City of London. Committee meetings are held in public, enabling the decision-making process to be clear, transparent and publicly accountable. Details of the membership of Committees of the City Corporation are available at [www.cityoflondon.gov.uk](http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk)

The Trustee believes that good governance is fundamental to the success of the charity. A comprehensive review of governance is being undertaken and recommendations are being considered to ensure that the charity is effective in

fulfilling its objectives. Reference is being made to the good practices recommended within the Charity Governance Code throughout this review. Focus is being placed on ensuring regulatory compliance and the ongoing maintenance of an efficient and effective portfolio of charities that maximise impact for beneficiaries.

## **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

The objective of the charity is the provision of Almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons, and daughters and where practicable to married couples.

Throughout the year the Almshouse Manager actively sought new applications, reporting to Trustees on applicants who may not quite meet the criteria (for instance within a year of the age requirement) making recommendations on applicants' behalf when they filled all other criteria.

### **Investment Policy**

The charity's investments are held in units of the City of London Charities Pool (registered charity 1021138). The investment policy is to provide a real increase in annual income in the long term whilst preserving the value of the capital base. The annual report and financial statements of the Charities Pool (which include an analysis of investment performance against objectives set) are available from the Chamberlain of London, at the email address stated on page 27.

### **Public benefit statement**

The Trustee confirms that it has referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing The City of London Almshouses' aims and objectives and in planning future activities. The purpose of the charity is as stated above.

Consequently, the Trustee considers that The City of London Almshouses operates to benefit the general public and satisfies the public benefit test.

### **Remuneration Policy**

The charity's senior staff are employees of the City Corporation and, alongside all staff, pay is reviewed annually. The City Corporation is committed to attracting, recruiting, and retaining skilled people and rewarding employees fairly for their contribution. As part of this commitment, staff are regularly appraised and, subject to performance, eligible for the payment of bonuses and recognition awards.

The above policy applies to staff within the charity's key management personnel, as defined within note 7 to the financial statements.

The charity is committed to equal opportunities for all employees. An Equality and Inclusion Board has been established to actively promote equality, diversity and inclusion in service delivery and employment practices. The Board is responsible for monitoring the delivery of the Equality and Inclusion Action Plan and progress against

the Equality Objectives. This also includes addressing the City Corporation's gender, ethnicity and disability pay gaps.

Owing to the COVID 19 pandemic and the recommendations from the Tackling Racism Taskforce, which was set up last year to identify the actions that the City Corporation could implement to tackle racism in all its forms, the Corporate Equality and Inclusion Plan will be updated in the autumn. There is work ongoing relating the new Equalities and Inclusion objectives, that will include internal and external consultation. This is expected to take place in the at the end of April 2023, with publication of the revised Equalities and Inclusion objectives by September 2023.

Senior staff posts of the City Corporation are individually evaluated and assessed independently against the external market allowing each post to be allocated an individual salary range within the relevant grade, which incorporates market factors as well as corporate importance.

## **ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE**

Despite Covid 19 pandemic, the Almshouse Manager continued to work as usual throughout 2021/2022, supporting residents in need. This was achieved by risk assessments of vulnerable residents, utilising monitoring equipment and social distancing, there was no significant changes in the day to day support to residents and management of Almshouses. The refurbishment project was delayed due to access requirements of resident homes but has now been completed in March 2022. In January 2022 social activities for residents were slowly reintroduced and the full programme of activities have now resumed for residents.

## **PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS**

The objectives for 2022/23 are:

- To continue to the provision of almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to Freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons and daughters and where practicable to married couples.
- Significant work to refurbish the internal and external fabric of the housing properties was delayed due to pandemic restrictions. Internal works and some external works have been completed. Further external works are planned.
- A full review of Almshouses policies and procedures will be undertaken in 2022/23 under the City of London's Charity review.

# FINANCIAL REVIEW

## Overview of Financial Performance

### Income

In 2021/22 the charity total income for the year was £326,033, an overall decrease of £28,257 against the previous year (2020/21: £354,290).

Income from charitable activities totalled £281,179 (2020/21: £314,966), comprising rental and service charge income.

Income from investments comprised £44,854 (2020/21: £39,324), being £41,533 from managed investments (2020/21: £31,388) and £3,321 from bank interest (2020/21: £7,936).

### Expenditure

Total expenditure for the year was £222,668 (2020/21: £270,215). Within this, charitable activities expenditure totalled £222,600 (2020/21: £269,865). The key costs are Management, Services and Routine & Planned maintenance. Expenditure on raising funds was £68 (2020/21: £350), covering the costs of interest expenses.

### Investment performance

Over the course of 2021/22 the Charities Pool investment strategy delivered an absolute return (gross of fees) of 11.1% which was below the FTSE All Share Index benchmark return of 13.0%, although this followed a period of outperformance in the prior year (the investment strategy gained 30.7% in 2020/21 versus 26.7% from the benchmark). The Charities Pool invests in an actively managed, high conviction strategy where performance is expected to be volatile over the short term. Over the longer term three and five year horizon, the Charities Pool continues to outperform the FTSE All Share Index as shown below.

Fund	2021/22		2020/21	
	3 year	5 year	3 year	5 year
Fund	7.3%	6.2%	5.0%	7.2%
FTSE All Share	5.3%	4.7%	3.2%	6.3%
Fund outperformance	+2.0%	+1.5%	+1.8%	+0.9%

### Funds held

The charity's total funds held increased by £134,980 to £3,241,885 as at 31 March 2022 (2020/21: £3,106,905). Within the total funds held, £37,648 (2020/21: £37,648) represent permanent endowment funds which are held as a capital fund to generate income for the primary objectives of the charity. Restricted income funds amounted to £1,319,751 (2020/21: £1,319,751) being social housing grants which are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Unrestricted income funds amounted to £1,884,486 (2020/21: £1,749,506). These funds are held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

Details of all funds held, including their purposes, is set out within note 15 to the financial statements.

### **Reserves**

The Reserves Policy is to maintain the endowment funds of the charity in investments in the Charities Pool administered by the City of London Corporation and use the investment income together with other funds, in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

The free reserves of the charity are held to cover working capital needs. The Trustee has revised its policy in 2020/21 to meet future working capital needs. The Trustee believes that a minimum amount of £2,800 should be held at present, which will be subject to annual review. Actual free reserves (unrestricted funds not designated or tied up in fixed assets) were £992k, well above the minimum amount, and the use of these reserves will be factored into the plans for future periods, including those set out on page 4.

### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The charity is committed to a programme of risk management as an element of its strategy to preserve the charity's assets. In order to embed sound practice the senior leadership team ensures that risk management policies are applied, that there is an on-going review of activity and that appropriate advice and support is provided. A key risk register has been prepared for the charity, which has been reviewed by the Trustee. This identifies the potential impact of key risks and the measures which are in place to mitigate such risks.

## TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES

The Trustee is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the Trustee to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under charity law the Trustee must not approve the financial statements unless the Trustee is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

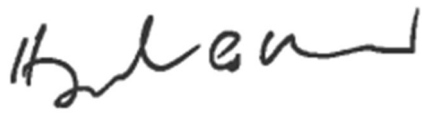
The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustee is aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- the Trustee has taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Financial statements are published on the Trustee's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Trustee's website is the responsibility of the Trustee. The Trustee's responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

Adopted and signed for on behalf of the Trustee.



Henry Nicholas Almroth Colthurst, Deputy  
Chairman of Finance Committee of  
The City of London Corporation



Randall Keith Anderson, Deputy  
Deputy Chairman of Finance  
Committee of The City of London  
Corporation

Guildhall, London

26 April 2023

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES

## Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The City of London School Almshouses ('the charity') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

## Other information

The Trustee are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report,

other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustee's report; or
- sufficient and proper accounting records have not been kept by the Charity; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### **Responsibilities of Trustee**

As explained more fully in the Trustee's responsibilities statement set out on pages 7 and 8, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee are responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011, and report in accordance with the Acts and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered

material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Details of the extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations are set out below.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud**

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We identified and assessed the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements from irregularities, whether due to fraud or error, and discussed these between our audit team members. We then designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks within which the Charity operates, focusing on those laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The laws and regulations we considered in this context were the Charities Act 2011 together with the Charities SORP (FRS102) 2019. We assessed the required compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our audit procedures on the related financial statement items.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which might be fundamental to the Charity's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. We also considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the charity for fraud. The laws and regulations we considered in this context for the UK operations were General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), Anti-fraud, bribery and corruption legislation, Health and safety legislation, and Employment legislation.

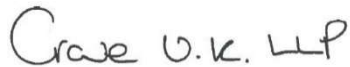
Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the Trustee and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any.

We identified the greatest risk of material impact on the financial statements from irregularities, including fraud, to be within the timing of recognition of income, and the override of controls by management. Our audit procedures to respond to these risks included enquiries of management, internal audit, legal counsel and the Audit & Risk Committee about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities, sample testing on the posting of journals, reviewing accounting estimates for biases, reviewing regulatory correspondence with the Charity Commission, and reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations

(irregularities) is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it. In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the charity's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with Part 4 of the Charities (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's Trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



**Crowe U.K. LLP**  
Statutory Auditor

55 Ludgate Hill, London, EC4M 7JW

27 April 2023

Crowe U.K. LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	2021/22 Total Funds £	2020/21 Total Funds £
<b>Income from:</b>						
Charitable activities	2	281,179	-	-	<b>281,179</b>	314,966
Investments	3	44,854	-	-	<b>44,854</b>	39,324
<b>Total income</b>		<b>326,033</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>326,033</b>	<b>354,290</b>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>						
Raising funds	4	68	-	-	<b>68</b>	350
Charitable activities	5	222,600	-	-	<b>222,600</b>	269,865
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>222,668</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>222,668</b>	<b>270,215</b>
Net gains/(losses) on investments	11	36,326	-	-	<b>36,326</b>	150,244
Net gains/(losses) on short term deposit		(4,711)	-	-	<b>(4,711)</b>	564
<b>Net movement in investment</b>		<b>31,615</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>31,615</b>	<b>150,808</b>
<b>Net income/(expenditure) and net movement in funds</b>		<b>134,980</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>134,980</b>	<b>234,883</b>
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>						
Total funds brought forward	16	1,749,506	1,319,751	37,648	<b>3,106,905</b>	2,872,022
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>	16	<b>1,884,486</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities.

There were no other recognised gains and losses other than those shown above.

The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

# BALANCE SHEET

## AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	<b>2022 Total £</b>	2021 Total £
<b>Fixed assets:</b>			
Tangible assets	10	<b>1,929,019</b>	1,764,496
Investments	11	<b>797,459</b>	761,133
<b>Total fixed assets</b>		<b>2,726,478</b>	2,525,629
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	12	<b>11,187</b>	17,283
Cash at bank and in hand		<b>711,934</b>	791,795
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>723,121</b>	809,078
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	13	<b>(67,226)</b>	(85,851)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>655,895</b>	723,227
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>3,382,373</b>	3,248,856
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	14	<b>(140,488)</b>	(141,951)
<b>Total net assets</b>		<b>3,241,885</b>	3,106,905
<b>The funds of the charity:</b>			
Endowment funds	16	<b>37,648</b>	37,648
Restricted funds	16	<b>1,319,751</b>	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds	16	<b>1,884,486</b>	1,749,506
<b>Total funds</b>		<b>3,241,885</b>	3,106,905

The notes on pages 15 to 26 form part of these financial statements

Approved and signed on behalf of the Trustee.

Caroline Al-Beyerty  
Chamberlain of London and Chief Financial Officer

26 April 2023

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements of the charity.

### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (second edition effective 1 January 2019) and the Charities Act 2011.

### (b) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Trustee considers that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. The majority of the charity's income is from rents from the properties and the Trustee is active in ensuring that these are fully let by advertising and maintaining a waiting list. A long-term financial plan has been agreed to ensure that funds are available as major works arise. The latest forecast anticipates that adequate funds will be available in the next 12 months from the date of signing these accounts to enable the charity to continue to fulfil its obligations.

### (c) Key management judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenditure. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of decisions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. Management do not consider there to be any material revisions requiring disclosure.

### (d) Statement of Cash Flows

As per Section 14.1 of the Charities SORP the Charity is not required to produce a statement of cash flows on the grounds that it is a small entity.

**(e) Income**

All income is included in the Statements of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income; it is more likely than not that economic benefit associated with the transaction will come to the charity and the amount can be quantified with reasonable certainty. Income consists of rental and service charge income, investment income and grants.

**(f) Expenditure**

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under the principal categories of 'raising funds' and 'expenditure on charitable activities'. Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City Corporation on behalf of the charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration, public relations and premises costs. The basis of the cost allocation is the employee time spent on the respective services. Officers of the City Corporation provide financial and governance administrative assistance to the charity when required. From 2021/22, the City Corporation, as Trustee, has taken a decision to seek reimbursement for the administration fees incurred from each of its charities.

The Trustee, the City Corporation, accounts centrally for all payroll related deductions. As a result, the charity accounts for all such sums due as having been paid.

**(g) Taxation**

The charity meets the definition of a charitable trust for UK income tax purposes, as set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010. Accordingly, the charity is exempt from UK taxation in respect of income or capital gains under part 10 of the Income Tax Act 2007 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

**(h) Investments**

Investments are made in the City of London Charities Pool (charity number 1021138) which is an investment mechanism operating in a similar way to a unit trust. This enables the City of London Corporation to "pool" small charitable investments together and consequently obtain better returns than would be the case if investments were made individually.

Investments are valued at bid-price. Gains and losses for the year on investments held as fixed assets are included in the Statement of Financial Activities.

**(i) Funds structure**

Income, expenditure and gains/losses are allocated to particular funds according to their purpose:

**Permanent endowment fund** – this fund consists of funds which are held in perpetuity for the benefit of the charity as a result of conditions imposed by the original donors and trusts. Income generated from the cash held in this fund can be spent on the charitable purpose of the charity, hence is allocated to the unrestricted income fund.

**Restricted funds** – these include income that is subject to specific restrictions imposed by donors, with related expenditure deducted when incurred.

**Unrestricted income funds** – these funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the Trustee and include both income generated by assets held within the permanent endowment and from those representing unrestricted funds. Specifically, this represents any surplus of income over expenditure for the charity which is carried forward to meet the requirements of future years, known as free reserves.

#### **(j) Pension Costs**

Employees seconded from the City of London Corporation are entitled to be members of the City of London Corporation's Pension Scheme. These costs are included in the total salaries charged.

Staff are employed by the City of London Corporation and are eligible to contribute to the City of London Local Government Pension Fund, which is a funded defined benefit scheme. The estimated net deficit on the Fund is the responsibility of the City of London Corporation as a whole, as one employer, rather than the specific responsibility of any of its three main funds (City Fund, City's Cash and Bridge House Estates) or the trusts it supports.

The Fund's estimated net liability has been determined by independent actuaries in accordance with FRS102 as £832.7m as at 31 March 2022 (£919.7m as at 31 March 2021). Since any net deficit is apportioned between the financial statements of the City of London's three main funds, the charity's Trustee does not anticipate that any of the liability will fall on the charity. The charity is unable to identify its share of the pension scheme assets and liabilities and therefore the Pension Fund is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme in these financial statements.

Barnett Waddingham, an independent actuary, carried out the latest triennial actuarial assessment of the scheme as at 31 March 2019, using the projected unit method. The actuary will carry out the next assessment of the scheme as at 31 March 2022, which will set contributions for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2024. Contribution rates adopted for the financial years 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 have been set at 21% (2018/19: 21%).

#### **(k) Tangible fixed assets**

The City of London Almshouses were erected in the mid-19<sup>th</sup> century. There is no record of the original cost and no value has therefore been attributed. The cost stated for fixed assets for land and buildings relates to subsequent improvements and refurbishments. This excludes expenditure on routine and planned repairs and

maintenance of fixed assets which is charged directly within the Trust's charitable activities.

Depreciation for improvements and refurbishments to buildings is charged on a straight-line basis, in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Improvements and refurbishments to buildings	61

It is the Trust's policy to ensure that the dwellings are kept in a good standard of repair and that there are sufficient resources to meet this requirement.

### (I) Insurance

The charity, elected Members and staff supporting the charity's administration are covered by the City Corporations insurance liability policies, and otherwise under the indemnity the City Corporation provides to Members and staff, funded from City's Cash.

## 2. INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2021/22 £</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2020/21 £</b>
Rental income	<b>205,677</b>	228,989
Service charges	<b>74,039</b>	82,488
Deferred income from Gresham Lease	<b>1,463</b>	3,489
<b>Total</b>	<b>281,179</b>	314,966

## 3. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2021/22 £</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2020/21 £</b>
Investment income	<b>41,533</b>	31,388
Interest	<b>3,321</b>	7,936
<b>Total</b>	<b>44,854</b>	39,324

#### 4. EXPENDITURE ON RAISING FUNDS

	<b>Unrestricted funds 2021/22 £</b>	<b>Unrestricted funds 2020/21 £</b>
Raising funds	<b>68</b>	350

#### 5. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted funds			Unrestricted funds		
	Direct costs £	Support costs £	<b>Total 2021/22 £</b>	Direct costs £	Support costs £	Total 2020/21 £
<b>Almshouses running costs</b>						
Management	-	70,921	<b>70,921</b>	-	110,589	110,589
Services	92,441	-	<b>92,441</b>	95,478	-	95,478
Routine maintenance	40,806	-	<b>40,806</b>	22,086	-	22,086
Planned maintenance	11,773	-	<b>11,773</b>	13,941	-	13,941
Supplementary Revenue Projects	-	-	-	554	-	554
Contributions to Funds and Provisions	(641)	-	<b>(641)</b>	19,917	-	19,917
Depreciation of housing properties	7,300	-	<b>7,300</b>	7,300	-	7,300
<b>Total</b>	<b>151,679</b>	<b>70,921</b>	<b>222,600</b>	<b>159,276</b>	<b>110,589</b>	<b>269,865</b>

Within charitable activities are the services costs, comprised of:

	<b>2021/22 £</b>	<b>2020/21 £</b>
Lighting	<b>5,368</b>	3,564
Matrons	<b>51,256</b>	52,972
Window Cleaning	<b>(1,002)</b>	1,473
Water Rates	<b>275</b>	(21)
Groundsman	<b>19,460</b>	25,904
Rent	<b>6,916</b>	6,695
Council Tax	<b>9,503</b>	4,351
Pest Control	<b>665</b>	540
<b>Total</b>	<b>92,441</b>	<b>95,478</b>

## 6. SUPPORT COSTS

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City of London Corporation on behalf of the Charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration and premises costs. Such costs are determined on a departmental basis, and are allocated on a cost recovery basis to the charity based on time spent, with associated office accommodation charged proportionately to the space occupied by the respective activities, with the split of costs as follows:

	Charitable activities £	Governance £	2021/22 £	2020/21 £
Audit fees	-	1,750	<b>1,750</b>	-
Central support	12,000	-	<b>12,000</b>	12,000
Legal fees	7,831	-	<b>7,831</b>	4,147
Other Management costs	49,341	-	<b>49,341</b>	94,442
<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>69,171</b>	<b>1,750</b>	<b>70,921</b>	<b>110,589</b>
Reallocation of governance costs	1,750	(1,750)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>70,921</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>70,921</b>	<b>110,589</b>

All support costs are undertaken from unrestricted funds and allocated based on the proportion relating to direct activities.

## 7. STAFF COSTS

All staff that work on behalf of the charity are employed by the City Corporation. The average number of people directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity during the year was 2.3 (2020/21: 2.3).

Amounts paid in respect of employees directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity were as follows:

	2021/22 £	2020/21 £
Salaries and wages	<b>53,218</b>	59,399
National Insurance costs	<b>5,455</b>	6,075
Employer's pension contributions	<b>12,042</b>	13,402
<b>Total emoluments of employees</b>	<b>70,715</b>	<b>78,876</b>

The charity considers its key management personnel to comprise the Members of the City of London Corporation, acting collectively for the City Corporation in its capacity as the Trustee. The number of directly charged employees whose emoluments (excluding employer's pension contribution) for the year were over £60,000 was nil (2020/21: nil)

## 8. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Crowe UK LLP are the auditors of the City of London City's Cash Fund and provide assurance services to all of the different charities of which it is Trustee. From 2021/22, the City Corporation, as Trustee, has taken a decision to seek reimbursement for the fees incurred from each of its charities. In 2021/22 an audit fee of £1,750 was recharged (2020/21 £nil). No other services were provided to the charity by its auditors during the year (2020/21: £nil).

## 9. TRUSTEE EXPENSES

The Members of the City of London Corporation acting on behalf of the Trustee did not receive any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses during 2021/22 (2020/21: nil)

## 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and Buildings £	Work in Progress £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2021	1,763,430	167,116	<b>1,930,546</b>
Additions	-	171,823	<b>171,823</b>
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>1,763,430</b>	<b>338,939</b>	<b>2,102,369</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2021	166,050	-	<b>166,050</b>
Charge for the year	7,300	-	<b>7,300</b>
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>173,350</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>173,350</b>
<b>Net book value</b>			
<b>At 31 March 2022</b>	<b>1,590,080</b>	<b>338,939</b>	<b>1,929,019</b>
<b>At 31 March 2021</b>	<b>1,597,380</b>	<b>167,116</b>	<b>1,764,496</b>

## 11. INVESTMENTS

The investments are held in the City of London Corporation Charities Pool, a charity registered in the UK with the Charity Commission (charity number 1021138). The Charities Pool is a UK registered unit trust.

The value of investments held by the charity are as follows:

	<b>2022</b>	2021
	£	£
Market value 1 April	761,133	610,889
Gain/(loss) for the year	36,326	150,244
<b>Market value 31 March</b>	<b>797,459</b>	761,133
<b>Cost 31 March</b>	<b>417,370</b>	417,370
Units held in Charities Pool	<b>86,077</b>	86,077

The type of listed investments held as at 31 March was as follows:

	<b>Total at 31</b>	Total at 31
	<b>March</b>	March
	<b>2022</b>	2021
	£	£
Equities	<b>738,980</b>	710,056
Pooled Units	<b>46,819</b>	40,717
Cash held by Fund Manager	<b>11,660</b>	10,360
<b>Total</b>	<b>797,459</b>	761,133

## 12. DEBTORS

	<b>2022</b>	2021
	£	£
Other debtors	<b>11,315</b>	17,283

## 13. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	<b>2022</b>	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	<b>67,226</b>	70,986
Other creditors	-	12,234
Deferred income	-	2,631
<b>Total</b>	<b>67,226</b>	85,851

## 14. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Deferred income	140,488	141,951
Other creditors	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>140,488</b>	<b>141,951</b>

	2022	2021
	£	£
<b>Deferred income analysis within creditors:</b>		
Balance at 1st April	141,951	145,440
Amounts released to income	(1,463)	(858)
<b>Balance at 31 March</b>	<b>140,488</b>	<b>144,582</b>

### Deferred income: lease to Gresham Almshouses

The City of London Almshouses (CoLA) owns the site. An agreement was entered into with Gresham Almshouses operated by the Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (charity number 221982) dated 7 December 1994 for the lease of the site for the next 125 years for the sum of £180,000. The deferred income is recognised on a straight line basis to the end of the term in 2118/19, with the remaining value recorded as a long-term creditor.

## 15. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BY FUND

At 31 March 2022

	Unrestricted funds			Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2022	Total at 31 March 2021
	General funds	Designated funds	Restricted funds			
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	270,329	338,939	1,319,751	-	1,929,019	1,764,496
Fixed assets - investments	616,044	181,415	-	-	797,459	761,133
Current assets	685,473	-	-	37,648	723,121	809,078
Total liabilities	(207,714)	-	-	-	(207,714)	(227,802)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,364,132</b>	<b>520,354</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>

At 31 March 2021

	Unrestricted funds			Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2021	Total at 31 March 2020
	General funds	Designated funds	Restricted funds			
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	277,629	167,116	1,319,751	-	1,764,496	1,690,267
Fixed assets - investments	585,458	175,675	-	-	761,133	610,889
Current assets	771,430	-	-	37,648	809,078	810,079
Total liabilities	(227,802)	-	-	-	(227,802)	(239,213)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,406,715</b>	<b>342,791</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>

## 16. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

<b>At 31 March 2022</b>	Total as at 1 April 2021	Income	Expenditure	Gains & (losses)	Transfers	<b>Total as at 31 March 2022</b>
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	<b>37,648</b>
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	<b>1,319,751</b>
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	1,406,715	326,033	(222,668)	25,875	(171,823)	<b>1,364,132</b>
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	<b>36,000</b>
Capital reserves fund	167,116	-	-	-	171,823	<b>338,939</b>
Extraordinary repairs	139,675	-	-	5,740	-	<b>145,415</b>
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,749,506</b>	<b>326,033</b>	<b>(222,668)</b>	<b>31,615</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,884,486</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>	<b>326,033</b>	<b>(222,668)</b>	<b>31,615</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,241,885</b>

At 31 March 2021	Total as at 1 April 2020	Income	Expenditure	Gains & (losses)	Transfers	Total as at 31 March 2021
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Endowment funds:						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	37,648
Restricted funds:						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds:						
General funds	1,277,105	354,290	(270,215)	127,064	(81,529)	1,406,715
Designated funds:						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
Capital reserves fund	85,587	-	-	-	81,529	167,116
Extraordinary repairs	115,931	-	-	23,744	-	139,675
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,514,623</b>	<b>354,290</b>	<b>(270,215)</b>	<b>150,808</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,749,506</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>	<b>354,290</b>	<b>(270,215)</b>	<b>150,808</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>

### Purpose of endowment funds

The permanent endowment is held to generate income that is accounted for within the unrestricted funds. This original permanent endowment can only be used at the winding up of the Trust.

### Purpose of the restricted funds

#### Social Housing Grant

Social Housing Grants are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

### **Purpose of the unrestricted funds**

The general fund comprises the accumulation of income surpluses as a result of unspent investment income. Any undistributed annual income is held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the Trust.

### **Purpose of the designated funds**

Those unrestricted funds that have been set aside by the Trustee for specific purposes, as follows:

#### **Cyclical repairs**

Provision for future repainting, consists of yearly transfers from the revenue account based on the expected cost of repainting and transferred out to the revenue account in the year when cost arises.

#### **Extraordinary repairs**

To fund the future extraordinary repair, improvement or rebuilding of the Trust's property, consisting of yearly transfers based on income generated from investments alongside any increase or decrease in the market value of the investments representing this reserve.

## 17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City Corporation acting by the Court of Aldermen is the sole Trustee of the charity, as described on page 2.

The charity is required to disclose information on related party transactions with bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the charity. Members are required to disclose their interests, and these can be viewed online at [www.cityoflondon.gov.uk](http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk).

Members and senior staff are requested to disclose all related party transactions, including instances where their close family has made such transactions.

Figures in brackets represent the amounts due at the balance sheet date. Other figures represent the value of the transactions during the year.

Related party	Connected party	2021/22 £	2020/21 £	Detail of transaction
City of London Corporation	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>41,533</b> (nil)	31,388 (nil)	Distribution from the Charities Pool
Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (221982)	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>1,463</b> <b>(140,488)</b>	3,489 (141,951)	Sir Thomas Gresham Charity entered into a 125 year lease of the site from COLA as per the agreement dated 7 December 1994

## REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS

**CHARITY NAME:** The City of London Almshouses

Registered charity number: 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers Number: A2266

**PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE CHARITY & THE CITY CORPORATION:**

Guildhall, London, EC2P 2EJ

**TRUSTEE:**

The Mayor and Commonalty & Citizens of the City of London

**SENIOR MANAGEMENT:**

**Chief Executive**

John Barradell OBE - The Town Clerk and Chief Executive of the City of London Corporation

**Treasurer**

Caroline Al-Beyerty - The Chamberlain and Chief Financial Officer of the City of London Corporation (appointed 1 May 2021)

Dr Peter Kane – The Chamberlain of the City of London Corporation (retired 30 April 2021)

**Solicitor**

Michael Cogher - The Comptroller and City Solicitor of the City of London Corporation

**AUDITORS:**

Crowe U.K. LLP, 5 Ludgate Hill, London EC4M 7JW

**BANKERS:**

Lloyds Bank Plc., P.O. Box 72, Bailey Drive, Gillingham Business Park, Kent ME8 0LS

**INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS:**

Artemis Investment Management LLP, Cassini House, 57 St. James's Street, London, SW1A 1LD

Contact for The Chamberlain & Chief Financial Officer, to request copies of governance documents:

[CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk](mailto:CHBOffice-BusinessSupport@cityoflondon.gov.uk)

**THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES**

England & Wales - Charity number 1005857

---

# Accounts

---

# **The City of London Almshouses**

**Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year  
ended 31 March 2021**

**Charity registration number 1005857**

**The Register of Social Housing Providers**

**Number A2266**

# CONTENTS

ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY .....	1
STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE.....	2
ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE .....	4
FINANCIAL REVIEW.....	5
TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES.....	7
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT .....	9
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES.....	13
BALANCE SHEET .....	14
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.....	15
REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS .....	26

## ORIGINS OF THE CHARITY

The City of London Almshouses was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under the name 'City of London Almshouses Trust', under a scheme which amalgamated the following three charities:

<b>Charity name</b>	<b>History</b>
City of London Freemen's Houses	Regulated by a conveyance dated 1 January 1848 and comprised in a Scheme of the Charity Commissioners of the 19 August 1975
Roger's Almshouses	Comprised in a declaration of trust dated 15 July 1858
Brown's Gift	Regulated by declaration of trust dated 22 March 1934

# TRUSTEE'S ANNUAL REPORT

## STRUCTURE AND GOVERNANCE

### GOVERNING DOCUMENTS

The City of London Almshouses is a registered charity and also a registered social landlord, under Section 1 (2) of the Housing Act 1996. It was registered with the Charity Commission in July 1991, under a scheme which amalgamated:

- City of London Freemen's Houses
- Rogers' Almshouses
- Brown's Gift

The Charity Commission agreed with effect from 26 July 2011 for the City of London Corporation to become the sole corporate Trustee in place of various individuals.

### GOVERNANCE ARRANGEMENTS

The Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London (also referred to as 'the City Corporation' or 'the City of London Corporation'), a body corporate and politic, is the Trustee of The City of London Almshouses. The City Corporation is Trustee acting by the Court of Common Council of the City of London in its general corporate capacity and that executive body has delegated responsibility in respect of the administration and management of this charity to various committees and sub-committees of the Common Council, membership of which is drawn from 125 elected Members of the Common Council and external appointees to those committees. In making appointments to committees, the Court of Common Council will take into consideration any particular expertise and knowledge of the elected Members, and where relevant, external appointees. External appointments are made after due advertisement and rigorous selection to fill gaps in skills.

Members of the Court of Common Council are unpaid and are elected by the electorate of the City of London. The Key Committees which had responsibility for directly managing matters related to the charity during 2020/21 was as follows:

The Housing Management and Almshouses Sub (Community and Children's Services) Committee of the City Corporation administers the charity on behalf of the Trustee.

The above committee is ultimately responsible to the Court of Common Council of the City of London. Committee meetings are held in public, enabling the decision-making process to be clear, transparent and publicly accountable. Details of the membership of Committees of the City Corporation are available at [www.cityoflondon.gov.uk](http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk)

The Trustee believes that good governance is fundamental to the success of the charity. A comprehensive review of governance commenced during 2019/20 and is ongoing to ensure that the charity is effective in fulfilling its objectives. Reference is

being made to the good practices recommended within the Charity Governance Code throughout this review. Focus is being placed on ensuring regulatory compliance and the ongoing maintenance of an efficient and effective portfolio of charities that maximise impact for beneficiaries.

## **OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

The objective of the charity is the provision of Almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons and daughters and where practicable to married couples.

Throughout the year the Almshouse Manager actively sought new applications, reporting to Trustees on applicants who may not quite meet the criteria (for instance within a year of the age requirement) making recommendations on applicants behalf when they filled all other criteria.

### **Investment Policy**

The charity's investments are held in units of the City of London Charities Pool (registered charity 1021138). The investment policy is to provide a real increase in annual income in the long term whilst preserving the value of the capital base. The annual report and financial statements of the Charities Pool (which include an analysis of investment performance against objectives set) are available from the Chamberlain of London, at the email address stated on page 26.

### **Public benefit statement**

The Trustee confirms that it has referred to the guidance contained in the Charity Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing The City of London Almshouses' aims and objectives and in planning future activities. The purpose of the charity is as stated above.

Consequently, the Trustee considers that The City of London Almshouses operates to benefit the general public and satisfies the public benefit test.

### **Remuneration Policy**

The charity's senior staff are employees of the City Corporation and, alongside all staff, pay is reviewed annually. The City Corporation is committed to attracting, recruiting and retaining skilled people and rewarding employees fairly for their contribution. As part of this commitment, staff are regularly appraised and, subject to performance, eligible for the payment of bonuses and recognition awards.

The above policy applies to staff within the charity's key management personnel, as defined within note 6 to the financial statements.

The charity is committed to equal opportunities for all employees. An Equality and Inclusion Board has been established to actively promote equality, diversity and inclusion in service delivery and employment practices. The Board is responsible for monitoring the delivery of the Equality and Inclusion Action Plan and progress against

the Equality Objectives. This also includes addressing the City Corporation's gender, ethnicity and disability pay gaps.

Owing to the COVID 19 pandemic and the recommendations from the Tackling Racism Taskforce, which was set up last year to identify the actions that the City Corporation could implement to tackle racism in all its forms, the Corporate Equality and Inclusion Plan is currently being updated. There is work ongoing relating the new Equalities and Inclusion objectives, that will include internal and external consultation. This is expected to take place in the summer, with publication of the revised Equalities and Inclusion objectives by the end of 2021.

Senior staff posts of the City Corporation are individually evaluated and assessed independently against the external market allowing each post to be allocated an individual salary range within the relevant grade, which incorporates market factors as well as corporate importance.

## **ACHIEVEMENTS AND PERFORMANCE**

Despite Covid 19 pandemic, the Almshouse Manager continued to work as usual throughout 2020/2021, supporting residents in need. This was achieved by risk assessments of vulnerable residents, utilising monitoring equipment and social distancing, there was no significant changes in the day to day support to residents and management of Almshouses, until the end of the financial year. The refurbishment project has been delayed due to access requirements of resident homes and is due to recommence in July 2021.

## **PLANS FOR FUTURE PERIODS**

The objectives for 2021/22 are:

- To continue to the provision of almshouses for poor or aged persons, giving preference to Freemen of the City of London, their wives, widows, sons and daughters and where practicable to married couples.
- Significant work to refurbish the internal and external fabric of the housing properties was delayed due to pandemic restrictions.
- A full review of Almshouses policies and procedures will be undertaken in 2021/22 under the City of London's Charity review.

# FINANCIAL REVIEW

## Overview of Financial Performance

### Income

In 2020/21 the charity total income for the year was £354,290, an overall increase of £20,461 against the previous year (2019/20: £333,829).

Income from charitable activities totalled £314,966 (2019/20: £301,098), comprising rental and service charge income.

Income from investments comprised £39,324 (2019/20: £32,731), being £31,388 from managed investments (2019/20: £28,806) and £7,936 from bank interest (2019/20: £3,925).

### Expenditure

Total expenditure for the year was £270,215 (2019/20: £255,221). Within this, charitable activities expenditure totalled £269,865 (2019/20: £254,329). The key costs are Management, Services and Routine & Planned maintenance. Expenditure on raising funds was £350 (2019/20: £892), covering the costs of interest expenses.

### Investment performance

Financial markets recovered strongly over the twelve months to 31 March 2021 following the decline in asset prices in early 2020 during the emergence of the global pandemic. Under these conditions investments held in the Charities Pool performed very well, generating a gross return of +30.72% for 2020/21 (2019/20: -14.78%) which compares favourably against the FTSE All Share Index benchmark return of +26.71% (2019/20 -18.45%). As a result the longer term performance of the Charities Pool investments, as displayed in the table below, has significantly improved compared to the position reported twelve months ago

	2020/21		2019/20	
	3 year	5 year	3 year	5 year
Fund	5.04%	7.19%	-2.44%	1.37%
FTSE All Share	3.19%	6.29%	-4.24%	0.57%
Fund outperformance	+1.85%	+0.90%	+1.80%	+0.80%

### Funds held

The charity's total funds held increased by £234,883 to £3,106,905 as at 31 March 2021 (2019/20: £2,872,022). Within the total funds held, £37,648 (2019/20: £37,648) represent permanent endowment funds which are held as a capital fund to generate income for the primary objectives of the charity. Restricted income funds amounted to £1,319,751 (2019/20: £1,319,751) being social housing grants which are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

Unrestricted income funds amounted to £1,749,506 (2019/20: £1,514,623). These funds are held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

Details of all funds held, including their purposes, is set out within note 15 to the financial statements.

### **Reserves**

The Reserves Policy is to maintain the endowment funds of the charity in investments in the Charities Pool administered by the City of London Corporation and use the investment income together with other funds, in accordance with the objectives of the charity.

The free reserves of the charity are held to cover working capital needs. The Trustee has revised its policy in 2020/21 to meet future working capital needs. The Trustee believes that a minimum amount of £2,800 should be held at present, which will be subject to annual review. Actual free reserves (unrestricted funds not designated or tied up in fixed assets) were £992k, well above the minimum amount, and the use of these reserves will be factored into the plans for future periods, including those set out on page 4.

### **Principal Risks and Uncertainties**

The charity is committed to a programme of risk management as an element of its strategy to preserve the charity's assets. In order to embed sound practice the senior leadership team ensures that risk management policies are applied, that there is an on-going review of activity and that appropriate advice and support is provided. A key risk register has been prepared for the charity, which has been reviewed by the Trustee. This identifies the potential impact of key risks and the measures which are in place to mitigate such risks.

## **TRUSTEE RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Trustee is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Charity law requires the Trustee to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under charity law the Trustee must not approve the financial statements unless the Trustee is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including the income and expenditure, of the charity for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

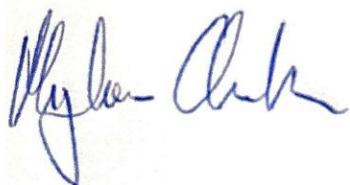
The Trustee is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charity's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charity and enable the Trustee to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Charities Act 2011. The Trustee is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Trustee is aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charity's auditors are unaware; and
- the Trustee has taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Financial statements are published on the Trustee's website in accordance with legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements, which may vary from legislation in other jurisdictions. The maintenance and integrity of the Trustee's website is the responsibility of the Trustee. The Trustee's responsibility also extends to the ongoing integrity of the financial statements contained therein.

Adopted and signed for on behalf of the Trustee.



**Jamie Ingham Clark FCA**  
**Chairman of Finance Committee of**  
**The City of London Corporation**

**Guildhall, London**  
**10 December 2021**



**Jeremy Paul Mayhew MA MBA**  
**Deputy Chairman of Finance**  
**Committee of The City of London**  
**Corporation**

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE CITY OF LONDON ALMSHOUSES

## Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Charity's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

We have audited the financial statements of City of London Almshouses ("the Charity") for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## *Independence*

We remain independent of the Charity in accordance with the ethical requirements relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

## Conclusions related to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Trustee with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

### **Other information**

The Trustee is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information comprises: Trustee's Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- the information contained in the financial statements is inconsistent in any material respect with the Trustee's Annual Report; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### **Responsibilities of Trustee**

As explained more fully in the Trustee's responsibilities statement, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee is responsible for assessing the Charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intends to liquidate the Charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with the Act and relevant regulations made or having effect thereunder.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### *Extent to which the audit was capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud*

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Charity and the sector within which it operates. This included but was not limited to compliance with the Charities Act 2011, United Kingdom Accounting Standards, and tax legislation;
- We held discussions with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- We requested and reviewed any regulatory correspondence, in particular compliance with the Charity Commission, and details of legal expenses;
- We addressed the risk of management override, in particular by testing any journal entries containing material or round sum amounts, and any irregular journals;
- We have considered the control environment at both entity level and financial statement level to consider the ability to detect and prevent fraud; and
- We reviewed the financial statement disclosures and tested to supporting documentation to assess compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the financial statements.

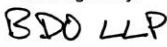
Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's ("FRC's") website at:

<https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### **Use of our report**

This report is made solely to the Charity's trustee, as a body, in accordance with the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Charity's trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Charity and the Charity's trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:  
  
DA15AED75D45453...

**Heather Wheelhouse, Senior Statutory Auditor**  
**BDO LLP, statutory auditor**  
**London, UK**

14 December 2021

**BDO LLP is eligible for appointment as auditor of the charity by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.**

**BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).**

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds £	Endowment Funds £	2020/21 Total Funds £	2019/20 Total Funds £
<b>Income from:</b>						
Charitable activities	2	314,966	-	-	314,966	301,098
Investments	3	39,324	-	-	39,324	32,731
<b>Total income</b>		<b>354,290</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>354,290</b>	<b>333,829</b>
<b>Expenditure on:</b>						
Raising funds	4	350	-	-	350	892
Charitable activities	5	269,865	-	-	269,865	254,329
<b>Total expenditure</b>		<b>270,215</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>270,215</b>	<b>255,221</b>
Net gains/(losses) on investments	10	150,244	-	-	150,244	(139,703)
Net gains/(losses) on short term deposit		564	-	-	564	-
<b>Net movement in investment</b>		<b>150,808</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>150,808</b>	<b>(139,703)</b>
<b>Net income/(expenditure) and net movement in funds</b>		<b>234,883</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>234,883</b>	<b>(61,095)</b>
<b>Reconciliation of funds:</b>						
Total funds brought forward	15	1,514,623	1,319,751	37,648	2,872,022	2,933,117
<b>Total funds carried forward</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>1,749,506</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>

All of the above results are derived from continuing activities.

There were no other recognised gains and losses other than those shown above.

The notes on pages 15 to 25 form part of these financial statements.

**BALANCE SHEET****AS AT 31 MARCH 2021**

	Notes	2021 Total £	2020 Total £
<b>Fixed assets:</b>			
Tangible assets	9	1,764,496	1,690,267
Investments	10	761,133	610,889
<b>Total fixed assets</b>		<b>2,525,629</b>	<b>2,301,156</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	11	17,283	44,980
Cash at bank and in hand		791,795	765,099
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>809,078</b>	<b>810,079</b>
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year</b>	12	<b>(85,851)</b>	<b>(80,811)</b>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>723,227</b>	<b>729,267</b>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>3,248,856</b>	<b>3,030,424</b>
<b>Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	13	<b>(141,951)</b>	<b>(158,402)</b>
<b>Total net assets</b>		<b>3,106,905</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>
<b>The funds of the charity:</b>			
Endowment funds	15	37,648	37,648
Restricted funds	15	1,319,751	1,319,751
Unrestricted funds	15	1,749,506	1,514,623
<b>Total funds</b>		<b>3,106,905</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>

The notes on pages 15 to 25 form part of these financial statements

Approved and signed on behalf of the Trustee.



Caroline Al-Beyerty

Chamberlain of London and Chief Financial Officer

9 December 2021

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items that are considered material in relation to the financial statements of the charity.

#### (a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the charity, which is a public benefit entity under FRS102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP) applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (second edition effective 1 January 2019) and the Charities Act 2011.

#### (b) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Trustee considers that there are no material uncertainties about the charity's ability to continue as a going concern. The majority of the charity's income is from rents from the properties and the Trustee is active in ensuring that these are fully let by advertising and maintaining a waiting list. A long-term financial plan has been agreed to ensure that funds are available as major works arise. The latest forecast anticipates that adequate funds will be available in the next 12 months from the date of signing these accounts to enable the charity to continue to fulfil its obligations.

#### (c) Key management judgements and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenditure. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of decisions about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. Management do not consider there to be any material revisions requiring disclosure.

#### (d) Statement of Cash Flows

As per Section 14.1 of the Charities SORP the Charity is not required to produce a statement of cash flows on the grounds that it is a small entity.

### **(e) Income**

All income is included in the Statements of Financial Activities (SOFA) when the charity is legally entitled to the income; it is more likely than not that economic benefit associated with the transaction will come to the charity and the amount can be quantified with reasonable certainty. Income consists of rental and service charge income, investment income and grants.

### **(f) Expenditure**

Expenditure is accounted for on an accruals basis and has been classified under the principal categories of 'raising funds' and 'expenditure on charitable activities'. Liabilities are recognised as expenditure as soon as there is a legal or constructive obligation committing the charity to that expenditure, it is probable that settlement will be required, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

Support costs include activities undertaken by the City Corporation on behalf of the charity, such as human resources, digital services, legal support, accounting services, committee administration, public relations and premises costs. The basis of the cost allocation is the employee time spent on the respective services. Officers of the City Corporation provide financial and governance administrative assistance to the charity when required. From 2021/22, the City Corporation, as Trustee, has taken a decision to seek reimbursement for the administration fees incurred from each of its charities.

The Trustee, the City Corporation, accounts centrally for all payroll related deductions. As a result, the charity accounts for all such sums due as having been paid.

### **(g) Taxation**

The charity meets the definition of a charitable trust for UK income tax purposes, as set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010. Accordingly, the charity is exempt from UK taxation in respect of income or capital gains under part 10 of the Income Tax Act 2007 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

### **(h) Investments**

Investments are made in the City of London Charities Pool (charity number 1021138) which is an investment mechanism operating in a similar way to a unit trust. This enables the City of London Corporation to "pool" small charitable investments together and consequently obtain better returns than would be the case if investments were made individually.

Investments are valued at bid-price. Gains and losses for the year on investments held as fixed assets are included in the Statement of Financial Activities.

### **(i) Funds structure**

Income, expenditure and gains/losses are allocated to particular funds according to their purpose:

**Permanent endowment fund** – this fund consists of funds which are held in perpetuity for the benefit of the charity as a result of conditions imposed by the original donors and trusts. Income generated from the cash held in this fund can be spent on the charitable purpose of the charity, hence is allocated to the unrestricted income fund.

**Restricted funds** – these include income that is subject to specific restrictions imposed by donors, with related expenditure deducted when incurred.

**Unrestricted income funds** – these funds can be used in accordance with the charitable objects at the discretion of the Trustee and include both income generated by assets held within the permanent endowment and from those representing unrestricted funds. Specifically, this represents any surplus of income over expenditure for the charity which is carried forward to meet the requirements of future years, known as free reserves.

#### **(j) Pension Costs**

Employees seconded from the City of London Corporation are entitled to be members of the City of London Corporation's Pension Scheme. These costs are included in the total salaries charged.

Staff are employed by the City of London Corporation and are eligible to contribute to the City of London Local Government Pension Fund, which is a funded defined benefit scheme. The estimated net deficit on the Fund is the responsibility of the City of London Corporation as a whole, as one employer, rather than the specific responsibility of any of its three main funds (City Fund, City's Cash and Bridge House Estates) or the trusts it supports.

The Fund's estimated net liability has been determined by independent actuaries in accordance with FRS102 as £918.2m as at 31 March 2021 (£630.4m as at 31 March 2020). Since any net deficit is apportioned between the financial statements of the City of London's three main funds, the charity's Trustee does not anticipate that any of the liability will fall on the charity. The charity is unable to identify its share of the pension scheme assets and liabilities and therefore the Pension Fund is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme in these financial statements.

Barnett Waddingham, an independent actuary, carried out the latest triennial actuarial assessment of the scheme as at 31 March 2019, using the projected unit method. The actuary will carry out the next assessment of the scheme as at 31 March 2022, which will set contributions for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2024. Contribution rates adopted for the financial years 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22 have been set at 21% (2018/19: 21%).

#### **(k) Tangible fixed assets**

The City of London Almshouses were erected in the mid-19<sup>th</sup> century. There is no record of the original cost and no value has therefore been attributed. The cost stated for fixed assets for land and buildings relates to subsequent improvements and refurbishments. This excludes expenditure on routine and planned repairs and

maintenance of fixed assets which is charged directly within the Trust's charitable activities.

Depreciation for improvements and refurbishments to buildings is charged on a straight-line basis, in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Improvements and refurbishments to buildings	38

It is the Trust's policy to ensure that the dwellings are kept in a good standard of repair and that there are sufficient resources to meet this requirement.

#### (I) Insurance

The charity, elected Members and staff supporting the charity's administration are covered by the City Corporations insurance liability policies, and otherwise under the indemnity the City Corporation provides to Members and staff, funded from City's Cash.

## 2. INCOME FROM CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted Funds 2020/21 £	Unrestricted Funds 2019/20 £
Rental income	228,989	224,257
Service charges	82,488	76,841
Deferred income from Gresham Lease	3,489	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>314,966</b>	<b>301,098</b>

## 3. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

	Unrestricted Funds 2020/21 £	Unrestricted Funds 2019/20 £
Investment income	31,388	28,806
Interest	7,936	3,925
<b>Total</b>	<b>39,324</b>	<b>32,731</b>

## 4. EXPENDITURE ON RAISING FUNDS

	Unrestricted funds 2020/21 £	Unrestricted funds 2019/20 £
Raising funds	350	892

## 5. EXPENDITURE ON CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES

	Unrestricted funds			Unrestricted funds		
	Direct costs	Support costs	Total	Direct costs	Support costs	Total
	£	£	2020/21 £	£	£	2019/20 £
<b>Almshouses running costs</b>						
Management	-	110,589	<b>110,589</b>	-	82,055	82,055
Services	95,478	-	<b>95,478</b>	94,415	-	94,415
Routine maintenance	22,086	-	<b>22,086</b>	39,735	-	39,735
Planned maintenance	13,941	-	<b>13,941</b>	20,308	-	20,308
Supplementary Revenue Projects	554	-	<b>554</b>	10,516	-	10,516
Contributions to Funds and Provisions	19,917	-	<b>19,917</b>	-	-	-
Depreciation of housing properties	7,300	-	<b>7,300</b>	7,300	-	7,300
<b>Total</b>	<b>159,276</b>	<b>110,589</b>	<b>269,865</b>	<b>172,274</b>	<b>82,055</b>	<b>254,329</b>

Within charitable activities are the services costs, comprised of:

	2020/21	2019/20
	£	£
Lighting	<b>3,564</b>	1,057
Matrons	<b>52,972</b>	46,371
Window Cleaning	<b>1,473</b>	884
Water Rates	<b>(21)</b>	(83)
Groundsman	<b>25,904</b>	24,875
Rent	<b>6,695</b>	7,177
Council Tax	<b>4,351</b>	11,659
Pest Control	<b>540</b>	2,475
<b>Total</b>	<b>95,478</b>	<b>94,415</b>

## 6. STAFF COSTS

All staff that work on behalf of the charity are employed by the City Corporation. The average number of people directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity during the year was 2.3 (2019/20: 2.3).

Amounts paid in respect of employees directly undertaking activities on behalf of the charity were as follows:

	2020/21	2019/20
	£	£
Salaries and wages	<b>59,399</b>	53,688
National Insurance costs	<b>6,075</b>	5,351
Employer's pension contributions	<b>13,402</b>	12,207
<b>Total emoluments of employees</b>	<b>78,876</b>	<b>71,246</b>

The charity considers its key management personnel to comprise the Members of the City of London Corporation, acting collectively for the City Corporation in its capacity as the Trustee. The number of directly charged employees whose emoluments (excluding employer's pension contribution) for the year were over £60,000 was nil (2019/20: nil)

## 7. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

BDO are the auditors of the City of London's City's Cash Fund and all of the different charities of which it is Trustee. The City of London Corporation charges the audit fee to its City's Cash Fund and does not attempt to apportion the audit fee between all of the different charities. No other services were provided to the charity by its auditors during the year (2019/20: nil). The City of London Corporation charges the audit fee to its City's Cash Fund. From 2021/22, the City Corporation, as Trustee, has taken a decision to seek reimbursement for the audit fee incurred from each of its charities.

## 8. TRUSTEE EXPENSES

The Members of the City of London Corporation acting on behalf of the Trustee did not receive any remuneration or reimbursement of expenses during 2020/21 (2019/20: nil)

## 9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land and Buildings	Work in Progress	Total
	£	£	£
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2020	1,763,430	85,587	1,849,017
Additions		81,529	81,529
Disposals		-	-
<b>At 31 March 2021</b>	<b>1,763,430</b>	<b>167,116</b>	<b>1,930,546</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 April 2020	158,750	-	158,750
Charge for the year	7,300	-	7,300
Disposals	-	-	-
<b>At 31 March 2021</b>	<b>166,050</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>166,050</b>
<b>Net book value</b>			
<b>At 31 March 2021</b>	<b>1,597,380</b>	<b>167,116</b>	<b>1,764,496</b>
<b>At 31 March 2020</b>	<b>1,604,680</b>	<b>85,587</b>	<b>1,690,267</b>

## 10. INVESTMENTS

The investments are held in the City of London Corporation Charities Pool, a charity registered in the UK with the Charity Commission (charity number 1021138). The Charities Pool is a UK registered unit trust.

The value of investments held by the charity are as follows:

	2021	2020
	£	£
Market value 1 April	610,889	1,183,278
Disposals	-	(432,686)
Gain/ (loss) for the year	150,244	(139,703)
<b>Market value 31 March</b>	<b>761,133</b>	<b>610,889</b>
<b>Cost 31 March</b>	<b>417,370</b>	<b>417,370</b>
Units held in Charities Pool	86,077	86,077

The type of listed investments held as at 31 March was as follows:

	Total at 31 March 2021	Total at 31 March 2020
	£	£
Equities	710,056	542,363
Pooled Units	40,717	44,065
Cash held by Fund Manager	10,360	24,461
<b>Total</b>	<b>761,133</b>	<b>610,889</b>

## 11. DEBTORS

	2021	2020
	£	£
Other debtors	17,283	44,980

## 12. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	70,986	57,987
Other creditors	12,234	22,824
Deferred income	2,631	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>85,851</b>	<b>80,811</b>

**13. CREDITORS – AMOUNTS DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR**

	2021	2020
	£	£
Deferred income	141,951	145,440
Other creditors	-	12,962
<b>Total</b>	<b>141,951</b>	<b>158,402</b>

	2021	2020
	£	£
<b>Deferred income analysis within creditors:</b>		
Balance at 1st April	145,440	145,440
Amounts released to income	-	-
Amounts deferred in the year	(858)	-
<b>Balance at 31 March</b>	<b>144,582</b>	<b>145,440</b>

**Deferred income: lease to Gresham Almshouses**

The City of London Almshouses (CoLA) owns the site. An agreement was entered into with Gresham Almshouses operated by the Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (charity number 221982) dated 7 December 1994 for the lease of the site for the next 125 years for the sum of £180,000. The deferred income is recognised on a straight line basis to the end of the term in 2118/19, with the remaining value recorded as a long-term creditor.

<b>Low-start loan repayable</b>	2021	2020
	£	£
Not later than one year	-	12,962
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	-

<b>Low-start loan interest repayment rates</b>	2021	2020
	%	%
1 April to 30 September	1.20	1.77
1 October to 31 March	1.12	1.61

## 14. ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS BY FUND

At 31 March 2021

	Unrestricted funds		Restricted funds	Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2021	Total at 31 March 2020
	General funds	Designated funds				
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	277,629	167,116	1,319,751	-	1,764,496	1,690,267
Fixed assets - investments	585,458	175,675	-	-	761,133	610,889
Current assets	771,430	-	-	37,648	809,078	810,079
Total liabilities	(227,802)	-	-	-	(227,802)	(239,213)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,406,715</b>	<b>342,791</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>

At 31 March 2020

	Unrestricted funds		Restricted funds	Endowment funds	Total at 31 March 2020	Total at 31 March 2019
	General funds	Designated funds				
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Tangible fixed assets	284,929	85,587	1,319,751	-	1,690,267	1,643,312
Fixed assets - investments	458,958	151,931	-	-	610,889	1,183,278
Current assets	772,431	-	-	37,648	810,079	348,837
Total liabilities	(239,213)	-	-	-	(239,213)	(242,310)
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,277,105</b>	<b>237,518</b>	<b>1,319,751</b>	<b>37,648</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>	<b>2,933,117</b>

## 15. MOVEMENT IN FUNDS

	Total as at 1 April 2020	Income	Expenditure	Gains & (losses)	Transfers	Total as at 31 March 2021
	£	£	£	£	£	£
<b>Endowment funds:</b>						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	37,648
<b>Restricted funds:</b>						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	1,319,751
<b>Unrestricted funds:</b>						
General funds	1,277,105	354,290	(270,215)	127,064	(81,529)	1,406,715
<b>Designated funds:</b>						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
Capital reserves fund	85,587	-	-	-	81,529	167,116
Extraordinary repairs	115,931	-	-	23,744	-	139,675
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,514,623</b>	<b>354,290</b>	<b>(270,215)</b>	<b>150,808</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,749,506</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>	<b>354,290</b>	<b>(270,215)</b>	<b>150,808</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>3,106,905</b>

At 31 March 2020	Total as at 1 April 2019 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains & (losses) £	Transfers £	Total as at 31 March 2020 £
<b>Endowment funds:</b>						
Permanent endowment	37,648	-	-	-	-	37,648
<b>Restricted funds:</b>						
Social Housing Grant	1,319,751	-	-	-	-	1,319,751
<b>Unrestricted funds:</b>						
General funds	1,370,377	333,829	(255,221)	(117,625)	(54,255)	1,277,105
<b>Designated funds:</b>						
Cyclical repairs	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
Capital reserves fund	31,332	-	-	-	54,255	85,587
Extraordinary repairs	138,009	-	-	(22,078)	-	115,931
<b>Total unrestricted funds</b>	<b>1,575,718</b>	<b>333,829</b>	<b>(255,221)</b>	<b>(139,703)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,514,623</b>
<b>Total funds</b>	<b>2,933,117</b>	<b>333,829</b>	<b>(255,221)</b>	<b>(139,703)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,872,022</b>

### Purpose of endowment funds

The permanent endowment is held to generate income that is accounted for within the unrestricted funds. This original permanent endowment can only be used at the winding up of the Trust.

### Purpose of the restricted funds

#### Social Housing Grant

Social Housing Grants are repayable under certain circumstances, primarily following the sale of a property.

### Purpose of the unrestricted funds

The general fund comprises the accumulation of income surpluses as a result of unspent investment income. Any undistributed annual income is held for use in future years in accordance with the objectives of the Trust.

### Purpose of the designated funds

Those unrestricted funds that have been set aside by the Trustee for specific purposes, as follows:

#### Cyclical repairs

Provision for future repainting, consists of yearly transfers from the revenue account based on the expected cost of repainting and transferred out to the revenue account in the year when cost arises.

### Extraordinary repairs

To fund the future extraordinary repair, improvement or rebuilding of the Trust's property, consisting of yearly transfers based on income generated from investments alongside any increase or decrease in the market value of the investments representing this reserve.

## 16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City Corporation acting by the Court of Aldermen is the sole Trustee of the charity, as described on page 2.

The charity is required to disclose information on related party transactions with bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the charity. Members are required to disclose their interests, and these can be viewed online at [www.cityoflondon.gov.uk](http://www.cityoflondon.gov.uk).

Members and senior staff are requested to disclose all related party transactions, including instances where their close family has made such transactions.

Figures in brackets represent the amounts due at the balance sheet date. Other figures represent the value of the transactions during the year.

### Related party transactions

Related party	Connected party	2020/21 £	2019/20 £	Detail of transaction
City of London Corporation	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>31,388</b> <b>(nil)</b>	28,806 <b>(nil)</b>	Distribution from the Charities Pool
Sir Thomas Gresham Charity (221982)	The City of London Corporation is the Trustee for the charity	<b>3,489</b> <b>(141,851)</b>	Nil <b>(145,440)</b>	Sir Thomas Gresham Charity entered into a 125 year lease of the site from CoLA as per the agreement dated 7 December 1994

## **REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATION DETAILS**

**CHARITY NAME:** The City of London Almshouses

Registered charity number: 1005857

The Register of Social Housing Providers Number: A2266

**PRINCIPAL OFFICE OF THE CHARITY & THE CITY CORPORATION:**

Guildhall, London, EC2P 2EJ

**TRUSTEE:**

The Mayor and Commonalty & Citizens of the City of London

**SENIOR MANAGEMENT:**

**Chief Executive**

John Barradell OBE - The Town Clerk and Chief Executive of the City of London Corporation

**Treasurer**

Caroline Al-Beyerty - The Chamberlain and Chief Financial Officer of the City of London Corporation (appointed 1 May 2021)

Dr Peter Kane – The Chamberlain of the City of London Corporation (retired 30 April 2021)

**Solicitor**

Michael Cogher - The Comptroller and City Solicitor of the City of London Corporation

**AUDITORS:**

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

**BANKERS:**

Lloyds Bank Plc., P.O. Box 72, Bailey Drive, Gillingham Business Park, Kent ME8 0LS

**INVESTMENT FUND MANAGERS:**

Artemis Investment Management LLP, Cassini House, 57 St. James's Street, London, SW1A 1LD

Contact for The Chamberlain, to request copies of governance documents:

[PA-ChamberlainSecretariat@cityoflondon.gov.uk](mailto:PA-ChamberlainSecretariat@cityoflondon.gov.uk)